

Electronic Band Alignment Measurement of Individual MoS₂ Flakes Supported on SiO₂ using PEEM with Deep Ultraviolet Illumination

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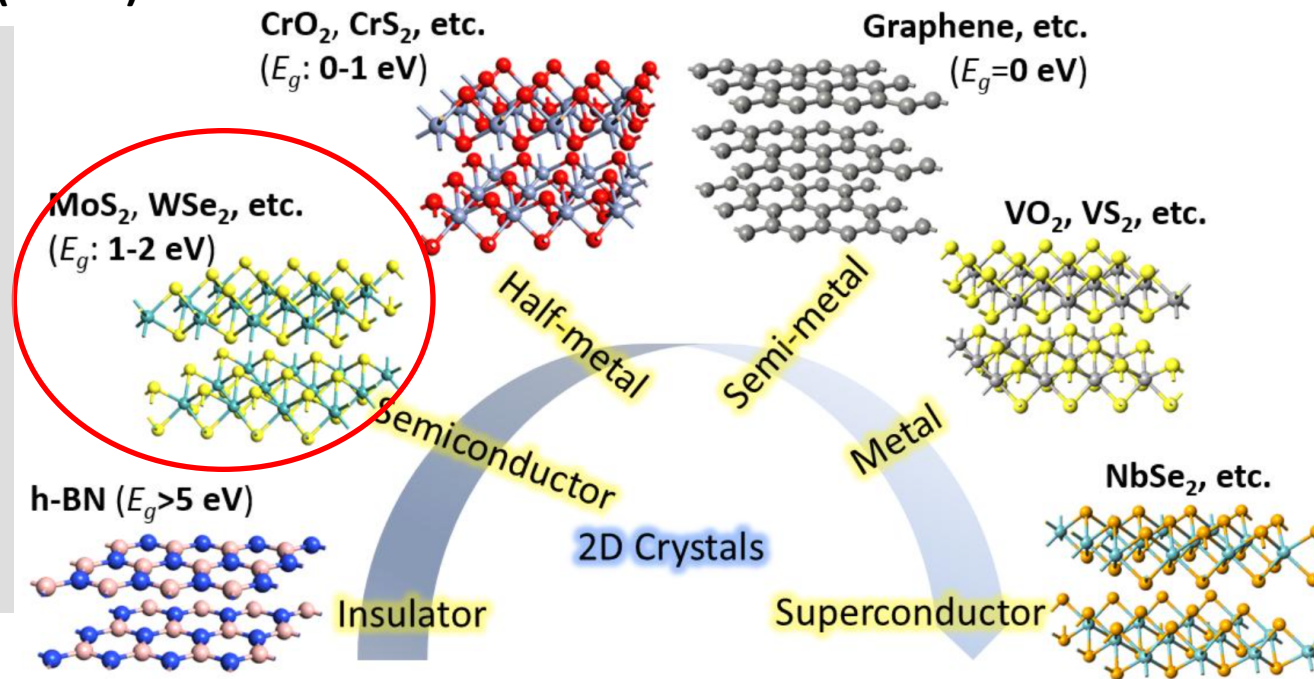
2D semiconductors are promising for semiconductor junctions in devices

Transition Metal
Dichalcogenides (TMDs)

Tunable band
gap

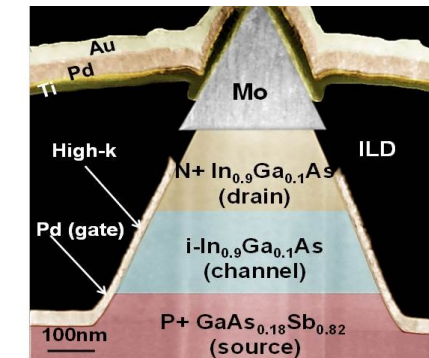
Gate control
of carriers

Spin and
valley
degrees of
freedom



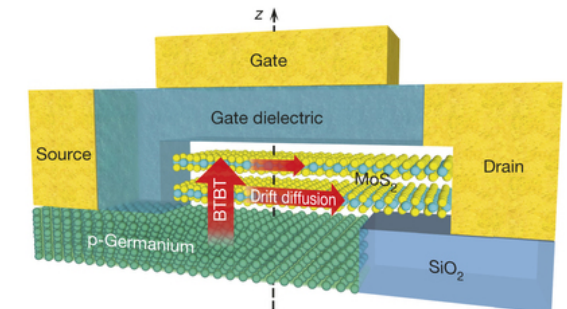
Next-generation devices: Ultra-
thin and flexible

GaAs-based tunneling FET*



Junction
layers
restricted
by lattice
matching

MoS2 on p-Ge tunneling FET**



Van der Waals Materials-
Lack of covalent bonding

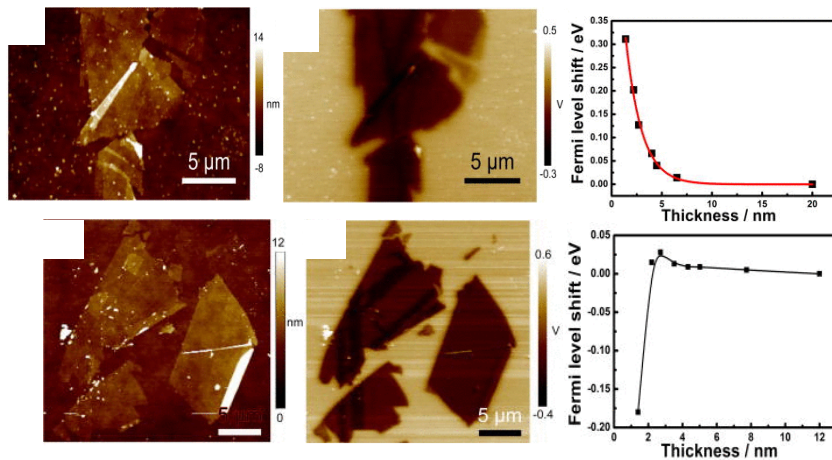
* R. Bijesh *et al.*, *Proc. IEDM Tech. Dig.*, pp. 28.2.1–28.2.4 (2013).

** D. Sarkar, X. Xie, W. Liu, W. Cao, J. Kang, Y. Gong, S. Kraemer, P. M. Ajayan, K. Banerjee, *Nature* **526**, 91 (2015).

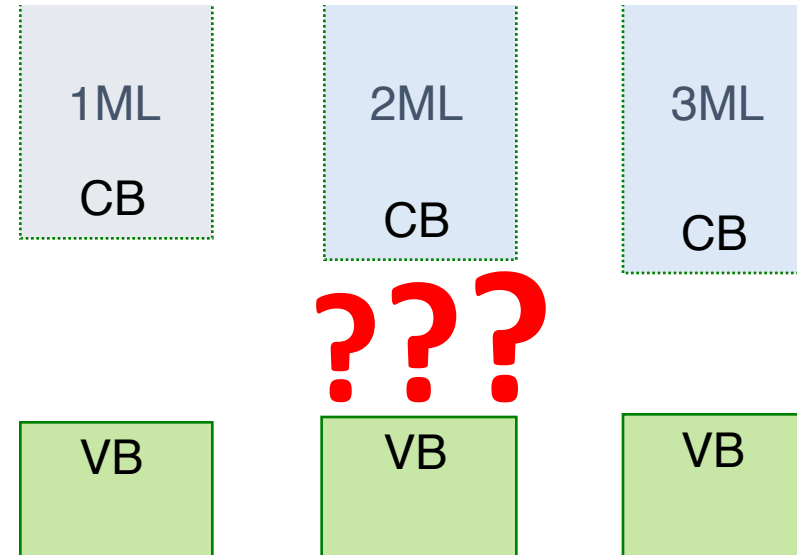
The band alignment of MoS₂ layers is an open question

- **Open questions**

- Layer-number dependence of band alignment
 - Work function, ϕ , evolution
 - N-type or p-type behavior
- Interactions with the substrate



Kelvin-probe of unannealed vs. annealed MoS₂*

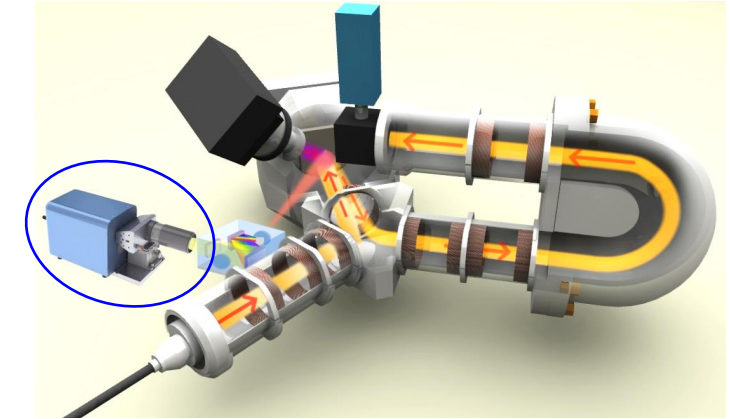
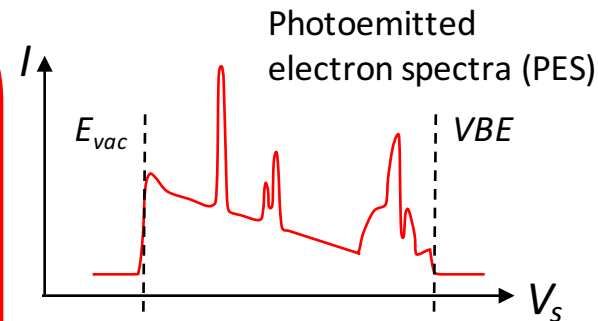
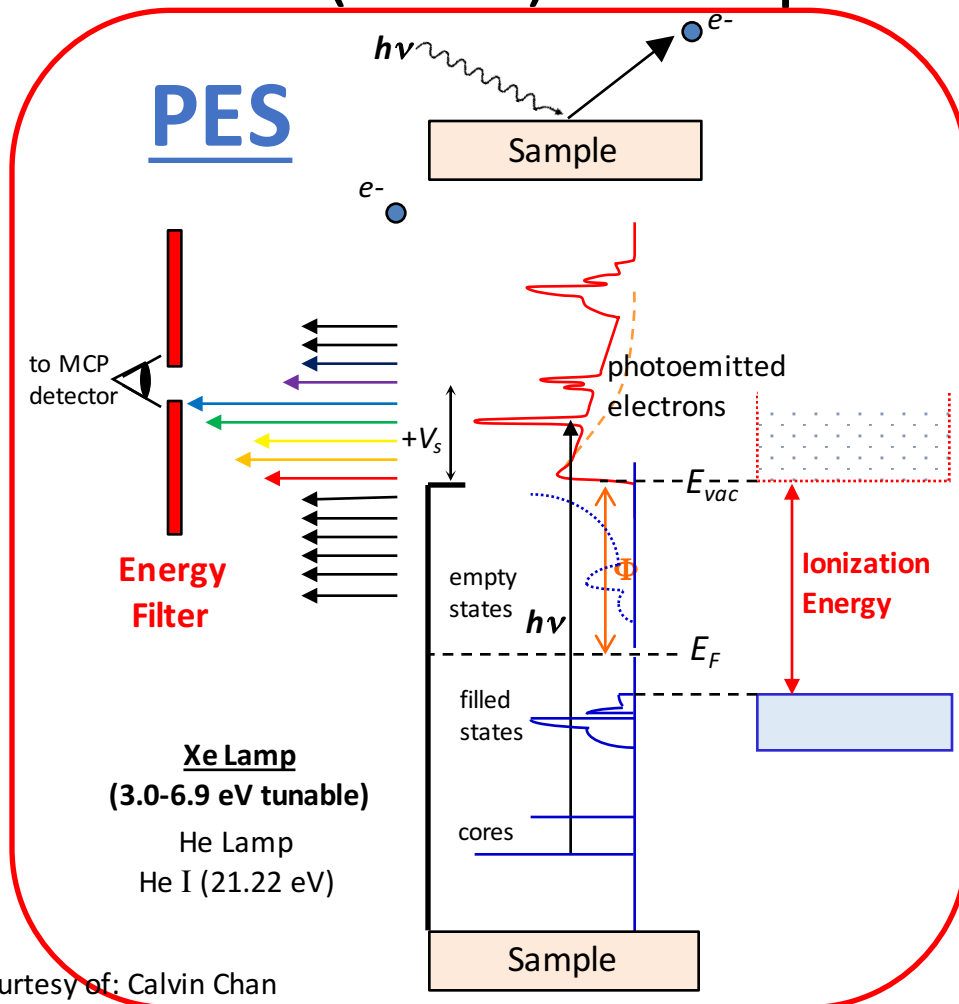


- **Considerations**

- Layer-number dependence
- Stacking sequence
- Chemical modification
- Interactions with the substrate

* Y. Li, C.-Y. Xu, L. Zhen, *Appl. Phys. Lett.* **102** 143110 (2013).

Local photoemission measurements with PEEM (PES) can provide band information



$$BE = KE - h\nu$$

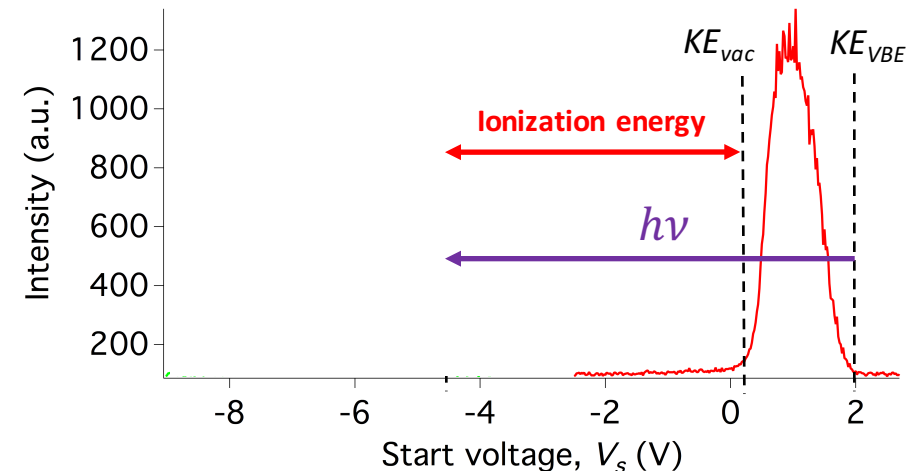
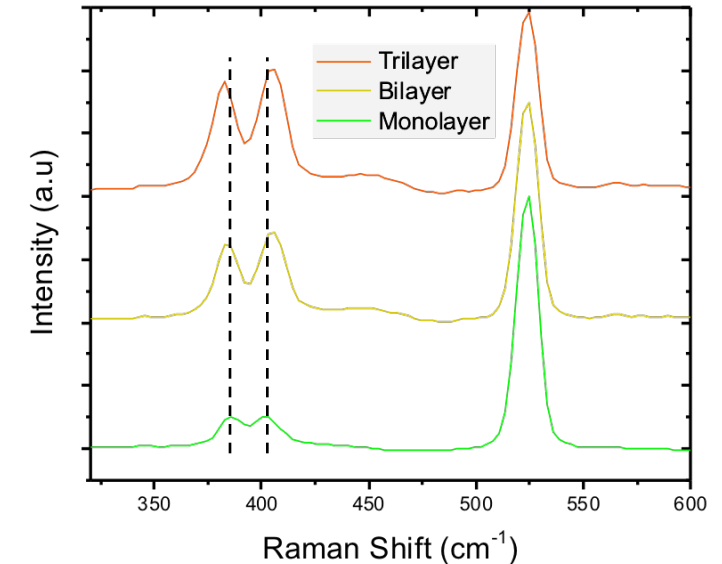
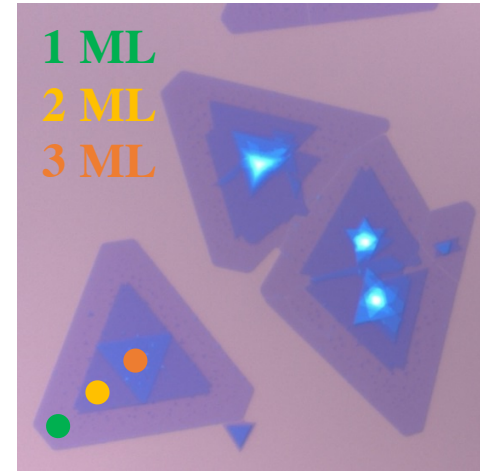
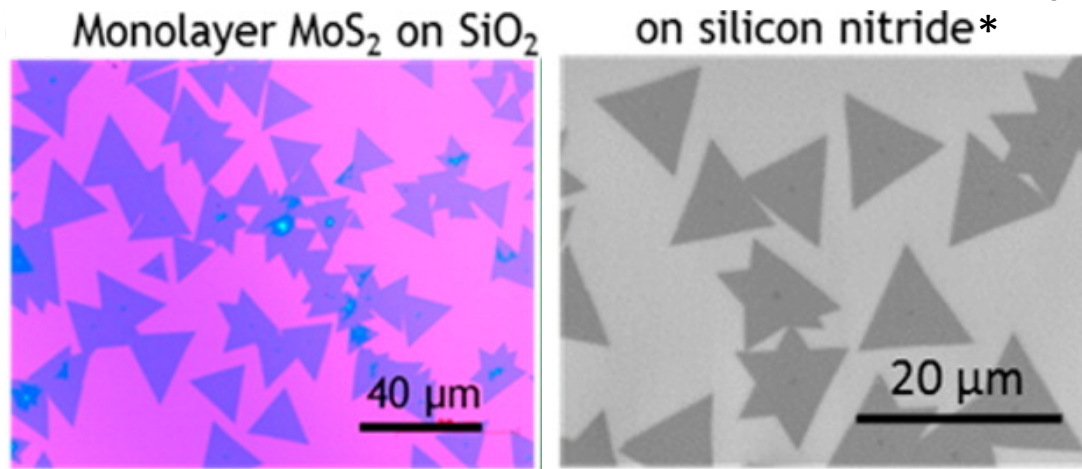


Figure courtesy of: Calvin Chan

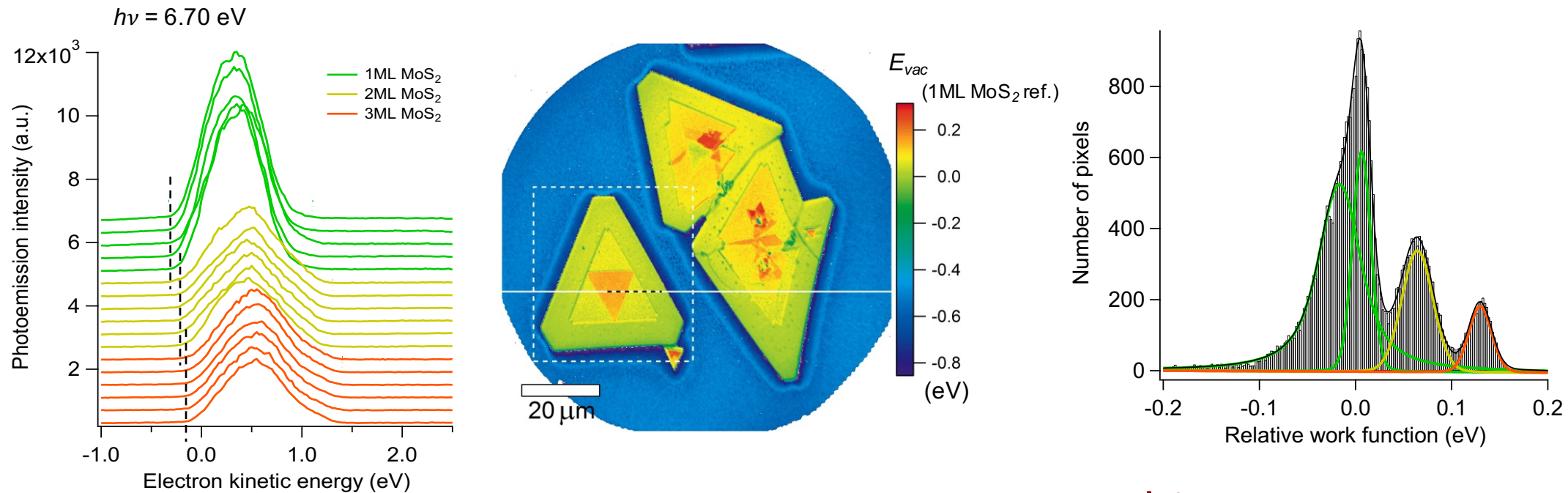
We synthesized CVD TMD samples with mono-, bi- and tri-layer regions



- As-grown samples
- CVD growth is compatible with a range of substrates
- P-type Si / 285 nm SiO₂ / MoS₂
- Thickness verified using the layer-number-dependent Raman shifts

* I. Bilgin, F. Liu, A. Vargas, A. Winchester, M. K. L. Man, M. Upmanyu, K. M. Dani, G. Gupta, S. Talapatra, A. D. Mohite, S. Kar, *ACS Nano* **9** (9), 8822 (2015).

We map layer-dependent vacuum level alignment with PES and determine local work function (ϕ)



PES leading (left) edge $\rightarrow E_{vac}$

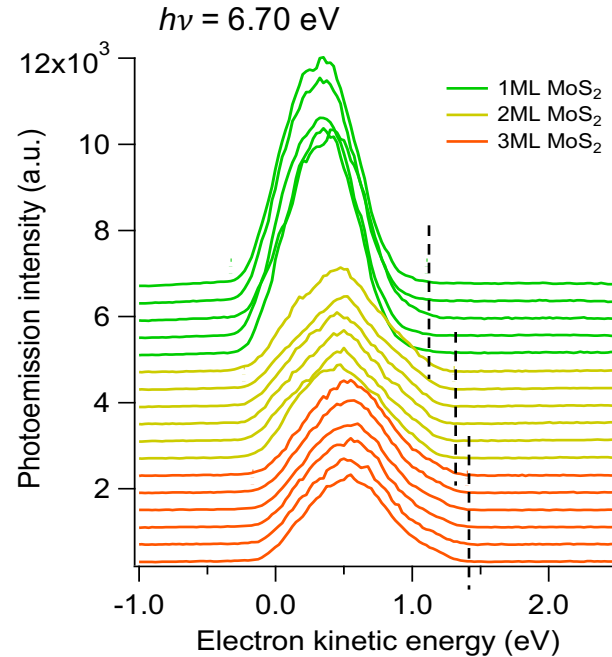
- ~ 70 meV E_{vac} increase per layer

- E_{vac} histogram

- $\phi_{1ML} = 4.52$ eV*
- $\phi_{2ML} = 4.58$ eV
- $\phi_{3ML} = 4.66$ eV

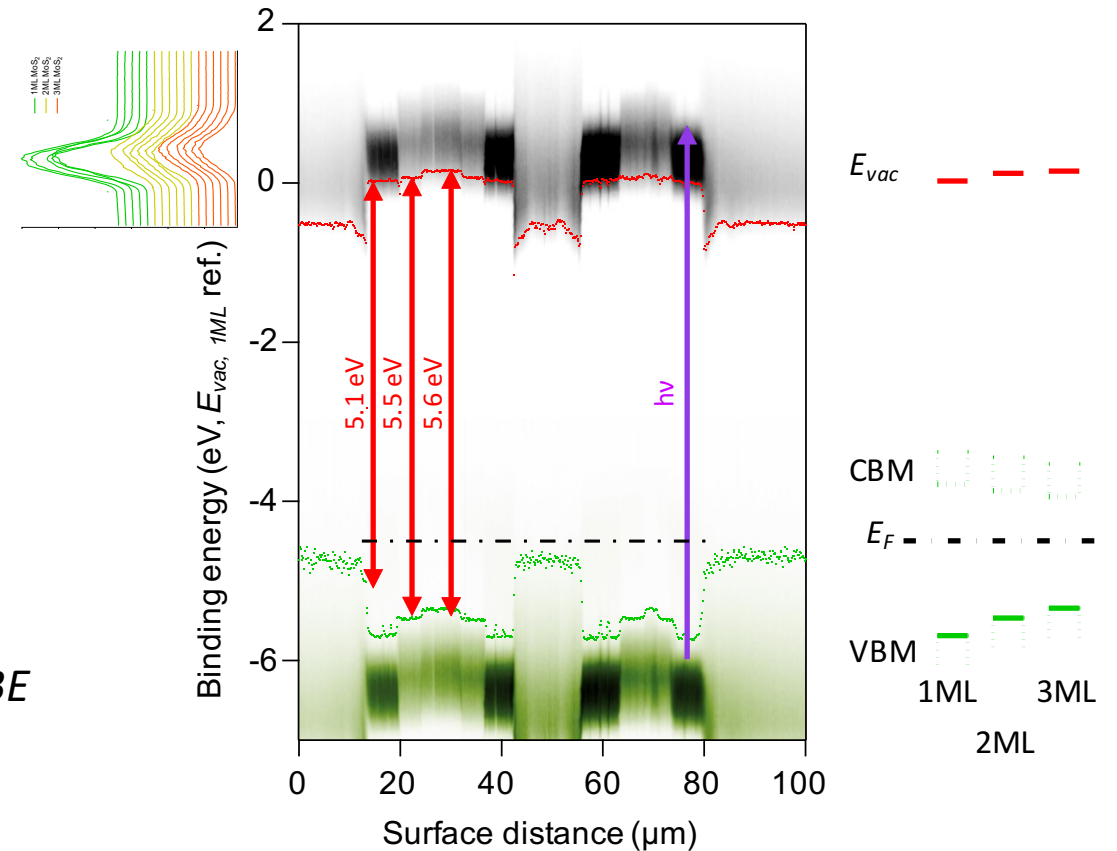
* J.-M. Yun et al., *J. Mater. Chem. C* **1**, 3777 (2013)

We map layer-dependent valence band edge alignment at the Γ -point with PES

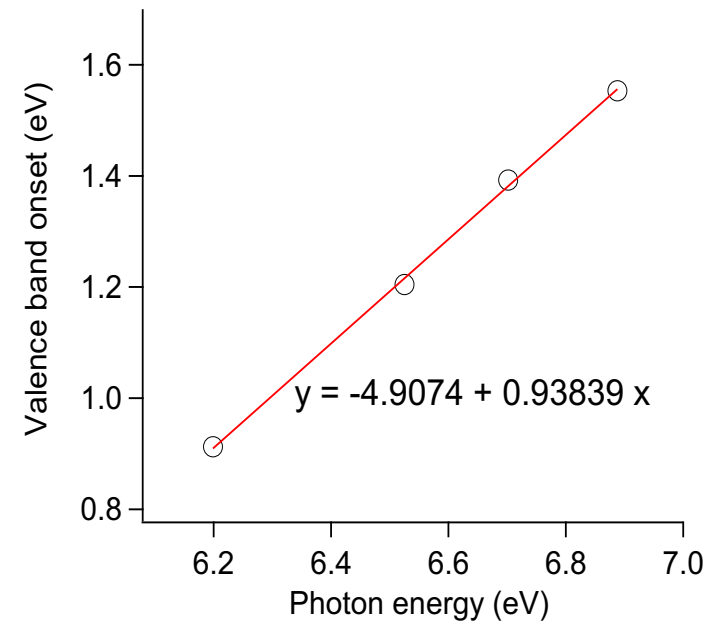
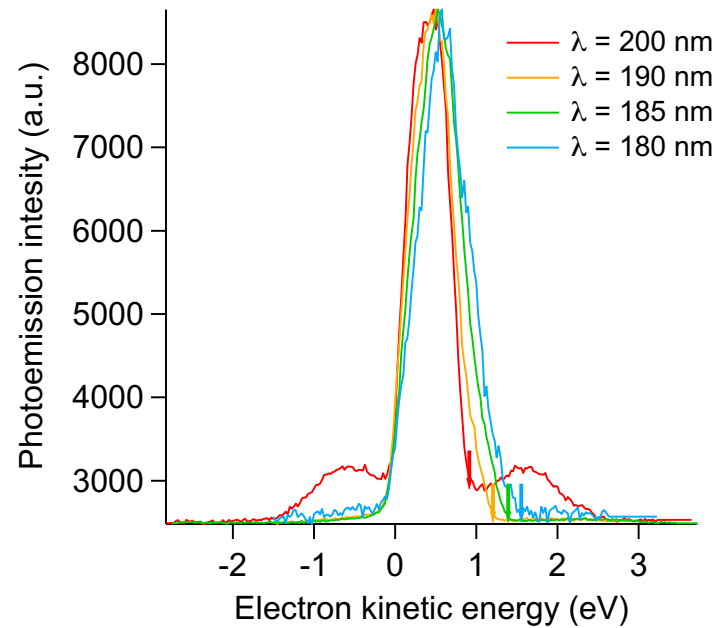


PES trailing (right) edge $\rightarrow VBE$

- ~150 meV *VBE* increase per layer
- PES experimental band diagram

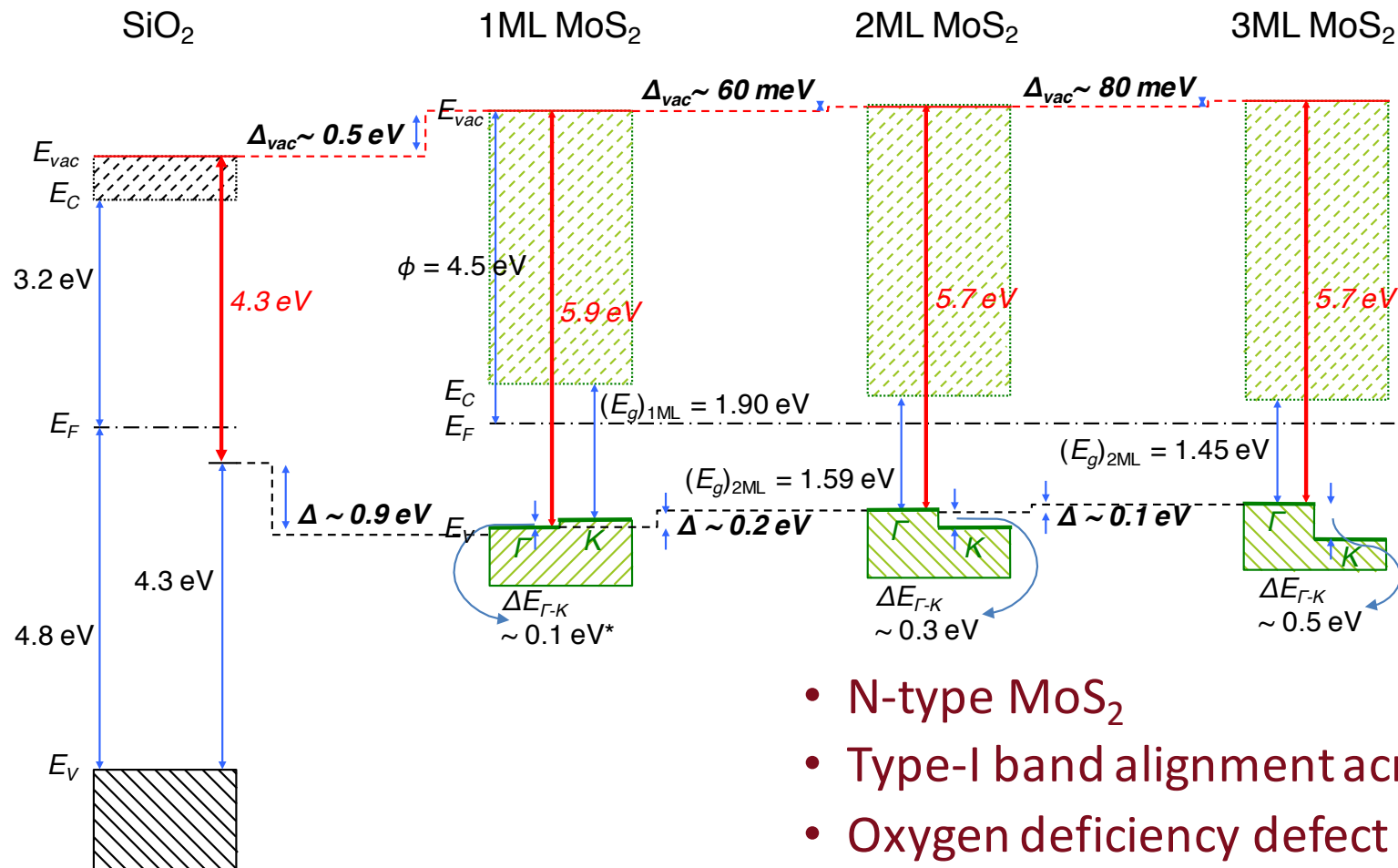


We use a photon-energy series to evaluate substrate contributions and sample charging



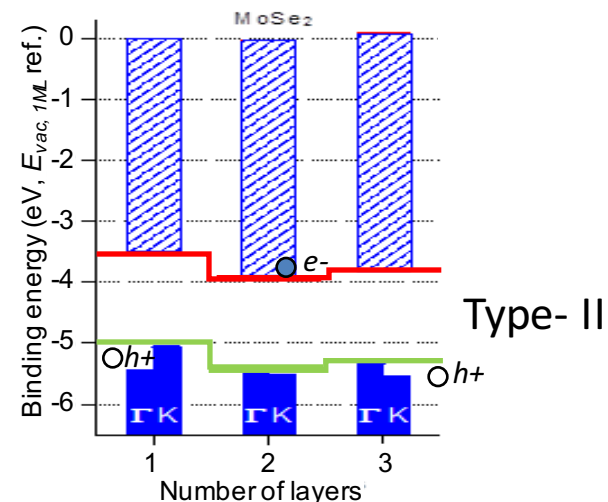
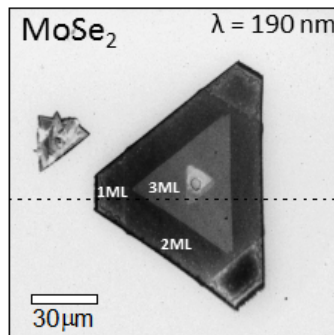
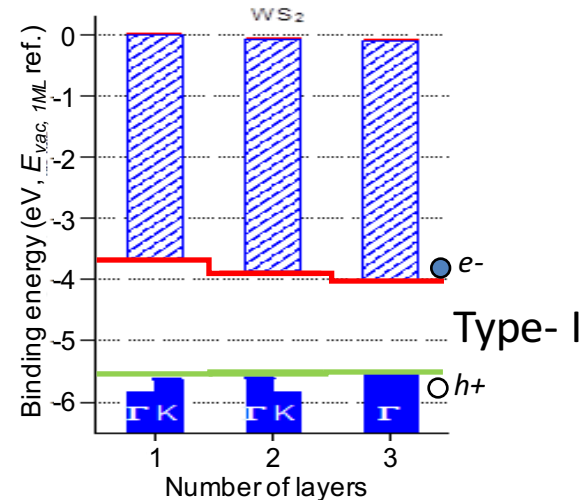
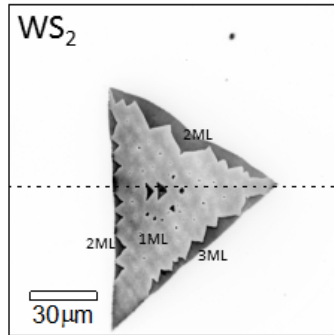
- Substrate contributions, $\lambda > 200$ nm
- No obvious sign of charging

We compile all measured and known info about MoS₂ on SiO₂ into a surface band diagram



- N-type MoS₂
- Type-I band alignment across lateral junctions
- Oxygen deficiency defect state – charge dissipation

We venture into band alignment measurement of other TMDs



- WS_2 : type-I alignment
- MoSe_2 : type-II alignment
- Ionization energy decrease
 - MoS_2 , to WS_2 , to MoSe_2
- Type-II band alignment anticipated for heterojunctions comprised of different 1ML TMDs

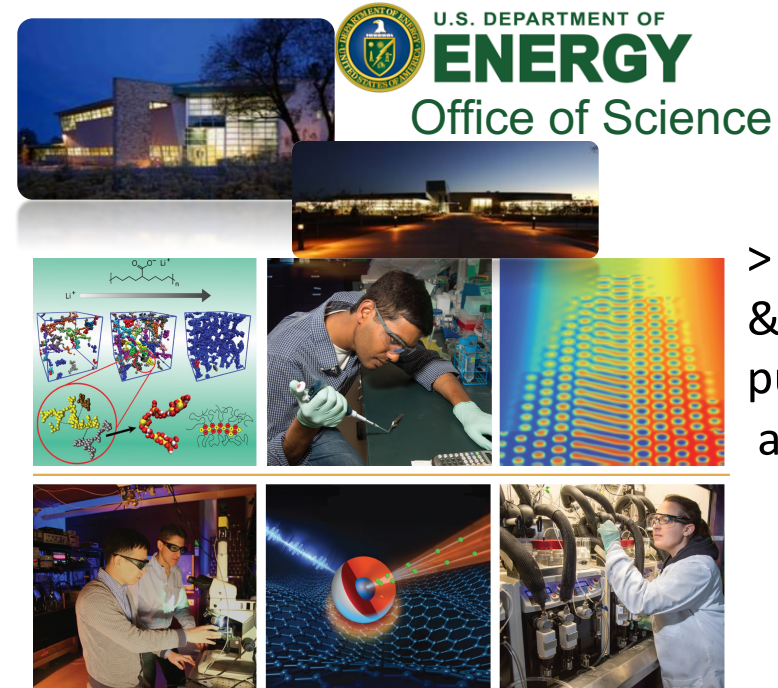
Conclusions

- **Clear layer-dependencies of TMDs**
 - Work function increase w/increasing layer number (MoS_2)
 - Ionization energy decrease w/increasing layer number (MoS_2 , WS_2 , MoSe_2)
 - Type-I band alignment (MoS_2 , WS_2)
 - Type-II band alignment (MoSe_2)
- **Absolute surface band diagrams will inform heterojunction design**
- **DUV-PEEM: a new metrology for 2D crystals research**



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