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NEXT GENERATION ANODES FOR LITHIUM-ION BATTERIES: THERMODYNAMIC UNDERSTANDING AND ABUSE PERFORMANCE

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VEHICLE TECHNOLOGIES OFFICE ANNUAL MERIT REVIEW
AND PEER EVALUATION MEETING

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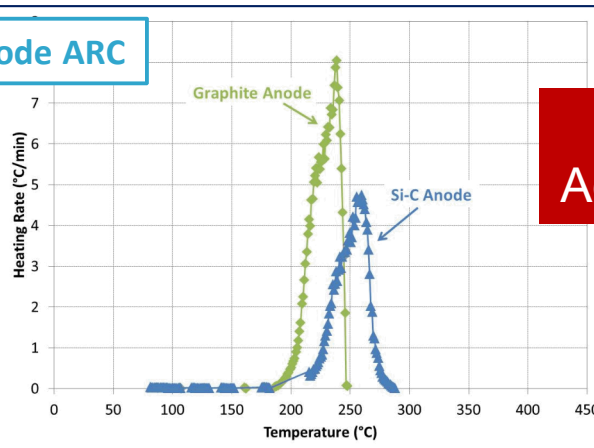
ABUSE RESPONSE OF SILICON ANODES

XG Sciences Material – Previous Evaluations

ES036
2014 AMR

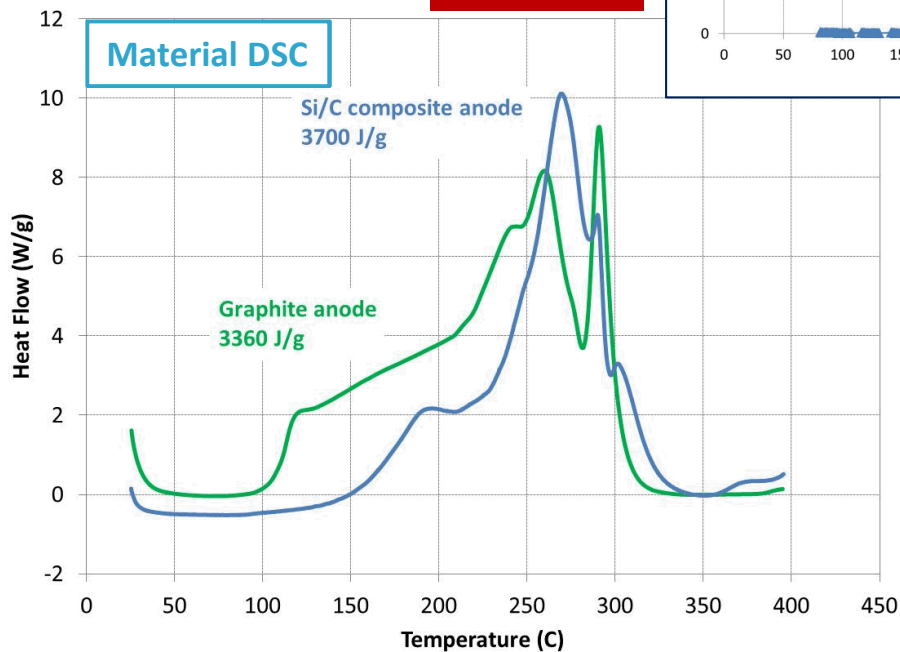
XG Si/C
~5% Si

Electrode ARC

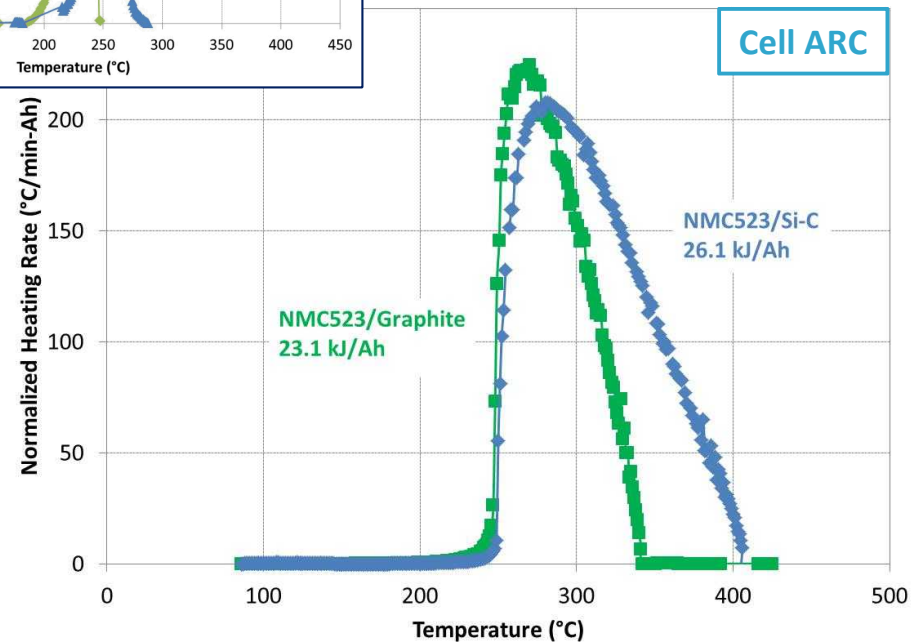


ARC and DSC
Agree on Si/C differences

Material DSC



Cell ARC

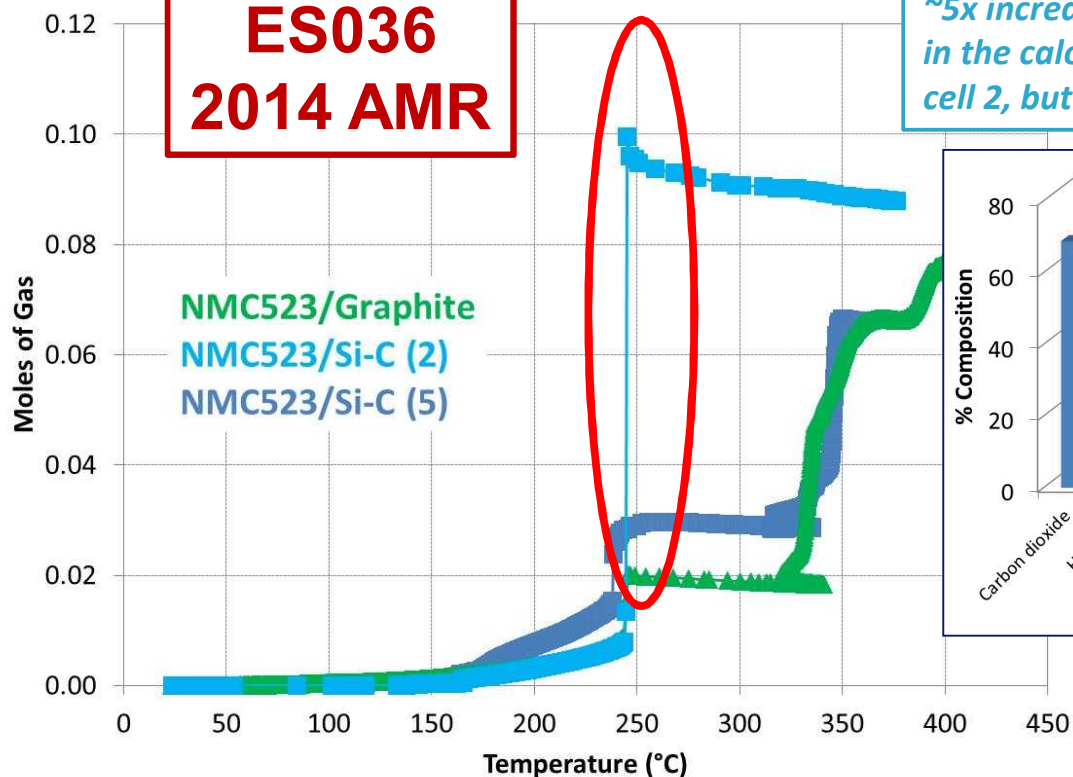


Thermal runaway enthalpy of NMC/Si-C cells is ~10% greater than NMC/Graphite cells

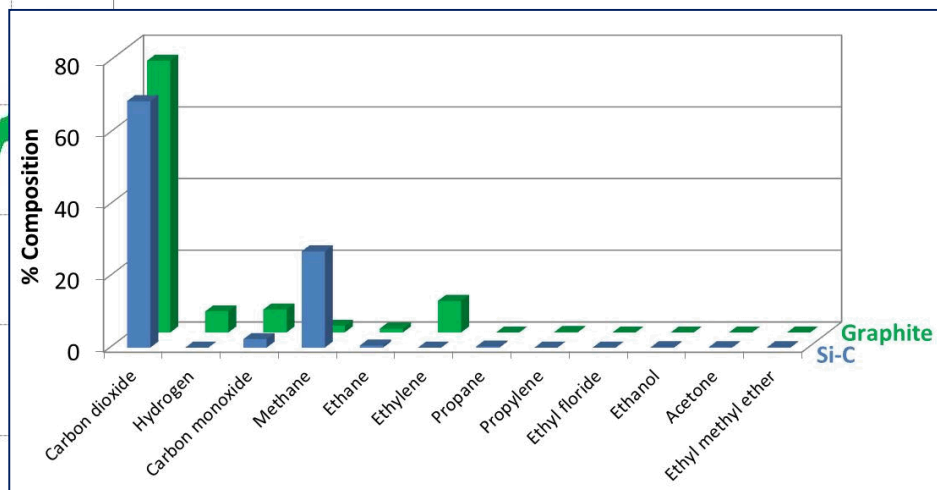
ABUSE RESPONSE OF SILICON ANODES

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~5x increase in the amount of gas generated in the calorimeter during thermal runaway of cell 2, but comparable gas generation for cell 5



Difference in gas generation attributed to the differences in surface reactivity and surface products generated at the anode/electrolyte interface

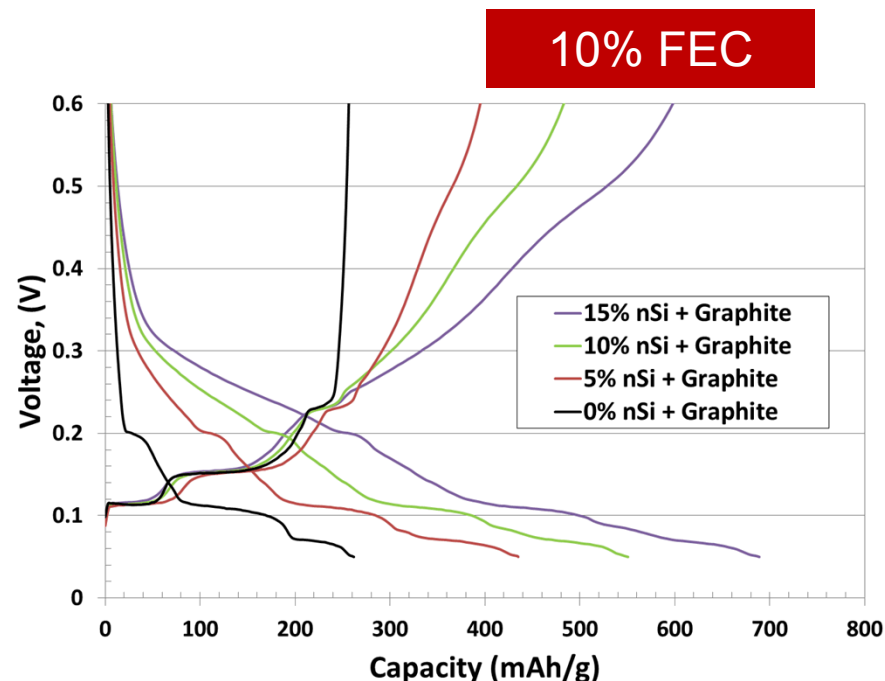
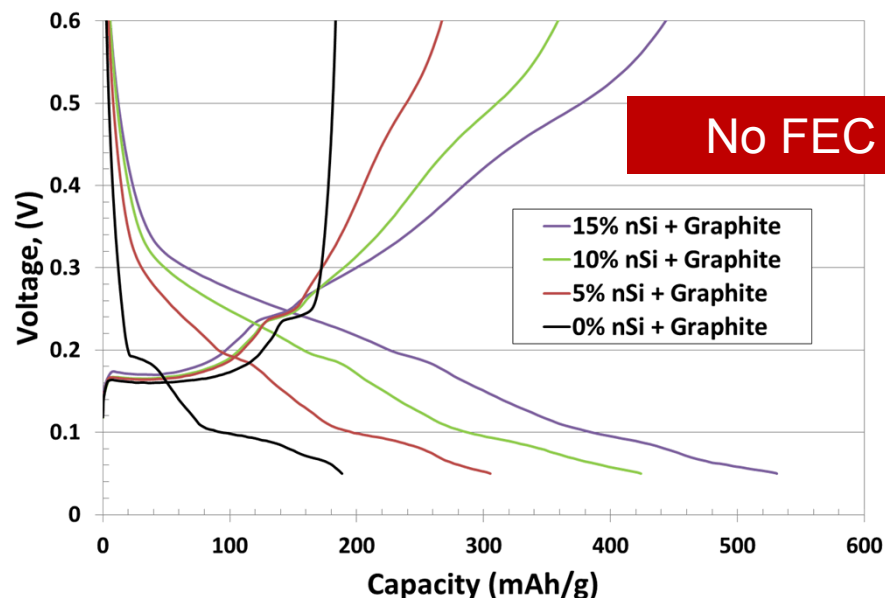
PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS / COMPARISONS

SNL Early materials and ANL/SNL made materials

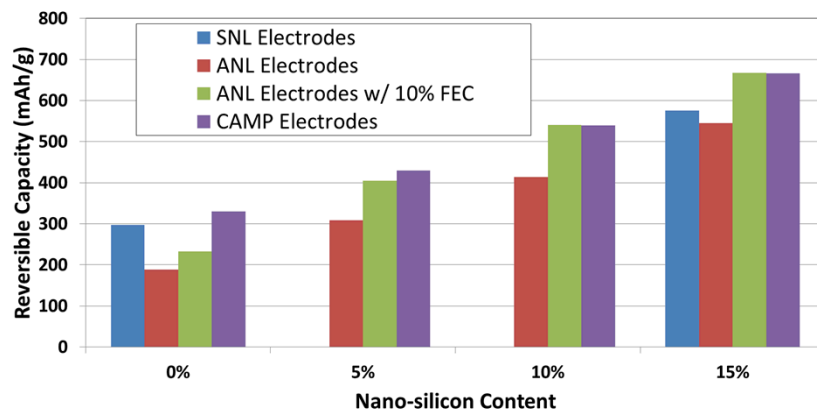
- **Early testing (prior to ANL electrode delivery)**
 - nSi + Graphite prepared at SNL
 - Lower areal loadings of $\sim 1.0 \text{ mA/cm}^2$
 - Using 130 nm nSi from NanoAmor
 - 88% Active Material, 10% LiPAA, 2% Timcal C45
- **CAMP 18650 Electrode Coating**
 - 10 – 15 m length coatings for cylindrical cells
 - Issues with coating/curling of current collectors for lower Si content electrodes and exposed current collectors
 - Areal Loadings $> 2.5 \text{ mA/cm}^2$
 - 50 – 70 nm nSi from NanoAmor
 - 88% Active Material, 10% LiPAA, 2% Timcal C45
 - 0% nSi was prepared using PVDF with 92% active loadings
- **Electrolyte – 3:7 EC:EMC wt% 1.2 M LiPF₆ with and without 10% FEC**
- **Performance comparison to ensure comparable data (similar to previous round robin efforts)**

PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS / COMPARISON

Half Cell Performance

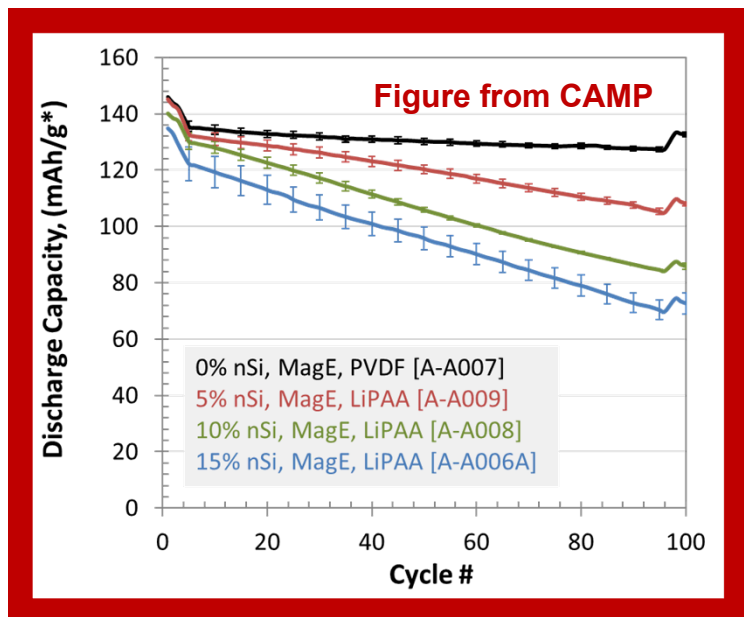


- Significant increase in capacity performance with 10% FEC addition to Gen 2 electrolyte
- Upon FEC addition capacity values align well for all electrodes used

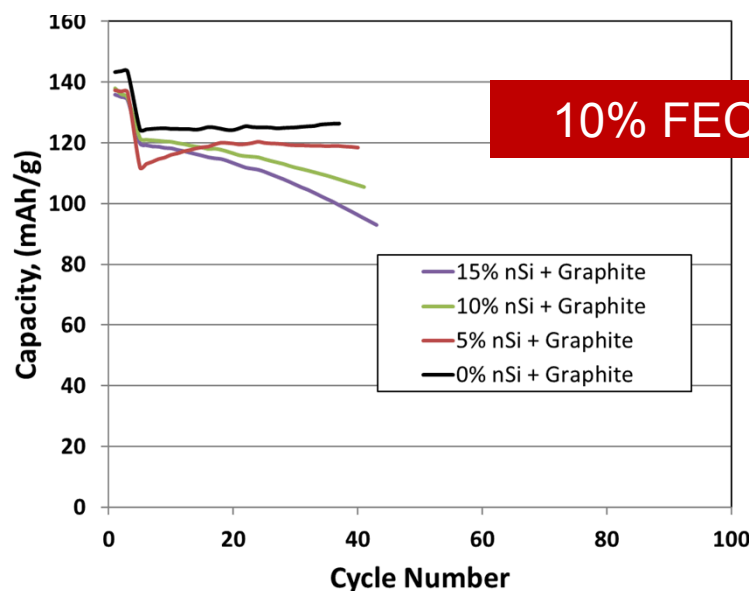
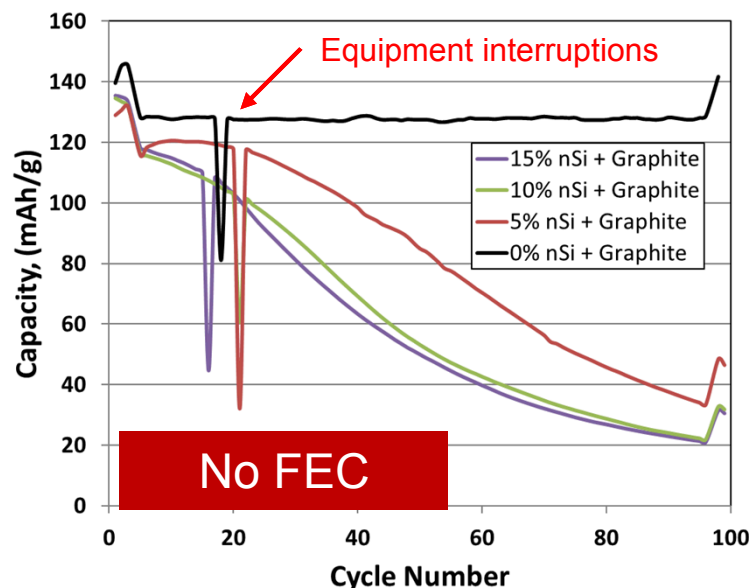


PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS / COMPARISON

Full Cell Evaluations



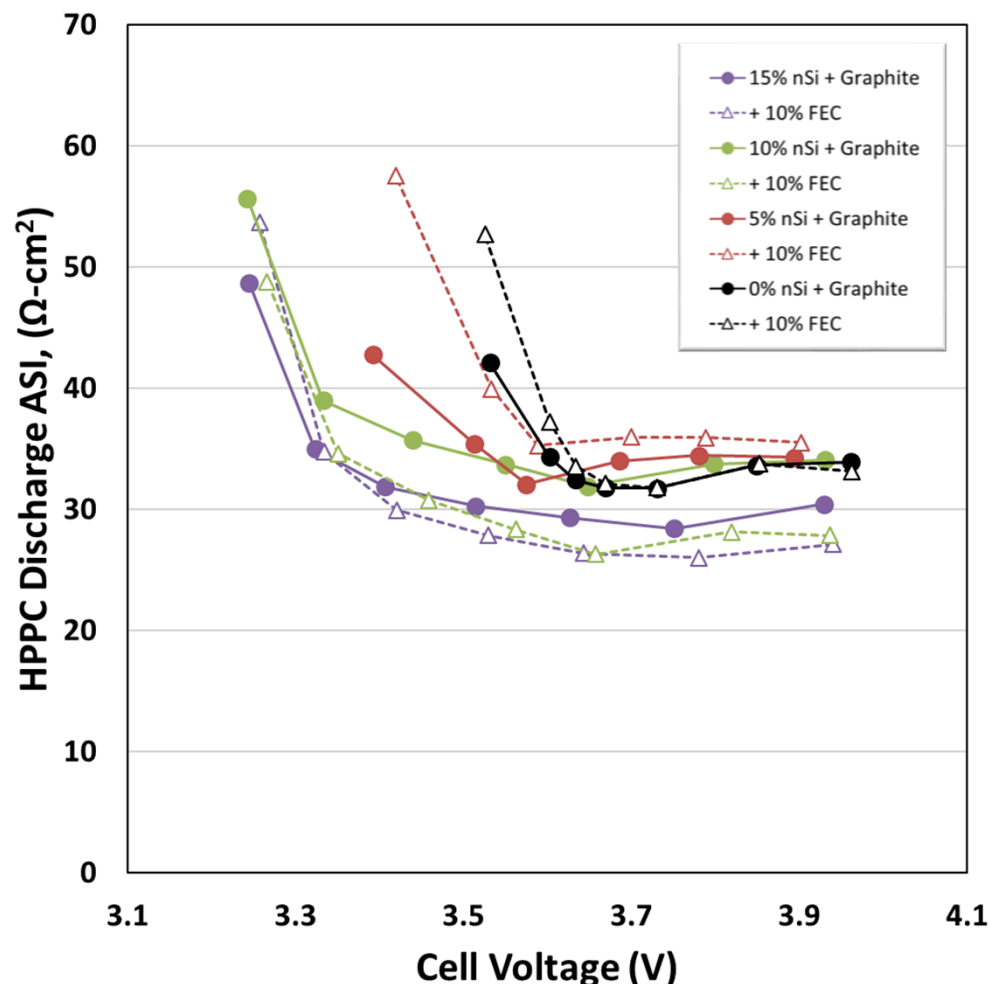
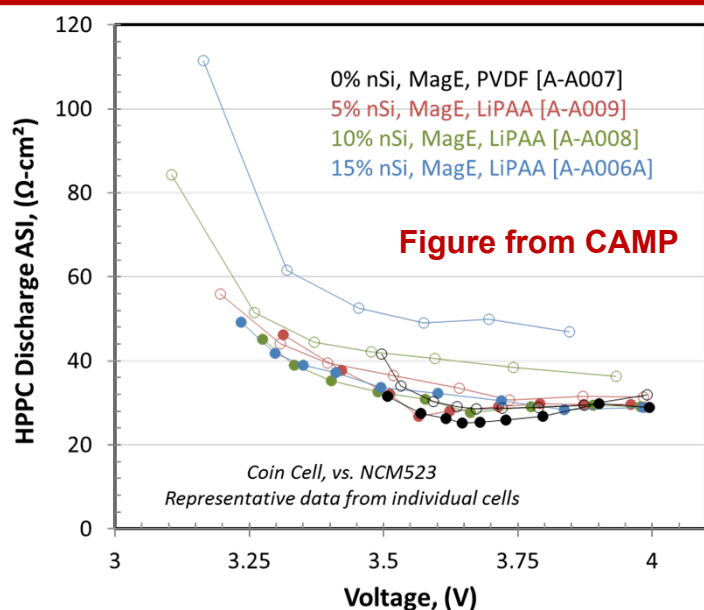
- Full cell capacity shown by cathode mass
- All electrodes show similar performance when FEC is used
 - Significantly higher rate of capacity loss without



PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS / COMPARISON

Full Cell Impedance

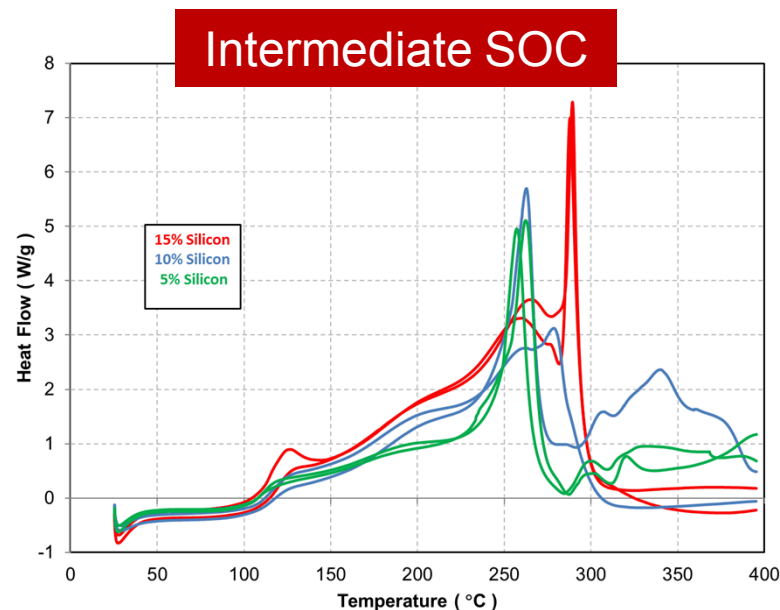
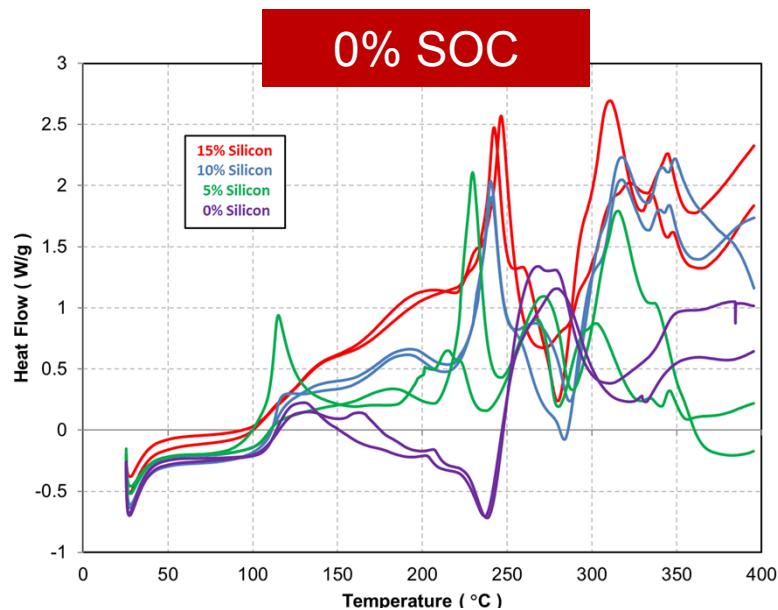
Consistent ASI values across tested electrodes



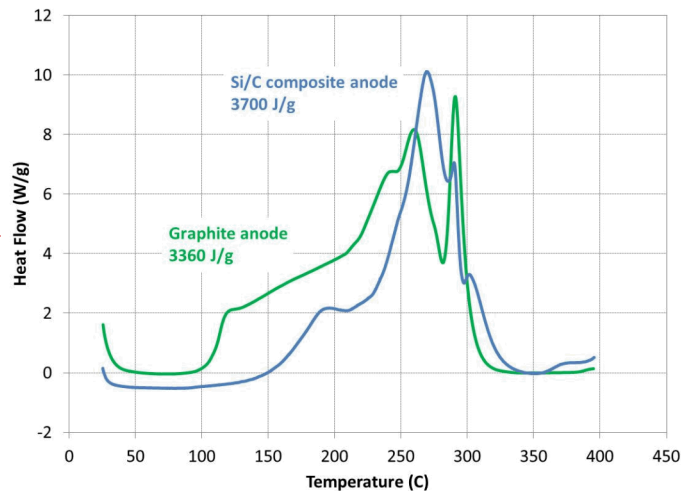
Lower nSi content electrodes demonstrate elevated ASI, reflecting issues experienced during coating process

CALORIMETRY EVALUATION

Full Cell Evaluation After Formation 50-70 nm Si



Previous
Data on
Graphene
100% SOC

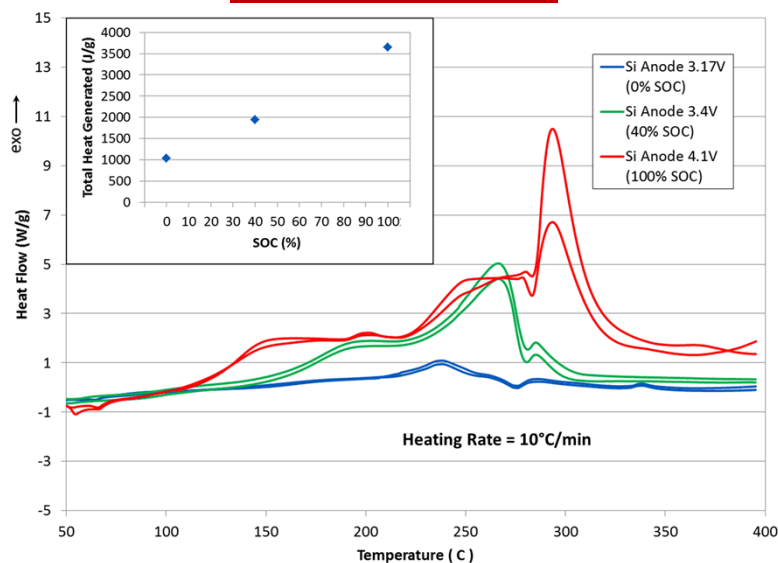


- SEI degradation peaks ~ 100 °C are clear with graphitic materials
- Similar heating rates and runaway temperatures to previous systems

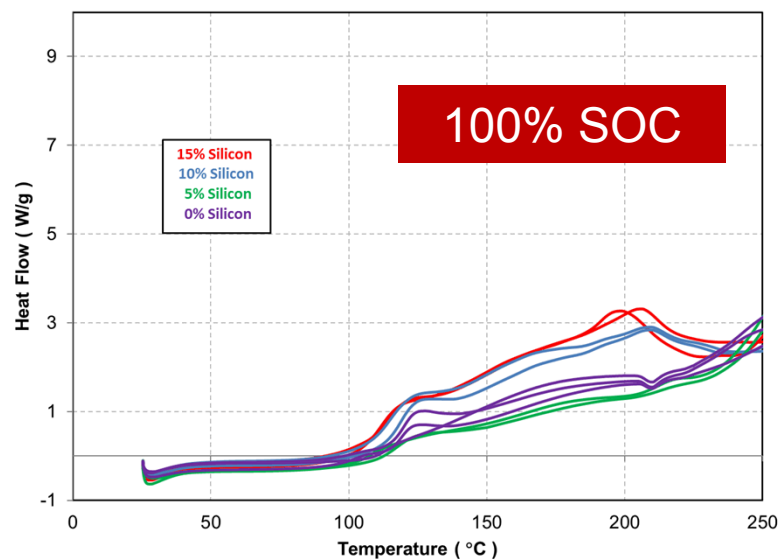
CALORIMETRY EVALUATION

Full Cell Evaluation After Formation 50-70 nm Si

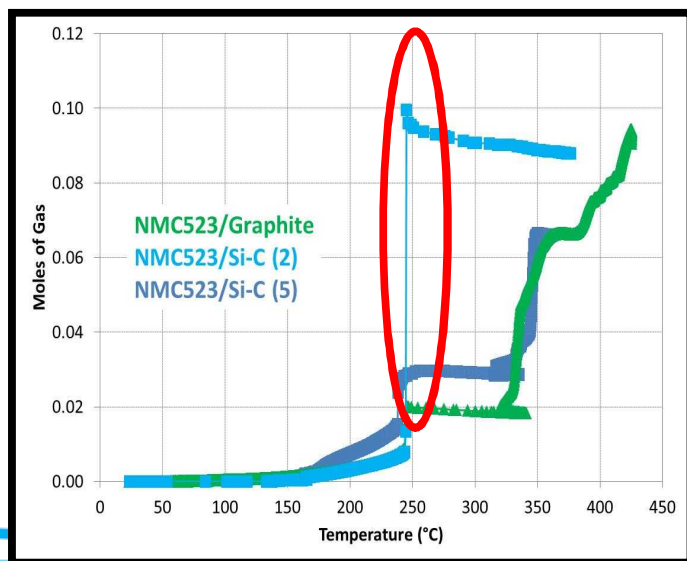
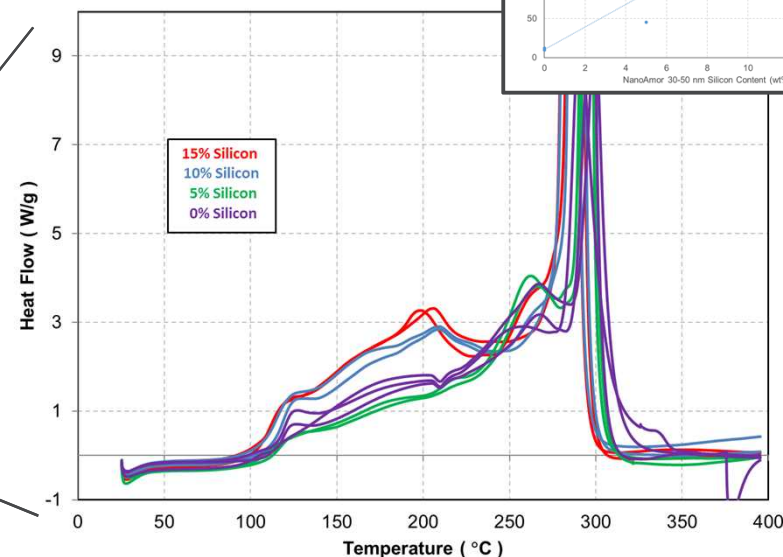
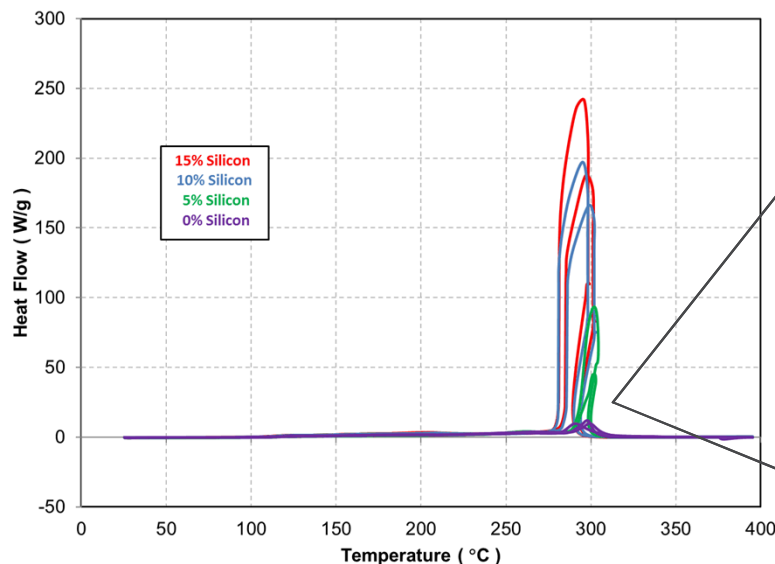
130 nm
NanoAmor Si



50-70 nm
NanoAmor



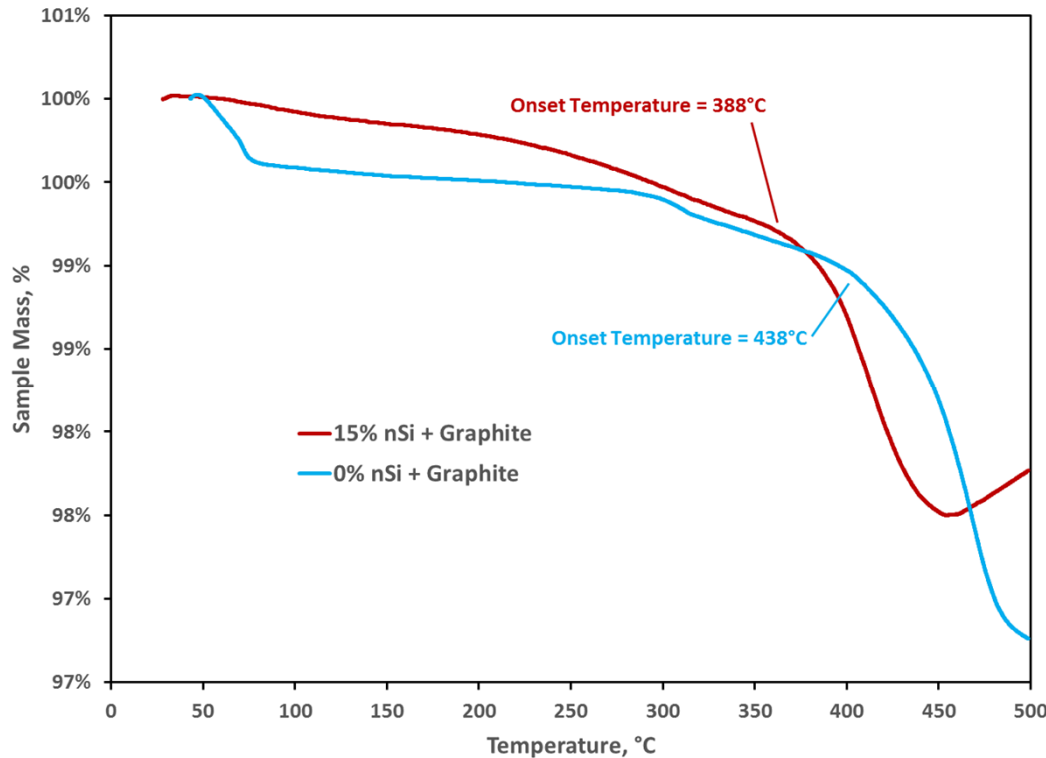
UNEXPECTED DSC PERFORMANCE



- Unclear behavior at full charge on the 50-70 nm materials
- No apparent sample leakage, no movement within instrument
- Resemblance to odd gas generation behavior previously seen in 18650 Si/graphene nanocomposites?

TGA EVALUATION

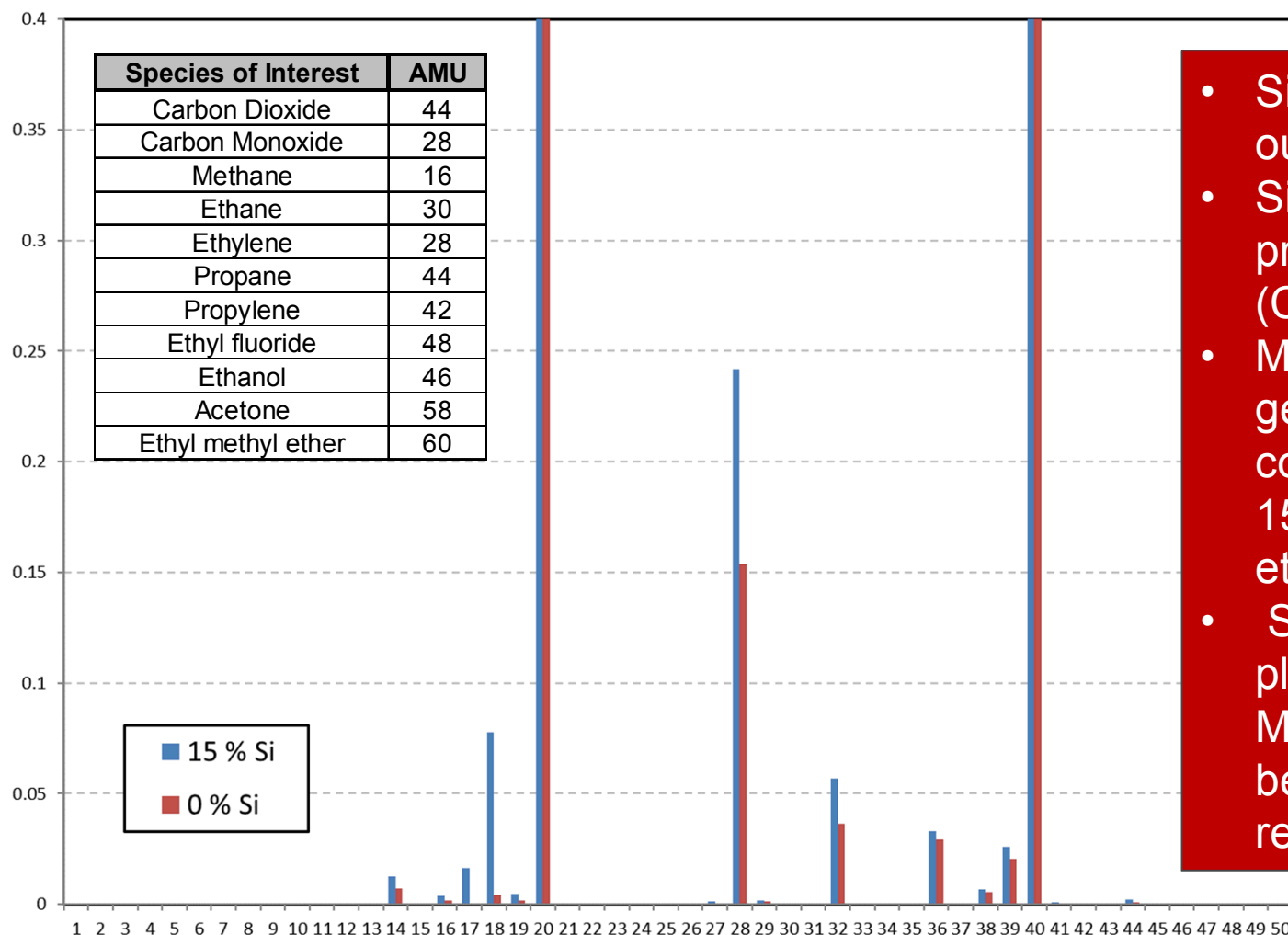
Dry ANL electrode films



- TGA carried out on samples of dry ANL electrodes (no electrolyte) under argon
- Small overall mass loss
 - Earlier onset of mass loss for nSi containing film

MS EVALUATION

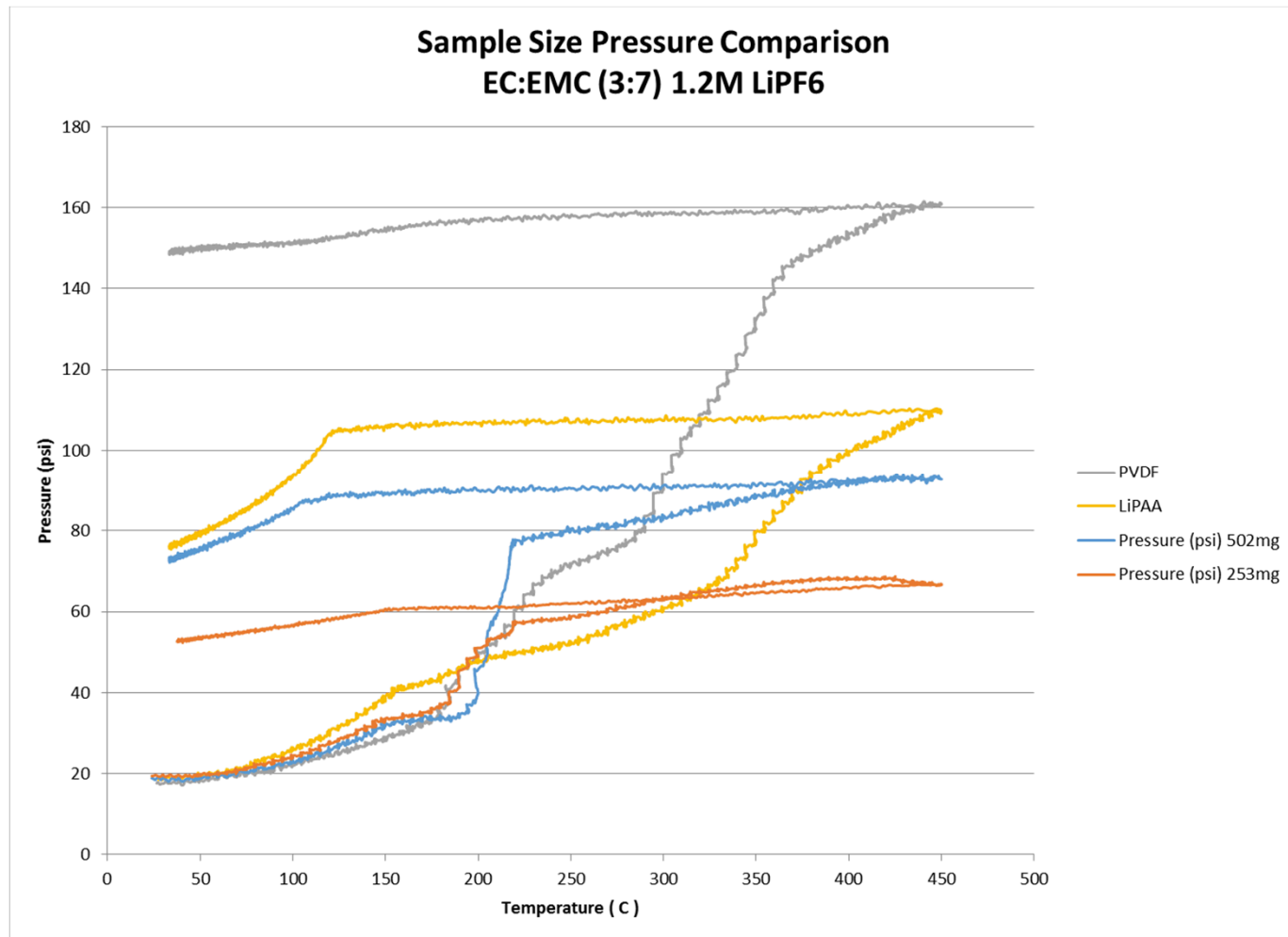
Dry ANL electrode films



- Similar overall gas output
- Similar output for primary components (CO, CO₂)
- Minimal increases in generation for some components with 15% Si (methane, ethylene)
- Sensitivity issues at play for analysis. Moving towards better mass spec resolution

ARC MATERIALS EVALUATION

Materials Evaluation of Contribution to Runaway

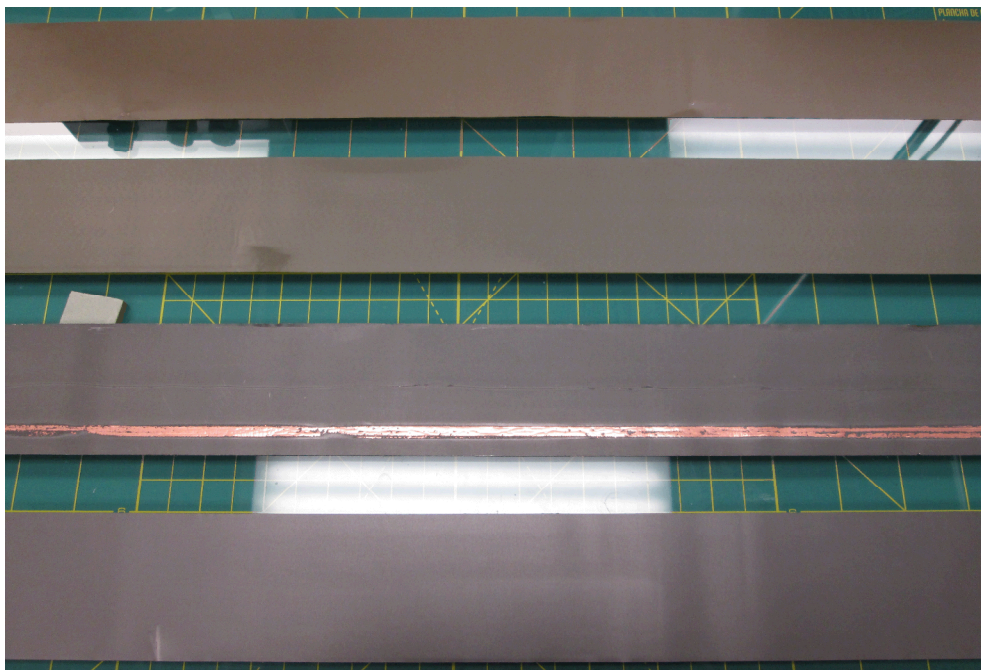


CYLINDRICAL CELL EVALUATIONS

18650 Evaluations for Abuse Response

■ CAMP 18650 Electrode Coating

- Coatings with lower Si loading were difficult to coat uniformly for winding
- Coating difficulties may have implications for cell impedance
- Distinct color variation with Si loading – may not show in pictures



15% Si

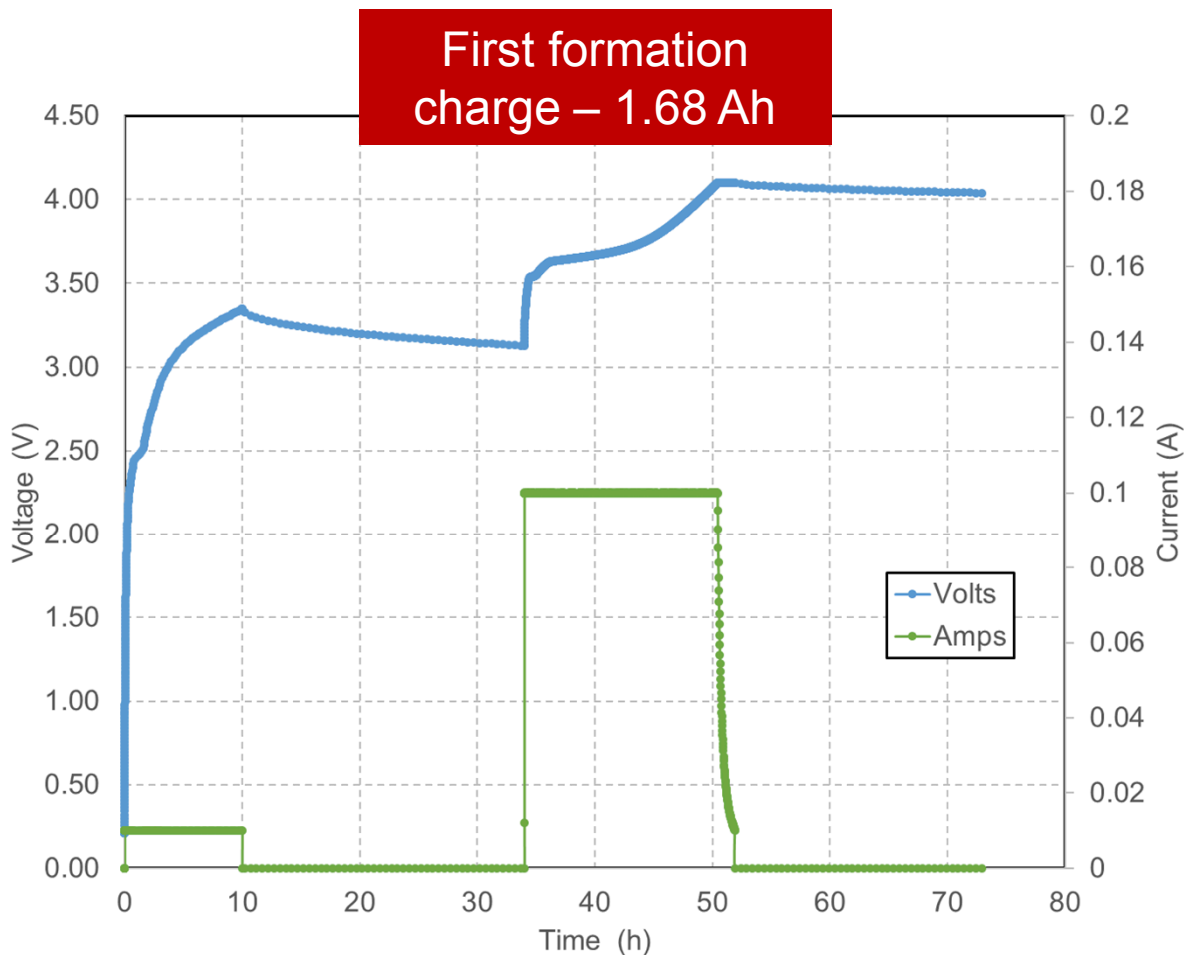
10% Si

5% Si

0% Si

CYLINDRICAL CELL EVALUATIONS

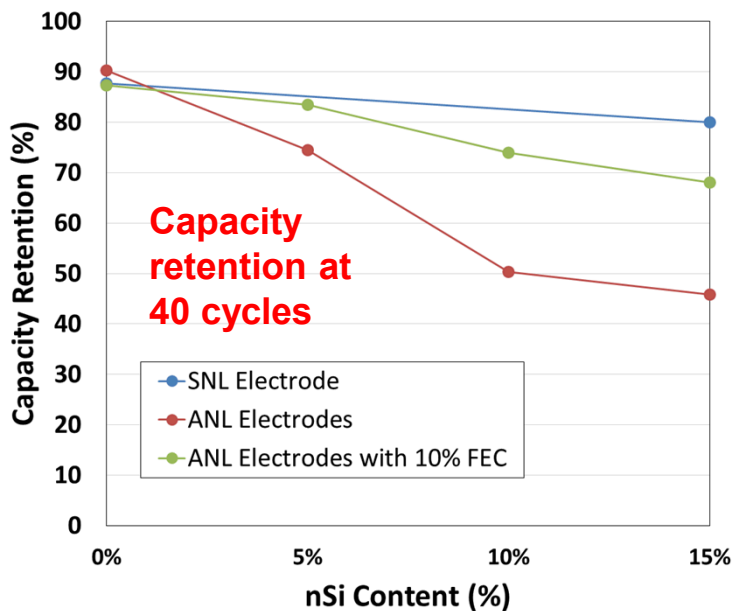
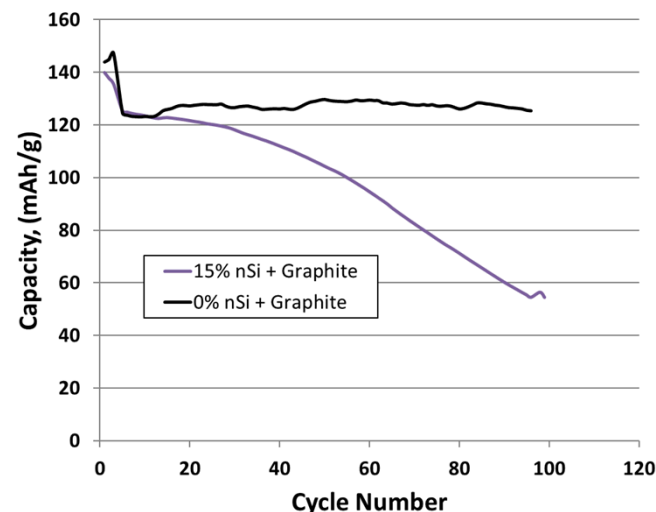
18650 Evaluations for Abuse Response



EXTRA SLIDES

FULL CELL CYCLE LIFE

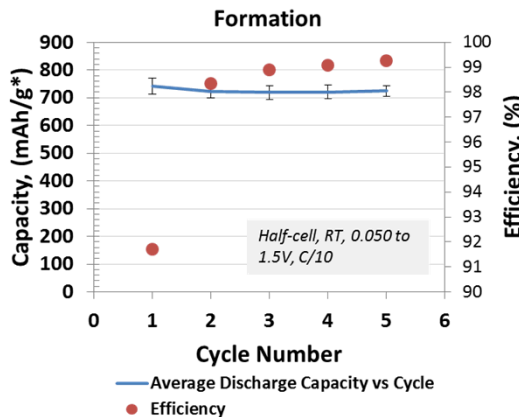
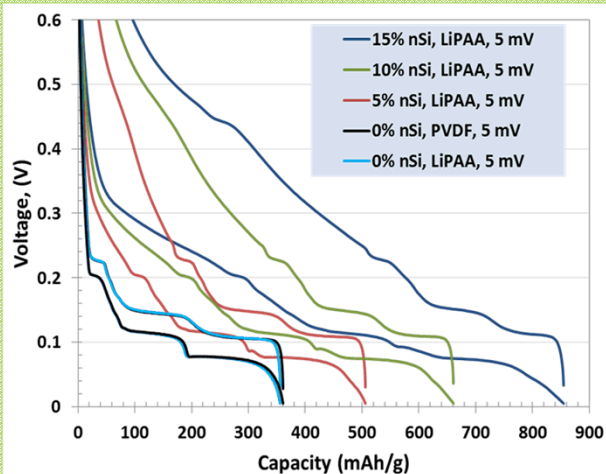
SNL electrodes
cycled without
FEC



- Capacity retention of ANL electrodes improves significantly with 10% FEC addition
- SNL electrodes show high capacity retention but also have lower areal loading and higher porosity

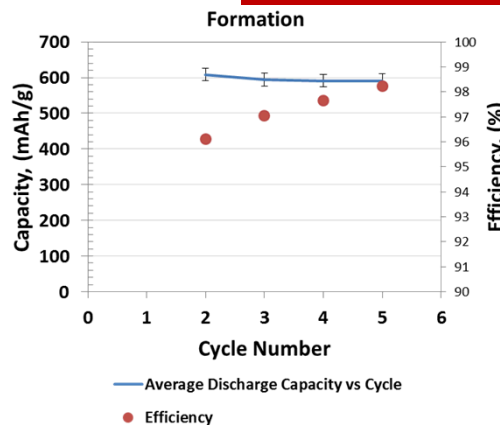
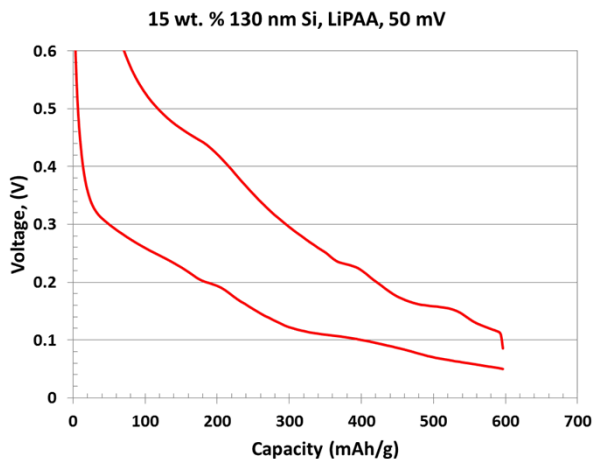
NANOAMOR MATERIAL EVALUATION

Electrode comparison and baseline



- Data from ANL using 50-70 nm NanoAmor silicon with 10 % FEC in electrolyte
- Charge / discharge profiles to 5mV
- Observed specific capacity upon discharge to 50 mV

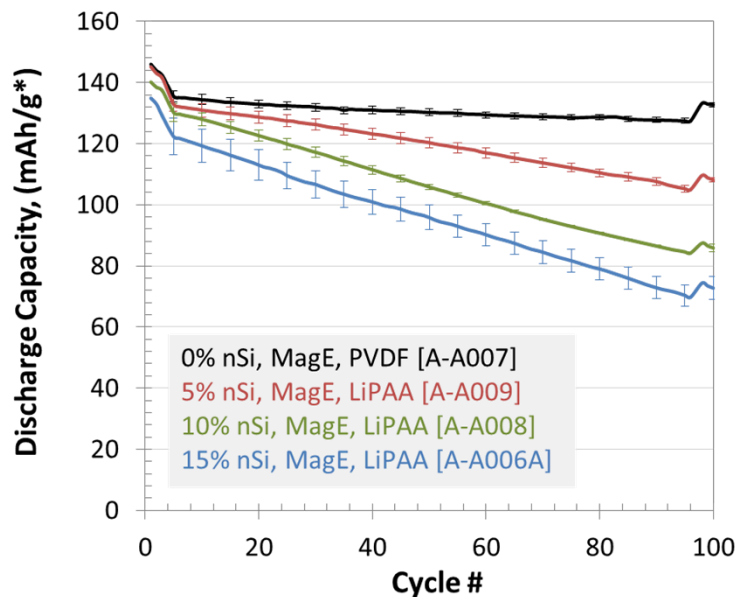
Comparison with baseline CAMP cells
comparable performance for SNL



- Electrodes prepared at SNL using 130 nm NanoAmor silicon, all other aspects prepared in accordance with ANL processes, **no FEC**
- Only 15 wt. % nSi tested thus far
 - Areal Loading ~ 4.75 mg/cm² active material (Gr + Si)
 - Areal capacity ~ 1.6 mAh/cm²
- Lower specific capacity and CE

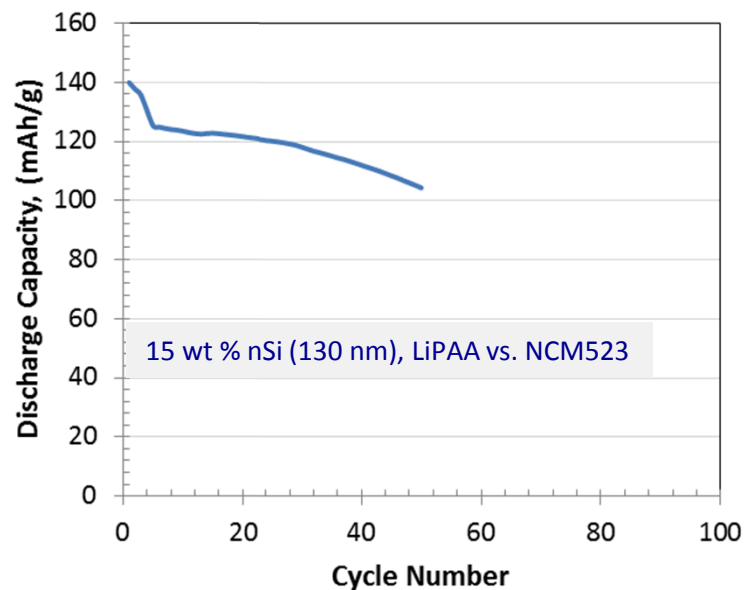
NANOAMOR MATERIAL EVALUATION

Electrode comparison and baseline



- Data from ANL using 50–70 nm NanoAmor silicon with 10 % FEC in electrolyte
- Voltage window of 4.1 – 3.0 V

Good agreement between electrodes – baseline electrochemical evaluations, thermodynamic evaluations ongoing



- Electrodes prepared at SNL using 130 nm NanoAmor silicon, all other aspects prepared in accordance with ANL processes using NCM cathodes from ANL, **no FEC**
- Voltage window of 4.1 – 3.0 V
- N/P = 1.13
- Shows slightly higher capacity than ANL data to 50 cycles