

# Slycat Tutorial

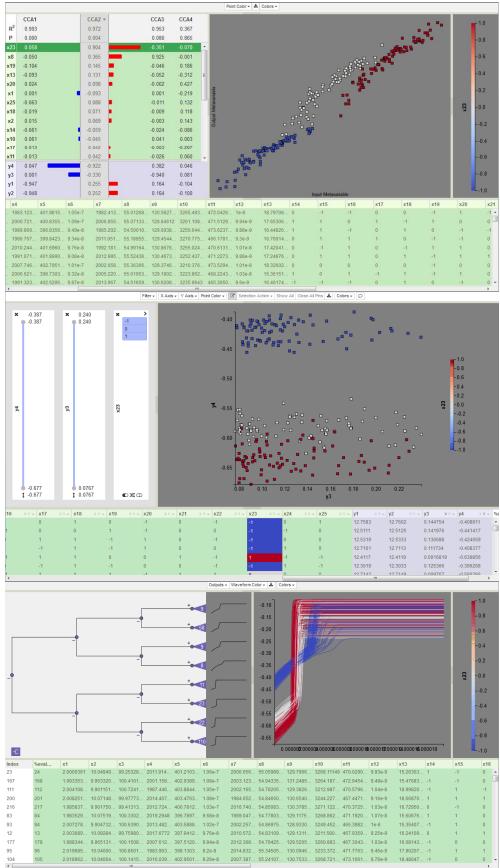
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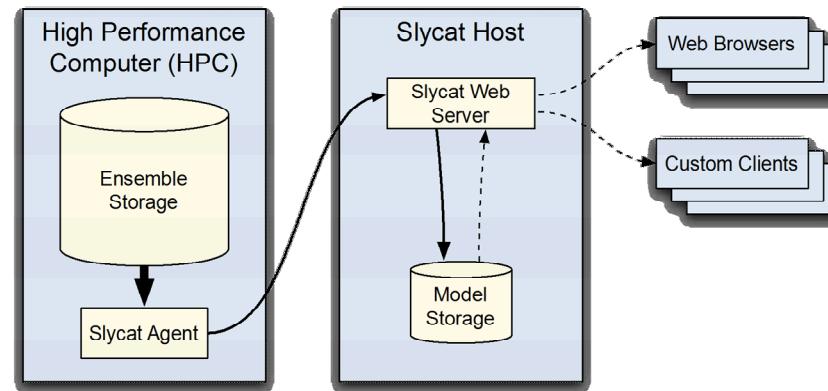
# Tutorial Outline

- General Concepts
  - Slycat™ System
  - Projects
    - Navbars
    - Project-level Operations
  - Models
    - Data Tables
    - Abstractions & Encodings
    - Model-level Operations
- Models In Depth
  - Canonical Correlation Analysis
  - Parameter Space Model
  - Time Series Model



# Slycat™ System

- Slycat™ is a web-based system for performing data analysis and visualization of potentially large quantities of remote, ensemble data.
- An ensemble is set of related simulation runs, each sampling a shared problem space.
- Slycat™ architecture



# Project-based Structure

- Projects contain models
  - Models encapsulate analysis results and data tables
  - Currently 3 model types (Correlation, Parameters, Time Series)
  - Multiple levels of abstraction
  - Interactive interfaces
- Access restricted to members
- Member roles:
  - Reader – view all data
  - Writer – create new models, modify models, view all data
  - Administrator – full read/write access to project (including deletion), add/subtract members

# Getting Started

- Access Slycat™ through Firefox web browser
  - <https://slycat.arl.hpc.mil/projects>
- *Projects* list page Navbar



- *Models* list page within a project called *My Project*
- *Model* page for *My Model* within *My Project*



- Breadcrumbs for navigation -  return to *Projects*
- Functions in *Create*, *Edit*, *Info*, *Bookmarks*, and *Delete* differ relative to location

# Projects

- Project Creation
  - Name
  - Description
  - Default Administrator
- Project Edits
  - Membership
  - Cache
- Project Deletion
- Demonstration

# Bookmarks

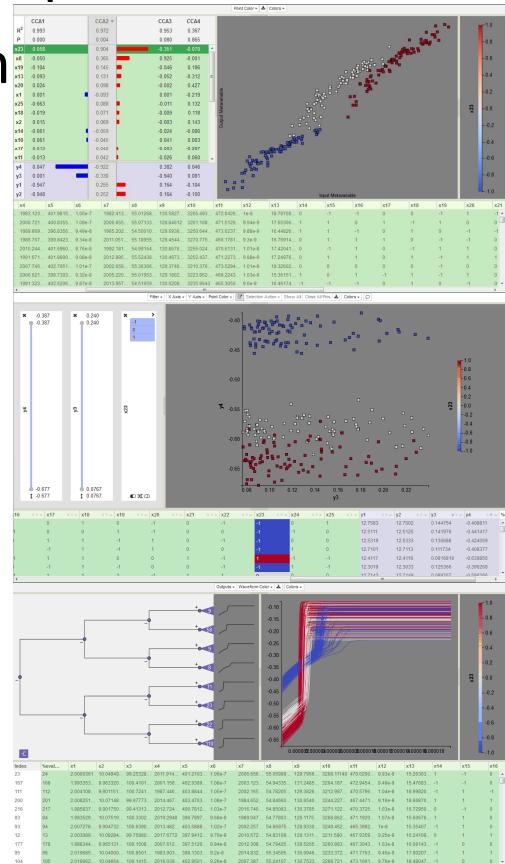
- Shared at project level (member only access)
- Store model state
  - Color-coding and selections
  - Model-specific information
    - Pinned images/movies and their sizes
    - Filters and their settings
    - Video settings (synch, shared time value)
    - Text Notes
  - Does NOT include layout information
- Slycat URL includes bookmark ID
  - Drag and drop into email
  - Back button in browser is NOT undo

# Saved Bookmarks

- Creation
- Retrieval
- Editing
- Deletion
- Demonstration in pre-existing model

# Slycat Models

- Models of result data, not physics models used by simulations
- Different models provide complementary perspectives
- Each model has multiple levels of abstraction
- Main model types
  - Canonical Correlation Analysis (CCA)
    - Correlations between two sets of variables
    - Sensitivity analysis, anomaly detection
  - Parameter Space
    - Visual exploration, filtering, image/video retrieval
    - Parameter studies, multi-objective optimization
  - Time Series Clustering
    - Time series similarity, shape filtering
    - Map output variability to inputs, find outliers



# Multiple Levels of Abstraction

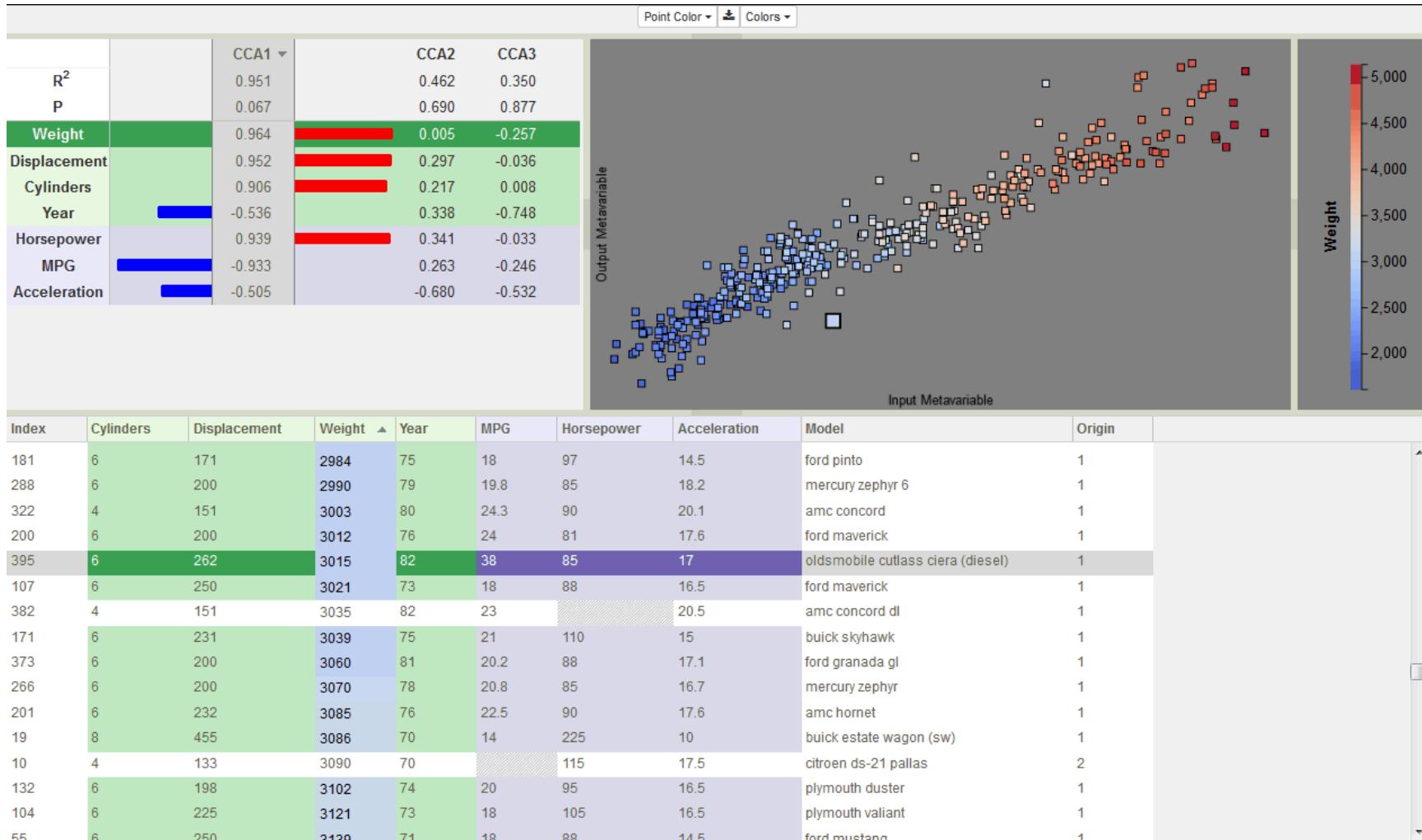


**Ensemble Level**

**Member Level**

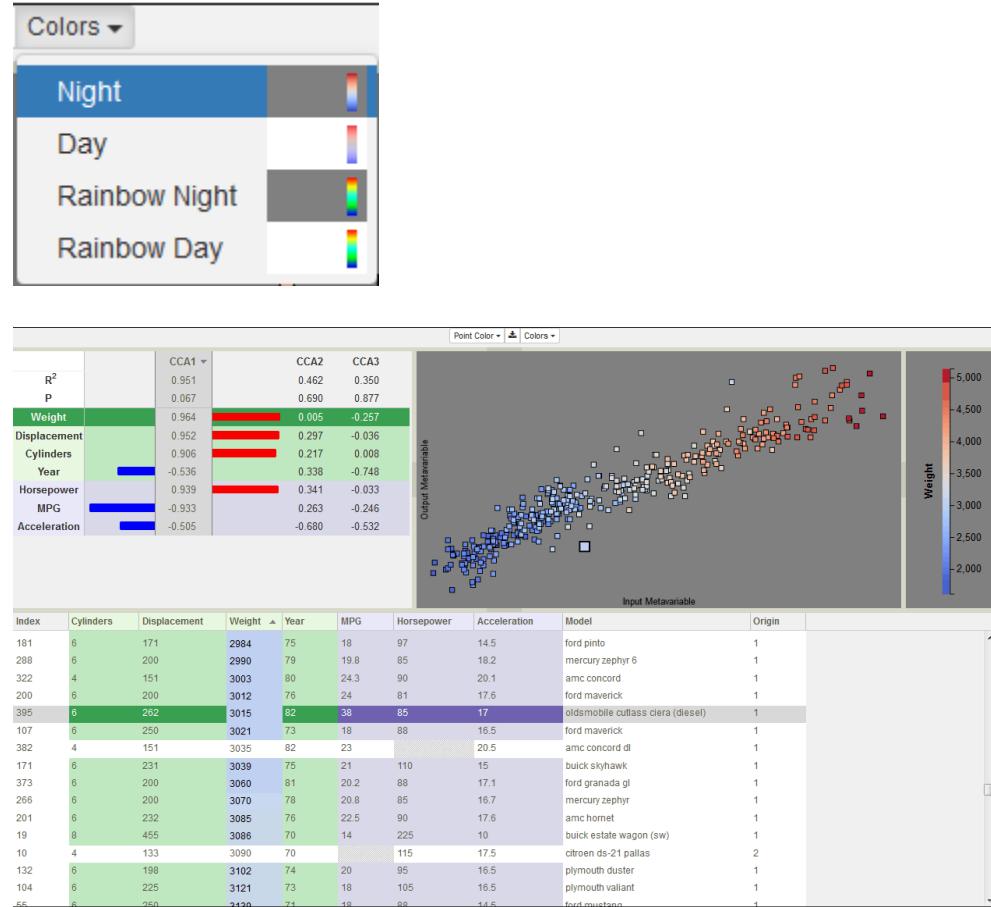
**Raw Data Table**

# View Panels



# Colors in Models

- Color Themes
  - Night
  - Day
  - Rainbow Night
  - Rainbow Day
- Color-coding
  - Input variables – green
  - Output variables – purple
  - Undefined/neither – white
- Red = High Values
- Blue = Low Values
- Legends



# Data Tables

- Data table is core of all model types
  - dakota\_tabular.dat
  - CSV
- Rows = simulation runs
- Columns = variables
- Media variable URIs point to images/movies/time series/STL  
[file:///machine\\_name/absolute\\_directory\\_path/filename.ext](file:///machine_name/absolute_directory_path/filename.ext)
- Movies must be generated using ffmpeg and h264 codec
- Each time series is also a data table
  - CSV
  - Xyce generated .prn files
- Data tables can be downloaded from models 

# Model Creation

- Wizards
- Data Location
  - Local
  - Remote
  - Split (local table, remote media)
- Processing
  - Serial – CCA and Parameter Space
  - Parallel – Time Series (all data on cluster)

# Canonical Correlation Analysis

- Correlation between 2 multivariate data sets
- Generalization of PCA developed by Hotelling in 1936
- CCA Data Requirements
  - Row count > min (#input vars, #output vars)
  - Must have at least 1 input and 1 output var
  - No missing data, Inf, NAN, or NULL values (we remove rows)
  - No columns with constant values
  - Only numeric variables (no strings) -> ordered variables can be converted to numeric values
- Demonstrate CCA Wizard

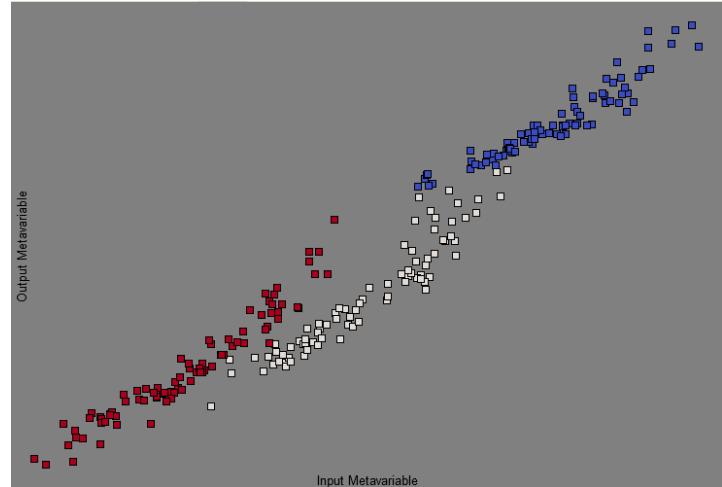
# CCA Visualization – Ensemble Level

- Correlation View
  - CCA Components
    - $R^2$ , P
    - Column selection expansion
    - Column selection linking
  - Variables
    - Bar-chart, sorting
    - Color-coding
    - Row selection linking

	CCA1	CCA2	CCA3	CCA4
R <sup>2</sup>	0.993	0.972	0.953	0.367
P	0.000	0.004	0.080	0.865
x23	-0.058	-0.904	-0.351	-0.070
x8	0.050	-0.365	0.925	-0.001
x19	0.104	-0.145	-0.046	0.186
x13	0.093	-0.131	-0.052	-0.312
x20	-0.024	-0.098	-0.002	0.427
x1	-0.001	0.093	0.001	-0.219
x25	0.663	-0.088	-0.011	0.132
x18	0.019	-0.071	-0.009	0.118
x2	-0.015	-0.069	-0.003	0.143
x14	0.661	0.059	-0.024	-0.086
x10	-0.061	0.045	0.041	0.003
x17	-0.013	-0.042	-0.003	-0.287
x11	0.013	-0.042	-0.026	0.060
x22	0.268	0.041	-0.001	0.105
y4	-0.047	0.922	0.382	0.046
y3	-0.001	0.330	-0.940	0.081
y1	0.947	-0.255	0.164	-0.104
y2	0.948	-0.252	0.164	-0.100

# CCA Visualization – Member Level

- Simulation View
  - Points = Runs
  - Axes = Metavariables
  - Perfect correlation = diagonal line
  - Anomalies = distant from diagonal
- Color-coding
  - 3 ways to set:
    - *Point Color* drop down
    - Row (variable) selection in bar chart
    - Column (variable) selection in table
  - Colors determined by Color Theme
- Selections linked to table
  - 2 ways to set: click (single) or rubberband (multiple)



# CCA Visualization – Data Level

x20	x21	x22	x23	x24	x25	y1	y2	y3	y4
1	-1	-1	0	-1	0	12.5644	12.5651	0.112325	-0.596289
0	0	0	1	-1	0	12.8128	12.813	0.107739	-0.629639
-1	-1	1	0	0	-1	12.5552	12.5559	0.21766	-0.556342
-1	0	0	-1	-1	-1	12.5218	12.5231	0.0963738	-0.40295
1	0	1	1	-1	-1	12.538	12.5386	0.113548	-0.641729

## ■ Table View

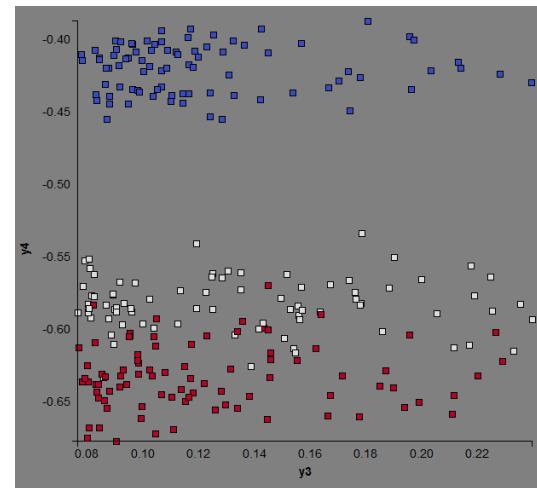
- Linked Variable/Column Selection (member color coding)
  - Scatterplot
  - Bar chart
- Linked Member/Row Selection (highlights)
  - Scatterplot
- Column Sort (triangle orientation = ascending/descending)

# Parameter Space

- No analysis component
- Interactive data exploration
  - Filtering
  - Remote media viewing
  - Group interactions
  - Video synchronization
- Demonstrate Parameter Space Wizard
  - Categorical Variables
  - Editable Variables

# PS Visualization – Member Level

- Scatterplot
  - Points = Runs
  - Axes – 2 ways to set:
    - $X$  and  $Y$  drop downs
    - $X$  and  $Y$  icons in table column headers
- Color-coding
  - 3 ways to set:
    - *Point Color* drop down
    - Row (variable) selection in bar chart
    - Column (variable) selection in table
  - Colors determined by Color Theme
- Selections linked to table
  - 2 ways to set: click (single) or rubberband (multiple)



# PS Visualization – Selections

- Selections
  - 2 ways to set: click (single) or rubberband (multiple)
  - Linked to table rows (highlight)
  - Linked to *Selection Action*
- *Selection Action* button
  - Drop down actions are data-based
  - *Editable* variables can be set
  - Group hide/show selected points
  - Group

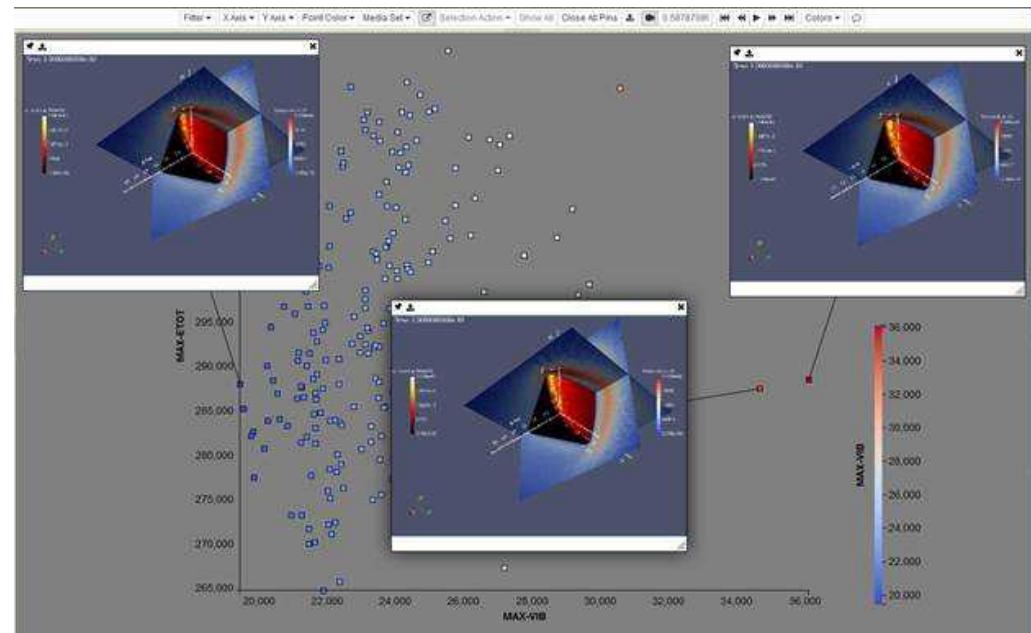
# PS Visualization – Media

- Media Retrieval (only if media column in table)
  - Media set in two ways:
    - *Media Set* drop down
    - Data table box icon
  - Hover – temporary single member view
  - Each media type has different viewer
- Pinned Images
  - Hover + viewer movement – fixed single full view
  - Hover + pin icon – fixed single reduced view
  - Selection + selection action – pinned group

# PS Visualization – Video Synch



- Video Controls (only when pinned videos)
  - Synch button
  - Shared video time (seconds) – not simulation time
  - Video start
  - Step back 1 frame
  - Play/Pause
  - Step forward 1 frame
  - Video end
- Current video
  - shadow behind
  - non-synch interaction



# PS Visualization– Ensemble Level

## ■ Filters

- Continuous
  - Slider min/max
  - Range min/max
  - Slider region (blue = values displayed)
  - Invert icon (middle vs. ends)
- Categorical
  - Button per value
  - Blue = displayed
  - Icons
    - All on
    - Invert button state
    - All off



# PS Visualization– Data Level

x20	x y ▲	x21	x y ▲	x22	x y ▲	x23	x y ▲	x24	x y ▲	x25	x y ▲	y1	x y ▲	y2	x y ▲	y3	x y ▲	y4	x y ▲
1		-1		-1		0		-1		0		12.5644		12.5651		0.112325		-0.596289	
0		0		0		1		-1		0		12.8128		12.813		0.107739		-0.629639	
-1		-1		1		0		0		-1		12.5552		12.5559		0.21766		-0.556342	
-1		0		0		-1		-1		-1		12.5218		12.5231		0.0963738		-0.40295	
1		0		1		1		-1		-1		12.538		12.5386		0.113548		-0.641729	

## ■ Table View

- Linked Variable/Column Selection (member color coding)
  - Scatterplot
  - Bar chart
- Linked Member/Row Selection (highlights)
- X/Y axis
- Column Sort (triangle orientation = ascending/descending)
- Media Selection (box icon)

# Time Series Model

- Clusters time series by shape and time
  - Same shape at different time NOT similar
  - Similar shape with different amplitude NOT similar
- Agglomerative clustering builds similarity tree (dendrogram)
- 4 Cluster Linkage Measures
  - single: Nearest Point Algorithm
  - complete: Farthest Point Algorithm
  - average: Unweighted Pair Group Method with Arithmetic Mean (UPGMA) Algorithm
  - weighted: Weighted Pair Group Method with Arithmetic Mean (WPGMA) Algorithm
- Cluster Distance Metric - Euclidean

# Time Series Model

- Time series data expectations
  - Start/end times must match
  - Sample count and frequency need NOT match
- Binning
  - Bin count = samples compared in distance calculation
  - Bin value = average of samples in bin's time interval
  - More bins
    - greater accuracy
    - longer calculation & slower rendering
  - Less bins
    - loss of features, damping of spikes
    - shorter calculation & faster rendering
  - 500-1000 typical (must be << original sample count)

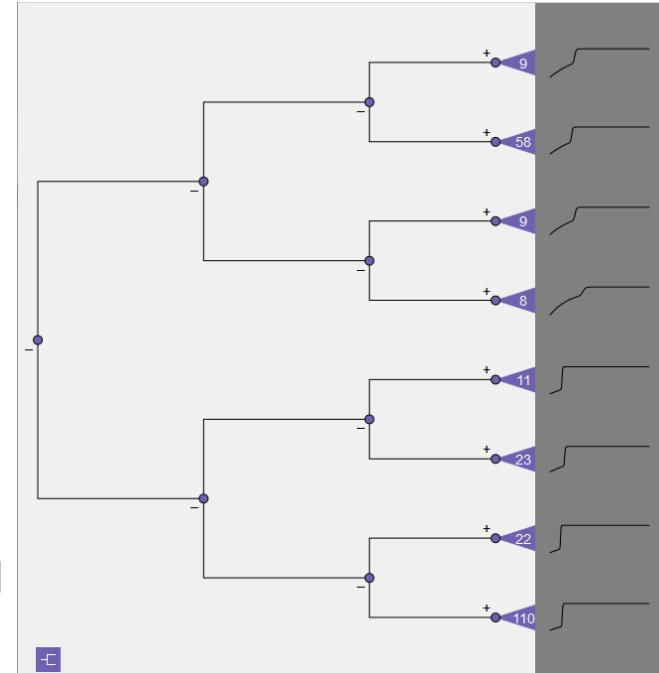
# Time Series Wizard

- 3 Data Table Formats
  - Xyce - dakota\_tabular.dat
  - CSV
  - HDF5 (Slycat intermediate format only)
- 2 Time Series Data Formats
  - .prn files (corresponding to Xyce table)
  - CSV files
- Requires parallel processing
  - All data MUST be stored on cluster
  - You MUST have cluster accounts
  - Batch Setup & asynchronous completion
  - Job status checking
- Demonstration of wizard

# TS Visualization – Ensemble Level

## ■ Dendrogram

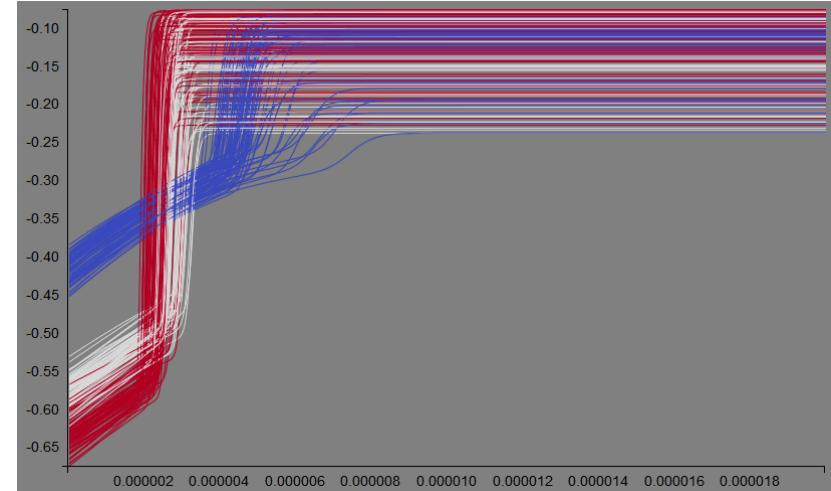
- Select time series variable (dendrogram)
- Node selection restricts visible tree
  - Control click adds/subtracts nodes
  - Line plot & data table = only visible tree
- +/- icons expand/contract subtree detail
- Subtree triangles
  - Show leaf count
  - CAUTION: Clicking expands tree to leaf level
- Sparklines
  - Exemplar shape for subtree
  - Colored black unless leaf, leaf colored by line color
  - Highlighted sparkline = selection in subtree
  - Sparkline selection = select subtree members in line plot & table rows
- Dendrogram order icon for sorting data table



# TS Visualization – Member Level

## ■ Line Plot

- Lines = runs
- X axis = time
- Y axis = amplitude of series var
- Color-coded by selected variable
- Limited to visible dendrogram
- Hover highlights lines
- Clicking selects lines
  - Linked to row select in data table
  - Linked to sparkline highlight in dendrogram subtree



# TS Visualization – Data Level

x20	x21	x22	x23	x24	x25	y1	y2	y3	y4
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## ■ Table View

- Linked Variable/Column Selection (member color coding)
  - Scatterplot
  - Bar chart
- Linked Member/Row Selection (highlights)
  - Scatterplot
- Column order
  - Sorted value order (triangle icon = ascending/descending)
  - Dendrogram order (icon in dendrogram)

# Questions?