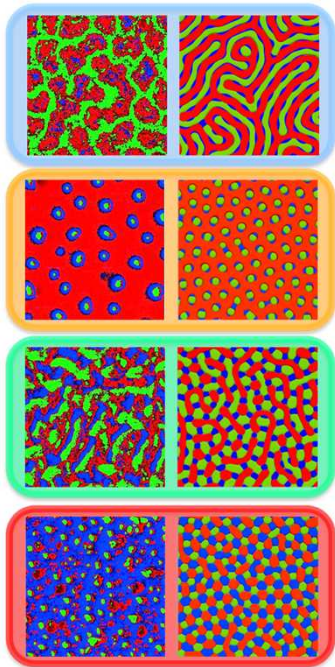


Exceptional service in the national interest

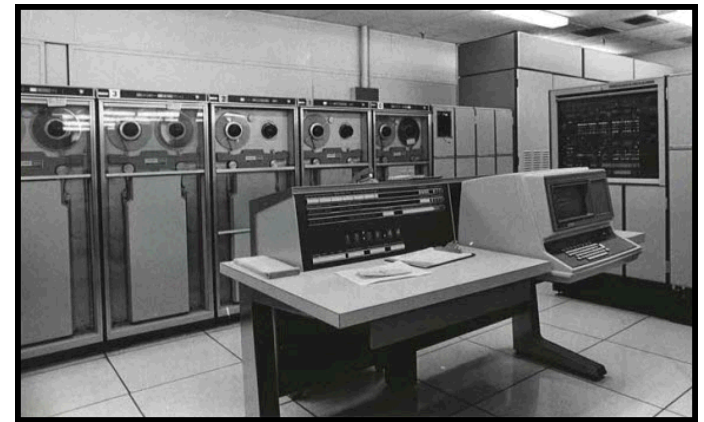
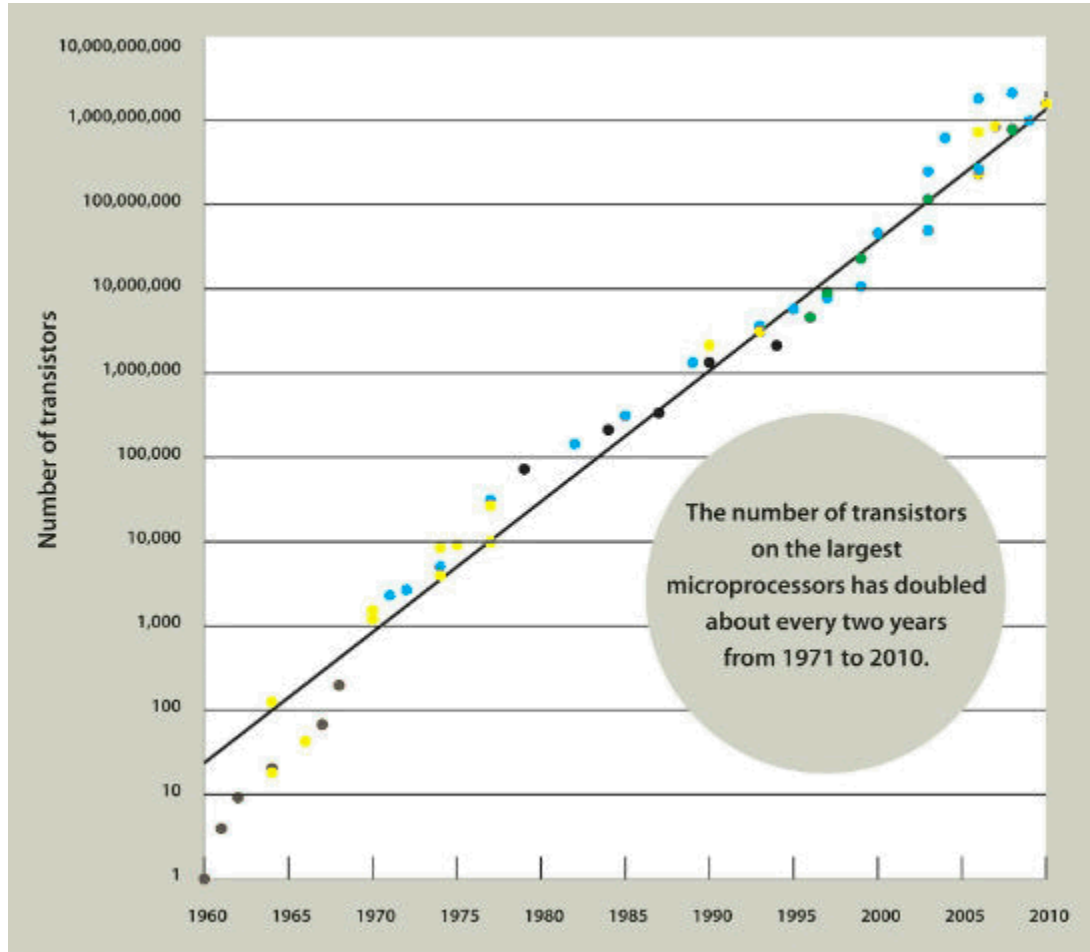


Phase Behavior of Self-Assembled Ternary Polymer Brushes

Chester K. Simocko, Amalie Frischknecht, Dale Huber

Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM

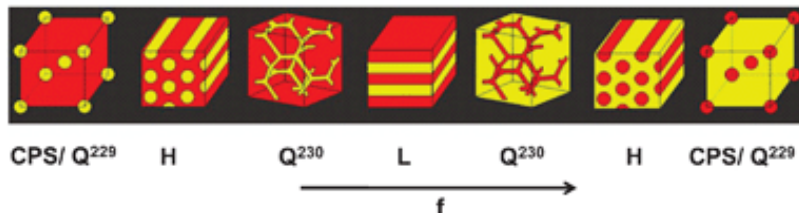
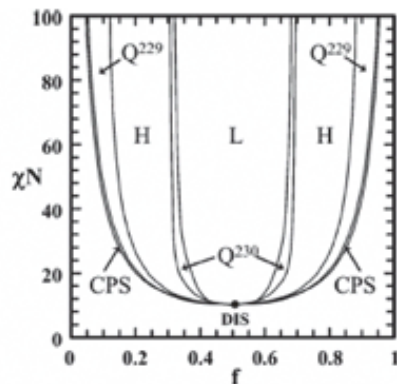
Smaller and Smaller



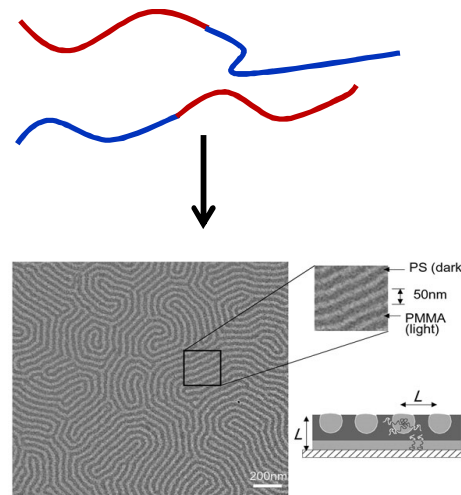
Block Copolymer Self-Assembly

Block copolymers

- Two or more polymer blocks bound into a single chain
- Behave as immiscible polymer blends
- Due to covalent binding, phase separation is limited



Polymer A Polymer B



Block copolymers can self-assemble into a variety of microstructures.

Two main parameters determine what microstructure the block copolymer adopts

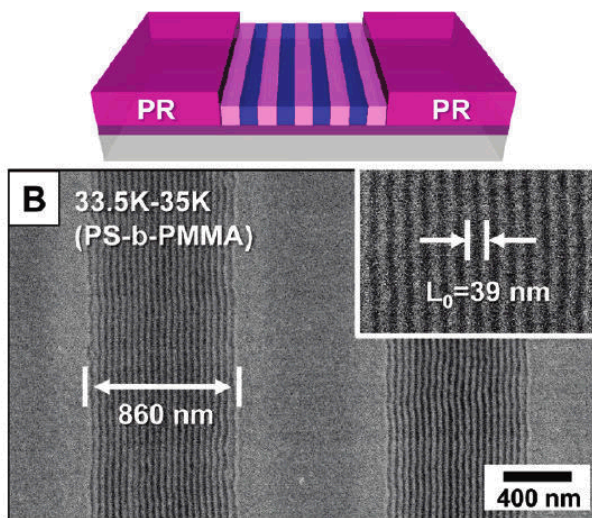
- f = polymer fraction
- χN = segregation force
 - χ = interaction parameter
 - N = number of repeat units

Phase separation occurs at $\chi N \approx 10.5$

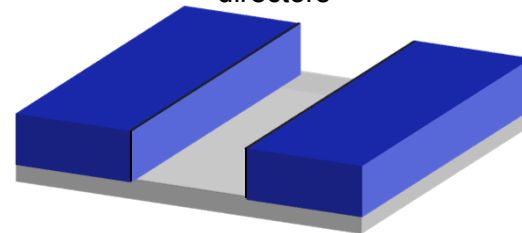
Block Copolymer Lithography

Polymer Lithography

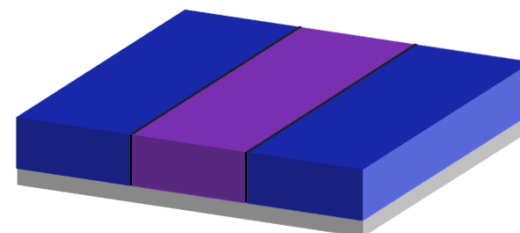
- Microscale directors are patterned on the surface
- Block copolymers are spin coated onto the pattern
- Annealing the block copolymer allows the different polymers to phase separate



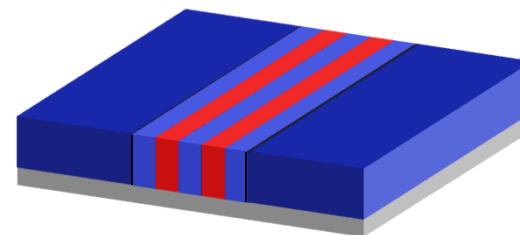
1. Template microscale directors



2. Spin coat block copolymers



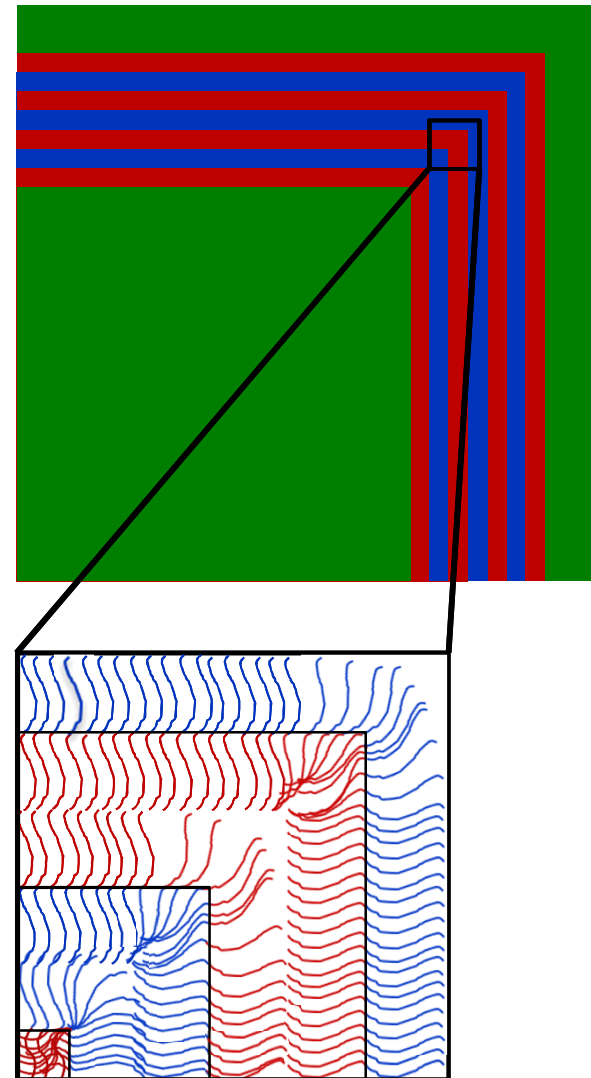
3. Anneal to induce phase separation



Drawbacks of Block Copolymer Lithography

Drawbacks

- Difficult to purify
- Not bound to the surface, can be washed or abraded off
- Lateral phase separation can only be achieved on planar surfaces
- Certain architectures can be difficult to achieve without the use of triblock copolymers

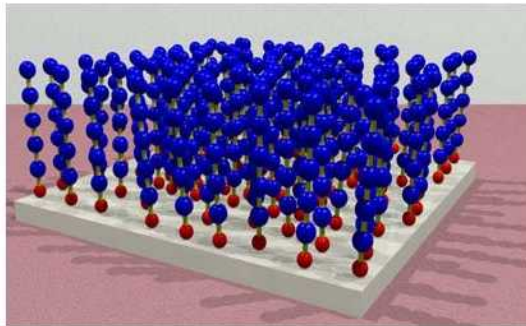
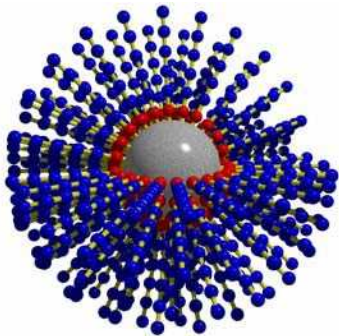
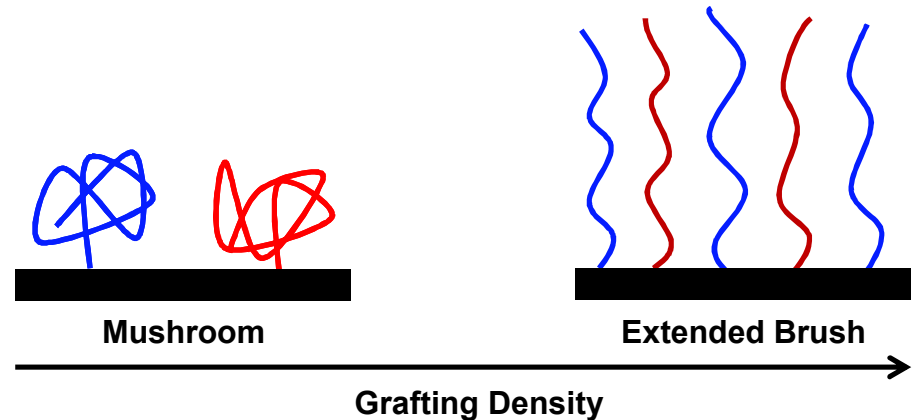


So how do we solve these problems?

Mixed Polymer Brushes

Polymer Brushes

- Polymers attached to a surface
- Grafting density controls polymers conformation
 - Low density – Mushroom
 - High density – Extended Brushes



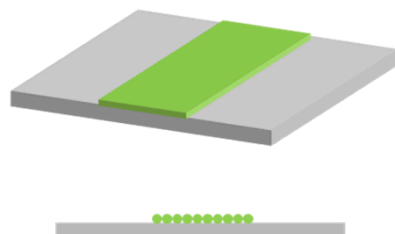
Mixed Polymer Brushes




- Phase separate similar to block copolymers
- Allows for patterning on many different surface geometries and features
- Mechanically and physically more robust than block copolymers due to covalent binding to the surface

Brush Lithography

Like block copolymers, mixed polymer brushes can also take advantage of polymer lithography

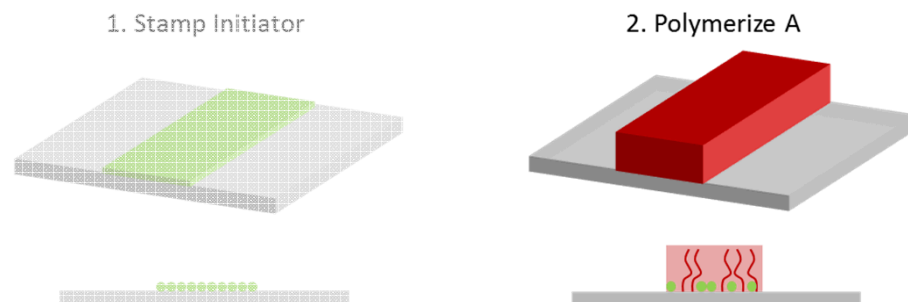
1. Stamp Initiator



-  Unreacted Initiator
-  Polymer A
-  Polymer B

Brush Lithography

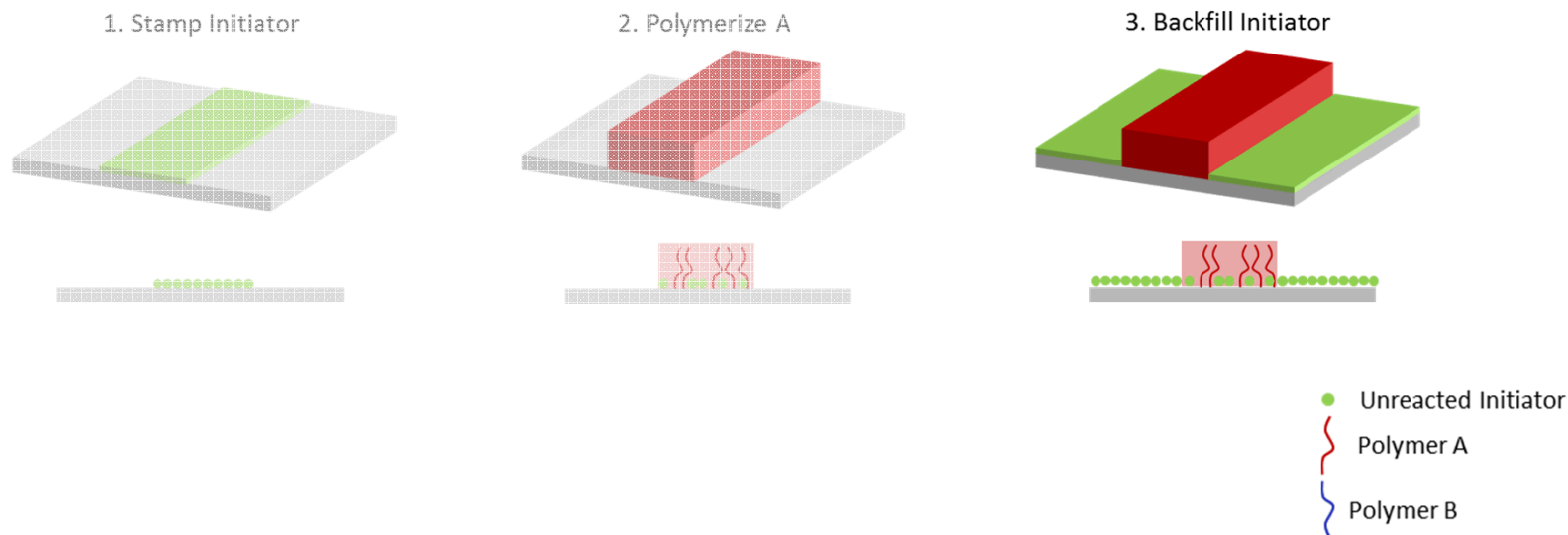
Like block copolymers, mixed polymer brushes can also take advantage of polymer lithography



- Unreacted Initiator
- ~ Polymer A
- ~ Polymer B

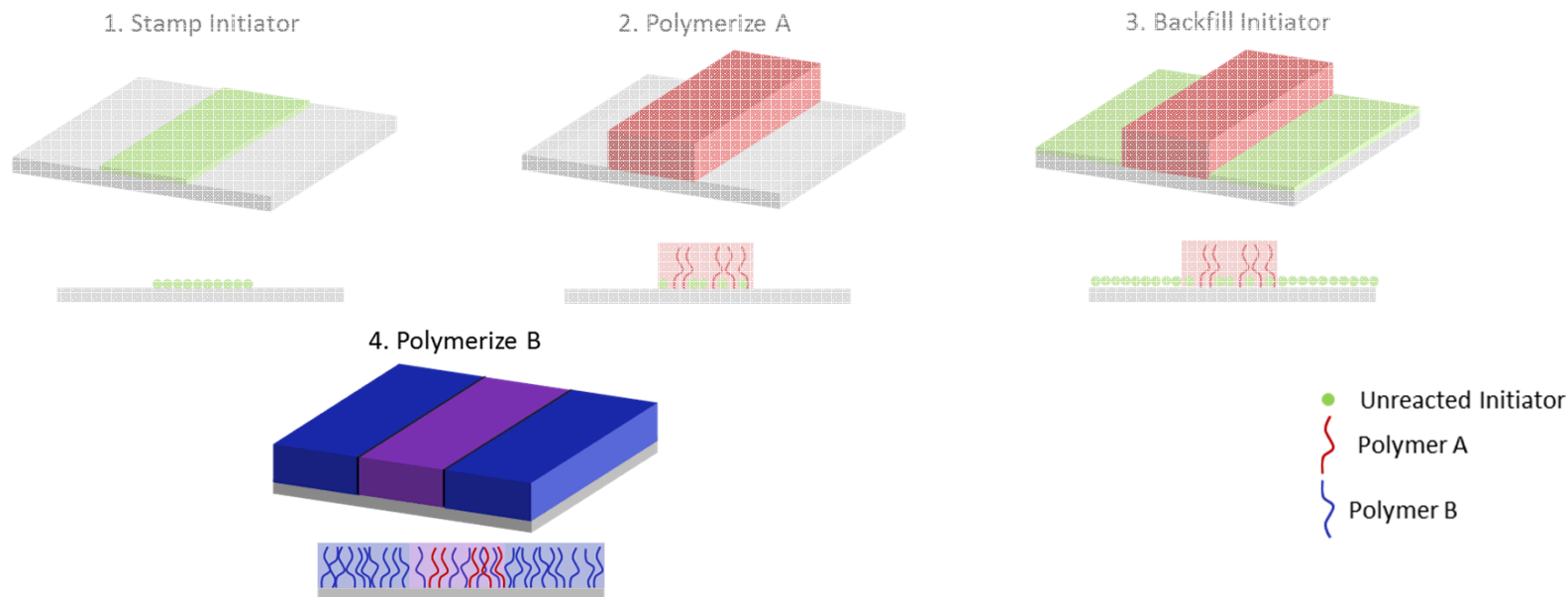
Brush Lithography

Like block copolymers, mixed polymer brushes can also take advantage of polymer lithography



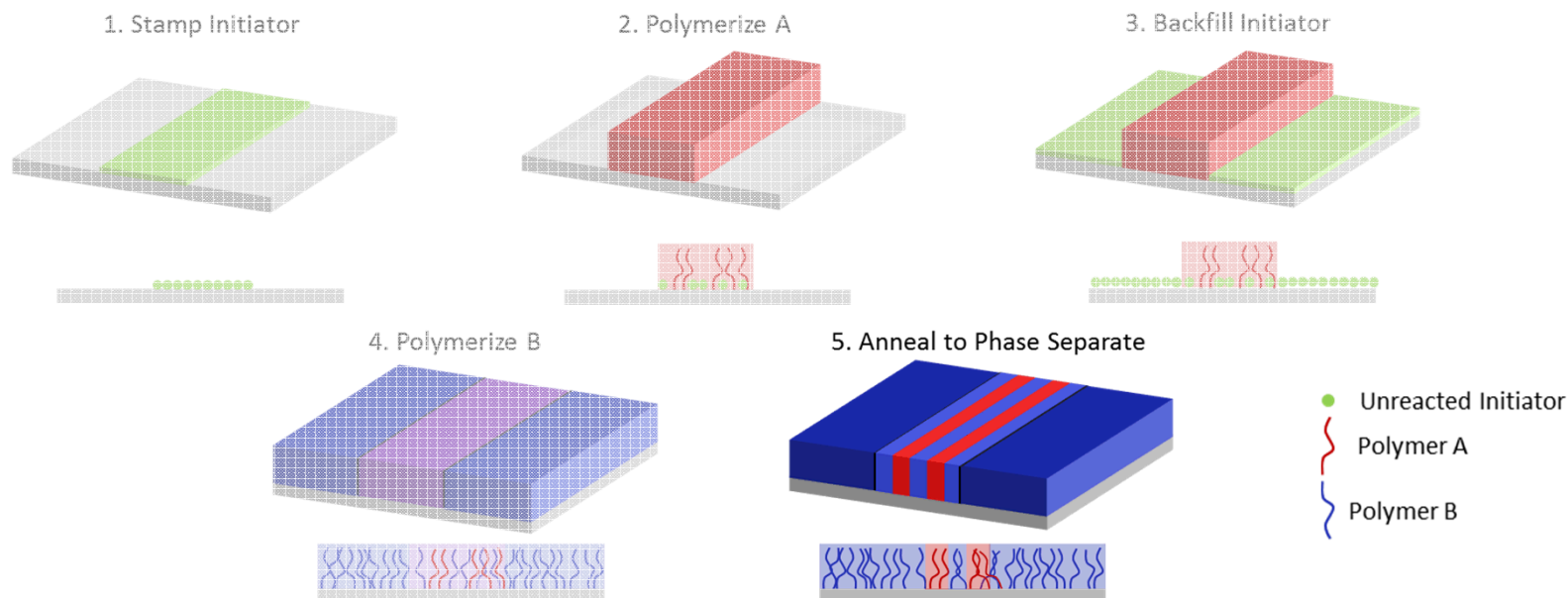
Brush Lithography

Like block copolymers, mixed polymer brushes can also take advantage of polymer lithography



Brush Lithography

Like block copolymers, mixed polymer brushes can also take advantage of polymer lithography

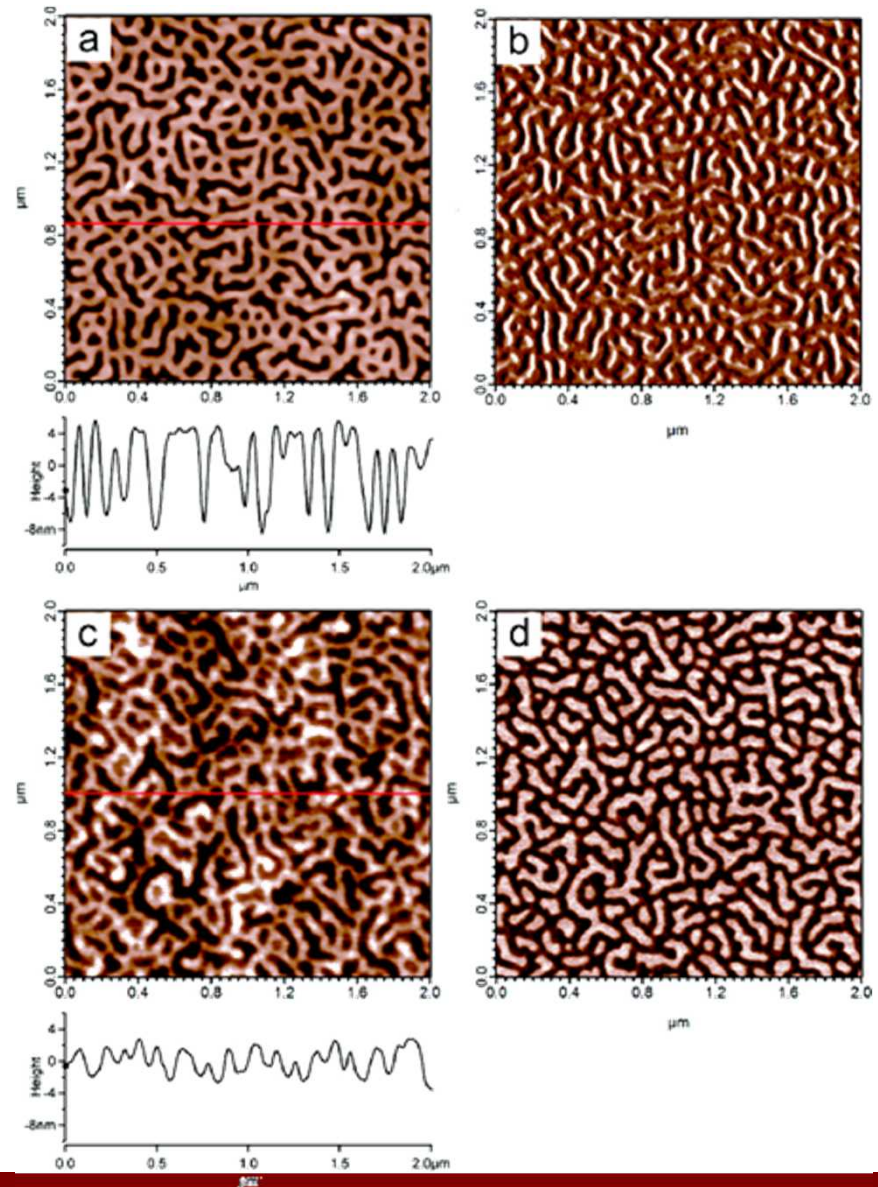


But first we need to study the phase behavior of the brushes

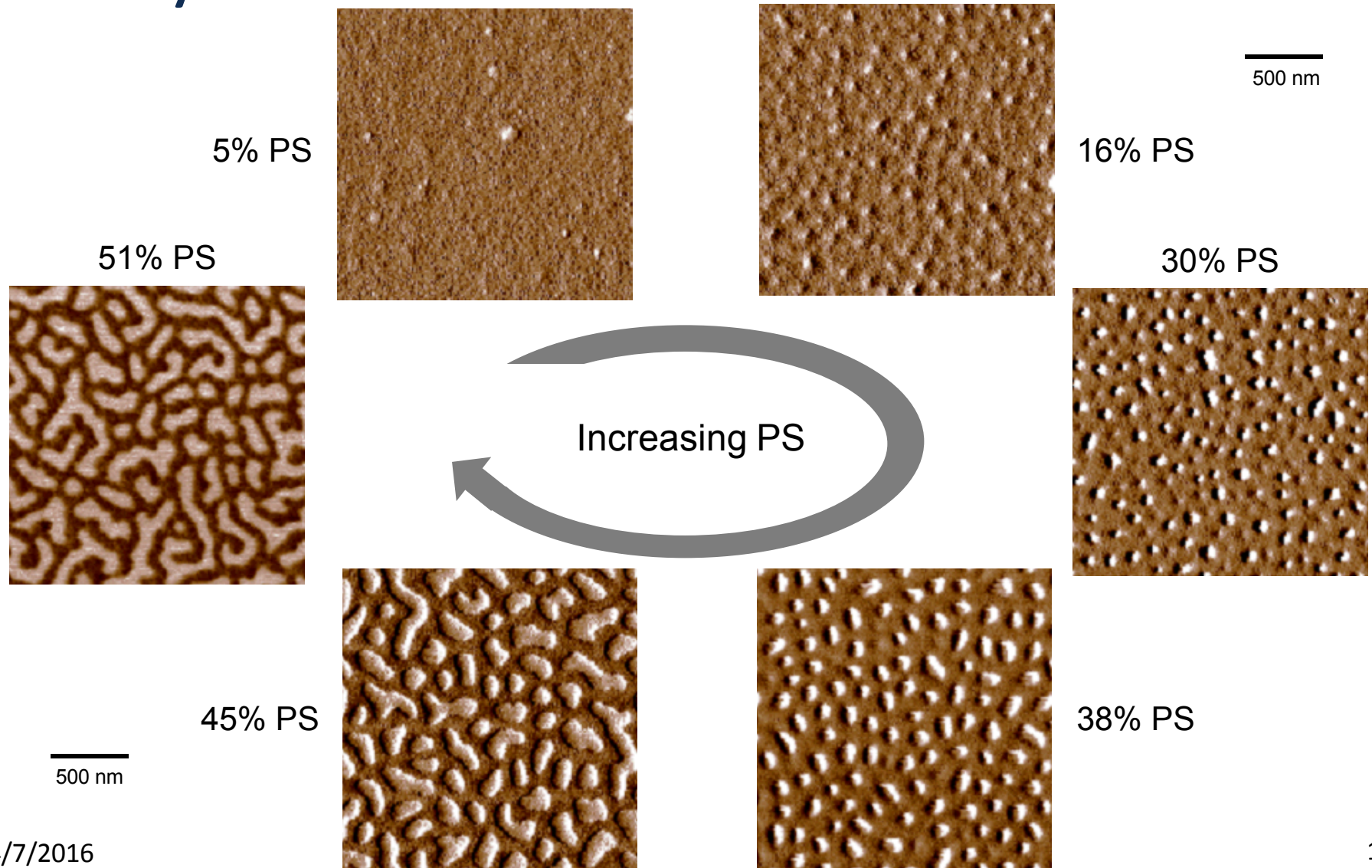
Self-Assembly of Binary Polymer Brushes

Brush Characterization

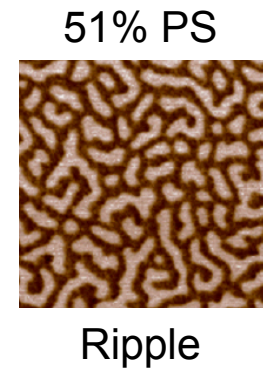
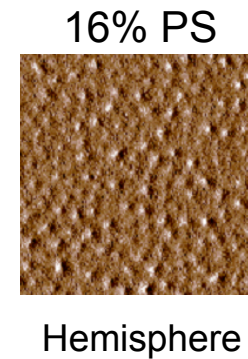
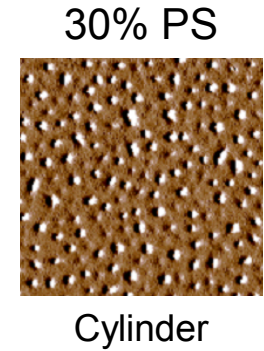
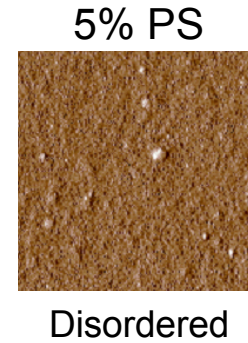
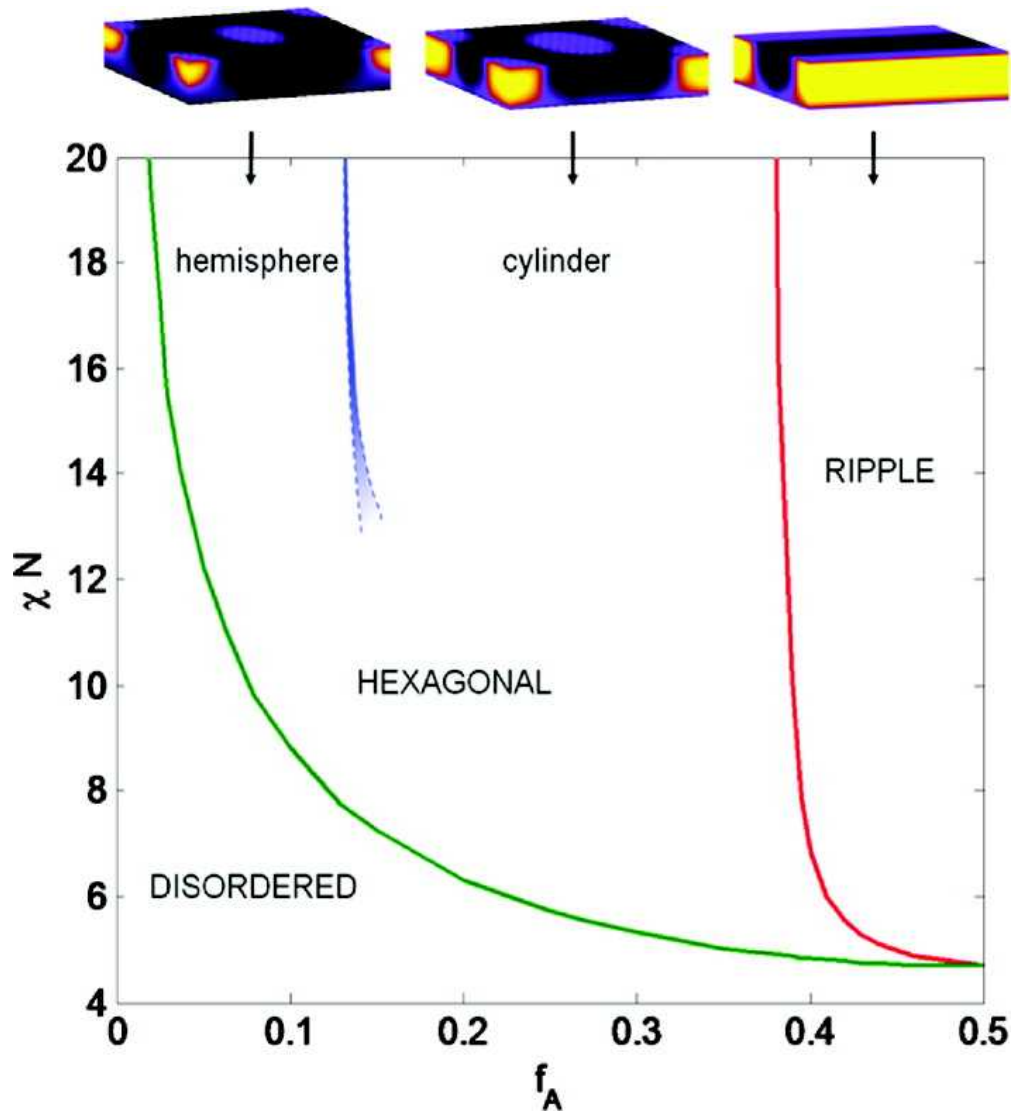
- Brushes were synthesized from poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) and polystyrene (PS)
- Solvent vapor and thermally annealed
- AFM was used to analyze phase behavior
- Annealing reduced surface roughness and increased phase contrast
- A number of phase morphologies were observed based the polymer composition of the brush



Controlling Self-Assembly of Binary Polymer Brushes



Phase Diagram

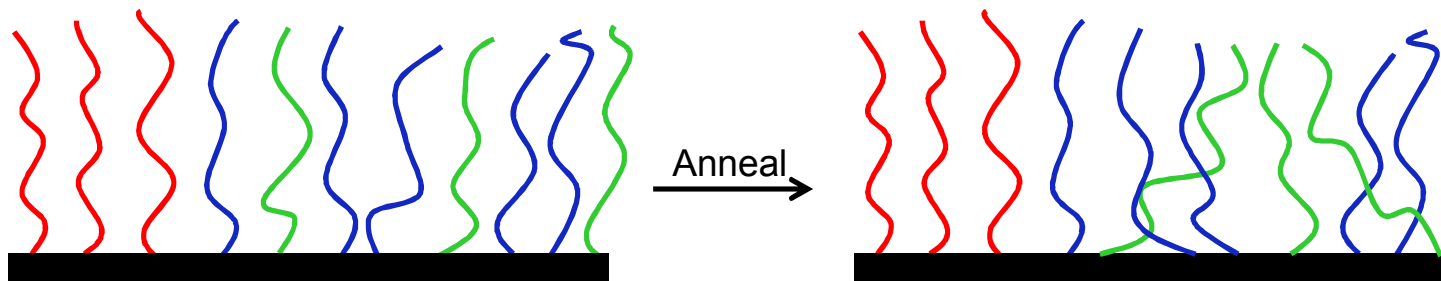
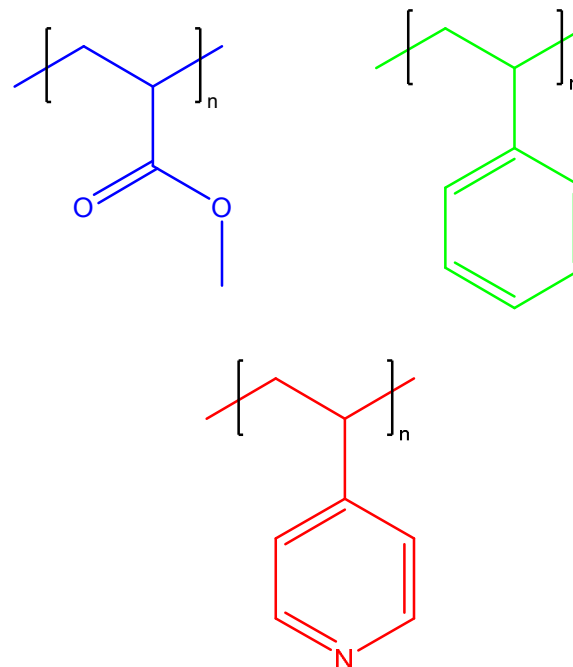


Self Consistent Field Theory (SCFT) predicts a number of phase regimes

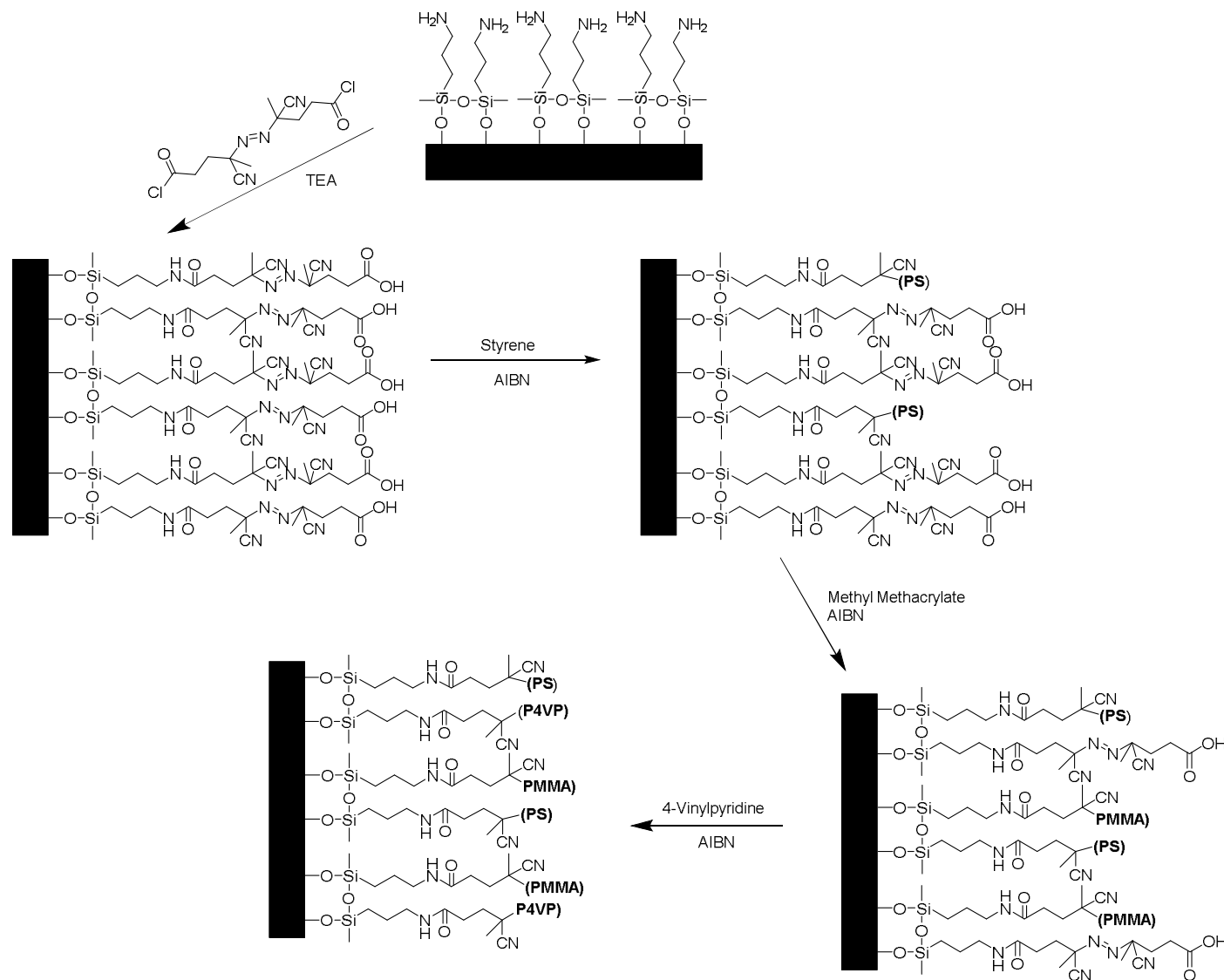
Ternary Polymer Brushes

Ternary Brushes

- Consists of **PMMA**, **PS**, and **P4VP**
- Strongly segregating system
 - $\chi N_{\text{PS-PMMA}} \approx 18$
 - $\chi N_{\text{PMMA-P4VP}} \approx 65$
 - $\chi N_{\text{PS-P4VP}} \approx 320$
- AFM was used to analyze phase behavior
- Results in varied and unique phase regimes
- Correlate results with SCFT and create a complete phase diagram

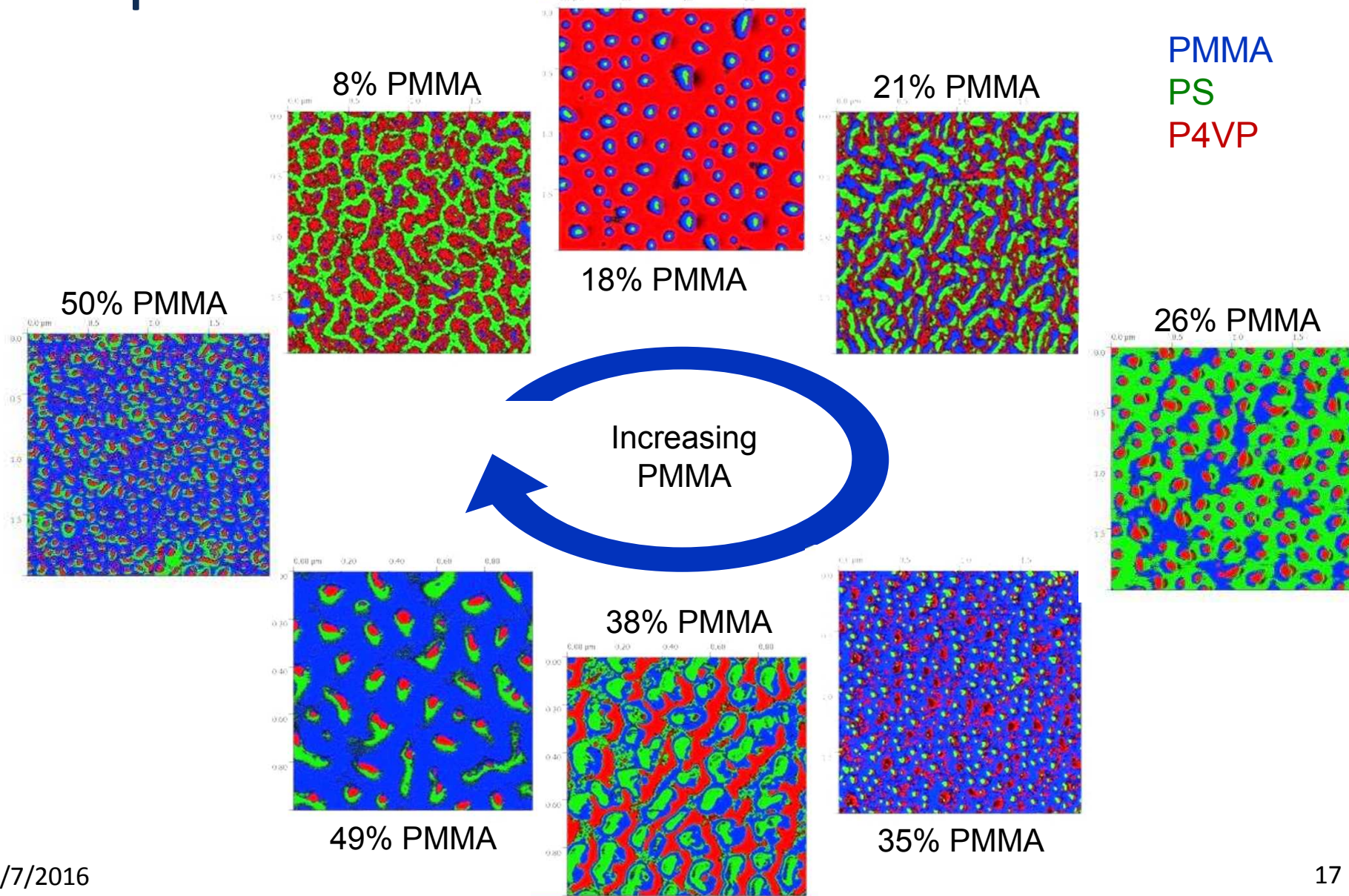


Surface Initiated Growth of Ternary Polymer Brushes



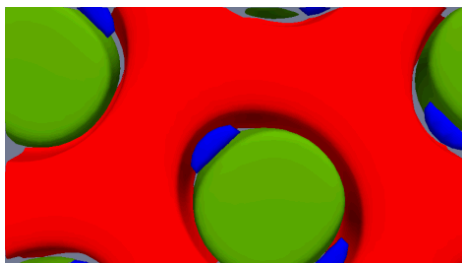
Experimental Phase Behavior

PMMA
PS
P4VP



SCFT Simulations of Ternary Brushes

10% PMMA



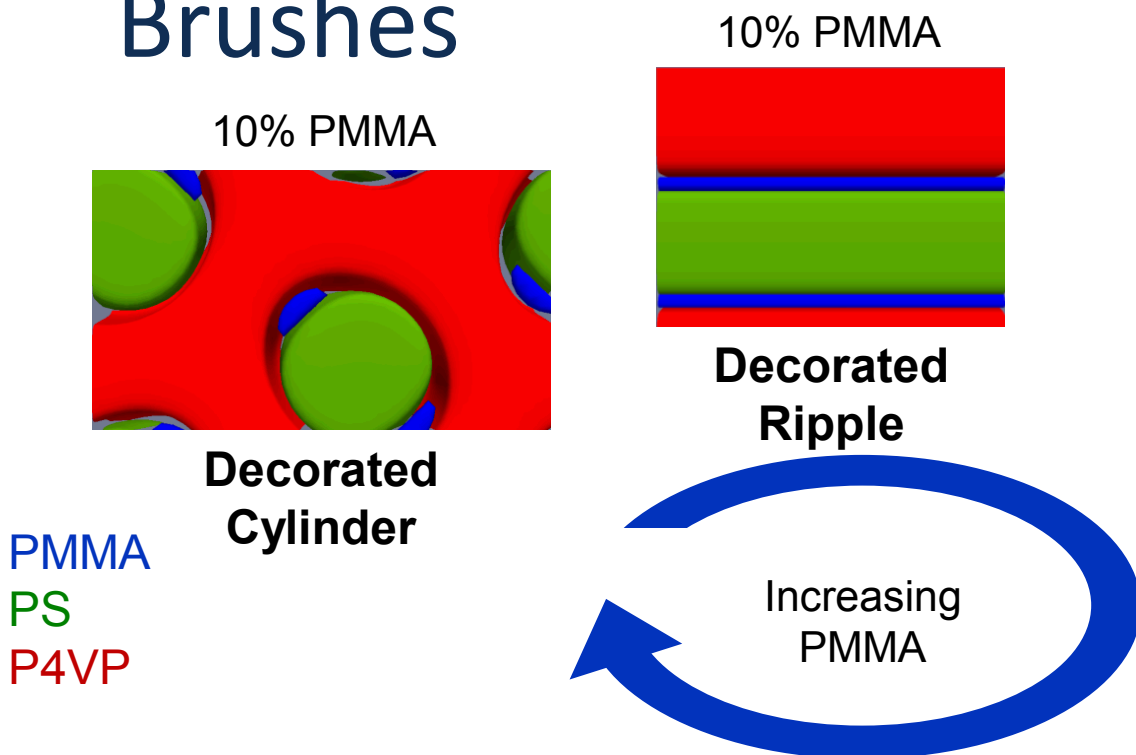
**Decorated
Cylinder**

PMMA
PS
P4VP



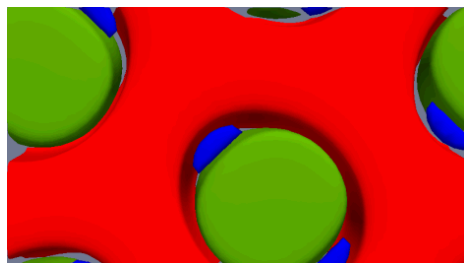
Increasing
PMMA

SCFT Simulations of Ternary Brushes



SCFT Simulations of Ternary Brushes

10% PMMA



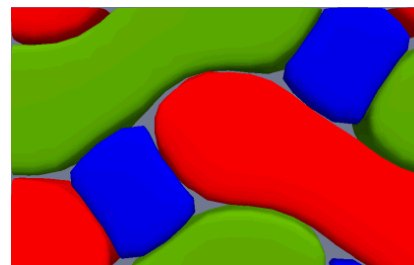
**Decorated
Cylinder**

10% PMMA



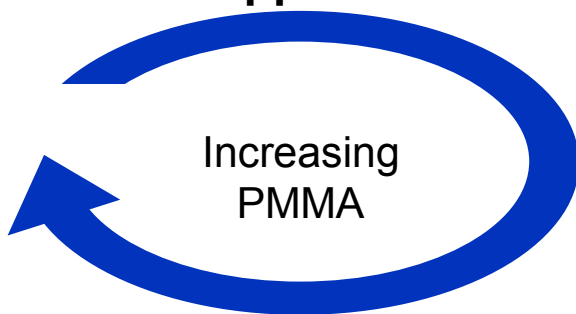
**Decorated
Ripple**

20% PMMA



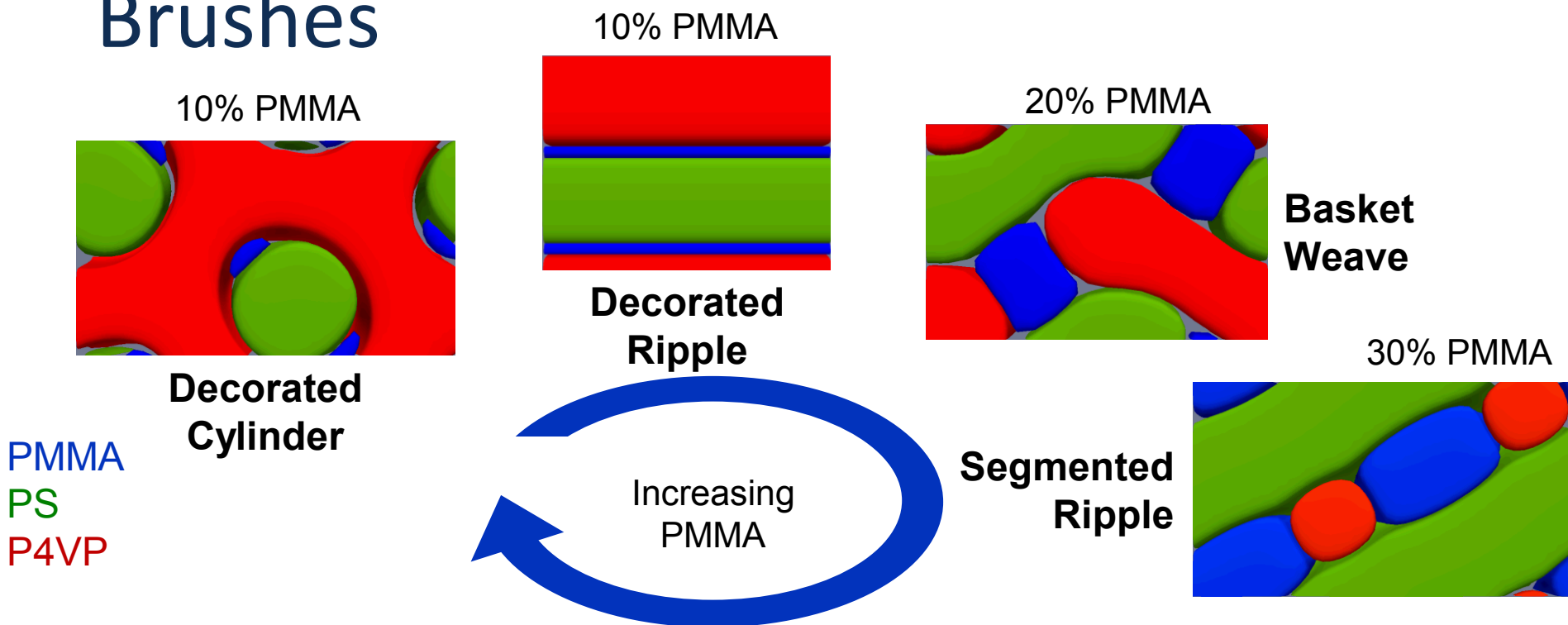
**Basket
Weave**

Increasing
PMMA

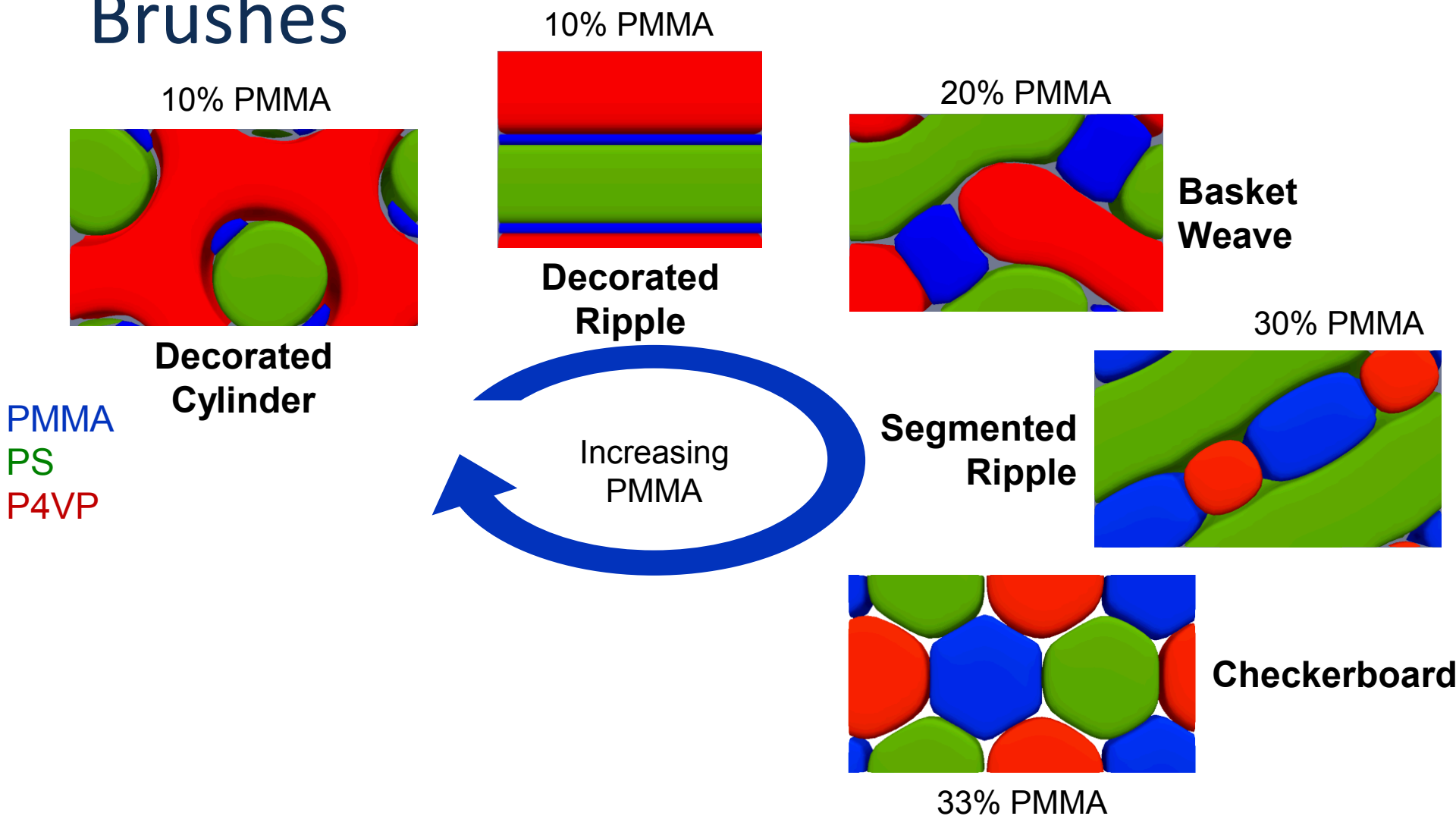


PMMA
PS
P4VP

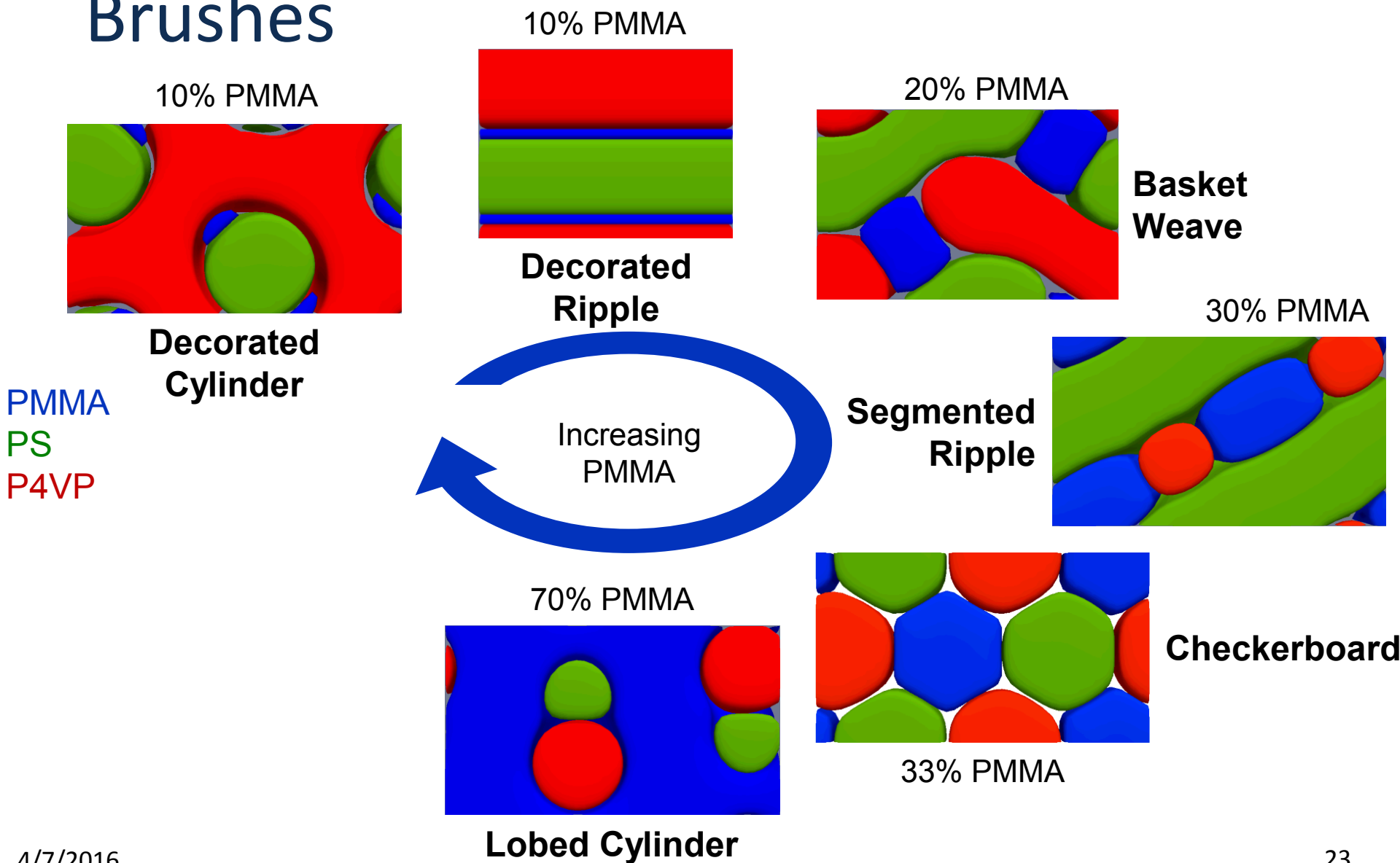
SCFT Simulations of Ternary Brushes



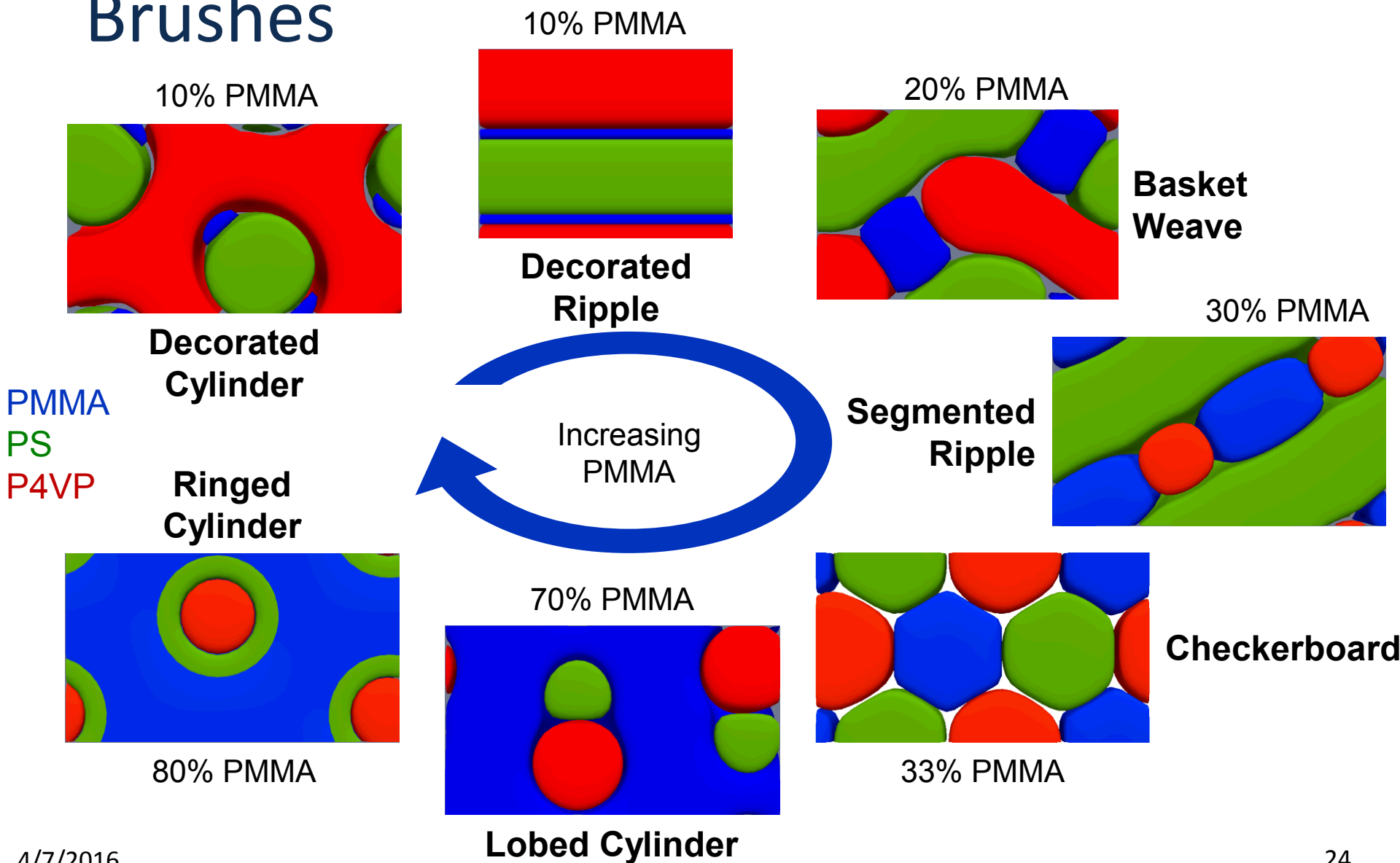
SCFT Simulations of Ternary Brushes



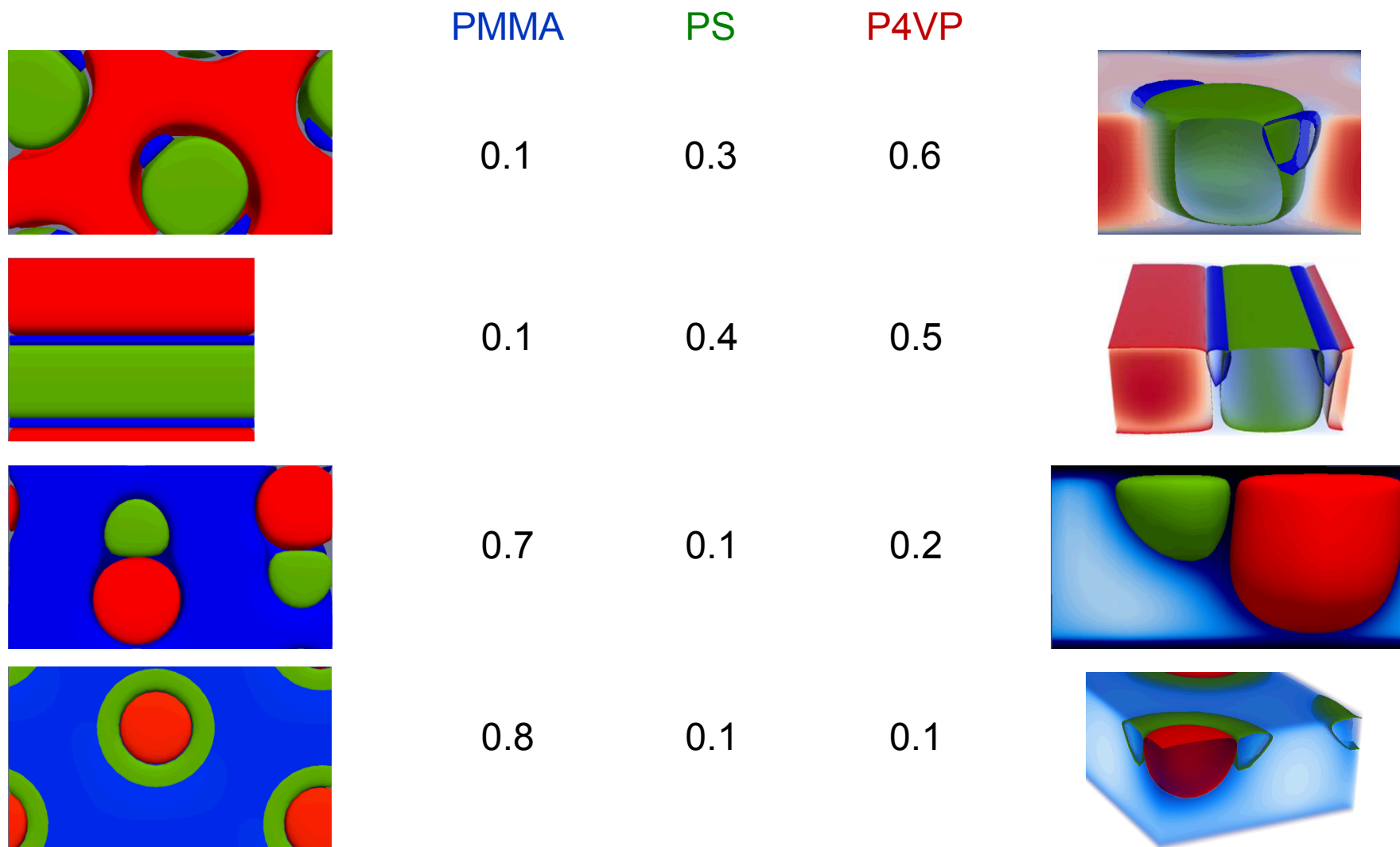
SCFT Simulations of Ternary Brushes



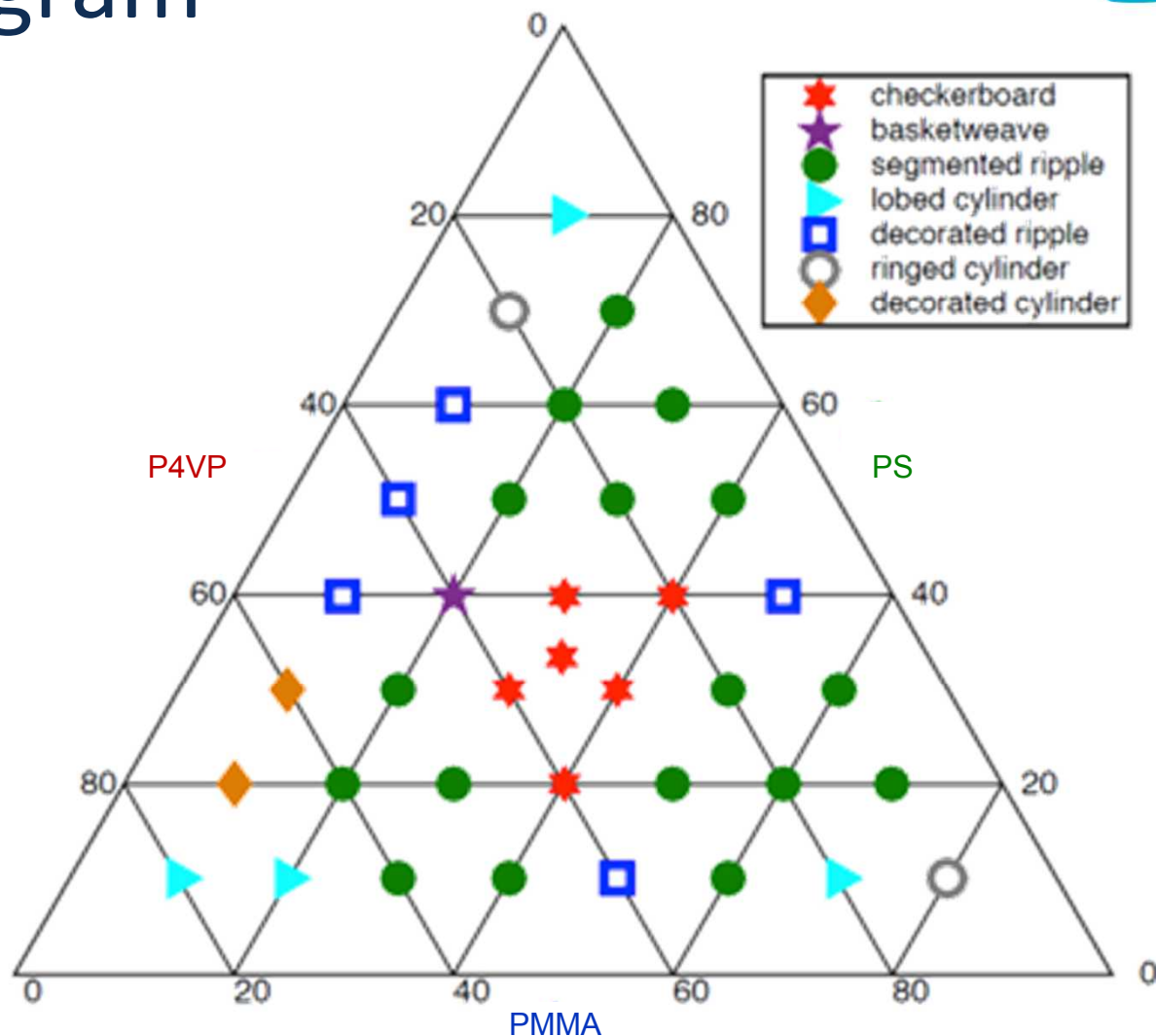
SCFT Simulations of Ternary Brushes



Below the Surface

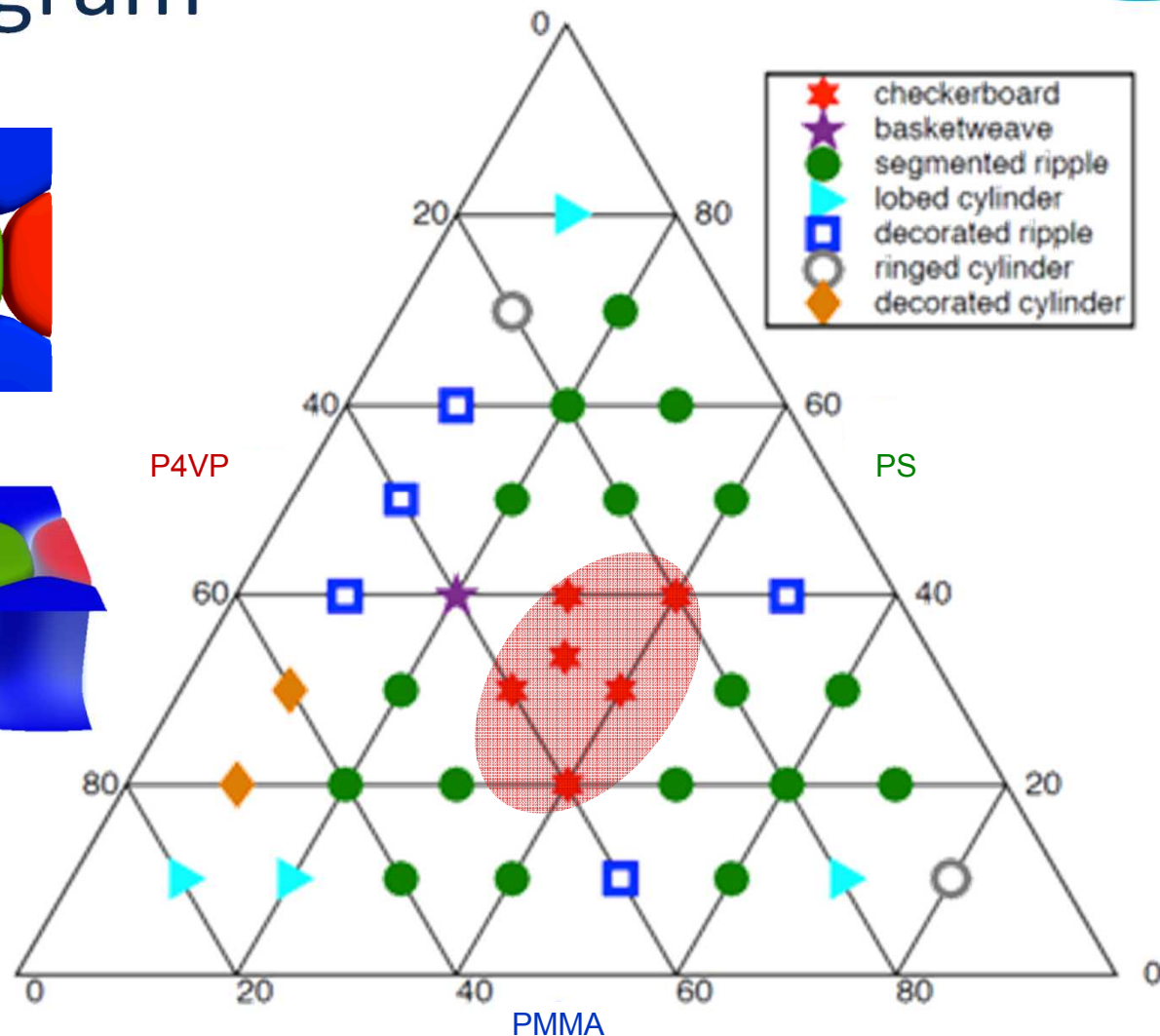
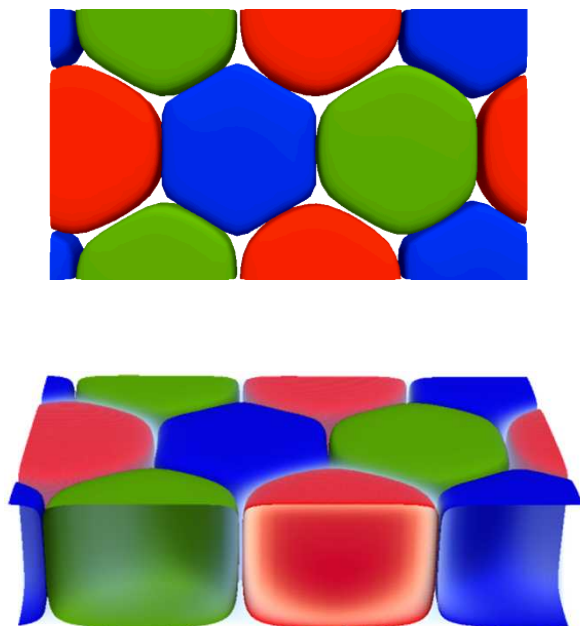


Phase Diagram



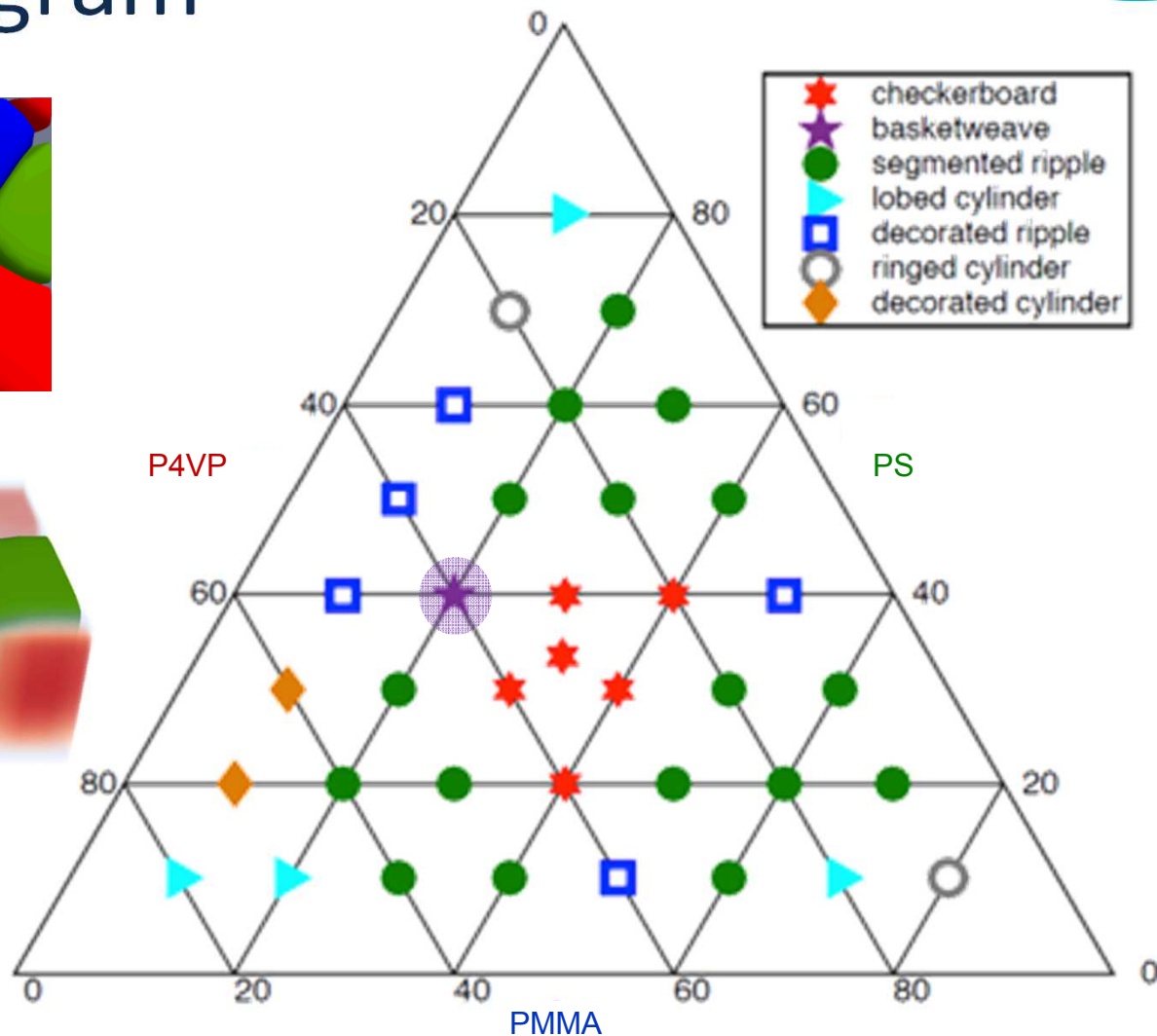
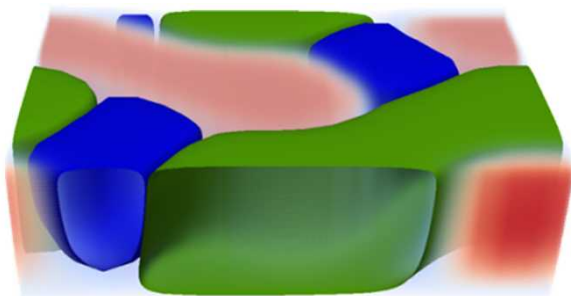
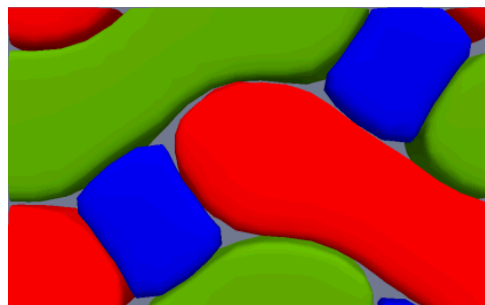
The phase diagram was calculated using SCFT and several phases were observed

Phase Diagram



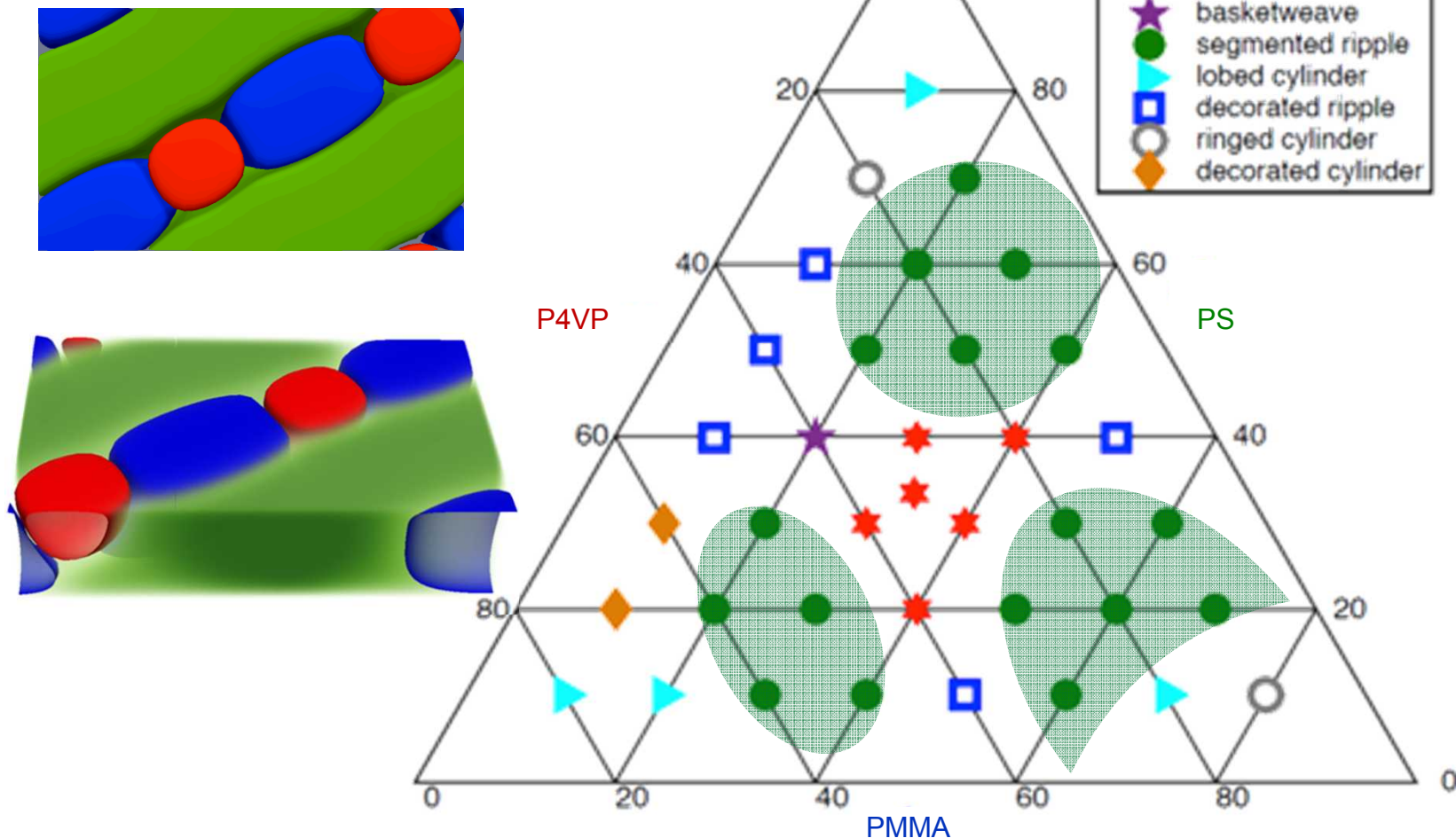
The phase diagram was calculated using SCFT and several phases were observed:

Phase Diagram



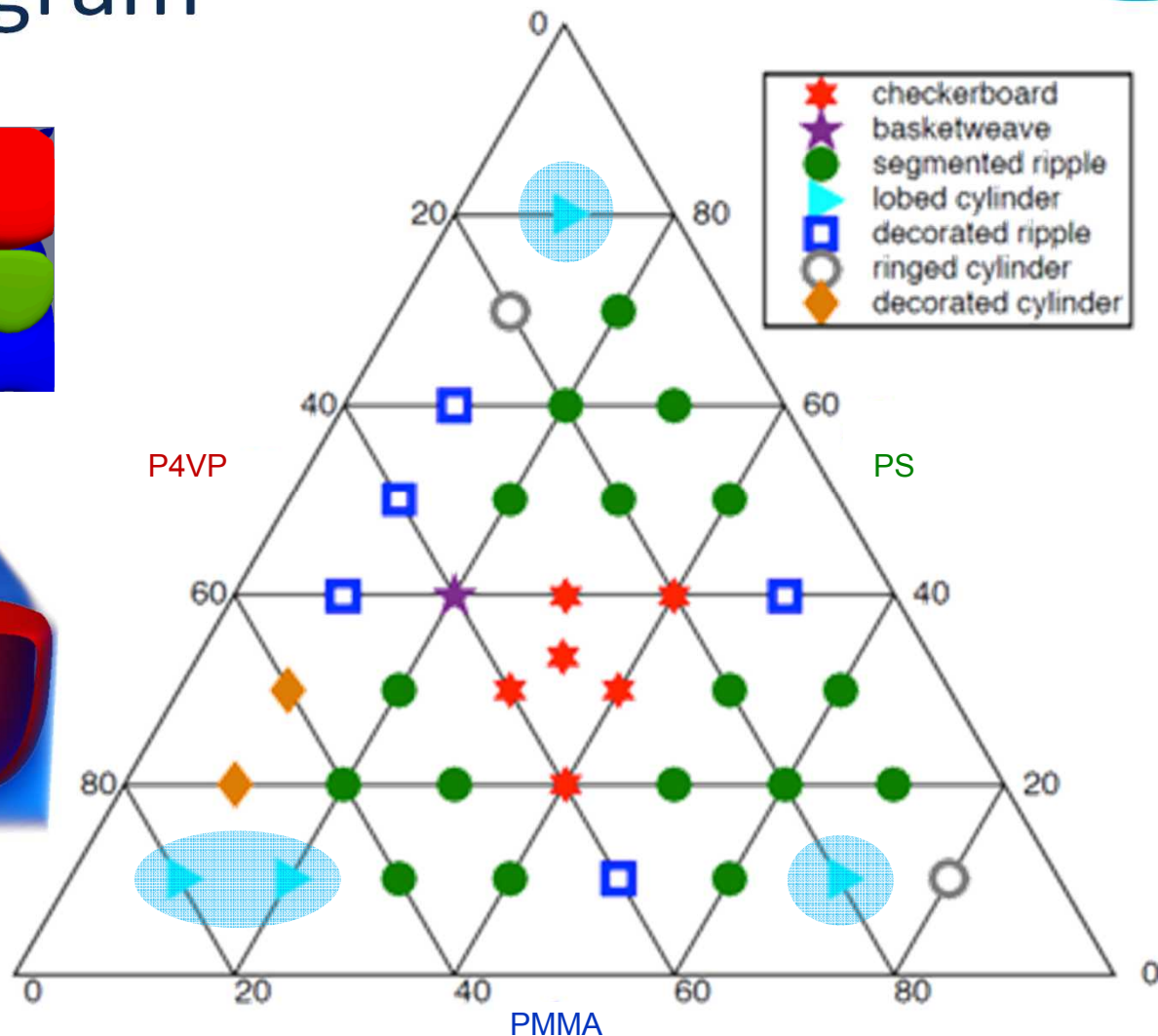
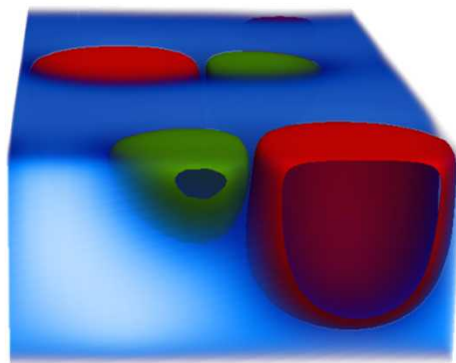
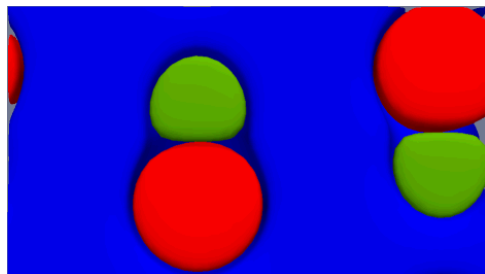
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Phase Diagram



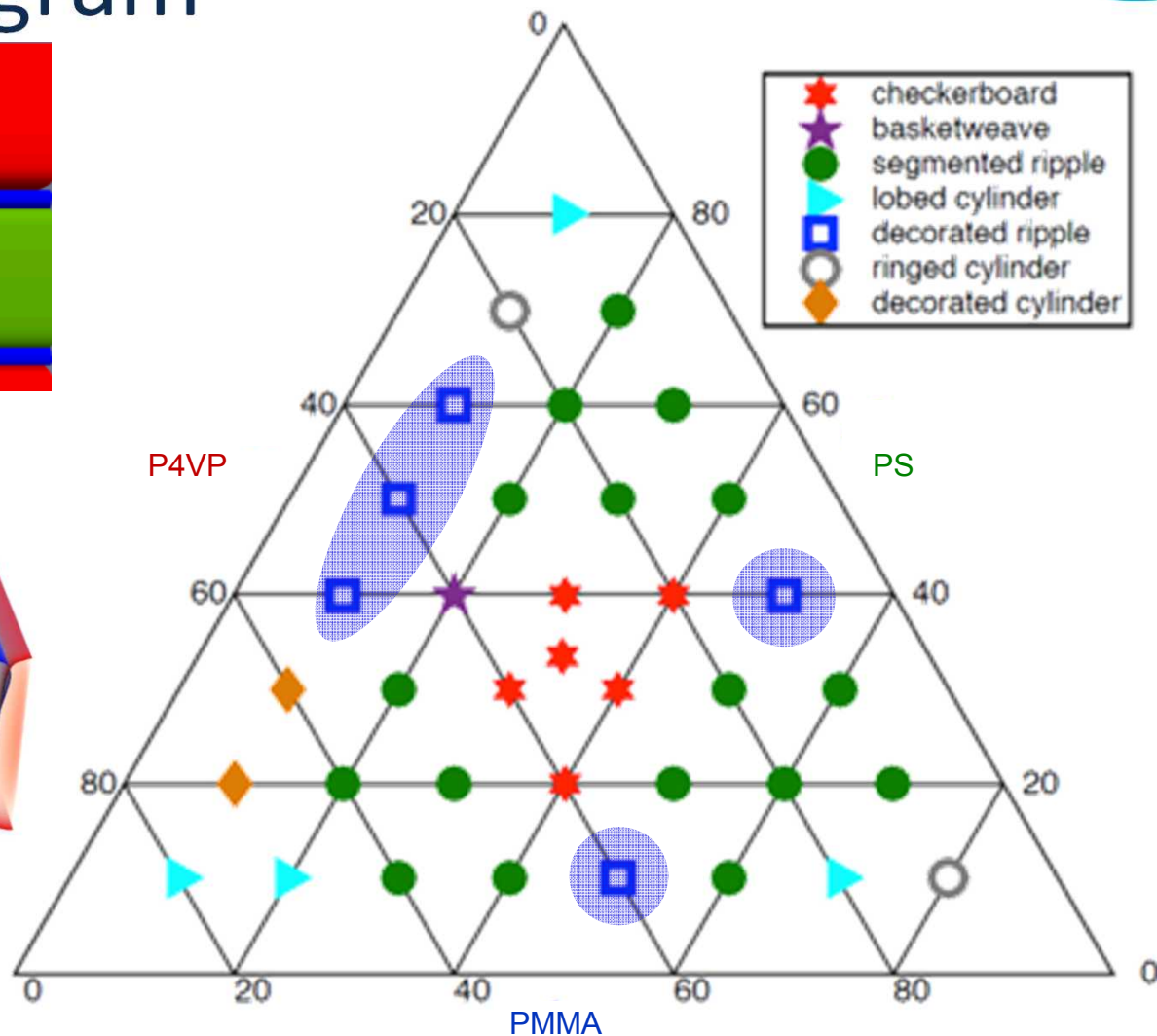
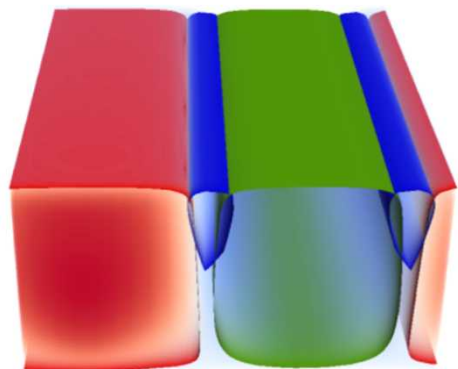
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Phase Diagram



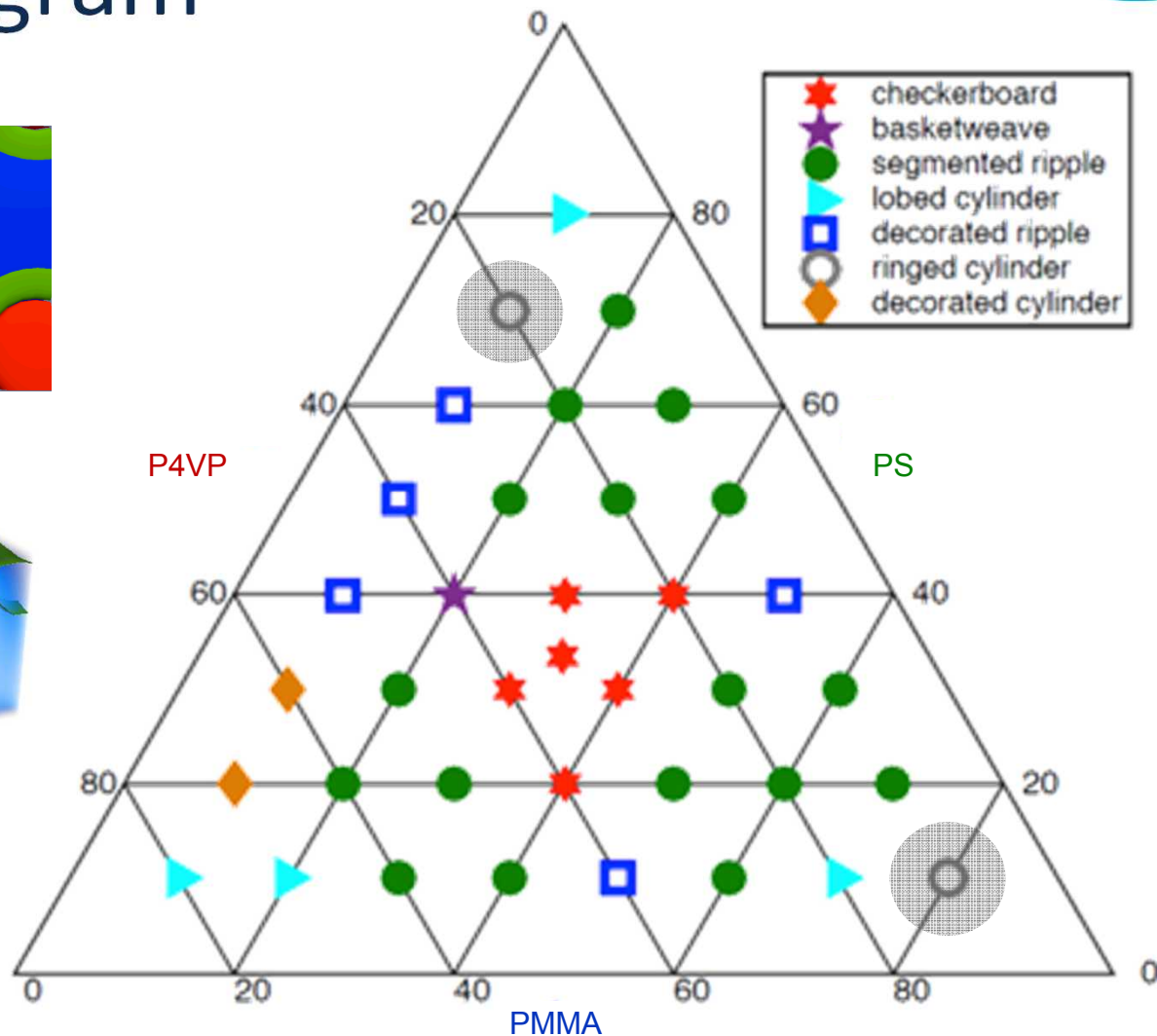
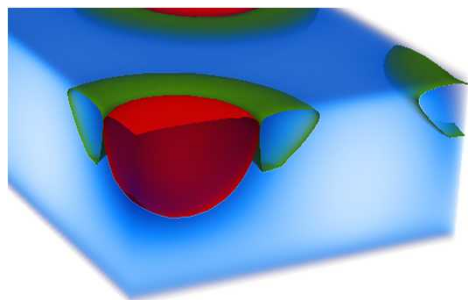
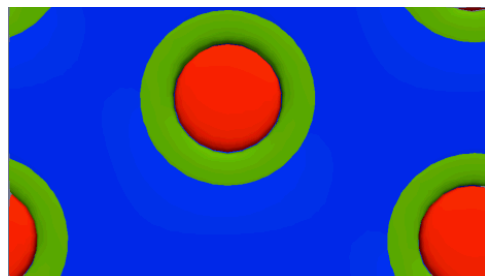
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Phase Diagram



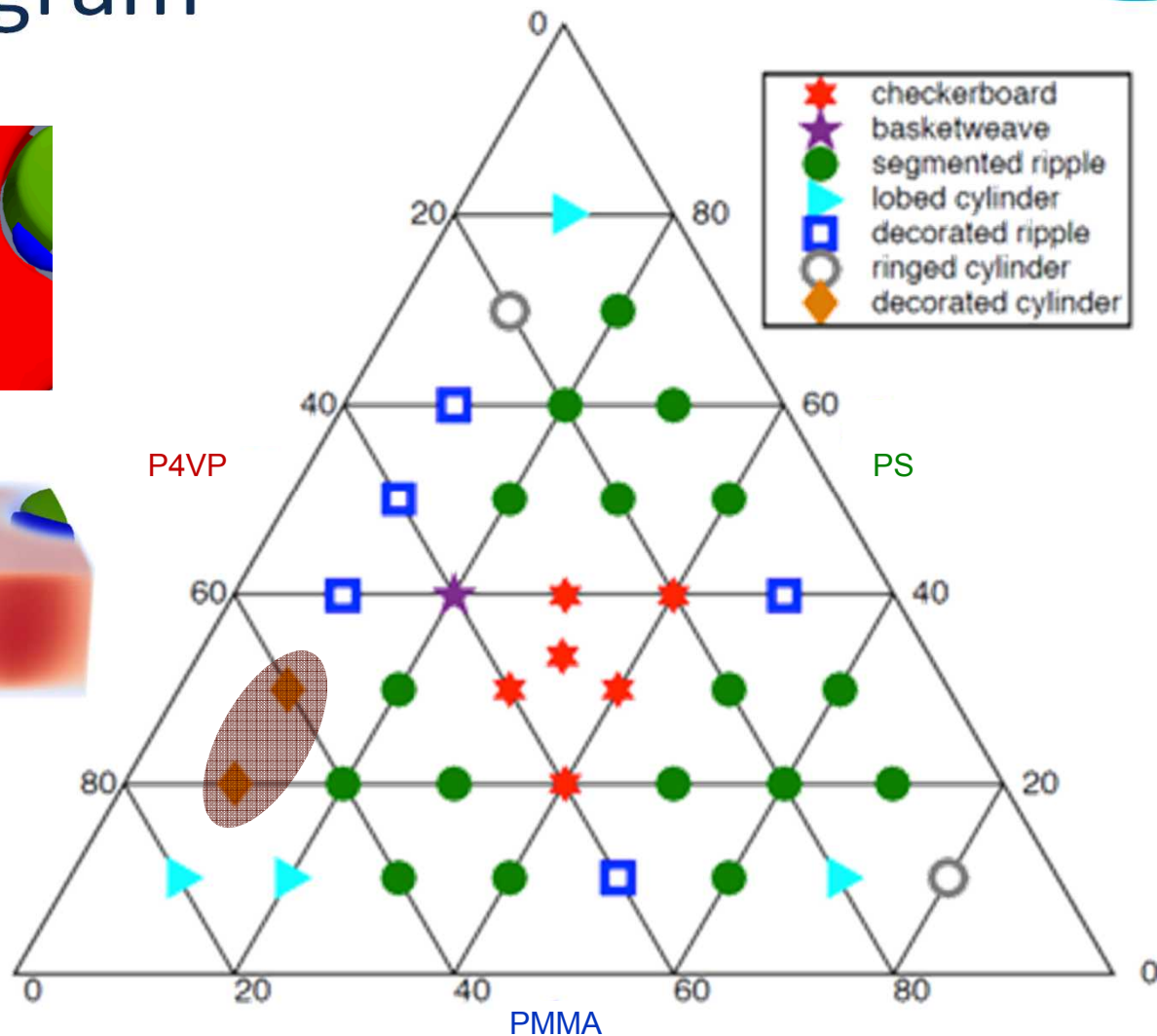
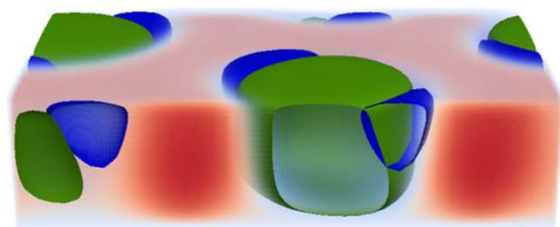
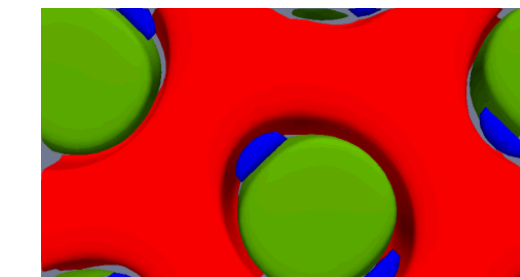
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Phase Diagram



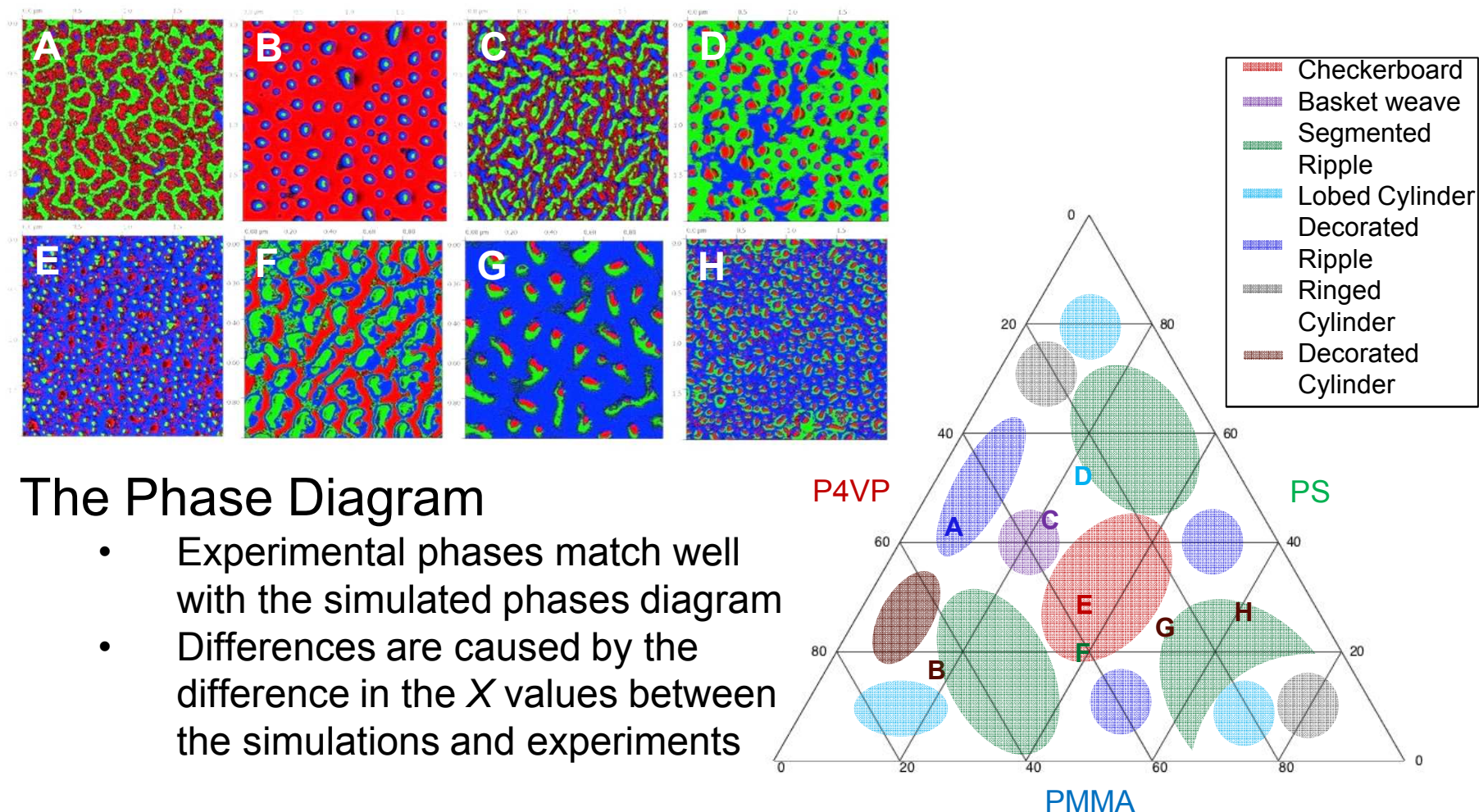
The phase diagram was calculated using SCFT and several phases were observed:

Phase Diagram



The phase diagram was calculated using SCFT and several phases were observed:

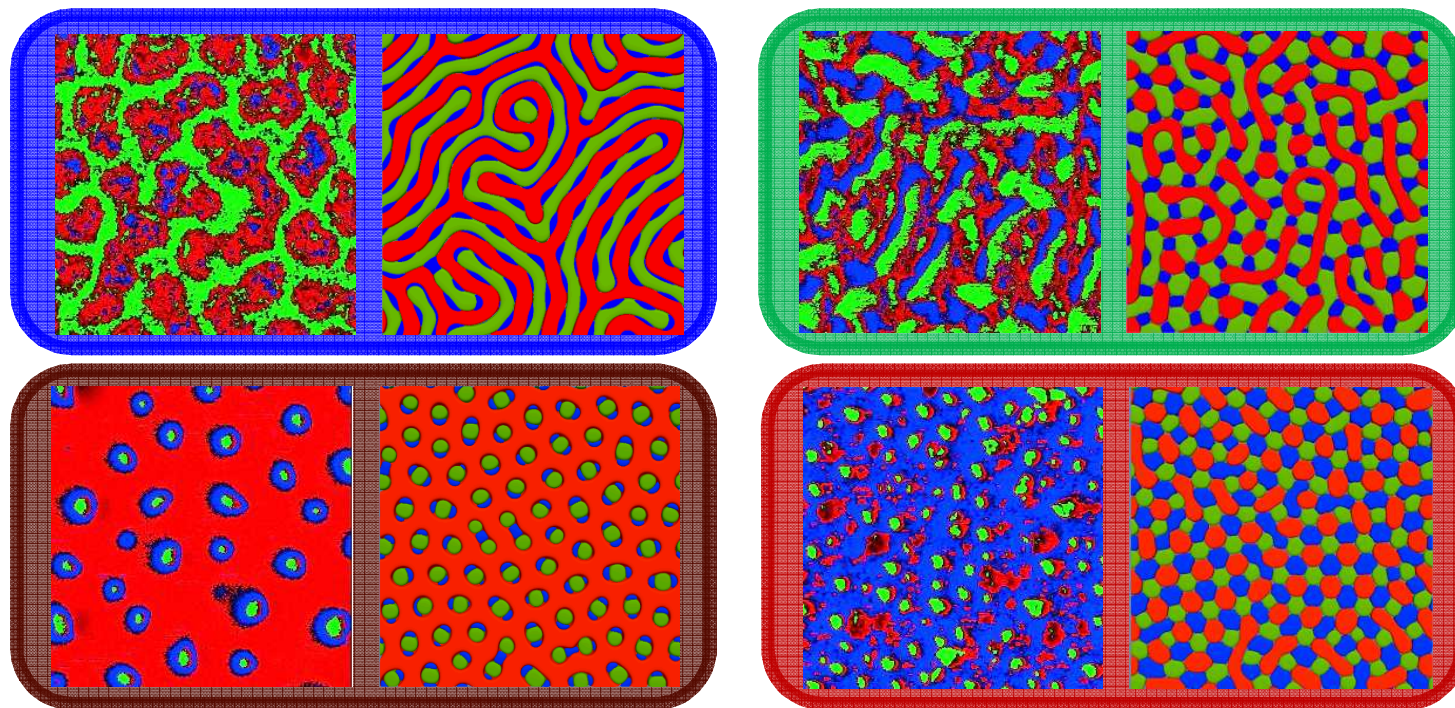
Matching Experiment to Theory



The Phase Diagram

- Experimental phases match well with the simulated phases diagram
- Differences are caused by the difference in the X values between the simulations and experiments

Matching Experiment to Theory

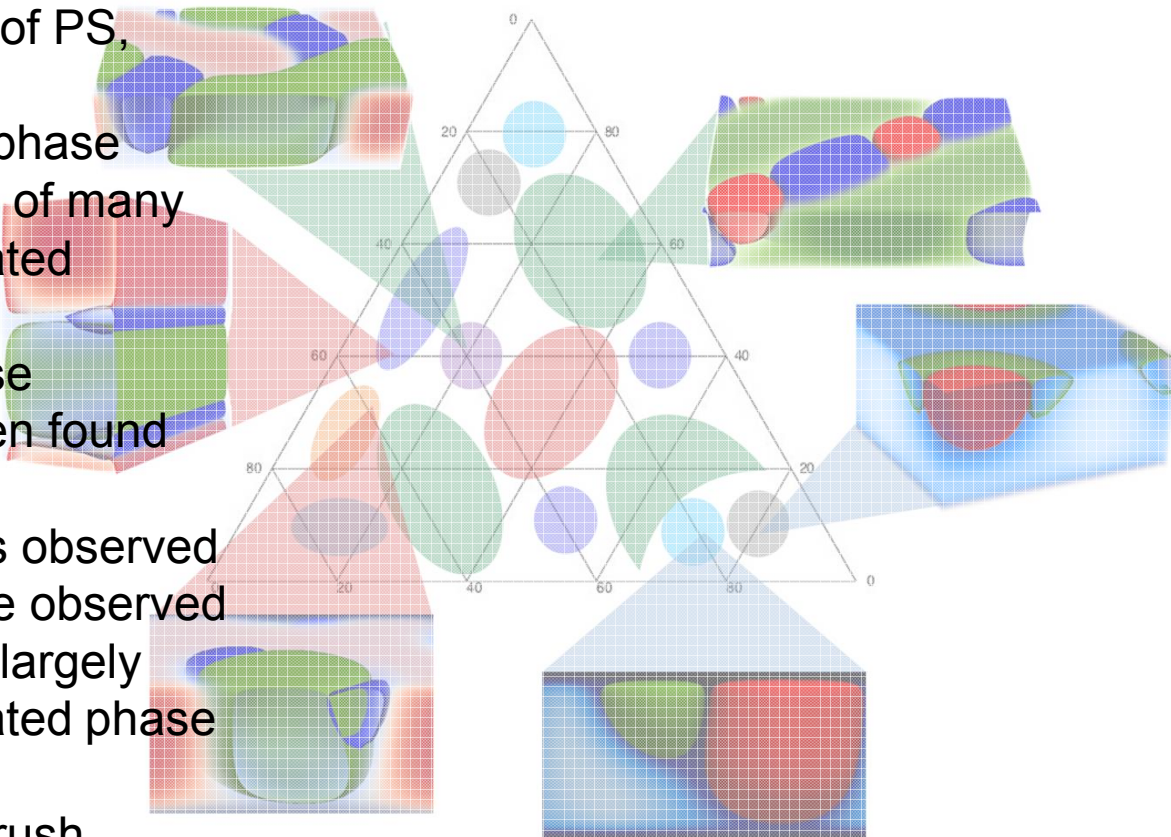


Comparing SCFT to Experiment

- Large scale SCFT simulations match well with experimental results
- The phase areas are determined via SCFT
- The colored match the same color as the phase diagram

Conclusions

- Synthesized ternary polymer brushes consisting of PS, PMMA, and P4VP
- Display a range of phase behavior consisting of many horizontally separated patterns
- Seven distinct phase behaviors have been found using SCFT
- All phase behaviors observed experimentally were observed in simulations, and largely match to the simulated phase diagram
- Work on polymer brush lithography is currently ongoing



Acknowledgments

Dr. Dale Huber

(Postdoc Advisor)

The Huber Group

Collaborator:

Dr. Amalie Frischknecht (CINT)

