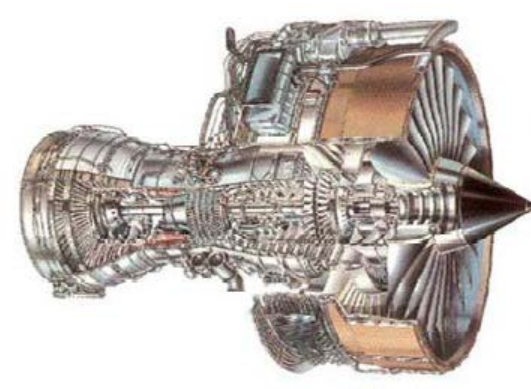
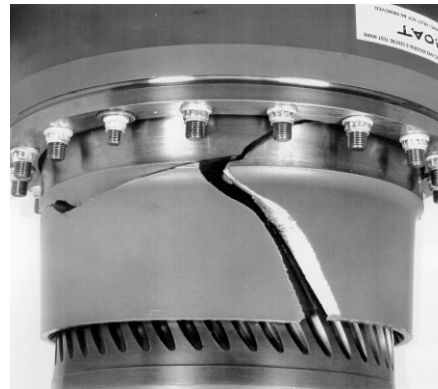
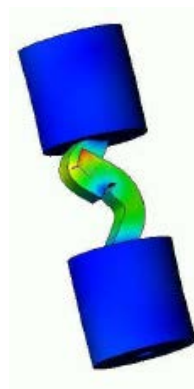
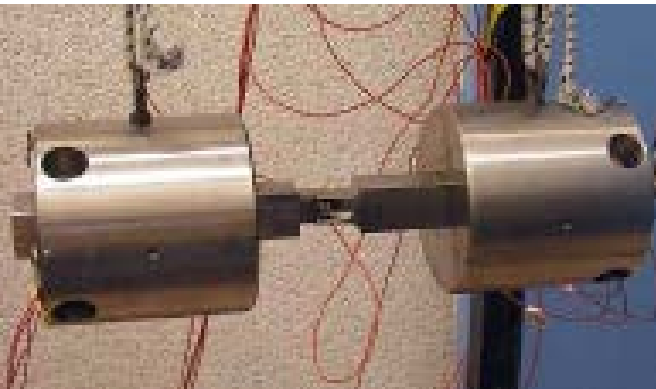


Exceptional service in the national interest



Experimental Determination of Friction Interface Models

Matt Bonney, Brett Robertson, Fabian Schempp

Marc Mignolet, Matt Brake

Outline

- Motivation
 - Possible Joint Models
 - Impact Hammer Setup
 - Impact Hammer Results
 - Interface Profile Test
 - Joint Model Parameter Estimation
 - Plasticity Effects
 - Conclusions and Remarks
-

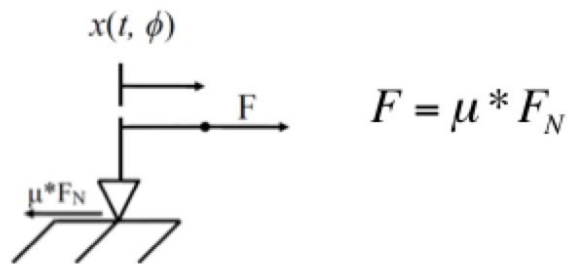
Motivation

- Joints are everywhere
- Current research focuses on a single joint in modeling and analysis
 - Most only valid in micro-slip region
- Desire to test for joint nonlinearity *in vitro*
 - Test desired system as is to best represent how system will act in real operation
- Quantify uncertainty in selected nonlinear joint model
- How does the surface roughness affect the joint model and uncertainty?

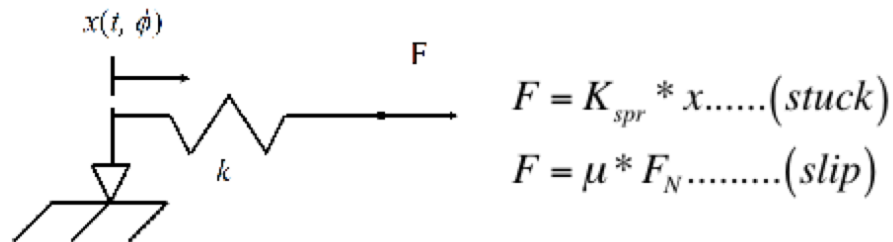
Joint Models

3 Different Joint Models

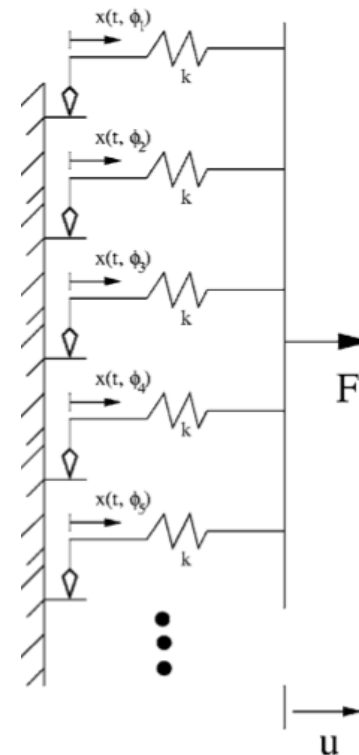
- Coulomb Friction



- Jenkin Elements

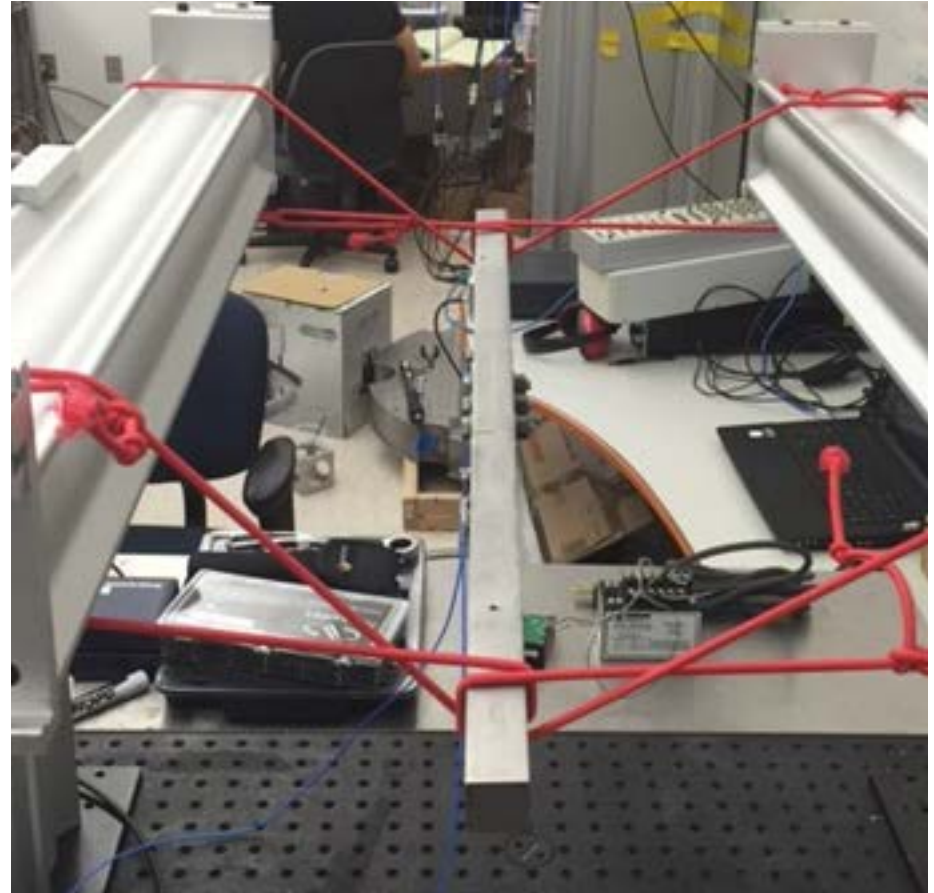


- Modal Iwan



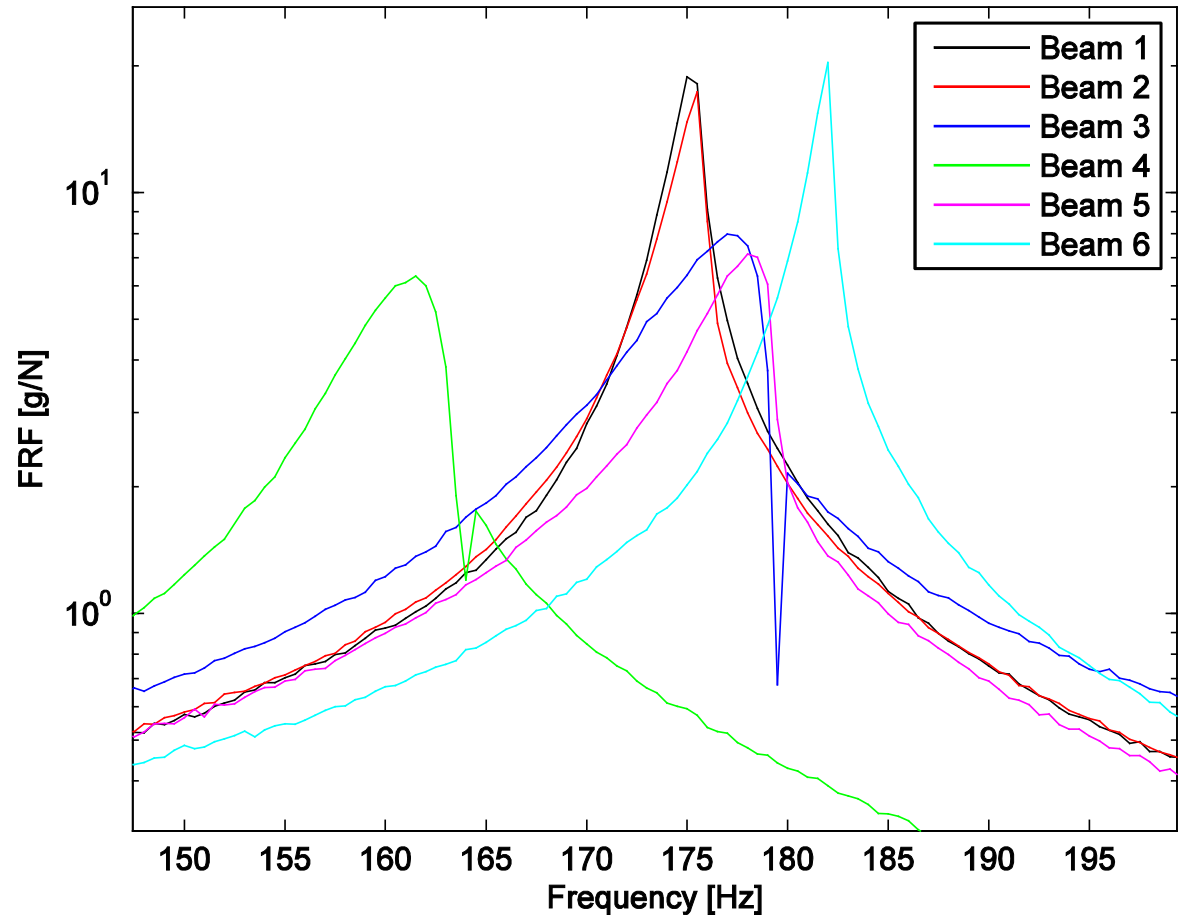
Impact Test Setup

- Brake-Reuss beam
 - 3 Bolts
 - Varied Torque
 - 3 Surface conditions
- 2 tri-axial Accelerometers
- Low sensitivity impact hammer
 - Force levels up to 8 KN



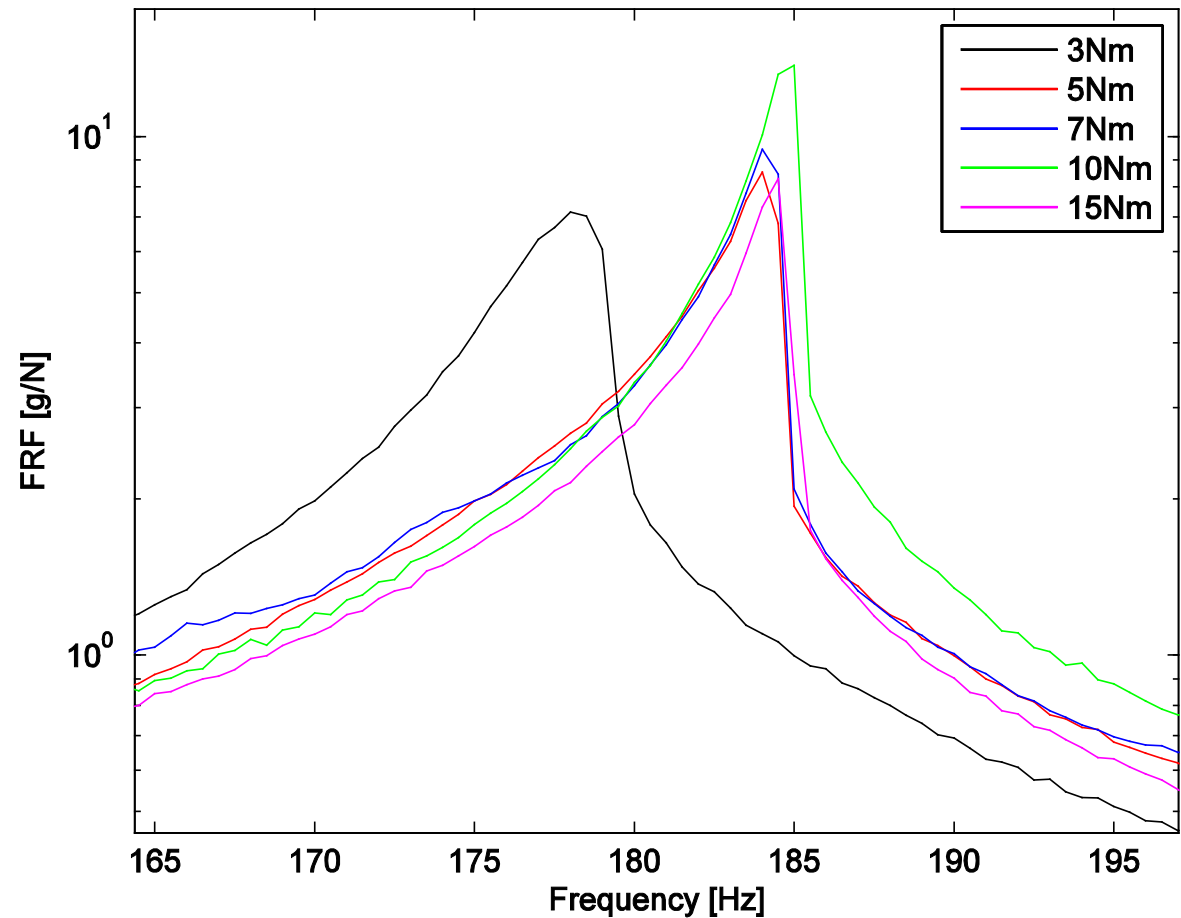
Impact Test Results

- Linear Range
- 3 Nm Bolt torque
- Fundamental frequency
 - 1st Bending
- Beam 1,2 have smoothest interface
- Beam 5,6 have roughest interface
- Anomaly in beam 4
 - Discussed later but believed to be due to plasticity



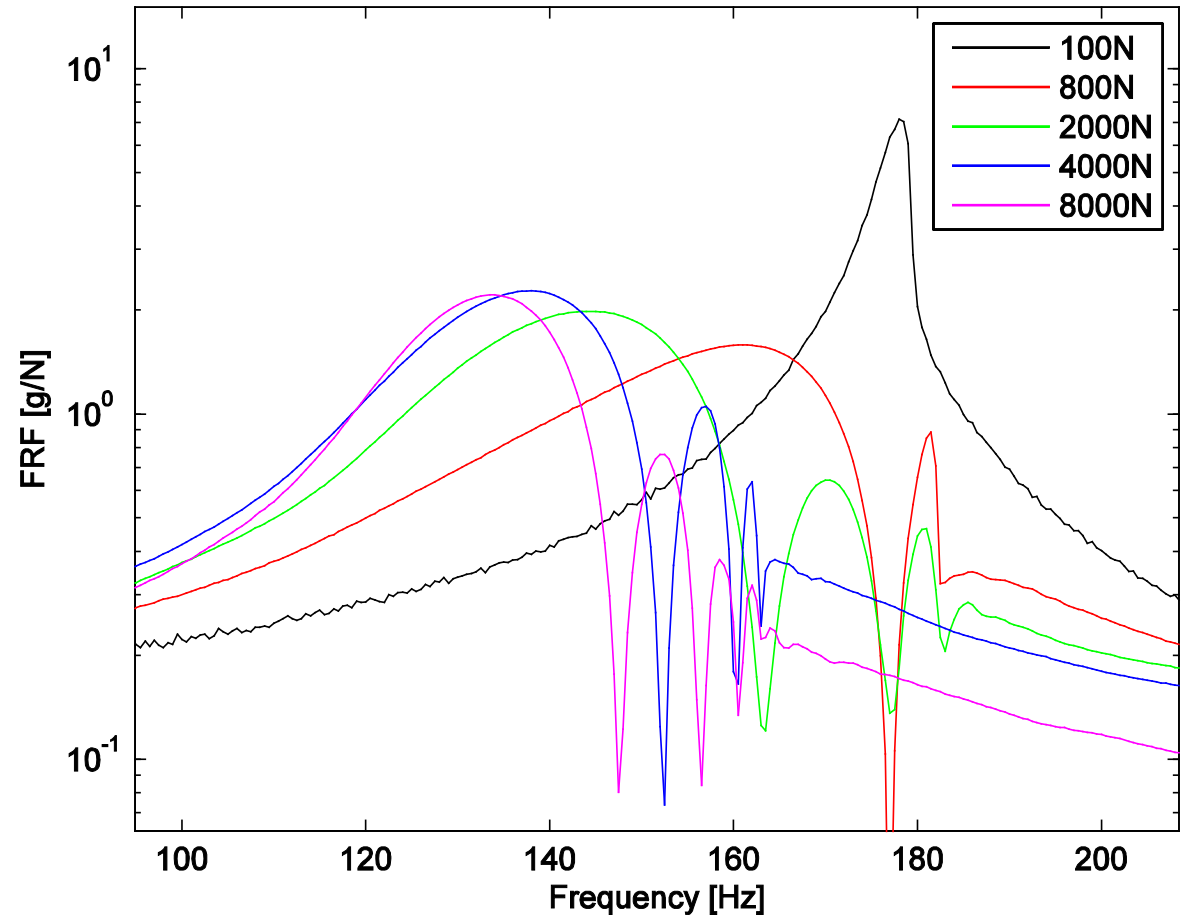
Impact Test Results Cont.

- Linear Range
- Beam 5
- Fundamental frequency
 - 1st Bending

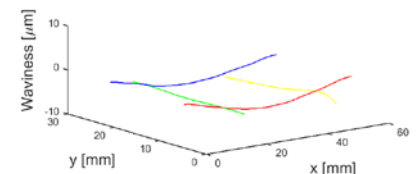
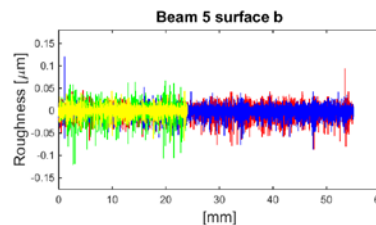
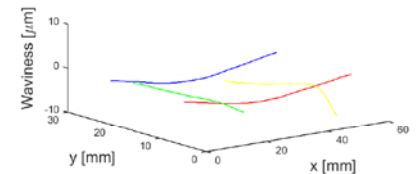
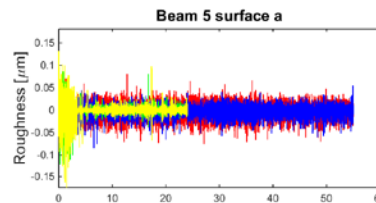
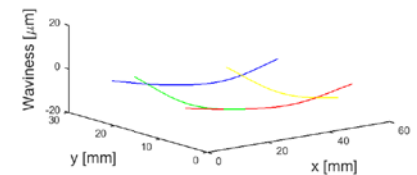
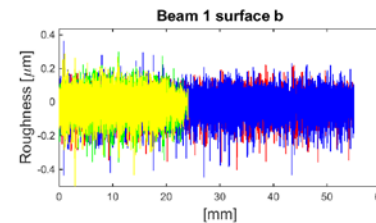
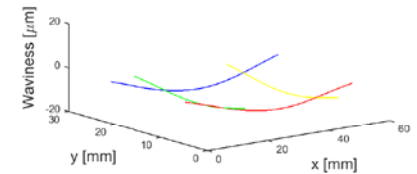
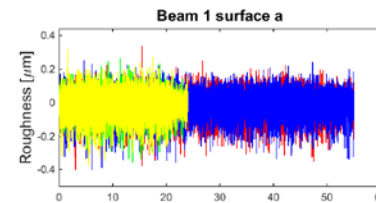
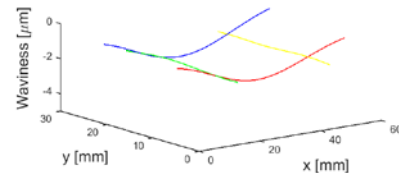
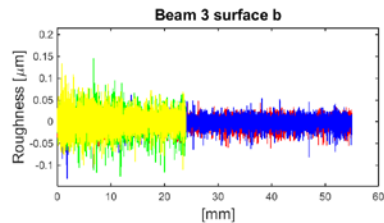
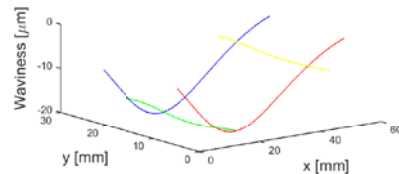
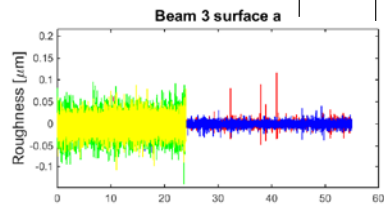
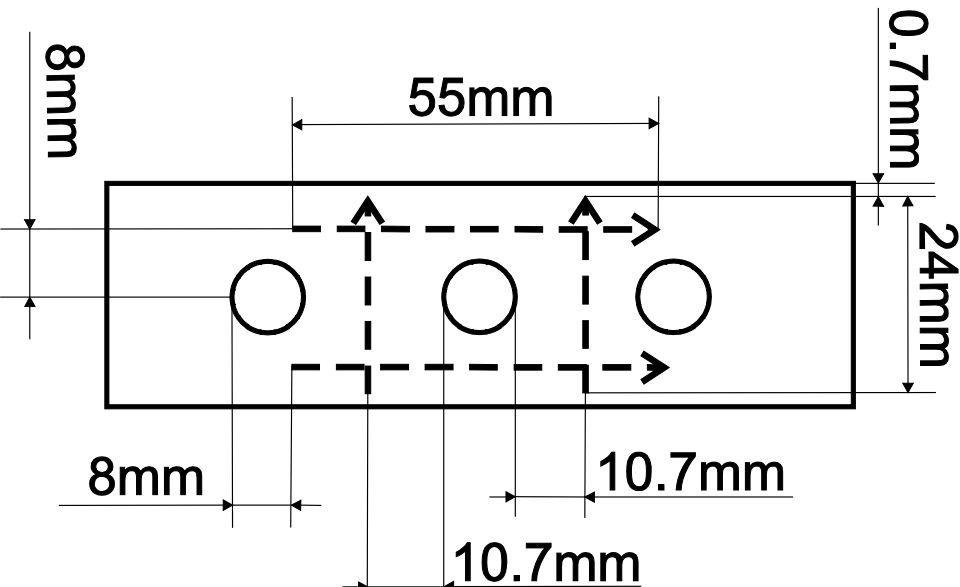


Impact Test Results Cont.

- 3 Nm Bolt torque
- Beam 5
- Fundamental frequency
 - 1st Bending

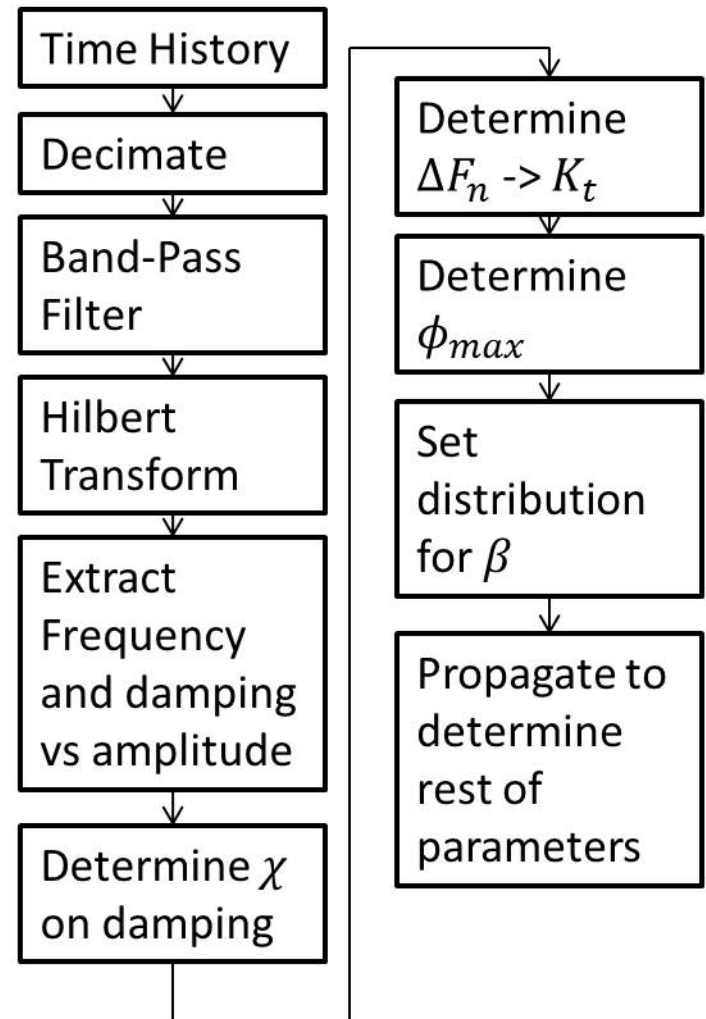


Interface Profile Measuring

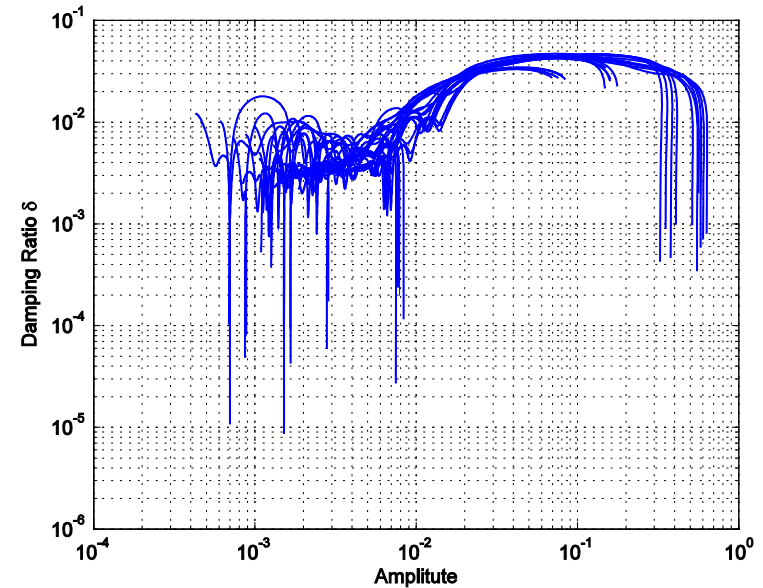
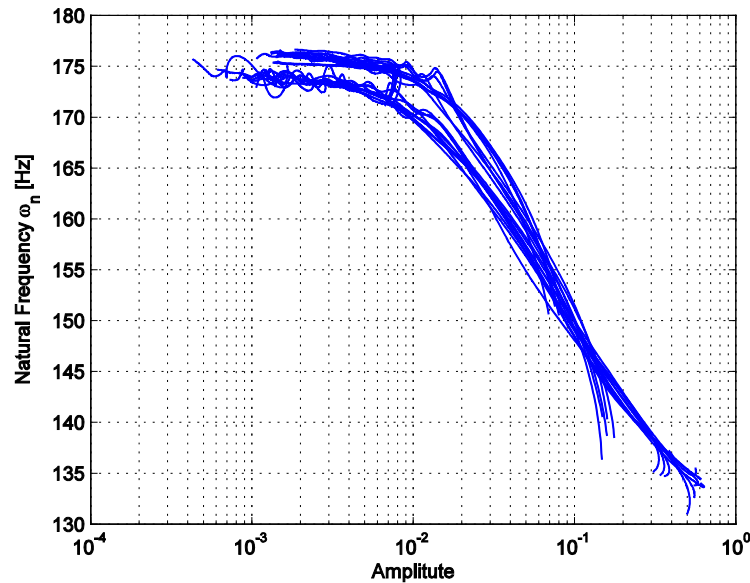


Joint Parameter Estimation

- Use modal Iwan for preliminary analysis
- Able to calculate some physical and some mathematical parameters
- Assume distributions that fit data
 - $\chi \sim \text{Modified Beta}$
 - $K_t \sim \text{Exponential}$
 - $\phi_{max} \sim \text{Gamma}$
 - $\beta \sim \text{Gamma}$

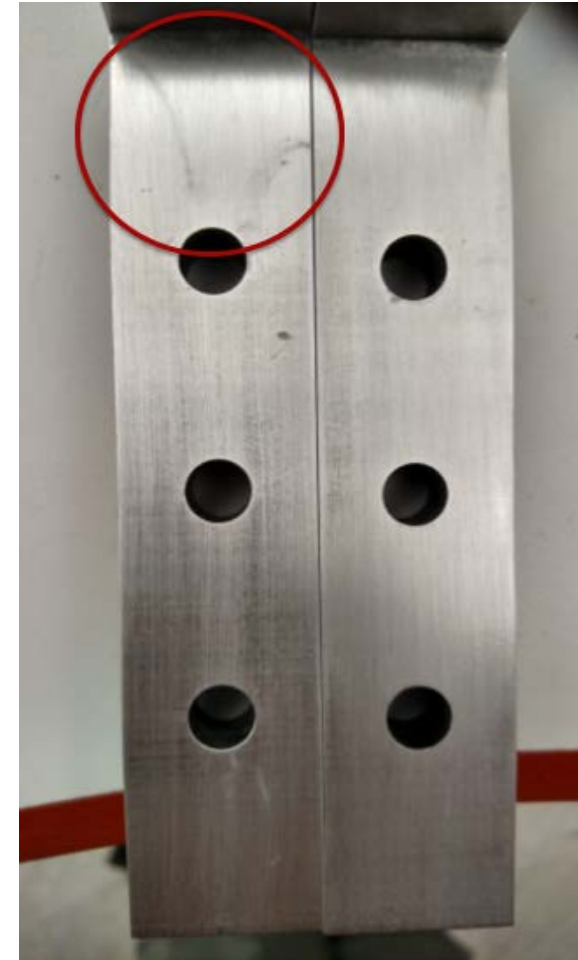
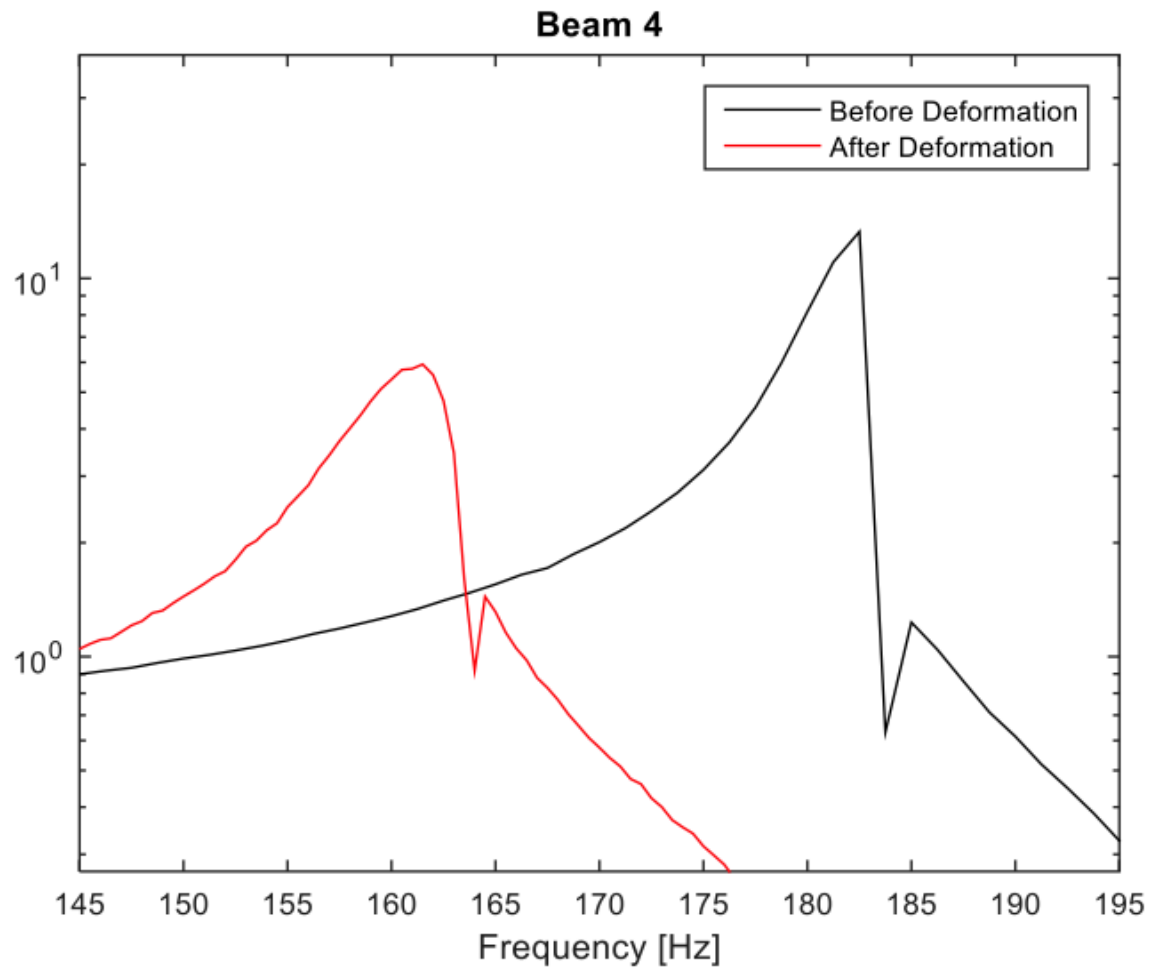


Joint Parameter Estimation Cont.

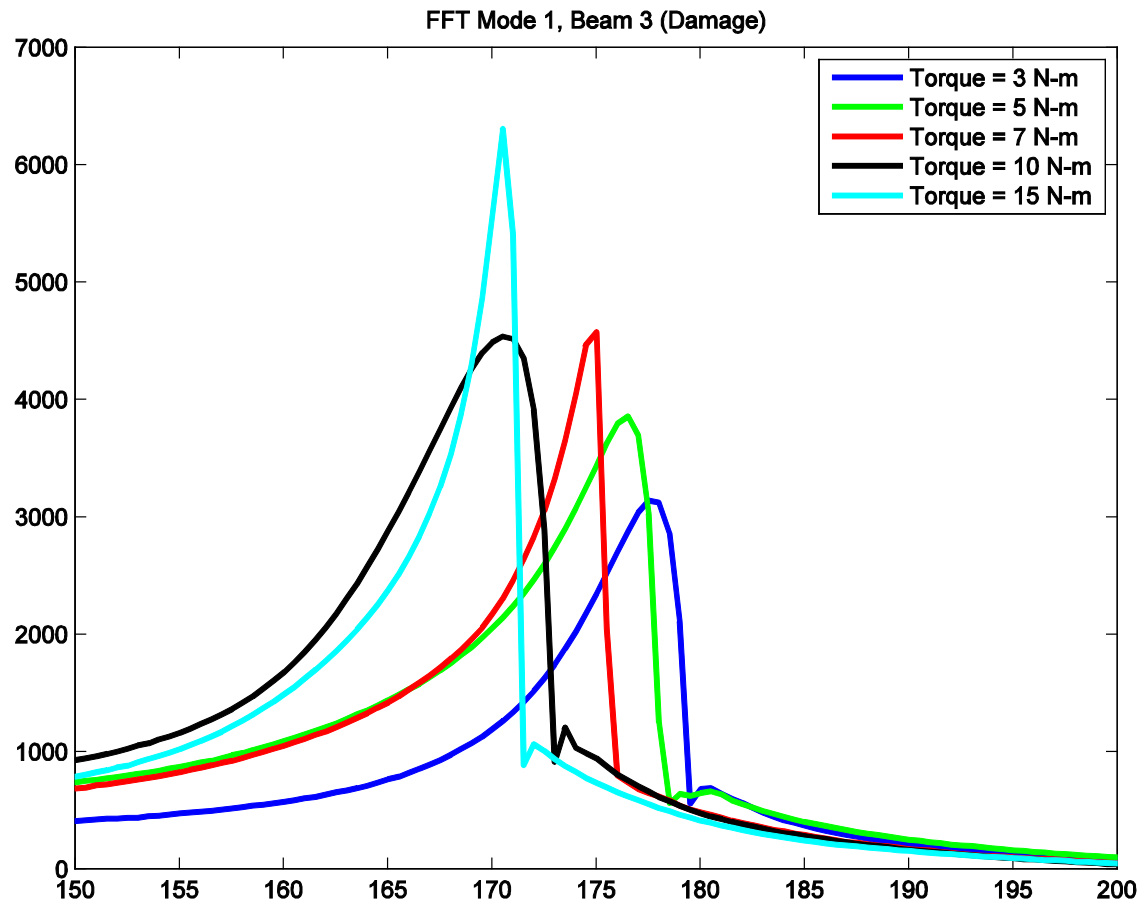


| <i>Parameter</i> | <i>3Nm torque</i> | | <i>5Nm torque</i> | |
|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | <i>Mean</i> | <i>Standard Deviation</i> | <i>Mean</i> | <i>Standard Deviation</i> |
| ϕ_{max} | $1.68 * 10^{-4}$ | $1.955 * 10^{-5}$ | $1.62 * 10^{-4}$ | $1.01 * 10^{-5}$ |
| K_T | $4.47 * 10^5$ | \sim | $6.048 * 10^5$ | \sim |
| χ | -0.179 | .0044 | -0.480 | 0.062 |
| F_s | 54.5 | 6.42 | 65.8 | 4.60 |

Plasticity Effects



Plasticity Effects Cont.



Conclusions

- Large data set was collected for Brake-Reuss beam
 - 6 beams
 - 3 surface conditions
 - 5 torque values
 - Forcing level up to 8000 N
- Data is available upon request
- Tested surface roughness to verify manufacturing
- Preliminary modal Iwan parameter estimation
- Our macro-slip hits can cause some plasticity affects in beam

Special Thanks

- Advisors
 - Marc Mignolet
 - Matt Brake
 - Matt Allen
- NOMAD Institute
- Sandia National Labs

Questions?

