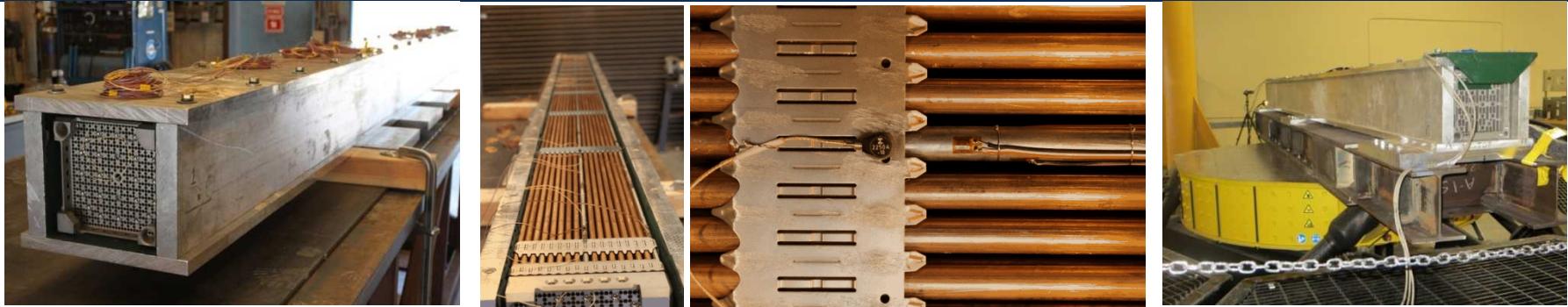


*Exceptional service in the national interest*



## PWR Assembly Tests Simulating Normal Conditions of Transport

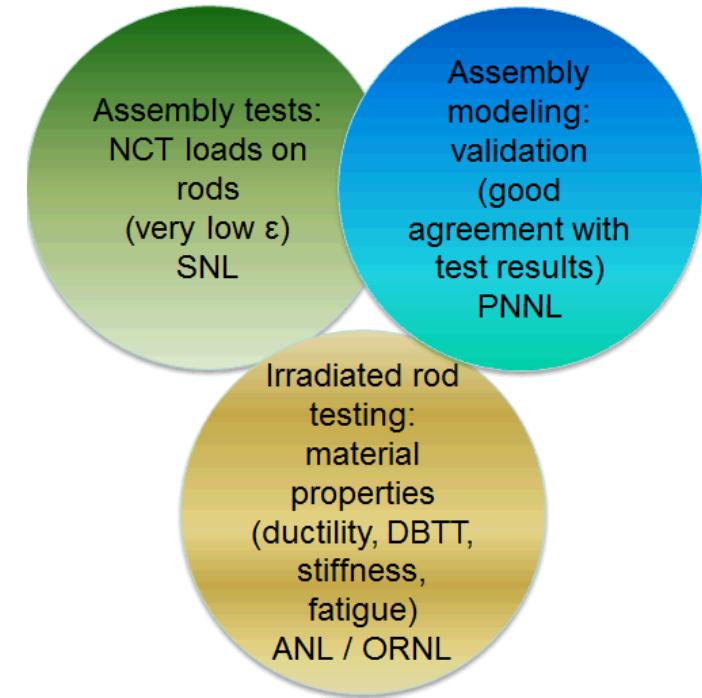
*Institute for Transuranium Elements (ITU)/Sandia National Labs Collaboration Meeting*

*2-3 November 2015*

*Sylvia Saltzstein, Paul McConnell, Ken Sorenson*

# Rationale for Fuel Assembly Testing

- NRC, DOE, and industry concerns regarding transportation of high burnup UNF: Possible failure of rods during Normal Transport
- Until now, there was no data on the strains imposed on UNF *rods* during Normal Conditions of Transport
- The assembly tests compliment UFD-funded material property tests of high burnup Zircaloy at ANL and ORNL



# Three Series of Tests were Conducted Using a PWR Assembly

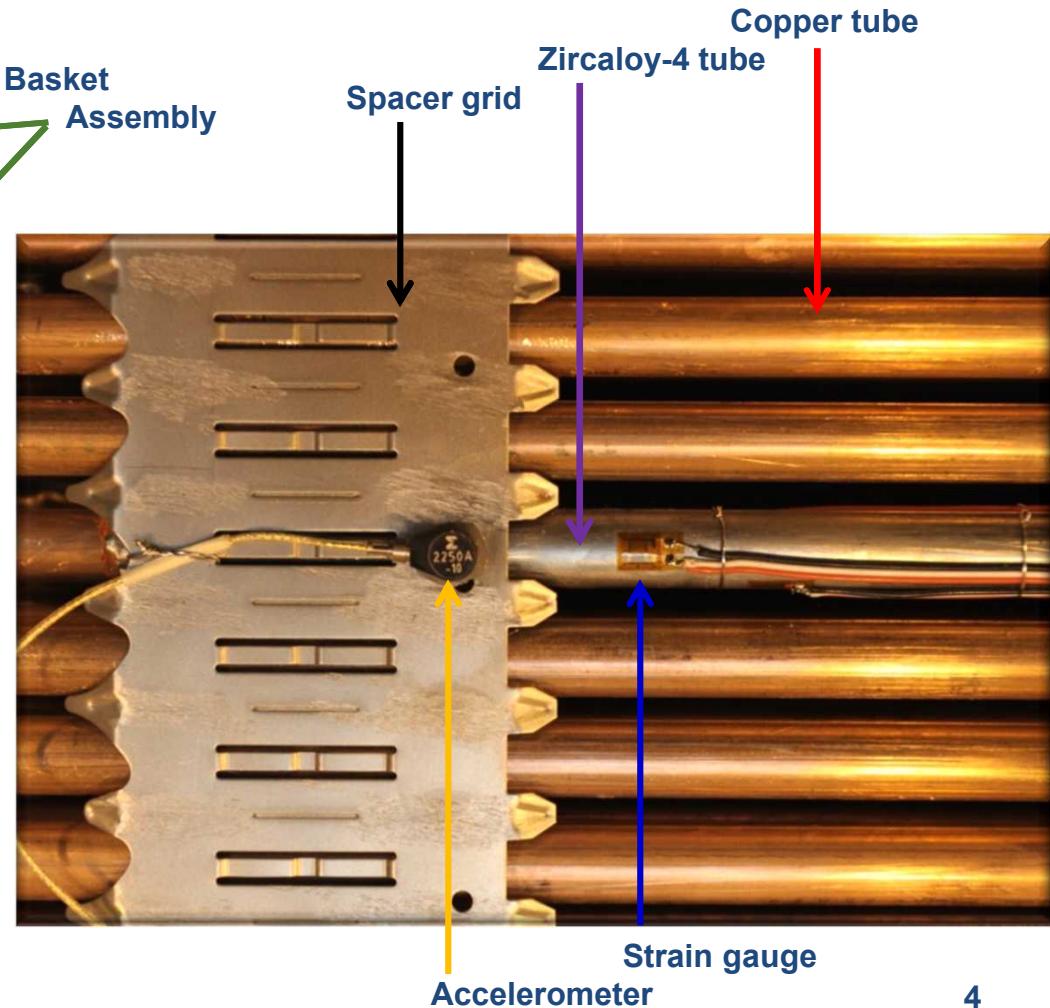
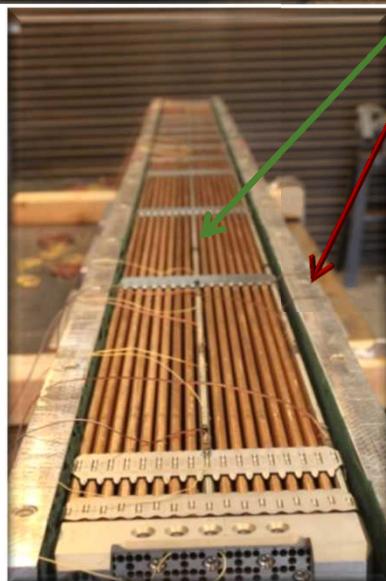
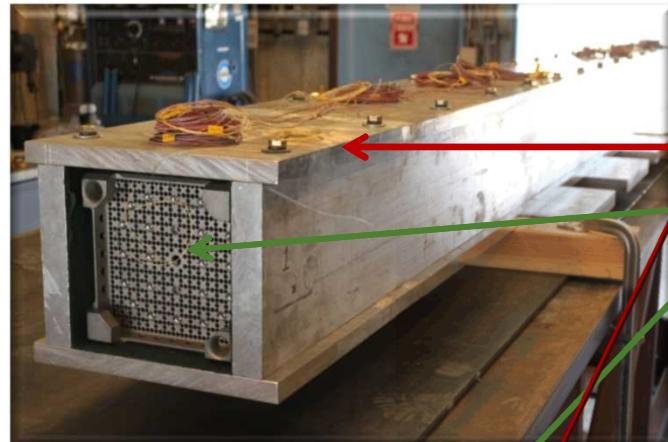
1. Tests on a SNL shaker
  - Vertical accelerations only
  - Truck NCT simulations
2. Over-the-road truck test
3. Test on commercial seismic shaker
  - 6-degrees of motion
  - Rail and truck NCT simulations



Inputs to the shakers simulated Normal Conditions of Truck and Rail Transport (vibrations and shocks).

- Zircaloy-4 rods on the PWR assembly were instrumented with strain gauges and accelerometers.

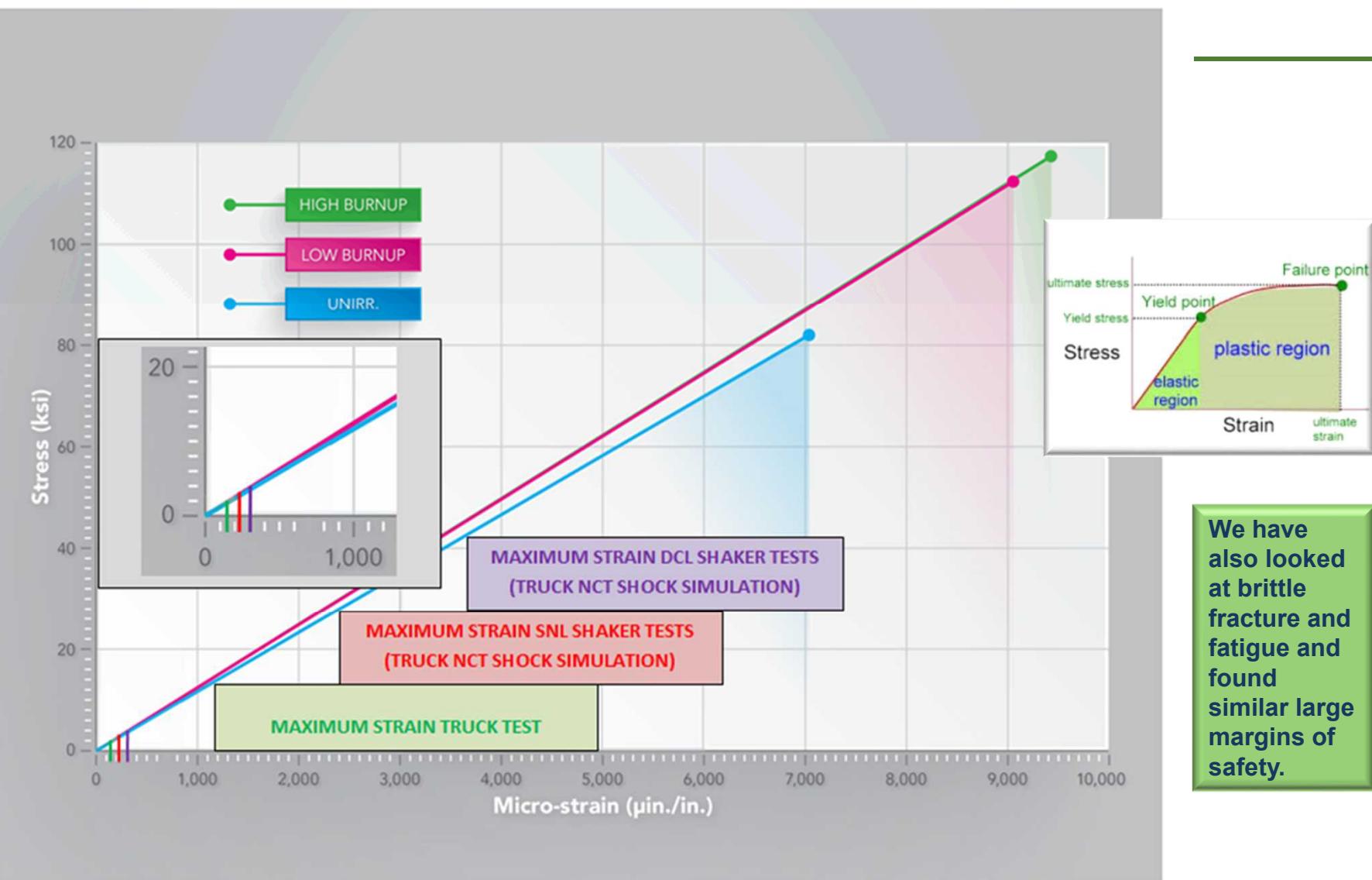
# PWR Assembly/Basket Test Unit



# Maximum strains measured in all three test series were extremely low

Strain Gauge / Surrogate UO <sub>2</sub> Material within Zircaloy-4 Tube	Rod Location within Assembly (Axial Location on Assembly: Adjacent to First Spacer Grid, Middle Span) Same Axial Location for all Strain Gauges	Sandia Shaker Truck Shock Test Maximum Micro-Strain ( $\mu$ in./in.)	Truck Test Maximum Micro-Strain ( $\mu$ in./in.)	DCL Shaker Truck Shock Test Maximum Micro-Strain ( $\mu$ in./in.)
S3 - 0° Pb “rope”	Middle Rod		143	
TMR-G-S5-0° Pb “rope”	Middle Rod	119		
S3 - 0° Pb pellets	Right-edge Rod			160
S7 - 0° Mo pellets	Middle Rod			214
S8 - 0° Pb “rope”	Left-edge Rod			301

# How low were the strains?



# Shaker Test Video Simulating NCT Rail Shock



# Shaker Test Video Simulating Rail Coupling



Shock **not** a Normal Condition of Transport Simulation



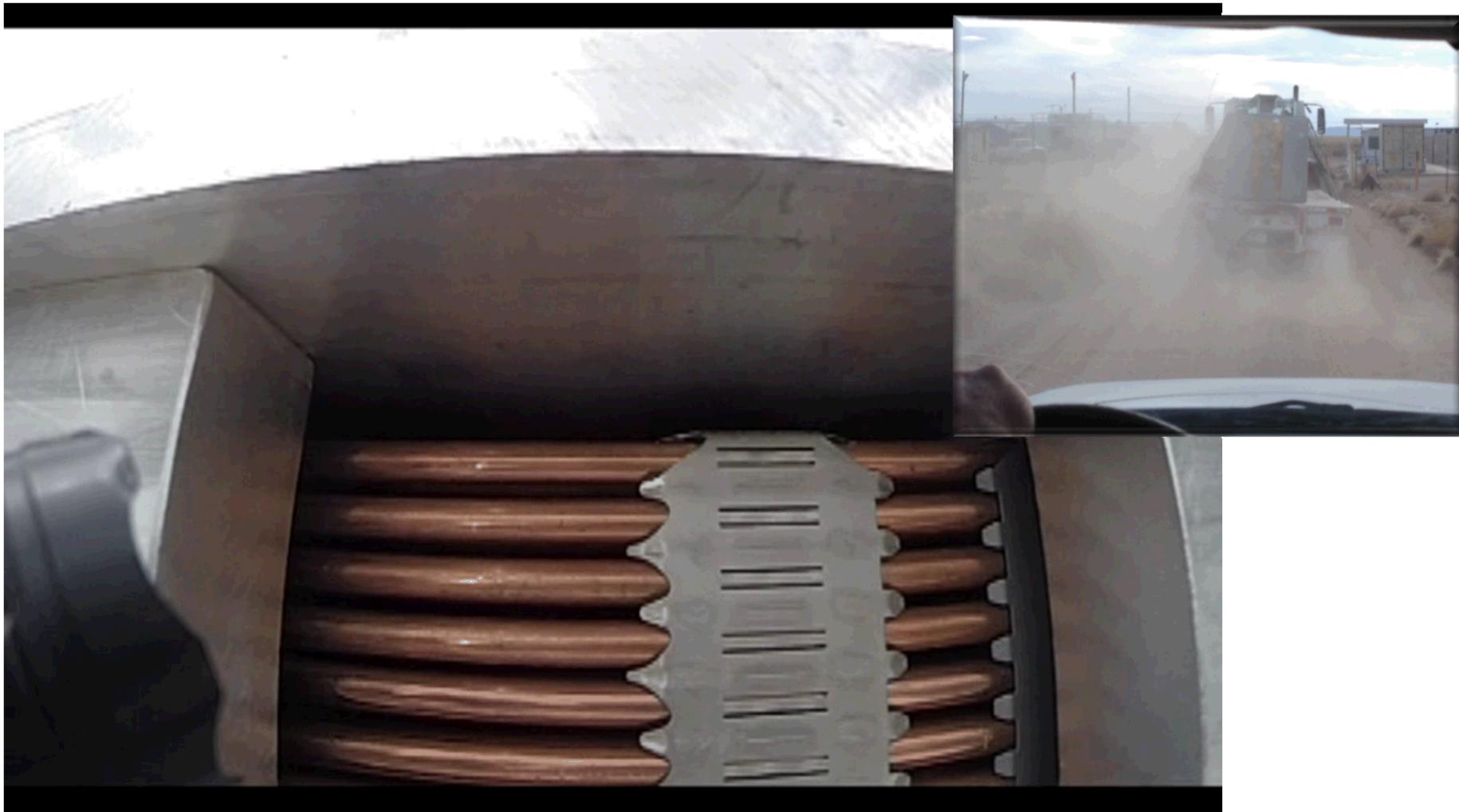
# Rail Coupling Shock Shaker Test, GoPro® Side View of Rods (NOT NCT)



# Test Unit on Trailer for Over-the-Road Test



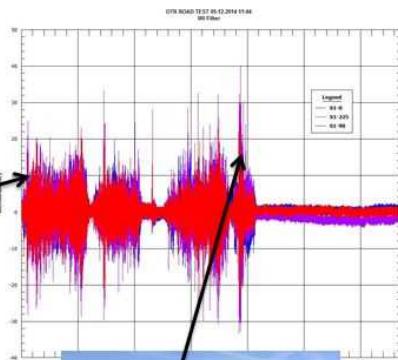
# Video of Assembly during the Truck Test Rough Asphalt and Dirt Road



# Strain data from over-the-road Truck Test



Pennsylvania St. bridge

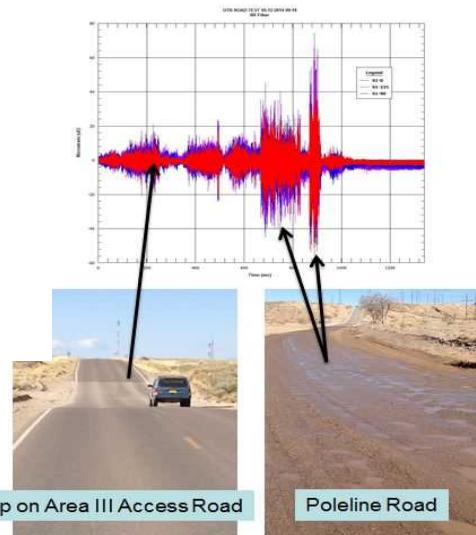


speeding to Building 6922



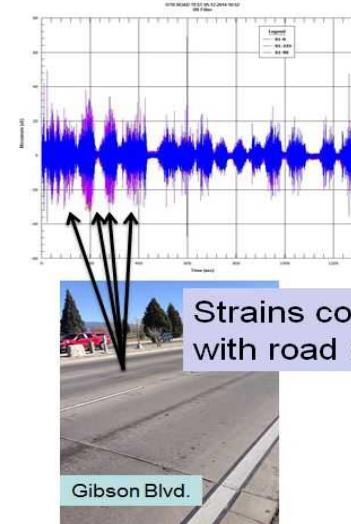
8-inch rut

- Very low strains
- Strains correlated with road features



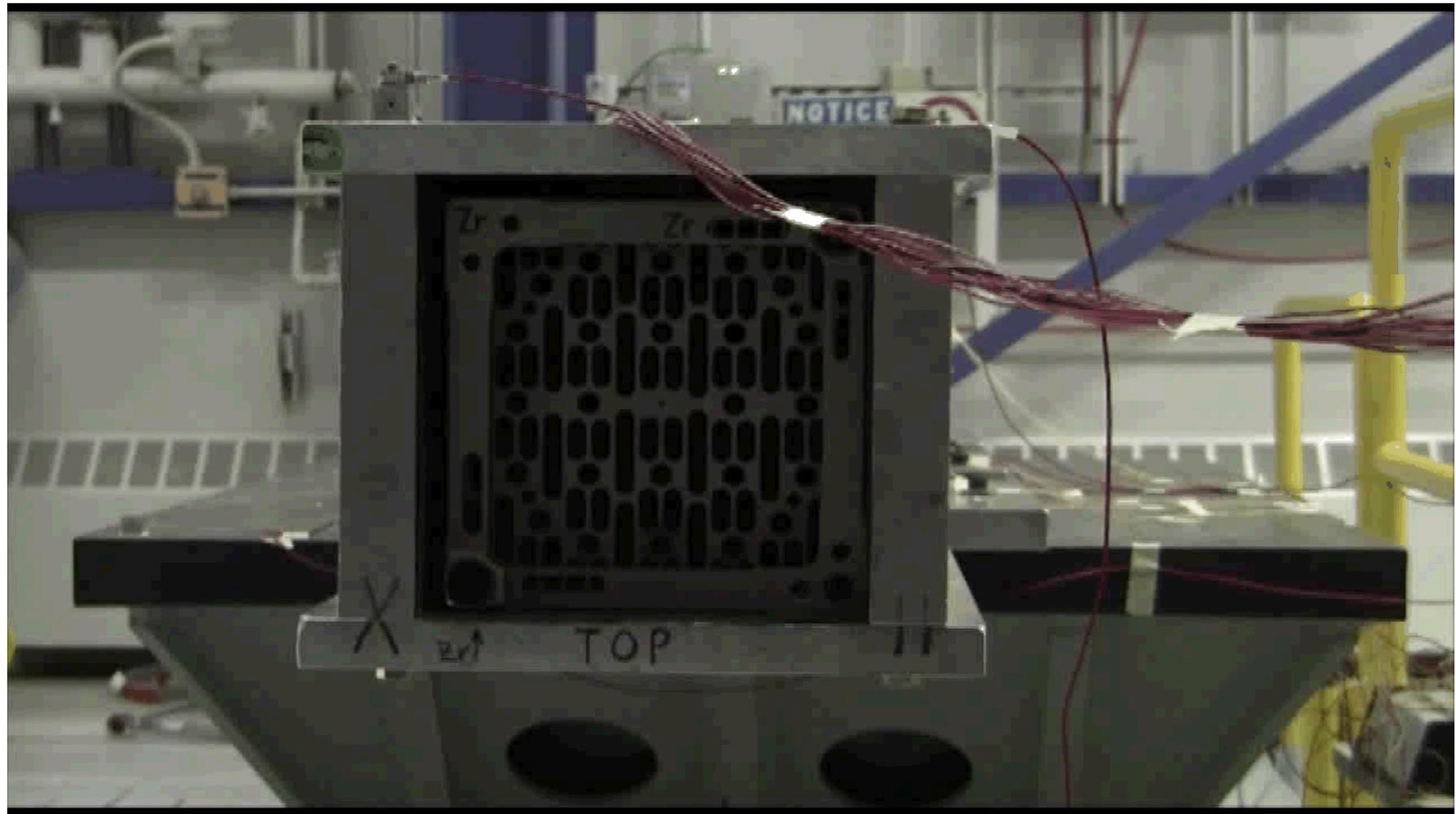
dip on Area III Access Road

Poleline Road



Strains correlated  
with road conditions

# SNL Shaker Shock Test Video



# Comparison of Strains from all Three Test Series at Same Location on Assembly

Strain Gauge ID	Location on Assembly: Adjacent to first spacer grid, Span 5	Sandia Shaker Truck Shock Test Maximum Strain Absolute Value ( $\mu$ in/in)	Truck Test Maximum Strain Absolute Value ( $\mu$ in/in)	DCL Shaker Truck Shock Test Maximum Strain Absolute Value ( $\mu$ in/in)
S3 - 0° Pb "rope"	Middle rod		143	
TMR-G-S5-2 (0°) Pb "rope"	Middle rod	119		
S3 - 0° Pb pellets	Right-edge rod			160
S7 - 0° Mo pellets	Middle rod			214
S8 - 0° Pb "rope"	Left-edge rod			301

# What these Tests Tell Us

- The strains measured on the rods during the NCT test simulations were in the micro-strain levels – well below the elastic limit for either unirradiated or irradiated Zircaloy-4
- Based upon the test results, which simulated normal vibration and shock conditions of truck and rail transport, failure of fuel rods during normal transport seems unlikely
- Fatigue during transport does not appear to be an issue
- These results have received positive feedback from NRC, and NWTRB staff, and the technical community
- These results correlate with the used nuclear fuel transportation experience of Areva in France, i.e.: no rod failures during NCT

# Plans for Completing this Work

- Prepare detailed Test Plan (FY16) for tests of PWR assemblies configured:
  - Within a rail-cask basket which is...
  - within an actual rail cask which is...
  - on a rail car which will be...
  - transported.
- Performance of rail cask tests of the assembly (FY17) using a gratis cask from ENSA (not pictured)
  - Over commercial rail lines, and
  - at the Association of American Railroads Transportation Technology Center, Inc.

These rail tests will:

- Confirm the loadings measured during the shaker table tests,
- support future licensing and transport of UNF,
- support public acceptance of rail transport.

