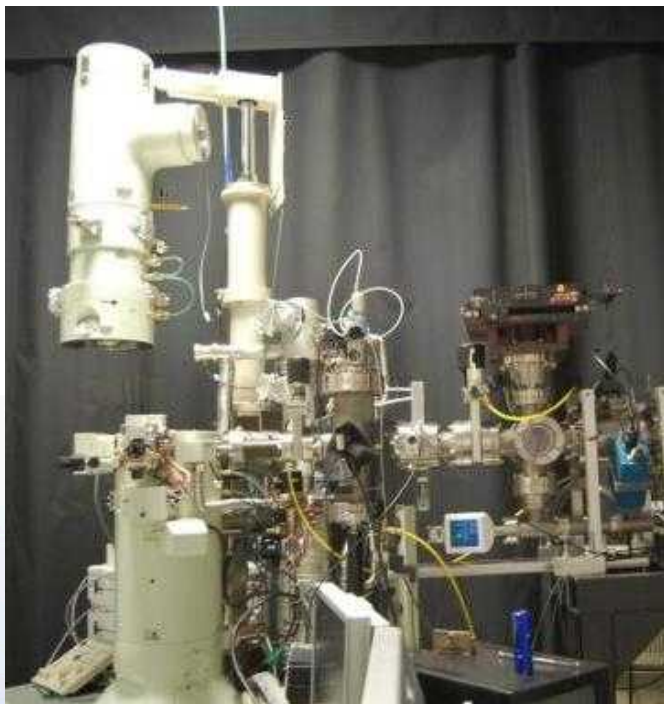


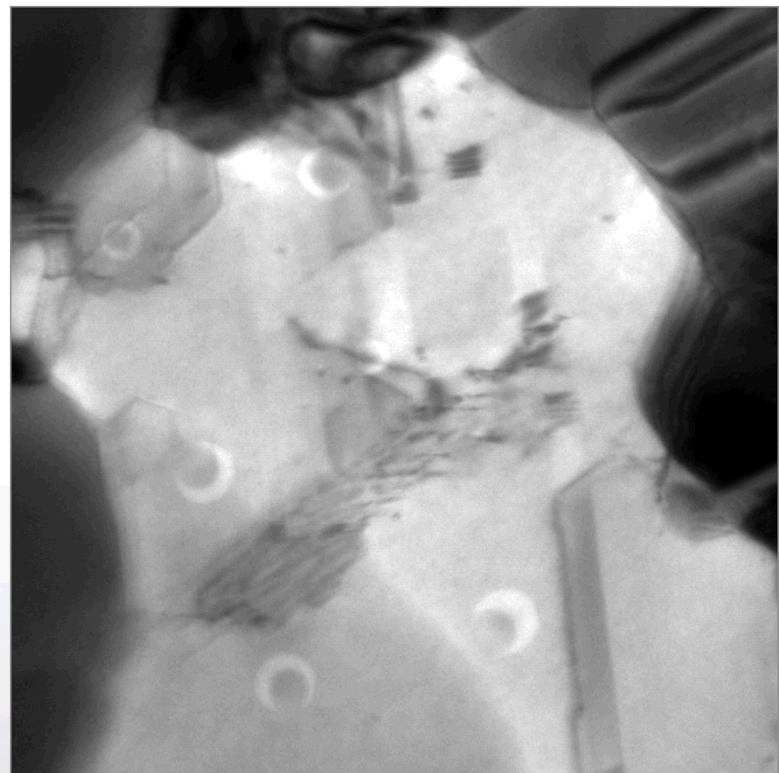
Probing Materials Response to Extreme Environments

J.S. Custer, D. Bufford, and K. Hattar
Ion Beam Lab at Sandia National Laboratories

Nov. 10, 2015



In situ TEM
microscopy
Has recently
undergone
significant growth
providing
capabilities to
investigate the
structural evolution
that occurs due to
various extreme
environments and
combinations
thereof



Collaborators:

- IBL: D.C. Bufford, D. Buller, C. Chisholm, B.G. Clark, B.L. Doyle, S. H. Pratt, & M.T. Marshall
- Sandia: B. Boyce, T.J. Boyle, P.J. Cappillino, J.A. Scott, B.W. Jacobs, M.A. Hekmaty, D.B. Robinson, E. Carnes, J. Brinker, D. Sasaki, J.A. Sharon, T. Nenoff, W.M. Mook
- External: A. Minor, L.R. Parent, I. Arslan, H. Bei, E.P. George, P. Hosemann, D. Gross, J. Kacher, & I.M. Robertson

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Sandia National Laboratories is a multi-program laboratory managed and operated by Sandia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Lockheed Martin Corporation, for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000.

Sandia's Extreme Environment History

- **50+ years history probing radiation-solid interactions**
 - Fundamental ion-solid understanding
 - Electronic system response to intense pulsed n/γ environments
 - Tritium containing materials
 - Fission/fusion reactor materials

VOLUME 16, NUMBER 3

APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS

1 FEBRUARY 1970

RADIATION EFFECTS IN SEMICONDUCTORS

Proceedings of the Santa Fe Conference on Radiation Effects in Semiconductors, held October 3-5, 1967

Edited by F. L. Vook

Sandia Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico

The field of radiation effects in semiconductors has rapidly advanced in recent years and substantial amounts of applicable evidence have been amassed.

IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON NUCLEAR SCIENCE, VOL. 53, NO. 6, DECEMBER 2006

Damage Equivalence of Heavy Ions in Silicon Bipolar Junction Transistors

E. Bielejec, G. Vizkelethy, N. R. Kolb, D. B. King, and B. L. Doyle

ION IMPLANTATION DEPTH DISTRIBUTIONS: ENERGY DEPOSITION INTO ATOMIC PROCESSES AND ION LOCATIONS*

David K. Brice

Sandia Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87115

(Received 20 October 1969; in final form 11 December 1969)

SATURATION AND ISOTOPIC REPLACEMENT OF DEUTERIUM IN LOW-Z MATERIALS*

B.L. DOYLE, W.R. WAMPLER, D.K. BRICE and S.T. PICRAUX

Sandia National Laboratories†, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185, USA

J. Nucl. Materials 93&94, 551 (1980)

Other SNL talks by Brandom Aguirre (this session) and Jose Pacheco (Friday session)



Sandia National Laboratories

New Capabilities for *In Situ* Extreme Environments

■ TEM with dual, co-linear ion beams

- Dual tilt, Heating, Tomography
- Gas and Liquid Cells
- Hysitron mechanical test stage
- Precession Diffraction

■ Meso-Scale Mechanical Test with Ion Irradiation

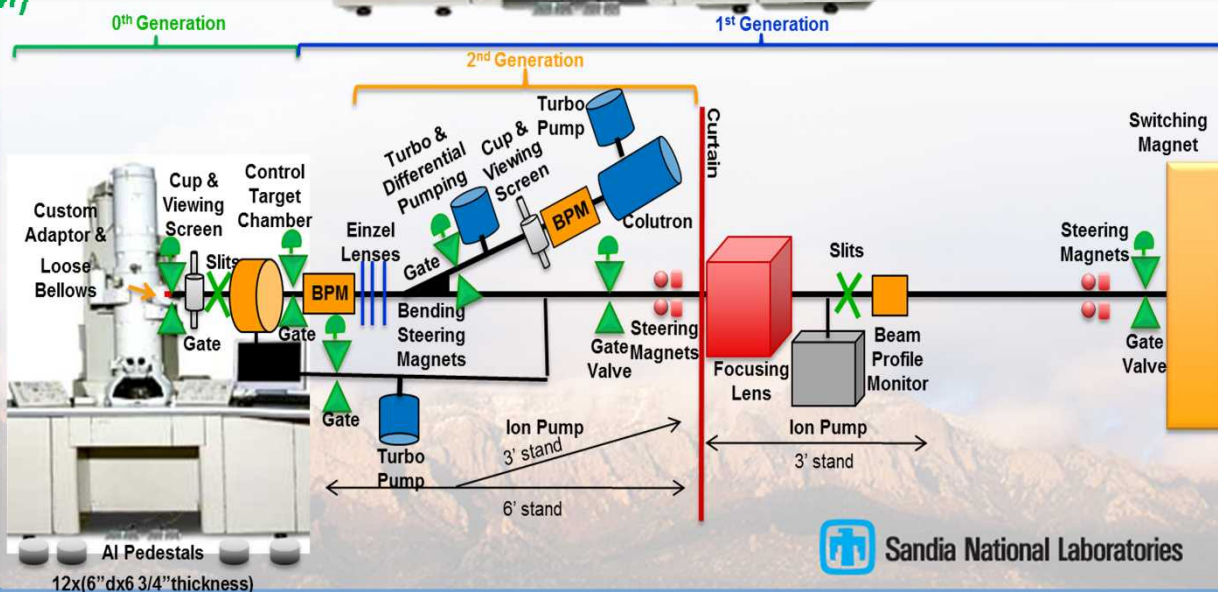
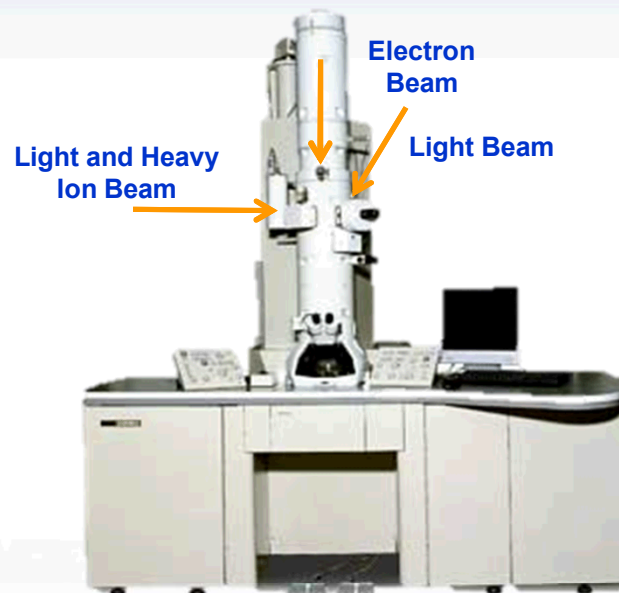
- High Temperature (800C)
- ASTM-standard sample geometry
- 4.5MeV protons penetrate through 50um Cu samples



In situ Ion Irradiation TEM Facility

Capabilities:

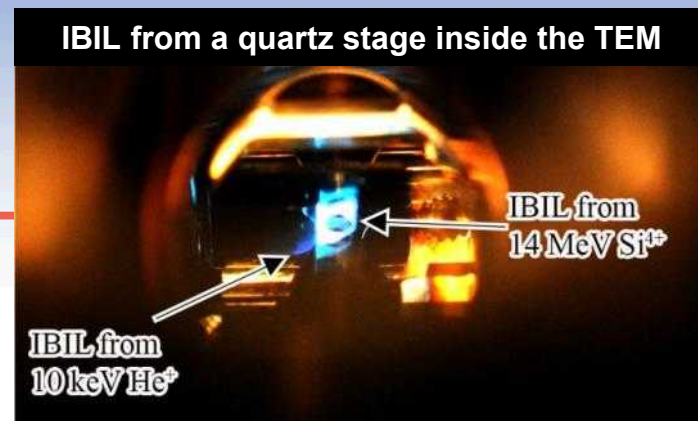
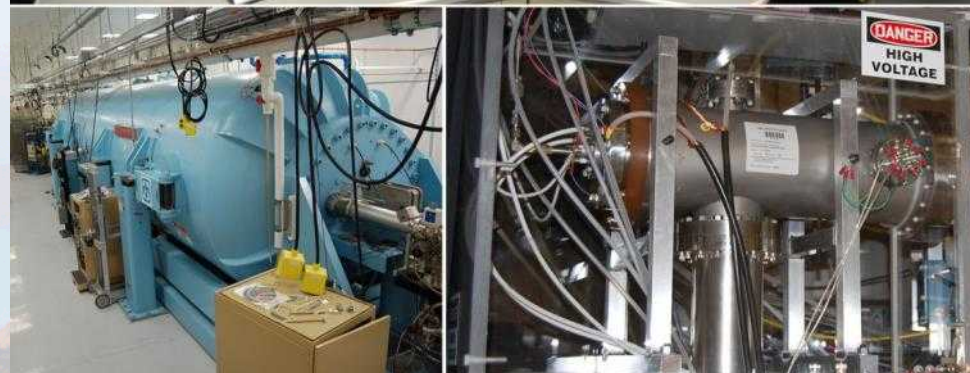
- 200 kV LaB₆ TEM
- Ion beams used:
 - Range of Sputtered Ions from Tandem
 - 10 keV D₂⁺
 - 10 keV He⁺
 - (Simultaneous D₂+He)
- All beams hit same location
- Nanosecond time resolution (DTEM)
- Procession scanning (EBSD in TEM)
- In situ CL, and IBIL, and PL
- *In situ* vapor phase stage
- *In situ* liquid mixing stage
- *In situ* heating
- Tomography stage (2 axis)
- *In situ* straining stage
- *In situ* cooling stage
- *In situ* electrical bias stage



Sandia's Concurrent *In situ* Ion Irradiation TEM Facility

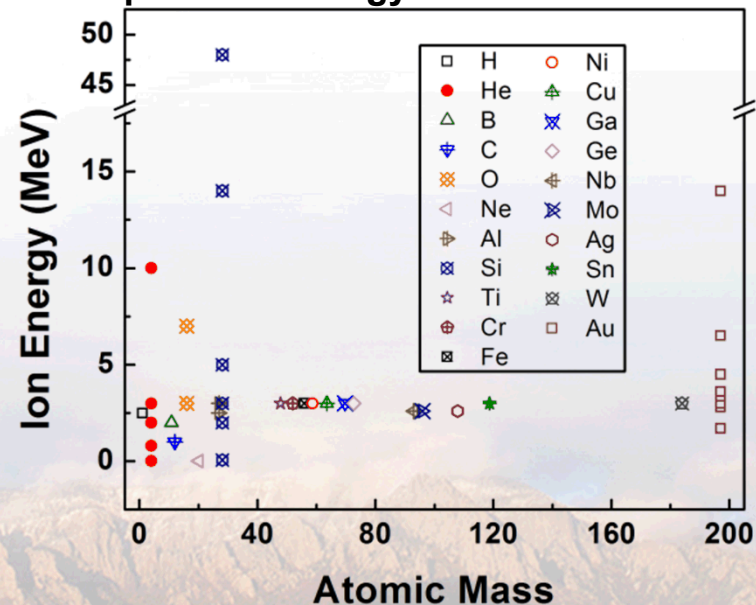
Collaborator: D.L. Buller

6 MV Tandem - 10 kV Colutron - 200 kV TEM



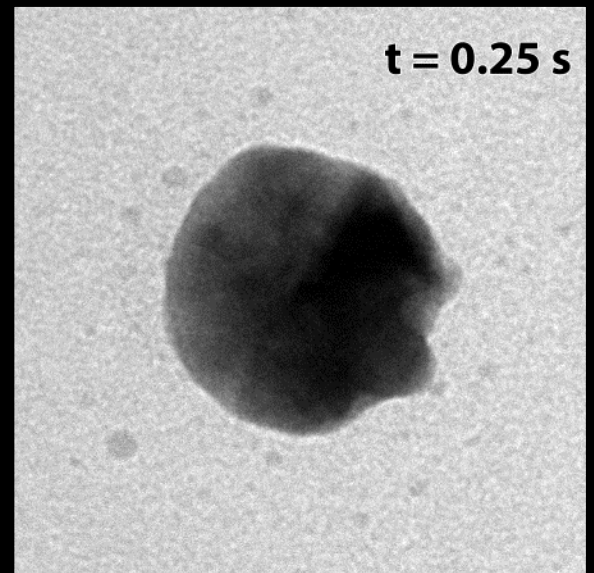
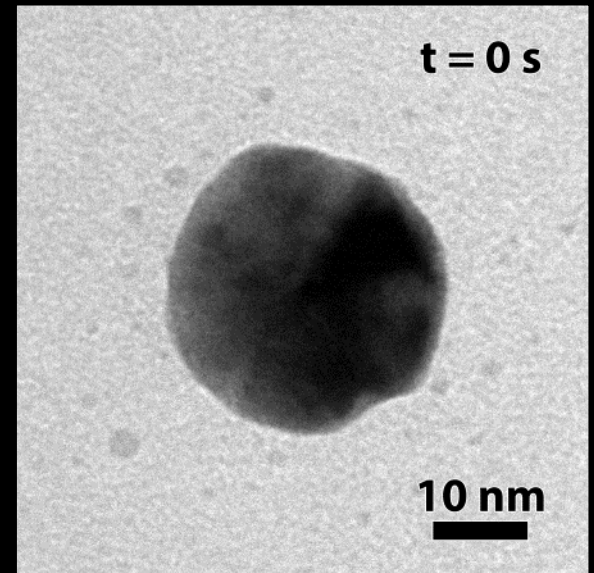
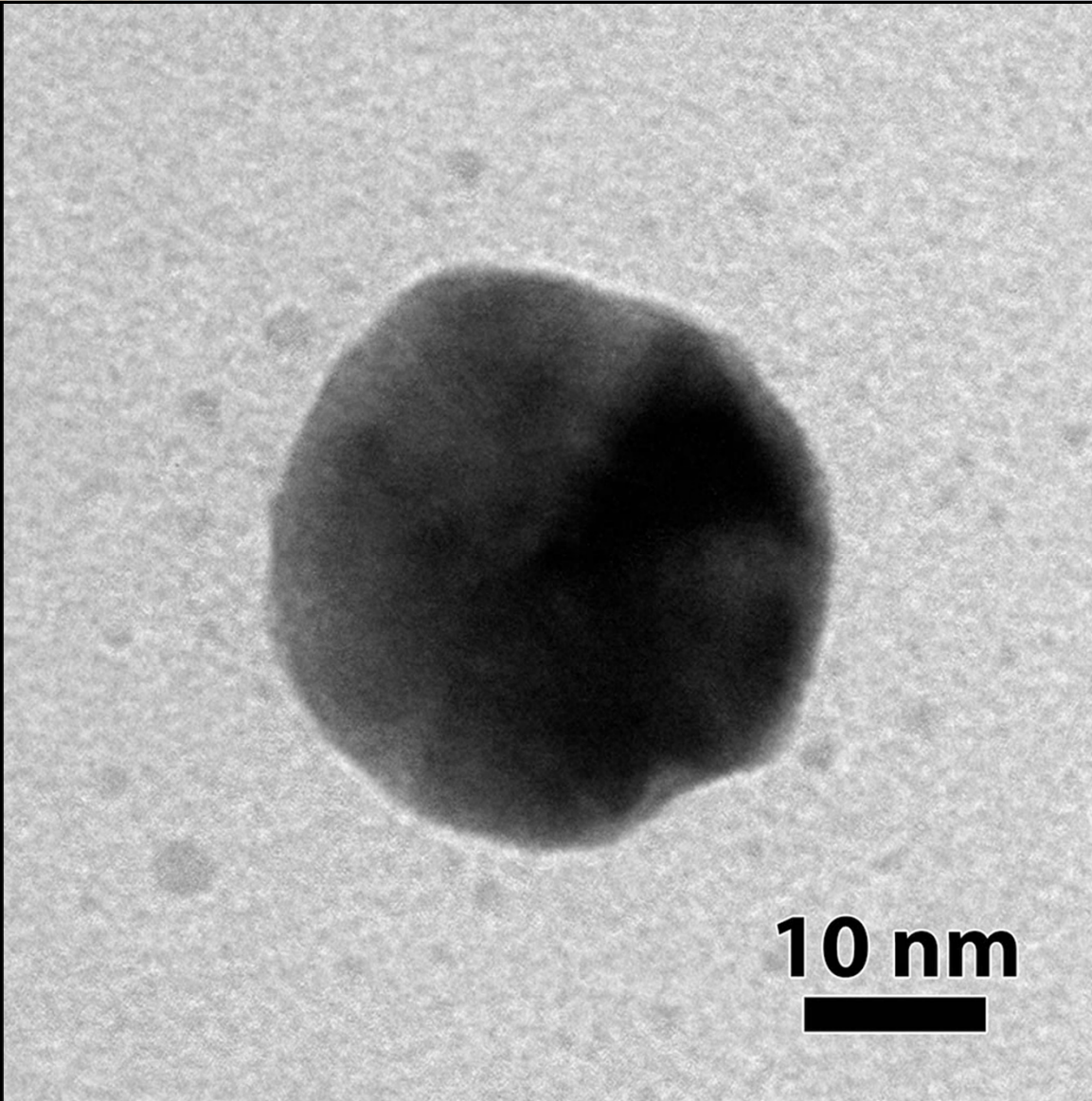
Direct real time observation of ion irradiation, ion implantation, or both with nanometer resolution

Ion species & energy introduced into the TEM



Single Ion Effects in 20 nm Au nanoparticle: 46keV Au ions (range ~7nm)

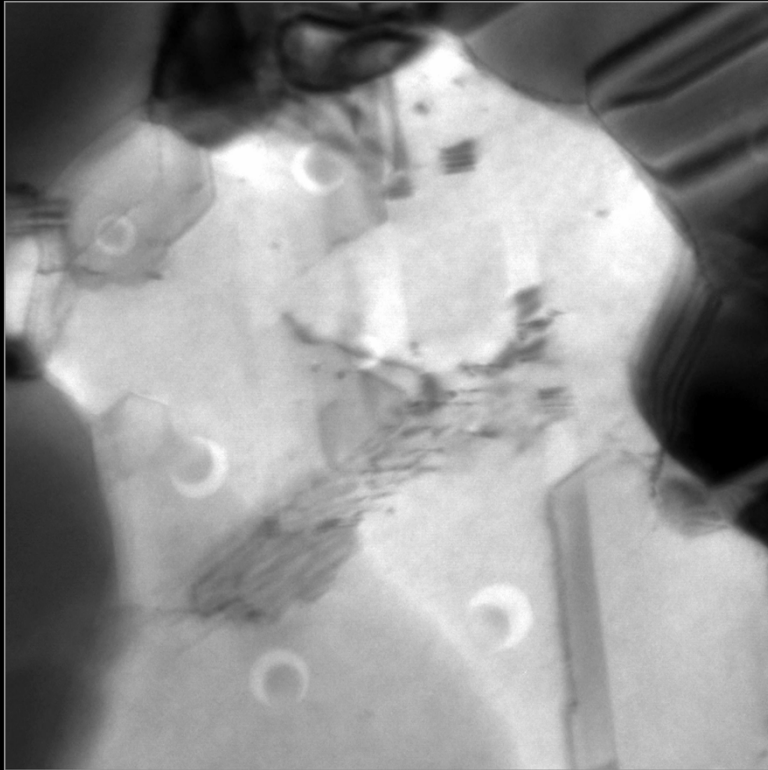
Collaborator: D.C. Bufford



Single Ion Strikes – 2.8MeV Au⁴⁺ into/through Au film

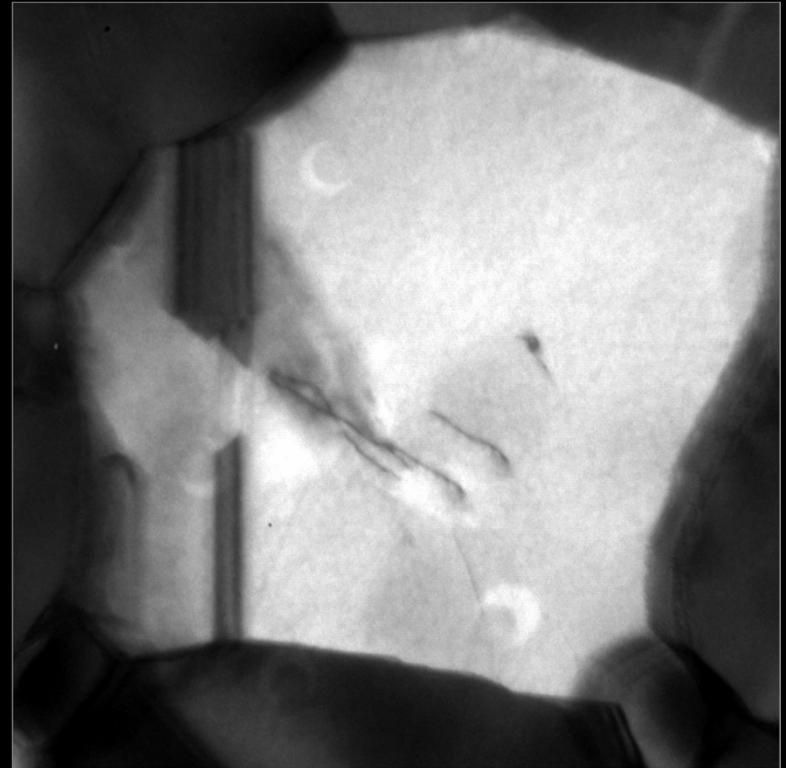
Collaborators: C. Chisholm & A. Minor

7.9×10^9 ions/cm²/s



VS

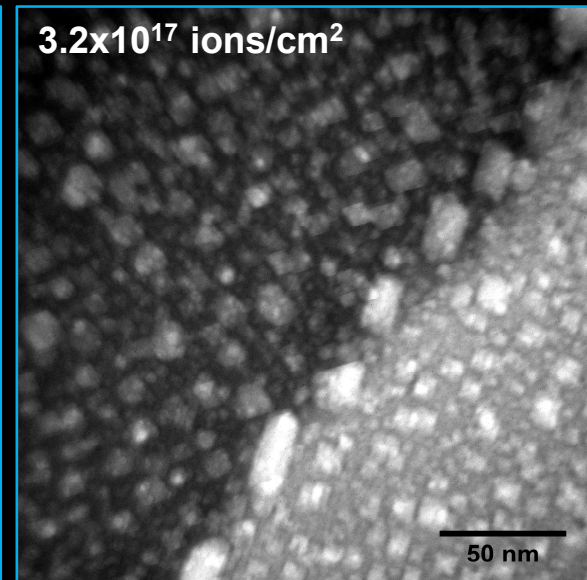
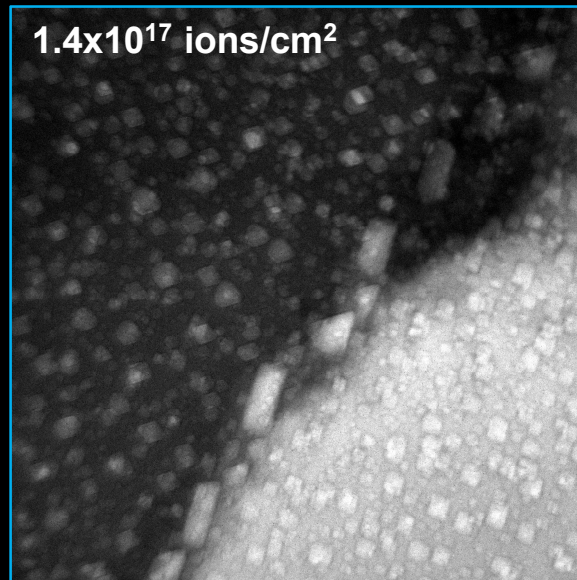
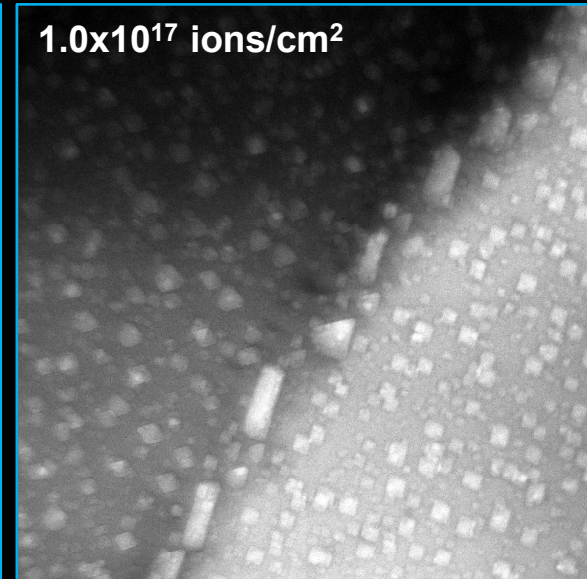
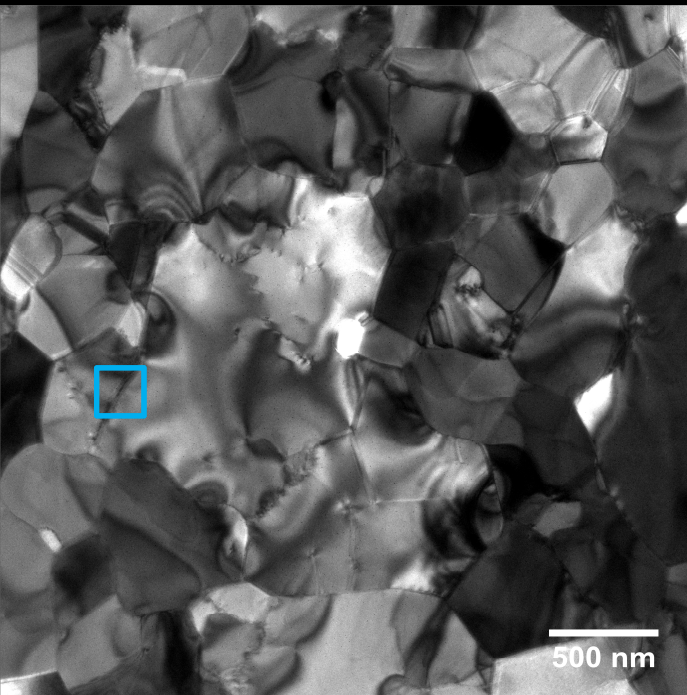
6.7×10^7 ions/cm²/s



Improved vibrational and ion beam stability permits us to work at 120kx or higher permitting imaging of single cascade events

In situ Implantation

Collaborators: C. Chisholm & A. Minor



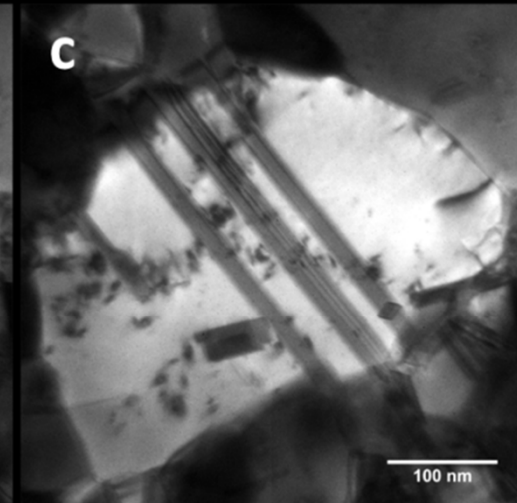
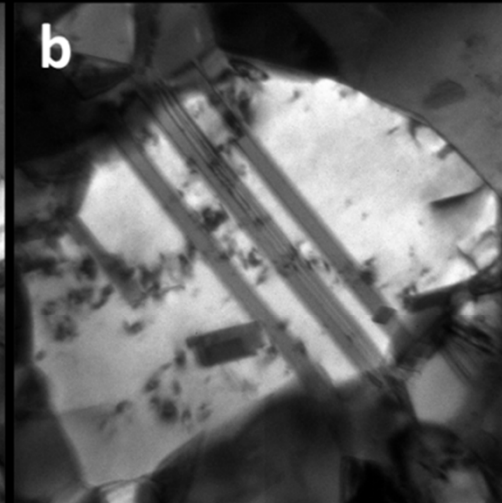
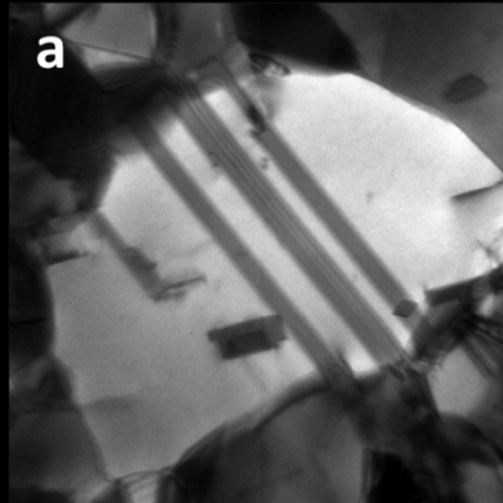
Au implanted with 10keV He⁺

He bubble formation on grain boundary and in the bulk

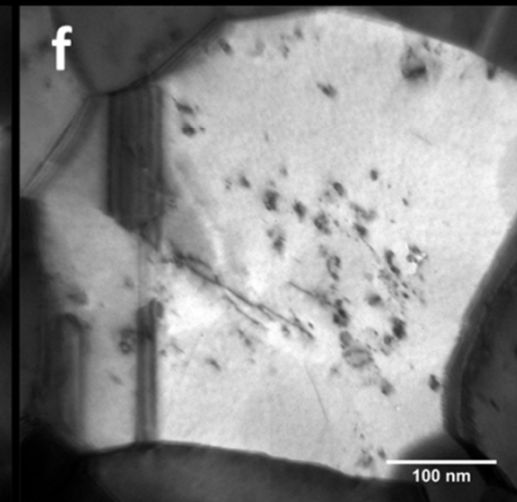
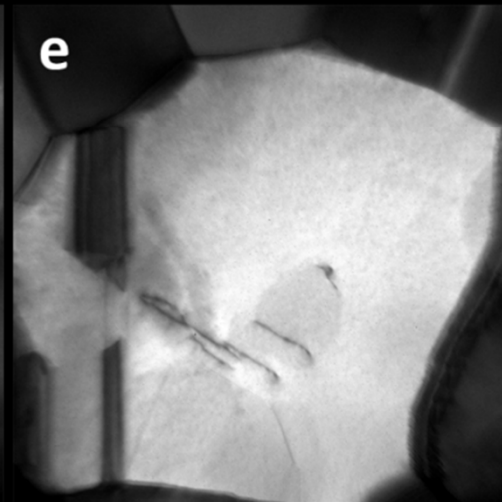
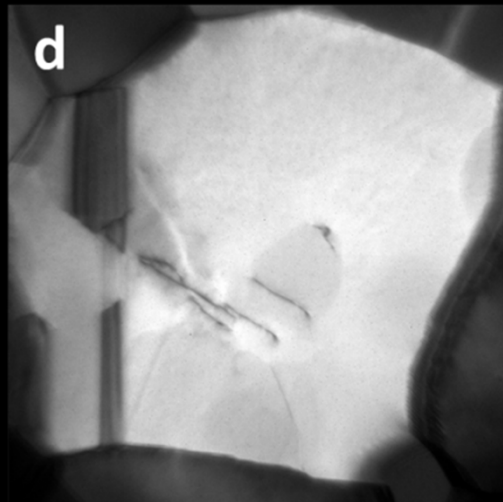
In situ Successive Implantation then Irradiation (2.8MeV Au⁴⁺, 10keV He⁺)

Collaborators: C. Chisholm & A. Minor

Successive Au⁴⁺ then He¹⁺



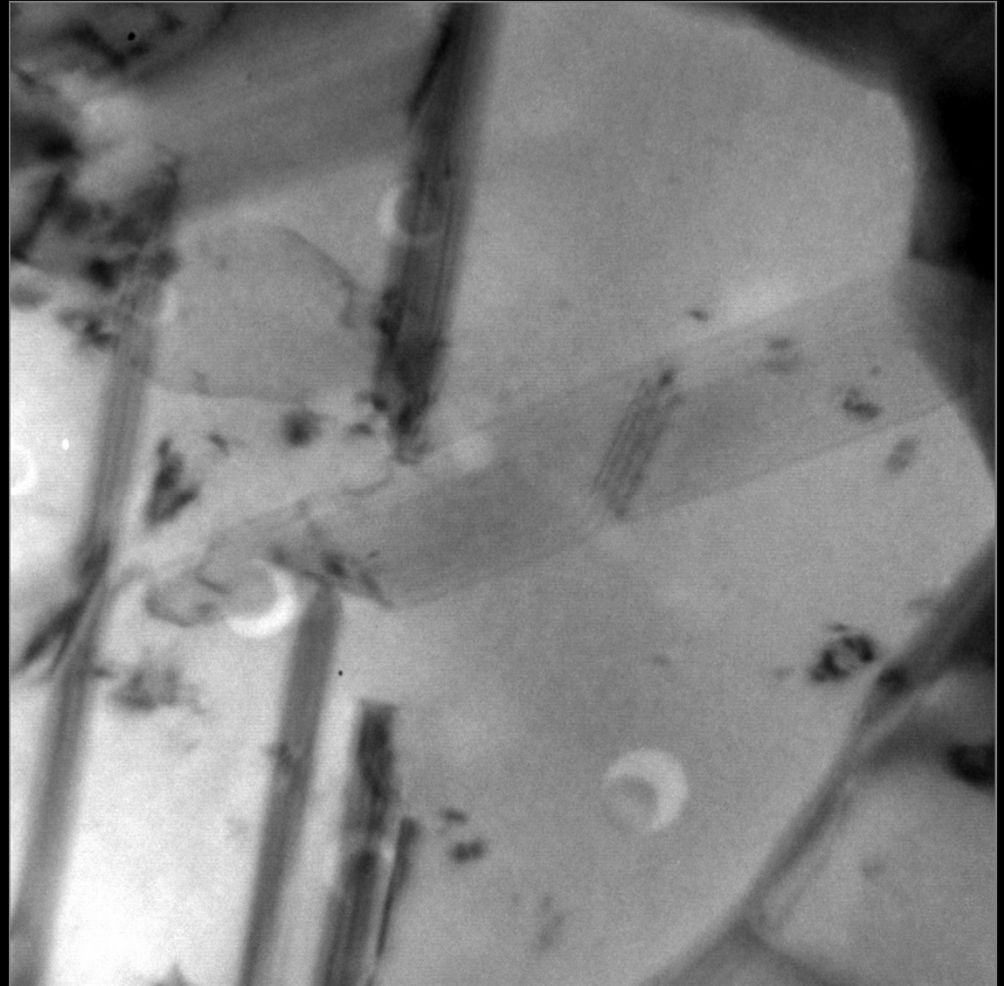
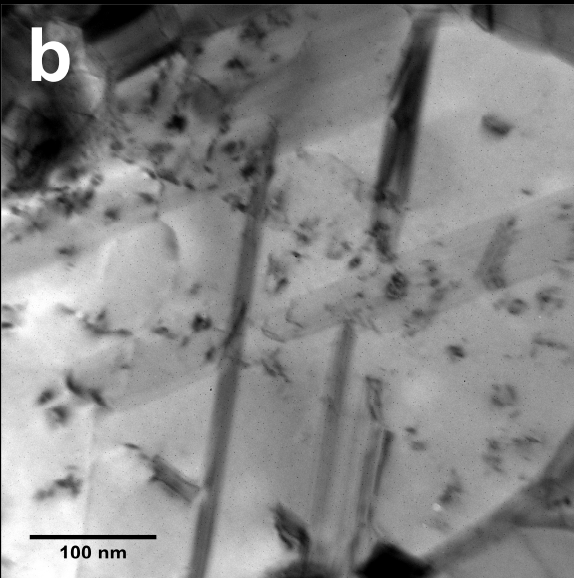
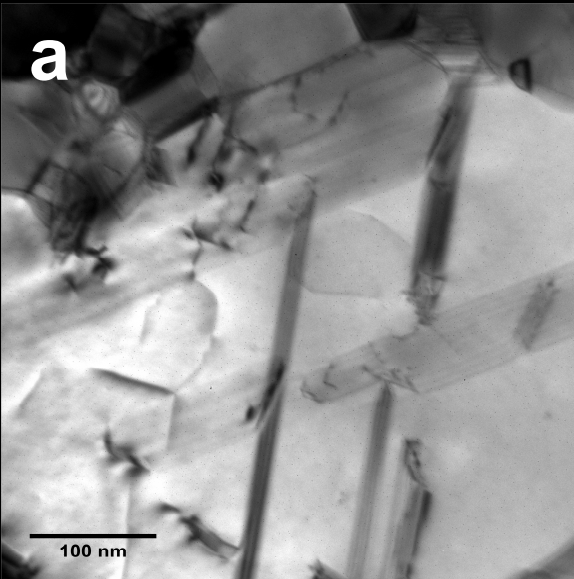
Successive He¹⁺ then Au⁴⁺



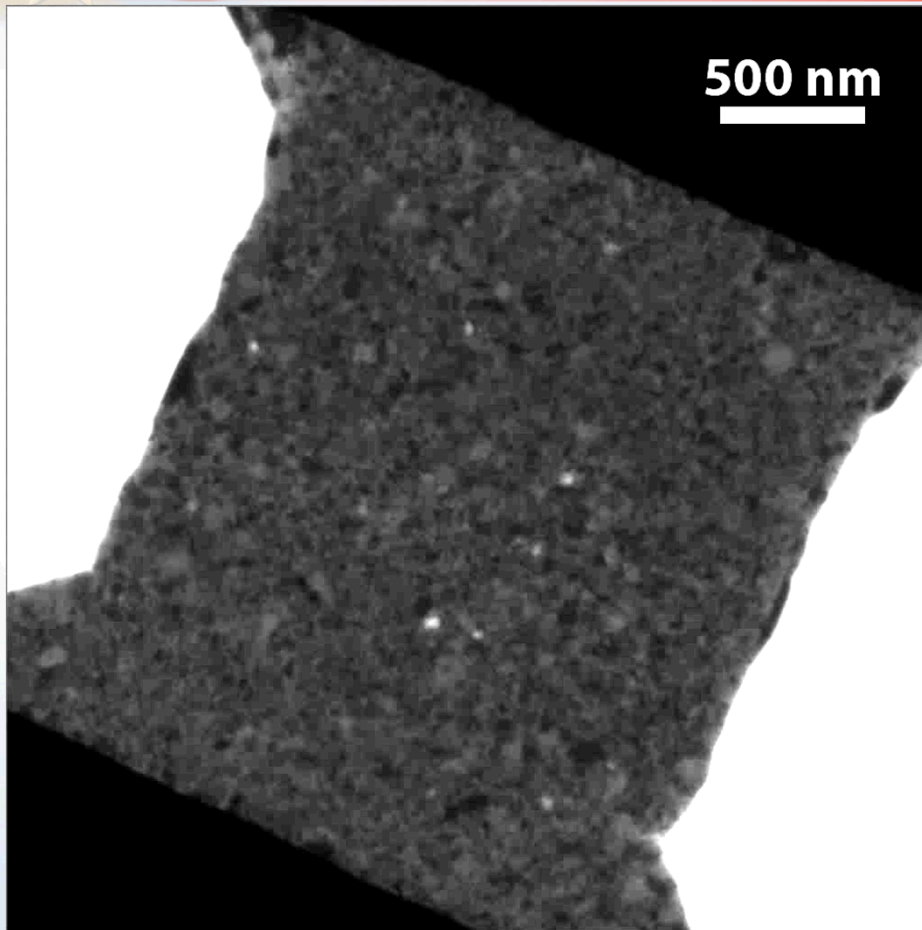
In situ Concurrent Implantation & Irradiation

Collaborators: C. Chisholm & A. Minor

**He⁺ implantation and concurrent Au⁴⁺ irradiation:
Transient bubble formation and dissolution**



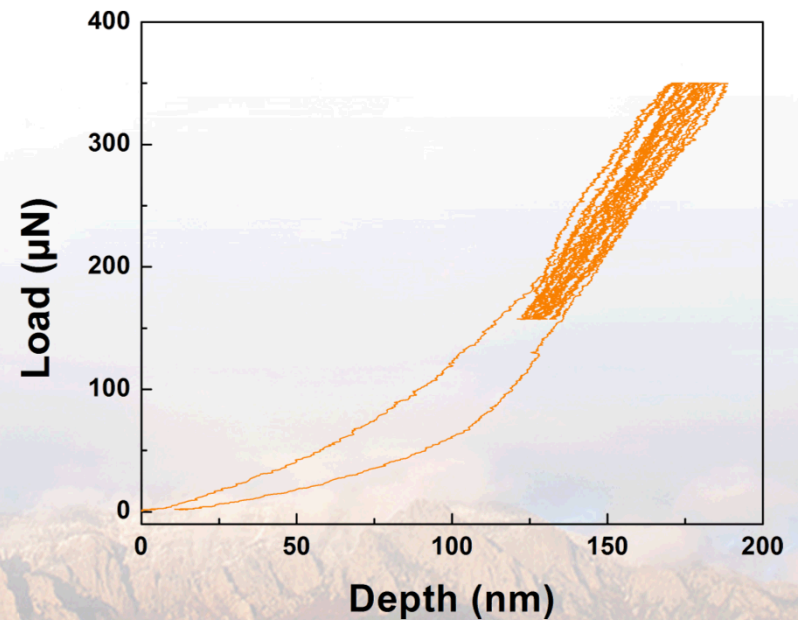
In Situ Tensile Testing



- Slow crack propagation
- Evidence of grain growth

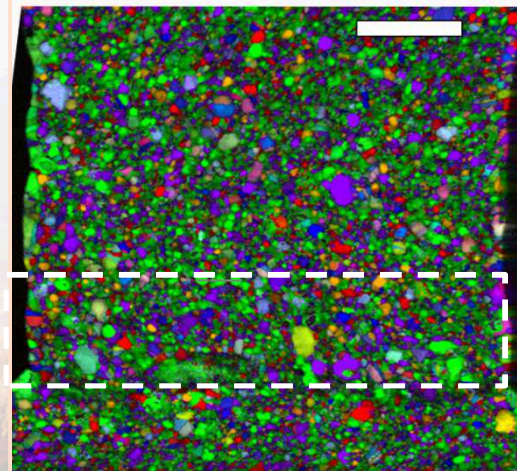
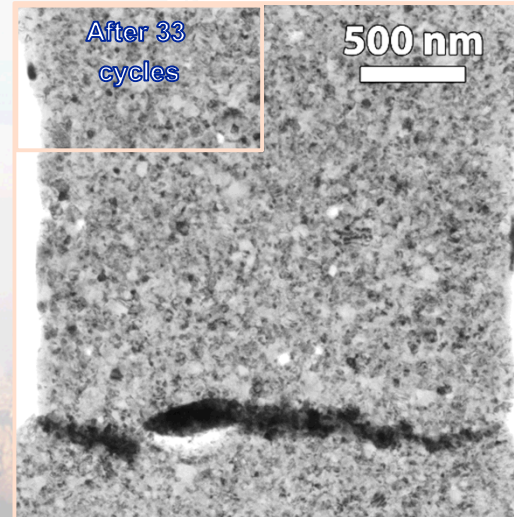
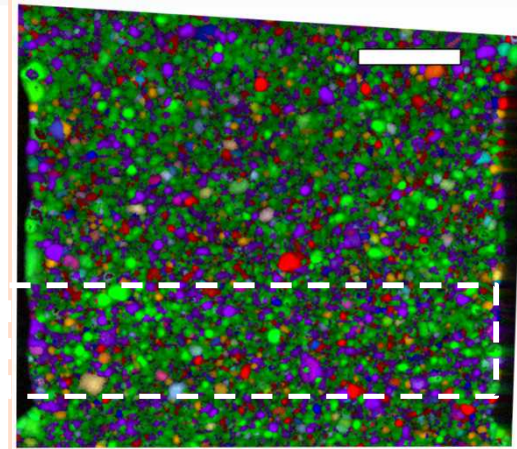
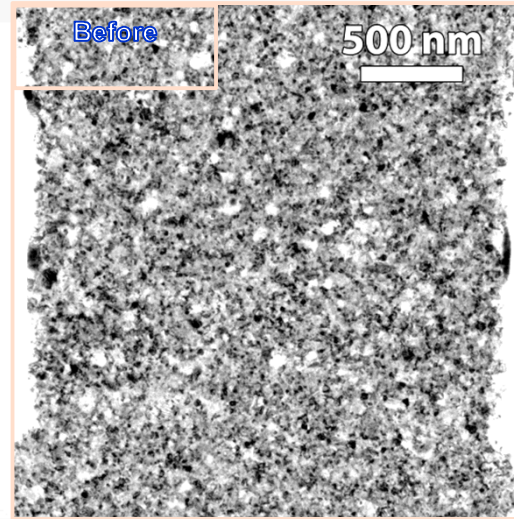
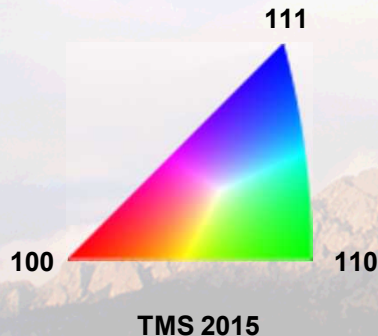
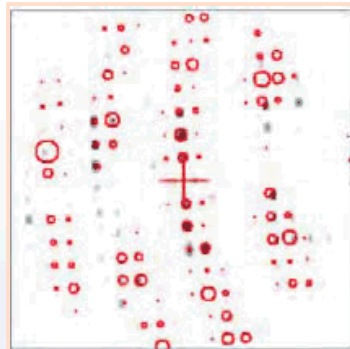
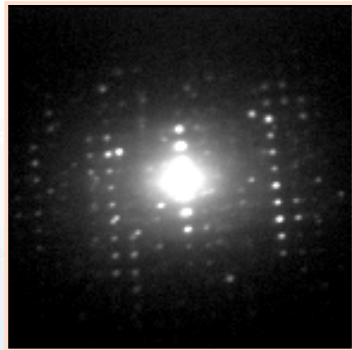
■ Cyclic loading:

- Crack initiated in previous monotonic test
- 9 cycles to ~87.5% of that load
- 50 % unloading
- Slow crack propagation



Precession Diffraction: Quantifying Microstructural Change

- Combining orientation mapping with deformation
- EBSD-like capability in the TEM
 - Powerful analytical tools available



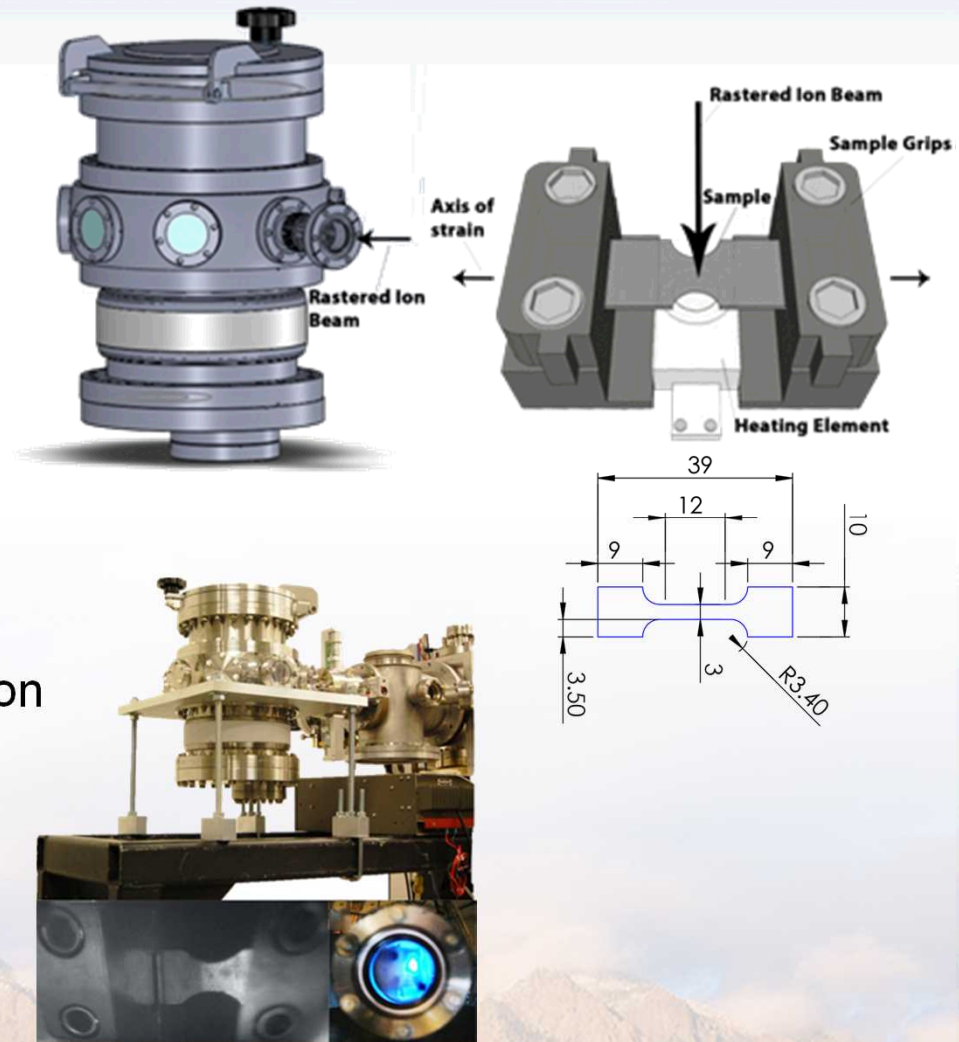
Extreme Environments at the Meso Scale

■ Meso-scale mechanical test

- Straining + Heating stage
- Ions from the 6MV Tandem
- Heating to 800C

■ 30 GPa stress, 58% strain

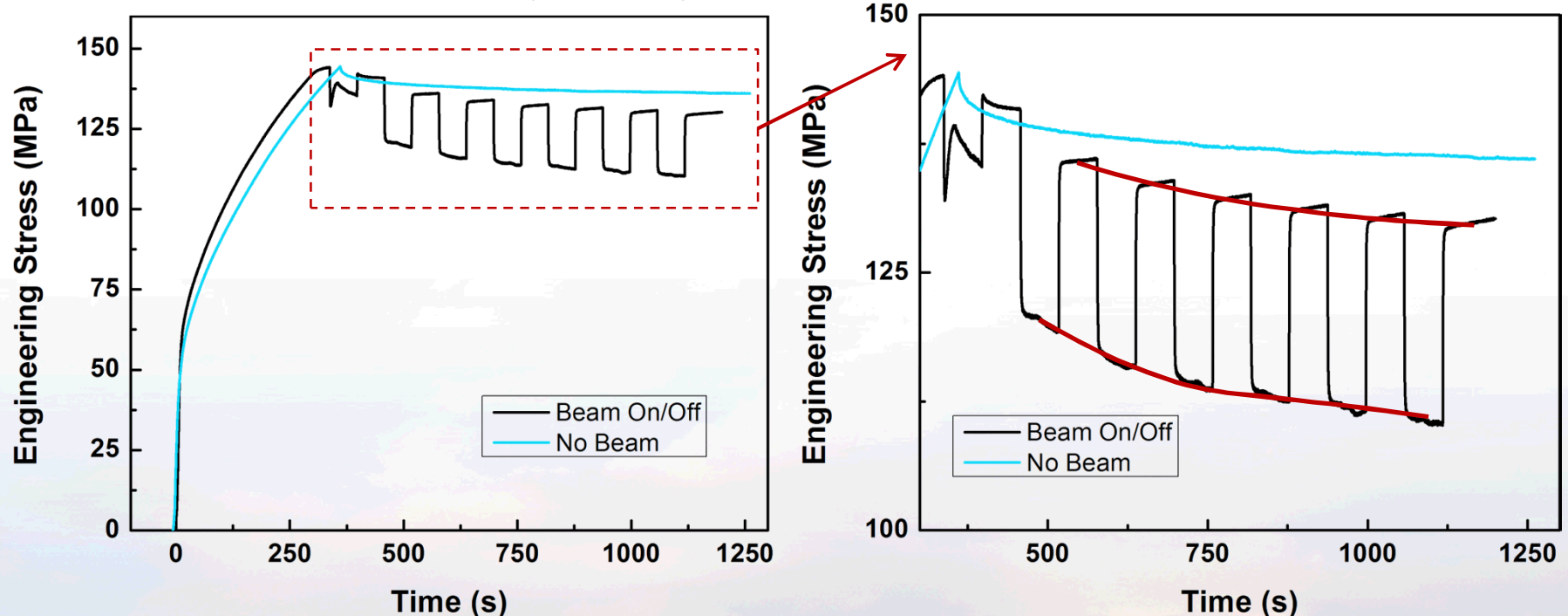
- Geometry based on ASTM-E8
- 50 – 100 μm sample thickness
- Limited to 4.5MeV protons by radiation levels (neutron production by SS)



Copper Stress Relaxation with/without Irradiation

■ Commercial OHFC Copper, 50 μ m thick

- Similar 0.25mm/min elongation rate to 22.5 N load
- Approximately 75% of typical ultimate tensile load
- 4.5 MeV protons have projected range of 65 μ m



- Preliminary data – still optimizing configuration
- Different relaxation rates with beam on and off





Summary

- **Sandia has developed unique in-situ experimental capability**
- **I3TEM – *In situ* experimental workhorse**
 - Dual, colinear ion beams (keV to MeV)
 - Broad array of stages to tailor environment
 - Detailed microstructure characterization
 - Mechanical characterization
- **Meso-scale mechanical properties**
 - Straining + heating stage
 - MeV ion beam for defect generation or implantation

