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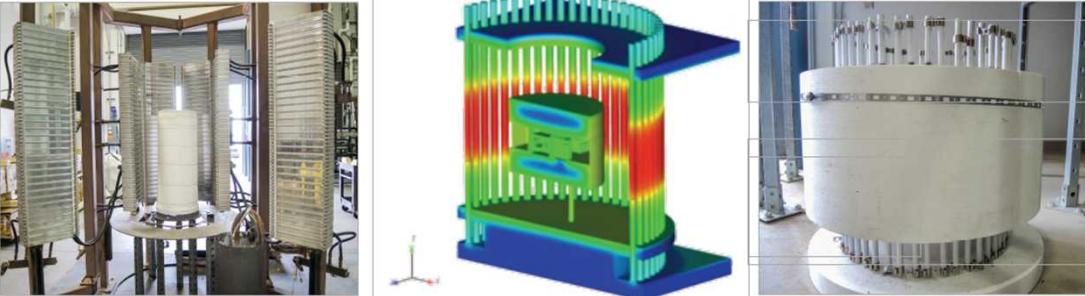
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# FIRE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

## RADIANT HEAT TEST CELL

### A KEY CAPABILITY FOR NUCLEAR WEAPON ASSURED SAFETY



Use of highly controlled heaters and precision diagnostics to measure thermal response of nuclear weapon safety systems  
Goal is to assess the performance of safety critical components and evaluate system design in abnormal thermal environments  
Energy storage device must fail irreversibly before either safety component is compromised

**Primary Purpose**

Testing of Component, Subsystem, and Systems to support Thermal Qualification and Model Development and Validation  
Controlled Radiative and Convective Heating  
Testing Facilities include Radiant Heat, FLAME, and XTF test cells

Voltage	up to 12 Conductor 480VAC
Amperage	1000/leg
Phase	3

5.2 MW Radiant Heat Test Cell for performing high heat flux experiments

Sandia National Laboratories is a multi-program laboratory managed and operated by Sandia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Lockheed Martin Corporation, for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC52-04NA20000.

Sandia National Laboratories NASA Los Alamos U.S. Energy Department U.S. Air Force U.S. Army U.S. Navy



# FIRE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

## FIRE LABORATORY FOR ACCREDITATION OF MODELS AND EXPERIMENTS (FLAME)



State-of-the-Art facilities and diagnostics for fire environment characterization

### Primary Purpose

Testing of Component, Subsystem, and Systems to support Thermal Qualification and Model Development and Validation  
Controlled Fires in Quiescent Conditions, Controlled Radiative and Convective Heating

Test Facility Size (approx.)	50 ft. high x 60 ft. diameter
Maximum Fuel Fire	20.0 MW
Maximum Fire Test Duration	1 hour
Airflow	150,000 scfm inlet
Maximum Radiant Test	5.2 MW

Quiescent (calm) wind fire experiments are performed in the 60-foot diameter FLAME test cell that has water-cooled walls and well controlled/characterized airflow equipment. Laser diagnostic equipment is used in the cell to help understand the burning process. Systems to allow jet fuel, methanol, and other liquid fuels as well as hydrogen, methane, and other gas fuels are part of the design.

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# FIRE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

## SANDIA THERMAL TEST COMPLEX THERMAL ENVIRONMENTS TESTING AND ANALYSIS

Nuclear weapons are qualified to perform in normal and abnormal thermal environments.

**Normal Environments**

- Normal environments: remain safe and maintain full operability
- Abnormal environments: remain safe but not operable

**Abnormal Environments**

**Fire Laboratory for Accreditation of Models and Experiments (FLAME)**

- Precision simulated fire environments for thermal response modeling
- Custom radiant heater designs
- Simulated fire environments that are well-controlled and repeatable allow for assessment of weapon and component thermal response

**Cross Wind Test Facility**

- Fire characterization in high turbulence (crosswind)
- Pool fires in crosswinds represent the most severe thermal environment

**Radiant Heat Test Cell**

- Fire Characterization in calm (ideal) conditions
- Validated fire models are used to explore accident environments

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