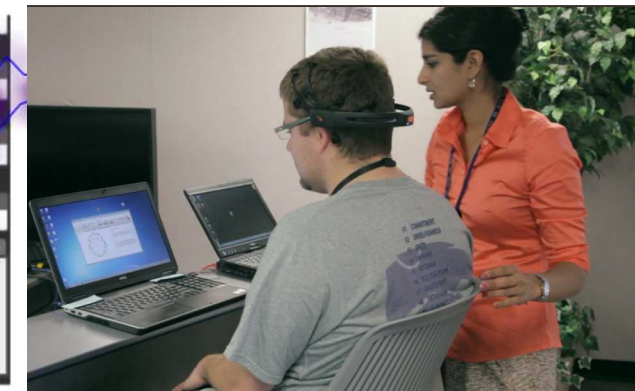
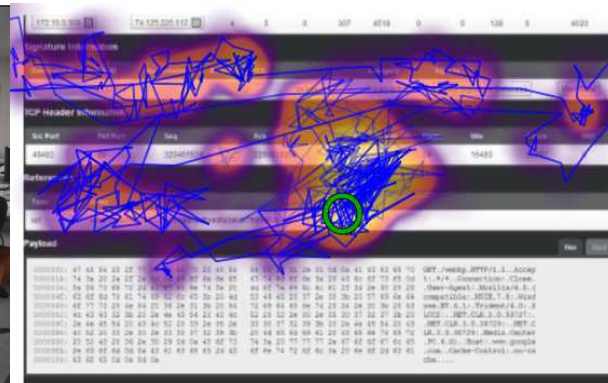


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Measuring Expert and Novice Performance within Computer Security Incident Response Teams

Austin Silva, Glory Aviña, Jonathan T. McClain, Laura Matzen, Chris Forsythe



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Introduction

- Cyber threats are increasing and not going away
- There is a need to understand the the characteristics of high-performing individuals in cybersecurity, as well as their impact on incident outcomes .
- This methodology seeks to advance:
 - The ability to **identify individuals with a high aptitude** to excel in the cybersecurity domain in order to inform recruiting and enhance training.
 - The ability to **build a better cybersecurity workforce** that will directly contribute to the crucial task of protecting organizations' information and infrastructure.

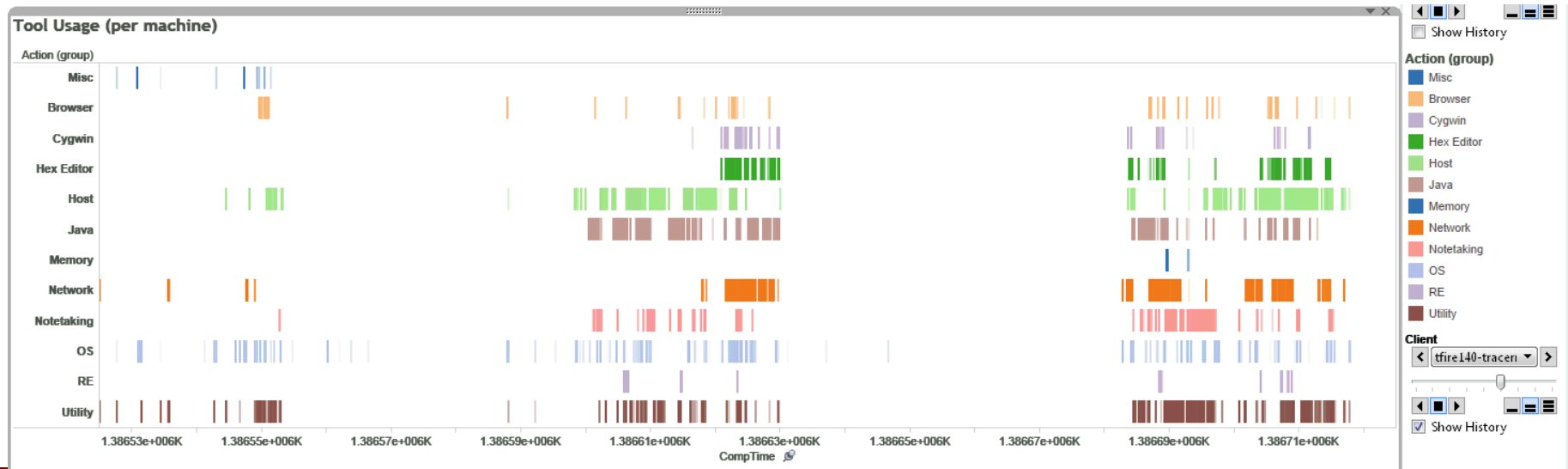
What is Tracer FIRE?

- A game-based training environment for incident responders (IRs)
- Teams compete in a variety of challenges related to various aspects of cybersecurity
- As teams solve individual puzzles in the the game, they unlock new pieces of the narrative.



Methodology

- Performance Data
 - Computer instrumentation (from TracerFIRE)
 - Correct submissions
 - Tools used
 - # of submissions
 - Who submitted answers



Methodology

- Cognitive/Behavioral Data
 - Eye Tracking
 - Domain-general task
 - Domain-specific task
 - Electroencephalography
 - Recognition memory test
 - Self-report measures
 - Big Five Personality Inventory
 - Need for Cognition Scale
 - General Decision-Making Style

Eye Tracking Collection



12 Novice Subjects:

- Domain-specific task
- T/L visual discrimination task
- Sandia Progressive Matrices task

Sample Domain-specific Task

grrcon-virtual- 172.16.0.109 74.125.225.112 ET TROJAN Zeus Bot GET to Google checking Internet connectivity 09/11/2013

IP Header Information

Perform Mass Classification Packet Capture Options Event Export Options Permalink

Source	Destination	Ver	Hlen	Tos	Len	ID	Flags	Off	TTL	Proto	Csum
172.16.0.109	74.125.225.112	4	5	0	307	4518	0	0	128	6	4020

Signature Information

Generator ID	Sig. ID	Sig. Revision	Activity (247/713)	Category	Sig Info
1	2013076	6	34.64%	trojan-activity	Query Signature Database View Rule

TCP Header Information

Src Port	Dst Port	Seq	Ack	Off	Res	Flags	Win	Csum	URP
49483	80	320461524	2288639208	5	0	24	16450	59707	0

References

Type	Value
url	www.secureworks.com/research/threats/zeus/?threat=zeus

Payload

Hex Ascii

```
00000000: 47 45 54 20 2f 77 65 62 70 20 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31 0d 0a 41 63 63 65 70 GET./webhp.HTTP/1.1..Accep
00000010: 74 3a 20 2a 2f 2a 0d 0a 43 6f 6e 6e 65 63 74 69 6f 6e 3a 20 43 6c 6f 73 65 0d t:.*/*..Connection:.Close.
00000020: 0a 55 73 65 72 2d 41 67 65 6e 74 3a 20 4d 6f 7a 69 6c 6c 61 2f 34 2e 30 20 28 .User-Agent:.Mozilla/4.0.(
00000030: 63 6f 6d 70 61 74 69 62 6c 65 3b 20 4d 53 49 45 20 37 2e 30 3b 20 57 69 6e 64 compatible;.MSIE.7.0;.Wind
00000040: 6f 77 73 20 4e 54 20 36 2e 31 3b 20 54 72 69 64 65 6e 74 2f 34 2e 30 3b 20 53 ows.NT.6.1;.Trident/4.0;.S
00000050: 4c 43 43 32 3b 20 2e 4e 45 54 20 43 4c 52 20 32 2e 30 2e 35 30 37 32 37 3b 20 LCC2;..NET.CLR.2.0.50727;.
00000060: 2e 4e 45 54 20 43 4c 52 20 33 2e 35 2e 33 30 37 32 39 3b 20 2e 4e 45 54 20 43 .NET.CLR.3.5.30729;..NET.C
00000070: 4c 52 20 33 2e 30 2e 33 30 37 32 39 3b 20 4d 65 64 69 61 20 43 65 6e 74 65 72 LR.3.0.30729;.Media.Center
00000080: 20 50 43 20 36 2e 30 29 0d 0a 48 6f 73 74 3a 20 77 77 77 2e 67 6f 6f 67 6c 65 .PC.6.0)..Host:.www.google
00000090: 2e 63 6f 6d 0d 0a 43 61 63 68 65 2d 43 6f 6e 74 72 6f 6c 3a 20 6e 6f 2d 63 61 .com..Cache-Control:.no-ca
00000100: 63 68 65 0d 0a 0d 0a che....
```

Notes

This event currently has zero notes - You can add a note by clicking the button below.

Add A Note To This Event

Question: What is the common name of the malware reported by the IDS alert provided?

T. J. COLEMAN, JR. AND J. H. COLEMAN

100% FREE DELIVERY

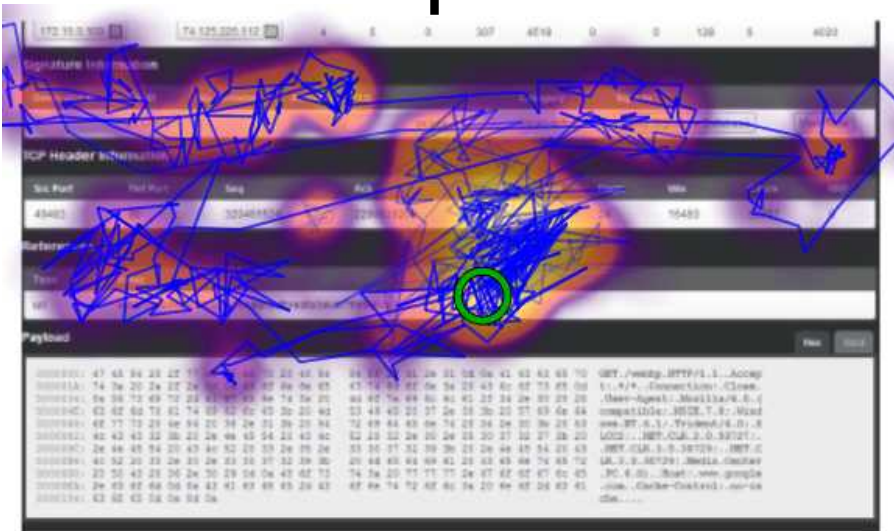
14

100

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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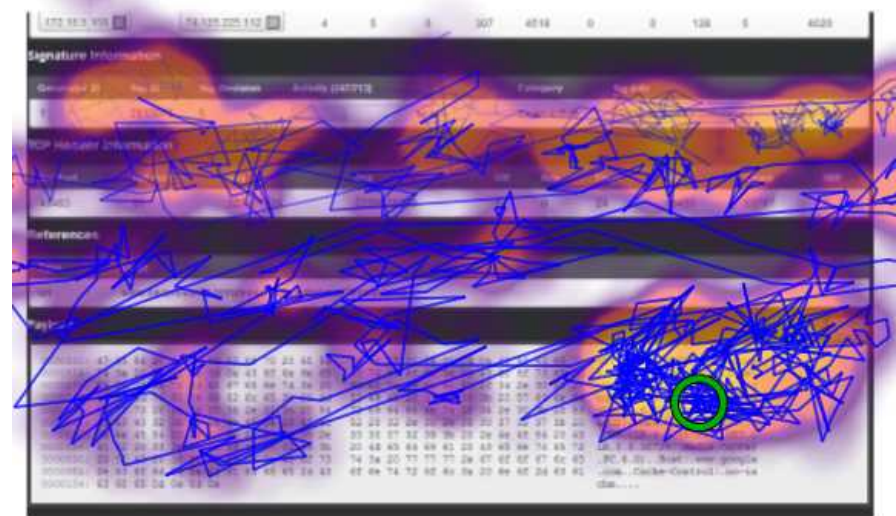
[illegible]

Expert



6 Sec

Novice



20 Sec

- Self report measures are hypothesized to show:
 - High performers that fell within the ROI quickly would have higher reported need for cognition scores
 - High performers that answered soon after entering the ROI would be rational-intuitive decision makers
 - Low performers and those with high levels of avoidance would not answer without investigating the screen in its entirety.

Future Work

- Acquire more data from domain experts
- Help alleviate problems due to attribution within the teams
- Use a dynamic cyber domain task for more operational relevance

Conclusion

- It is possible to perform complex in-situ testing in the cyber domain to identify differences between expert and novice individuals and teams
- Differences in skill can be detected using the eye trackers but more data is needed for more robust results
- Cognitive measures and behavioral game data can be leveraged alongside eye tracking information to understand expertise in topical space or tool.