

*Exceptional service in the national interest*

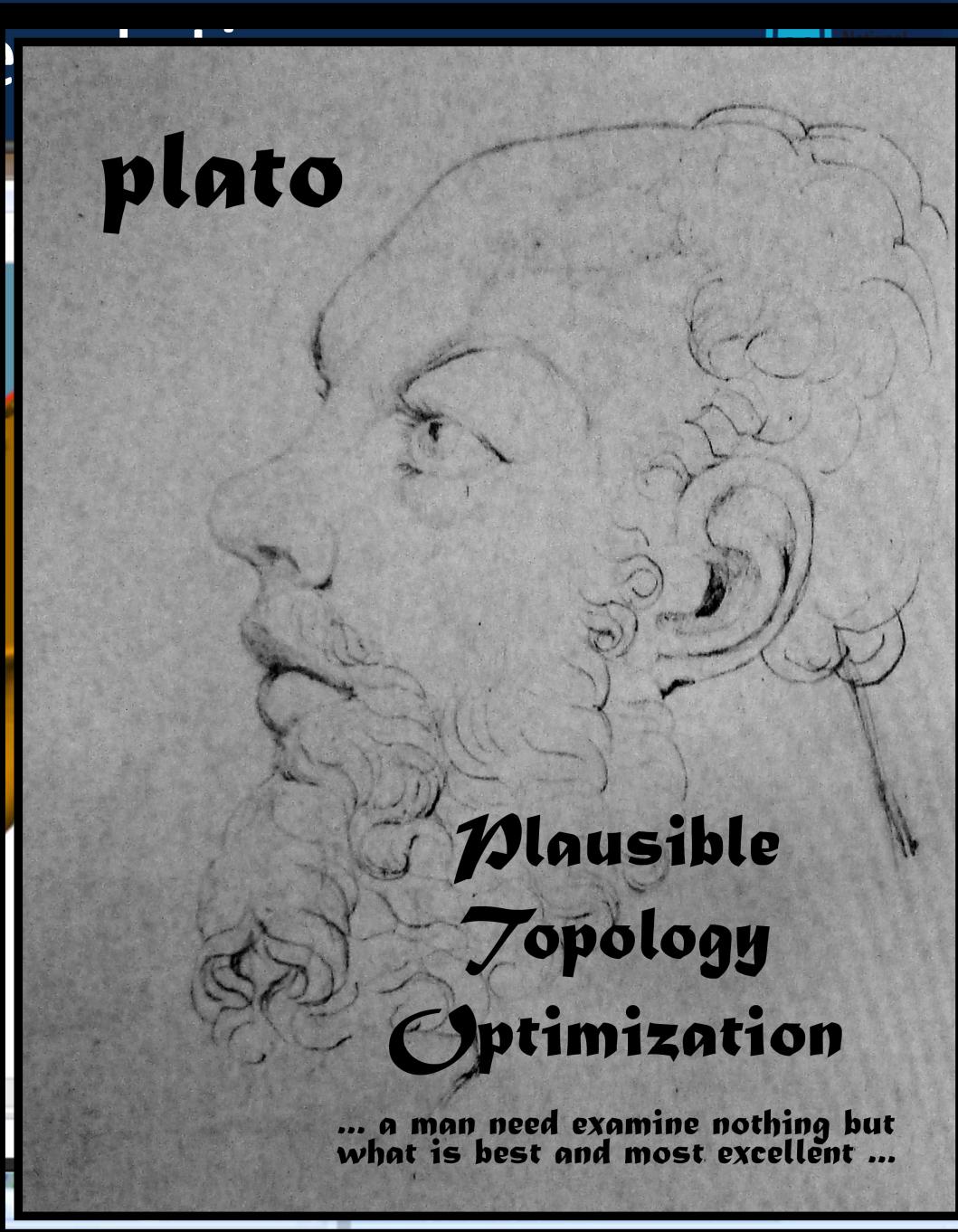
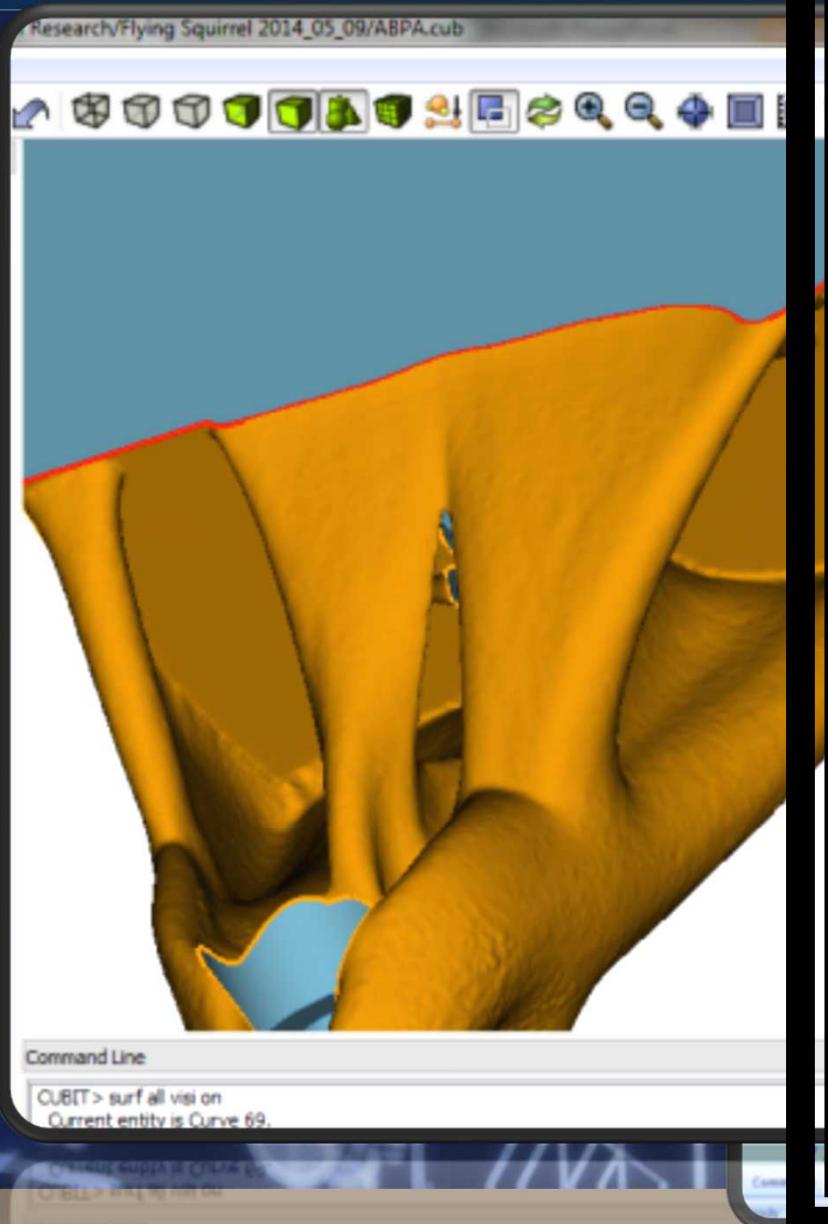


# Revolutions in Design and Manufacture

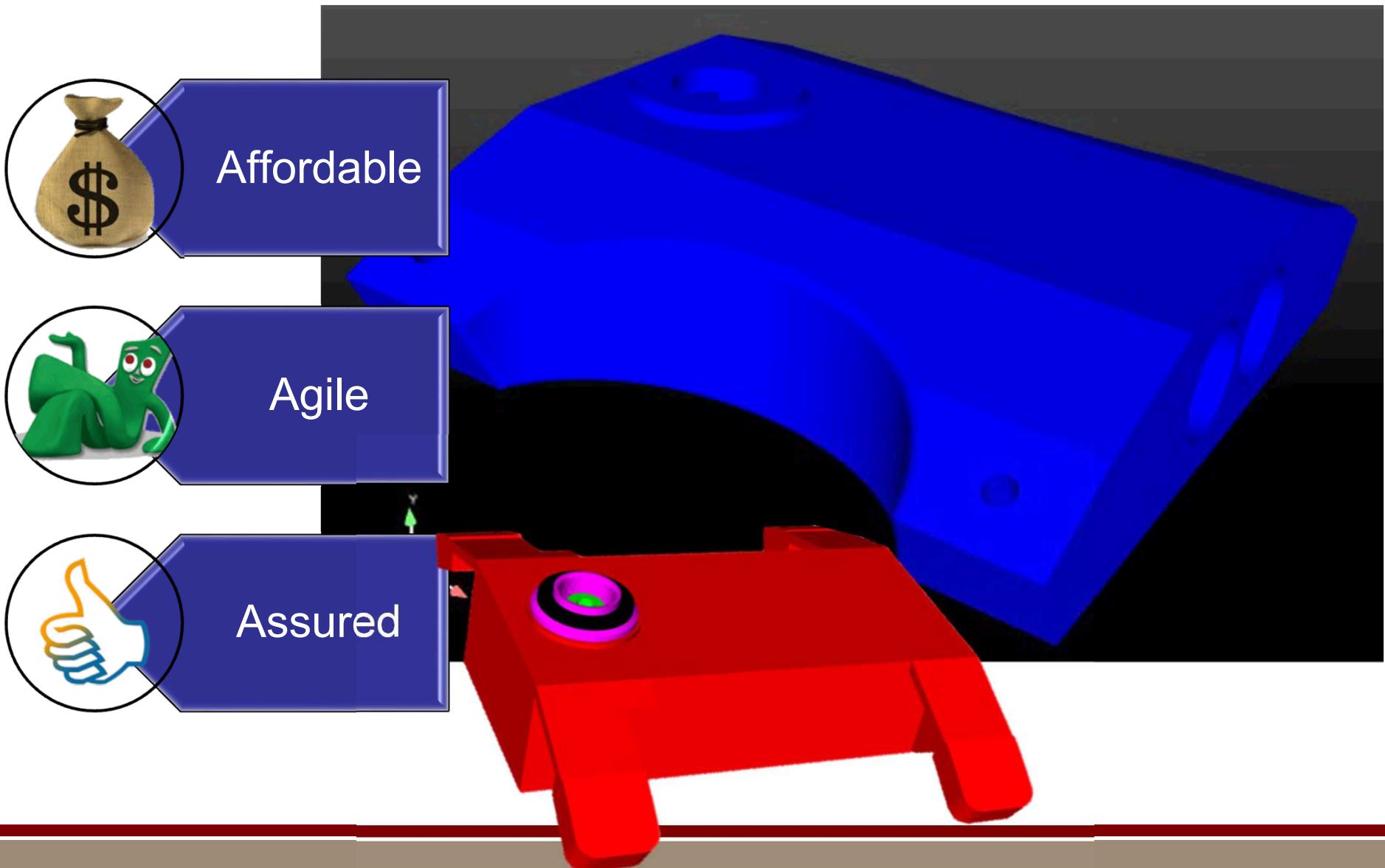
Technology  
Uncertainty  
Additive  
Manufacturing



Note: This is a Research Project



# Introduction to This Revolution



# Additive Manufacturing: Opportunity w/Challenges



Profoundly New  
Design Flexibility

In-Situ Material  
Qualification





## Invert Qualification

Imbedded Uncertainty  
Quantification

## Invert Manufacture

Powder Bed  
Metal Additive



## Invert Design

Topology Optimization  
with Material Locality

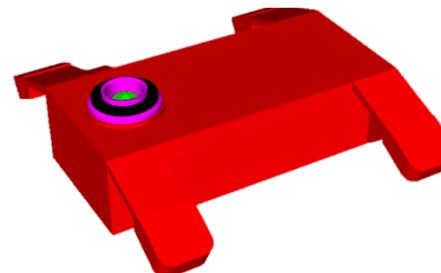
# Inversion of Design

**CURRENT**

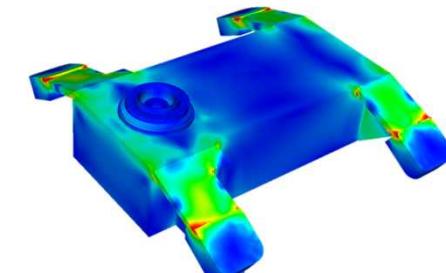
Specify Form



Design



Verify Function Using FEA

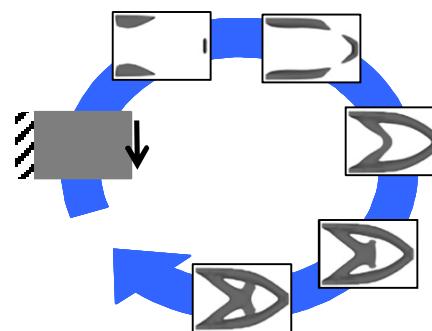


**NEW**

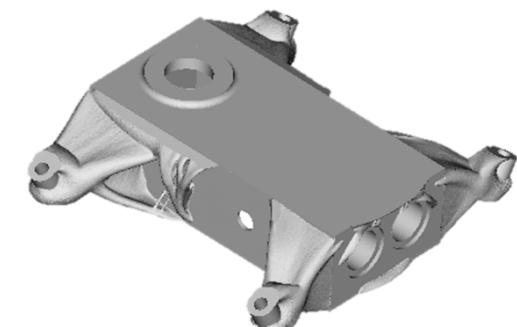
Specify Design Domain and Function



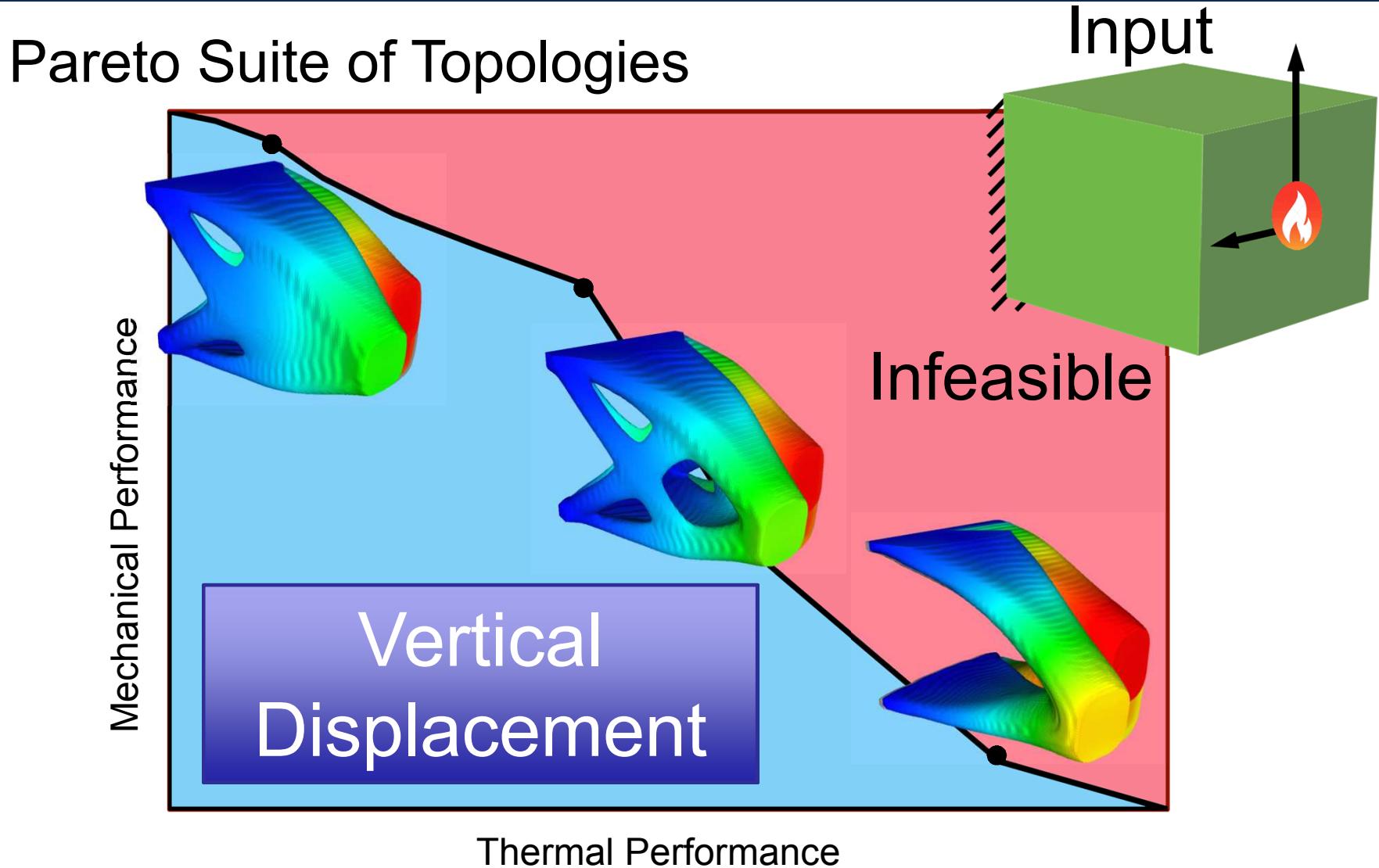
Use Topology Optimization (FEA) to Determine Form that Meets Function



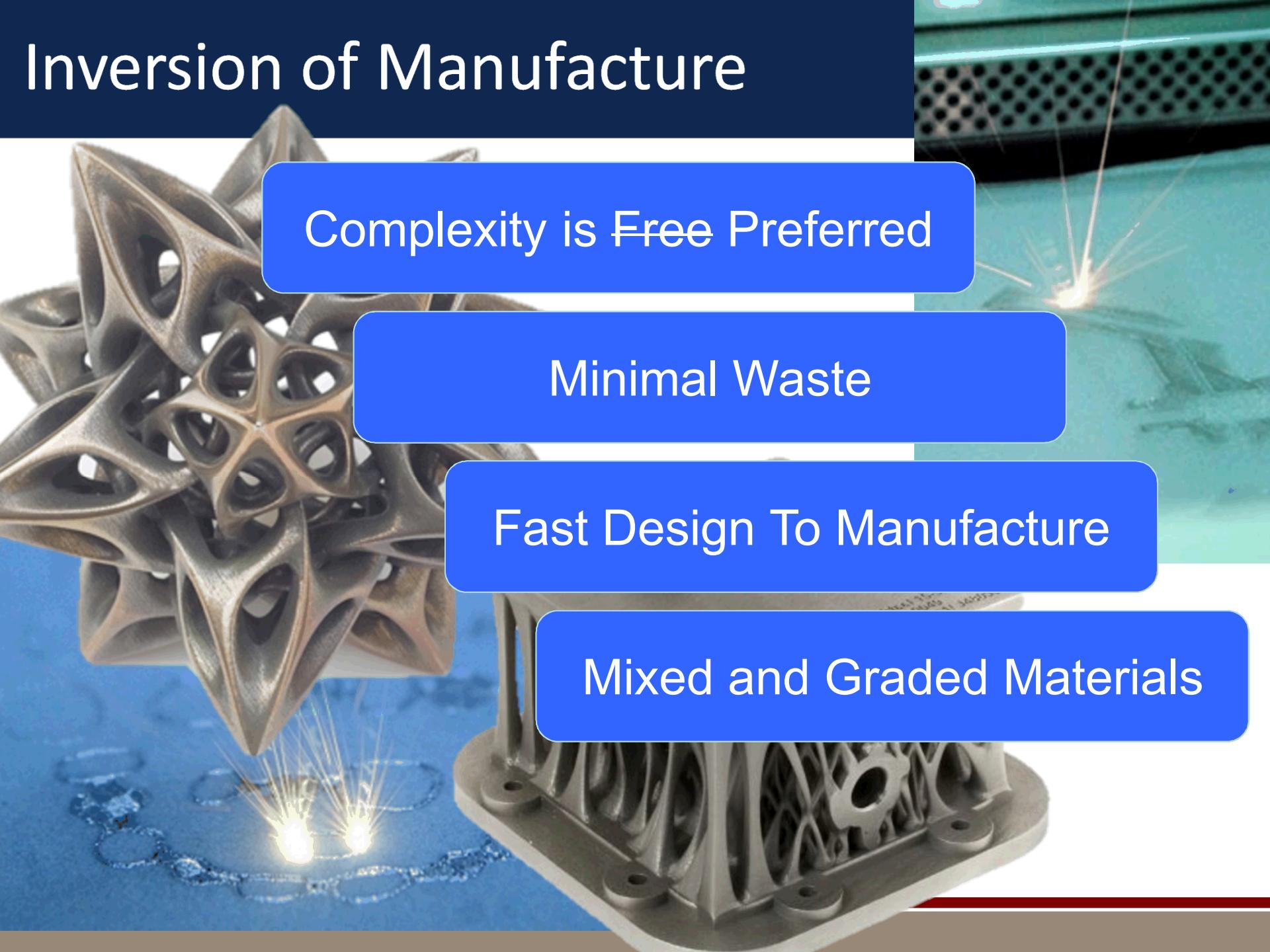
Optimized Design (Form)



# Design as Performance Prioritization



# Inversion of Manufacture



Complexity is Free Preferred

Minimal Waste

Fast Design To Manufacture

Mixed and Graded Materials

# Inversion of Qualification

Point-Wise Material Variability

Design Must Adjust Accordingly

Cost (Compute) Is a Critical Issue

In-Situ Metrology to Validate



# The Case For Surrogate-Based Optimization

## Problem Setup

- Linear Statics
- 1.5M elements
- 1 Objective  
(Maximize Stiffness)
- 1 Loading Condition



CPU TIME:

1200 Minutes  
200 Hours  
2 Hours

1 High Fidelity FEM  
≈ 12 Minutes on  
4196 cores

Optimization

Uncertainty  
Quantification

X 2

Evaluations  
per Iteration

X 50

Iterations

X 100

Sample

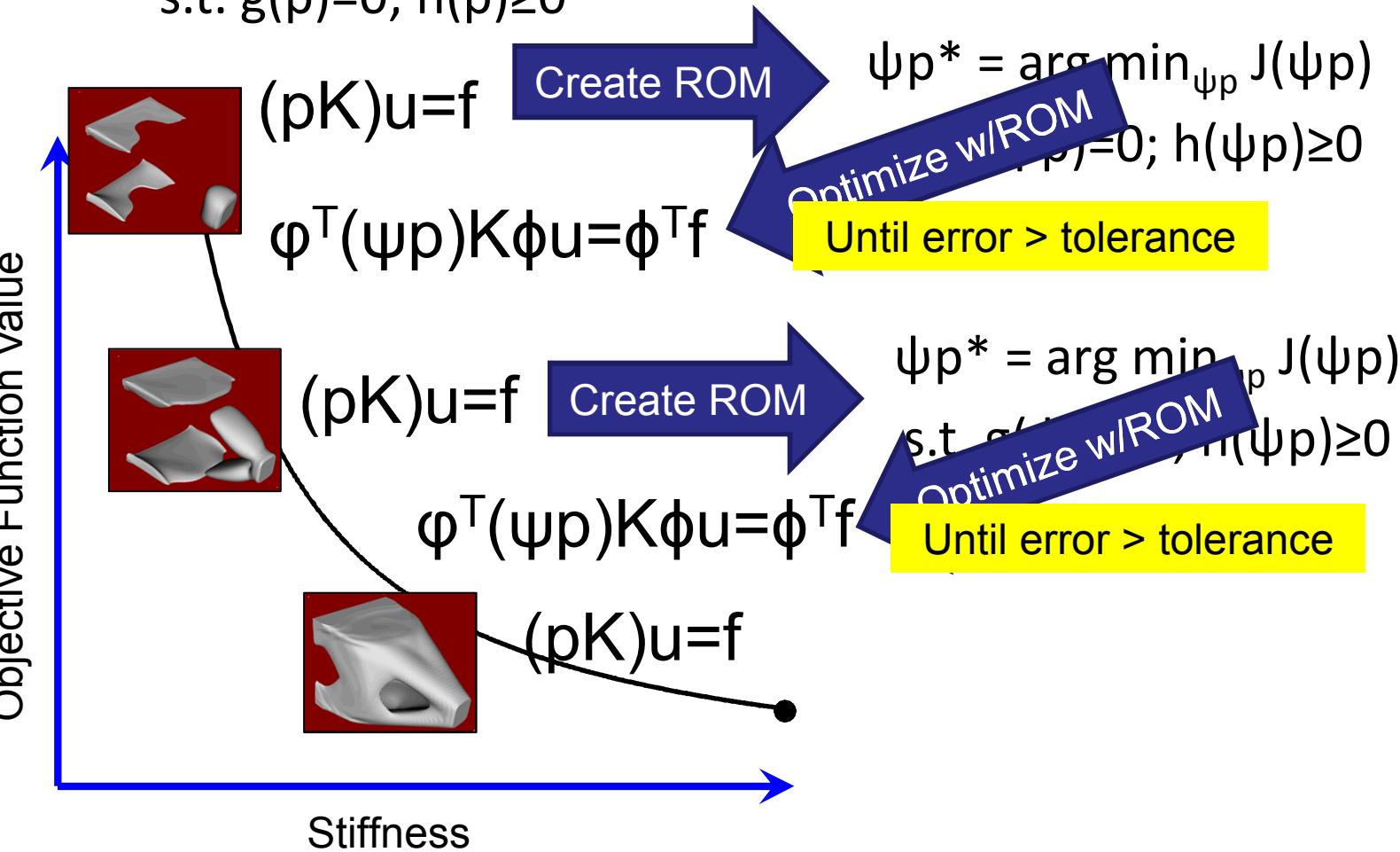
Physics- Based  
Reduced Order  
Modeling

Smart Sampling  
Techniques

# Physics-Based Reduced Order Modeling

$$p^* = \arg \min_z J(p)$$

$$\text{s.t. } g(p)=0; h(p) \geq 0$$



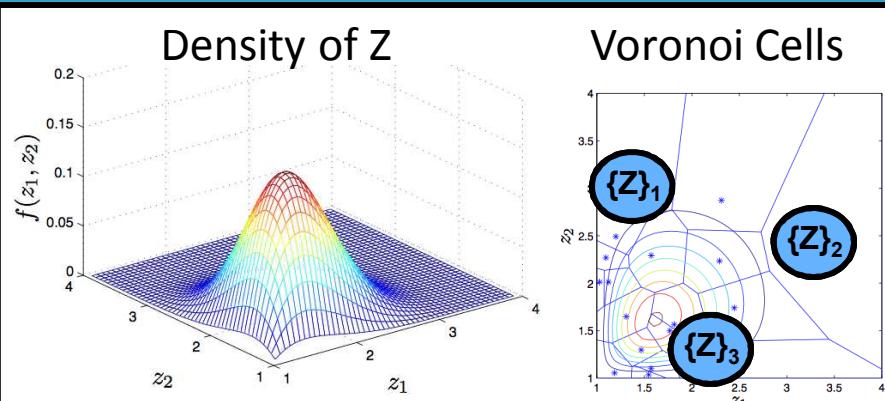
# Smart Sampling Techniques

$$p^* = \arg \min_p \mathbf{E}[U^T(pK(G,B))U]$$

s.t.

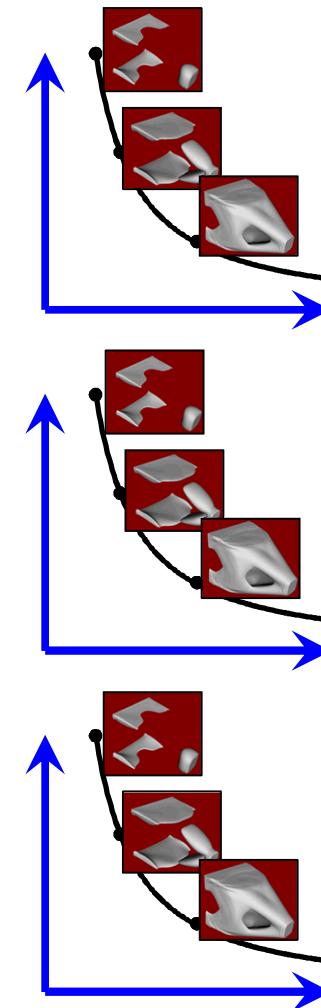
$$(pK(G,B))U - f = 0; V(p) \leq V_0$$

## Stochastic ROM



Build SROM Given Available Resources  
(# FEM Runs That Can Be Performed)

$\{Z\}_i = \{\text{Shear Modulus (G), Bulk Modulus (B)}\}$   
 $1 \leq i \leq M, M = \#\text{Samples}$



# Expected Result of Surrogate-Based Optimization

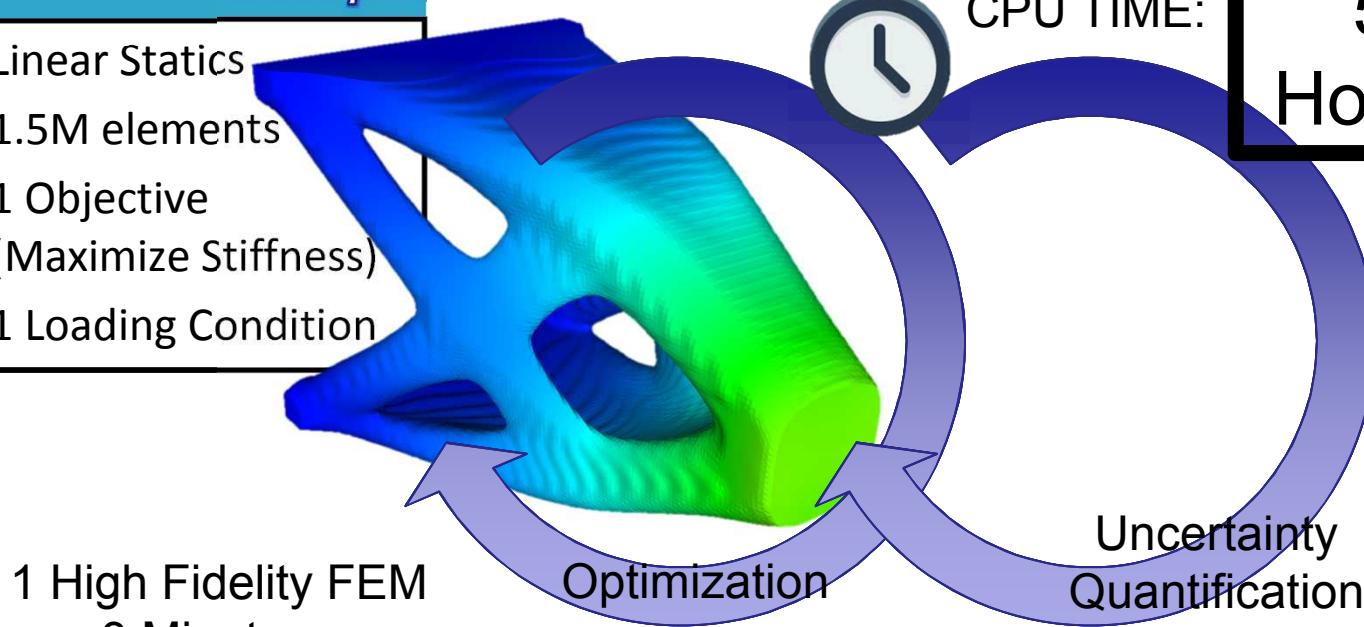
## Problem Setup

- Linear Statics
- 1.5M elements
- 1 Objective  
(Maximize Stiffness)
- 1 Loading Condition



CPU TIME:

5  
Hours



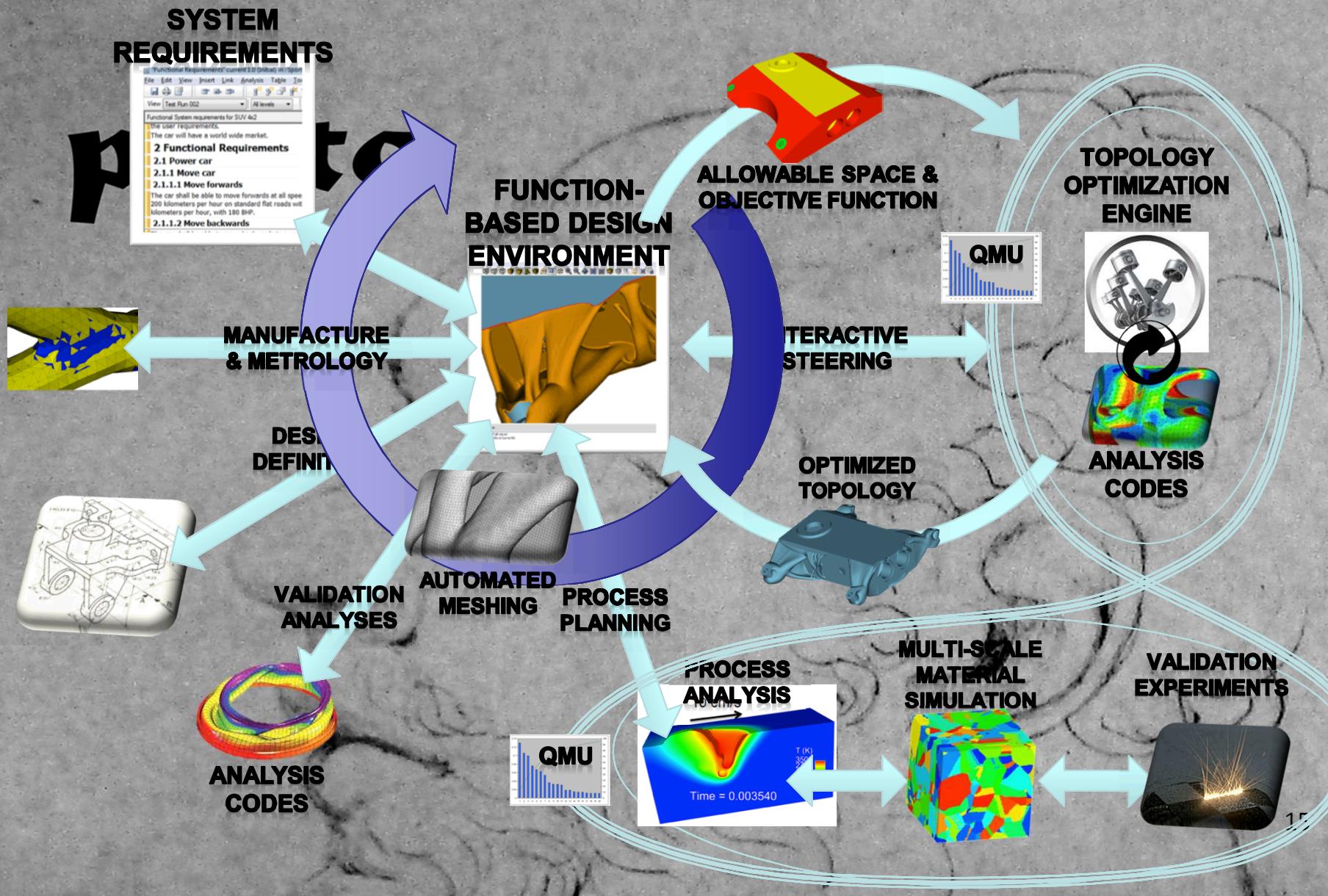
1 High Fidelity FEM  
≈ 3 Minutes on  
4196 Processors

**X 2**  
Evaluations  
Per Iteration

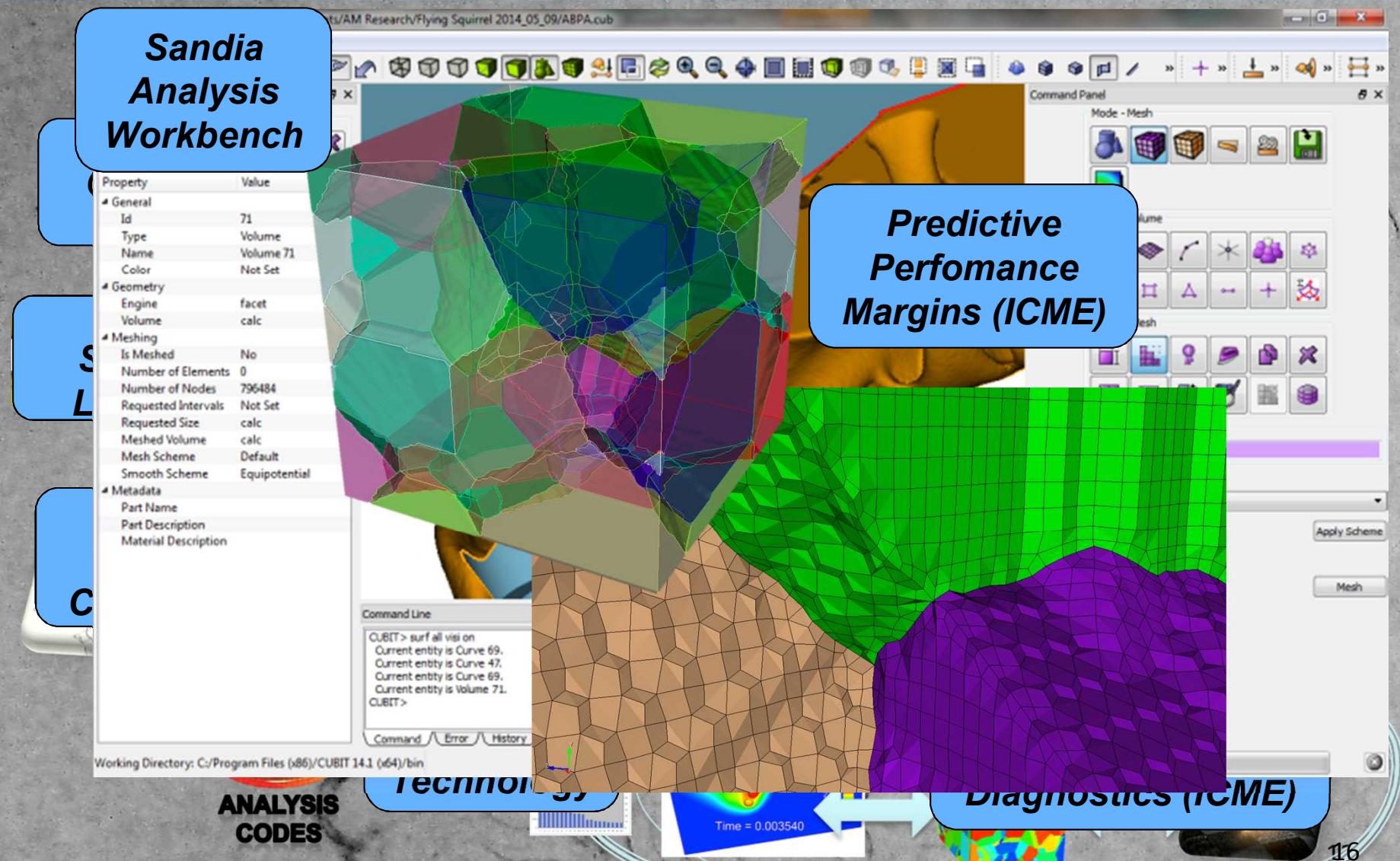
**X 50**  
Iterations

**X 5**  
Samples

# How Will This Revolution Work?



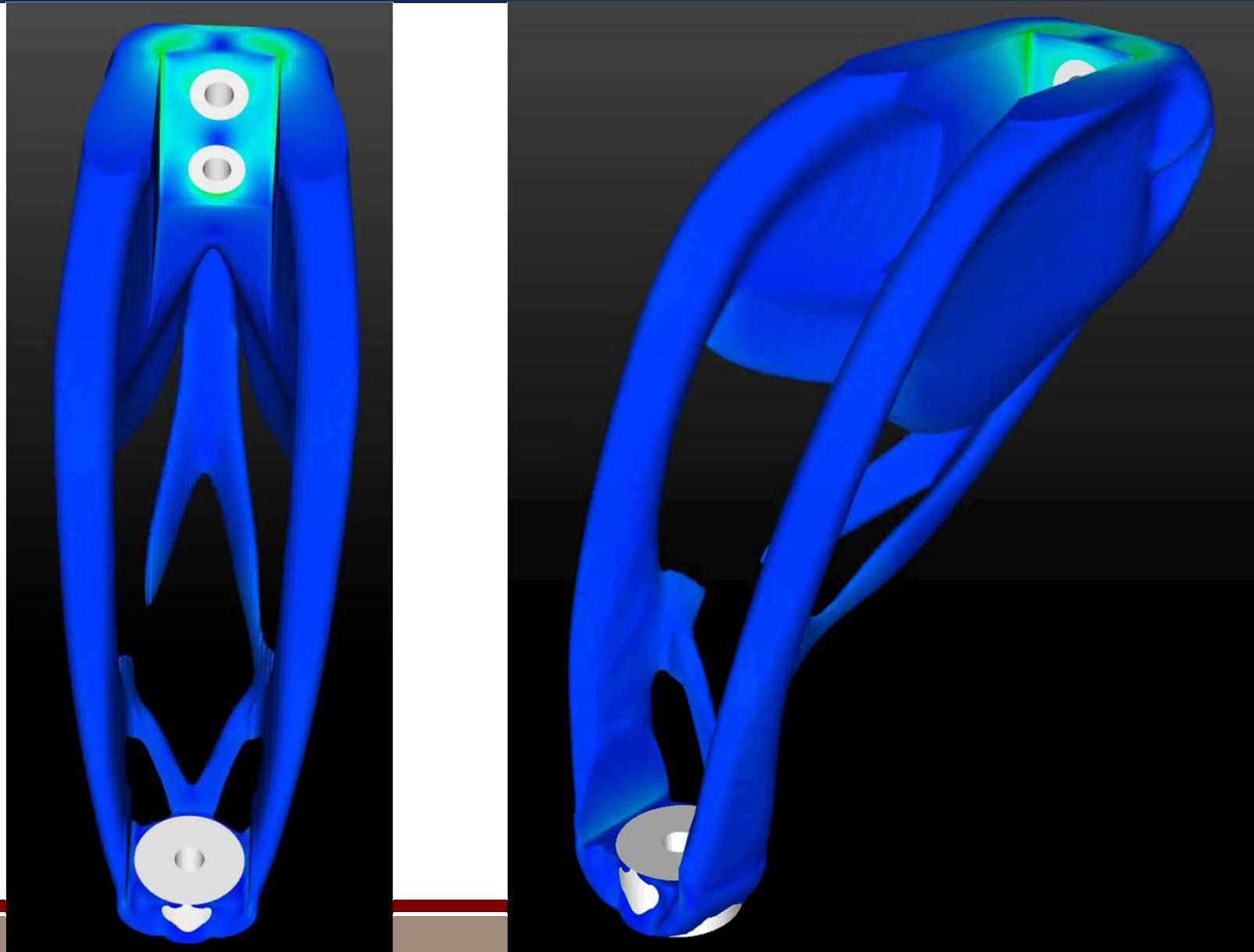
# SNL Expertise That Makes This Feasible



# Demonstration: Optimization based design

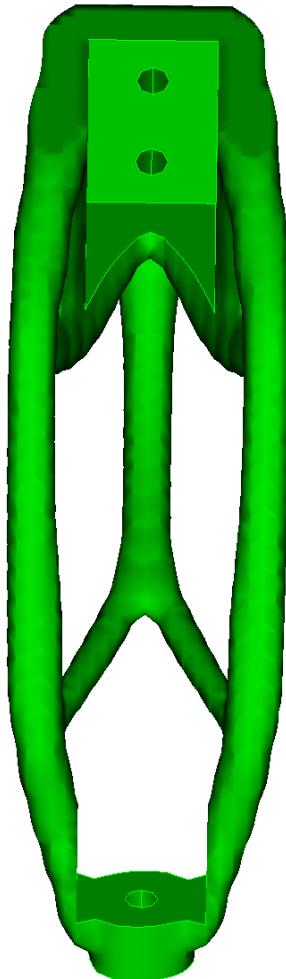


# Recent Example for NSC: Lantern Bracket

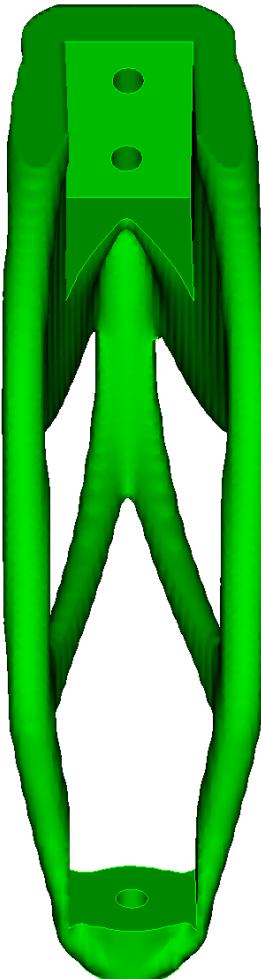


# Numerical Sensitivities: Lantern Bracket

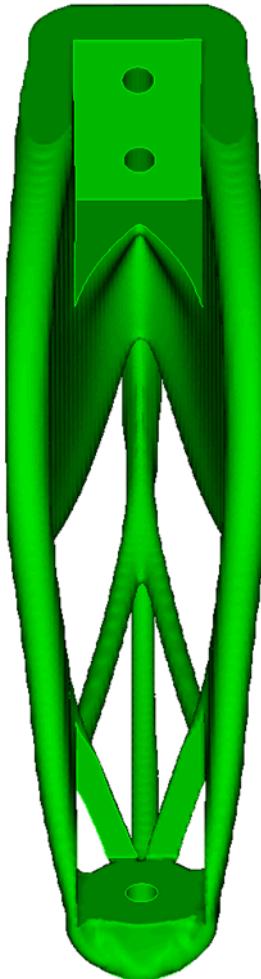
0.14 M  
Elements



1.1 M  
Elements



3.9 M  
Elements



- Obvious dependency on mesh size
- Significant interactions with mesh filter size and mesh size
- Recently discovered sensitivity to mesh regularity and filtering mechanisms

# PLATO Technology Plan

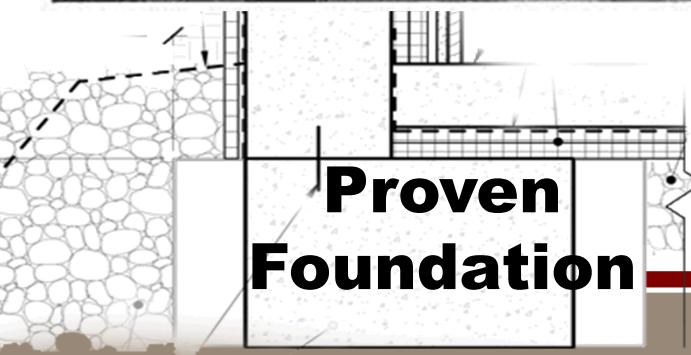
**Research  
Stew**



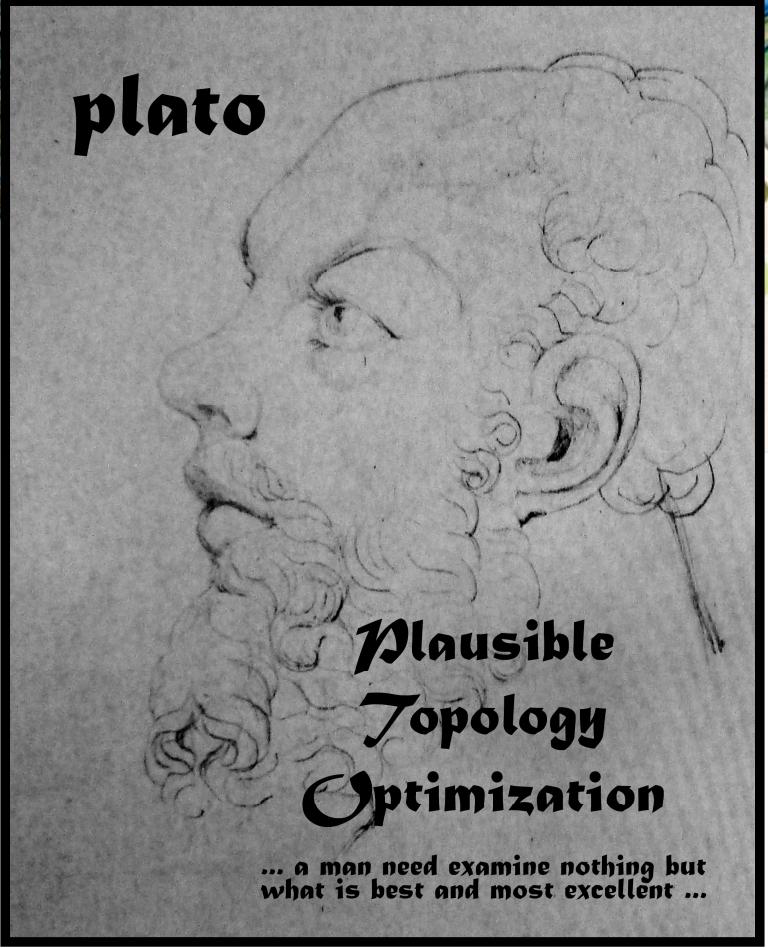
**Crafting**



**Proven  
Foundation**



**plato**



# PLATO Technology Plan

## Research Stew

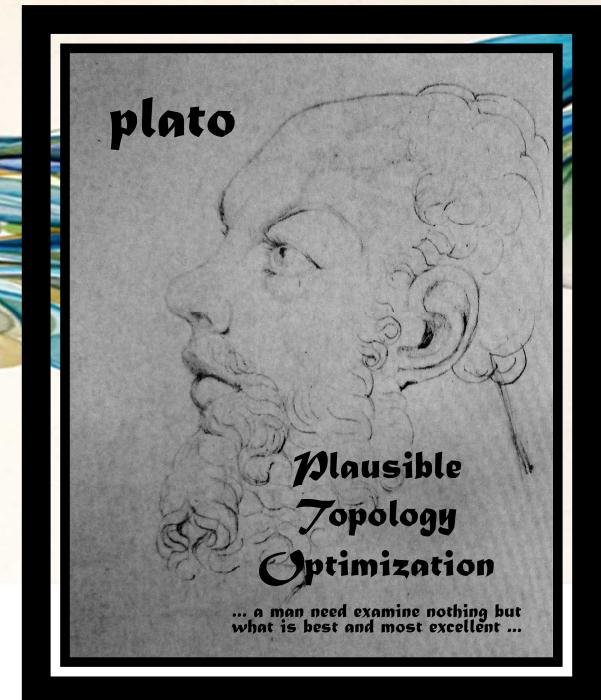
Kurt Maute, U Colorado Boulder

Krishnan Suresh, U Wisconsin

Albert To, U Pittsburg

Alicia Kim, U Cal San Diego

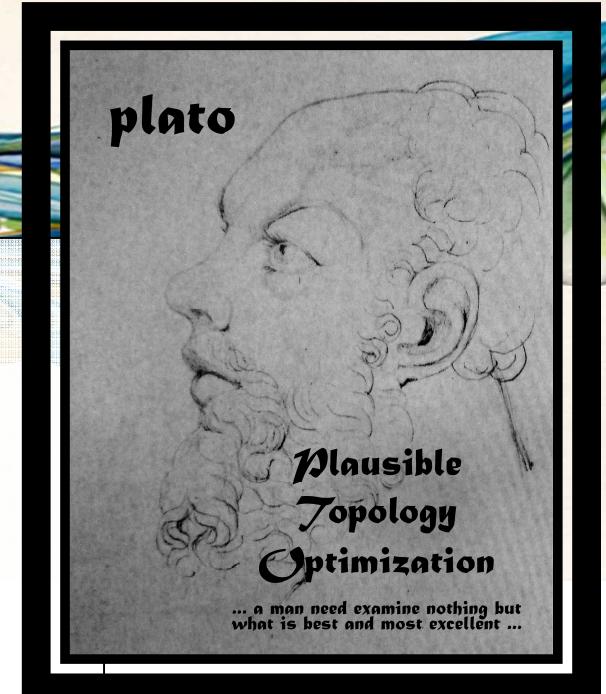
- **X-FEM Explicit Boundaries**
- **Shape Sensitivities**
- Micro to Macro
- Sliding Interfaces
- Compliant Structures
- **Reduced Order Modeling**
- **Adaptive +/- Refinement**
- **Uncertainty Inclusion**



# PLATO Technology Plan

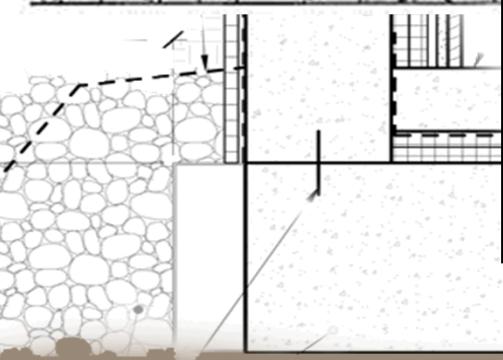


- Albany: Research Platform
- SIERRA: Production Mechanics Codes
- CUBIT: Geometry & Meshing Tools and Expertise
- SAW: Customizable Workflow Environment



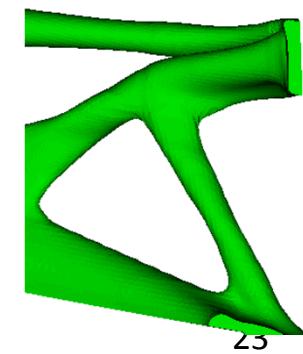
**Proven  
Foundation**

# PLATO Technology Plan



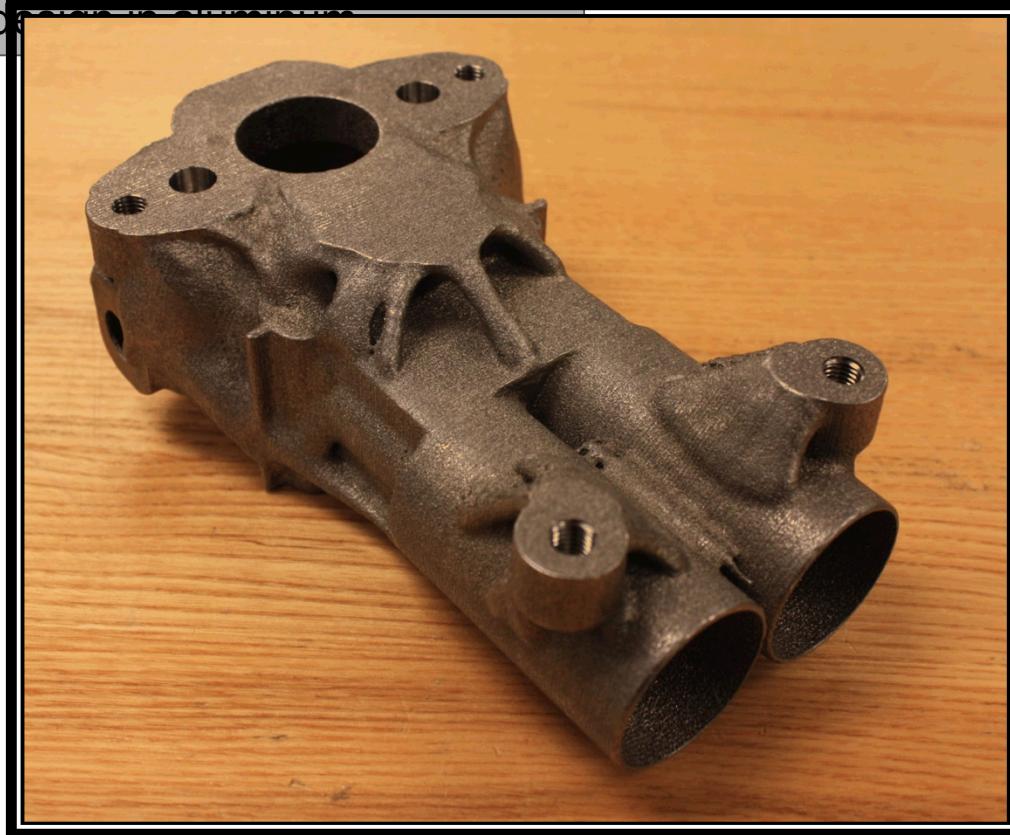
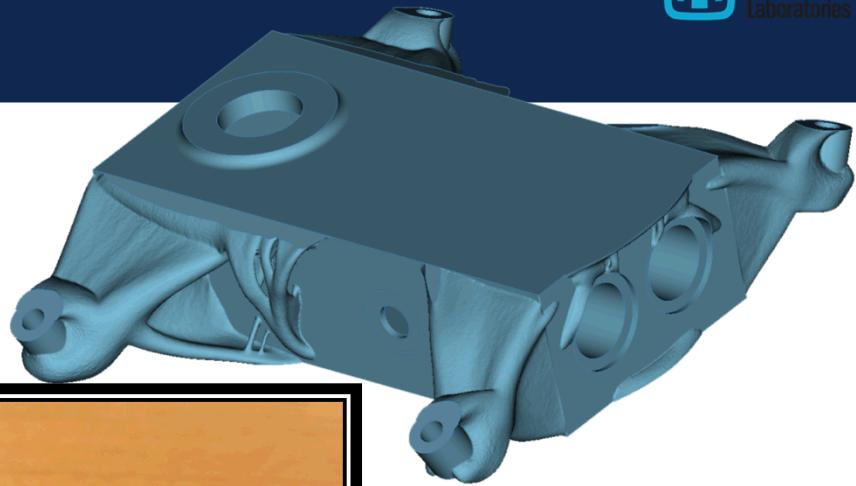
## Expected Outcomes:

- Modern Design/  
Analysis Environment
- Clean, Smooth,  
Connected Shapes
- Fast Convergence
- Interactive Speed & Control
- Robust designs
- Directly Printable Output
- Interface to CAD



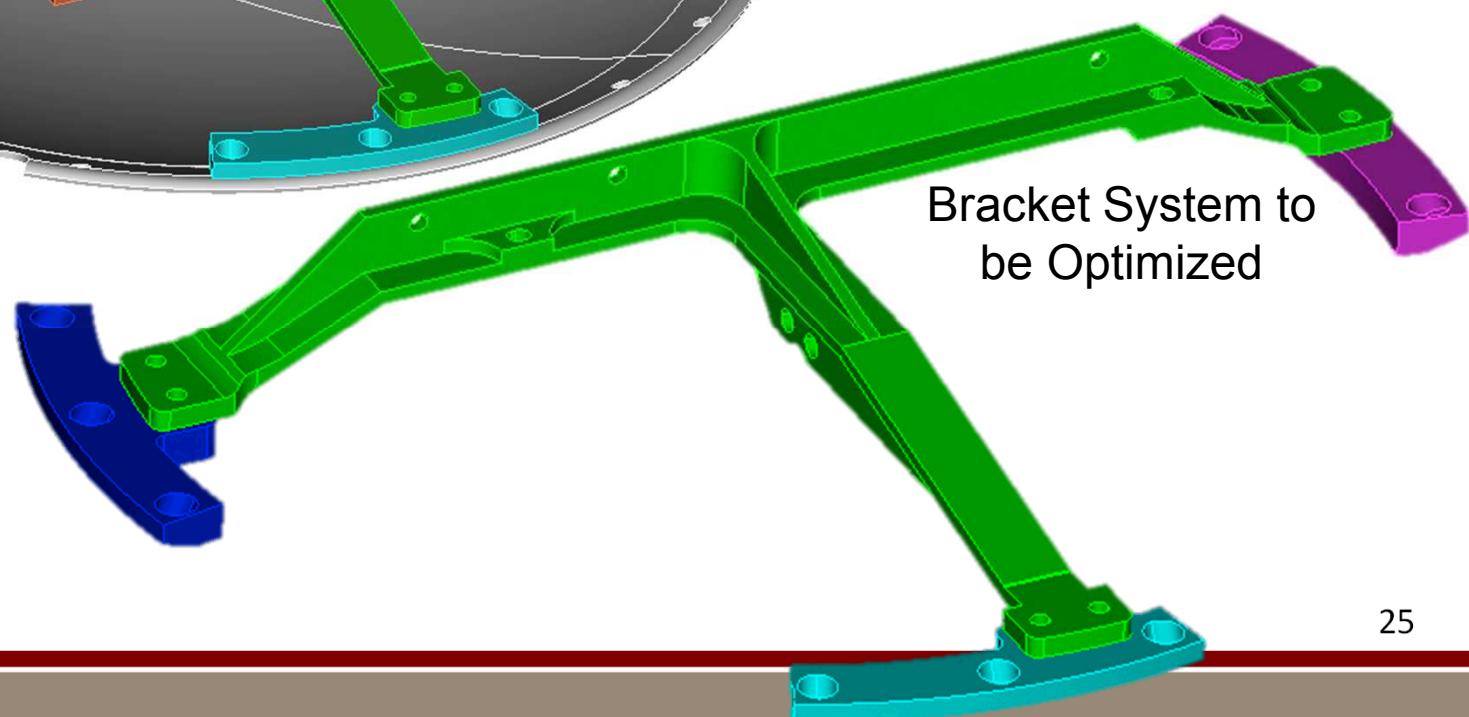
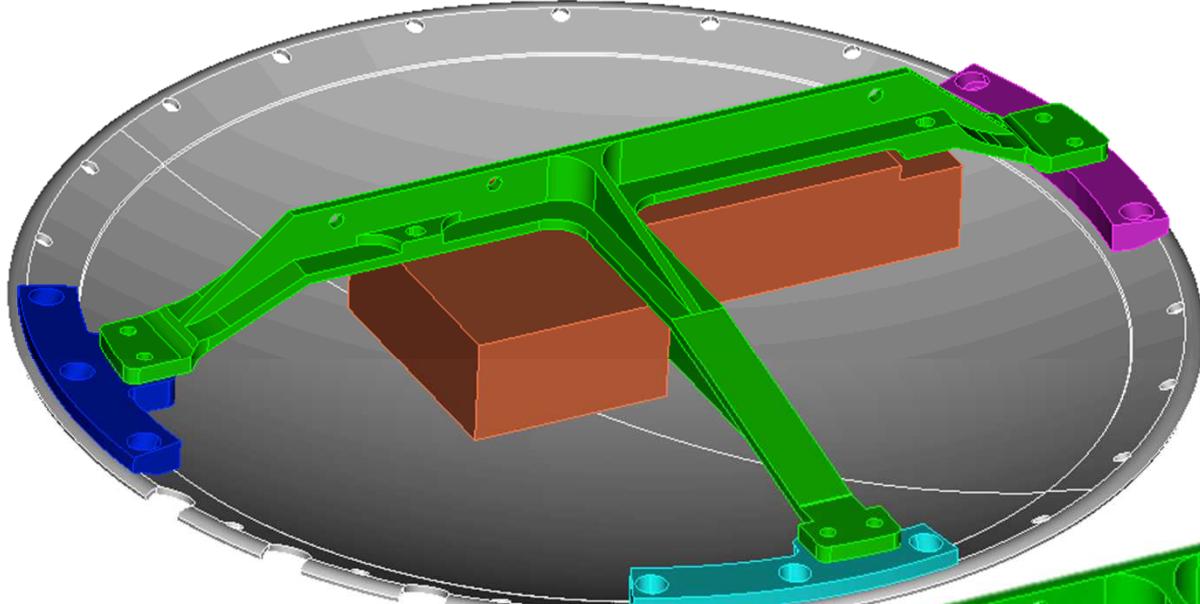
# Demonstration Exemplar

Optimized design (using same mass and material, i.e., carbon phenolic) achieves 39% average increase in modes of interest, compared to 23% increase achieved by printing original design.



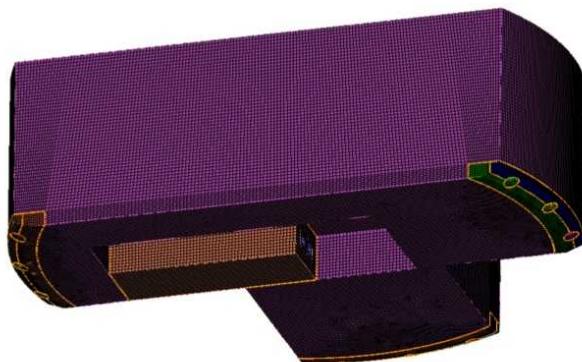
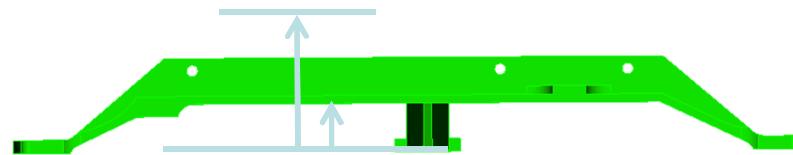
# Bracket Design Problem

Entire Bracket-Mass Assembly



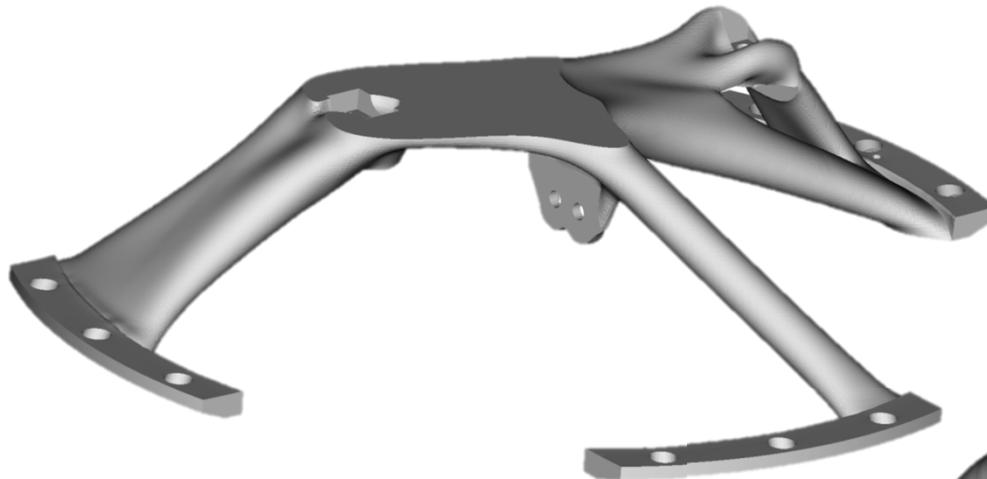
# Bracket Design Problem

Rapid Design Response to Source Requirement Change

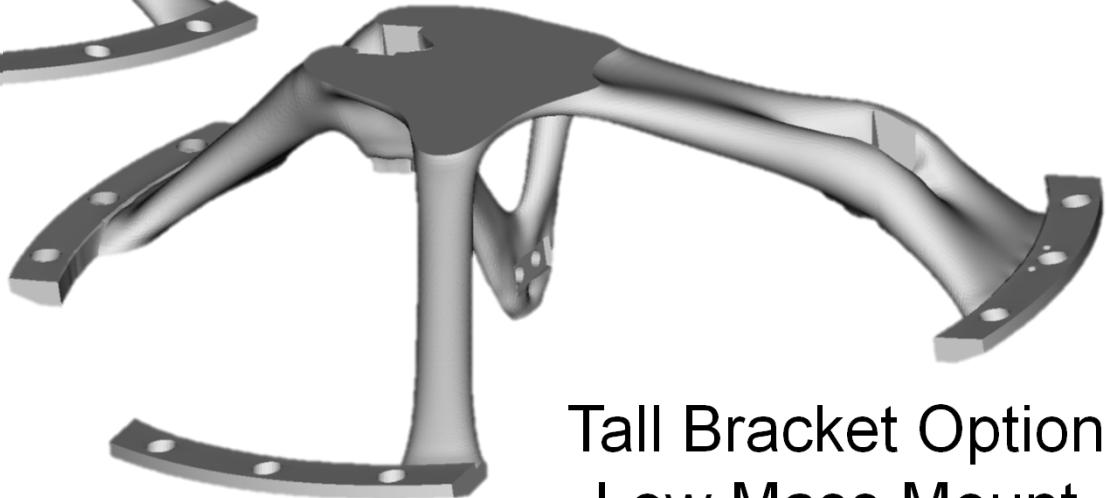


# Bracket Design Problem

Refinements on Design with Options on Mass Mounting



Tall Bracket Option  
High Mass Mount



Tall Bracket Option  
Low Mass Mount

# Realizing the Revolution

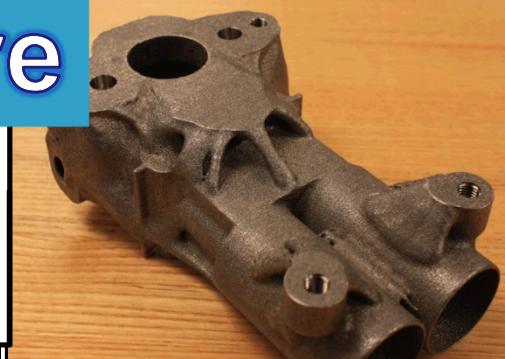


## Invert Design

Topology Optimization  
with Material Locality

## Invert Manufacture

Powder Bed  
Metal Additive



## Invert Qualification

In-Situ Validation of  
Materials & Processes

- Disruptive Change for NW
- Disruptive Change for SNL
- Disruptive Change for World of Engineering