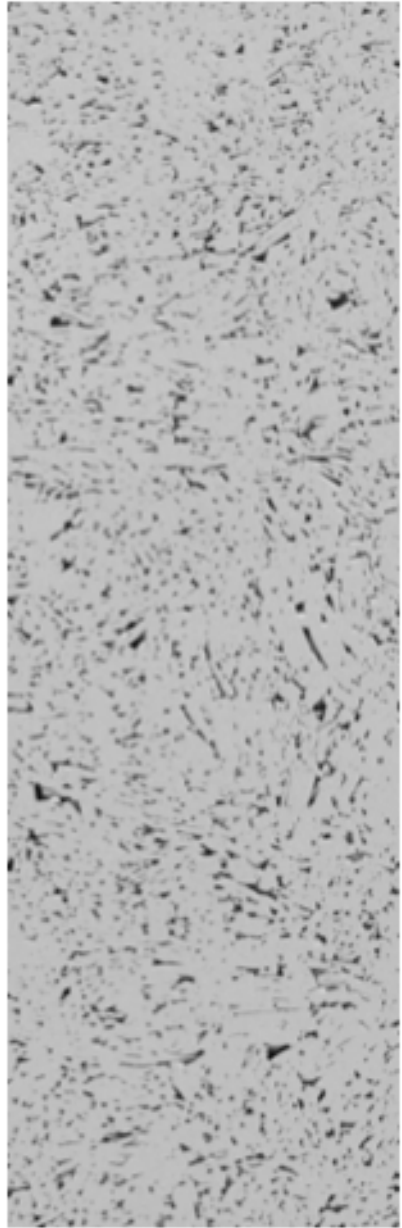


Characterizing the growth to detonation in PETN^{SAND2015-8218C} and HNS with small-scale PDV cutback experiments

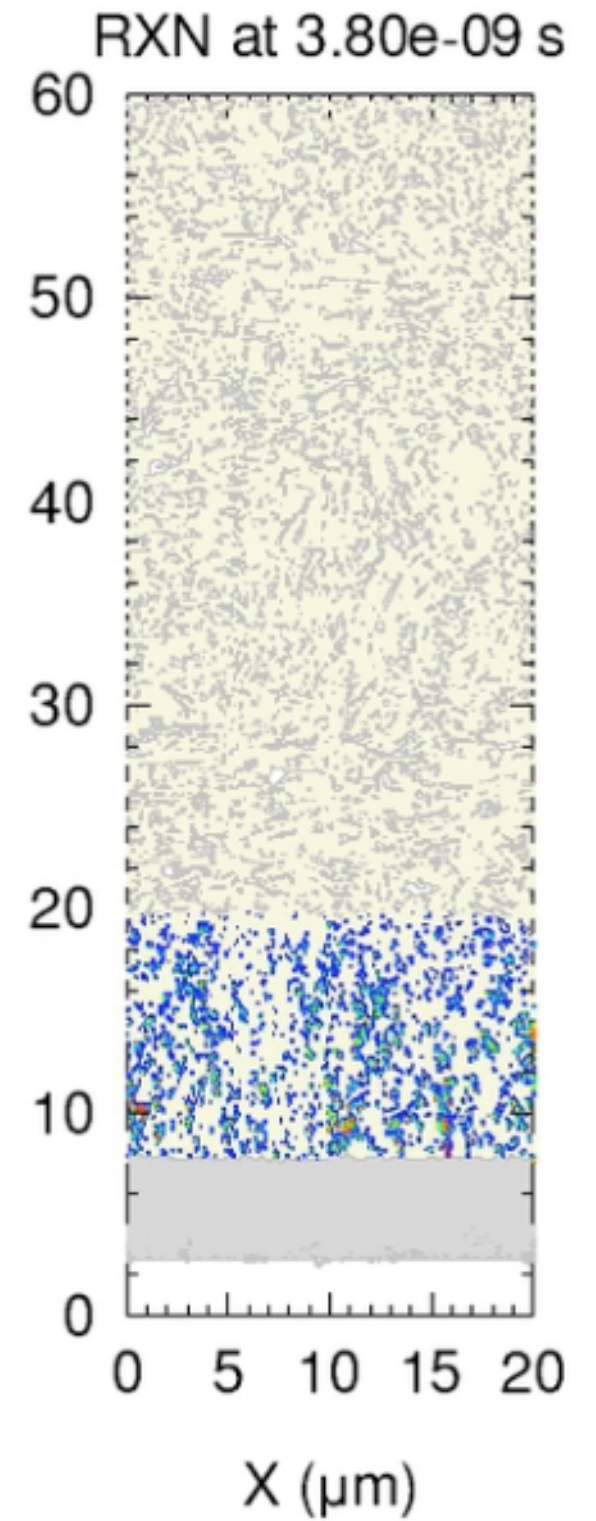
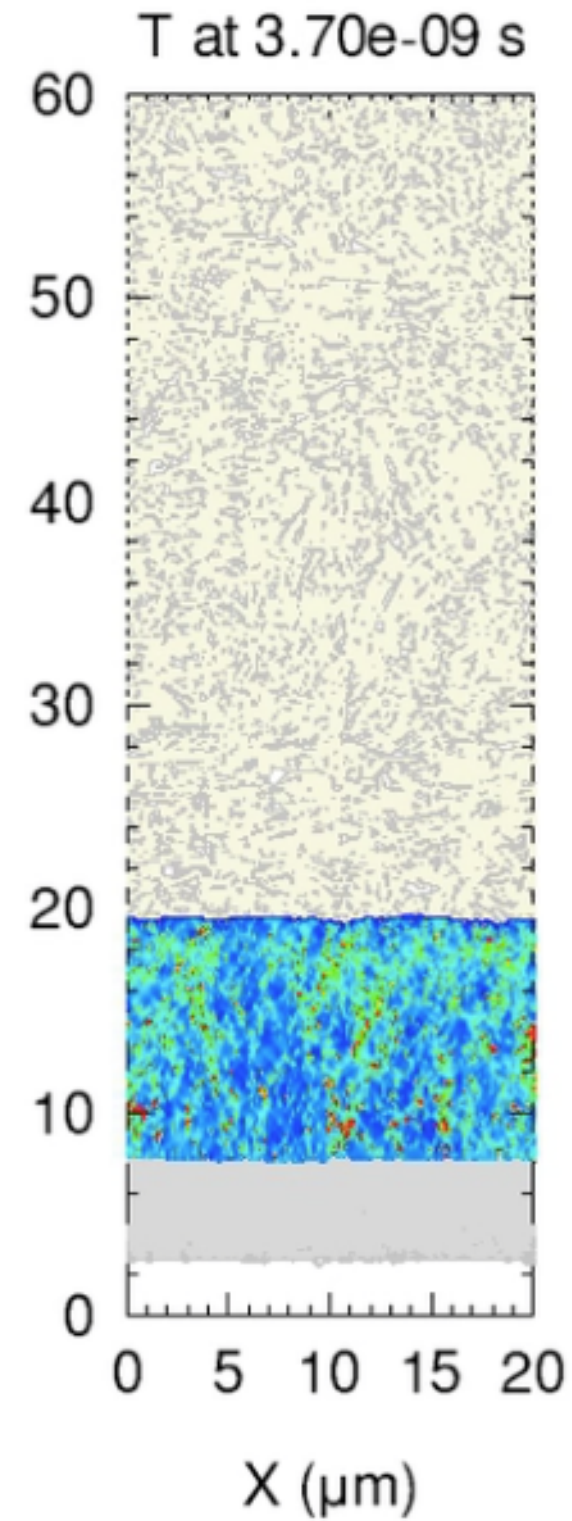
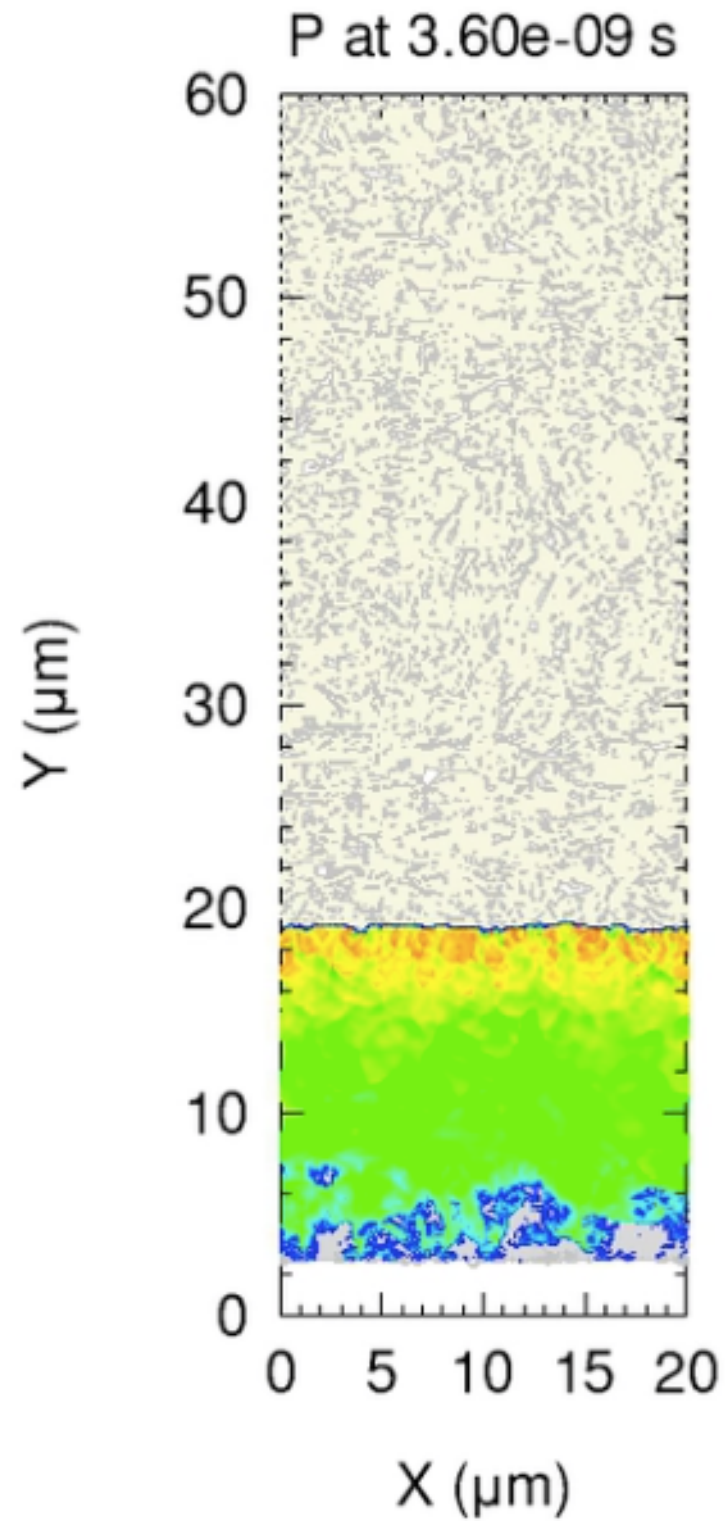
Ryan R. Wixom,
Cole Yarrington, Robert Knepper, Alexander Tappan,
Joseph Olles, and Matthew Zelenok



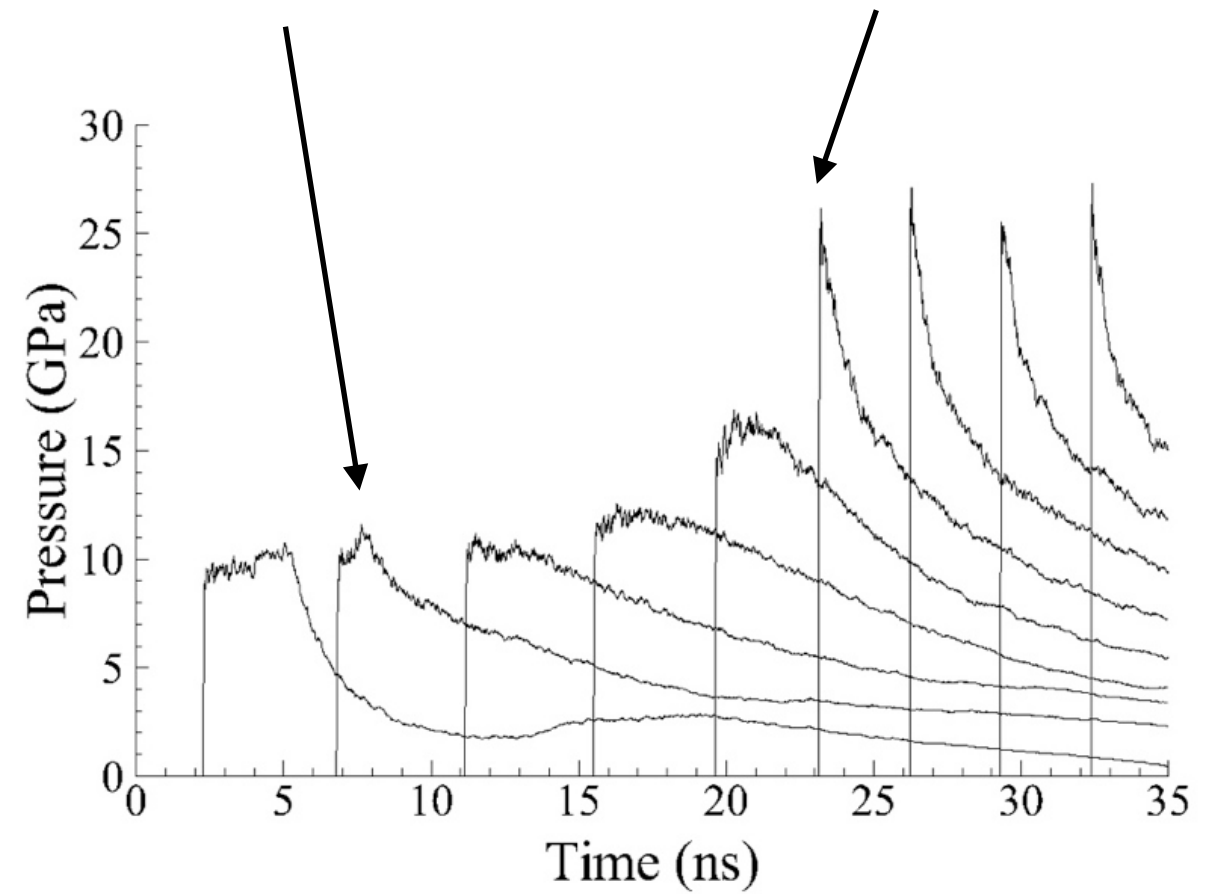
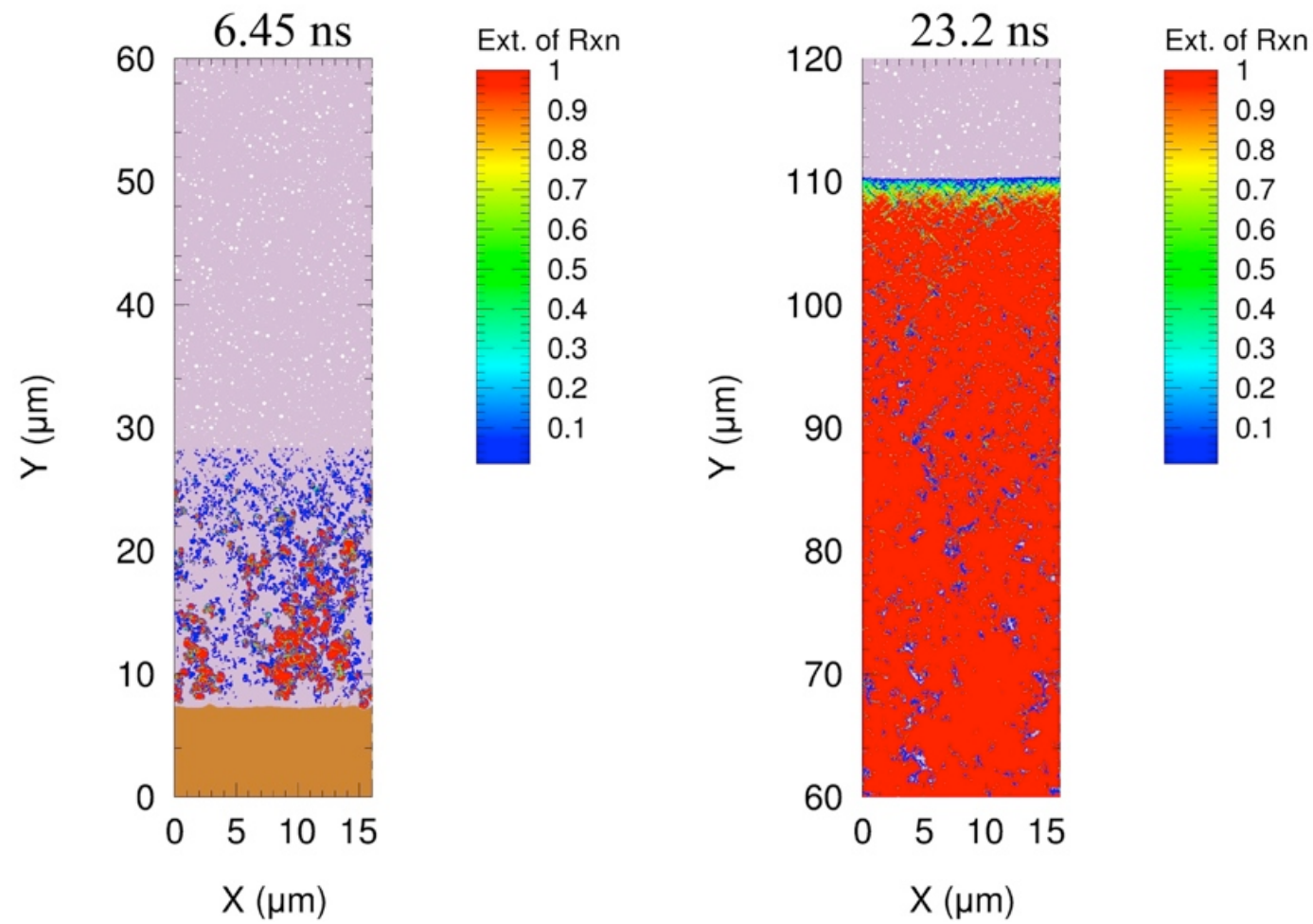
Mesoscale simulation of HNS initiation



SEM image

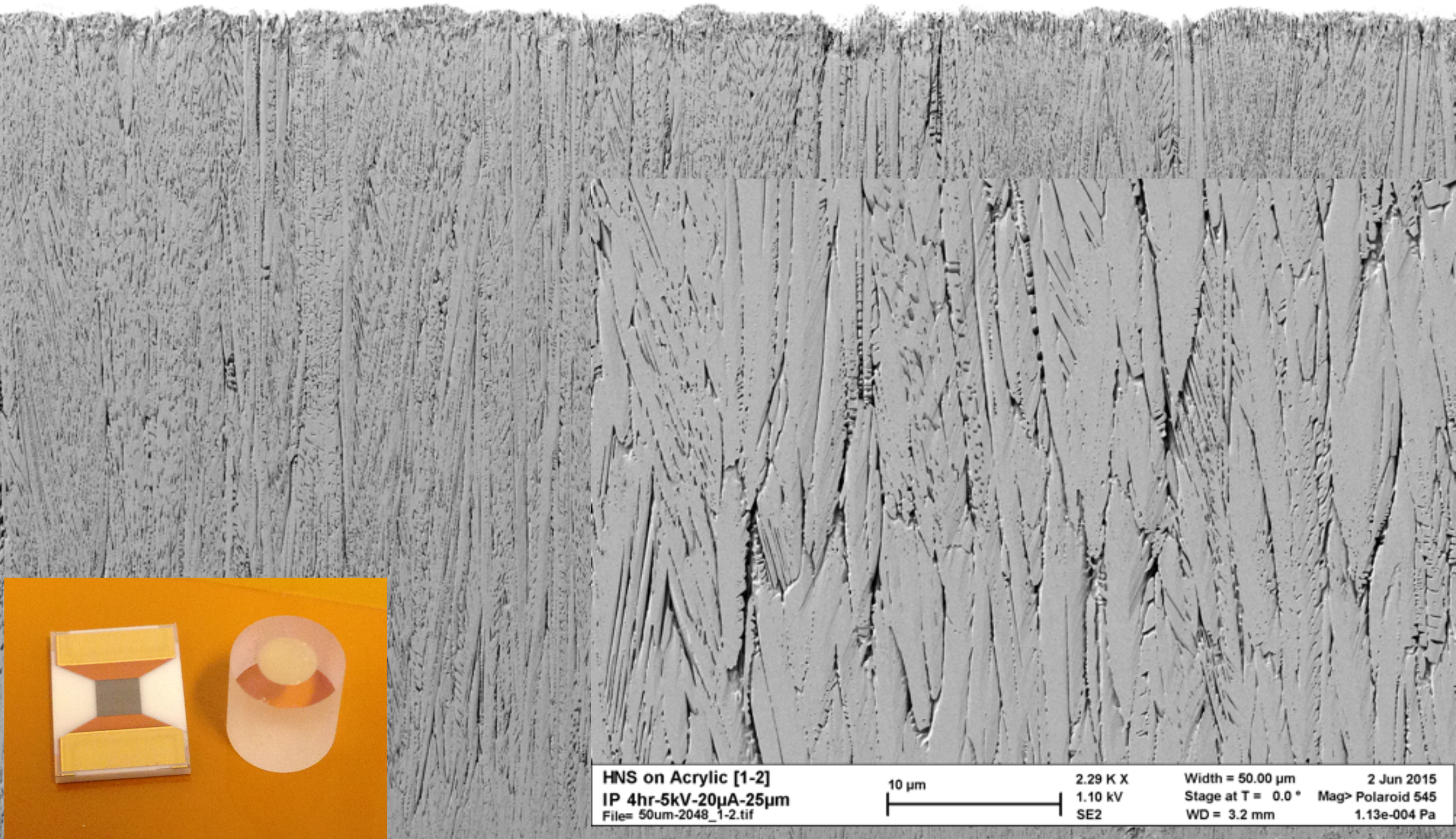


How do we validate our simulation?

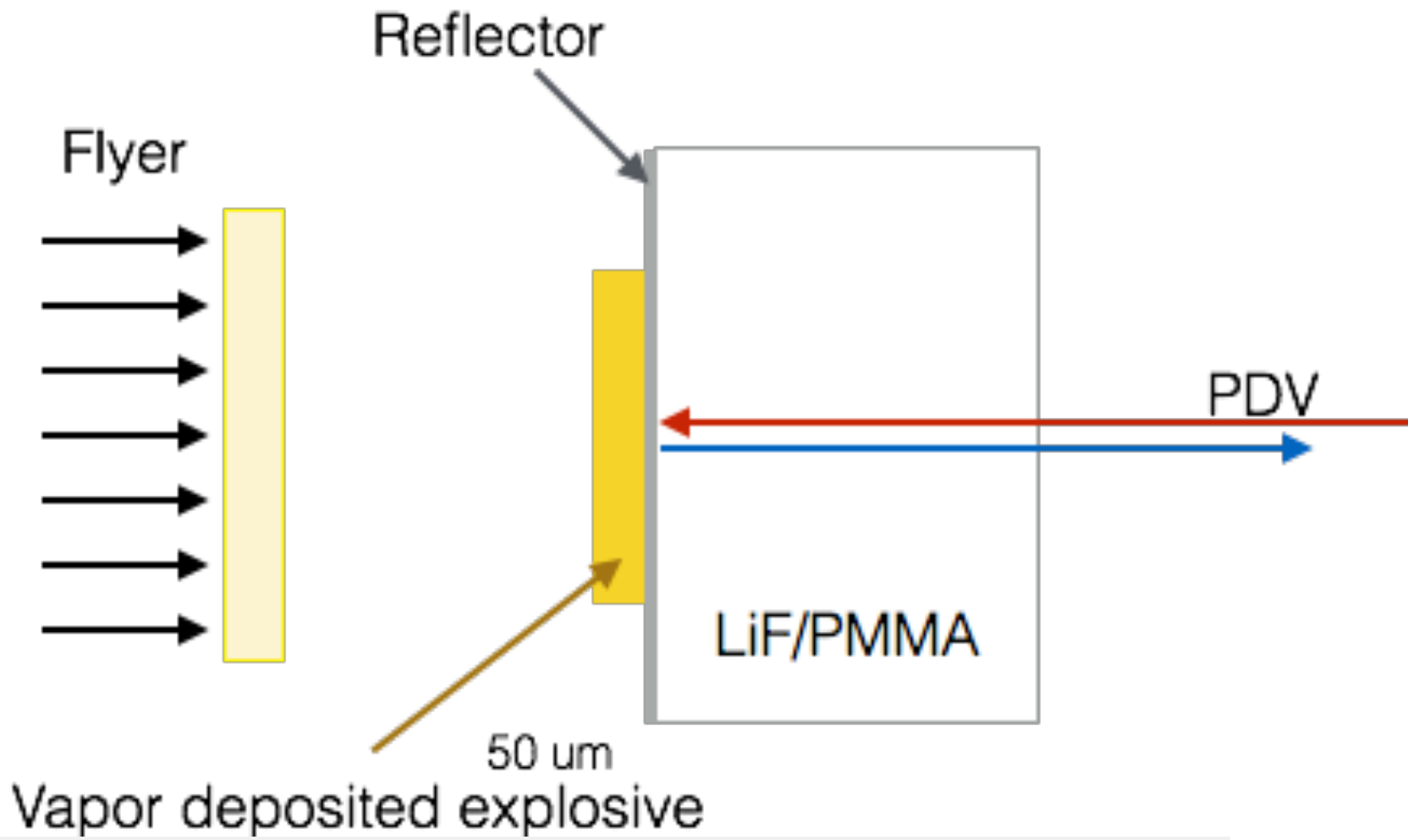


Embedded gauge ? No.
Gas Gun ? No.

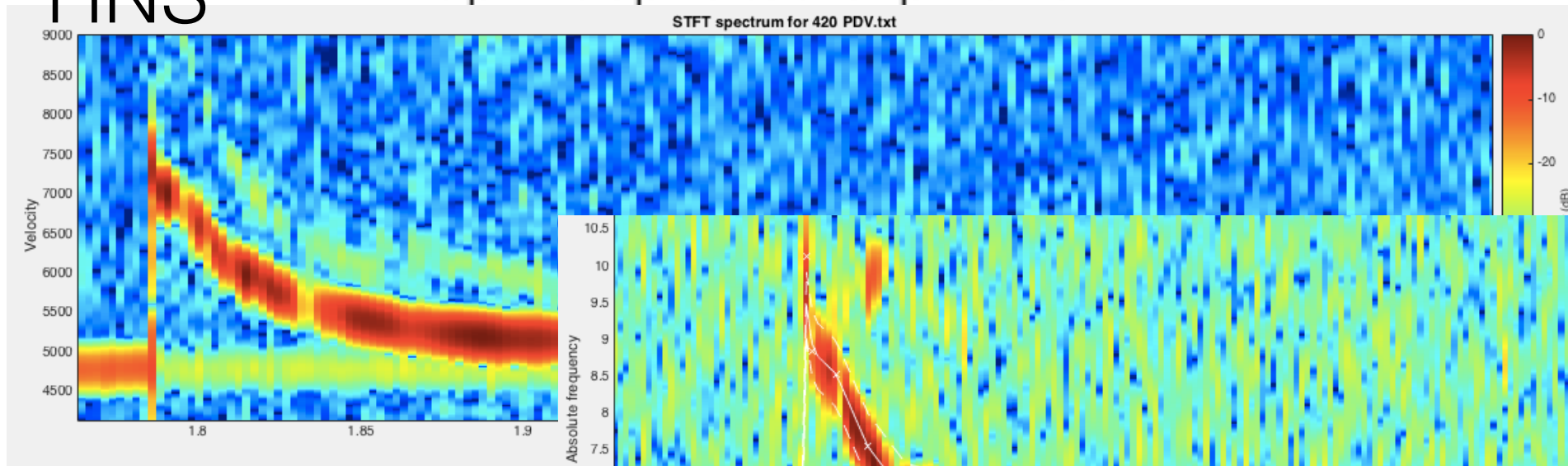
Samples: Vapor-deposited HNS (50-200um thick)



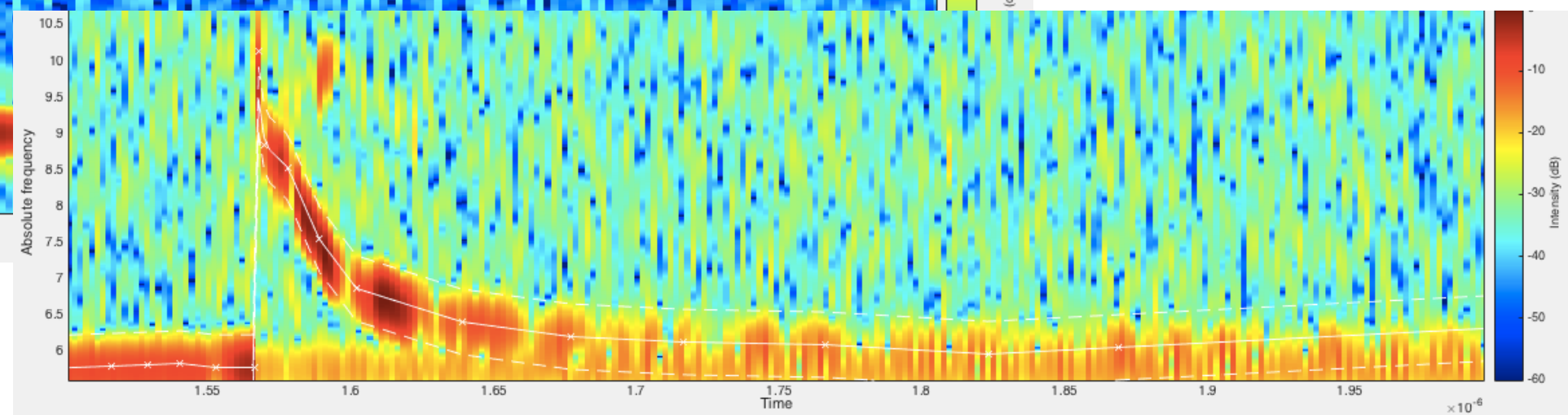
PDV experiments



HNS

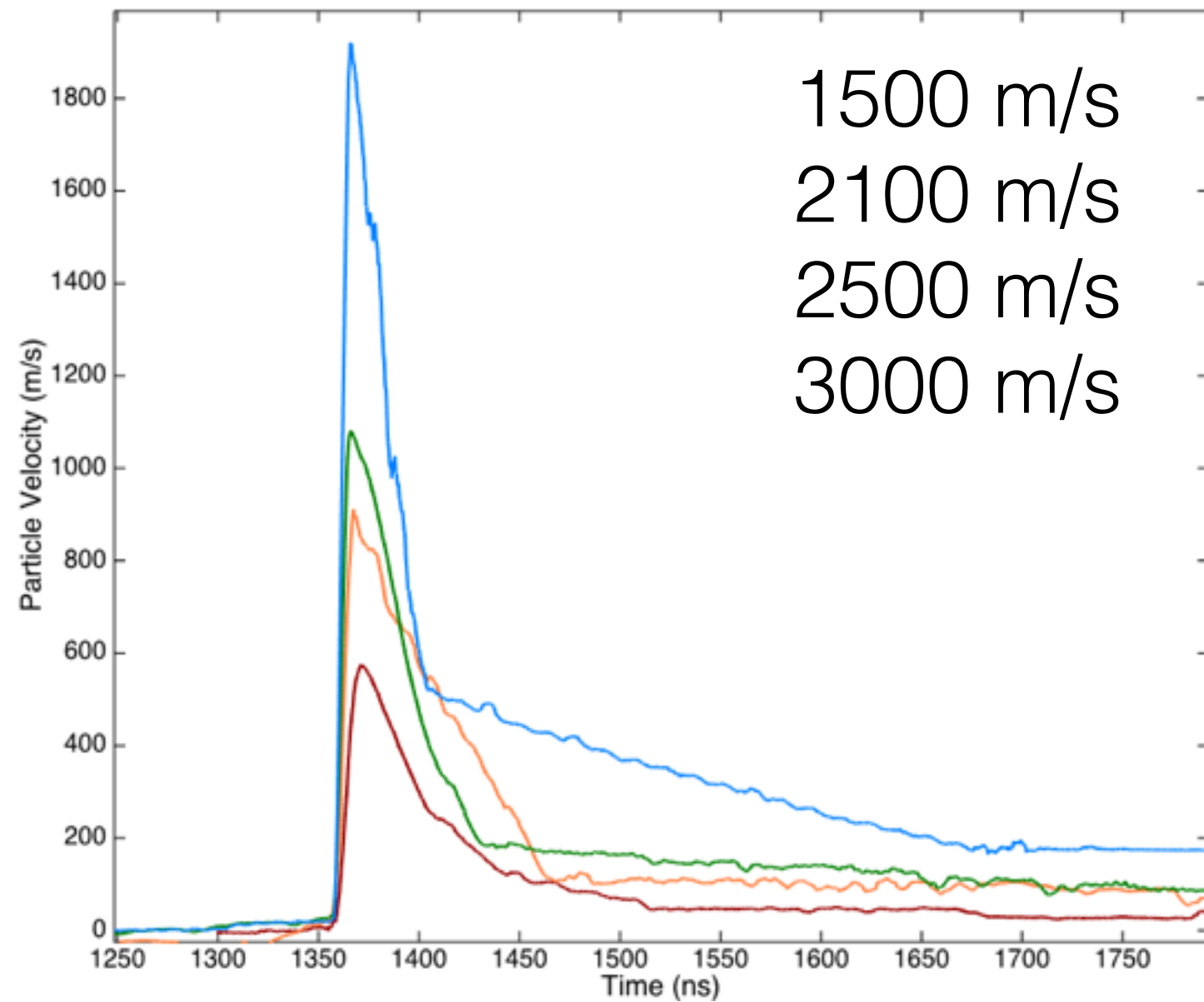


PETN

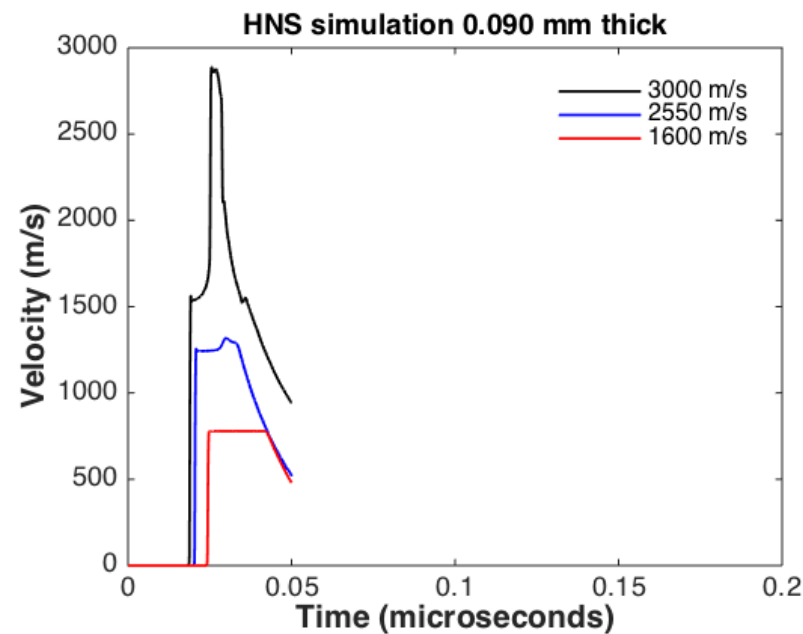
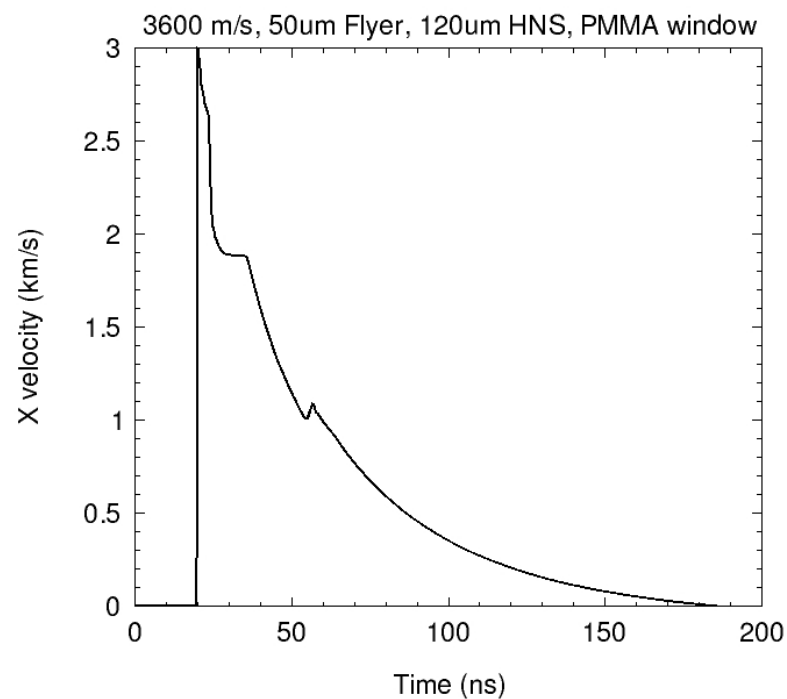
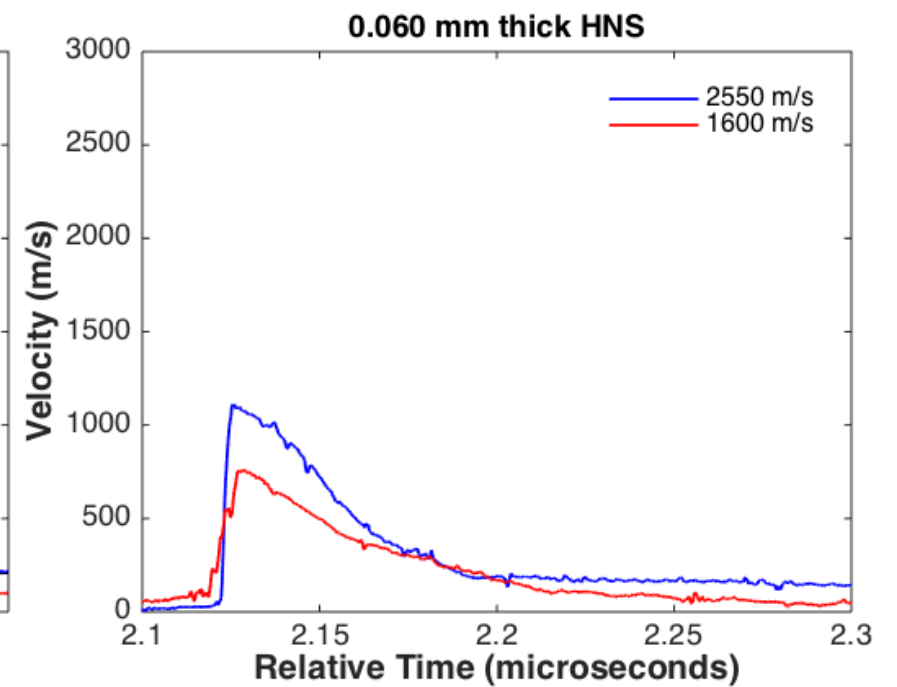
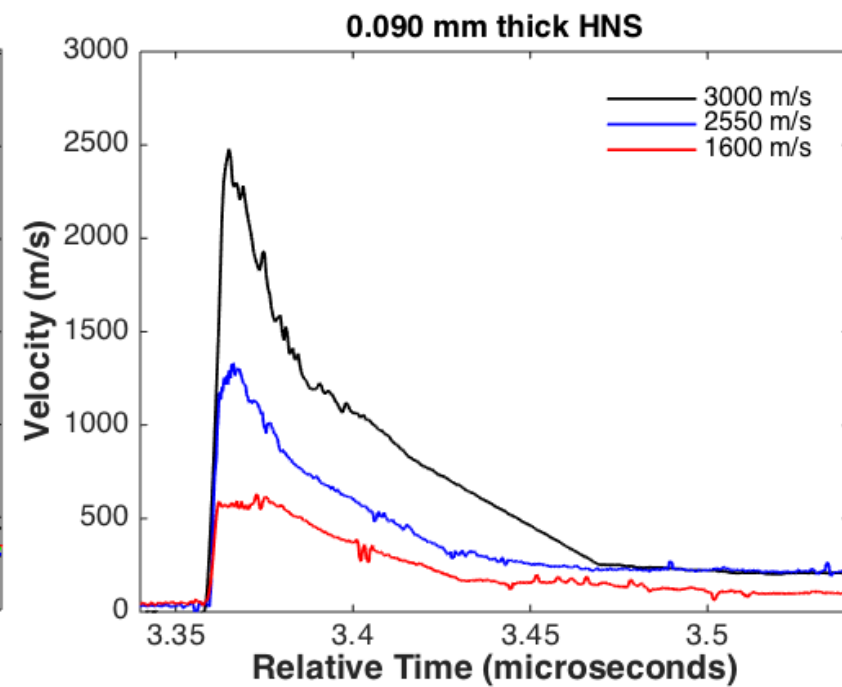
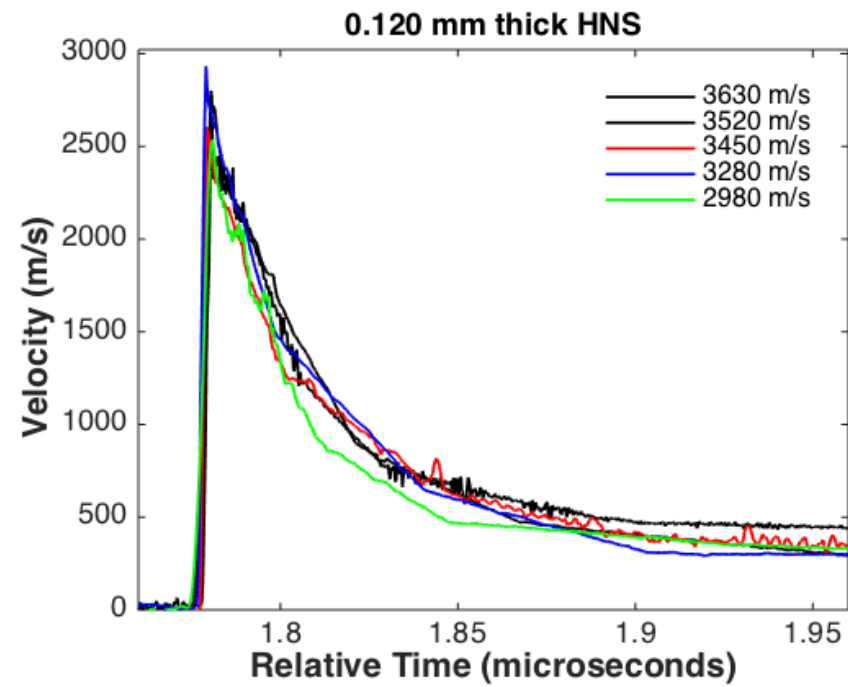


Velocity histories from HNS/PMMA interface

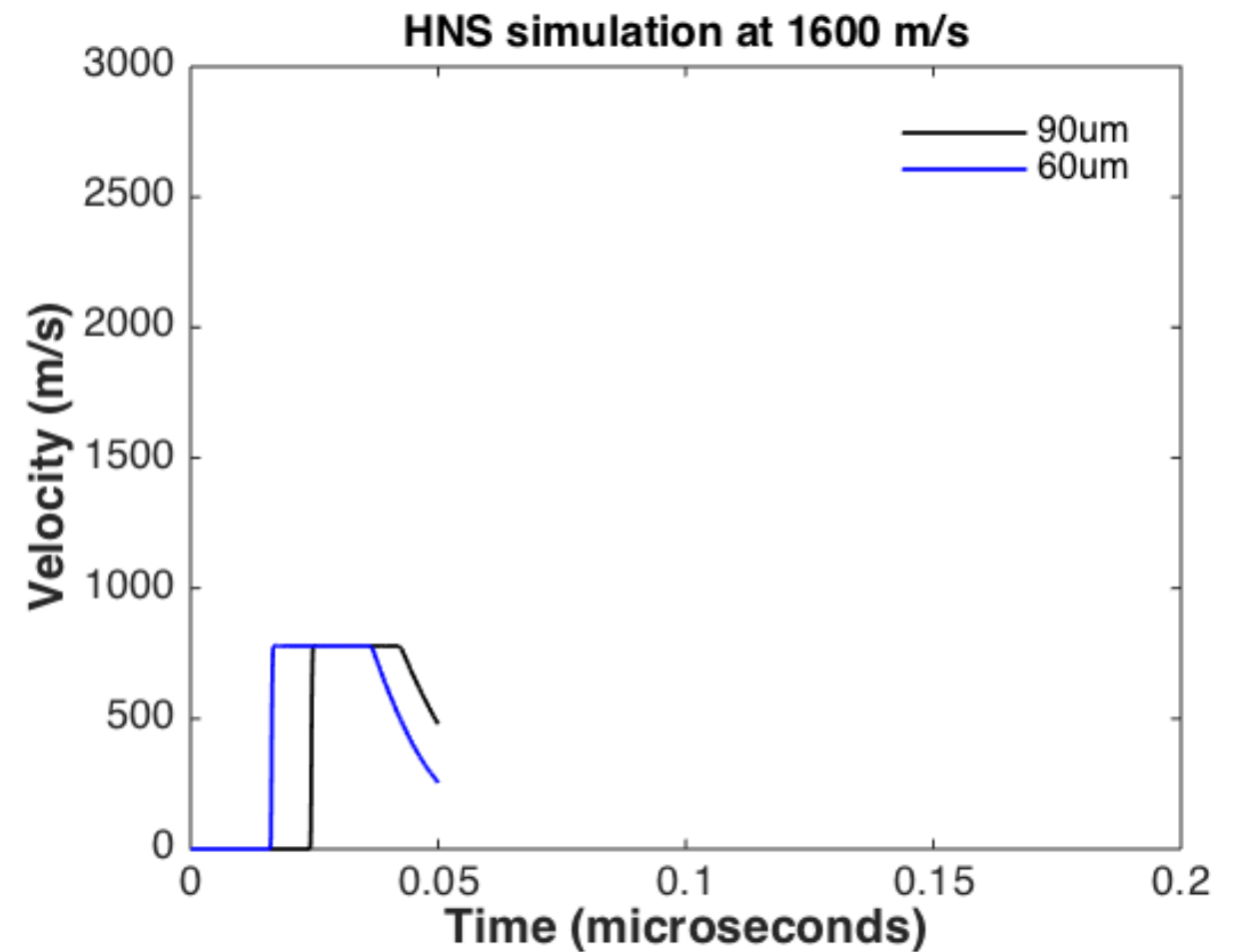
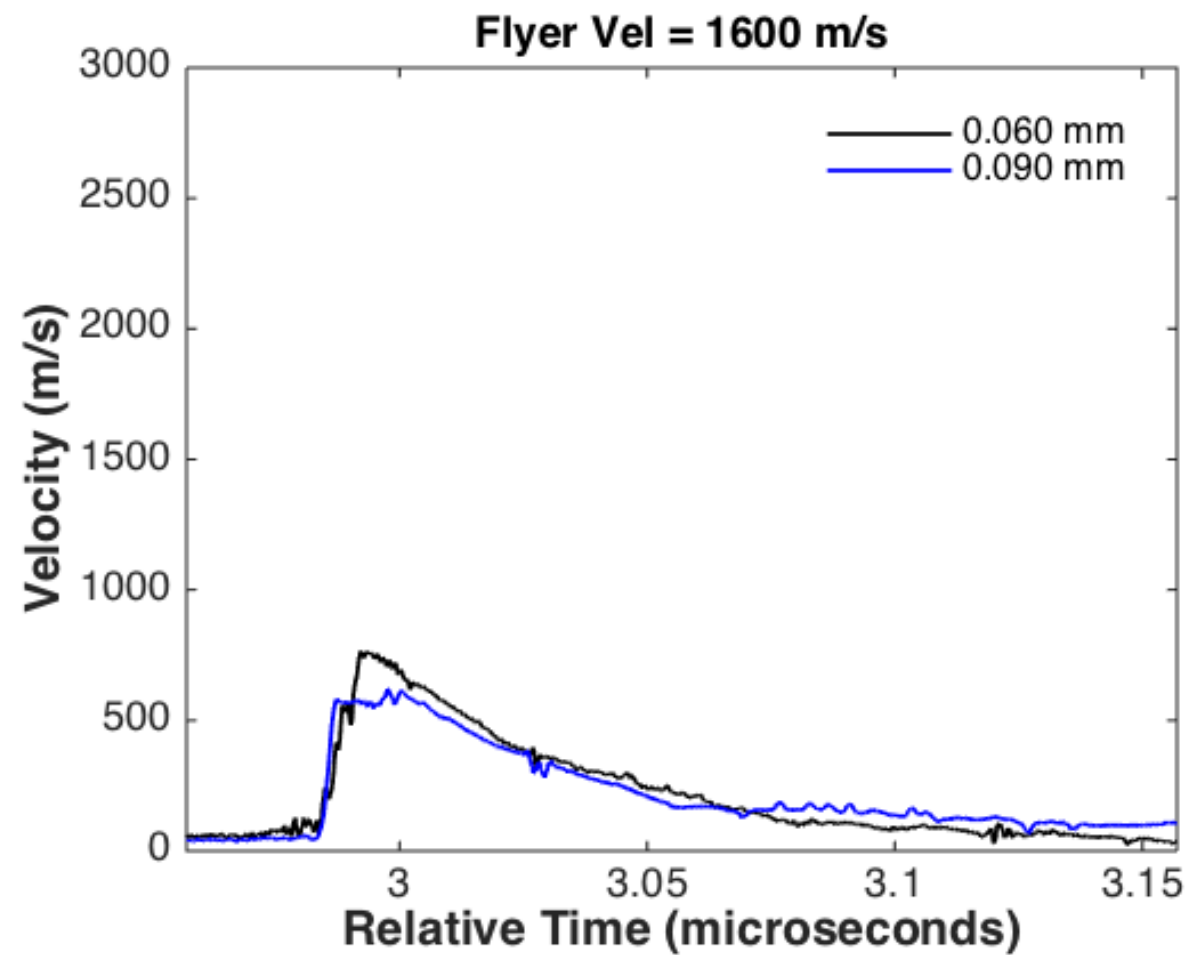
60um thick HNS film



Velocity histories from HNS/PMMA interface

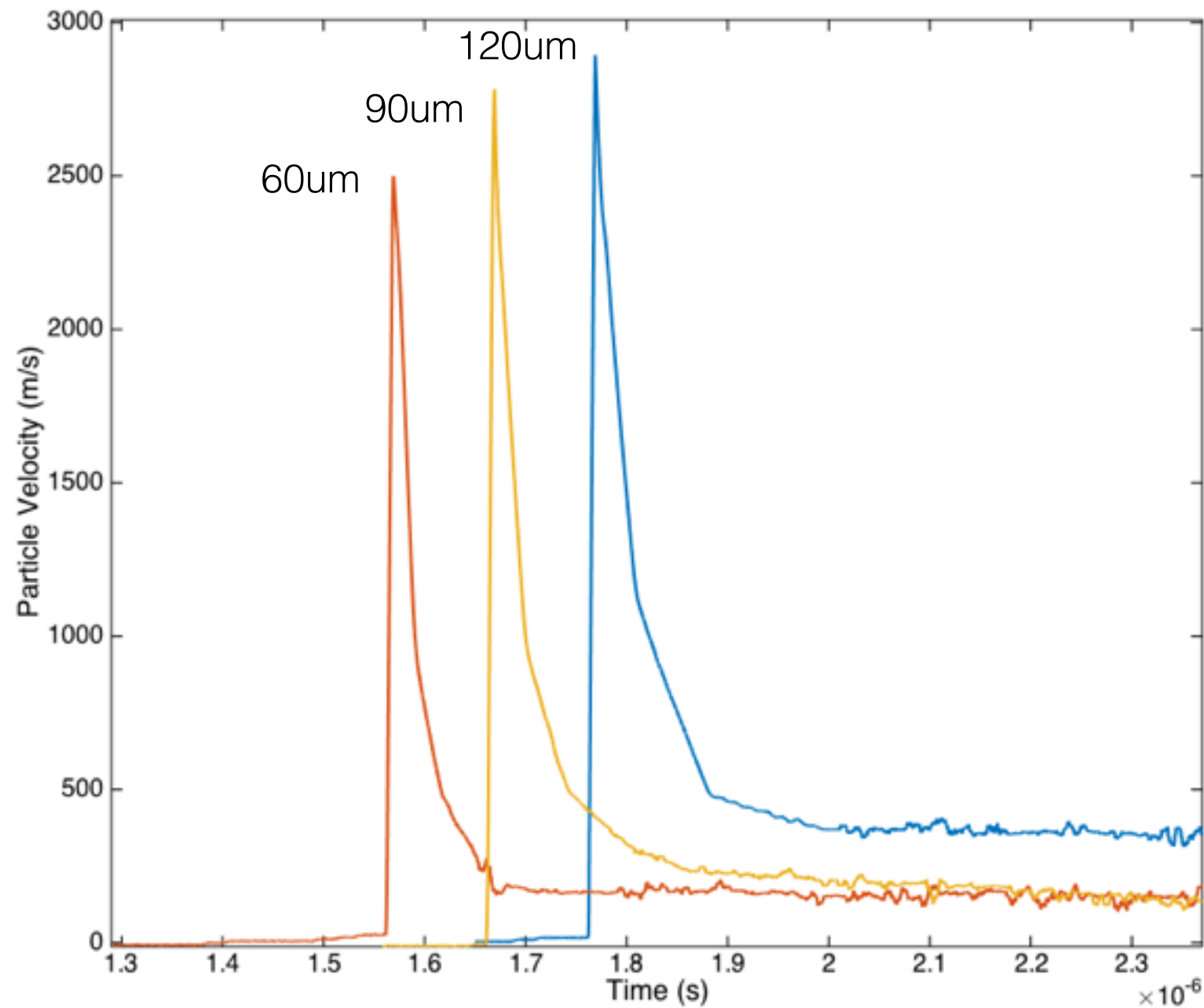


Velocity histories from HNS/PMMA interface



Velocity histories: from PETN/PMMA interface

PETN films, 3500 m/s impact



Summary

We used PDV to capture the the build-up to steady detonation in flyer initiated HNS and PETN at the micron/nanosecond scale.

These data will be used to evaluate the appropriateness of currently available reactive-burn models for hydrocode simulation.

PDV from lower velocity flyer impacts show transit of an inert shock, which might be used to evaluate the unreacted equations of state used to model these materials.