

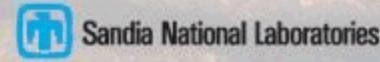
# DOE / SNL Scaled Wind Farm Technology (SWiFT) Facility Overview

[swift.sandia.gov](http://swift.sandia.gov)

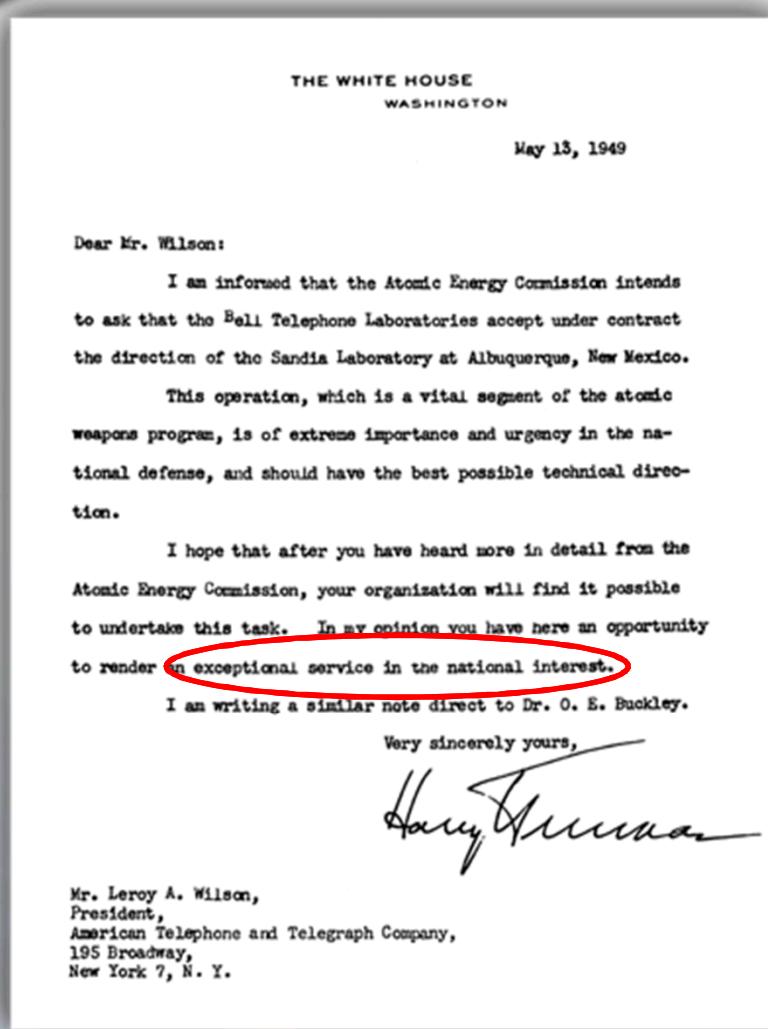
Jonathan White



Sandia is a multiprogram laboratory operated by Sandia Corporation, a Lockheed Martin Company, for the United States Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000.



# Sandia's History



Sandia  
National  
Laboratories



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# *Sandia's Sites*

*Albuquerque, New Mexico*



*Livermore, California*



*Kauai, Hawaii*



*Waste Isolation Pilot Plant,  
Carlsbad, New Mexico*

*Pantex Plant,  
Amarillo, Texas*



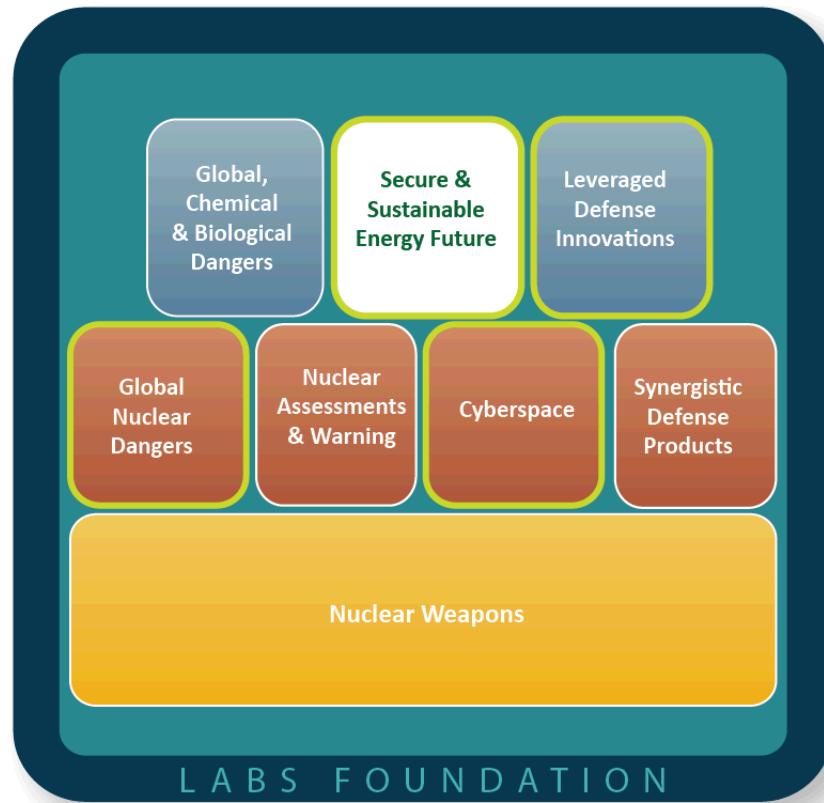
*Tonopah, Nevada*



**Sandia National Laboratories**

# *Mission Area Framework*

- 10,800 employees and 5,000 with advanced degree
- FY2014 operating costs were \$2.6 billion



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# *Sandia National Laboratories*

## *Wind Energy Department*

- **Established in Mid 1970's**
  - Primary focus VAWT's
- **Continuously expanded SNL Role in U.S. Wind Power Program**
- **Over 25 years developing SNL/MSU Material Database**
- **SNL Blade Emphasis Started 2 decades ago with numerous successes**
  - Carbon Spars, Swept blades, Flat-Backs, Active Aero
- **Blade Manufacturing has been a Temporary Focus in 1998-99 & 2012-13**
- **Various Reliability Efforts for past 8 years**
- **SWIFT Scaled Test Facility Commissioned 2013**
- **Focus on Wind Farm versus Wind Turbine 2012**
- **Future:**
  - Prove & Expand Scaled Testing
  - Validate Wind Plant Models
  - Understand Inflow & Wakes
  - Optimize the Wind Plant
  - Develop Mechanisms to Enhance Reliability (materials, lightning protection, etc.)
  - Plan Wind Farms more Effectively

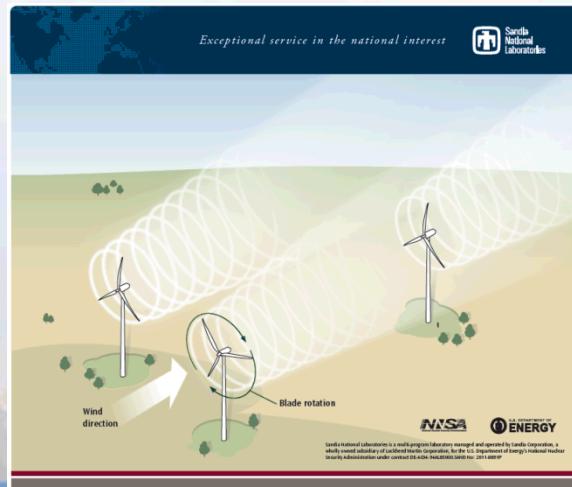


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# SWiFT Facility

## SWiFT exists to:

- Reduce turbine-turbine interaction and wind plant underperformance
- Develop advanced wind turbine rotors
- Public open-source to advance simulation capabilities



## Facilities:

- Three variable-speed variable-pitch modified wind turbines with full power conversion and extensive sensor suite
- Two heavily instrumented inflow anemometer towers
- Site-wide time-synchronized data collection



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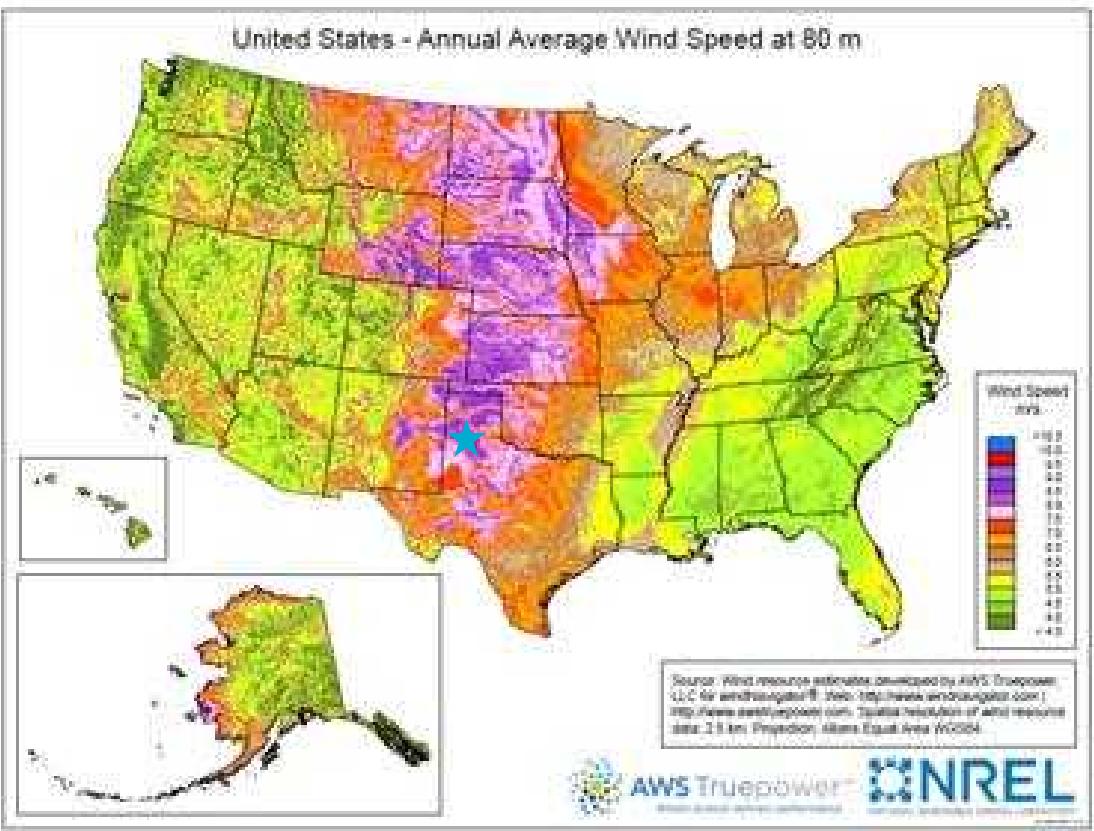
# *Outline*

- **What is the SWiFT Facility?**
- **What research projects use SWiFT?**
- **What is the future of SWiFT?**

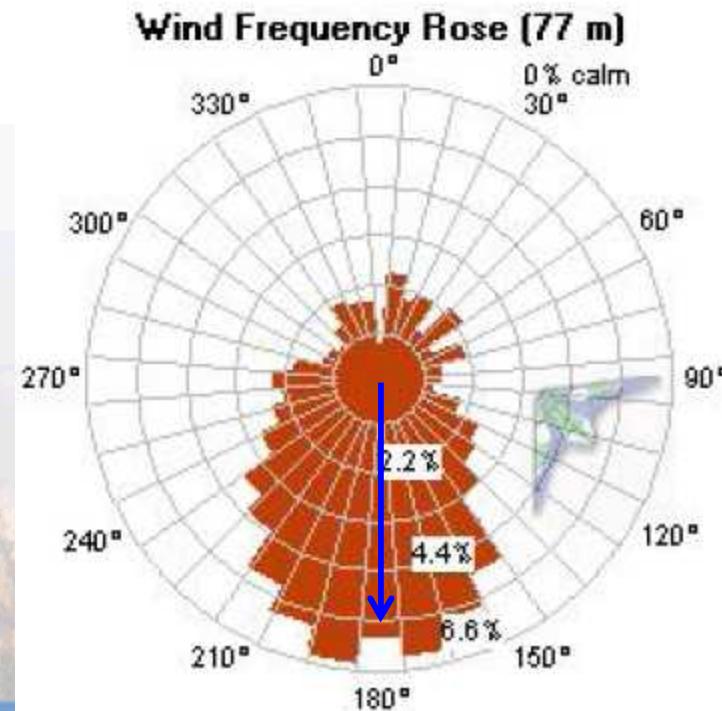


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# *Location, Location, ... Location*



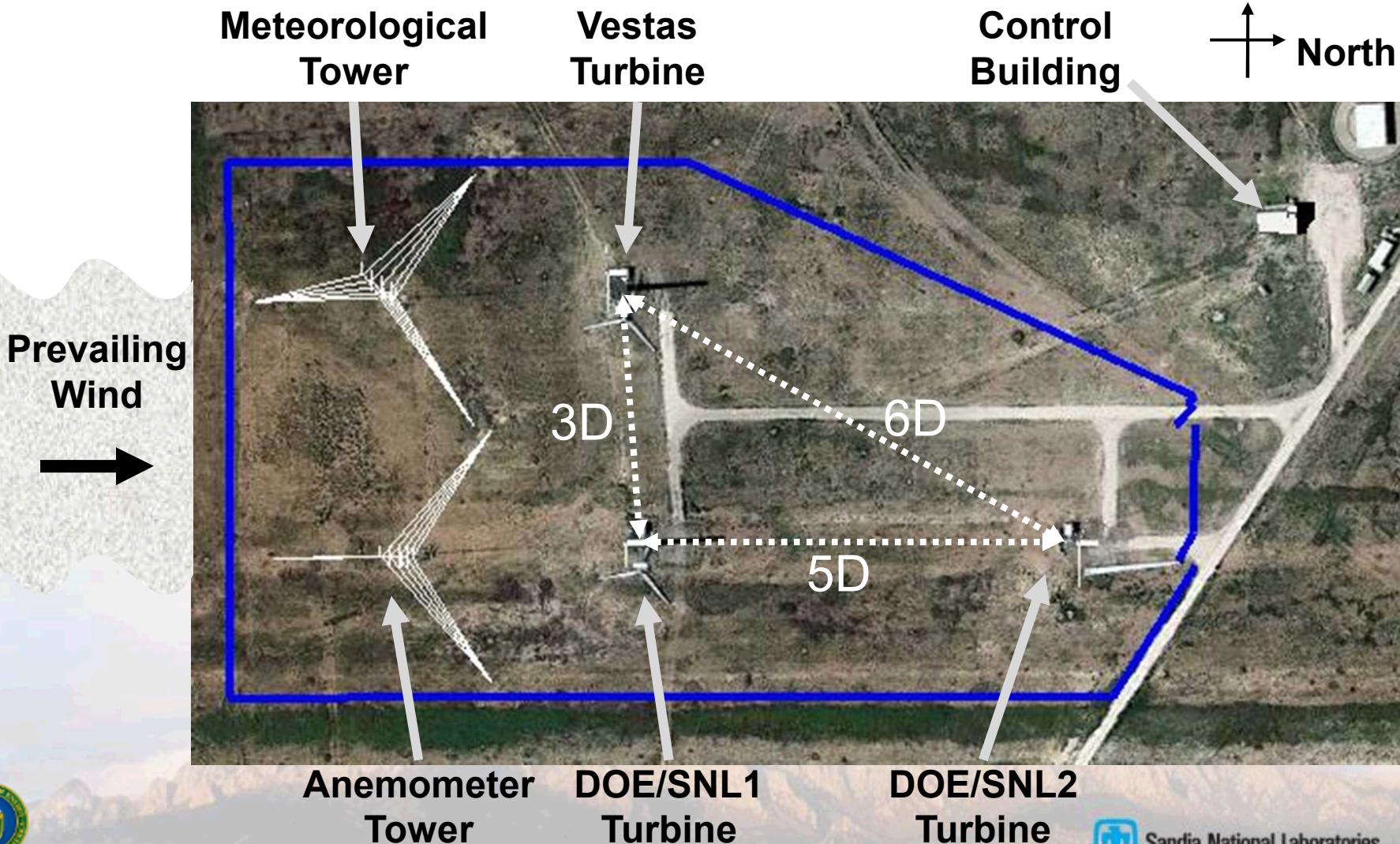
- **7.5 m/s at 50 m,  
Class 5 Wind Site!**
- **Consistent South Wind,  
180.5° Average**



TEXAS TECH  
UNIVERSITY.



# SWiFT Layout



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# SWiFT Wind Turbines

## Hardware

- Collective Pitch System
- 300 kW Variable Speed Generator
- AC-DC-AC Full Scale Convertor
- National Instruments controllers
- Complete turbine / rotor state instrumentation
- Fiber Optic blade sensing system



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# Why this size?

## Research-Scale



*Minimum research  
cost and time*

## Megawatt-Scale



*Exact  
Scaling*

- A cost-efficient size for which research can be directly scaled to larger, more costly and time-consuming sizes.
- Requirements:
  - Operation at Reynolds Number (scaling parameter) between  $10^6$  and  $10^7$
  - Tip speeds approaching 80 m/s for acoustics and large rotor projects
  - Variable-speed variable-pitch operation
  - Minimal cost and time associated with research operations
  - Highly reliable turbine
  - Minimal restrictions on publication and intellectual property



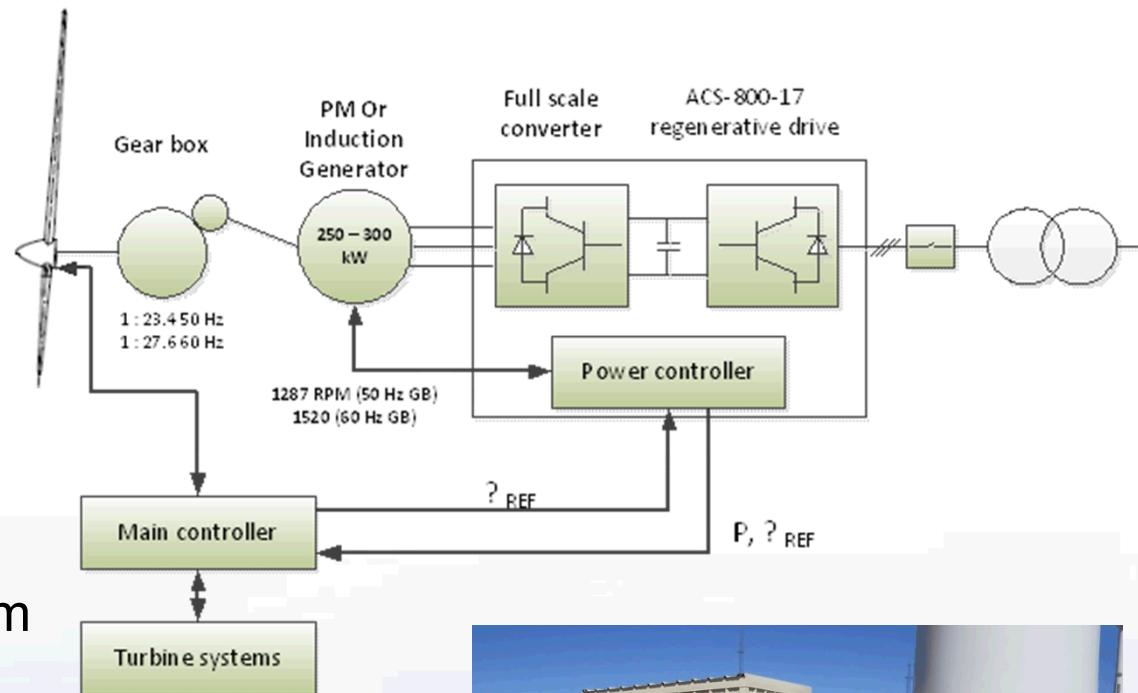
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# SWiFT Wind Turbines

## Control Software



Variable  
Up to  
55 RPM  
(28 % increase)



- Open Source Code
- Modularized by Subsystem
- EtherCAT up to 1000 Hz
- All DAQ signals available for control
- Running on NI Veristand
- Parameterized Variable Speed and Torque Controller
- Maintains all original safety systems and alarms

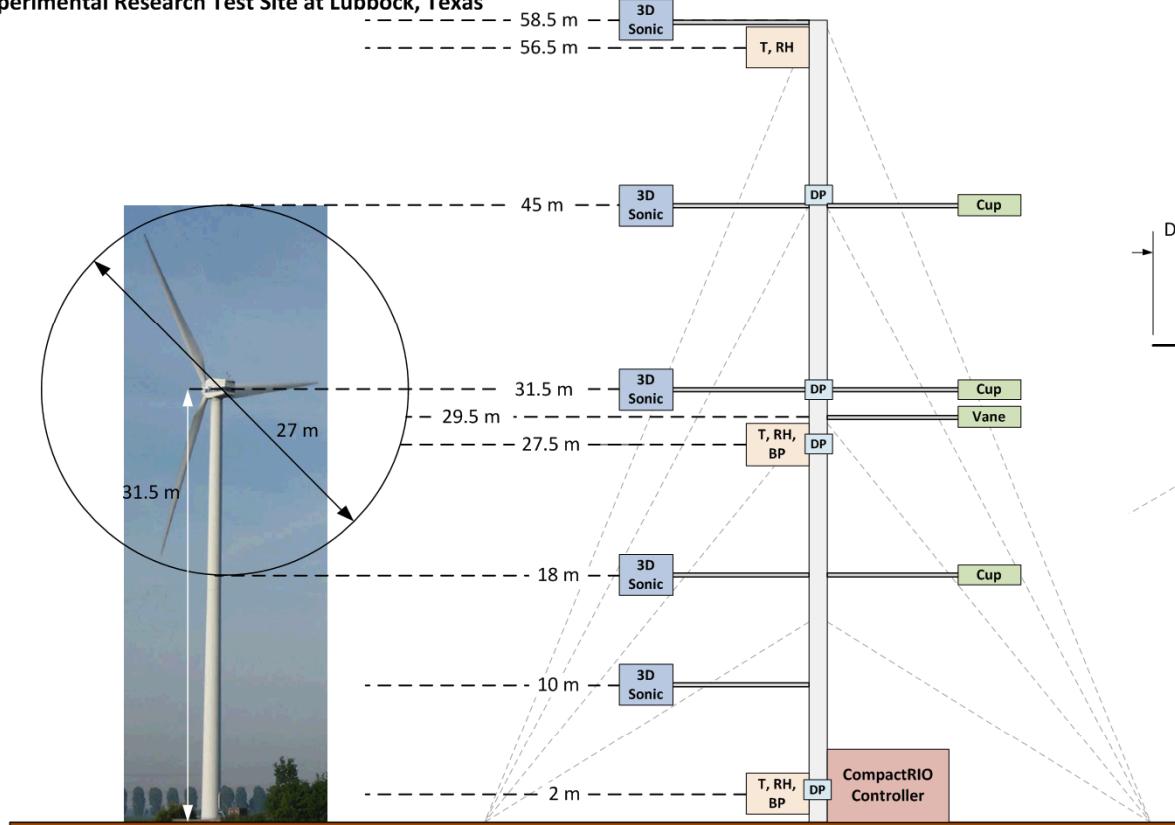


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# Inflow Characterization

## Met Mast Configuration

Experimental Research Test Site at Lubbock, Texas



### Met mast sensors

**3D Sonic:** ATI SATI/3A Sonic Anemometer  
**Cup:** Thies Wind Sensor First Class Advanced (IEC accred)  
**Vane:** Thies Wind Direction Sensor First Class  
**T:** 592 Met One Temperature sensor  
**BP:** 092 Met One Barometric Pressure sensor  
**RH:** 593 Met One Relative Humidity sensor  
**DP:** ATI PAD-401 DataPacker

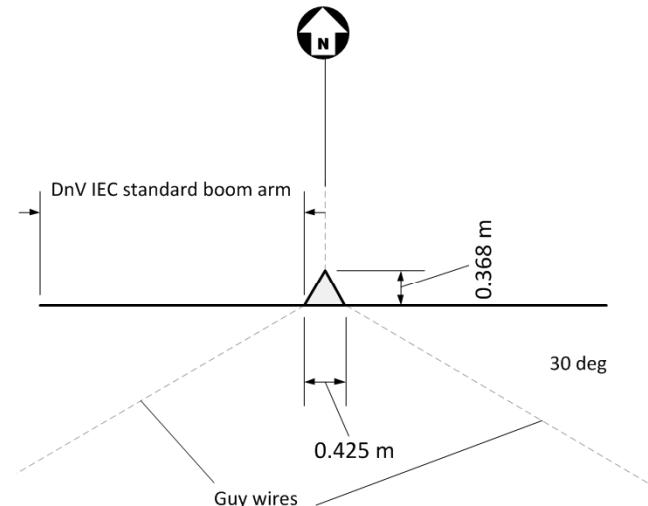
### Met mast heights\*

**58.5 m:** 3D Sonic  
**56.5 m:** T, RH  
**45 m:** 3D Sonic, Cup  
**31.5 m:** 3D Sonic, Cup  
**29.5 m:** 3D Sonic, Vane  
**27.5 m:** T, RH, BP  
**18 m:** 3D Sonic, Cup  
**10 m:** 3D Sonic  
**2 m:** T, RH, BP

### Guy wires

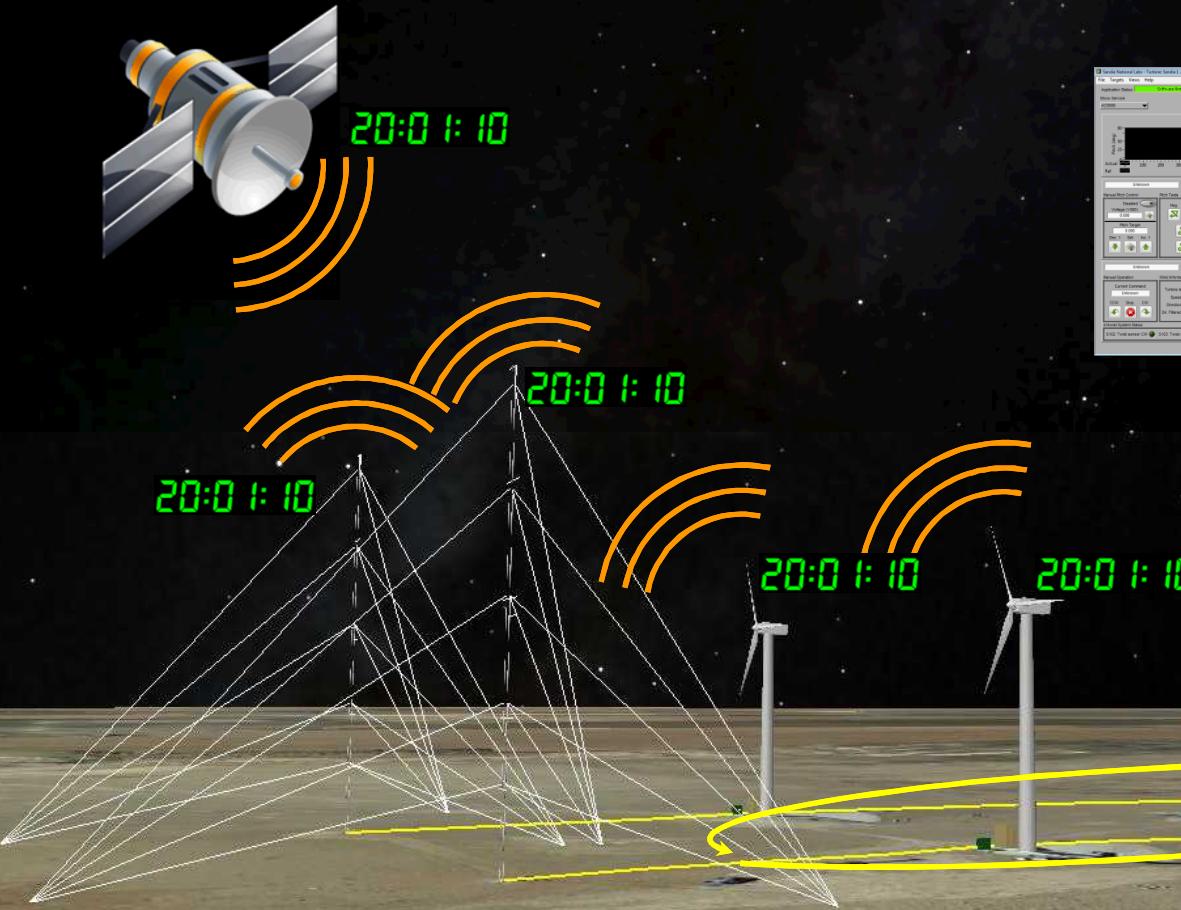
Radius 47.5m

**57.91 m**  
**45.11 m**  
**29.87 m**  
**14.63 m**



# Controls Integrated with Site-Wide Measurement System

## Site-Wide Precise GPS Time Synchronization

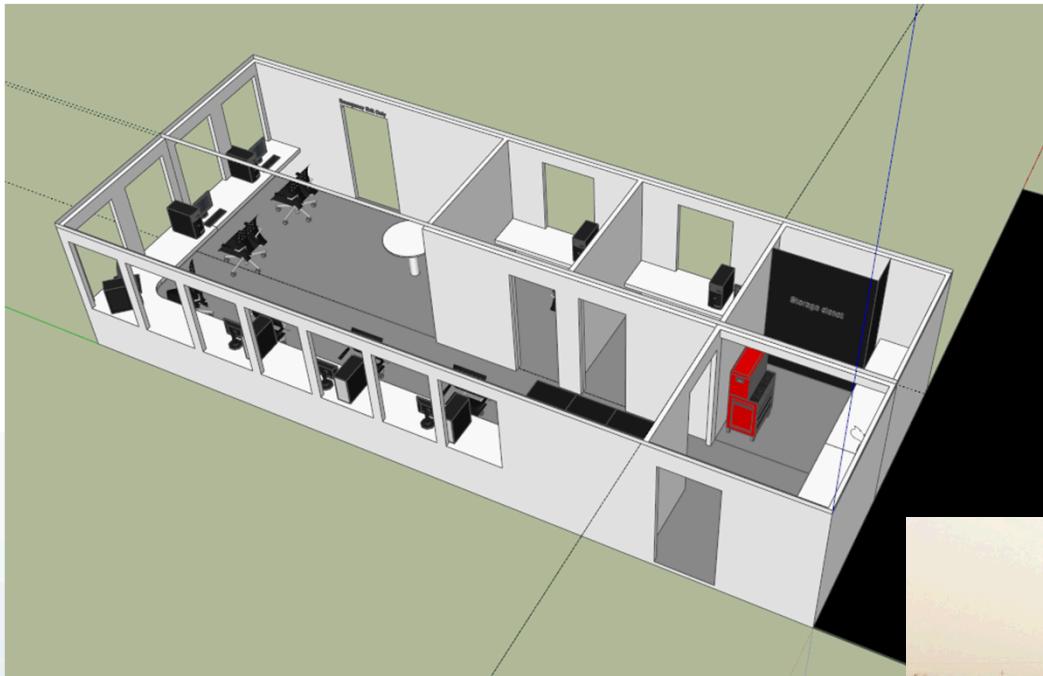


## Open-Source, Rapidly Reconfigurable Controller



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# *Control Building*



- **Central control and operations**
- **700 sq. ft. with 2 temporary offices for proprietary work**
- **Electrical troubleshooting lab**



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# *Experimental Preparation Lab*



- 4,500 sq. ft. environmentally controlled high-bay experimental rotor preparation
- 1,000 sq. ft. machine shop



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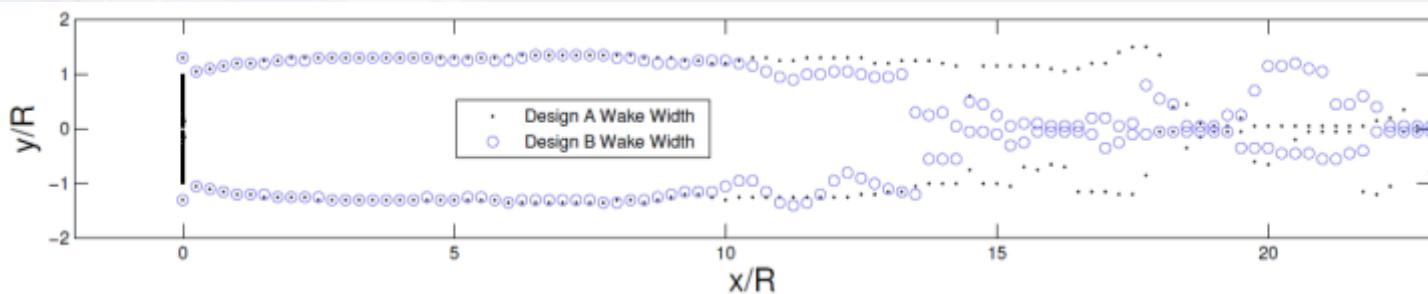
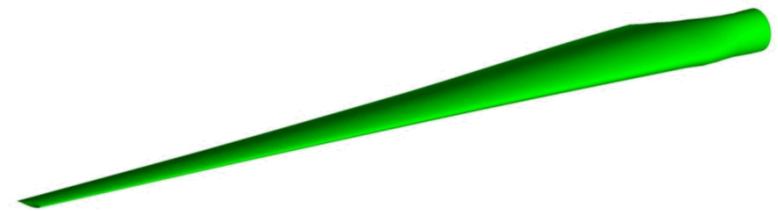
# SWiFT Baselining

- Detailed analysis of fundamental turbine-turbine interaction
- Calibration and verification of public open-source wind turbine / plant model
- Data quality analysis and troubleshooting



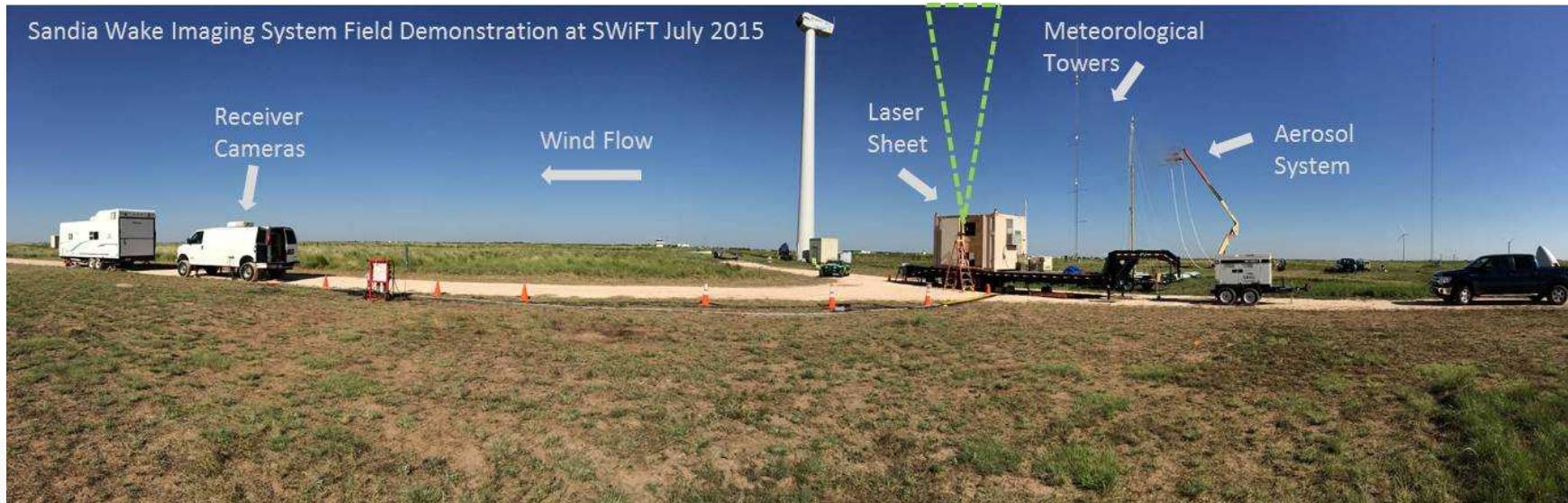
# National Rotor Testbed

- The National Rotor Testbed is a rotor innovation to enable technology acceleration
- Baseline blades represent functionally scaled-down aerodynamics and structural dynamics of a modern megawatt-scale rotor
- Baseline blade design is public and open
- Enables research in: wake interactions, aero-acoustics, inboard aerodynamics, controls, aeroelastic dynamics



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# Wake Imaging Measurement System



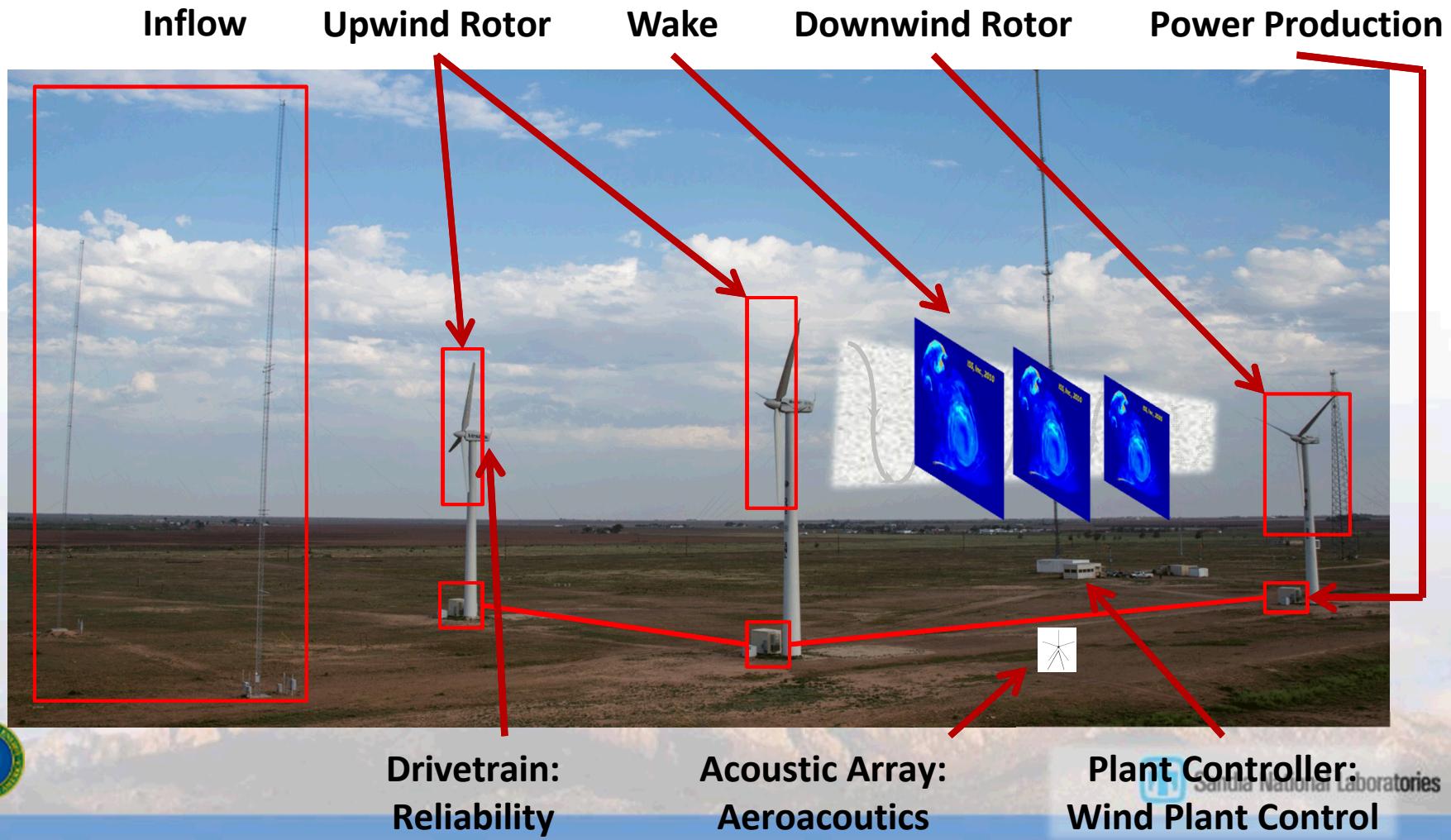
- Capture detailed 3-D flow structures that convect downwind
- High spatial resolution: 16,000 data points per sample
- Imaging allows for fast scanning sufficient to capture sub-rotor scale turbulent flow structures
- Enables direct comparison with high-fidelity and engineering level models



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# DOE Atmosphere to Electrons Support

- Change focus to Wind Plant Optimization



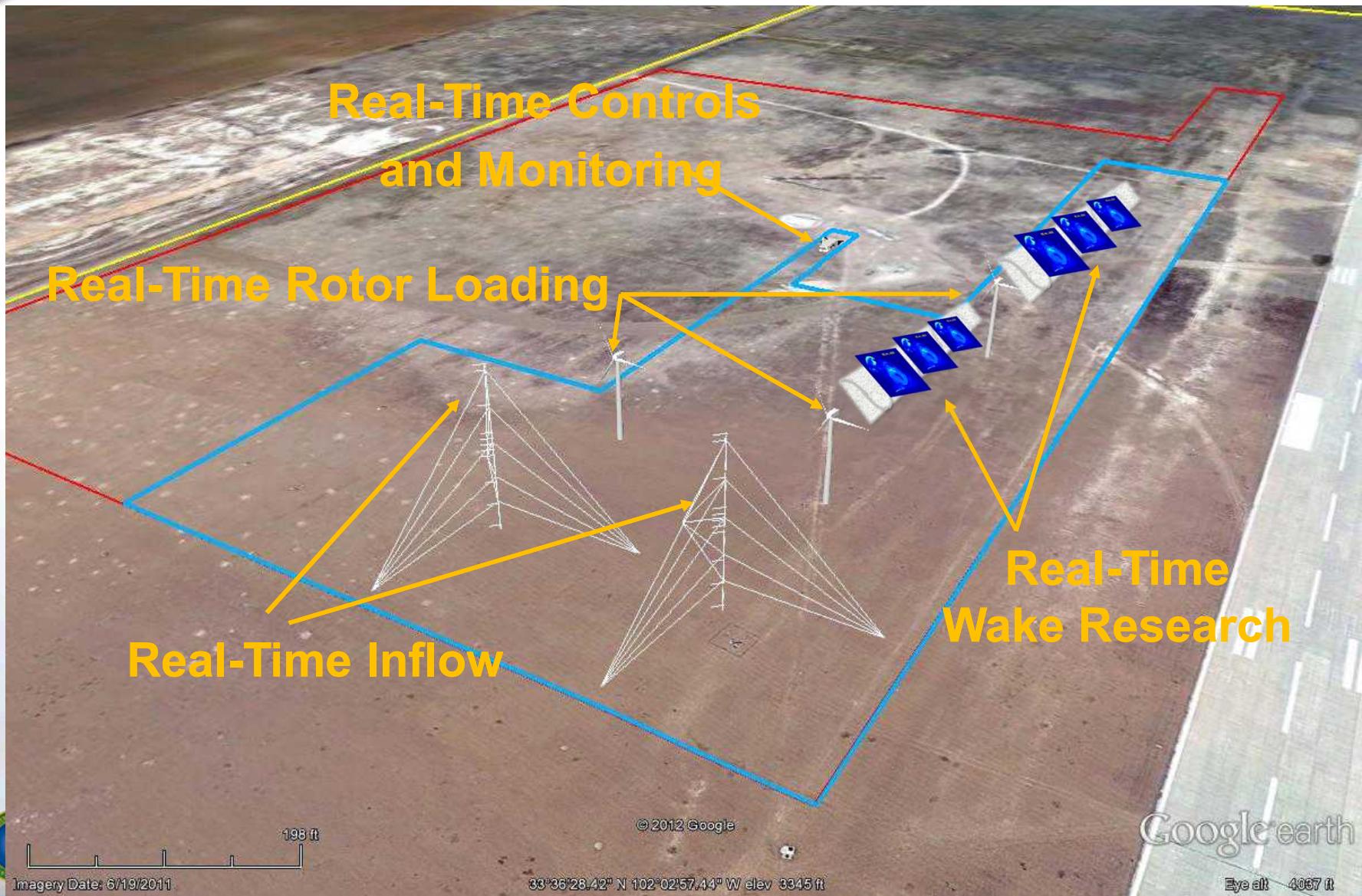
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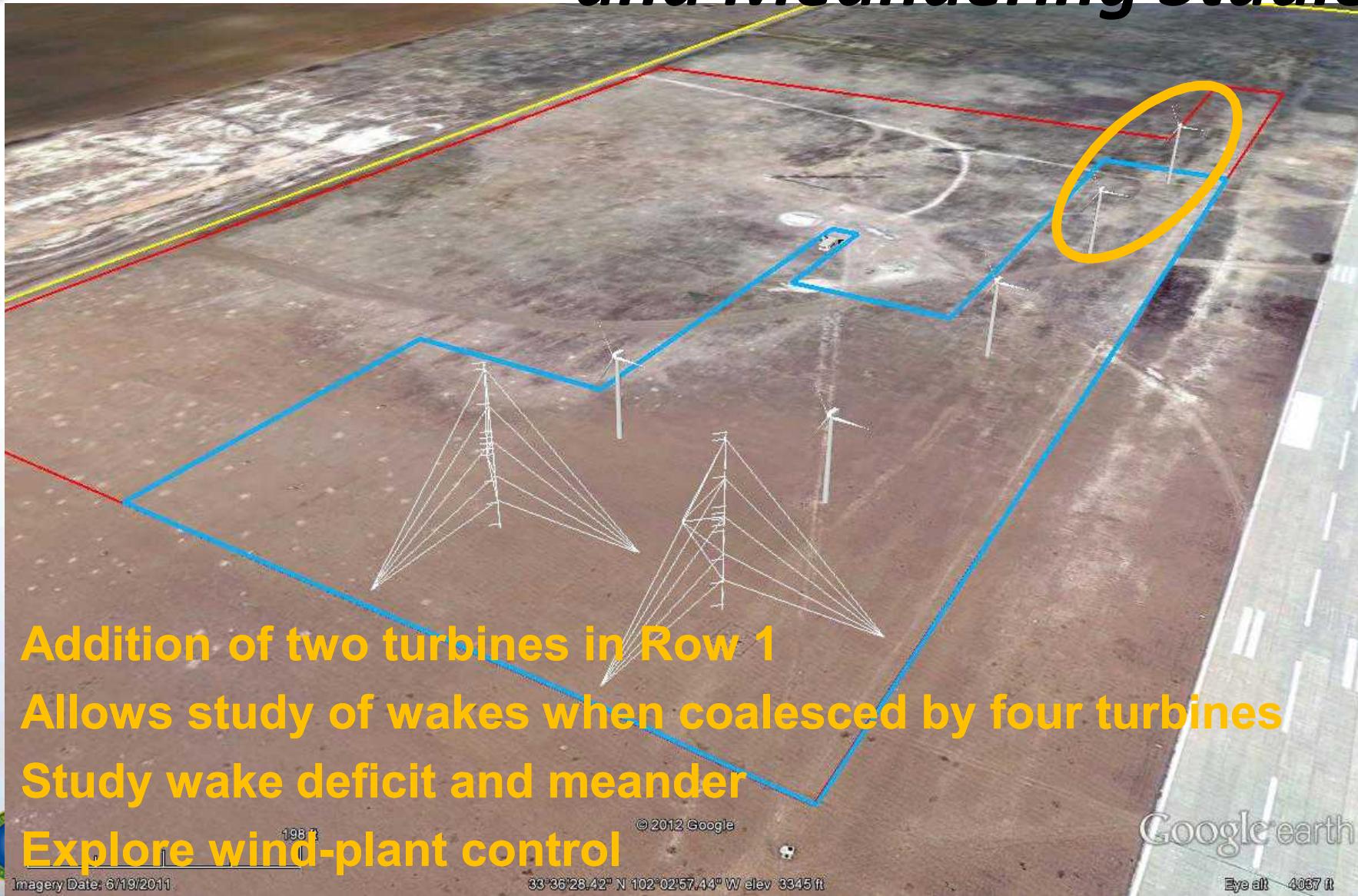


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# *Basic Turbine to Turbine Interaction*



# Deep-Row Wake Deficit and Meandering Studies



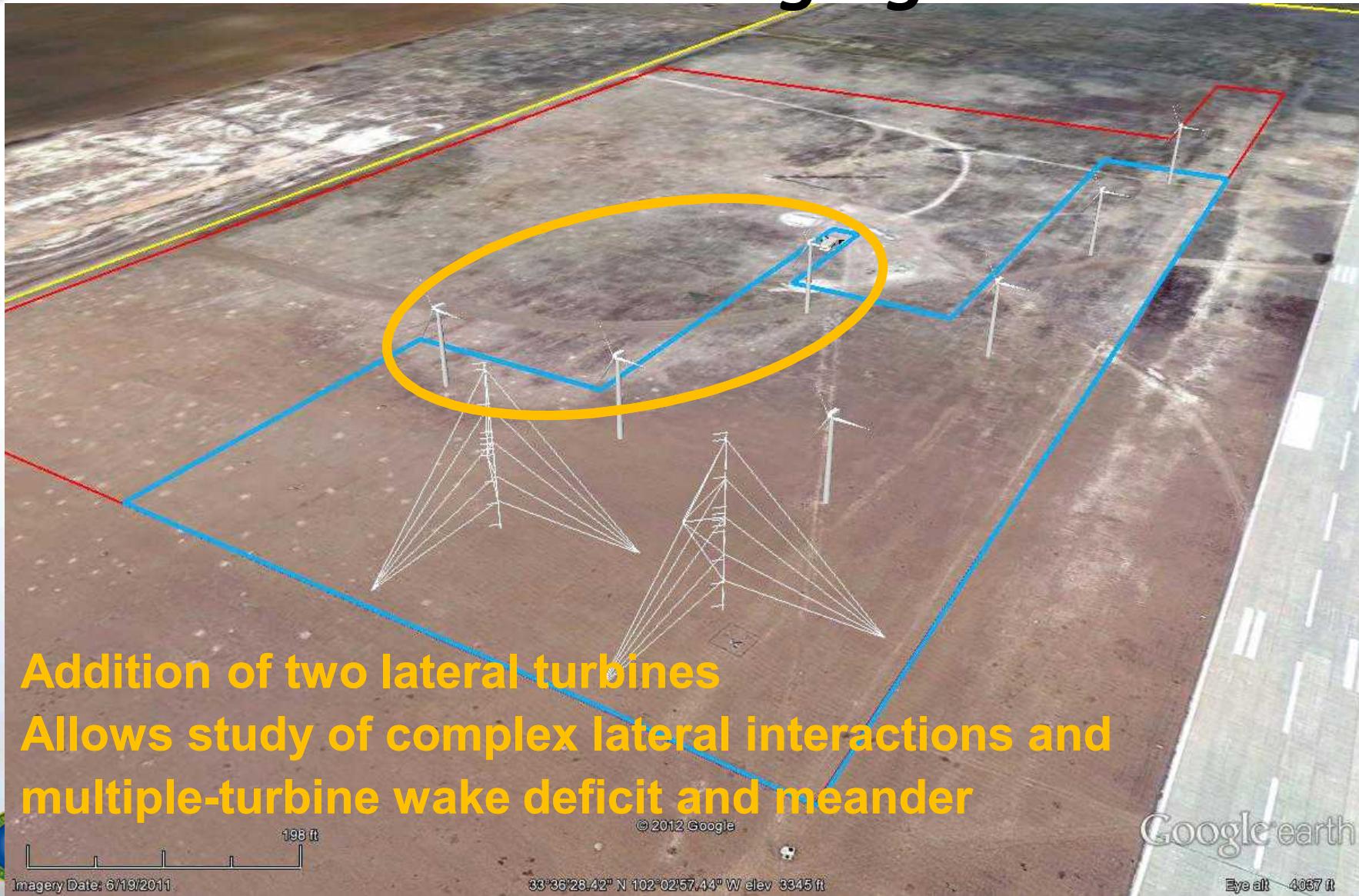
**Addition of two turbines in Row 1**

**Allows study of wakes when coalesced by four turbines**

**Study wake deficit and meander**

**Explore wind-plant control**

# Complex Lateral Wake Merging and Meander



**Addition of two lateral turbines  
Allows study of complex lateral interactions and  
multiple-turbine wake deficit and meander**

# ***SMART Rotor Project Overview***

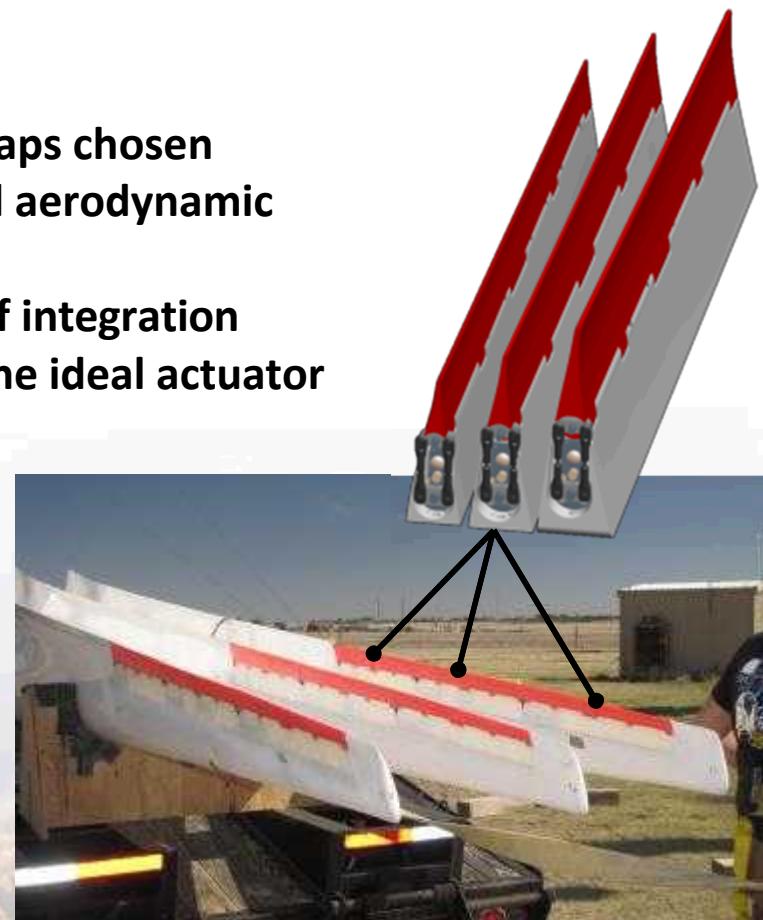
## **SMART rotor project goals**

- Evaluate adequacy of simulation tools for active aerodynamic load control
- Gain insight into the challenges of integration



### **Conventional hinged flaps chosen**

- expectation of good aerodynamic control authority
- relative simplicity of integration
- but not necessarily the ideal actuator for active aero



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*Thank you!*



**This work is supported by the US DOE EERE Wind and Water Power Program.**