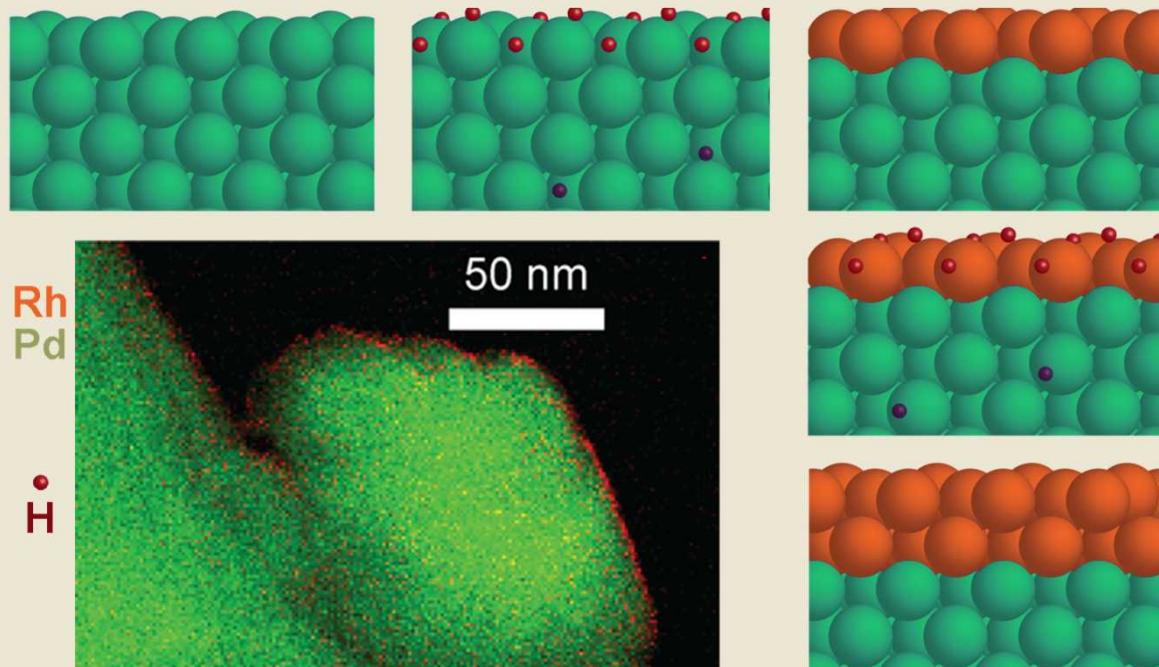


Synthesis of nanostructured, bimetallic, noble metal powders using Atomic Layer Electroless Deposition

Patrick J. Cappillino, Joshua D. Sugar, Farid El Gabaly, Trevor Y. Cai, Zhi Liu, John L. Stickney and David B. Robinson

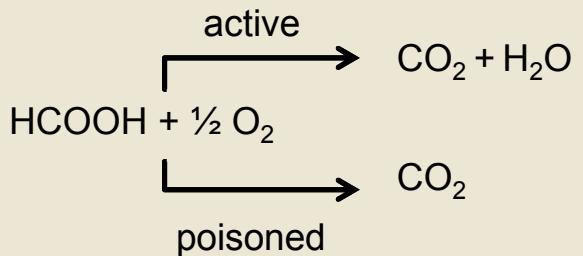


Division of Inorganic Chemistry
Chemistry of Materials
Tuesday, August 18, 2015



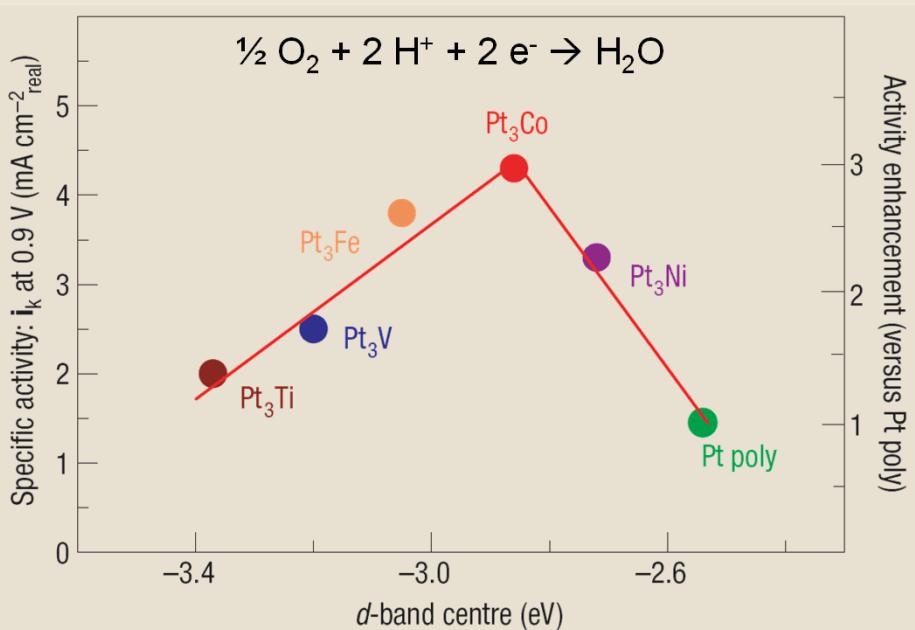
Adsorbed layers (adlayers) on catalysts enhance properties

Electro-oxidation of formic acid on Pt catalyst



- Adlayers such as Bi, Sb, As, Pd favor active pathway (reduce poisoning)

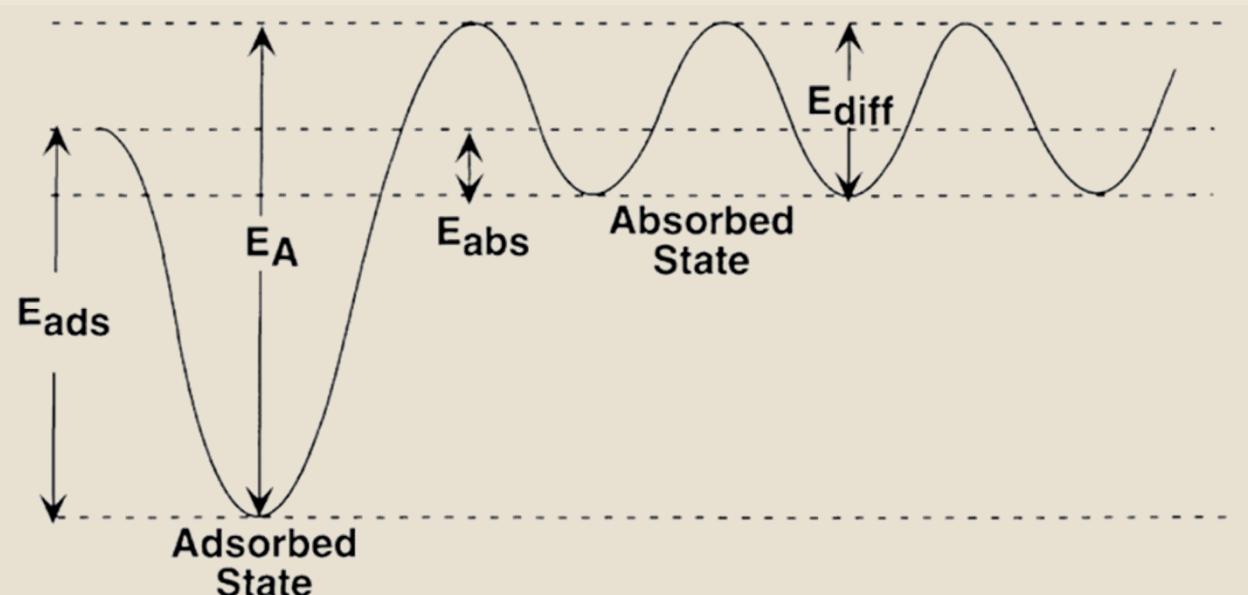
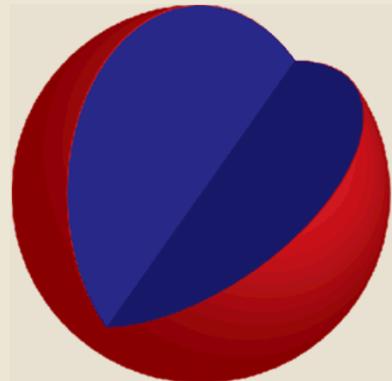
Oxygen reduction reaction on with bimetallic Pt catalysts



Surface modification should improve kinetics of hydriding and dehydriding Pd



- Surface Pd-H is very stable
- Large activation barrier for absorption
- Near-surface alloys destabilize surface hydrides, **improve kinetics**

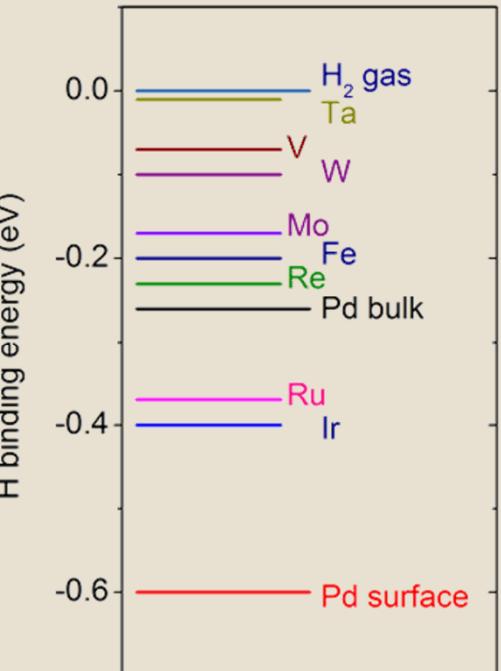
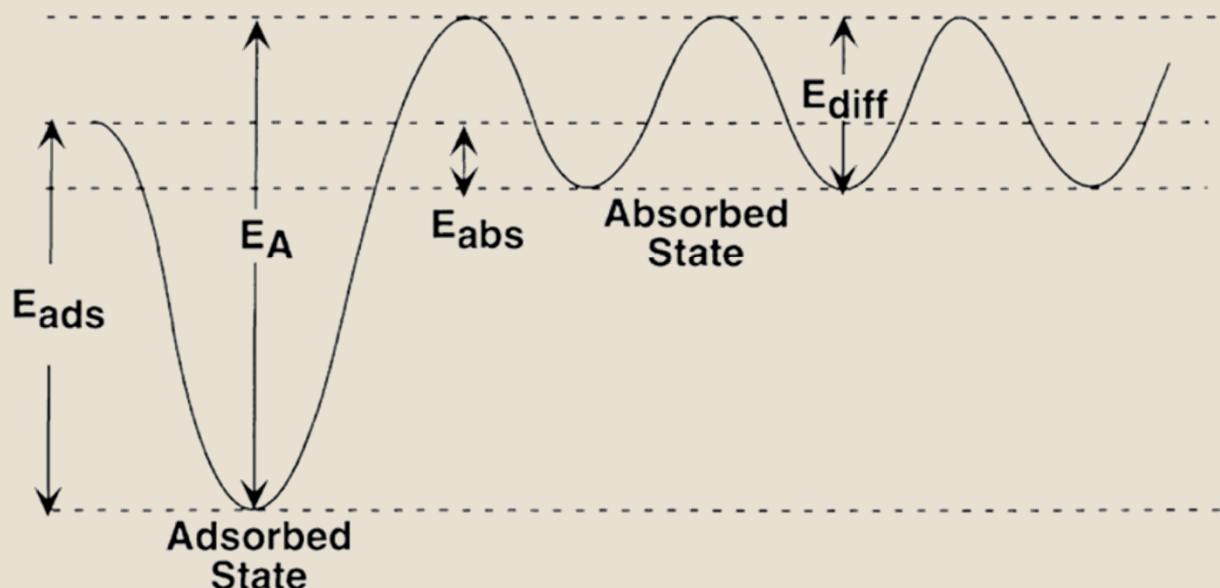


Adsorbed hydride on Pd particle surface

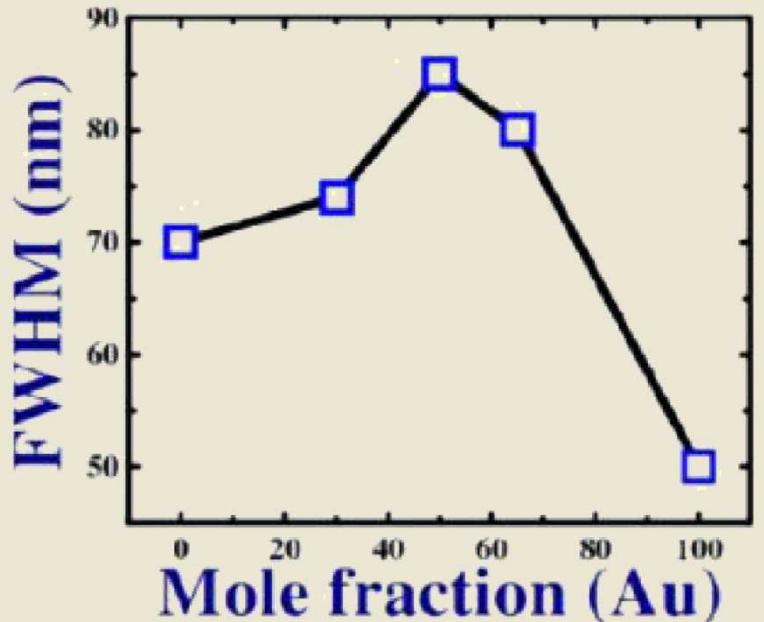
Surface modification should improve kinetics of hydriding and dehydriding Pd



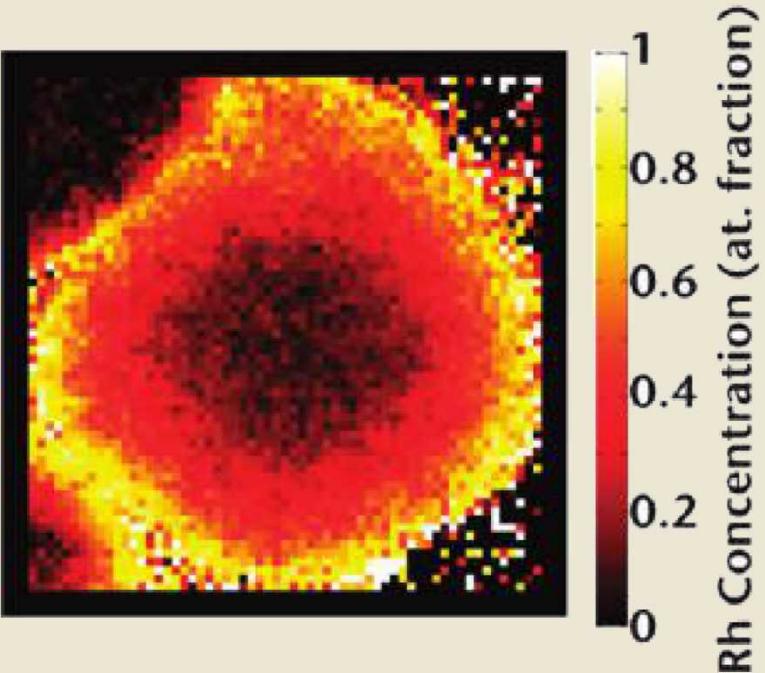
- Surface Pd-H is very stable
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Co-reduction, physical methods → Poor control



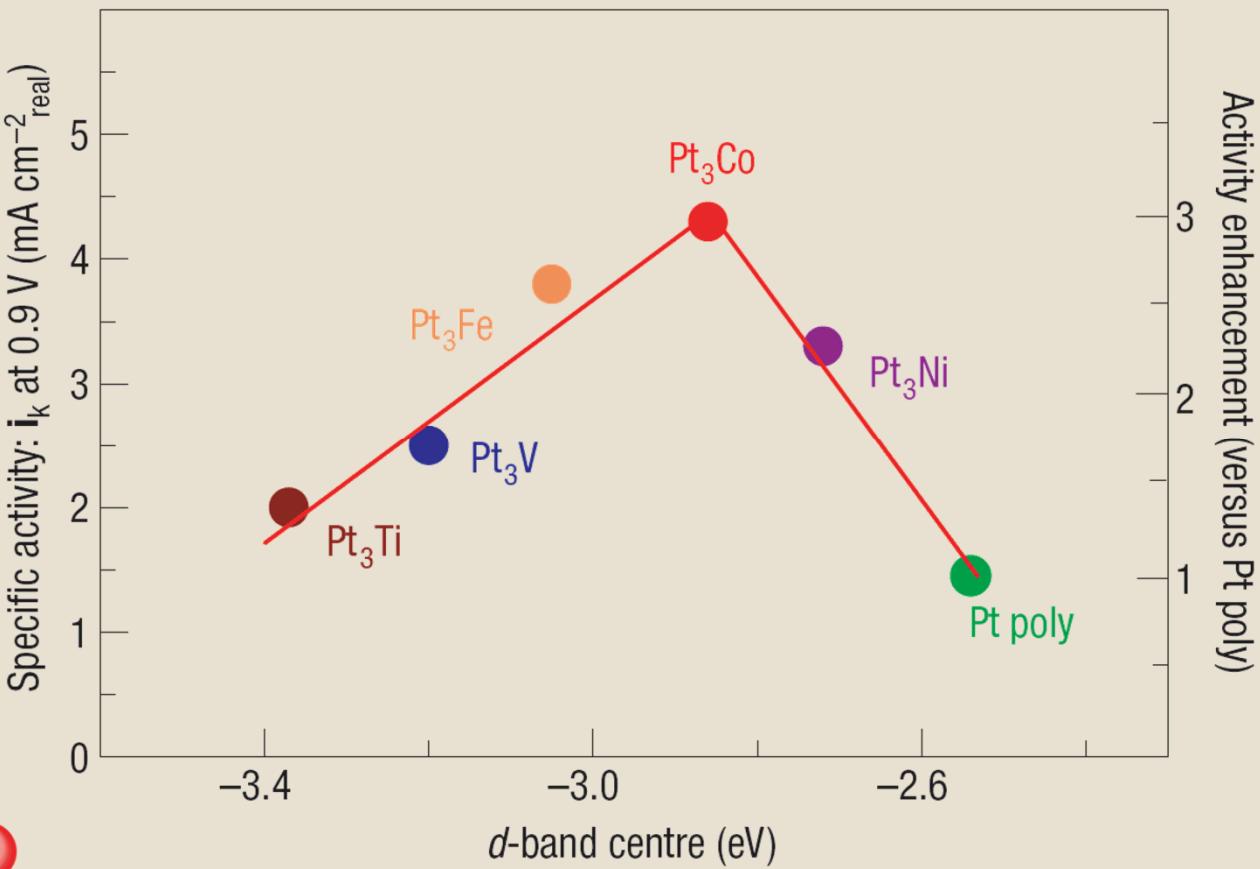
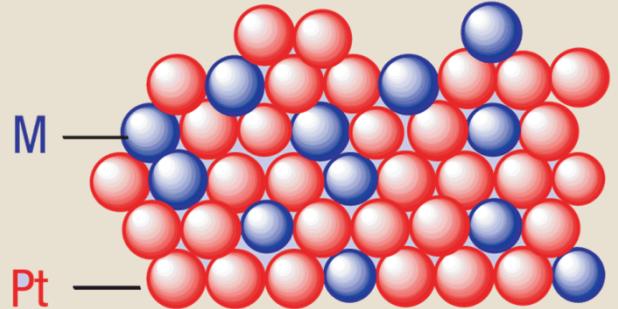
Different size, different composition from laser ablation



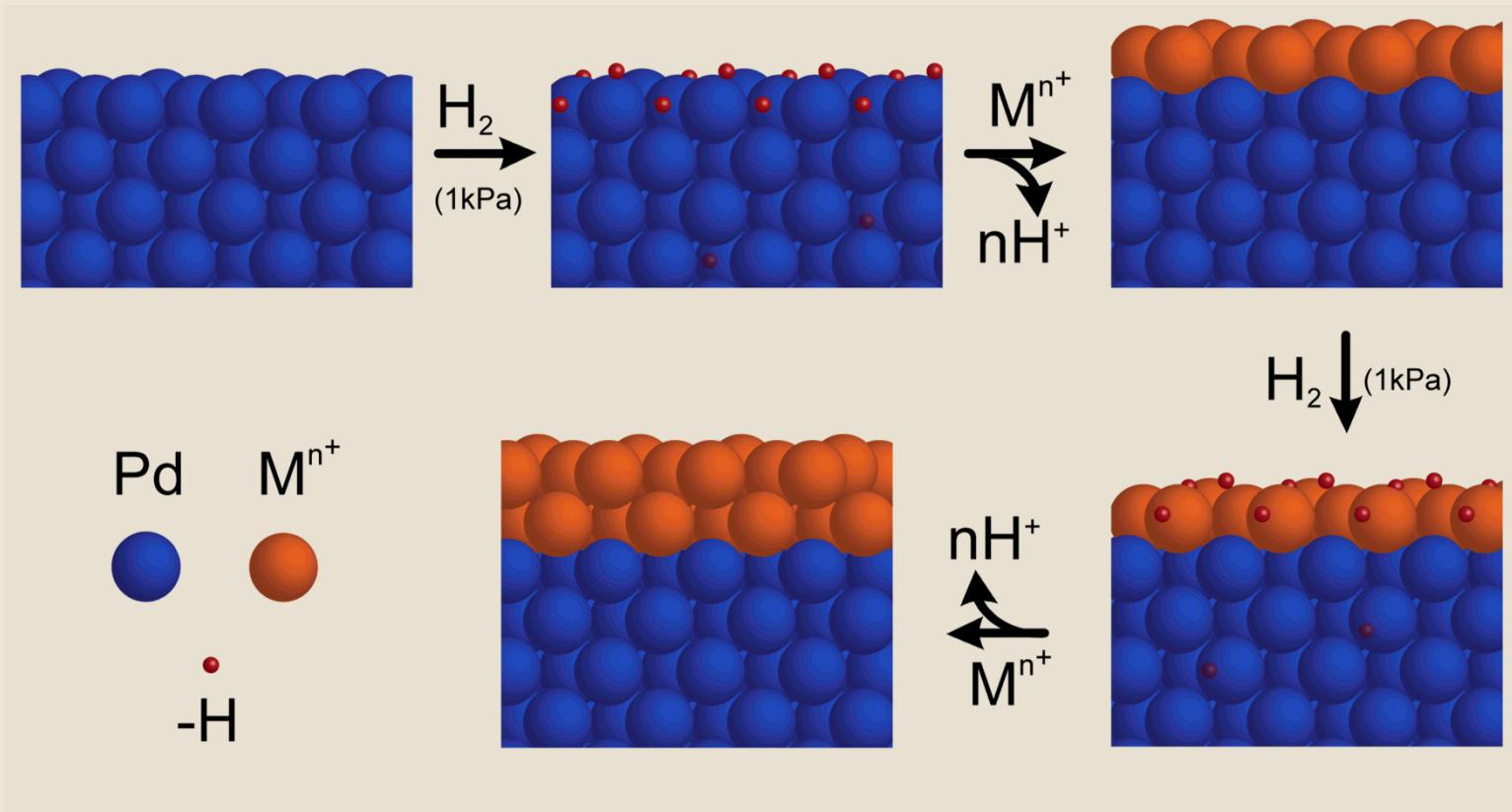
Differing kinetics of reduction lead to heterogeneous composition

Co-reduction, physical methods → Poor control

Sputtered surface:



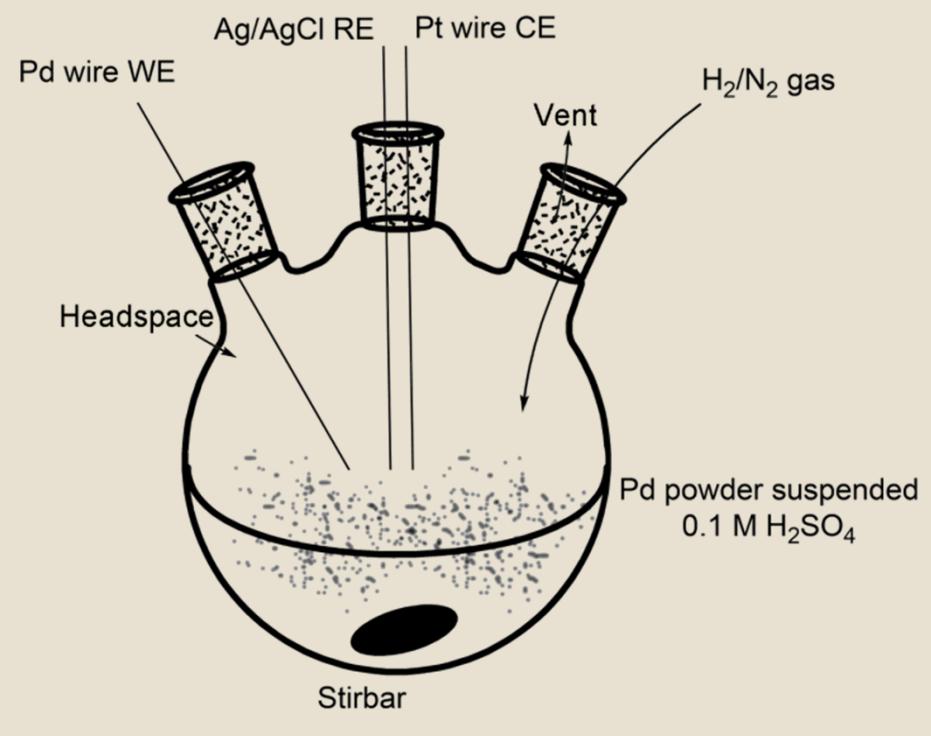
Atomic Layer Electroless Deposition (ALED)



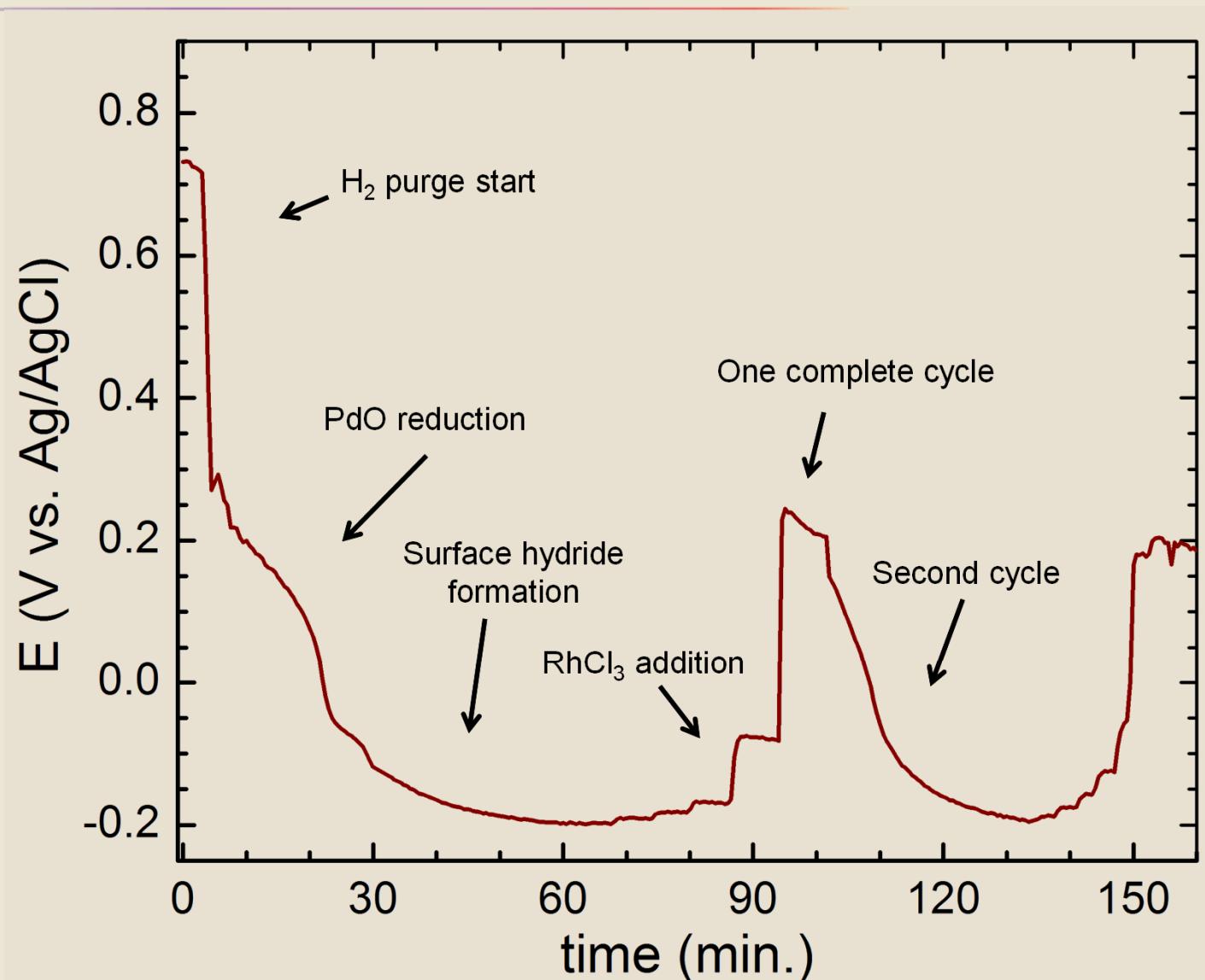
room temperature, “wireless”, amenable to “rough” surfaces with high surface area

Simple Apparatus for EL-ALD

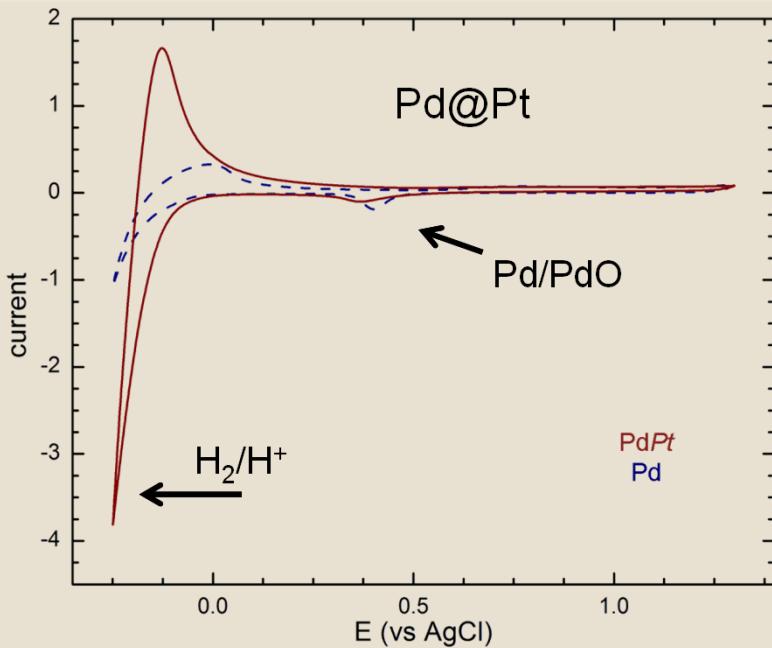
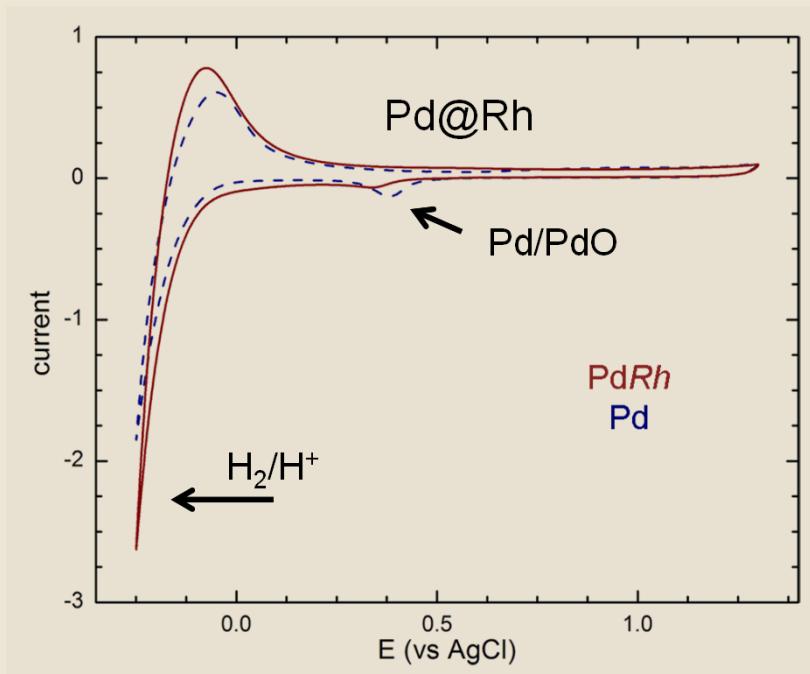
- Pd powder suspended in electrolyte
- Reagent gas ($1\% \text{ H}_2/\text{N}_2$)/inert gas source
- Metal salt added by syringe
- Electrodes to measure progress of reaction



Monitor open circuit potential to follow reaction

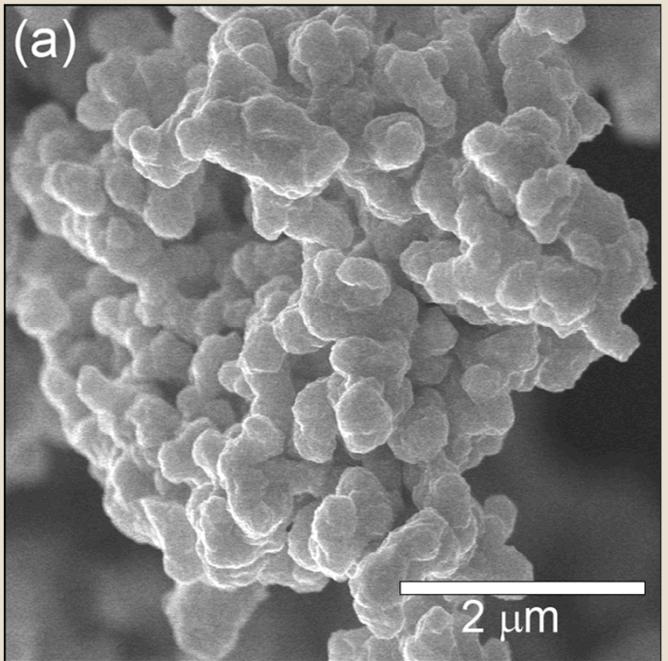


Cyclic voltammetry of Pd test wire before and after deposition of adlayer of Rh (left) and Pt (right)

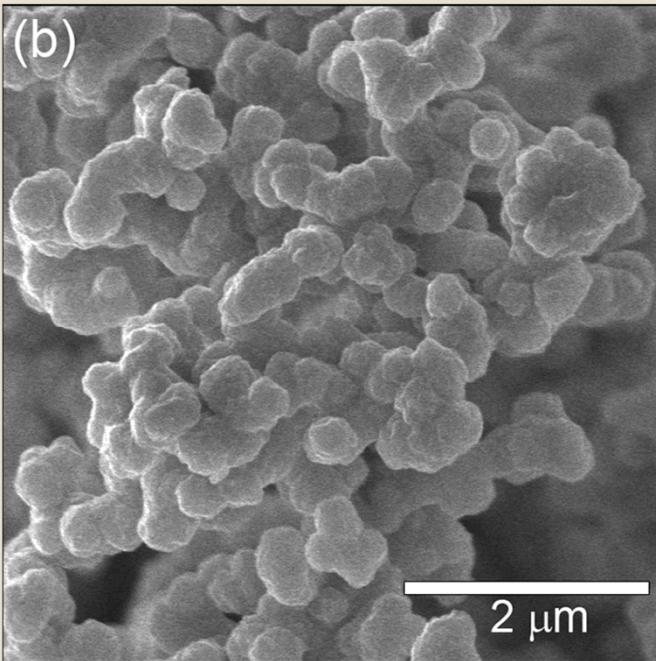


- Adlayer blocks Pd/PdO
- improved hydride/dehydride kinetics

No change to particle morphology after two cycles of ALED of Rh on Pd

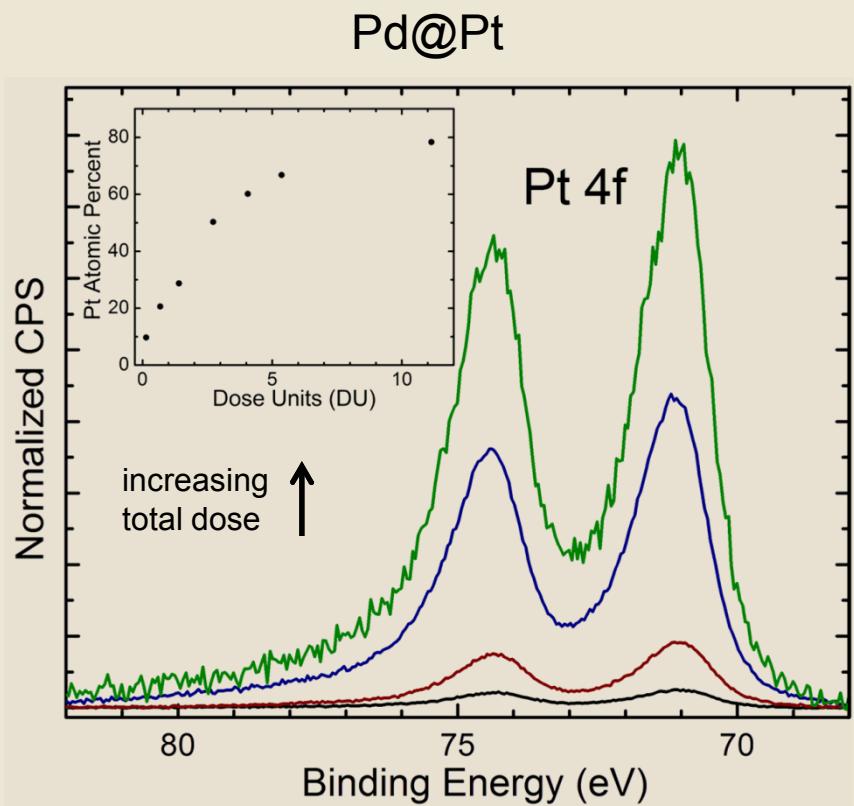
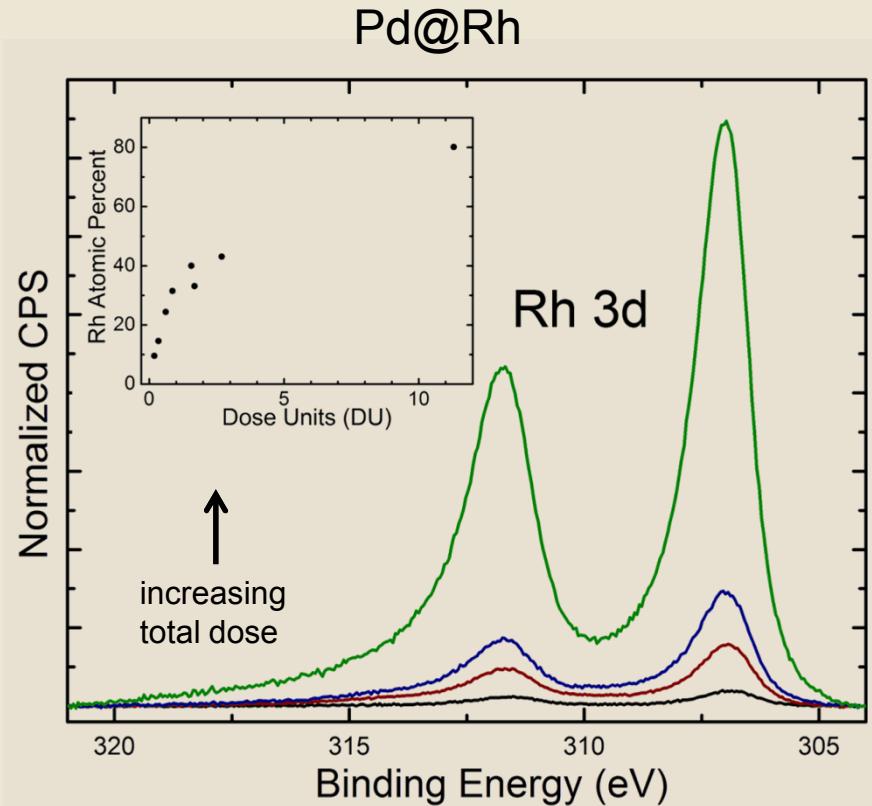


(a) Pd powder before deposition



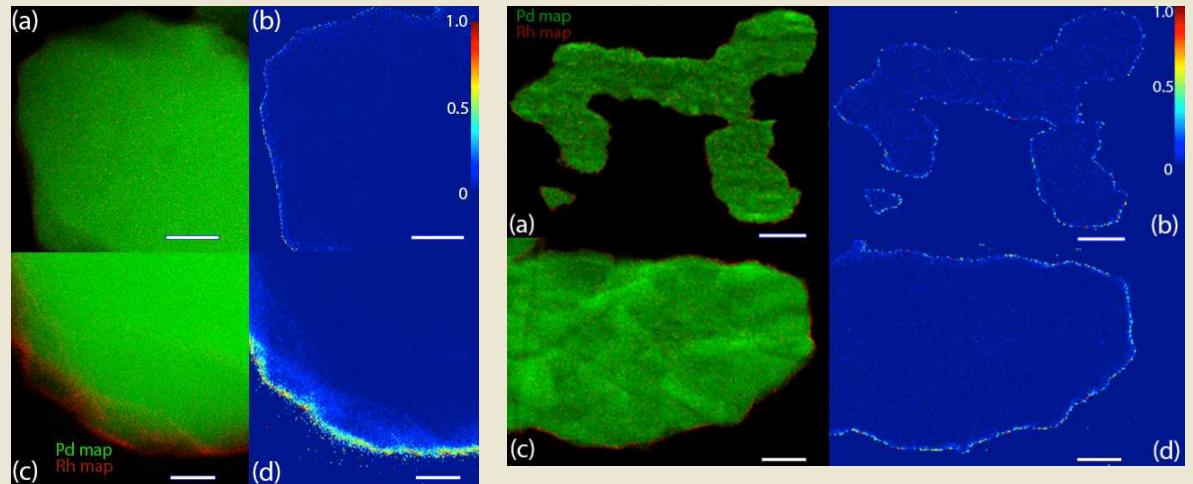
(b) Pd powder after 2 cycles of ALED

More cycles, more metal deposited (by X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy)



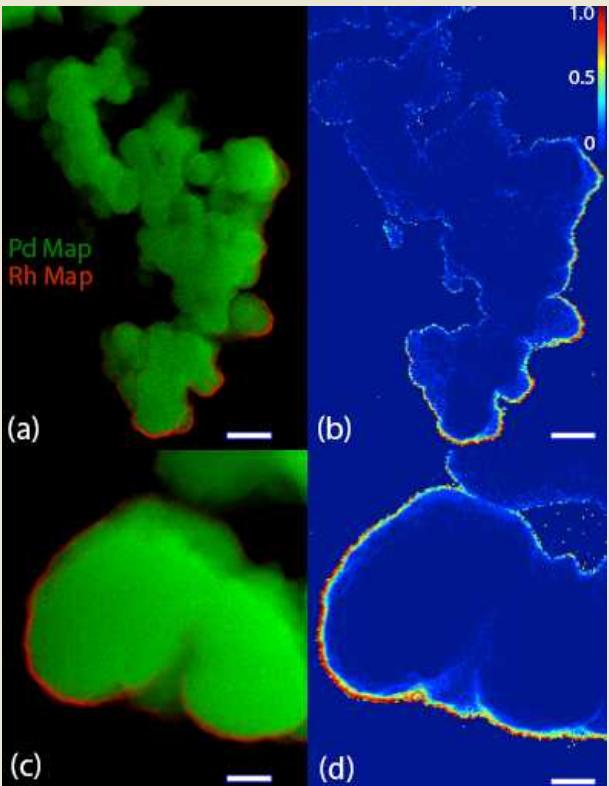
Rh and Pt peaks normalized to Pd peak at 335 eV

STEM-EDS confirms thickness control for PdRh



One cycle, **3.9** nm avg
scalebar = 500 nm (a,b)
scalebar = 150 nm (c,d))

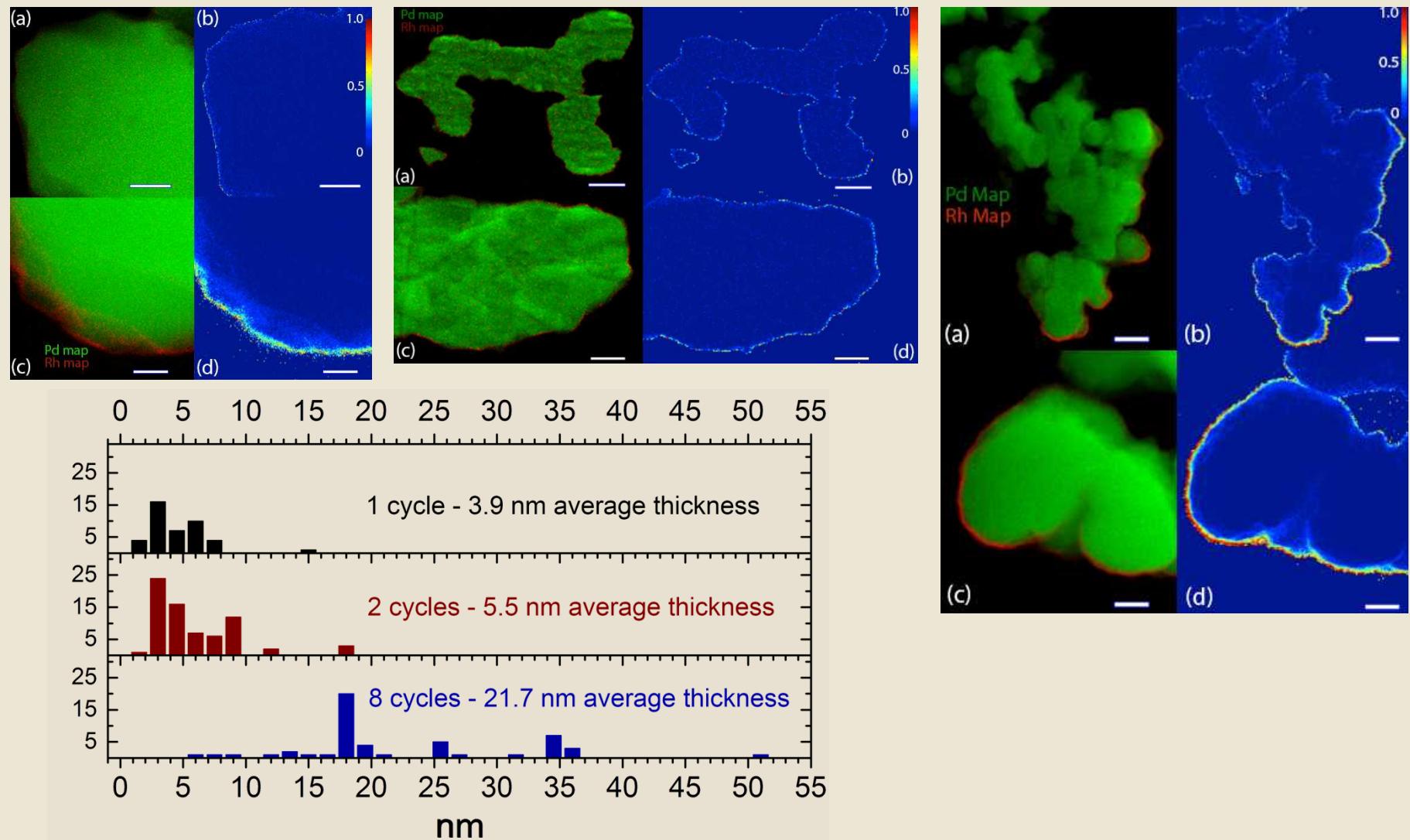
Two cycles, **5.5** nm avg
scalebar = 250 nm (a,b)
scalebar = 60 nm (c,d))



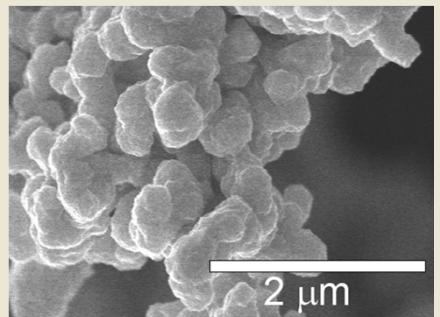
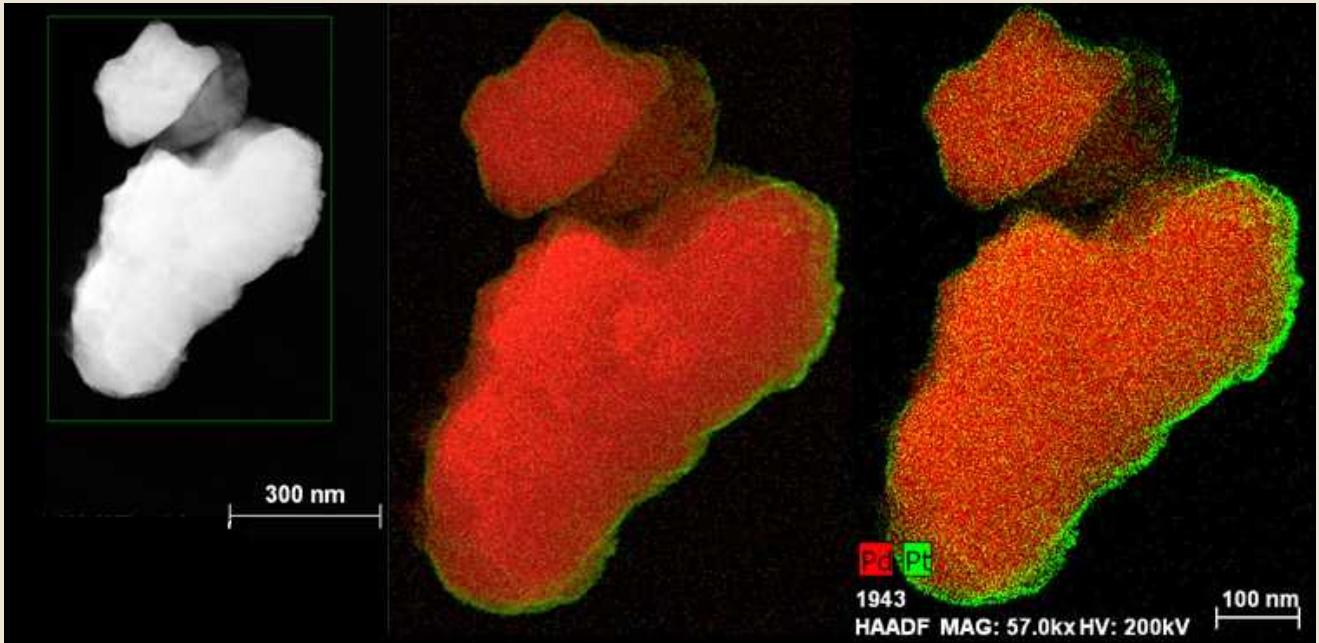
- *Increasing Rh thickness on PdRh with more cycles of deposition*

Eight cycles, **21.7** nm avg
scalebar = 500 nm (a,b)
scalebar = 20 nm (c,d))

STEM-EDS confirms thickness control for PdRh



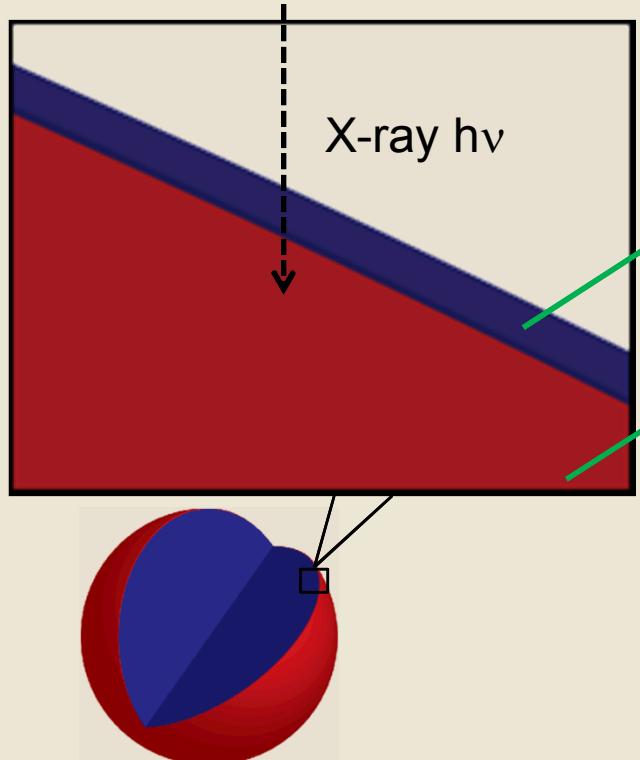
After initial concern, PdPt looks good



← Keep in mind: aggregation

Energy Resolved Depth Profile (XPS)

At synchrotron, incident photon energy ($h\nu$) can be tuned, $KE = h\nu - BE$



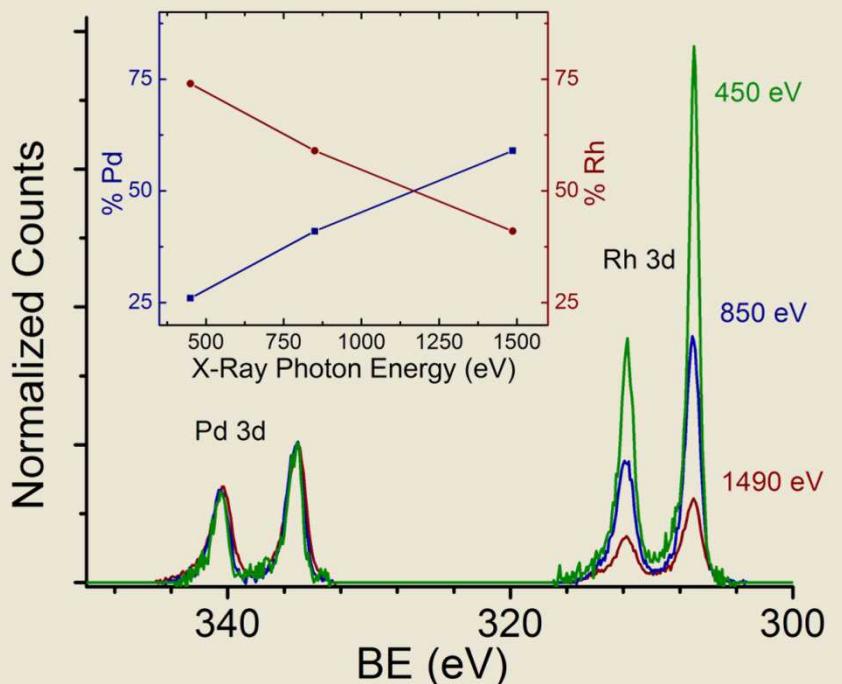
Lower energy photoelectrons are more surface sensitive

Higher energy photoelectrons travel farther

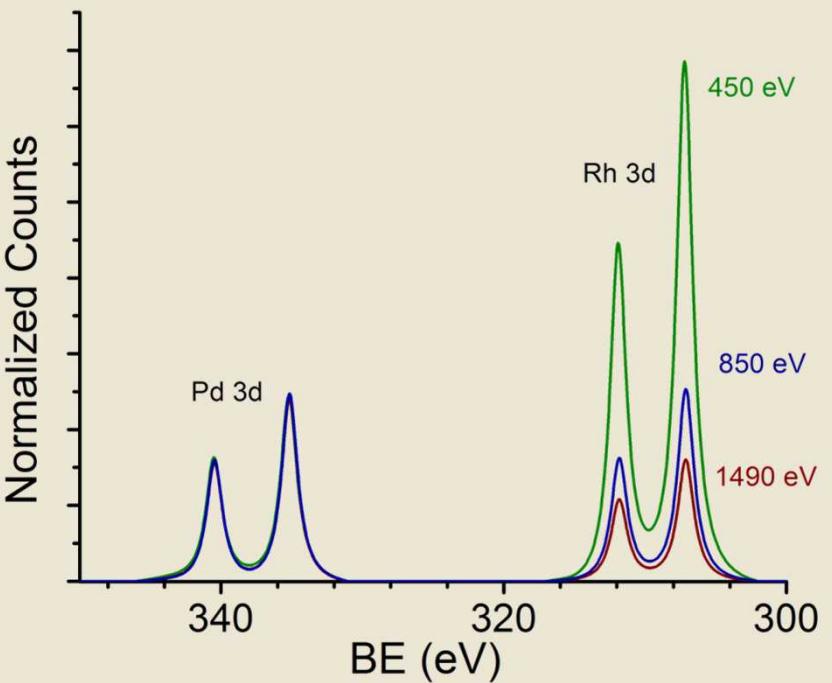


Lawrence Berkeley,
Advanced Light Source
Beamline 9.3.2

Energy Resolved Depth Profile (XPS)

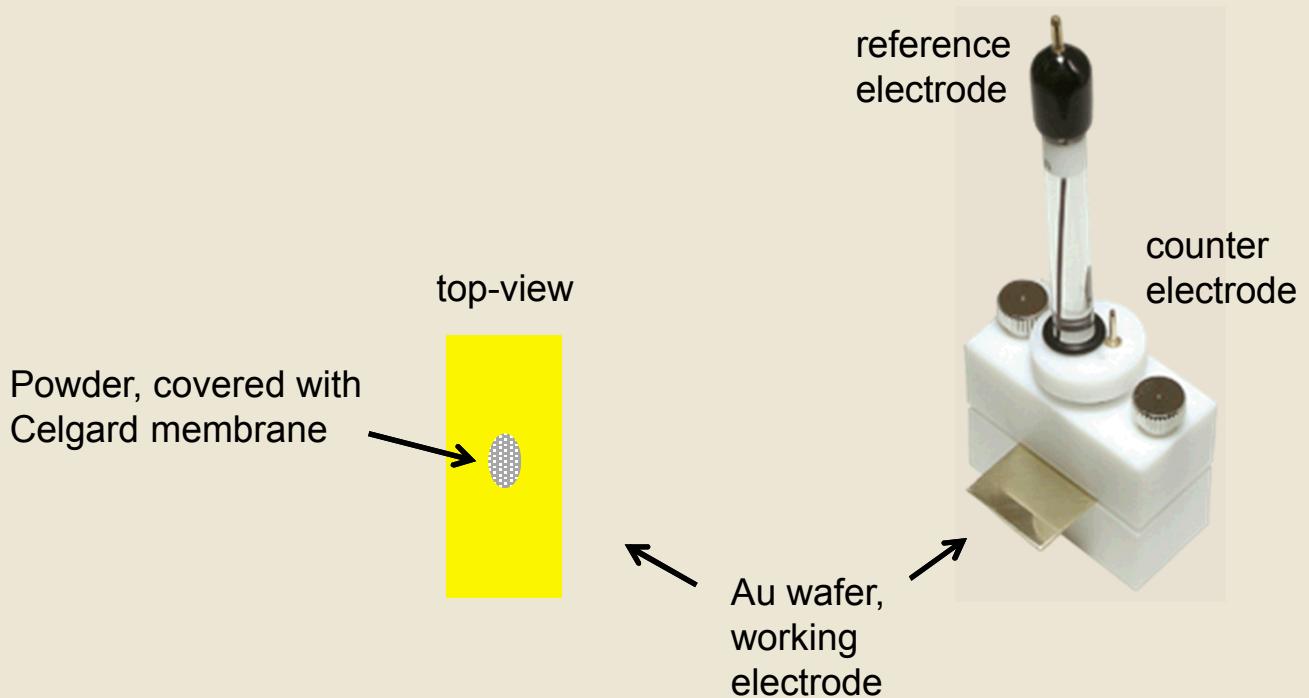


Spectra at three photon energies demonstrate surface Rh enrichment

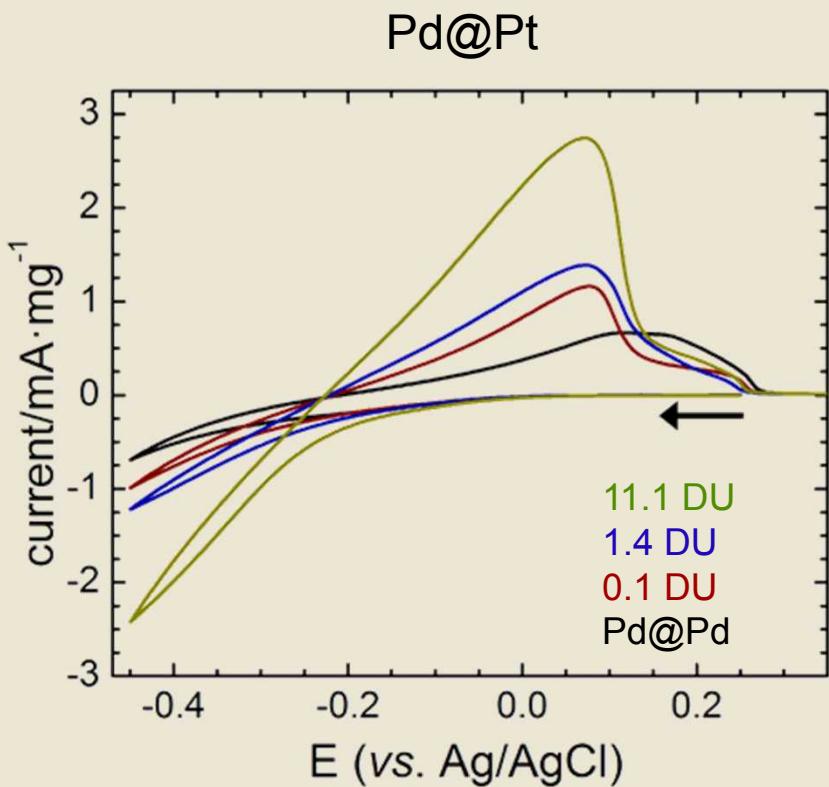
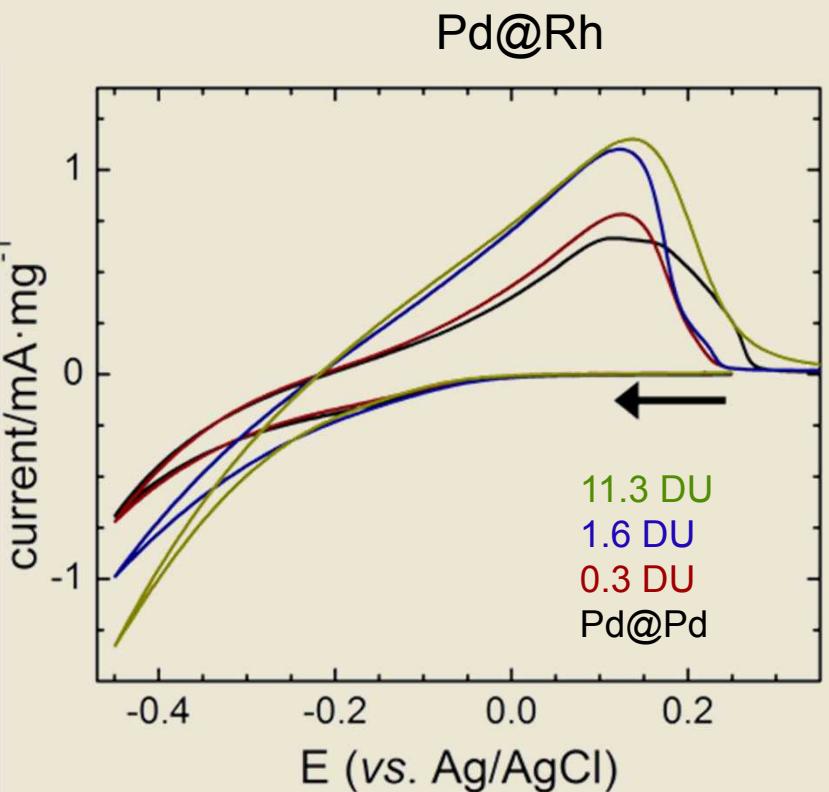


Simulation:
4 - 8 Å adlayer, 25% bare Pd

Direct measurement of hydrogen desorption on powders

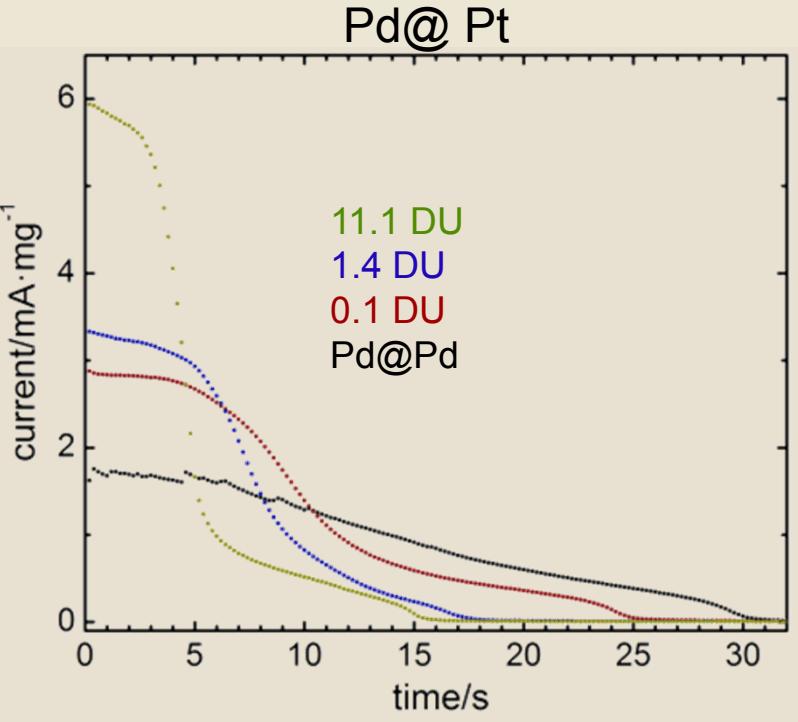
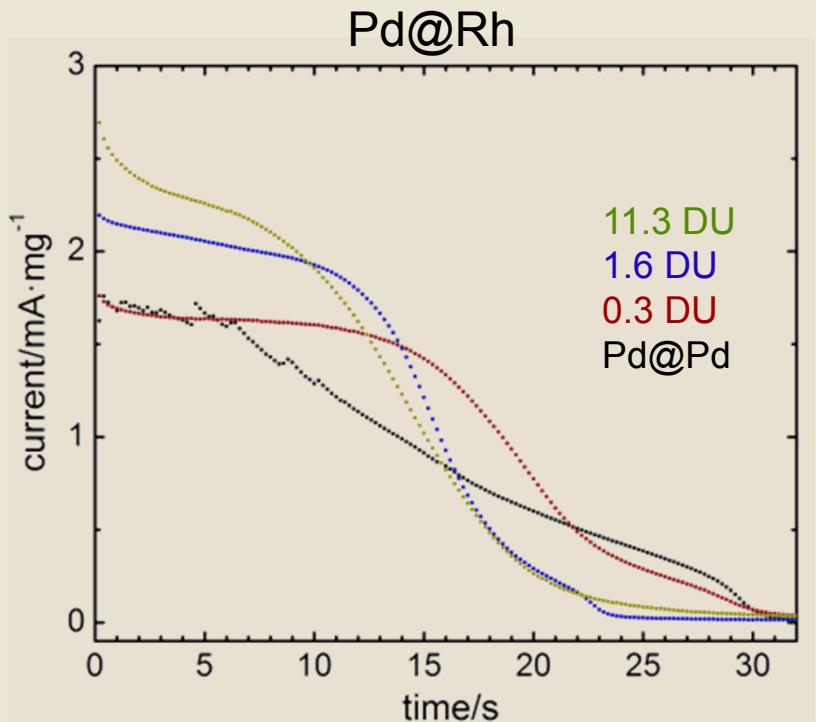


Direct measurement of hydrogen desorption on powders

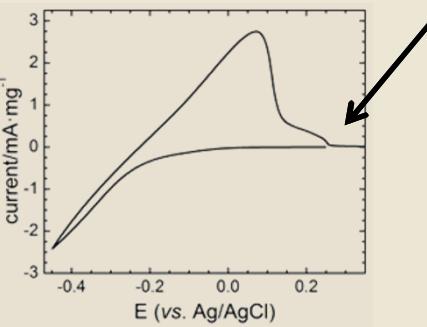


- Adlayer improves hydrogen absorption and desorption kinetics
- Greater effect with thicker layer

Direct measurement of hydrogen desorption on powders



- Powders charged with H_2 by applying 1.5 mA for 60s
- Poised at 0.27 V vs. Ag/AgCl to desorb hydrogen (t_0)



Acknowledgements



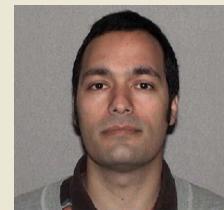
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Project PI
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STEM-EDS
Sandia



Professor John Stickney
Collaborator
University of Georgia



Farid El Gabaly
XPS