

# **Performance Characteristics of Electrochemical Capacitors Including, Abuse Testing, for Use in Electric Utility Applications**

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# Why Electric Utility Work in an EV Meeting

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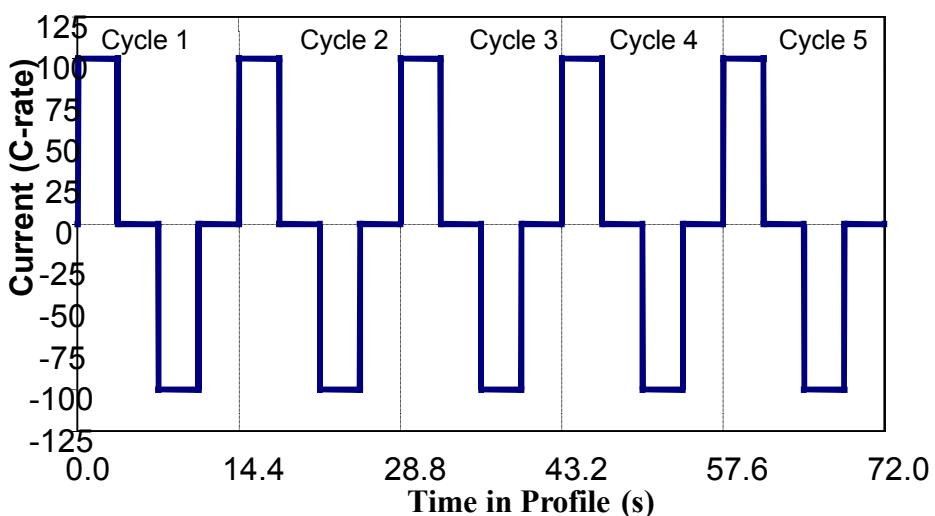
- DOE energy storage program mission is to develop advanced electricity storage and power electronics technologies, in partnership with industry, for modernizing and expanding the electric supply. This will improve the quality, reliability, flexibility and cost effectiveness of the existing system.
- Electric utilities need energy/electricity storage to mediate between variable sources and variable loads

(Without storage, energy generation must equal energy consumption)

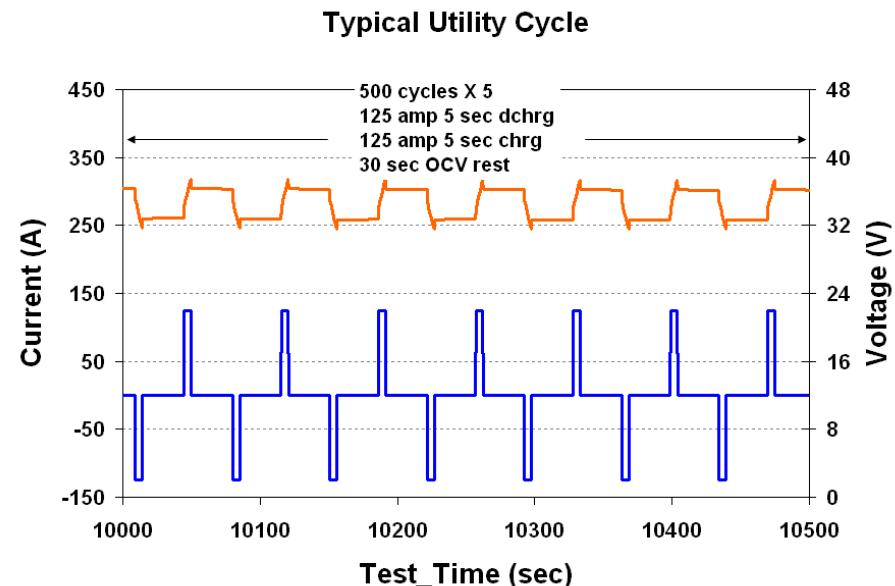
- Requirements for storage in utilities are similar to PHEV and HEV needs both for performance and safety

# PSOC Capability is Required for both EV and Utility Applications

UC10 Cycle Test Profile (5 Cycles) =  
1-Mile Road)

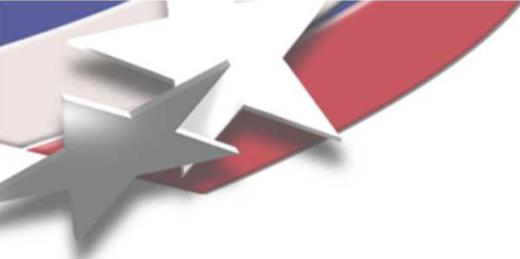


EV PSOC Cycle



Utility PSOC Cycle

PSOC = Partial State of Charge

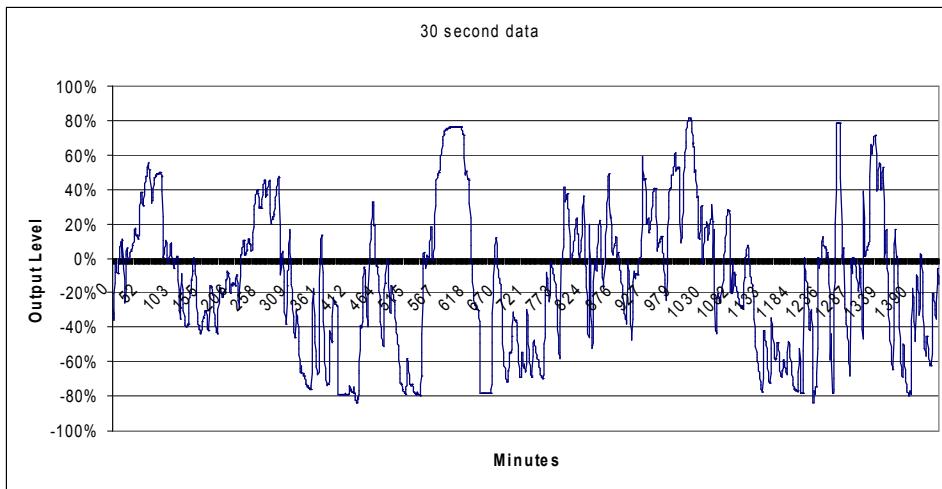


# Some Utility Applications Requiring PSOC Operations

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**Ultra-Capacitors  
can provide smoothing for  
Wind Turbine Sites**



**Ultra-Capacitors can provide  
smoothing for Frequency  
Regulation**



# Super Capacitors Available Using Different Electrolytes

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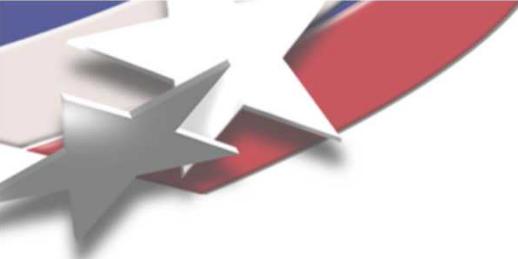
- **Acetonitrile (ACN) is expected to**
  - Provide lower resistance devices
  - With possible safety concerns
- **Propylene Carbonate (PC) is expected to**
  - Provide much higher resistance devices
  - With improved safety



# Super Capacitors Using PC & ACN from Same Supplier Were Tested to See the Extent of Performance Differences

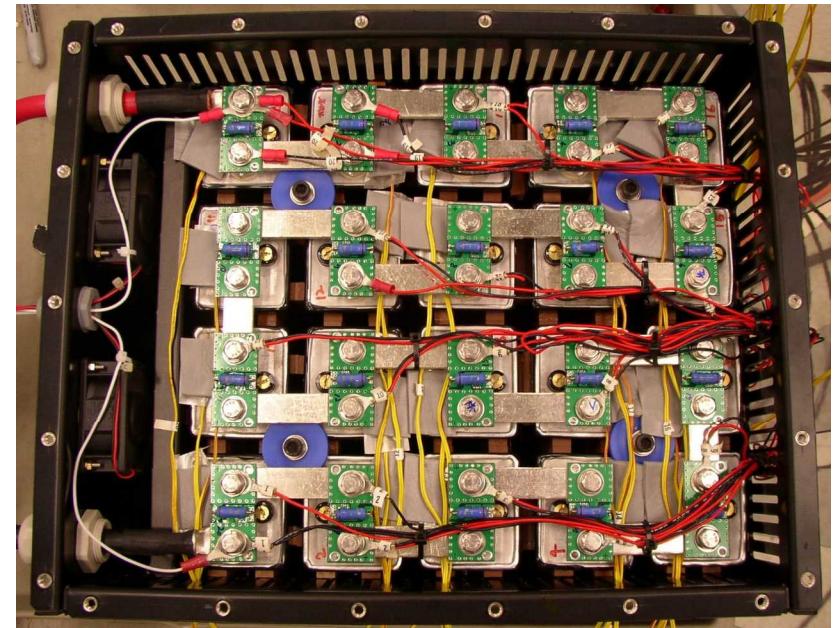
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- **Performance Testing**
  - Resistance Measurements
  - Performance in Utility Cycle
- **Safety Tests**
  - Over Temperature
  - Over Voltage



# Performance Test Set Up

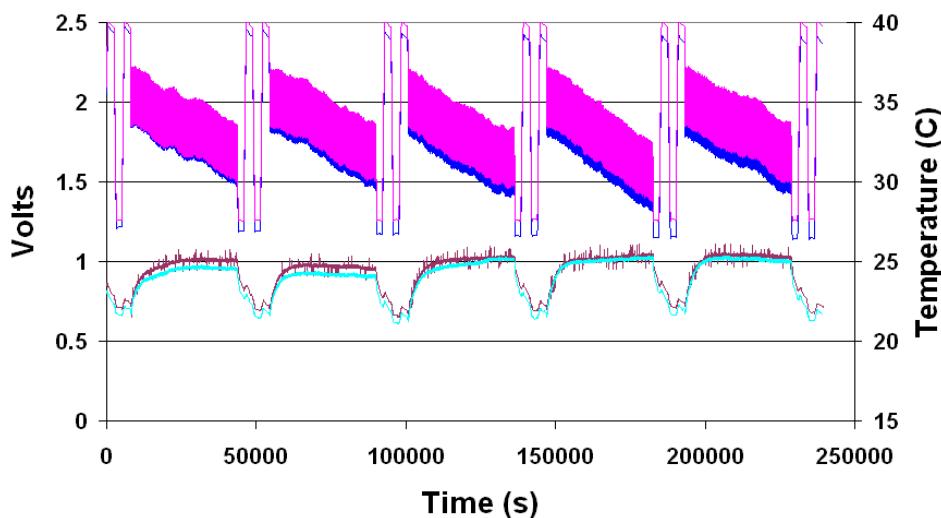
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**All Modules Were Wired so Voltage and  
Temperature Could be Recorded for Each Cell**

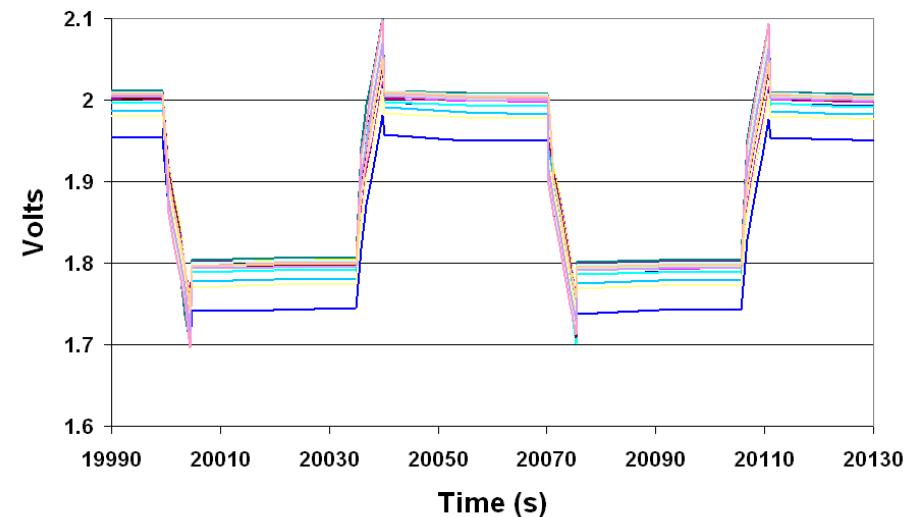
# Testing of ACN Devices Using the Utility Cycle

NessCap AN17 Utility Cycle  
2500 Cycles



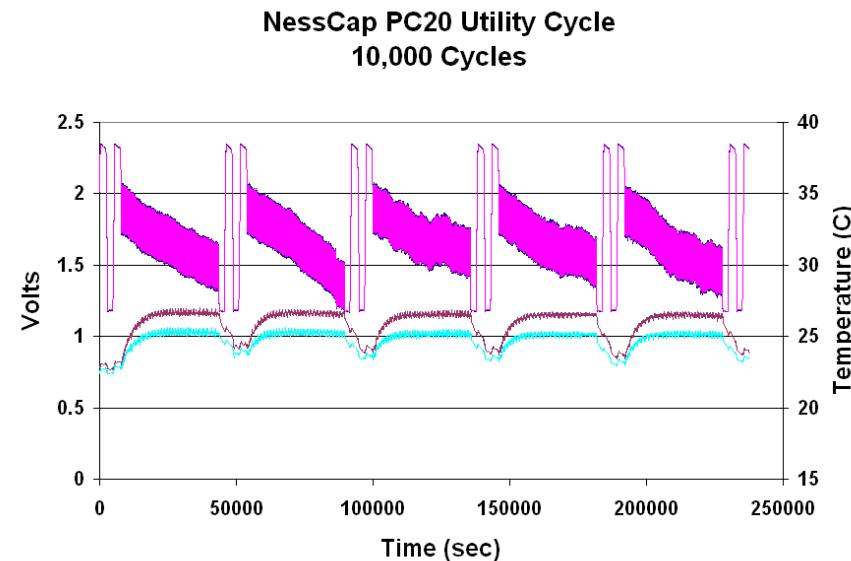
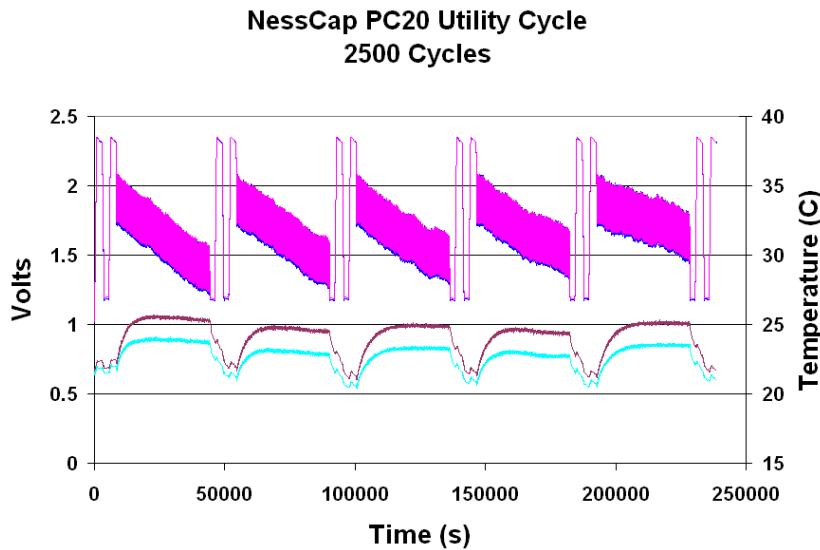
Results from Individual Cell Tests  
from Modules with Results from  
Highest and Lowest Cells Shown for  
2500 Cycles

NessCap AN17 Utility Cycle

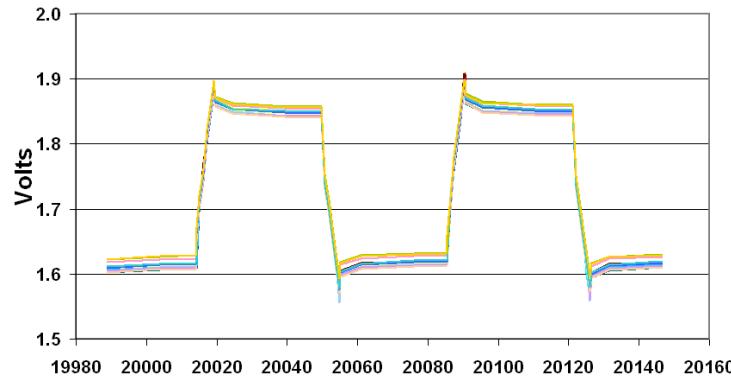


Results from Individual Cell Tests from  
Modules with Results for all Cells Shown  
for 2 Cycles

# Testing of PC Device Using the Utility Cycle



Results from Individual Cell Tests from Modules with Results from Highest and Lowest Cells



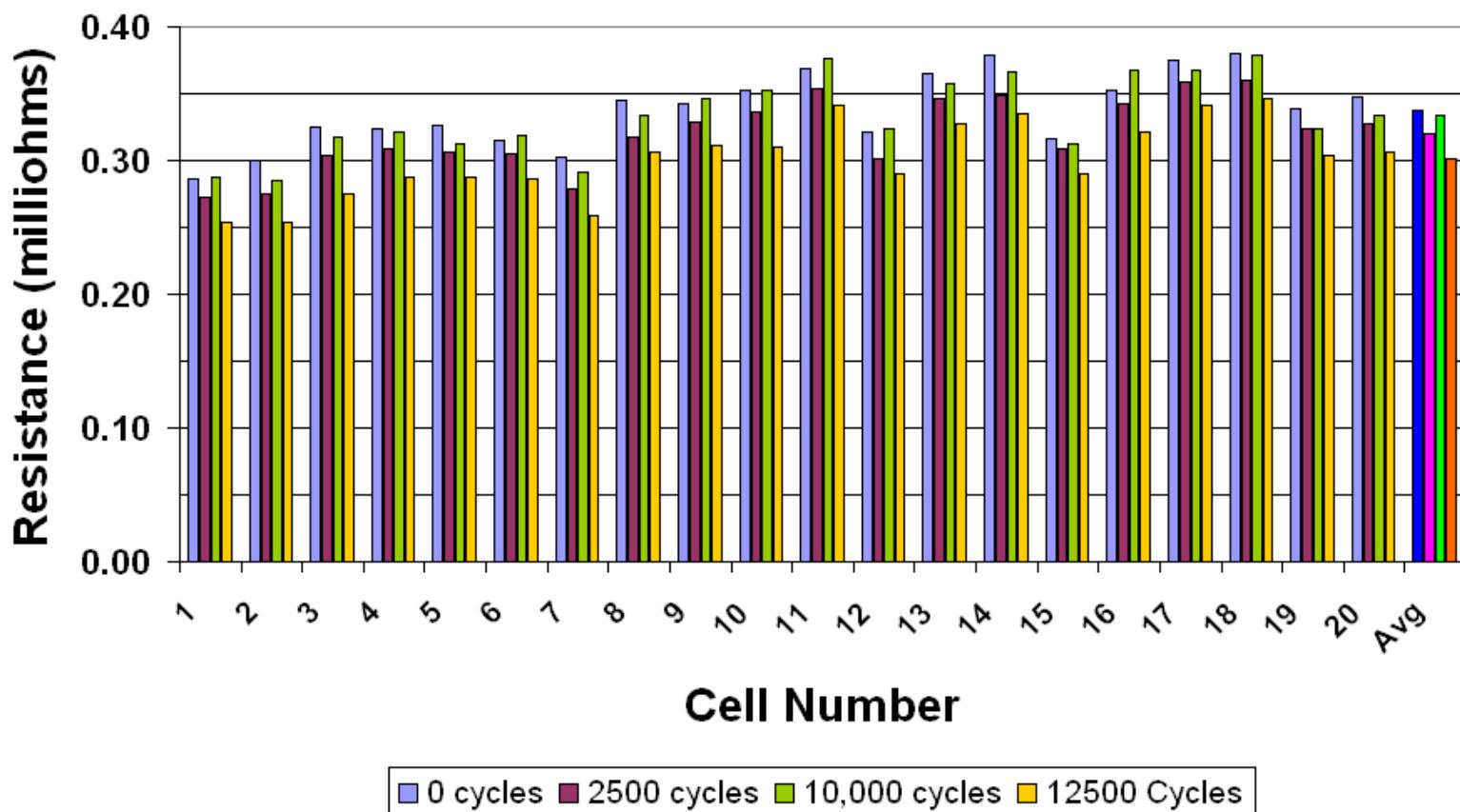
Results from Individual Cell Tests from Modules with Results for all Cells Shown for 2 Cycles

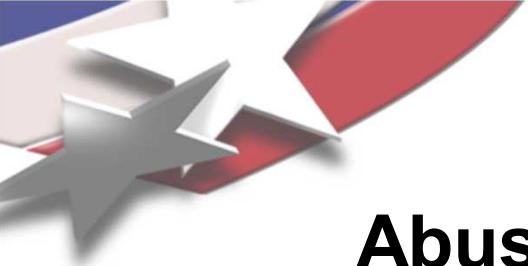


# Change in Resistance as a Function of Test Cycle for PC

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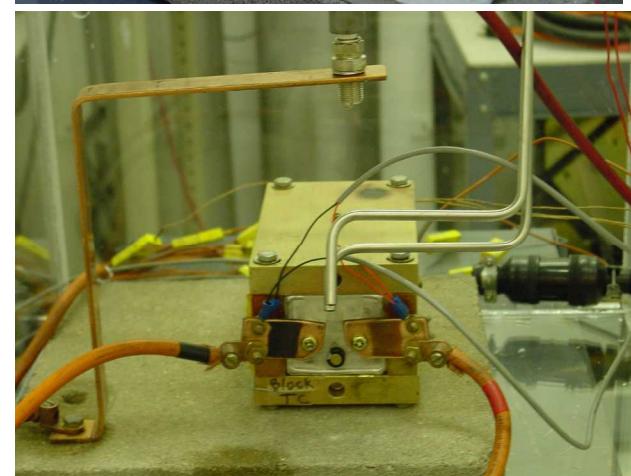
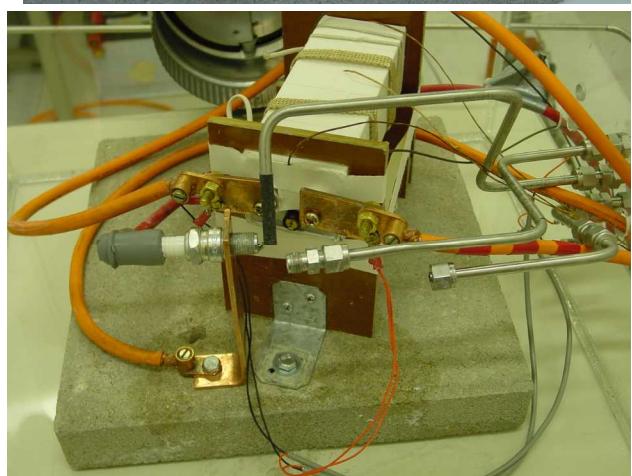
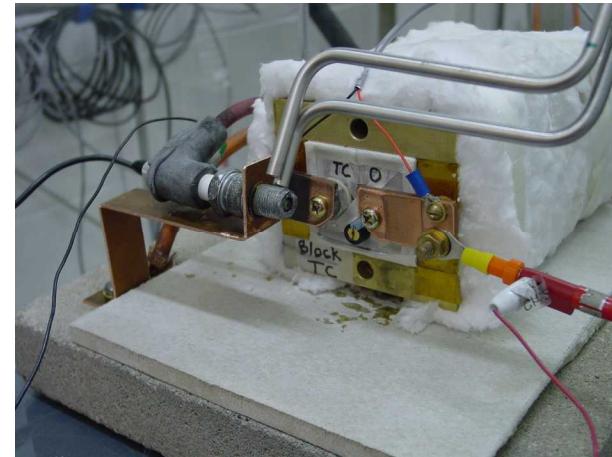
Propylene Carbonate  
Cell DC Ohmic Resistance





# Abuse Test Setup for PC and ACN

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ACN

PC



# Test Procedure

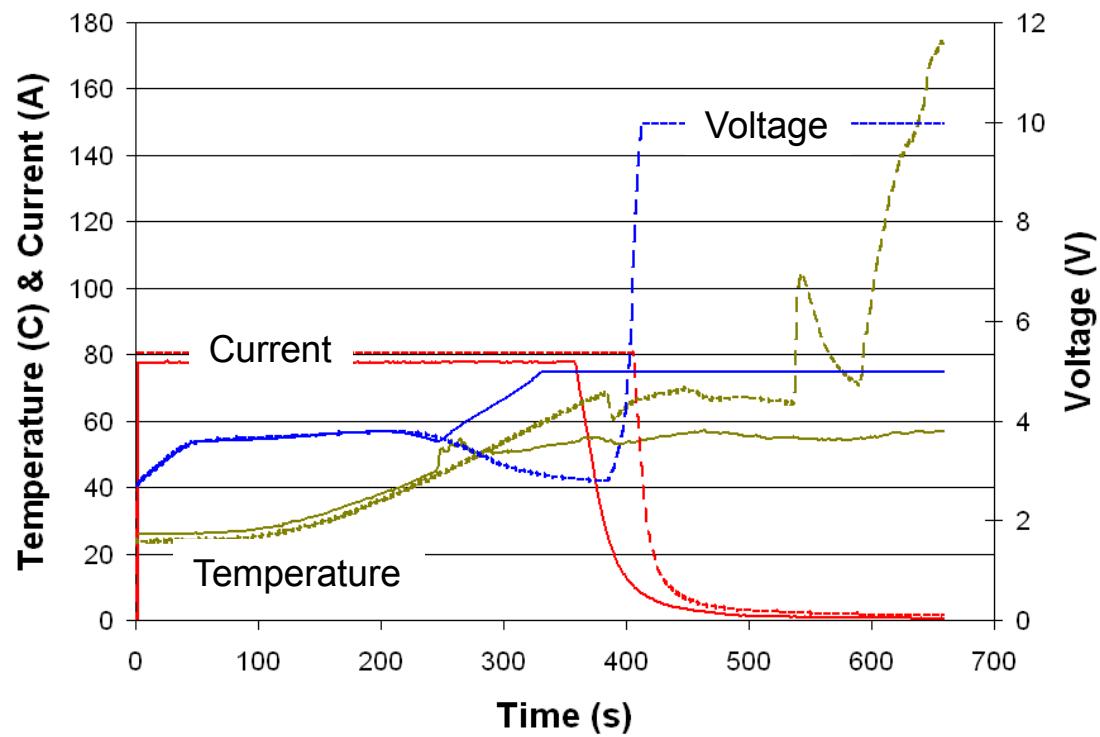
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- Over-voltage Test
  - Charge at ~60-80 Amps
  - Contain vented gases in 45.7 cm (18") square clear plastic box
  - Measure gases with Residual Gas Analyzer (RGA-MS), Fourier Transform Infrared Spectrometer (FTIR), Drager indicator tubes and Soda-lime tube for HCN
  - Provide Spark in Test Box
- Over-temperature Test Heat at 5°C/min to venting
  - Contain vented gases in 45.7 cm (18") square clear plastic box
  - Measure gases with Residual Gas Analyzer (RGA-MS), Fourier Transform Infrared Spectrometer (FTIR), Drager indicator tubes and Soda-lime tube for HCN
  - Provide Spark in Test Box



# ACN Abuse Testing (Over Voltage)

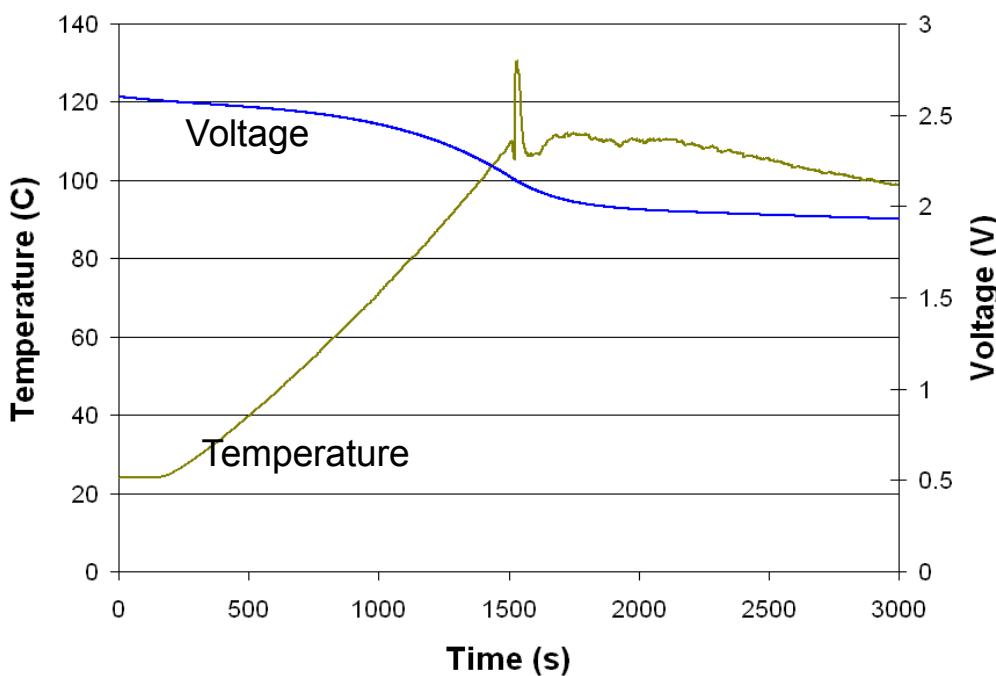
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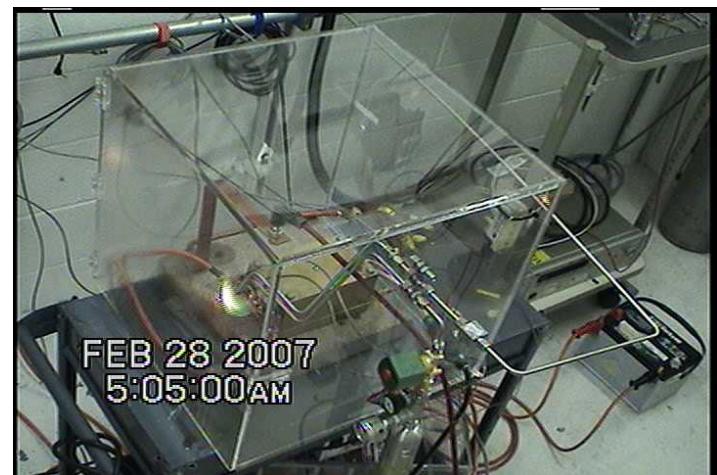
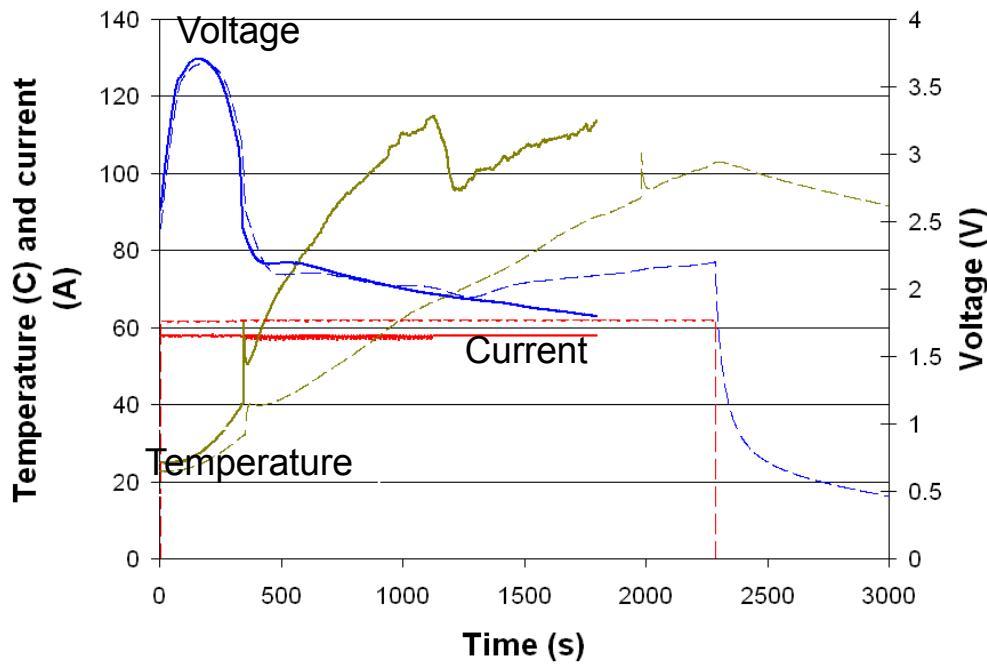
# ACN Abuse Testing (Over Temperature)

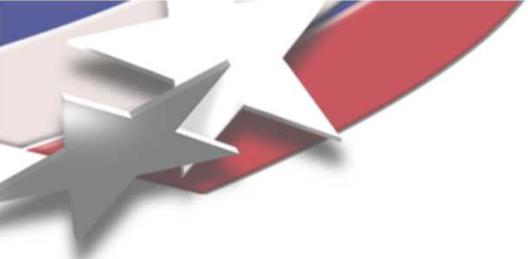
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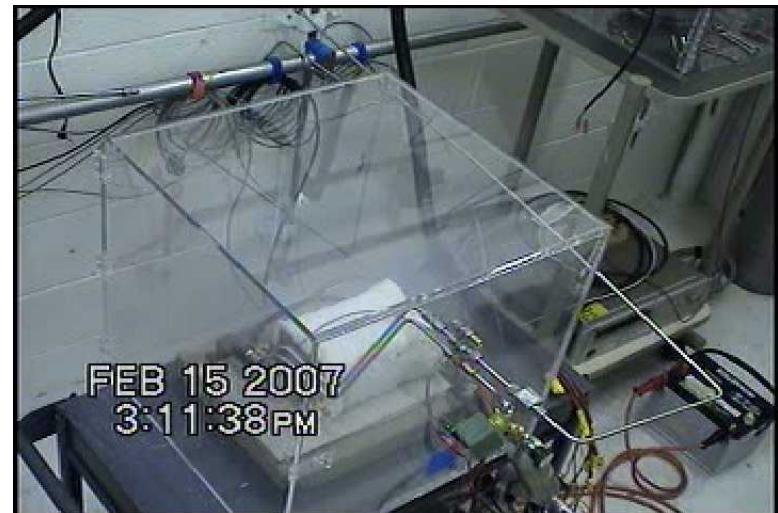
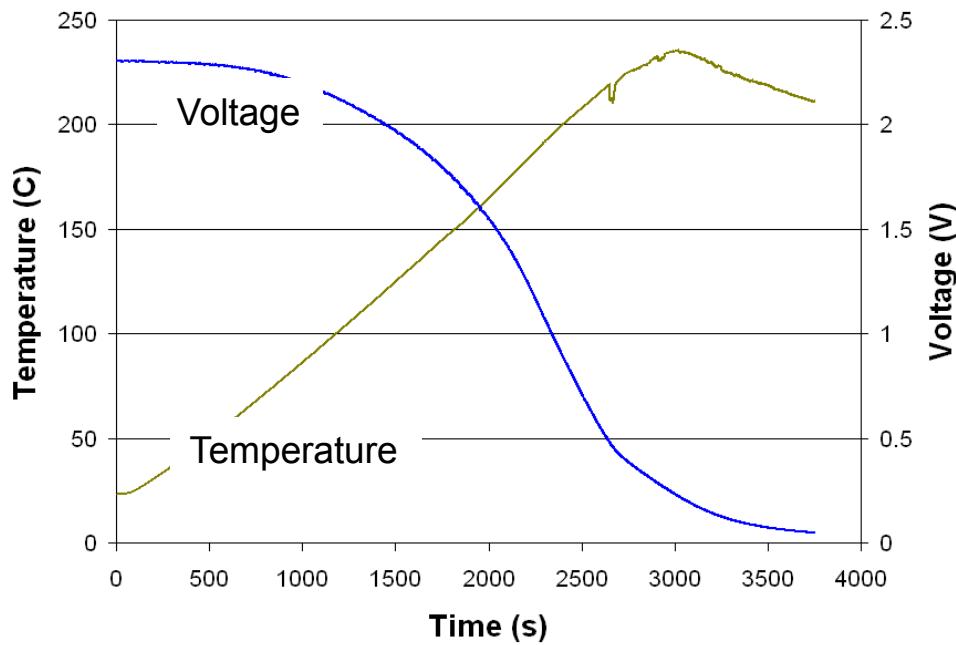
# PC Abuse Testing (Over Voltage)





# PC Abuse Testing (Over Temperature)

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# Summary

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- **Performance Testing**
  - PC and ACN Super capacitors perform thousands of PSOC cycles
  - Resistance appears to stay constant within tester margin
  - Resistance of PC based super capacitors in same range as ACN based devices
- **Abuse Testing**
  - ACN with ignition source burns in both over voltage and over temperature tests
  - PC appears to have a much shorter burn in over voltage condition