

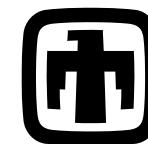
# Why and How to exploit OOB Validation for Ensemble Size

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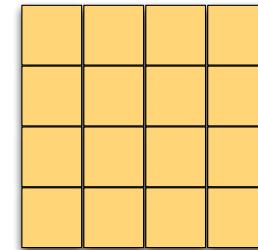


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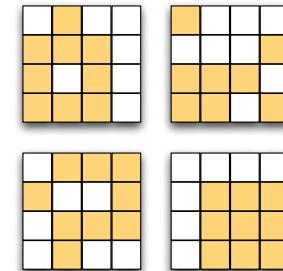
# Machine Learning, With Ensembles

**Traditional:** Use 100% of training data to build a sage.



Sage sees all the data.

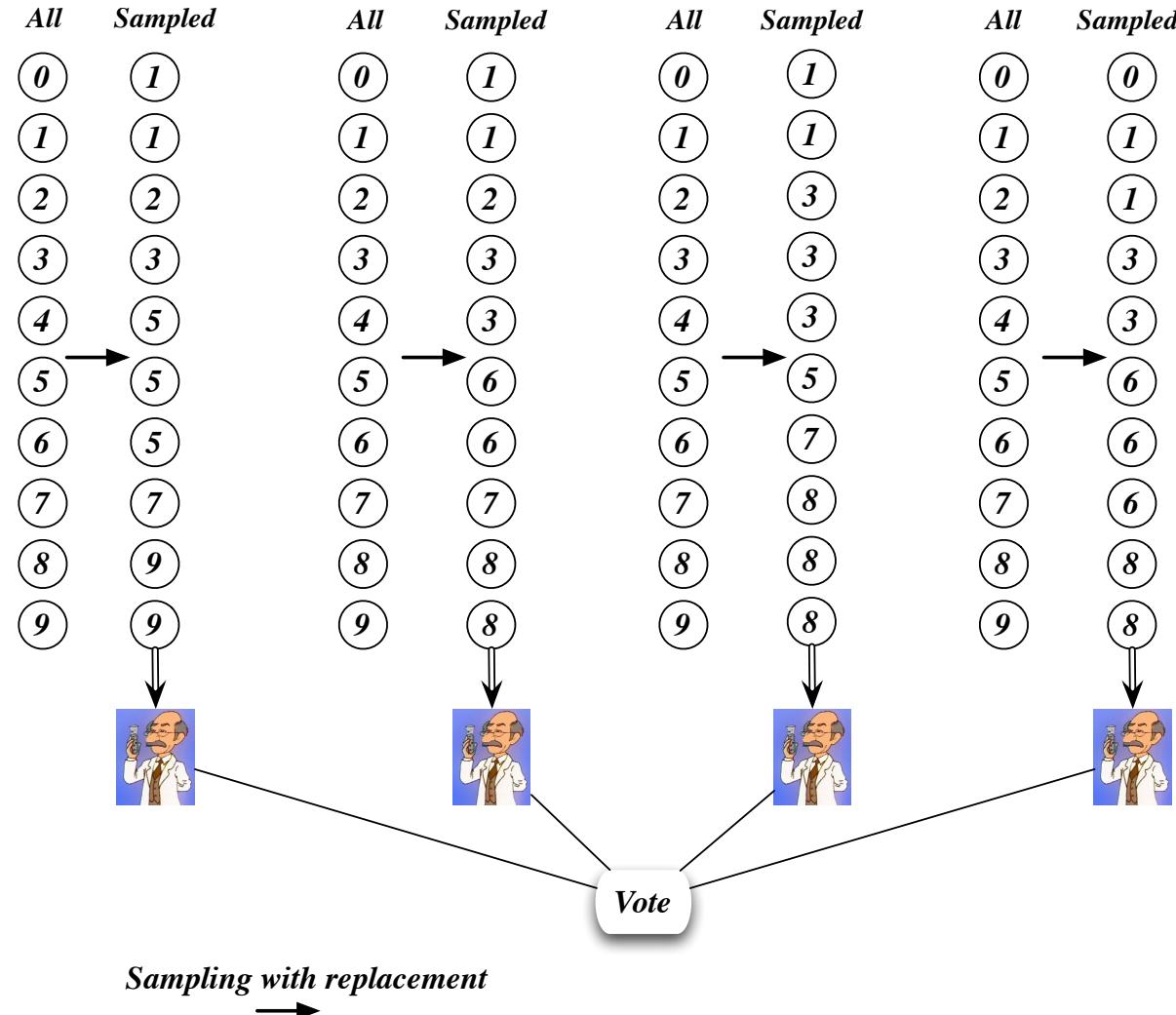
**Ensembles:** Use randomized 100% of training data to build an expert. Repeat to build many experts. Vote them.



Each expert sees 2/3rds of the data.

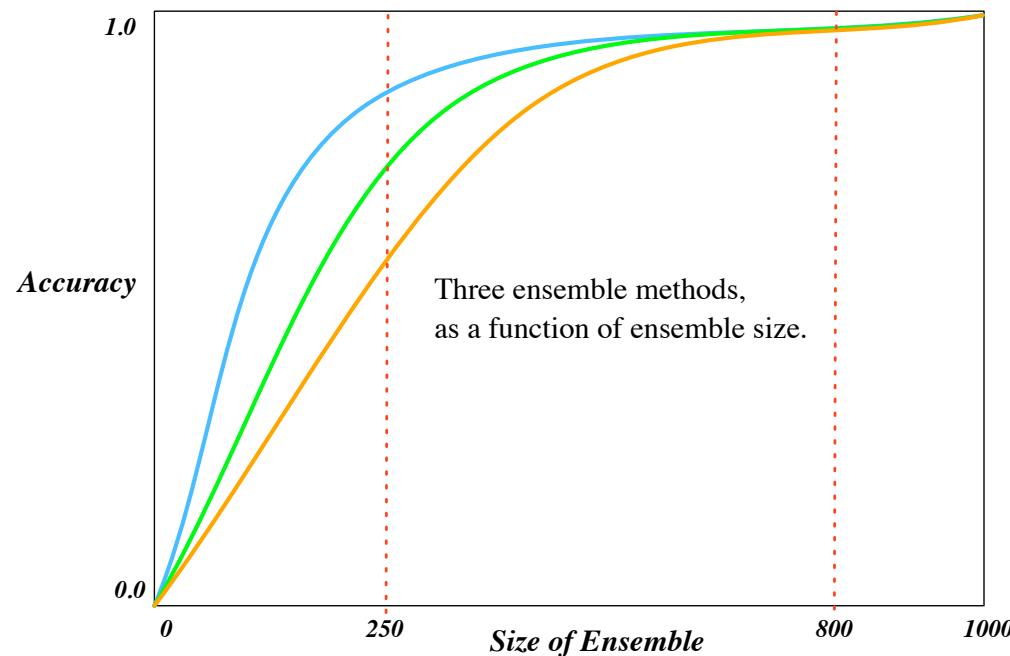
The experts beat the sage[1]!

# “Bagging” is the Formal Name for This Method



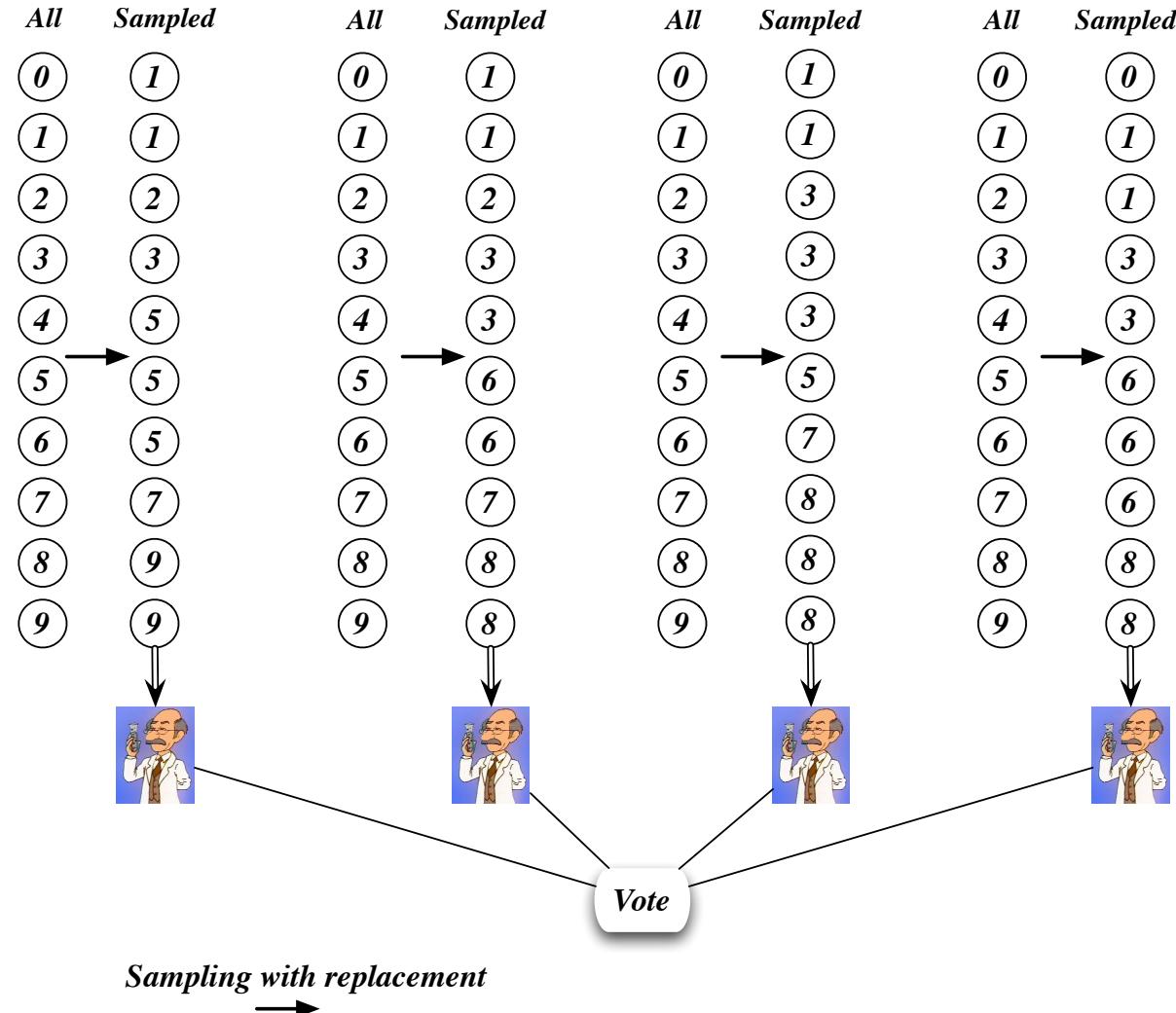
# How Big An Ensemble Do You Need?

*Don't* use fixed size ensembles. They will short-change you and deceive you. Instead, stop when accuracy levels off.



But how to measure accuracy? *Don't* just use the training data. Use a separate validation set? Sure, but they are rare and costly. Out-of-bag (OOB) validation is easy and cheap.

# Every Classifier Lacks a Fraction of the Samples



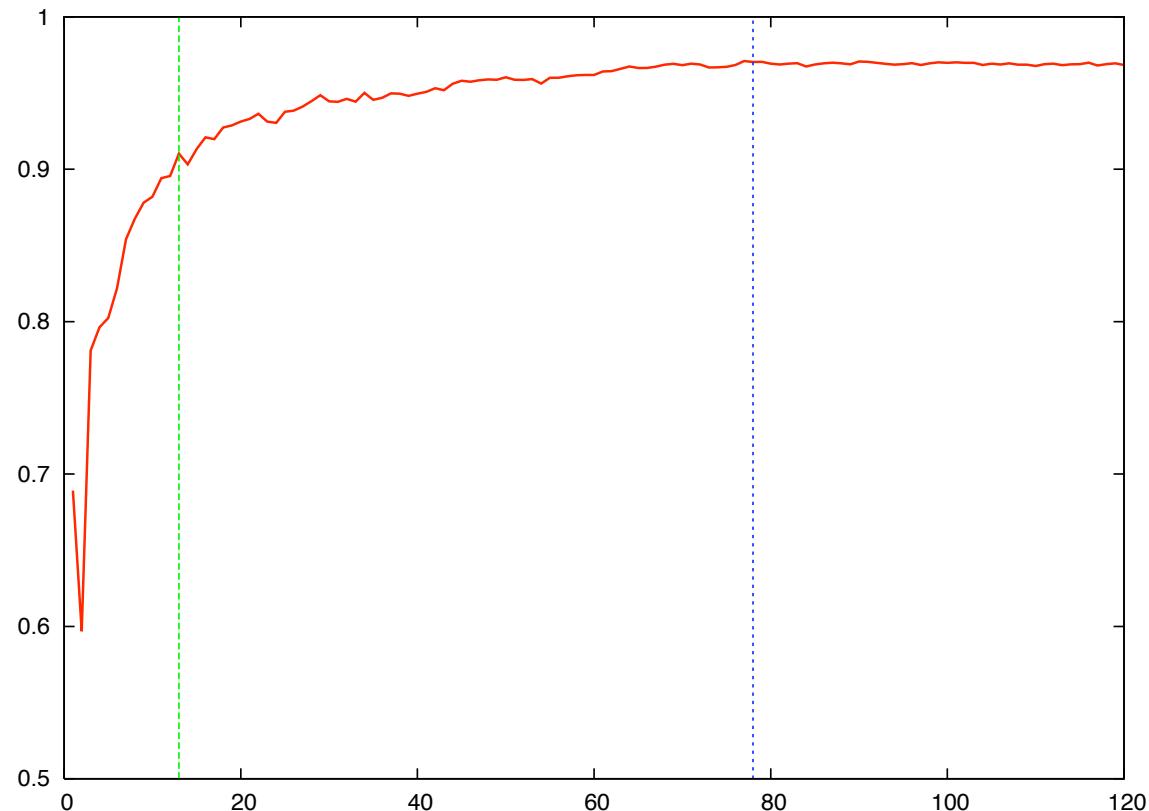
# Every Sample Lacks a Fraction of the Classifiers!!

The classifiers that didn't see the sample can be fairly used to test it.



Sample 2 can be tested by E3 and E4; Sample 4 by E1, E2, E3 and E4.  
Each sample can be tested by a substantial fraction of the classifiers.  
So the over all accuracy is accumulated, one sample at a time.

# Accuracy Increases Erratically With Ensemble Size



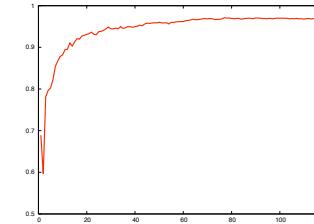
Can't stop at first peak or plateau; accuracy curve must be smoothed.

# Smoothing and Selecting Via Local Windows

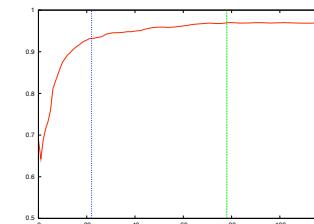
Three step algorithm for selecting a stop point[2]:

1. Maintain a running average over  $w_{\text{small}}$  samples, to smooth.
2. Track maximum accuracy over windows of size  $w_{\text{large}}$  until it doesn't increase.
3. Return size of ensemble that first achieved that accuracy.

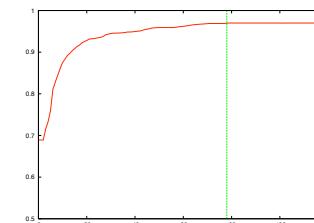
Note that OOB will over-estimate ensemble size.



Raw Accuracy Curve



Smoothed Accuracy



Maximum Filter Accuracy

# So: Smoothed Maximum Accuracy is Effective ...

... but theoretically unsatisfying.

## Next Steps:

- Generate a menagerie of real curves; build intuition.
- Estimate parameters from the curve itself?
  - Extract a measure of variability from the small ensemble data?
  - Explicitly model the “noise”, the variation in accuracy?
- Consult with a trained 1D signal processor.

## References

- [1] BANFIELD, R. E., HALL, L. O., BOWYER, K. W., BHADORIA, D., KEGELMEYER, W. P., AND ESCHRICH, S. A comparison of ensemble creation techniques. In *Proceedings of the Fifth International Conference on Multiple Classifier Systems, MCS2004* (2004), J. K. F. Roli and T. Windeatt, Eds., vol. 3077 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, Springer-Verlag.
- [2] BANFIELD, R. E., HALL, L. O., BOWYER, K. W., AND KEGELMEYER, W. P. A comparison of decision tree ensemble creation techniques. *IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence* 29, 1 (January 2007), 173–180.