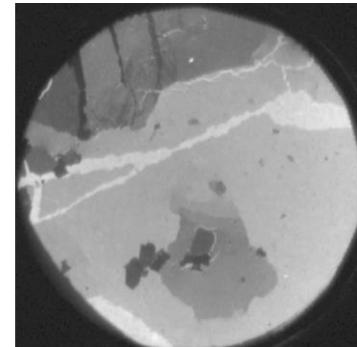
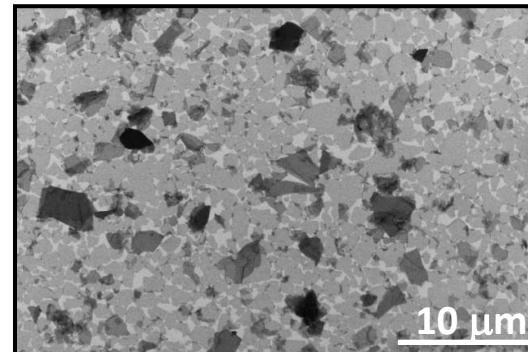
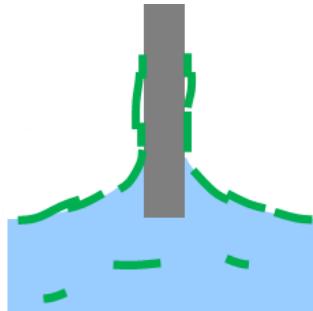
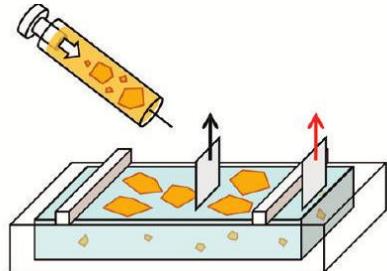


Exceptional service in the national interest



Langmuir-Blodgett assembly and characterization of nanosheets

Laura Biedermann, Calvin Chan, Katie Harrison, Paul Kotula, and Kevin Zavadil

Electrical, Optical, and Nanomaterials

Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM

Anthony Dylla and Keith Stevenson

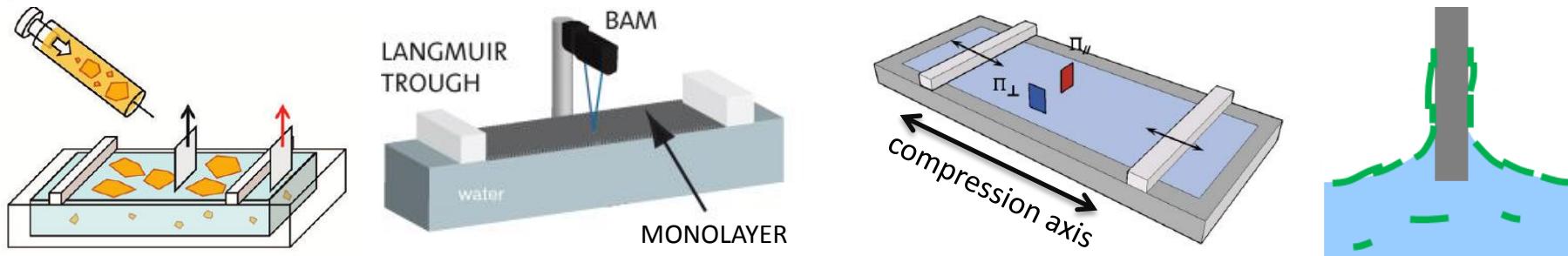
Dept. of Chemistry and Biochemistry, the University of Texas at Austin



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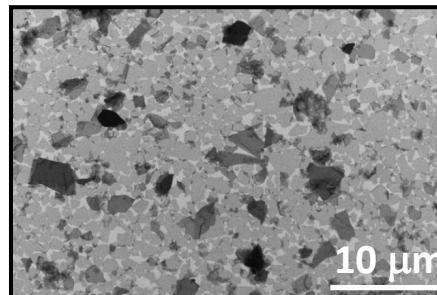
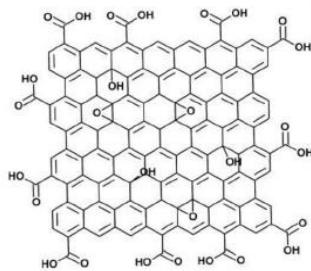
Langmuir-Blodgetttry of graphene oxide (GO) and $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$ nanosheets

- How to characterize Langmuir-Blodgett (L-B) monolayers

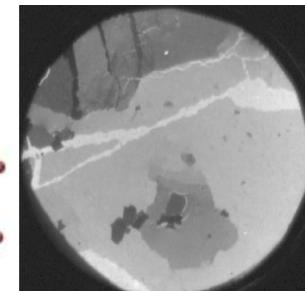
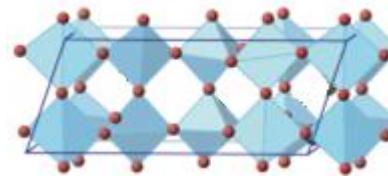


- Optimization of L-B deposition for 2D-nanosheets

GO



$\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$



- Utility of L-B deposition in preparing nanosheets for surface analysis

Dense, ordered molecular monolayers assembled using Langmuir-Blodgett deposition

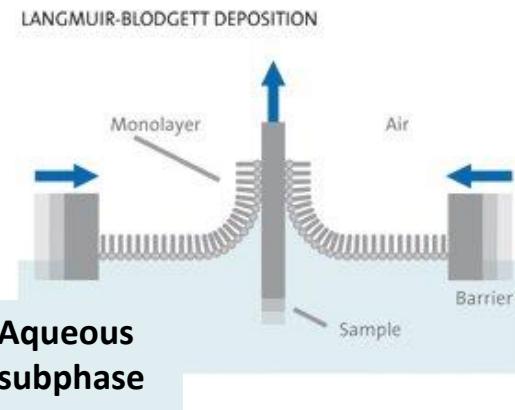
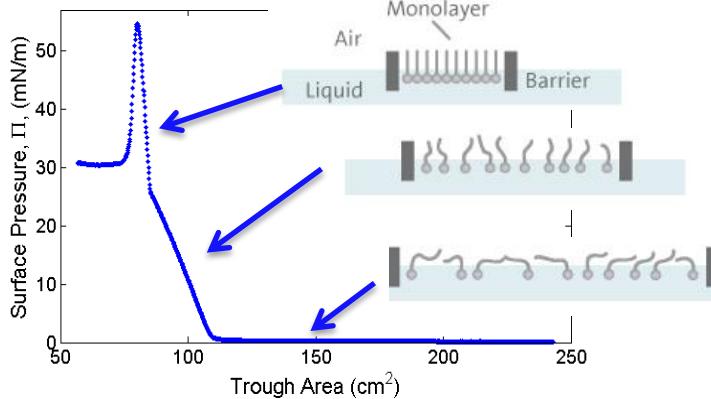


Katherine Blodgett

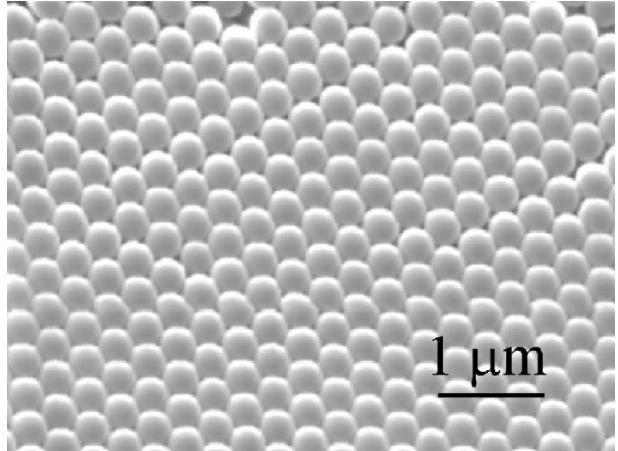


Irving Langmuir

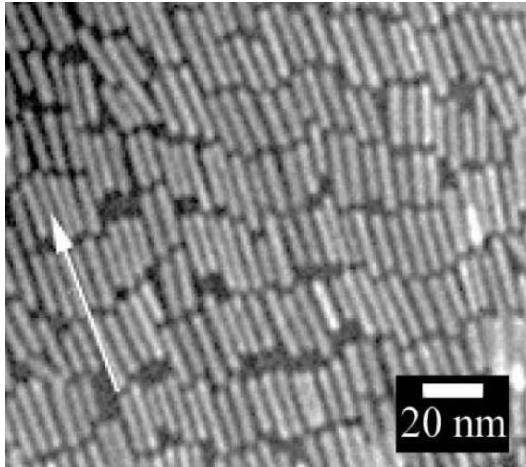
Compression of an amphiphilic molecule



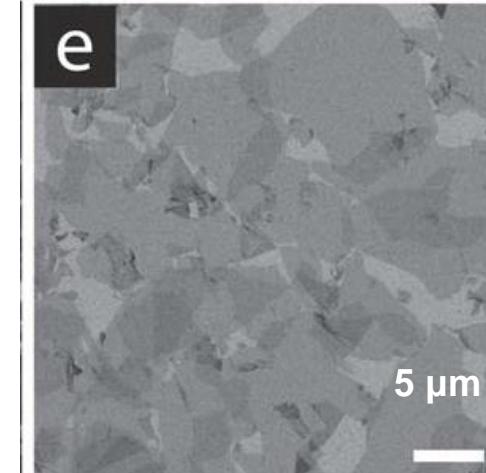
Synthetic opals¹



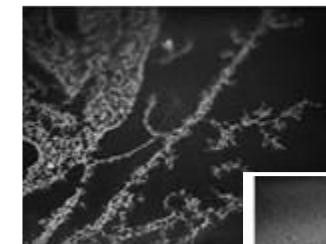
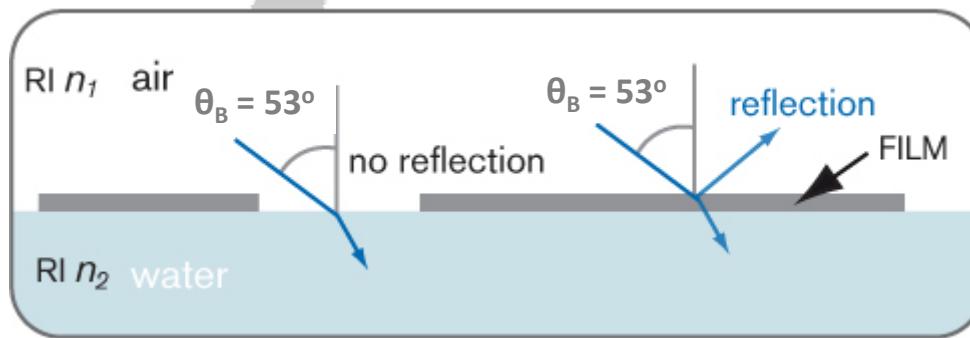
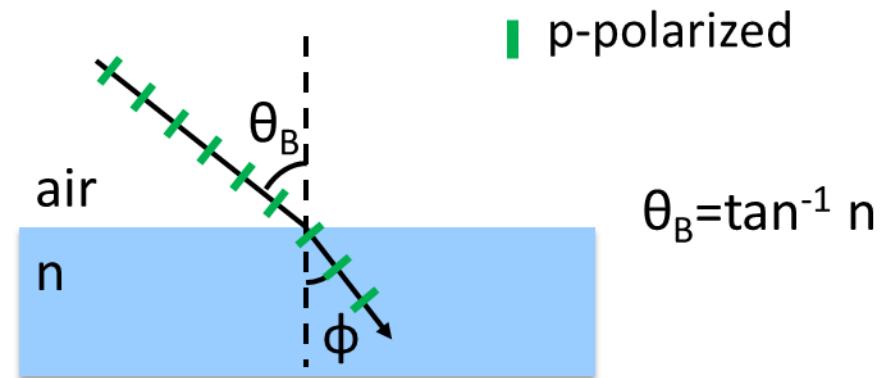
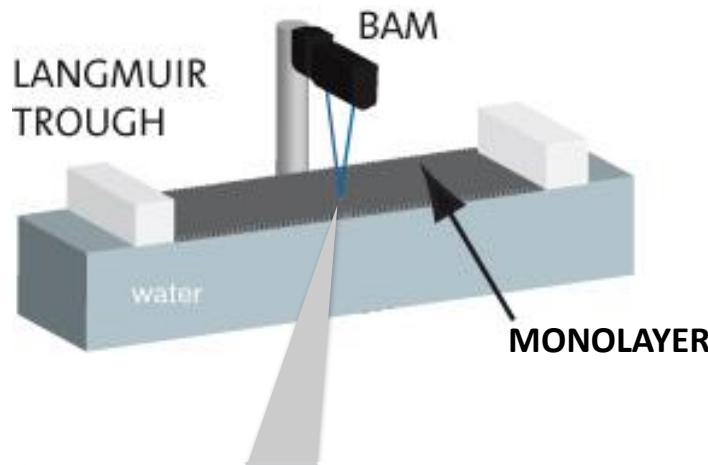
BaCrO_4 nanorods²



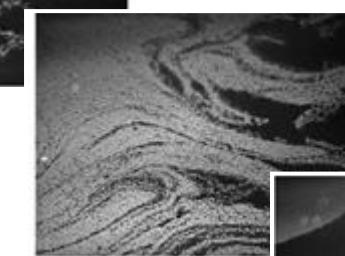
Overlapping GO flakes³



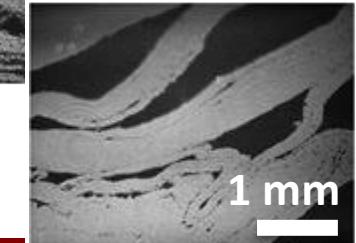
Brewster-Angle microscopy (BAM) allows observation of monolayer interactions



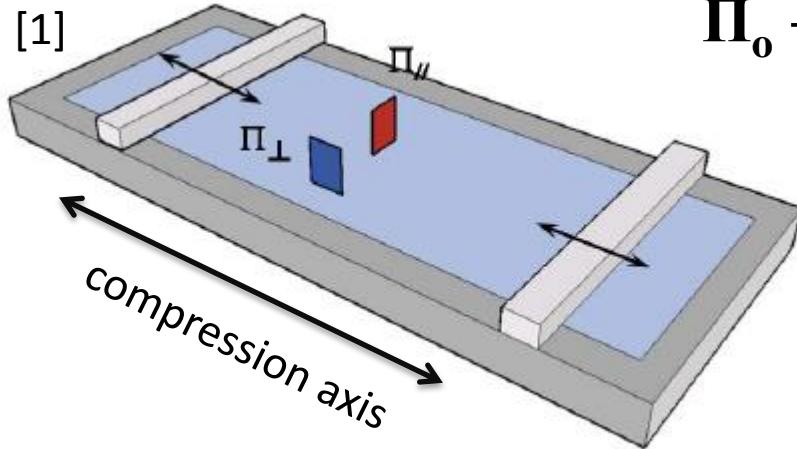
Stearic acid monolayer ^[1]



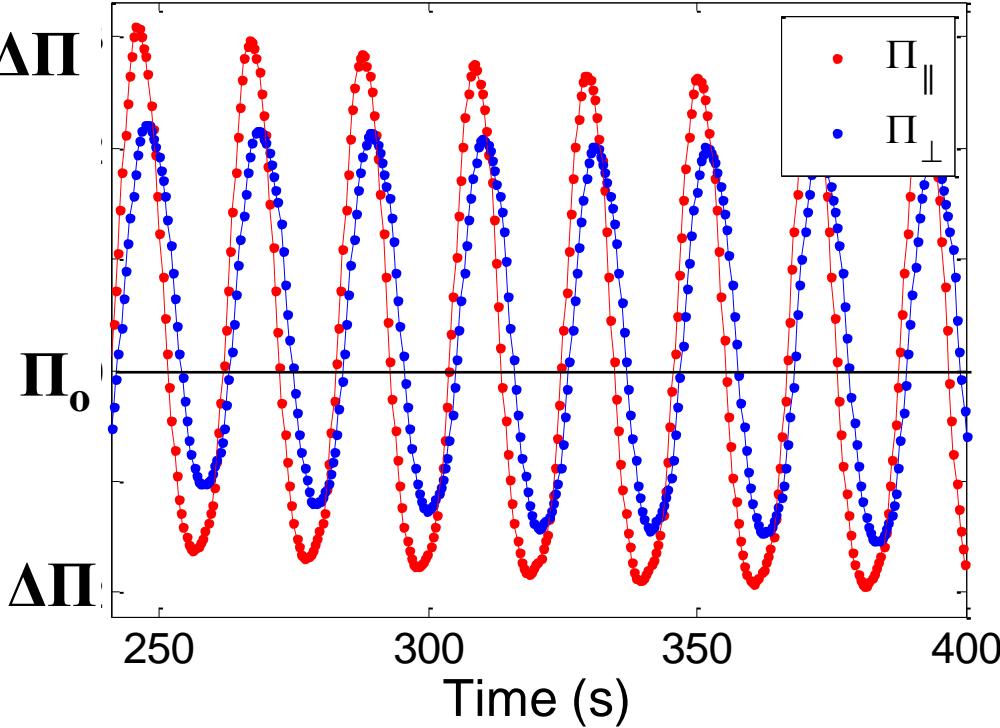
compression



Dynamic measurements of monolayer elasticity



$$\Pi_0 + \Delta\Pi$$



[2]

$$|\varepsilon^* + G^*| = A_o \frac{\Delta\Pi_{\parallel}}{\Delta A}$$

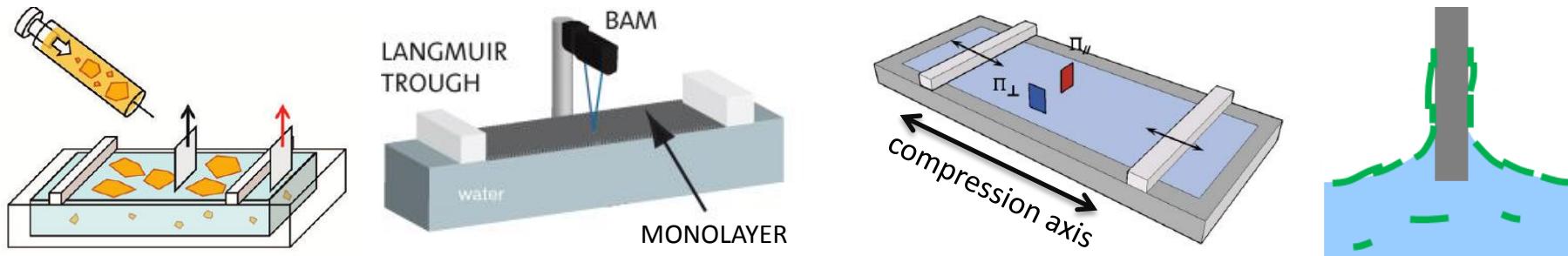
ε , compression modulus

$$|\varepsilon^* - G^*| = A_o \frac{\Delta\Pi_{\perp}}{\Delta A}$$

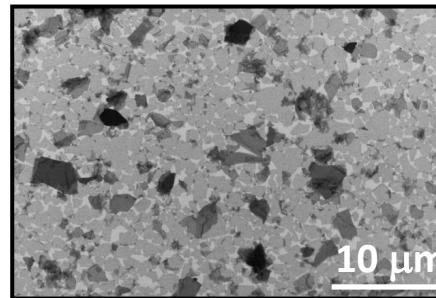
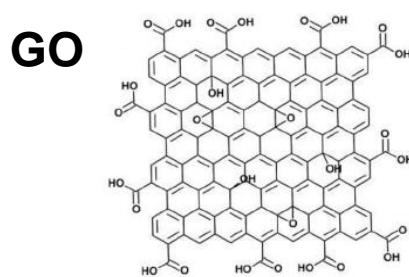
G , shear modulus

Langmuir-Blodgetttry of graphene oxide (GO) and $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$ nanosheets

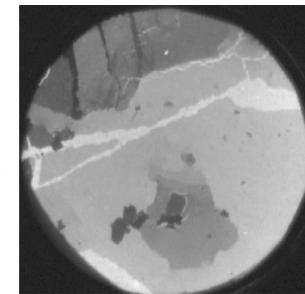
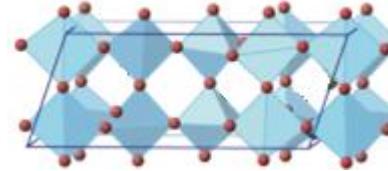
- What is Langmuir-Blodgett (L-B) deposition?



→ ■ Optimization of L-B deposition for 2D-nanosheets



$\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$

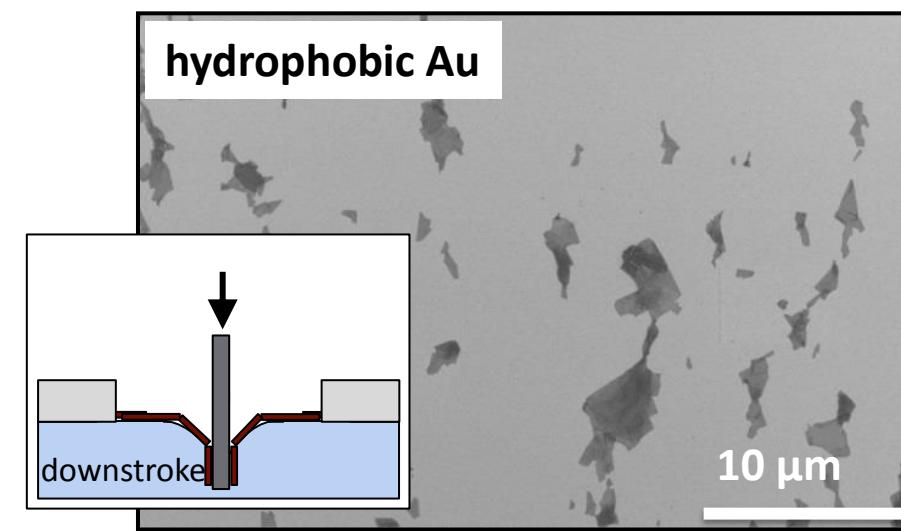
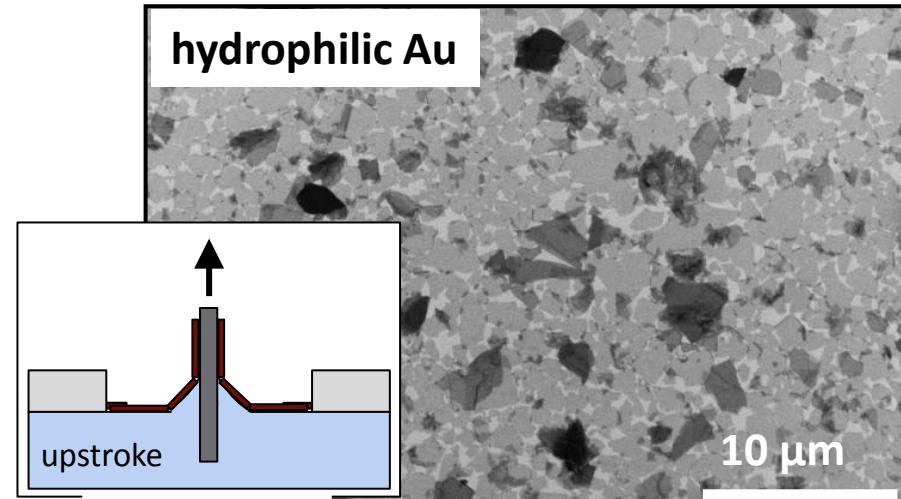
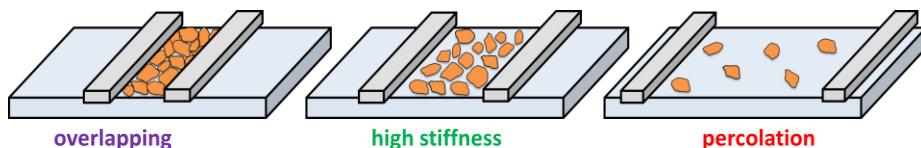
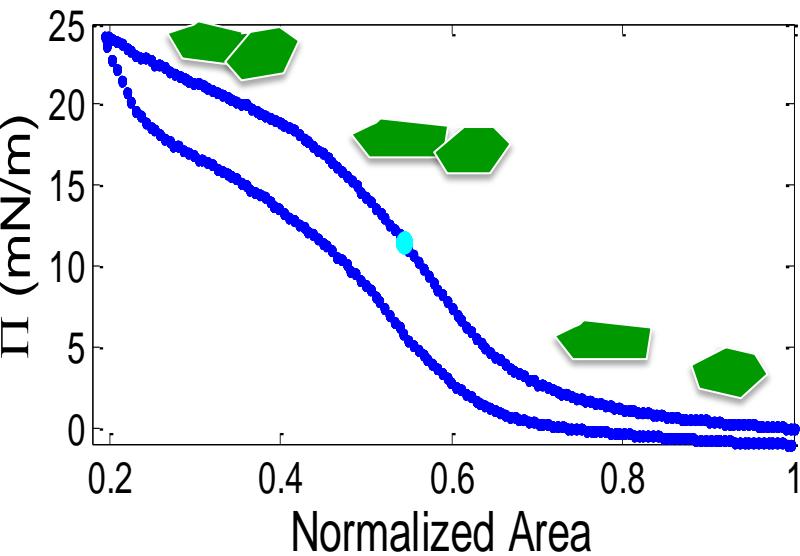


- Utility of L-B deposition in preparing nanosheets for surface analysis

Graphene oxide: How to achieve excellent monolayers on diverse substrates?

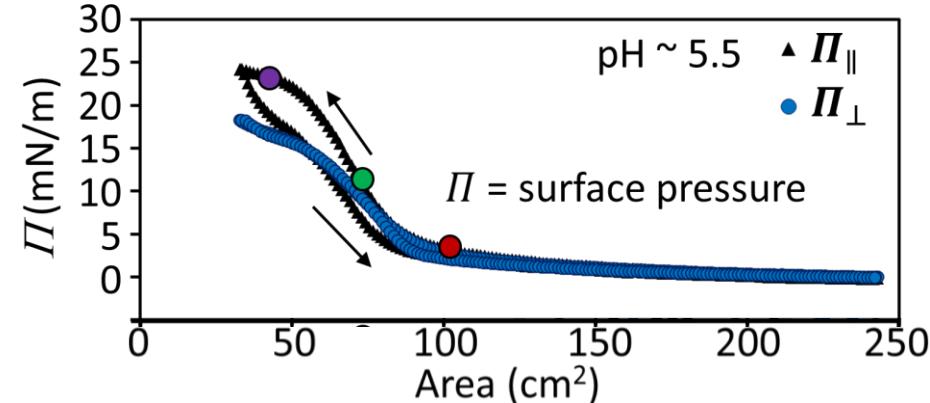
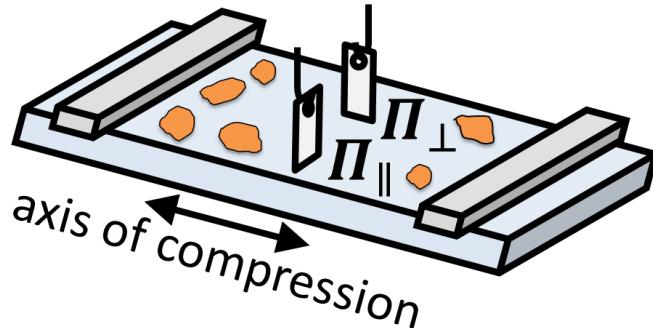
Langmuir-Blodgett deposition:

- 1) Prepare GO monolayer
- 2) Compress to desired surface coverage
- 3) Transfer monolayer to substrate

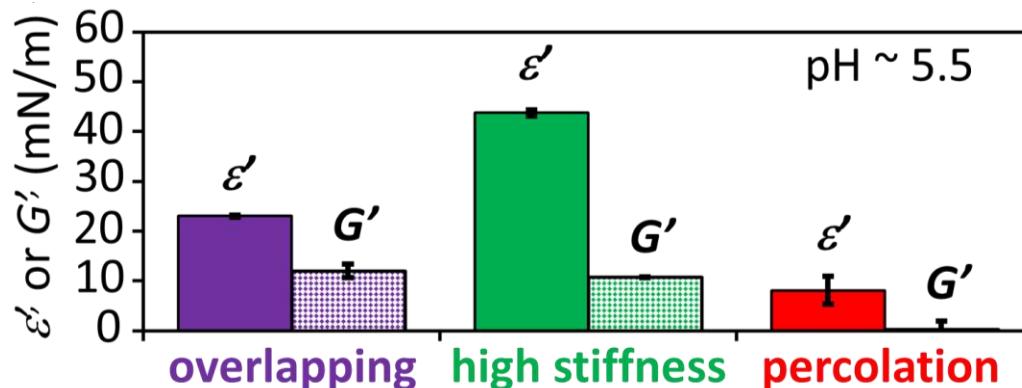


Elastic moduli measurements show GO monolayer behaves as a 2D-solid

Asymmetry in surface pressure (Π_{\parallel} vs Π_{\perp}) indicates finite shear modulus, G'



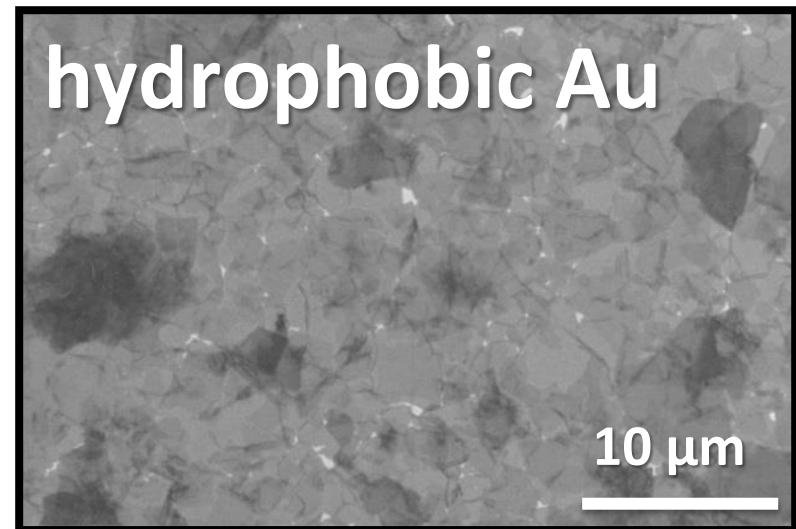
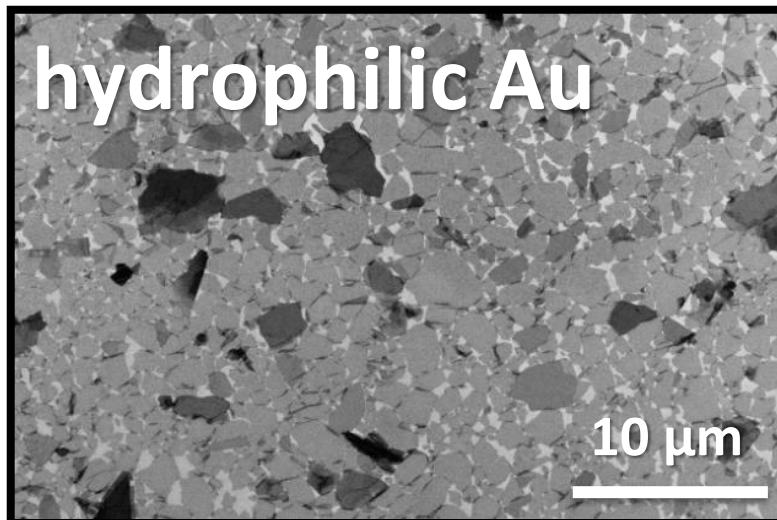
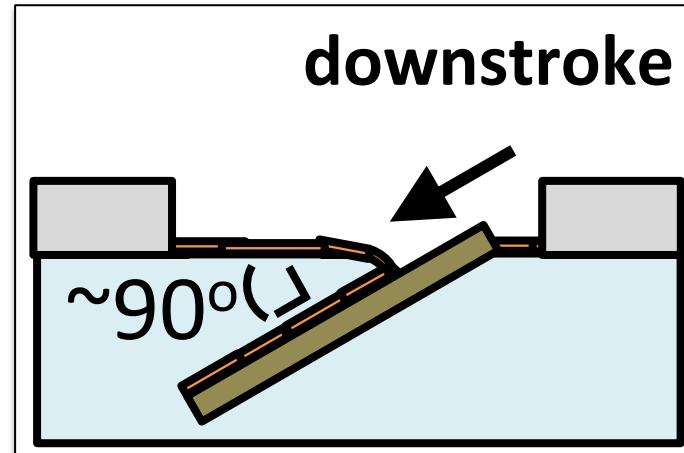
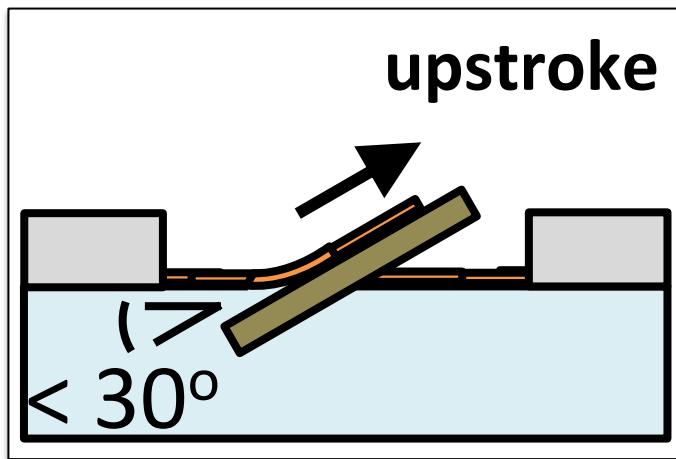
Shear moduli, ε^* and G^* , calculated from oscillatory barrier measurements^[1]



Finite $G' \rightarrow$

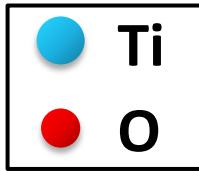
GO monolayer interacts
as a 2D-solid

To improve GO deposition, minimize strain

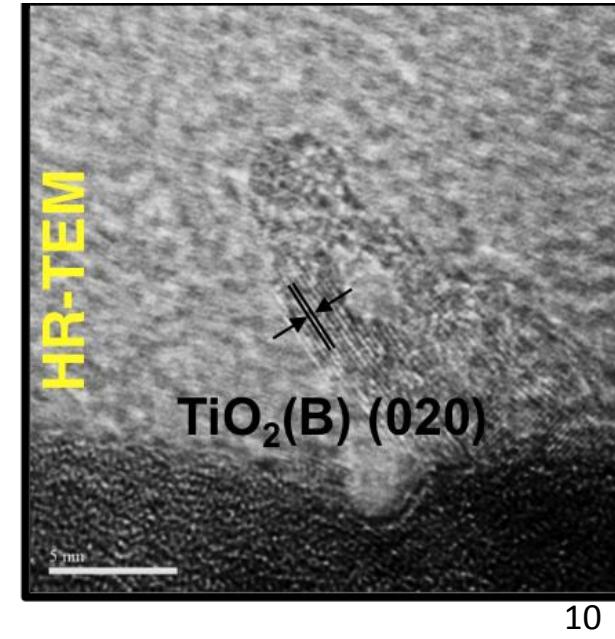
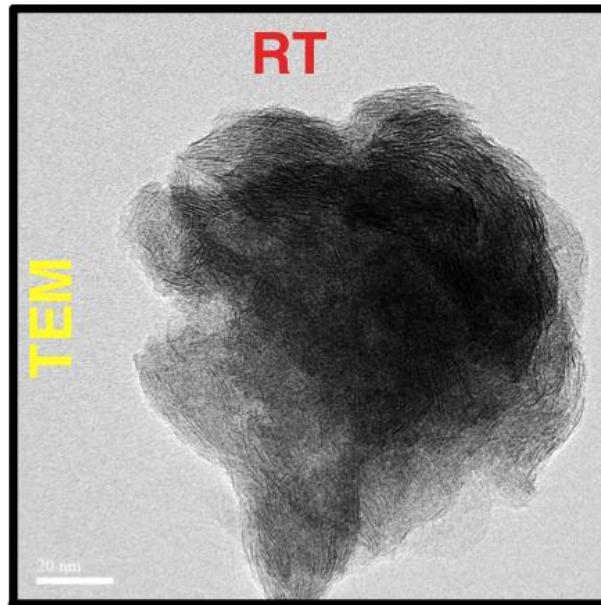
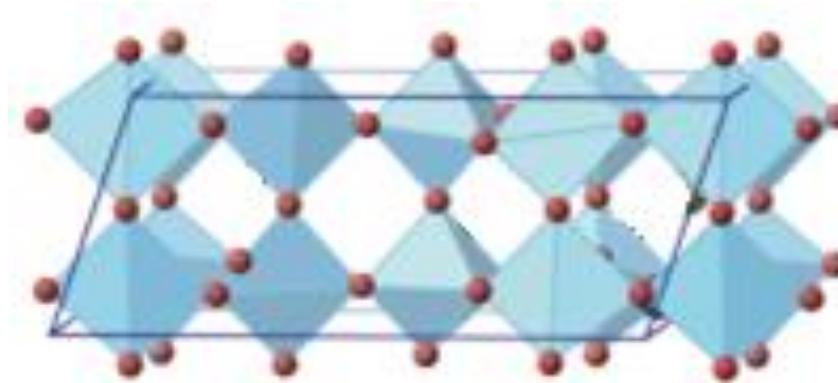


Problem: $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$ -nanosheets form clusters when solution-deposited

Unit cell of $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$

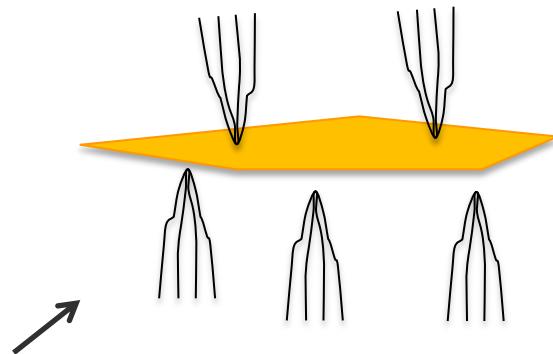


Crumpled
 $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$
nanosheet
clusters

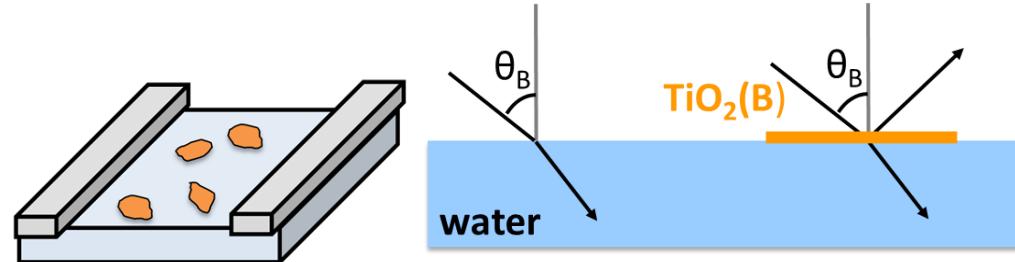
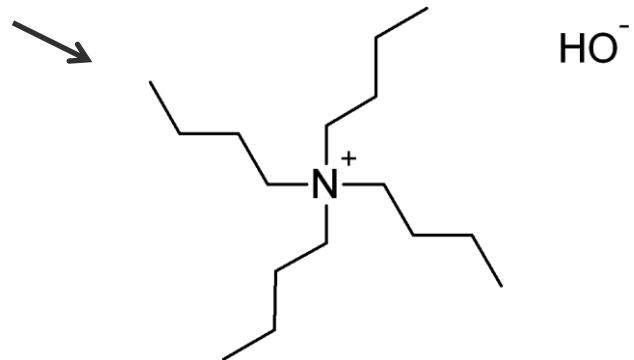


TiO₂(B): Amphiphilic surfactants allow formation of oxide nanosheet monolayers

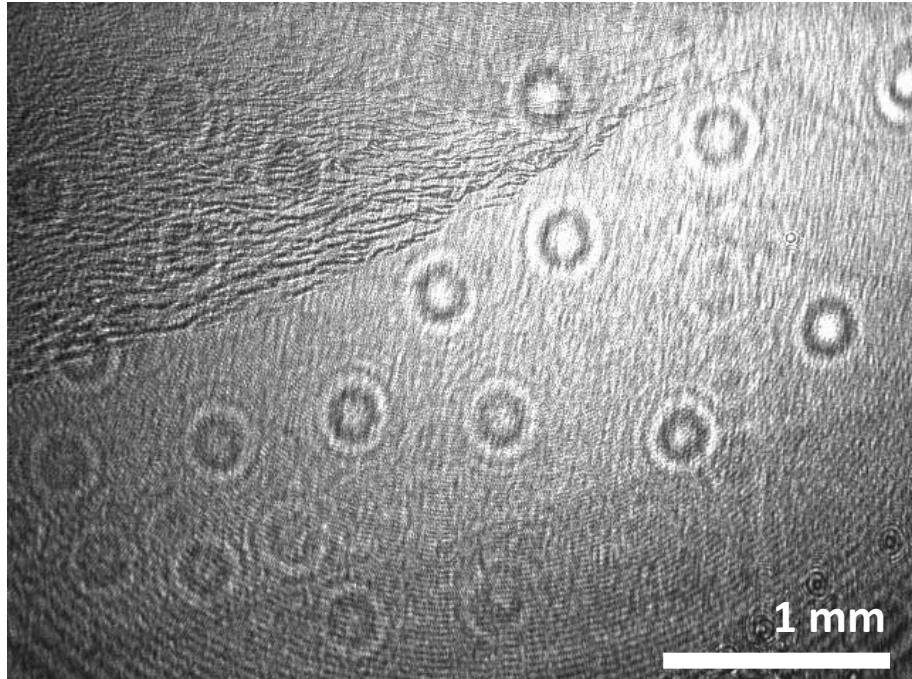
TiO₂(B)-NS in TBAOH:H₂O
spreading solvent



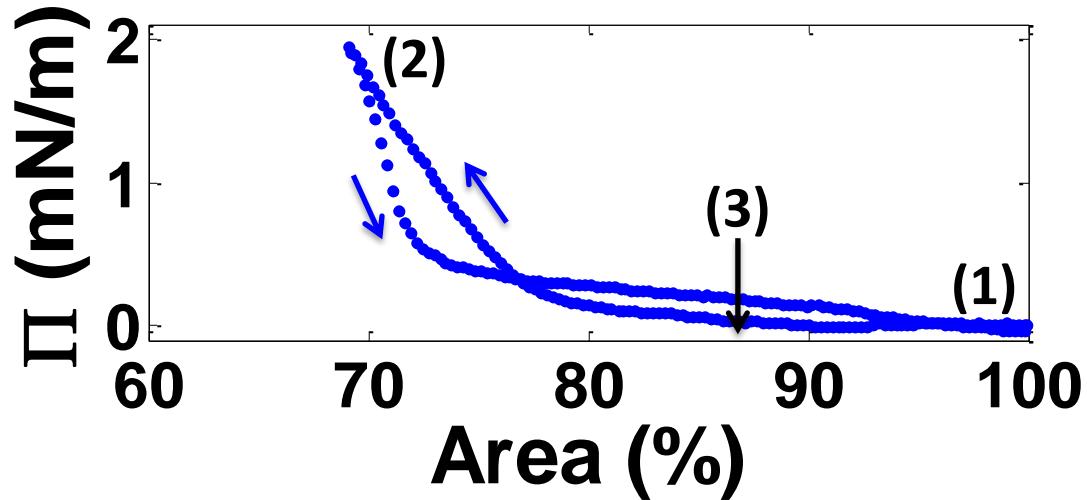
TBAOH: tetrabutylammonium hydroxide



BAM of diffuse TiO₂(B) monolayer



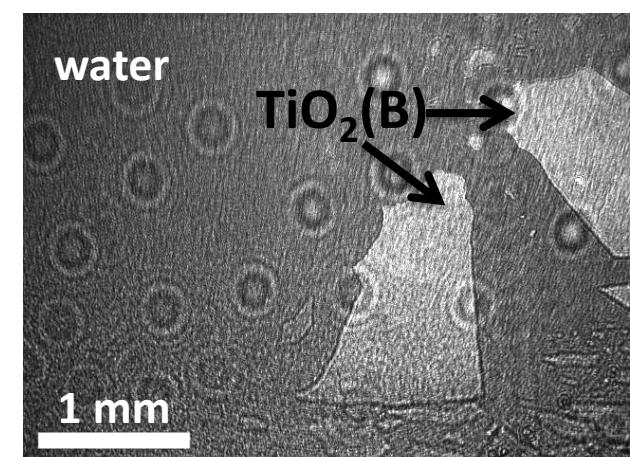
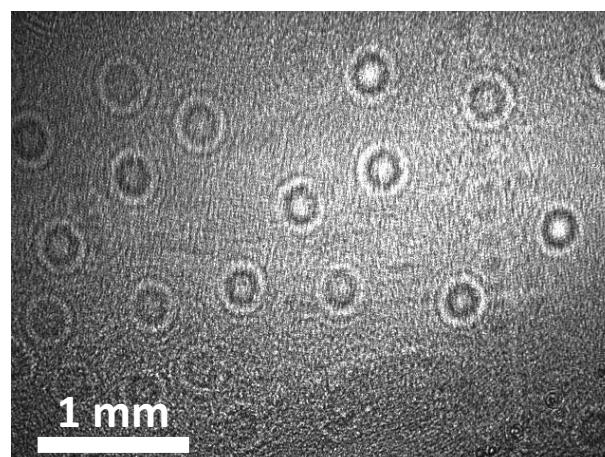
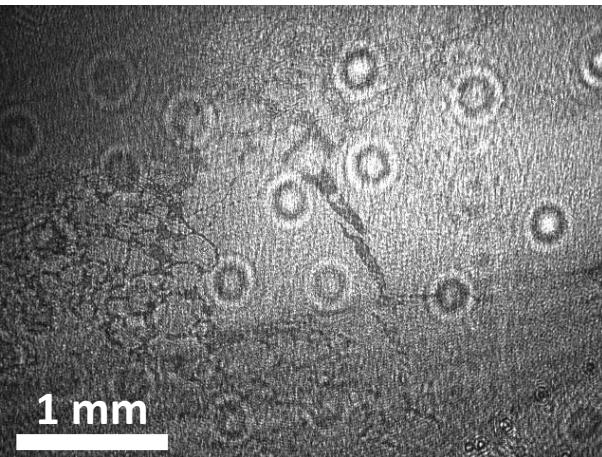
BAM shows stages of $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$ monolayer formation



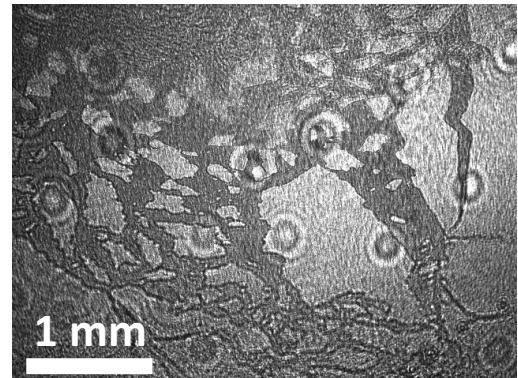
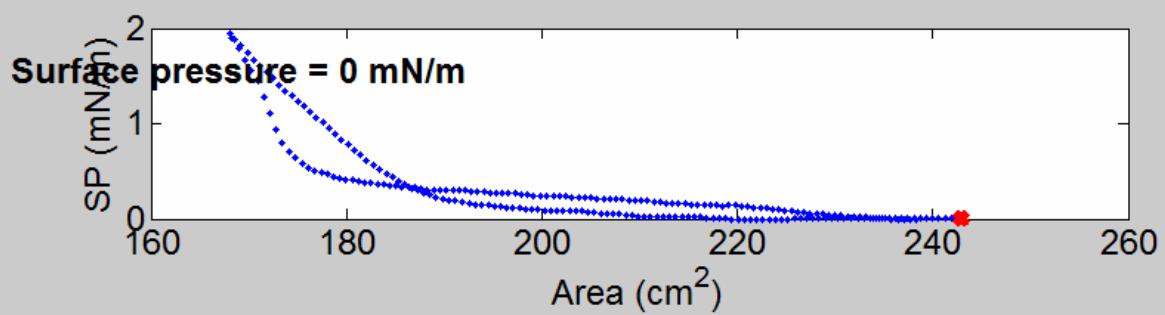
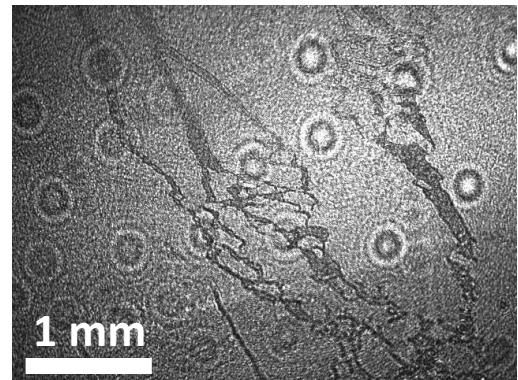
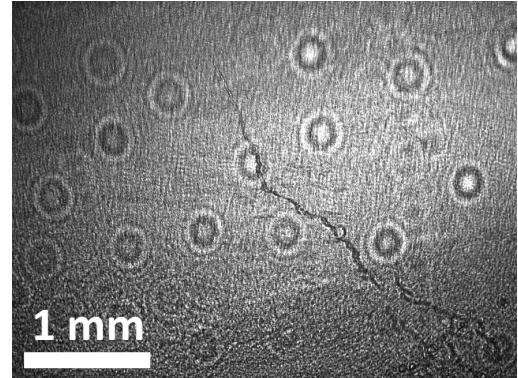
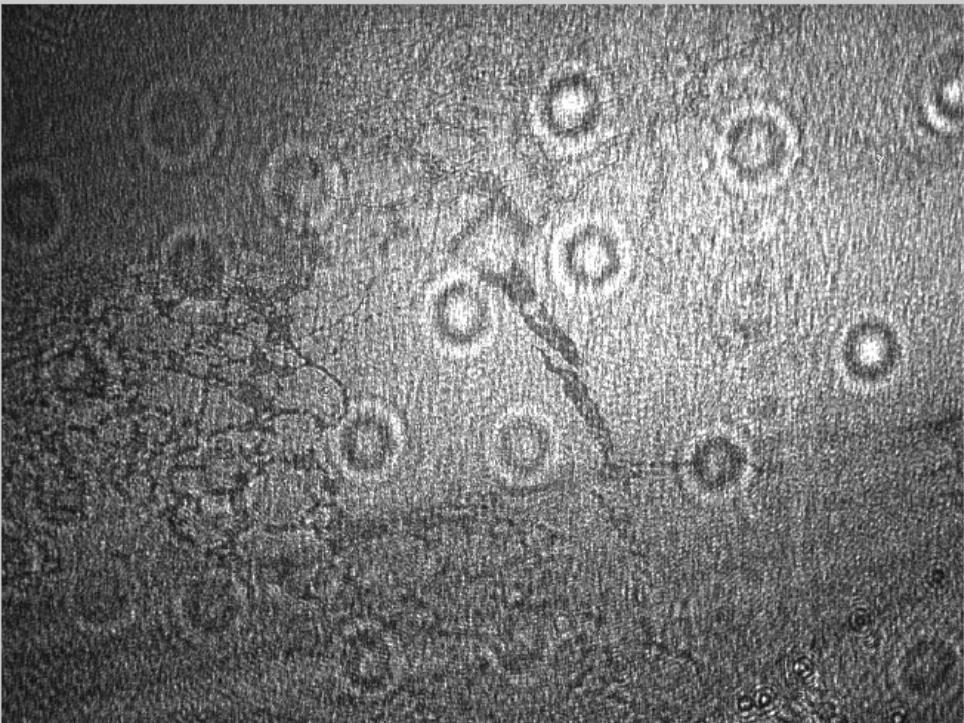
(1) Diffuse monolayer

(2) Compressed $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$

(3) Island formation



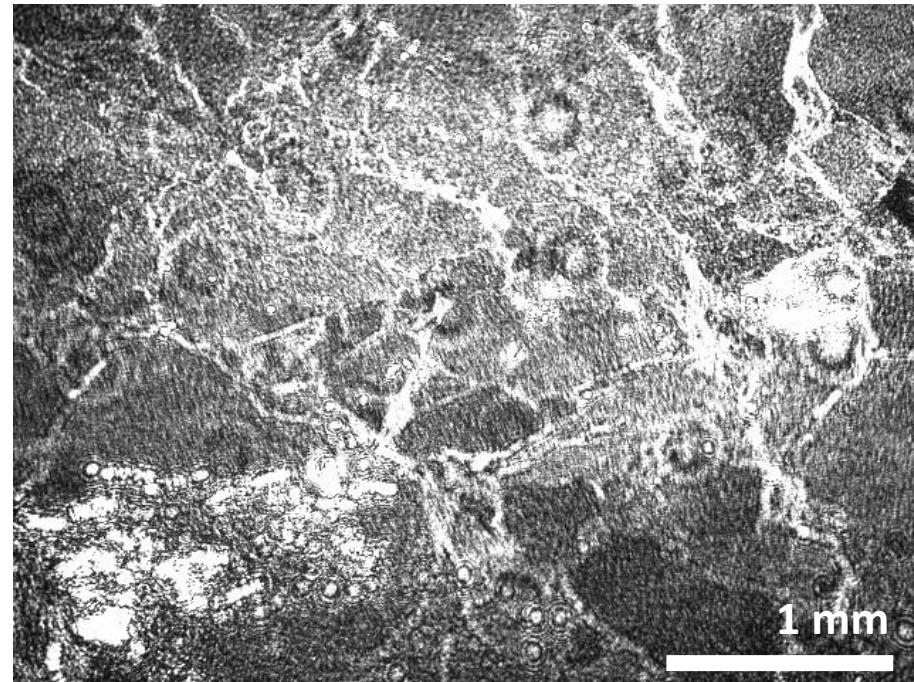
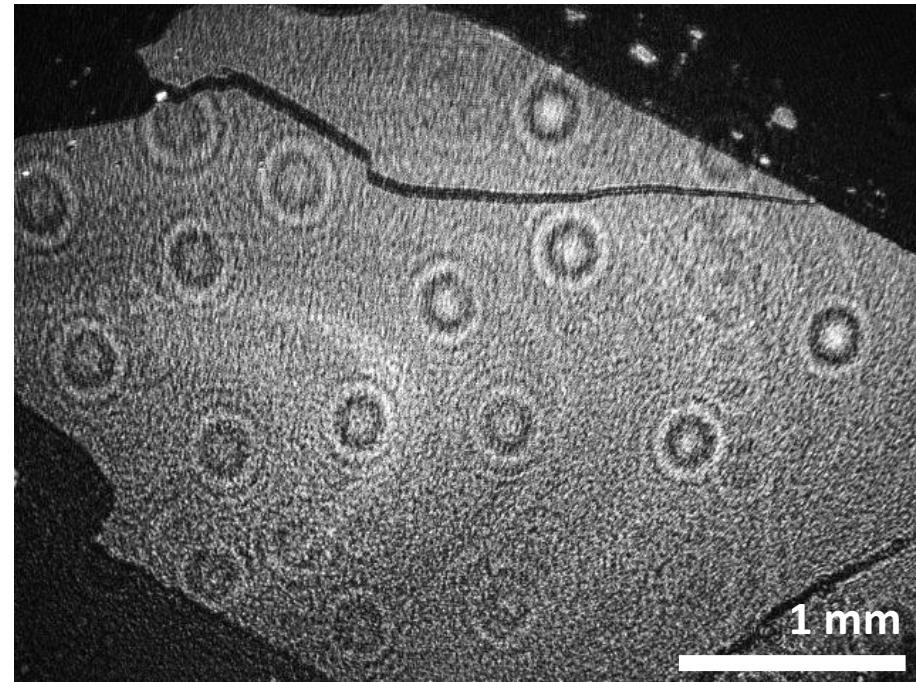
Monolayer fractures into islands upon expansion



BAM observations guide $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$ deposition conditions

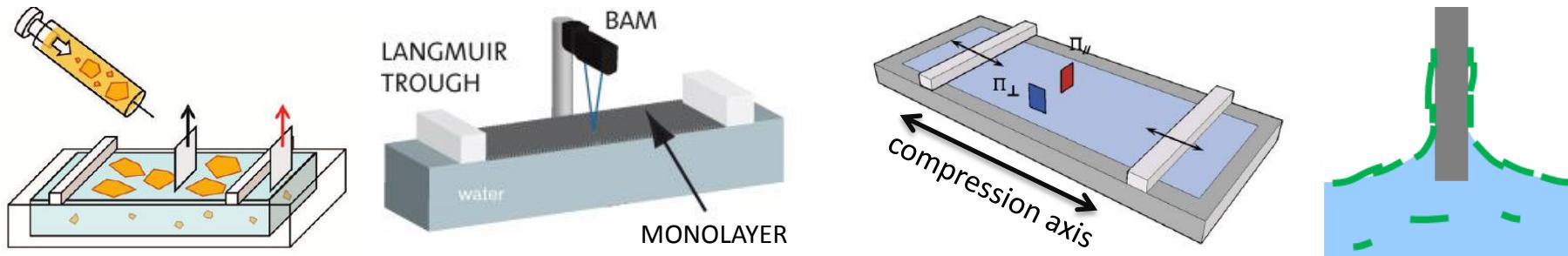
Gentle compressions ($\Pi \sim 2\text{--}5 \text{ mN/m}$) drive monolayer formation

$\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$ monolayer will collapse into multilayer structure under moderate and high compression ($\Pi > 10 \text{ mN/m}$)

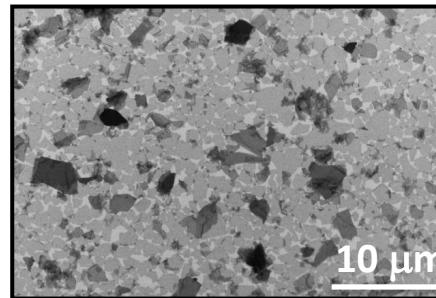
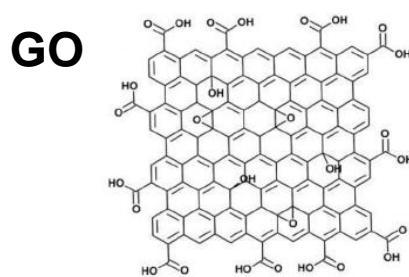


Langmuir-Blodgetttry of graphene oxide (GO) and $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$ nanosheets

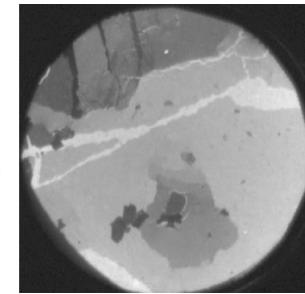
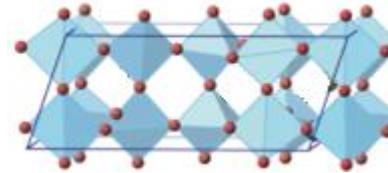
- What is Langmuir-Blodgett (L-B) deposition?



- Optimization of L-B deposition for 2D-nanosheets

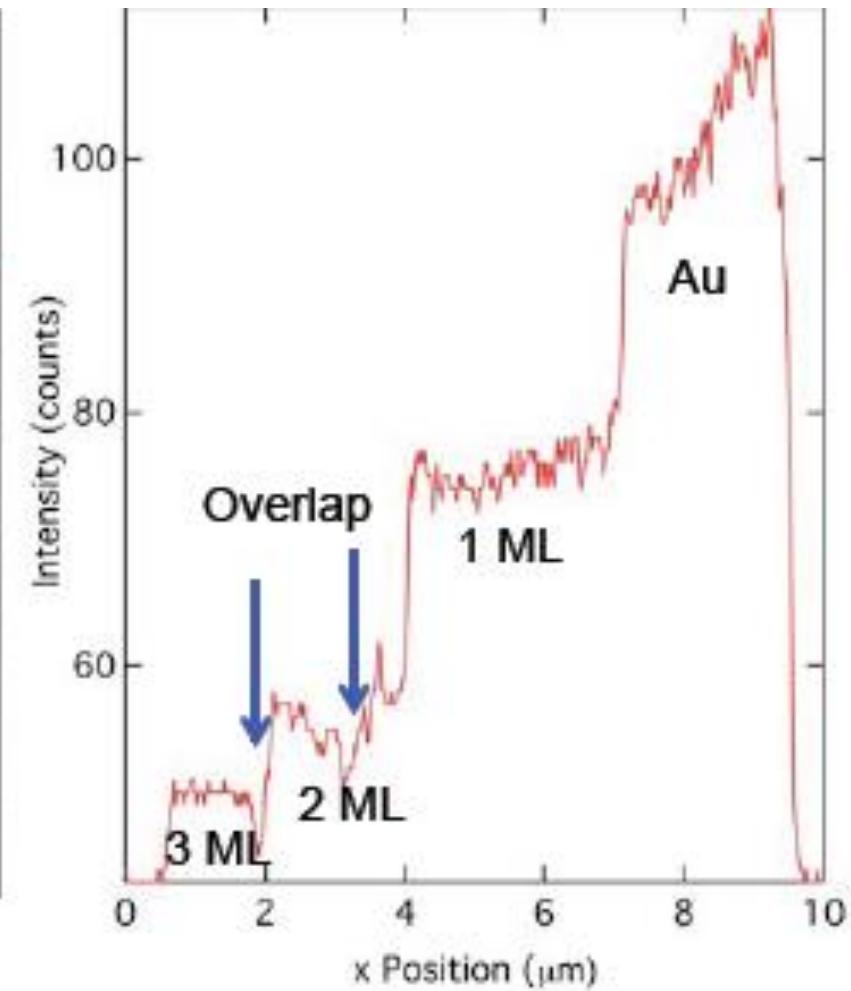
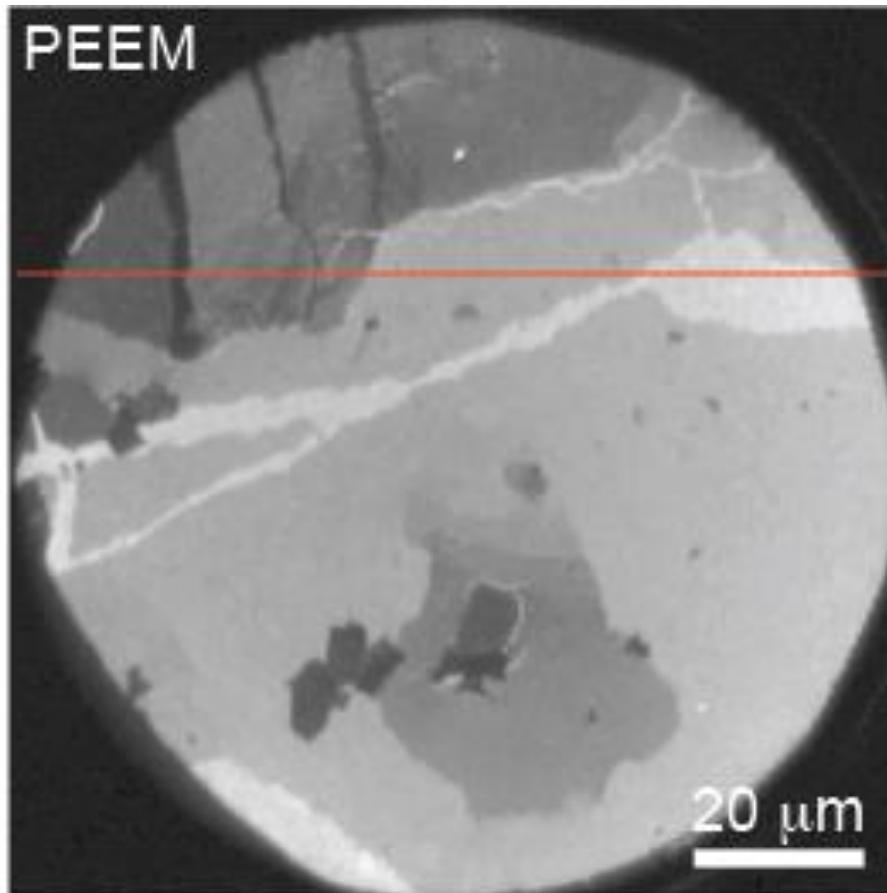


$\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$

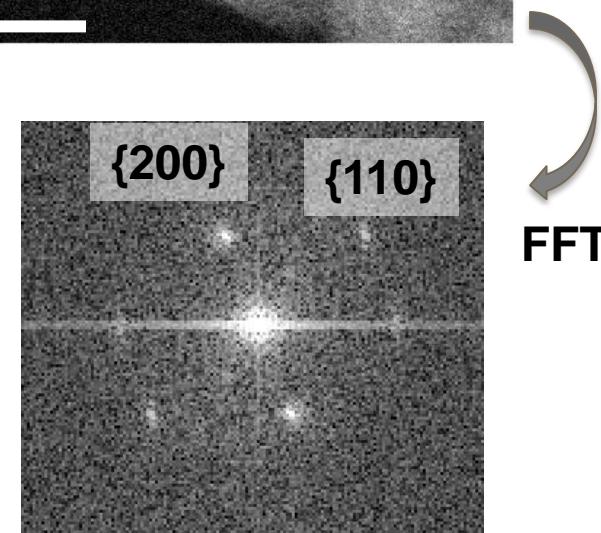
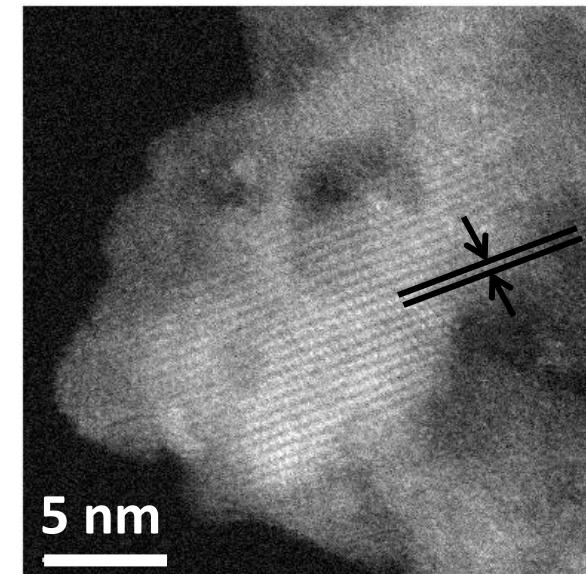
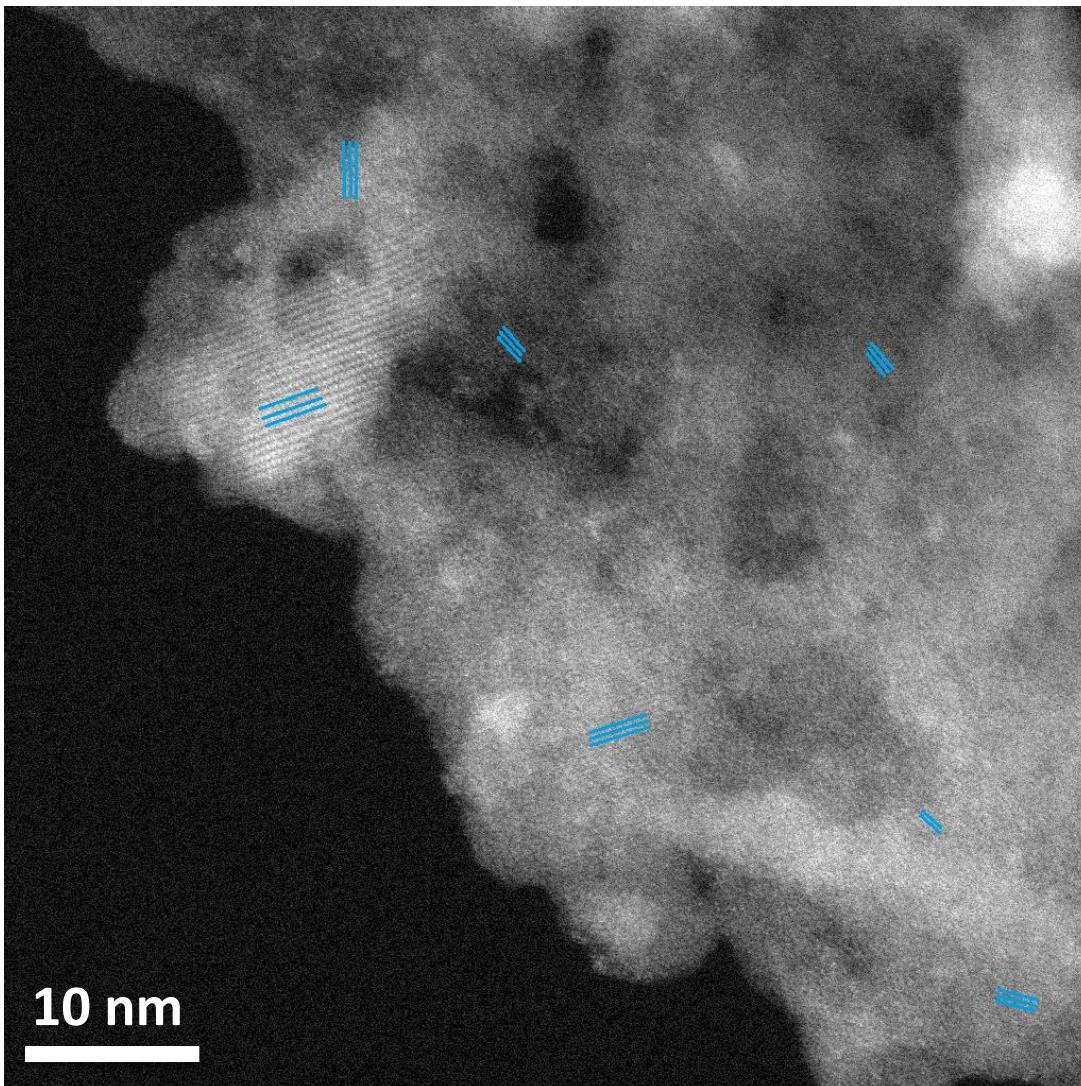


➡ ■ Utility of L-B deposition in preparing nanosheets for surface analysis

Photoemission electron microscopy shows large regions of monolayer $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$

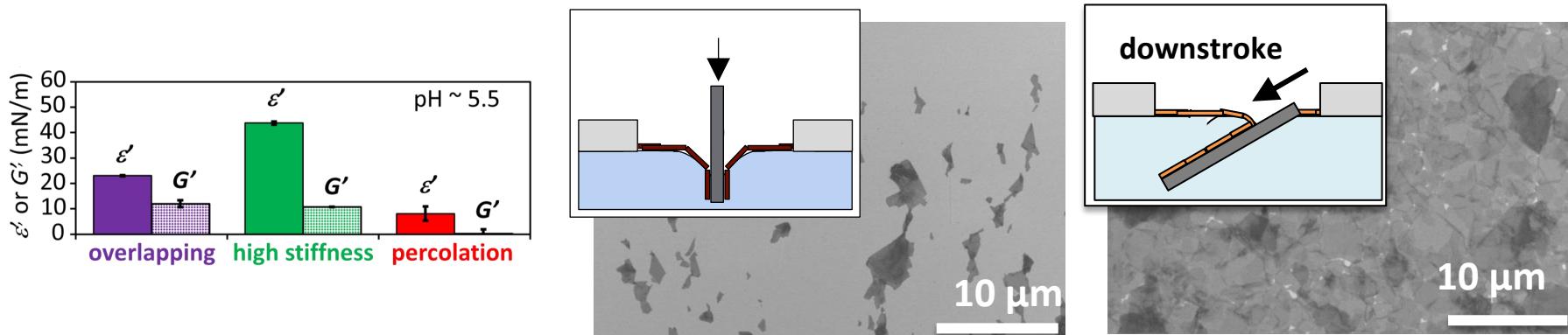


TEM confirms $\text{TiO}_2(\text{B})$ polymorph; nanocrystalline monolayer films

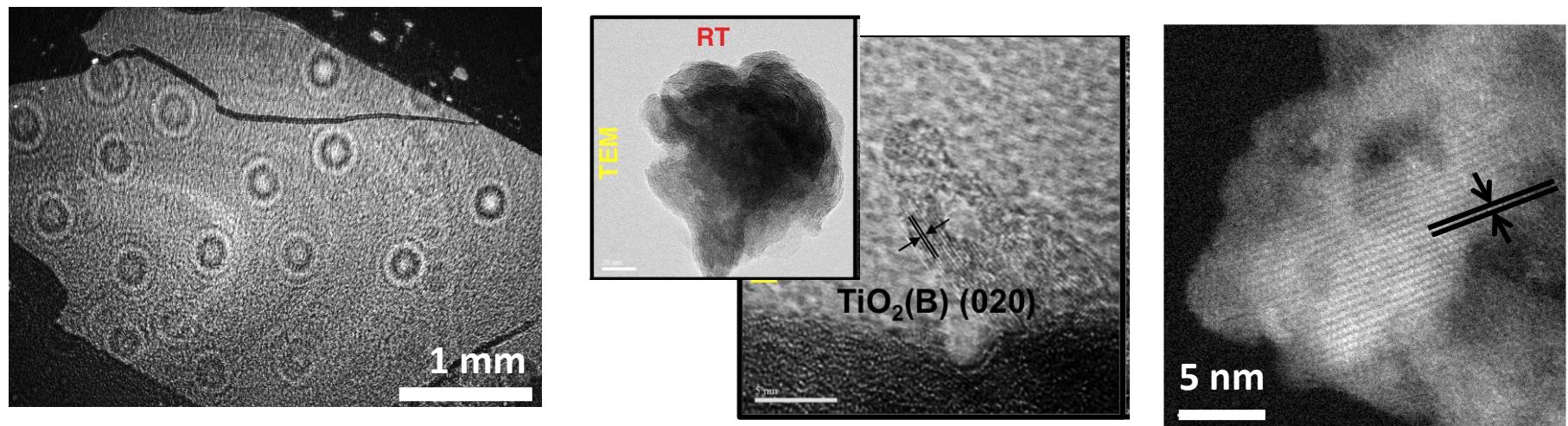


Control and characterization of 2D-nanosheet monolayers is crucial for uniform deposition

If the monolayer behaves as a 2D-solid, minimize strain during deposition

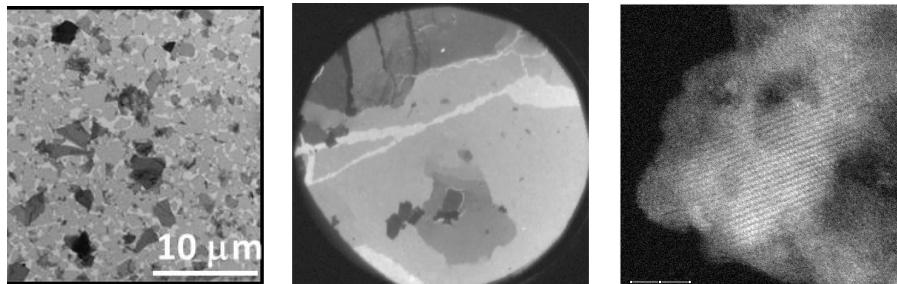


The air-water interface can stabilize colloidal nanosheet assemblies



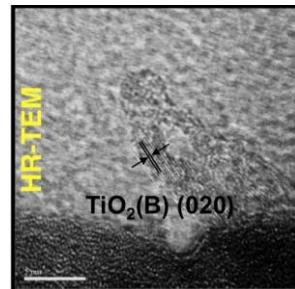
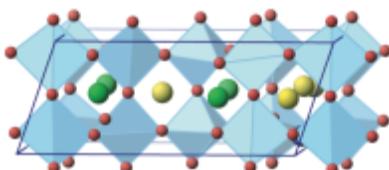
Acknowledgements

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Calvin Chan, Katie Harrison, Paul Kotula,
Kevin Zavadil

The University of Texas at Austin



Keith Stevenson, Anthony Dylla
G. Henkelman and P. Xiao



Sandia LDRD program



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Langiappe