

The Differential Absorption Hard X-ray (DAHX) Spectrometer for the Z Facility*

SAND2014-4704C



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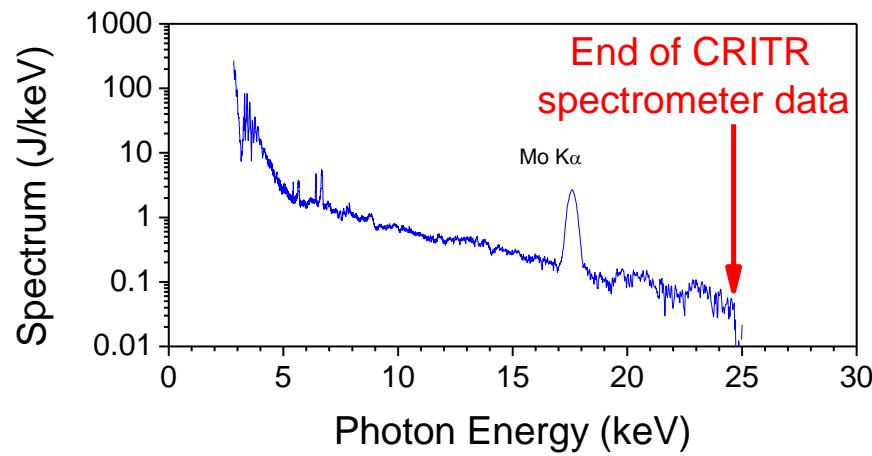


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Motivation

- To better understand the hard x-ray content and evolution of the spectrum emitted by various Z loads.
 - Instabilities can produce energetic electron beams
- Diagnostics Limited above 25 keV
 - Hard Filtered TLD stack
 - Time Integrated Pinhole Camera (TIPC) – newly developed
 - Hard Filtered Thick Calorimeters – coming online

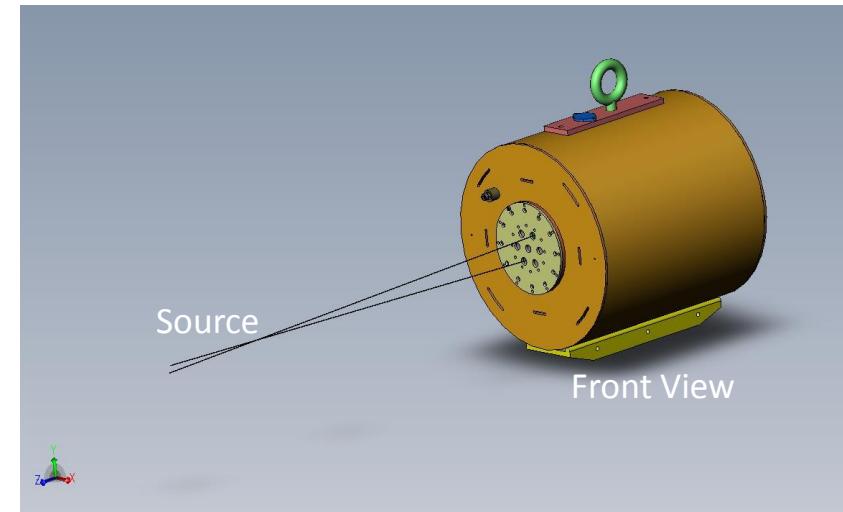
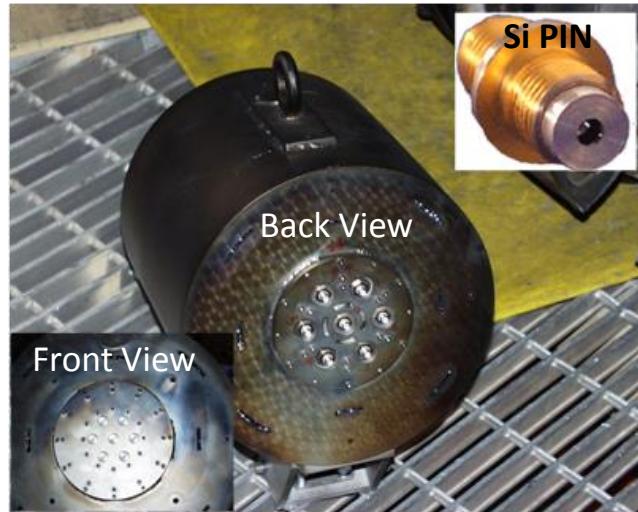


Diagnostic Goals

- Diagnose 20 – 100 keV x-ray
- Highly Collimated
 - Only x-rays from pinch
- High Time Resolution ≤ 1 ns
 - Diode selection
 - Data acquisition
- Coarse Spectral Resolution
 - Dictated by number of channels
 - Filter selection for each channel

History

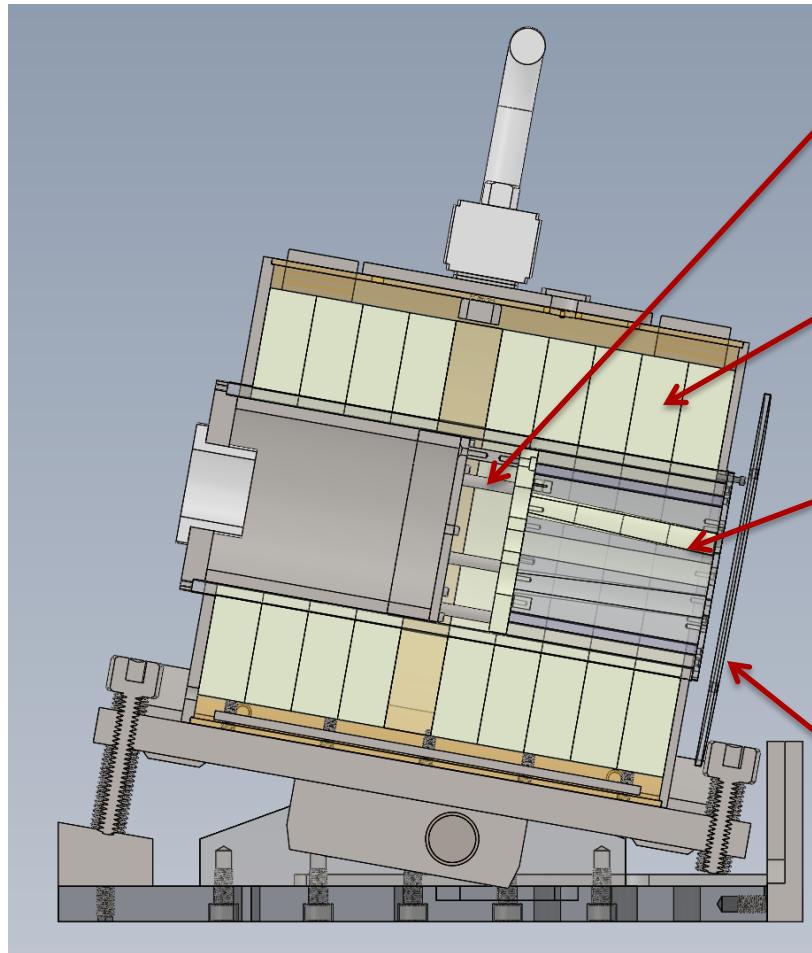
- Hard X-Ray Spectrometer (HXRS)
- Developed by Mike Cuneo and Ken Moy (Bechtel/NSTec)
- Fielded on Z prior to refurbishment
- 3 variations of the HXRS built:
 - **1 cylindrical housing with 7 Si PIN diodes** - Prototype
 - 2 square housings each with 13 Si PIN diodes



History

- After 2006 ZR refurbishment
 - 1 square HXRS went to NSTec
 - Others lost
- After many searches , found the prototype in MESA building



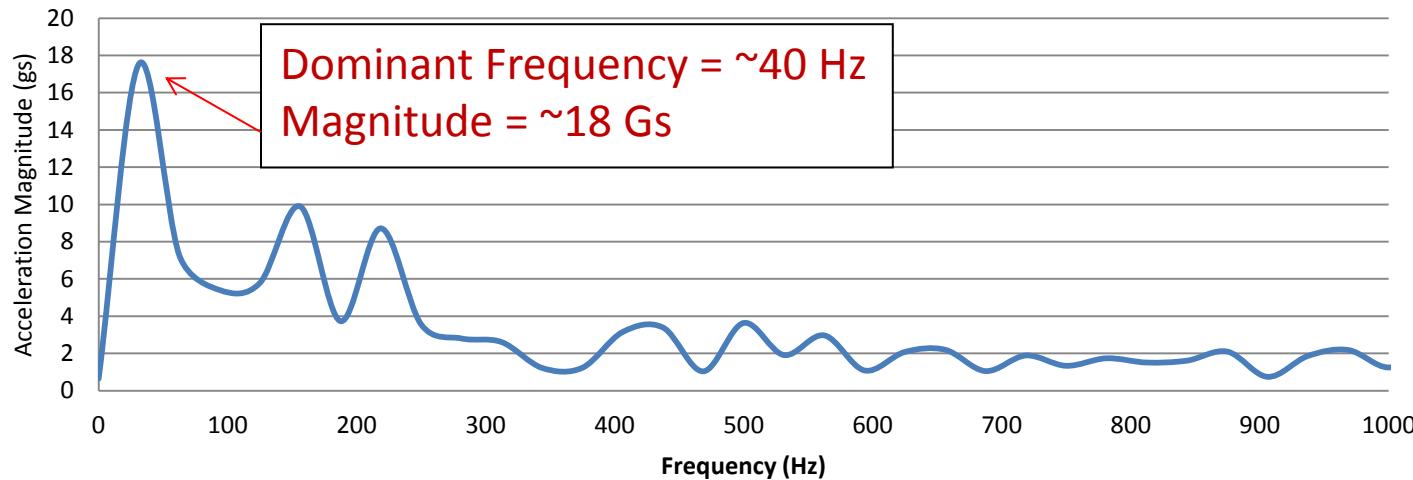


- 7 Si PIN diodes (1 noise)
- 10 W “rings”
- 4” deep W collimator & filter holder
- Blast & debris shield

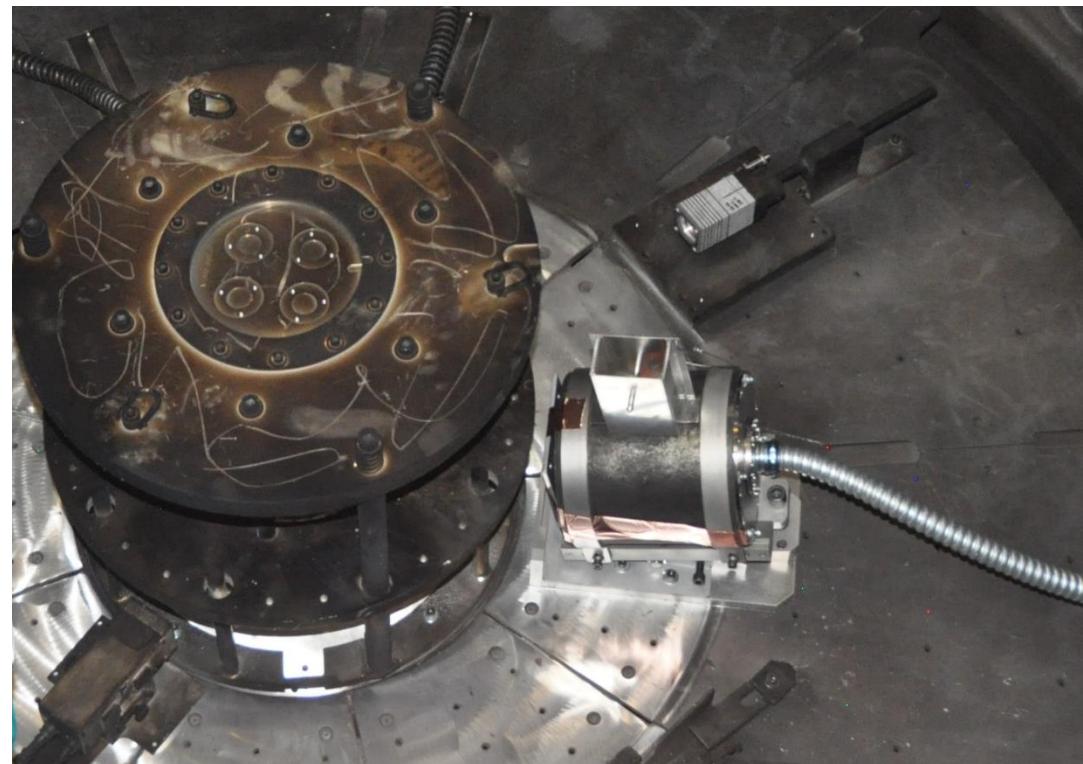
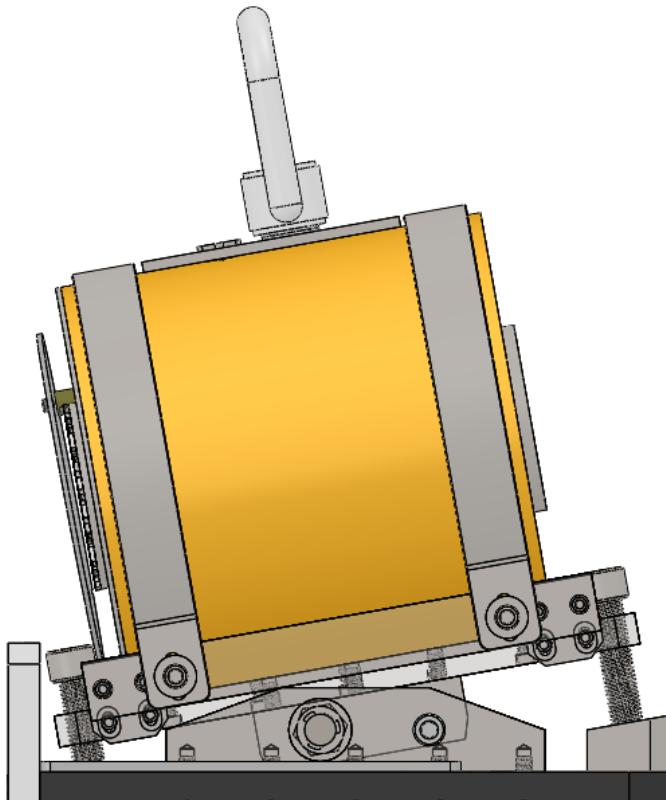
Mounting Hardware Requirements

- Support weight of DAHX ~400 lbs w/o mount
- Enable alignment
 - Focus determined by collimation
 - Set distance to load center
 - Tilt to view load center for many load heights
- Survive 18 Gs

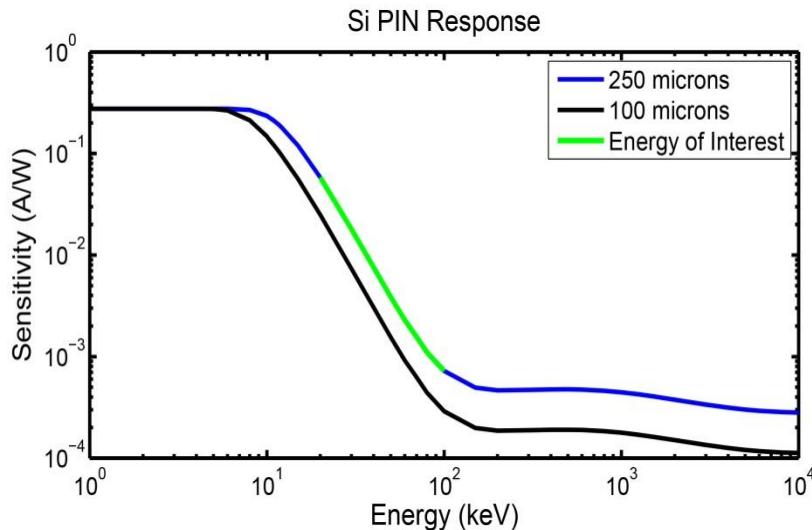
FFT Analysis in the Z Direction (0.01 s to 0.1 s)



Mounting Hardware Design

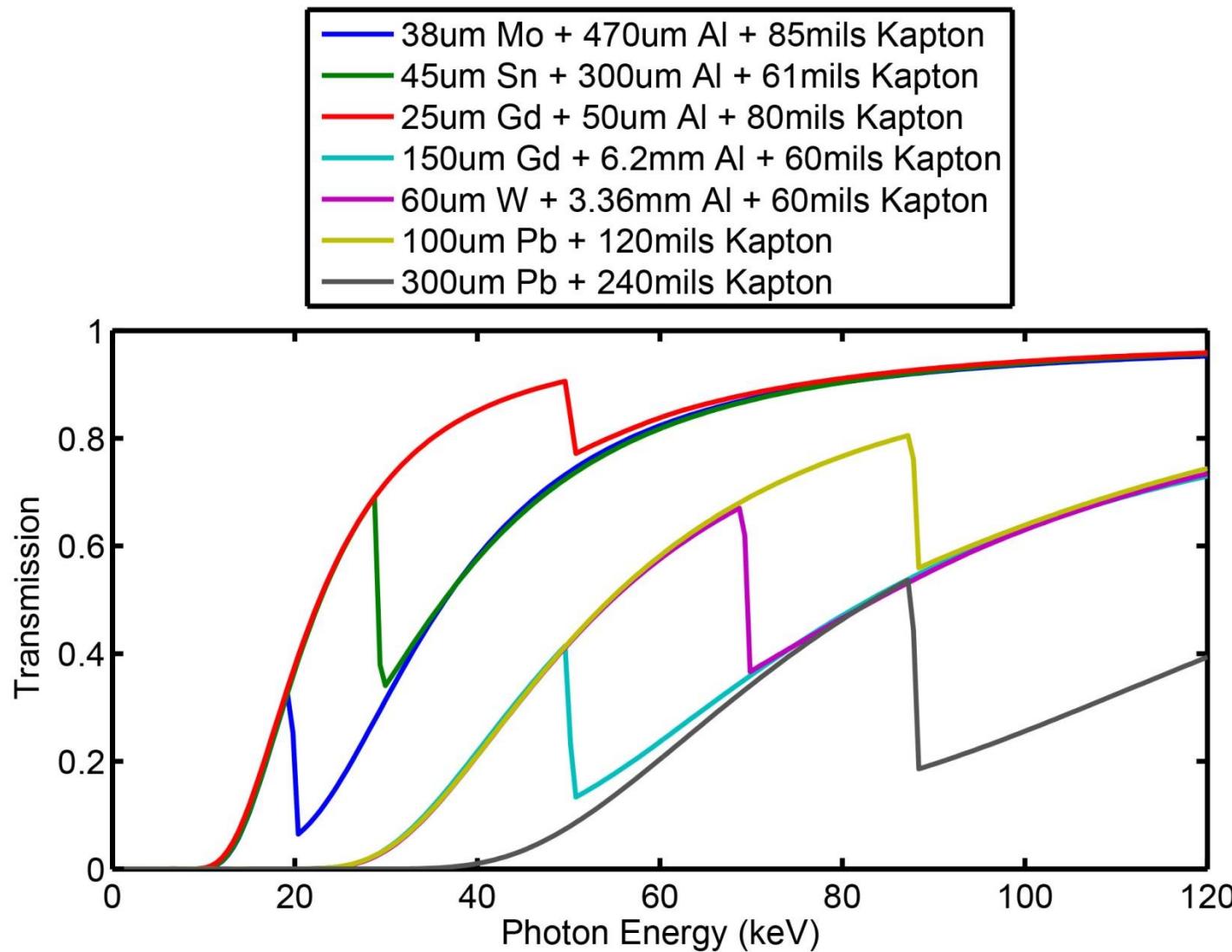


Si PIN Diodes

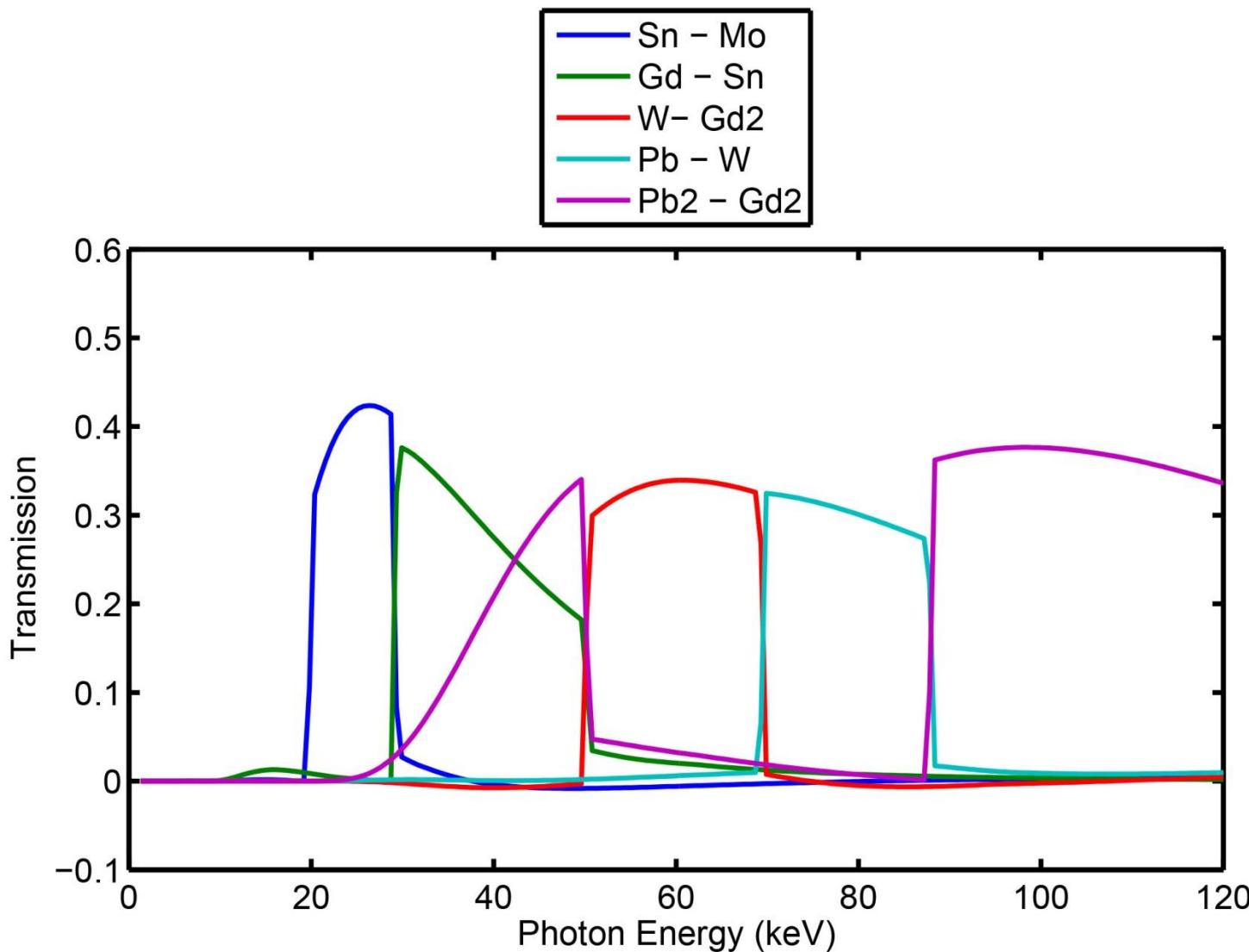


- Custom Optodiode Si PIN diode
 - 100 μ m Active Layer Thickness
 - 1mm² Active Area
- Not as thick or large as prior diodes
 - Compensating by thoughtful filter selection
- Test fielding on Z LOS 50 & LOS210 to gauge signal levels & relative response v. photon energy
 - Thanks to Robert Hohlfelder, Brent Jones, Pat Knapp, & Dave Ampleford!
- Begin with relative calibration across diodes and spectral cuts.

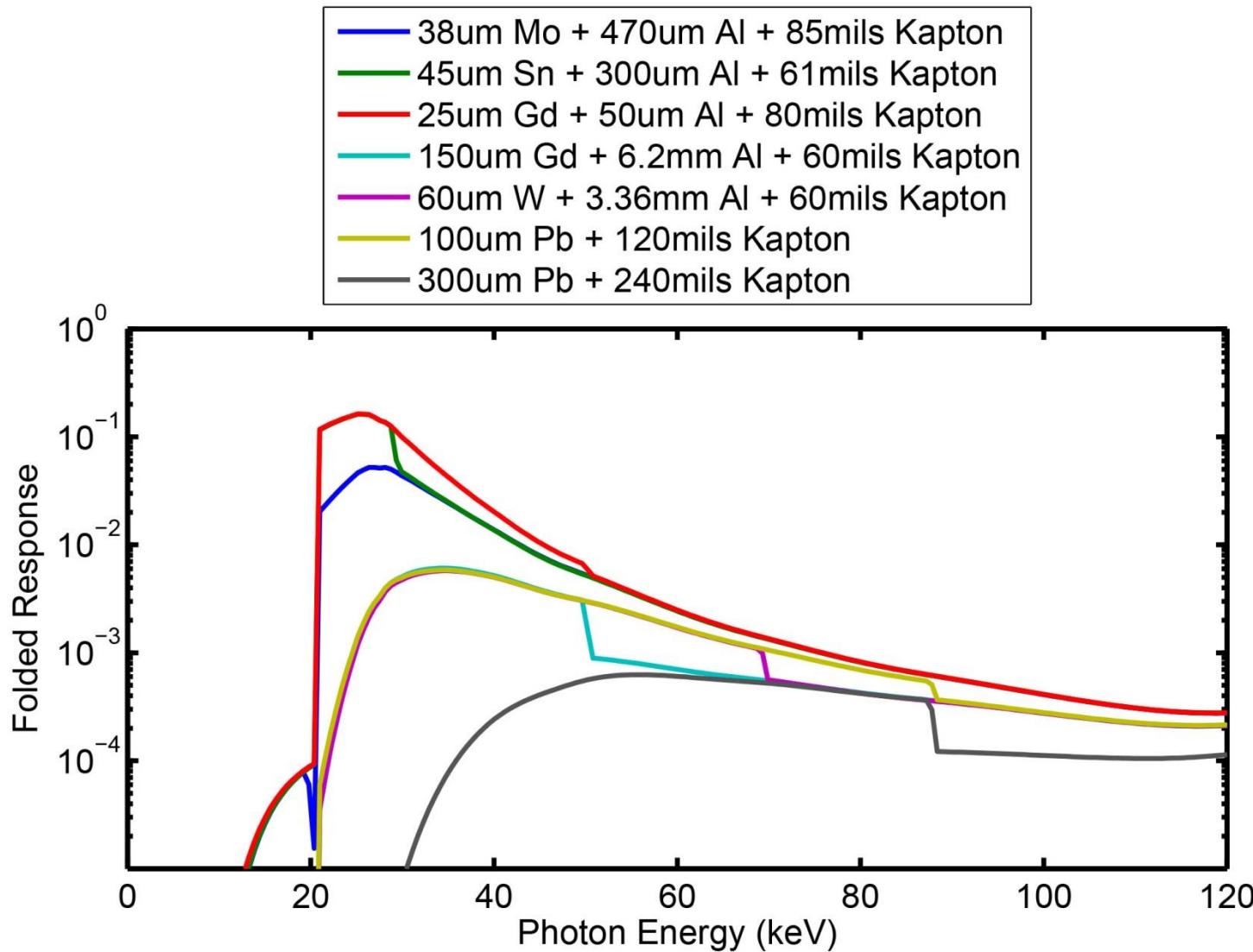
Initial Filter Selections



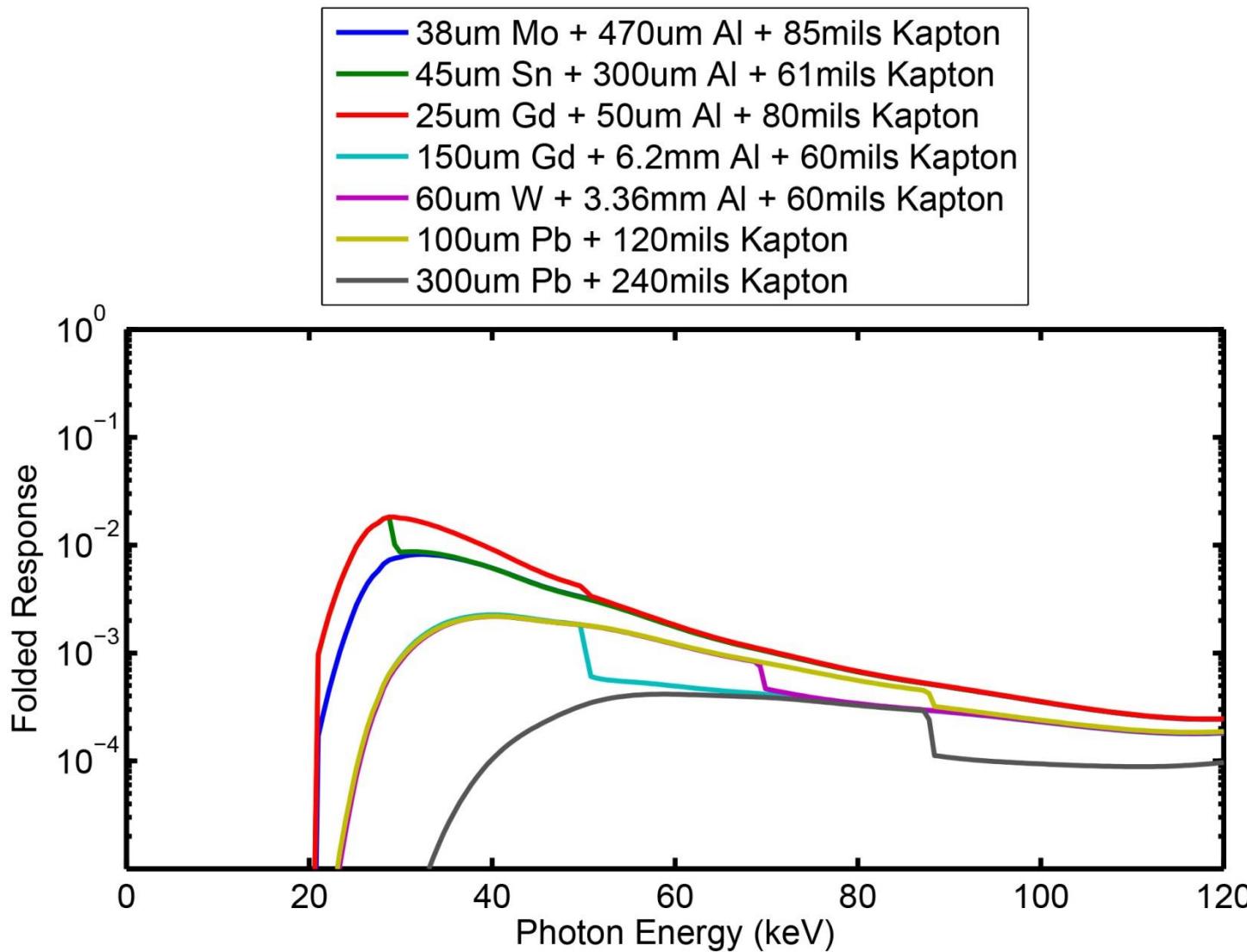
Initial Filter Selections



Response of Si Diodes w/ Filters

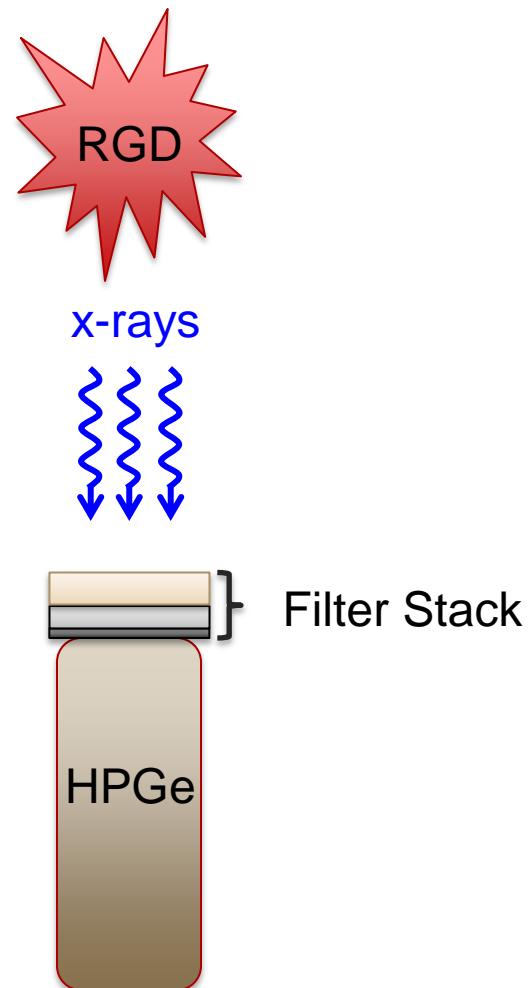


Si Diodes, Filters, $\frac{1}{4}$ " Al Blast Shield



Filter Calibration

- Philips MG225 RGD
 - Steady-State Radiation
 - Variable endpoint energy
 - Up to 225keV
- HPGe detector



Data Unfold

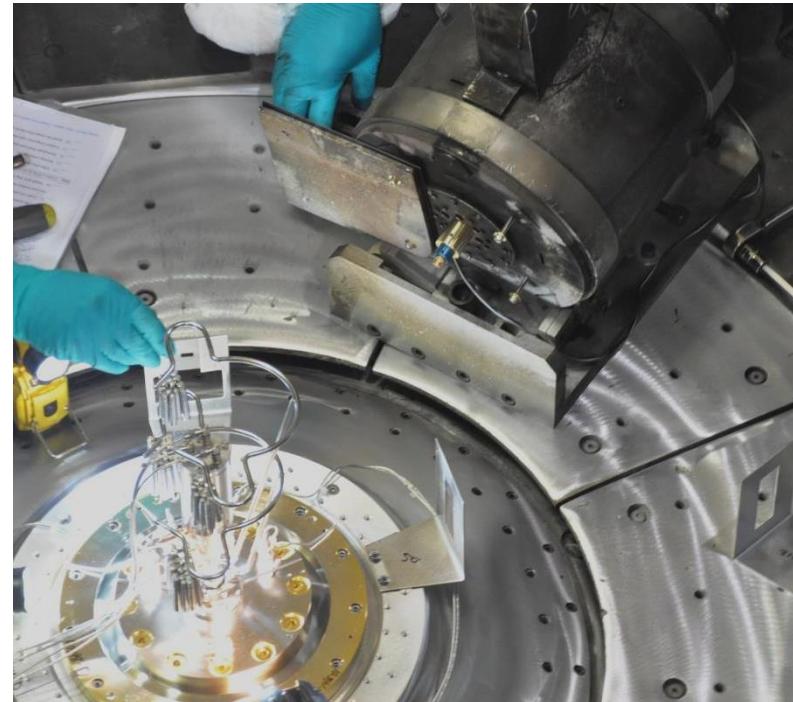
- Developing a Levenburg-Marquardt based unfold program solving for the source spectrum $S(t, E)$.

$$M_i(t) = \int dE S(t, E) D_i(E) F_i(E) \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, 7$$

- $M_i(t)$ is the recorded data, i corresponds to the data channel
- $D_i(E)$ is the Si PIN diode response
 - Initially Calculated
 - Later Calibrated at Brookhaven
- $F_i(E)$ is the filter and blast shield transmission
 - Initially Calculated
 - Calibrated in-house
- Problem is underdetermined, but can be aided by thoughtful filter selections.
 - First need confidence that filters passing desired photon energies

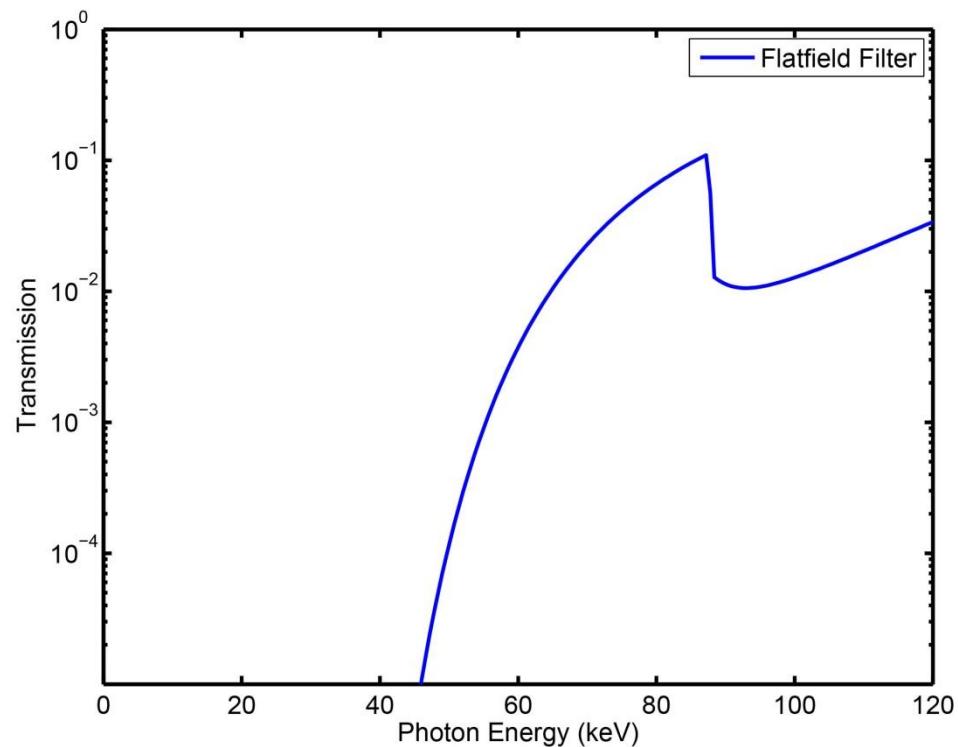
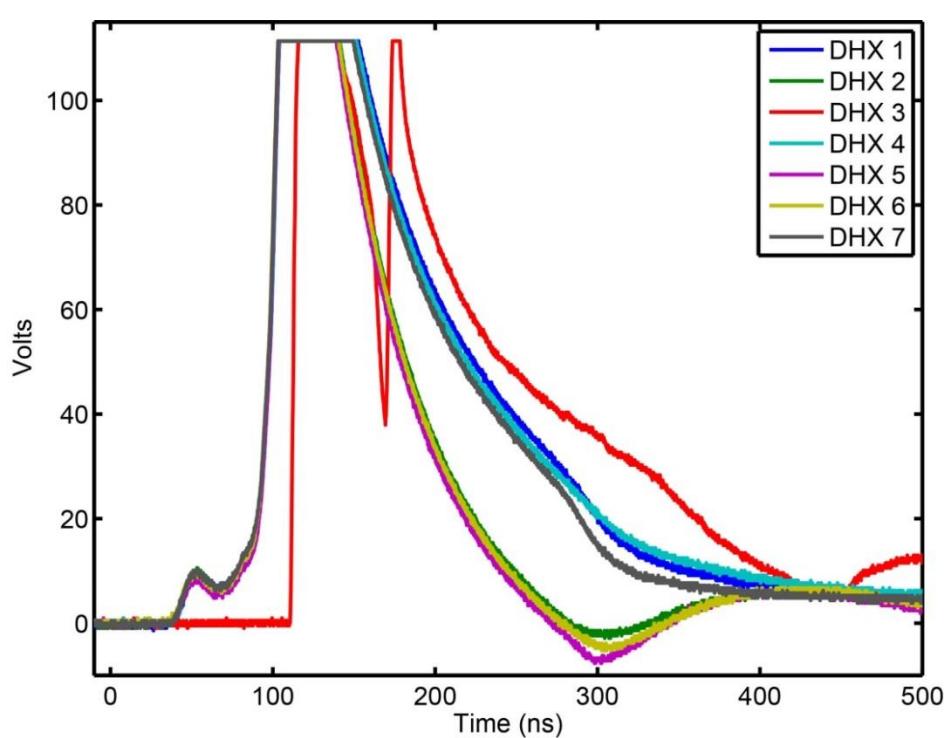
Installation & Alignment

- Crane in
- F/# ~ 10 , therefore in focus with bolting to MITL deck
- Laser assembly to aim at pinch



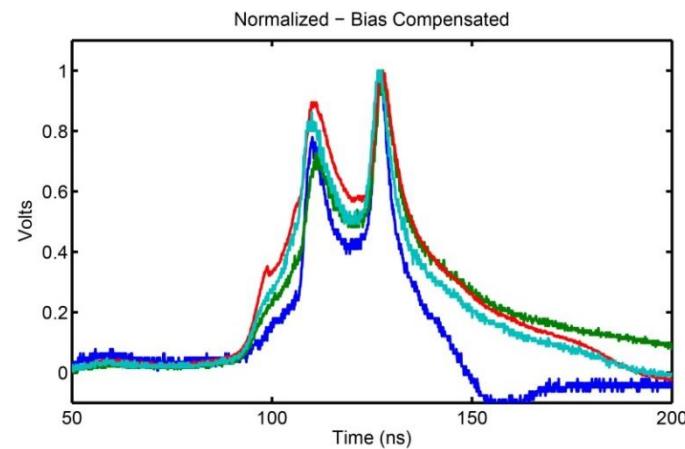
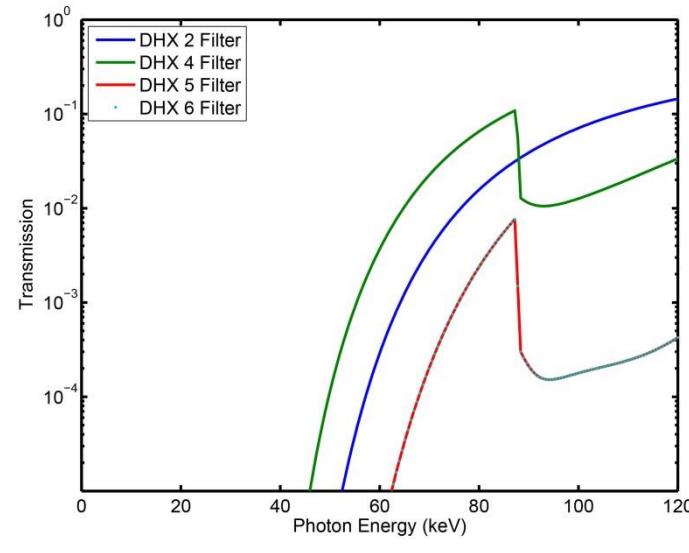
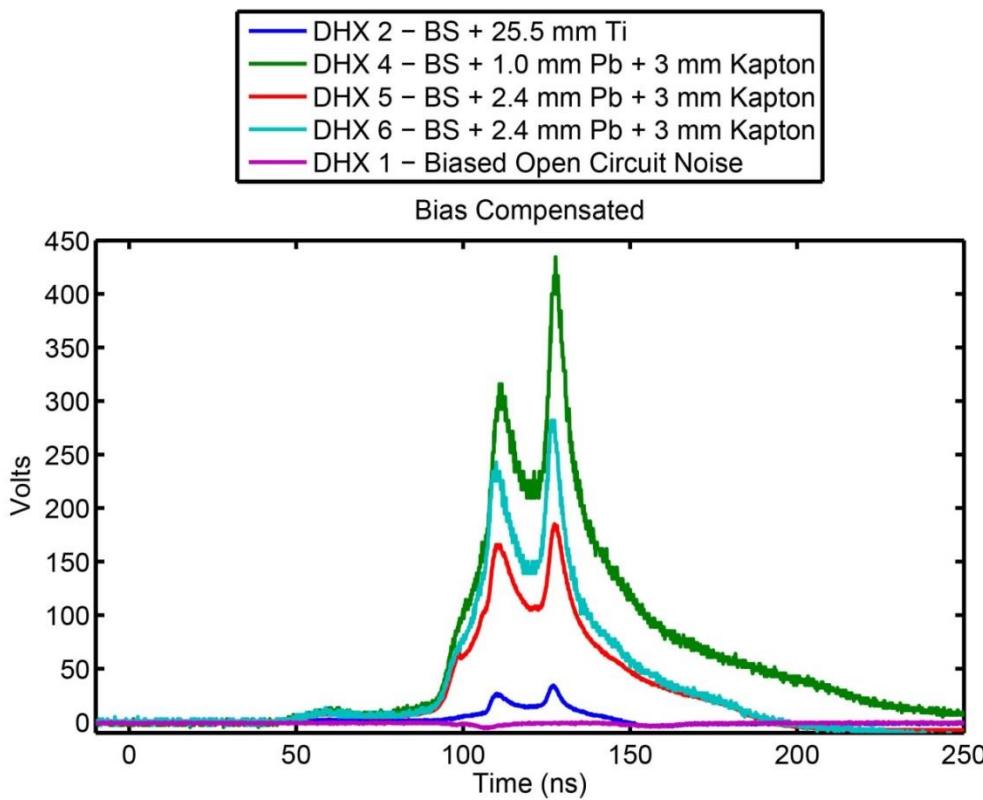
Initial Experiments

- Flatfield of detectors - Redo in 2 Weeks!
- 6.35 mm Al + 1.5 mm Kapton + 1.0mm Pb + 1.5 mm Kapton



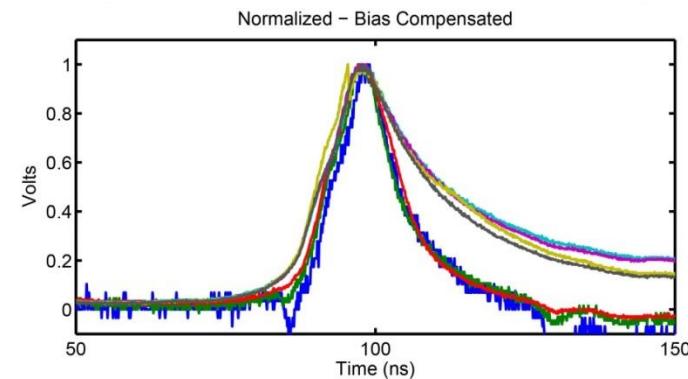
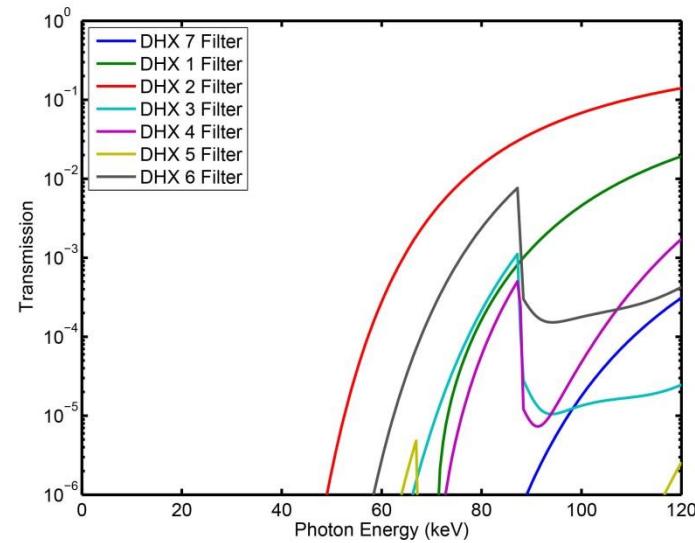
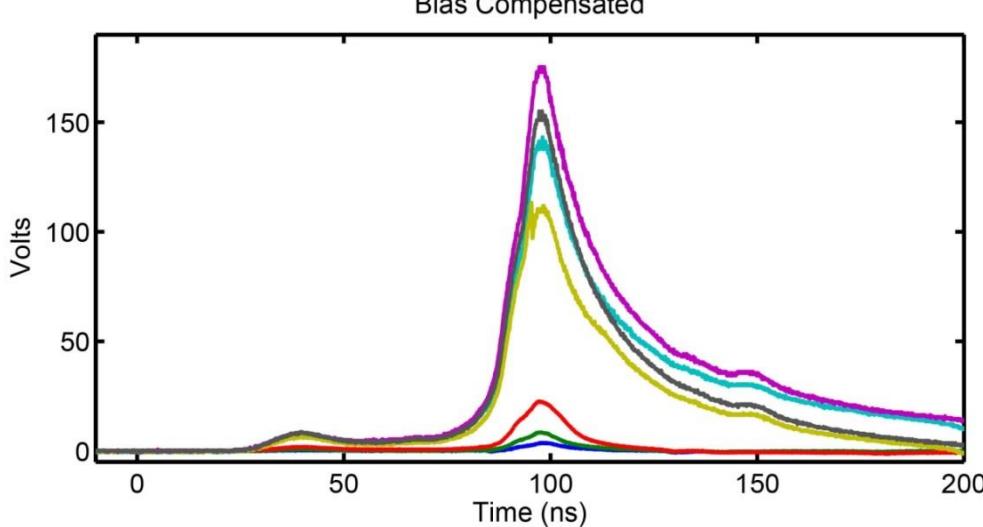
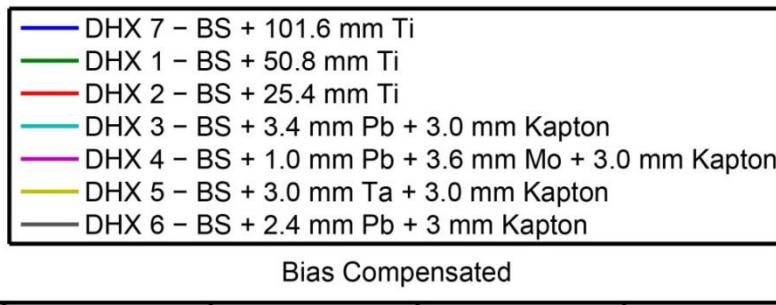
Initial Experiments

- Data collected with Mo & Ag non-thermal source – Shot 2657
- **Filter Geometry Matters!**
 - DHX 2: Tight Fitting Cylinder
 - DHX 4-6: Looser Disks Cut From Sheet

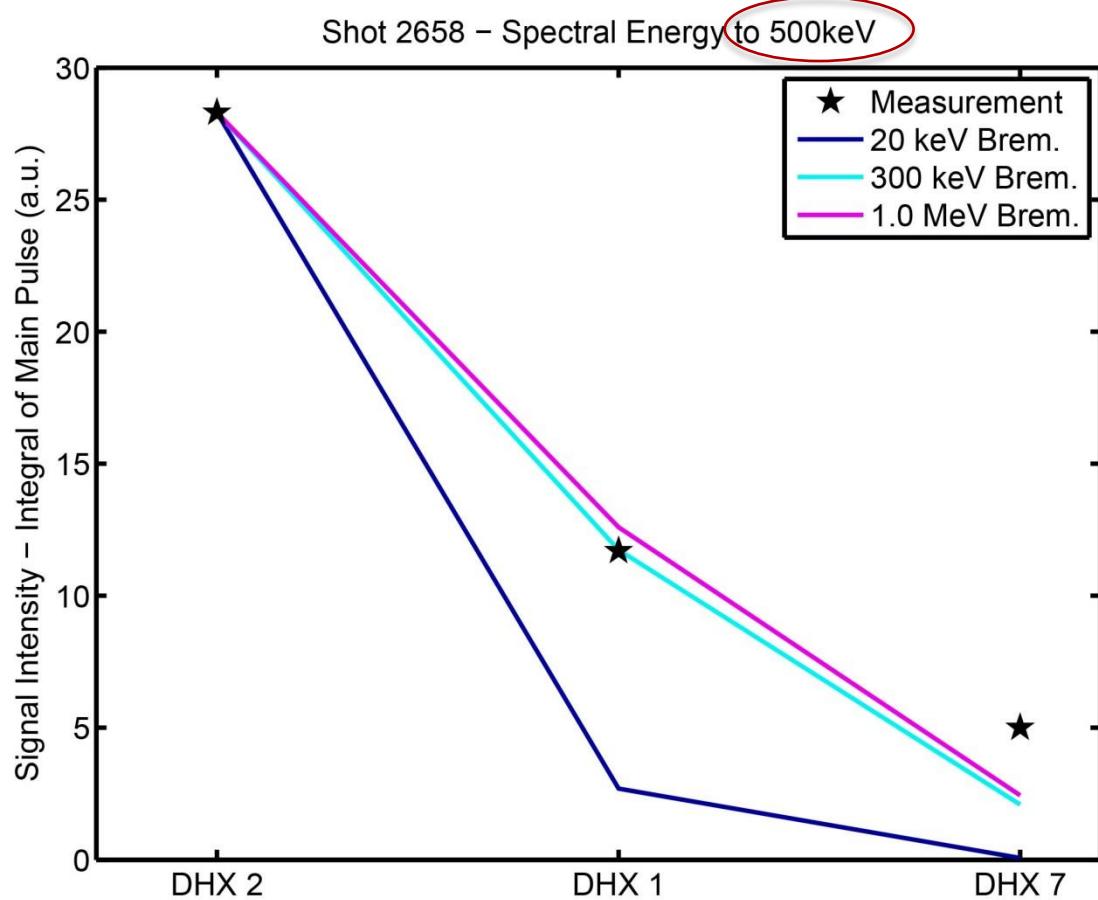
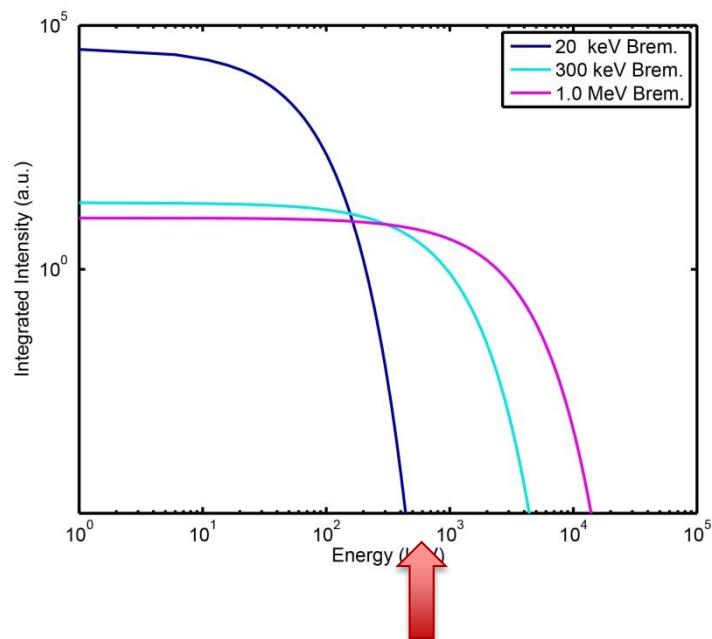
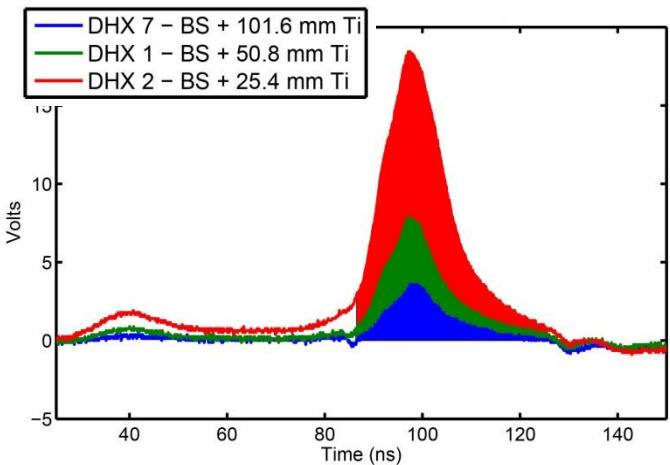


Initial Experiments

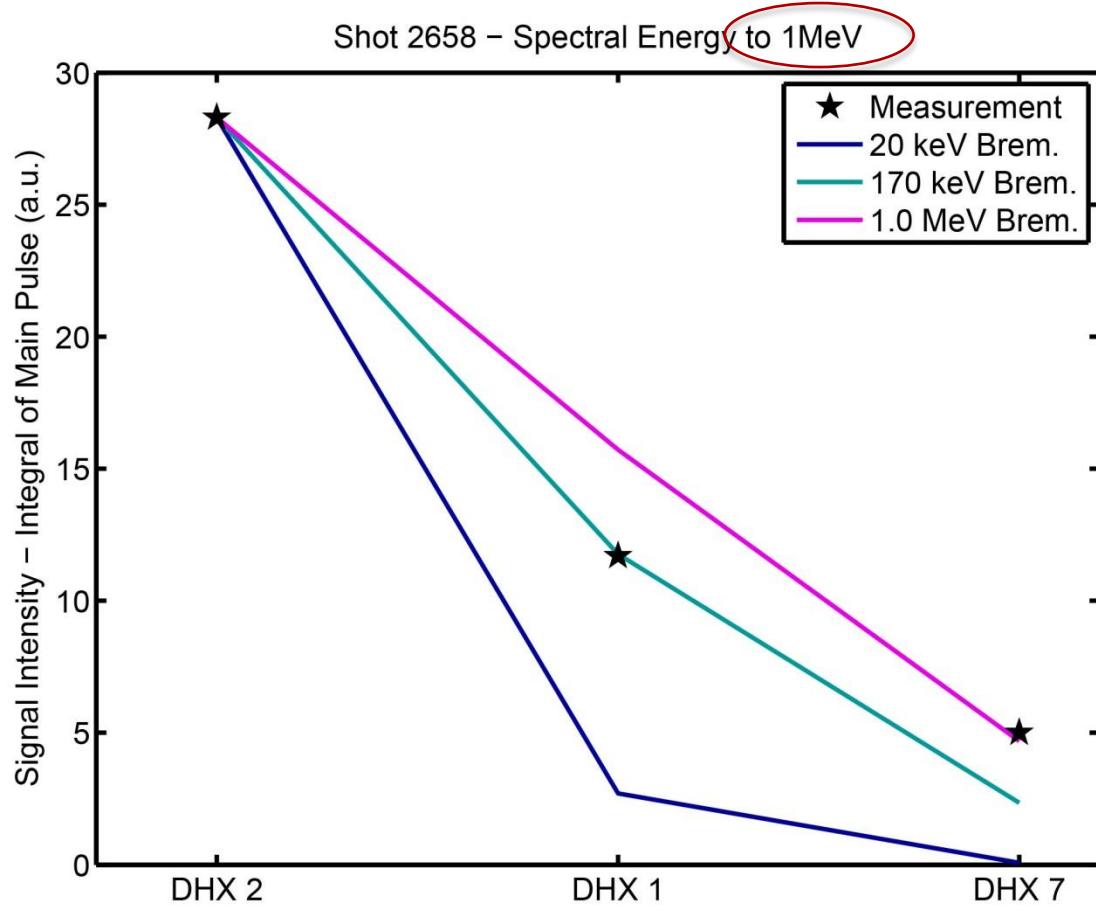
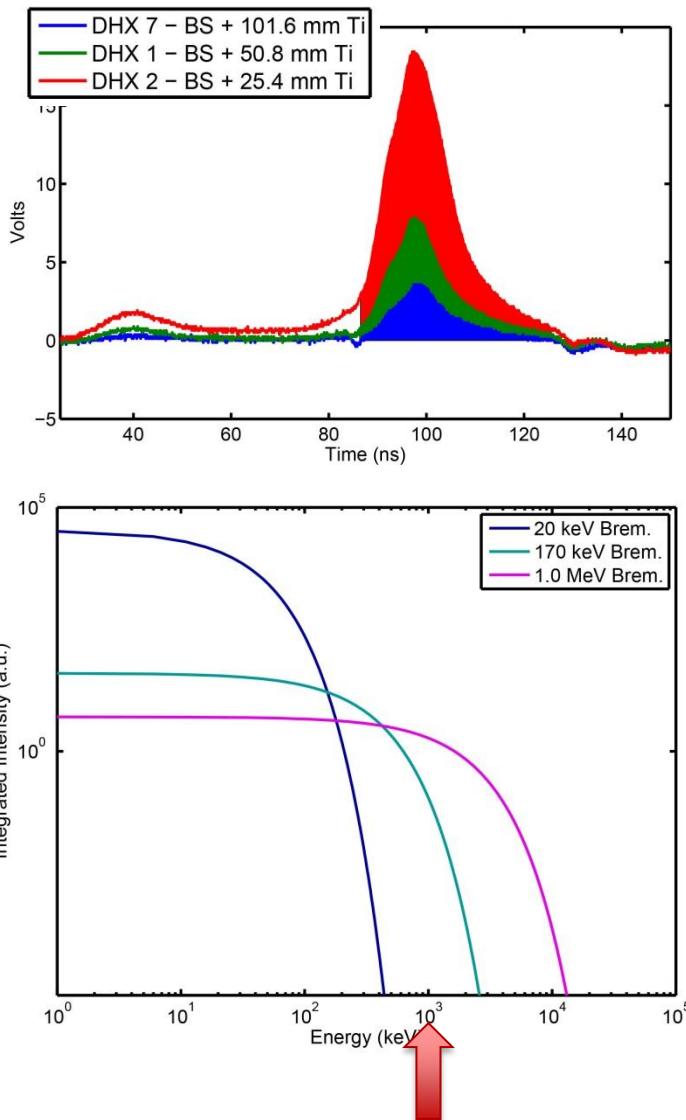
- Data collected with Mo & Ag non-thermal source – Shot 2658
- **Filter Geometry Matters!**
 - DHX 7,1,2: Tight Fitting Cylinders
 - DHX 3-6: Looser Disks Cut From Sheet



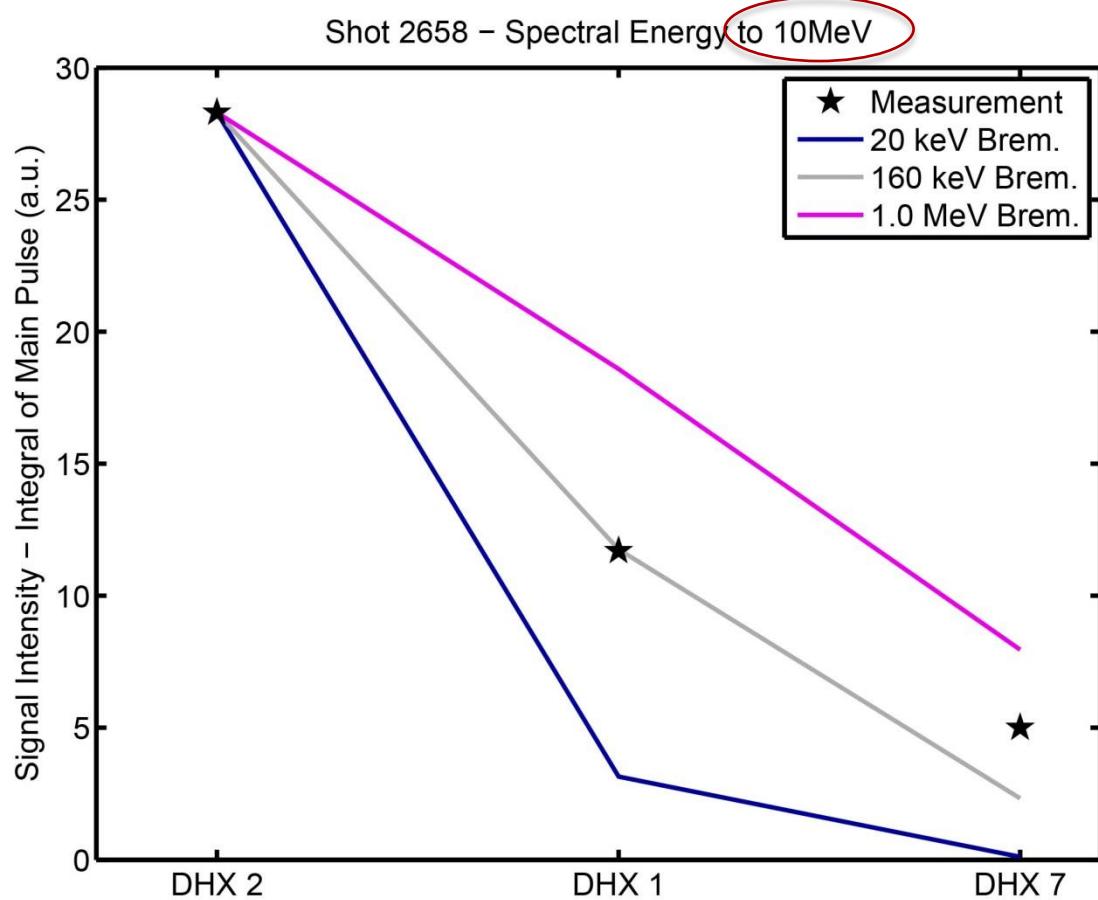
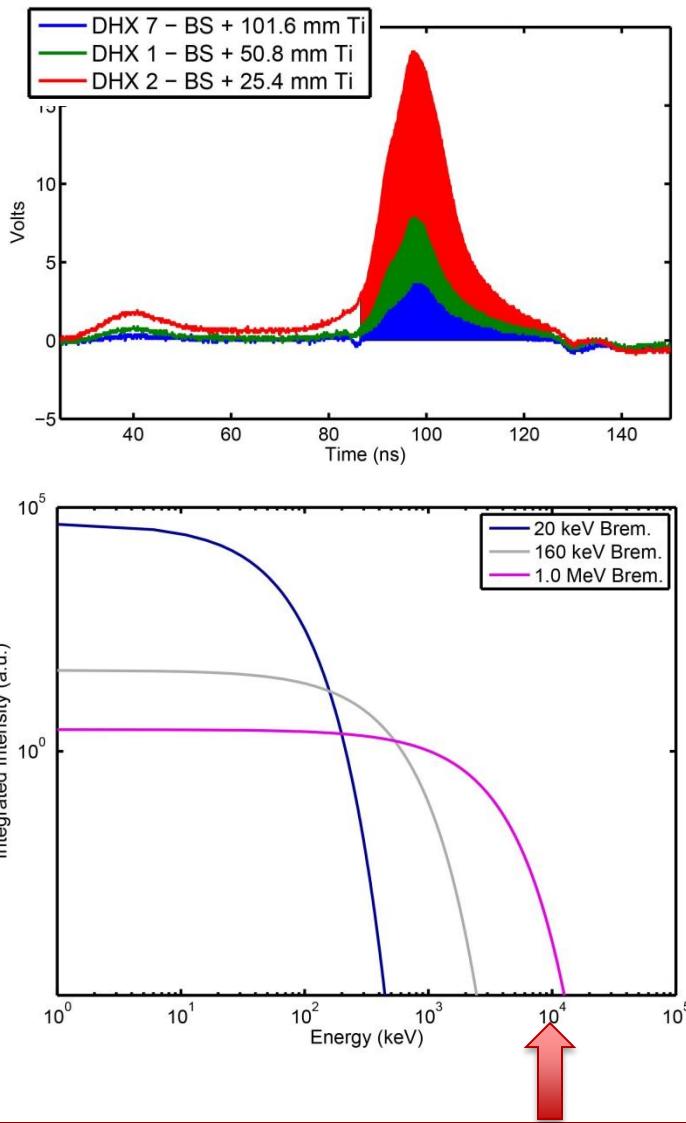
Preliminary Analysis of Shot 2658



Preliminary Analysis of Shot 2658



Preliminary Analysis of Shot 2658



DAHX 2.0

- Begin working on more compact version with higher number of diodes.
- Design will be guided by initial fielding of DAHX
 - Finalized by September 2014
 - Ordering parts October 2014

