

Overview of Sandia Validation Challenge Workshop

Rich Field

*Sandia National Laboratories
Albuquerque, NM 87185-0346*

rvfield@sandia.gov

**Organizers: K. Dowding, T. Paez, M. Pilch, J. Red-Horse (SNL)
R. Hills (NMSU), I. Babuska (Texas), R. Tempone (FSU)**



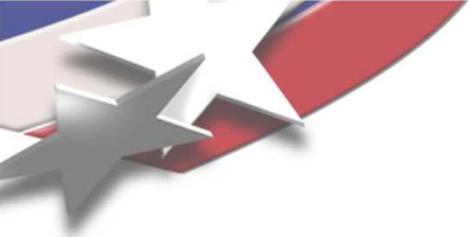
Sandia Validation Challenge Workshop

- Held May 21 - 23, 2006 in Albuquerque
- Participants selected for their diverse perspectives
 - Communities: academia, professional committees, national laboratories, and industry
 - Backgrounds: various engineering disciplines, math / statistics
 - View points: Bayesian, engineering, frequentists, validation = calibration, validation = assessment
- Proceedings to appear in *Computer Methods in Applied Mechanics and Engineering*, Fall 2008
- More information:
<http://www.esc.sandia.gov/VCWwebsite/vcwhome.html>



Why Care About Validation?

- Modeling and simulation is playing an increasing role in the design and in the assessment of regulatory compliance of high consequence systems
- Accurate quantification of margins and uncertainties in the decision context requires that:
 - Models accurately capture trends appropriate to the application parameter space
 - Sources of application-important variabilities can be reflected through the model
 - Uncertainties associated with the use of the model in the application parameter space can be quantified
- Model validation is a very necessary, but not sufficient, element in establishing the credibility of models for these important types of applications



Definition of Validation

- Validation: The **process** of determining the degree to which a model is an **accurate** representation of the real world from the perspective of the **intended uses** of the model
 - From AIAA, “Guide for the Verification and Validation of Computational Fluid Dynamics Simulations,” (1998)

Intended Use

Validation is Application Specific

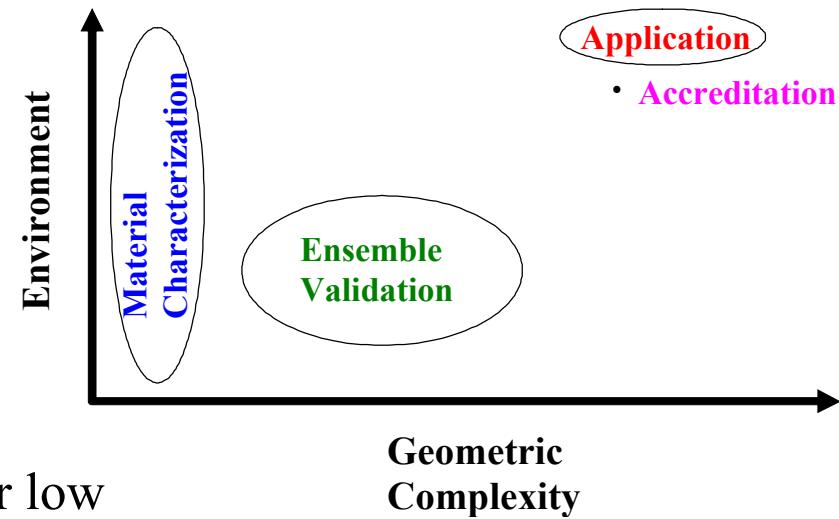
- **Regulatory Assessment (Application)** –

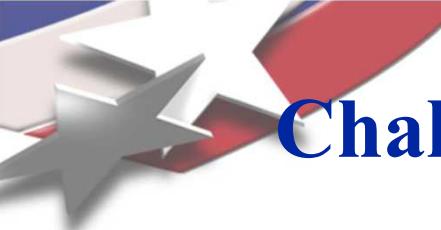
Validation is best judged in the application context, which often involves a rigorous assessment against design or regulatory requirements

- **Accreditation** – subsystem or full-system testing with application hardware under conditions that more closely represent the application of the model

- **Ensemble Validation** – separate physics or low order interactions of important physics in stylized or de-featured geometries often for environments that are not fully representative of the application parameter space

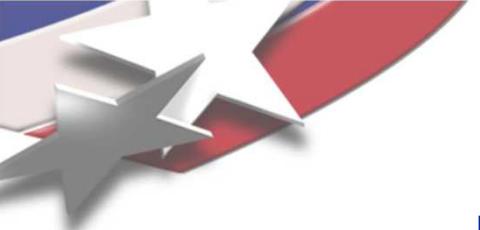
- **Material Characterization** – identification of material properties or constitutive-law parameters





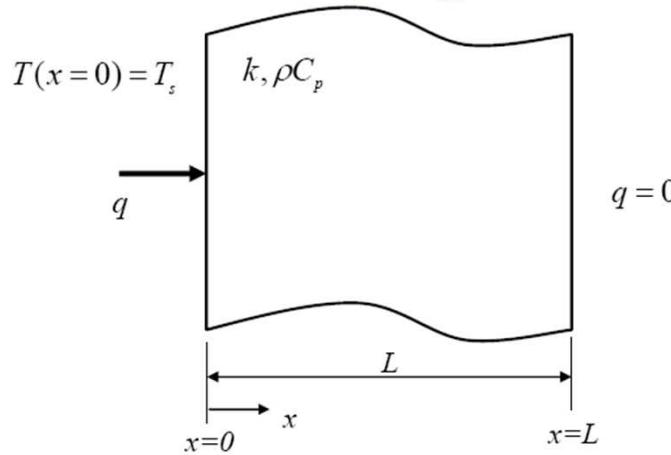
Challenge Problems: Benchmarks for Methodology Comparison

- Assessing accuracy and adequacy of a model when there is a database of multiple test
- Assessing accuracy and adequacy of a model when there is only a single test
- Assessing the impact of variabilities and uncertainties when using the model to extrapolate beyond existing databases
- Assessing confidence in regulatory assessments based on limited data and uncertainties in the use of the model

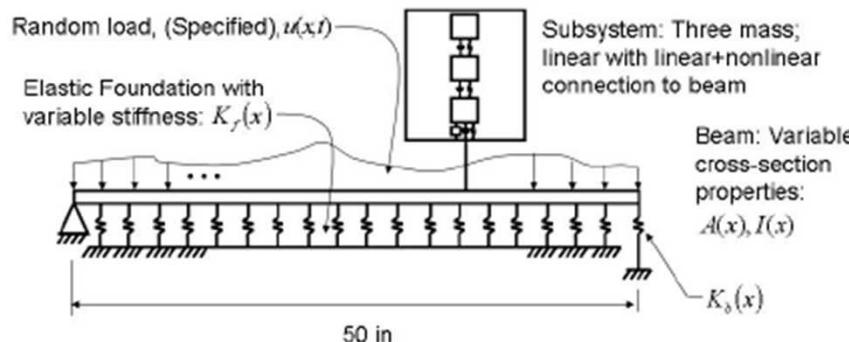


Three Challenge Problems

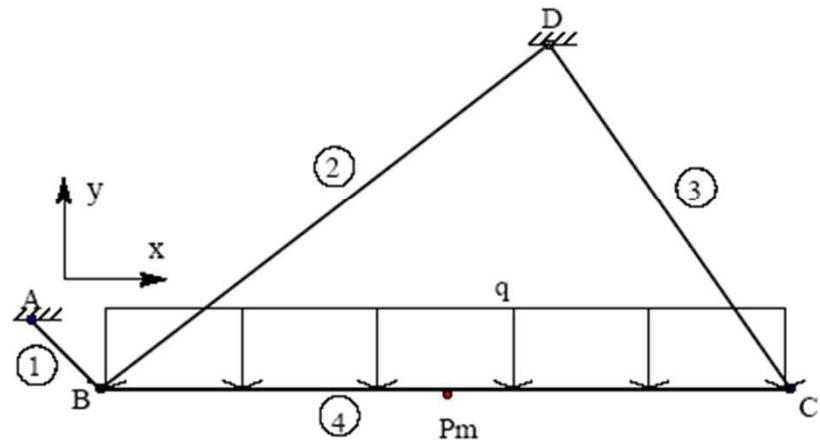
Thermal



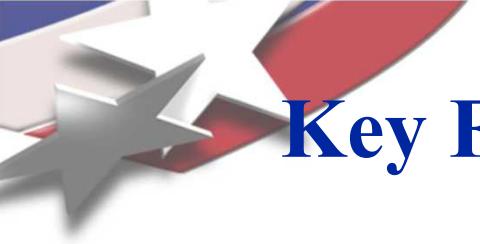
Structural Dynamics



Structural Static Frame



- Three disciplines to engage broad interest and historical perspectives
- Hope is that methodology is independent of discipline



Key Features Incorporated into Each Challenge Problem

- Provides an application context, requiring extrapolation of models beyond their validation basis, with a regulatory requirement stated in probabilistic terms
- Reflects hierachal approach to validation: material characterization, validation against an ensemble of data, validation against a single test
- Easy to evaluate models that should not require subject matter expertise
- Synthetic “experimental data” generated from a truth model acting as a surrogate for Mother Nature

“Truth Model(s)” never to be revealed!!



Key Features **NOT** Incorporated into Each Challenge Problem

- Diagnostic variability and uncertainty (measurement errors) were not added
 - Over-simplification of real-world experimental conditions
- Numerical errors need not be addressed
 - Simple, easy-to-evaluate models can be assumed to be free of numerical errors
 - Many real world applications may require the use of under-resolved models
- Nonlinear coupled multi-physics
 - Nonlinear coupled multi-physics is common in many real world applications
 - May require validation against SRQs that are different from what the application demands



Today's Schedule

- **AM Session: Thermal Problem**
 1. *Formulation of the Thermal Problem* by Dowding, Hills
 2. *Thermal Problem Solution Using a Surrogate Model Clustering Technique* by Brandyberry
 3. *A Bayesian Analysis of the Thermal Challenge Problem* by Berger
 4. *Summary of the Approaches Applied to Solve the Thermal Problem* by Hills & Dowding
- **PM Session: Structural Dynamics Problem**
 1. *Sandia Validation Methods Workshop: Structural Dynamics Problem Definition* by Red-Horse & Paez
 2. *A Top-Down Approach to Calibration, Validation, Uncertainty Quantification and Predictive Accuracy Assessment* by Hasselman & Lloyd
 3. *NASA Langley's Approach to the Sandia Structural Dynamics Challenge Problem* by Horta, Kenny, Crespo, Elliot
 4. *A Probabilistic Approach to the Validation Problem* by Ghanem, Red-Horse, Doostan
 5. *Error and Variability Characterization in Structural Dynamics Modeling* by McFarland & Mahadevan



Workshop Proceedings (1 of 2)

**Special Issue of *Computer Methods in Applied Mechanics and Engineering*,
(Hughes, Oden, and Papadrakakis Editors), will appear Fall, 2008**

- *Workshop Overview, Problem Definitions, and Summary*

- Richard G. Hills, Martin Pilch, Kevin J. Dowding, John Red-Horse, Thomas L. Paez, Ivo Babuska, and Raul Tempone. “Validation Challenge Workshop”
- Ivo Babuska, Fabio Nobile, and Raul Tempone. “Formulation of the Static Frame Problem”
- Dowding, K. J., M. Pilch, R. G. Hills, “Formulation of the Thermal Problem”
- Red-Horse, J. R., Paez, T. L., “Sandia National Laboratories Validation Workshop: Structural Dynamics Application”
- Ivo Babuska and Raul Tempone. “Static Frame Challenge Problem: Summary”
- R. G. Hills, Dowding, K. J., and L. Swiler, “Thermal Challenge Problem: Summary”
- Paez, T. L., Red-Horse, J. R., “Structural Dynamics Challenge Problem: Summary”
- Kevin J. Dowding, Ivo Babuska, Richard G. Hills, John Red-Horse, Thomas L. Paez, and Raul Tempone. “Validation Challenge Workshop Summary”

- *Static Frame Problem*

- Ivo Babuska, Fabio Nobile, and Raul Tempone, “Model Validation Challenge Problem: Static Frame Problem. Sandia Validation Workshop”
- Jan Chleboun, “An approach to the Sandia Workshop Static Frame Challenge Problem: A Combination of Elementary Probabilistic, Fuzzy Set, and Worst Scenario Tools”
- M.D. Grigoriu and R.V. Field Jr, “A Solution to the Static Frame Validation Challenge Problem Using Bayesian Model Selection”
- Pradlwarter H. J. and G. I. Schueller, “The Use of Kernel Densities and Confidence Intervals to Cope With Insufficient Data in Validation Experiments”
- Ramesh Rebba and John Cafeo, “Probabilistic Analysis of a Static Frame Model”



Workshop Proceedings (2 of 2)

- *Thermal Problem*

- Brandyberry, M. D. "Thermal Problem Solution Using a Surrogate Model Clustering Technique"
- Ferson, S., W. L. Oberkampf, and L. Ginzburg. "Model Validation and Predictive Capability for the Thermal Challenge Problem"
- Higdon, D., C. Nakhleh, J. Gattiker, B. Williams. "A Bayesian Calibration Approach to the Thermal Problem"
- Hills, R. G. and K. J. Dowding. "Multivariate Approach to the Thermal Challenge Problem"
- Liu, F., M. J. Bayarri, J. Berger, R. Paulo, and J. Sacks. "A Bayesian Analysis of the Thermal Challenge Problem"
- McFarland, J and S. Mahadevan. "Multivariate Significance Testing and Model Calibration under Uncertainty"
- B. M. Rutherford. "Computational Modeling Issues and Methods for the 'Regulatory Problem' in Engineering – Solution to the Thermal Problem"

- *Dynamics Problem*

- Ghanem, R. G., Doostan, A., Red-Horse, J., (2008), "A Probabilistic Construction of Model Validation"
- Hasselman, T., Lloyd, G., (2008), "A Top-down Approach to Calibration, Validation, Uncertainty Quantification and Predictive Accuracy Assessment"
- Horta, L. G., Kenny, S. P., Crespo, L. G., Elliot, K. B., (2007), "NASA Langley's Approach to the Sandia Structural Dynamics Challenge Problem"
- McFarland, J., Mahadevan, S., (2008), "Error and Variability Characterization in Structural Dynamics Modeling"
- Rutherford, B. M., (2008), "Computational Modeling Issues and Methods for the 'Regulatory Problem' in Engineering – Solutions to the Structural Dynamics and Static Frame Problems"
- Zang, C., Schwingshakel, C. W., Ewins, D. J., (2008), "Model Validation for Structural Dynamic Analysis: An Approach to the Sandia Structural Dynamics Challenge Problem"