

# Partial Reconfiguration via Configuration Scrubbing

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# SRAM FPGAs in Space

- Reconfigurable
  - Multiplexing Designs, Fault Avoidance, Replace design flaws
- Application Specific Computing
  - Sensor processing, compression, soft processor computing



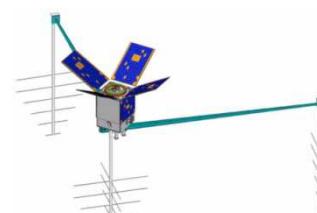
Venus Express, TU Braunschweig



OPTUS-C1, Raytheon



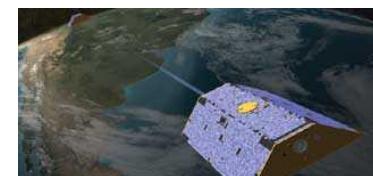
FedSat, Univ. South Australia



CFESat  
Los Alamos National lab



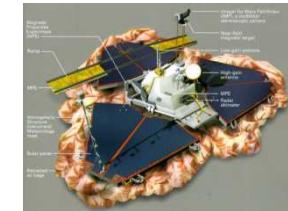
SpaceCube, NASA GSFC



GRACE, NASA GSFC



MARS Rover, NASA JPL



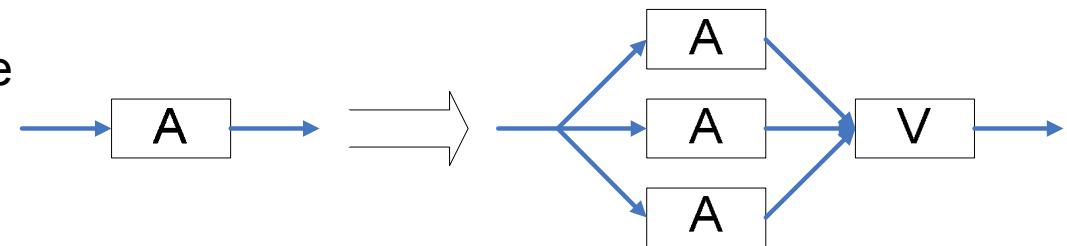
MARS Lander, NASA GSFC

# FPGA Fault Tolerant Strategy

- FPGAs provide SEU mitigation through redundancy and scrubbing

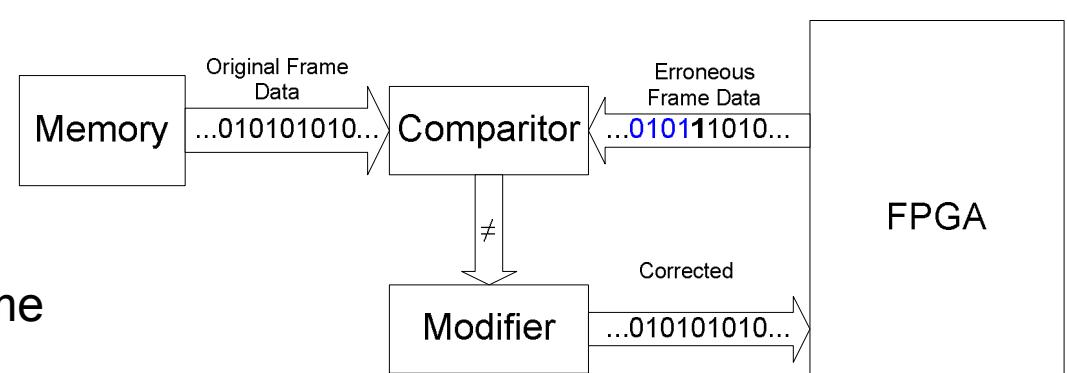
- Triple Modular Redundancy (TMR)

- Triplicate module to introduce redundancy
  - Vote on outputs of triplicated module
  - Use greatest common result

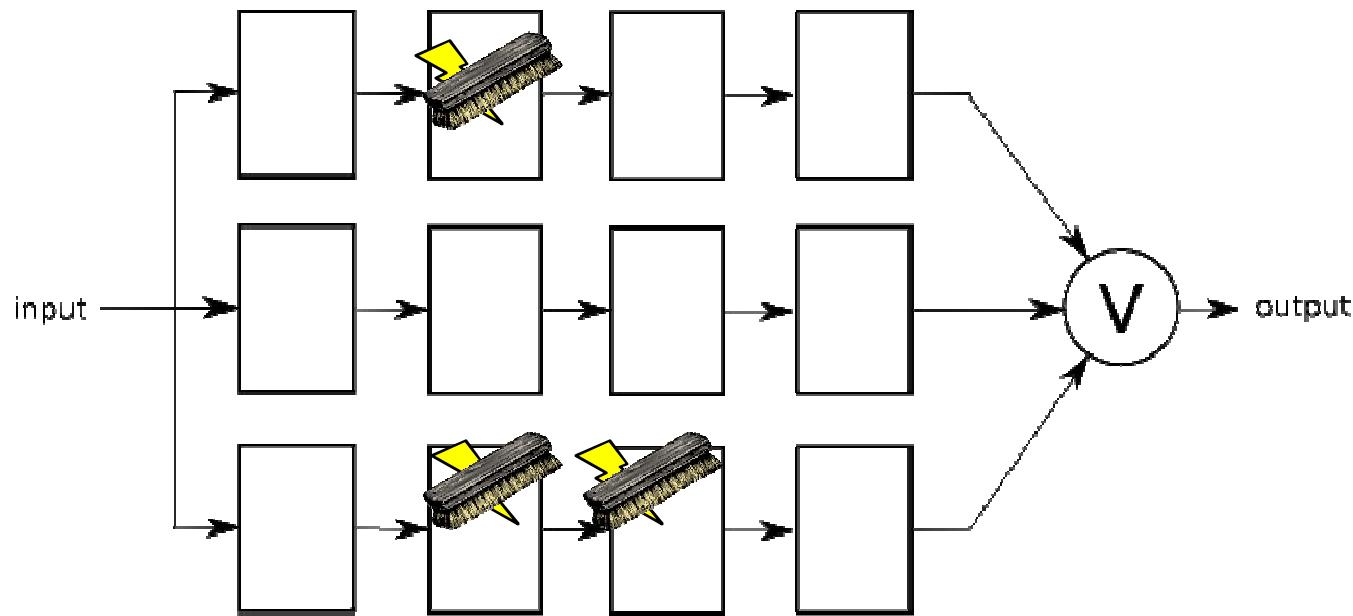


- Configuration Scrubbing

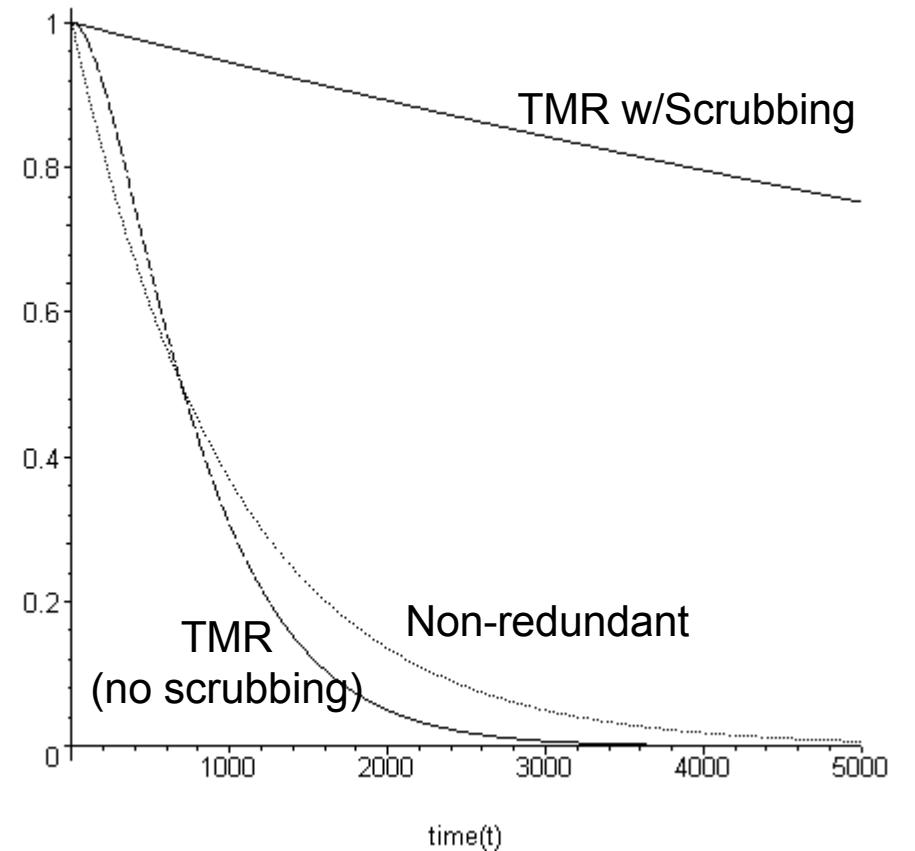
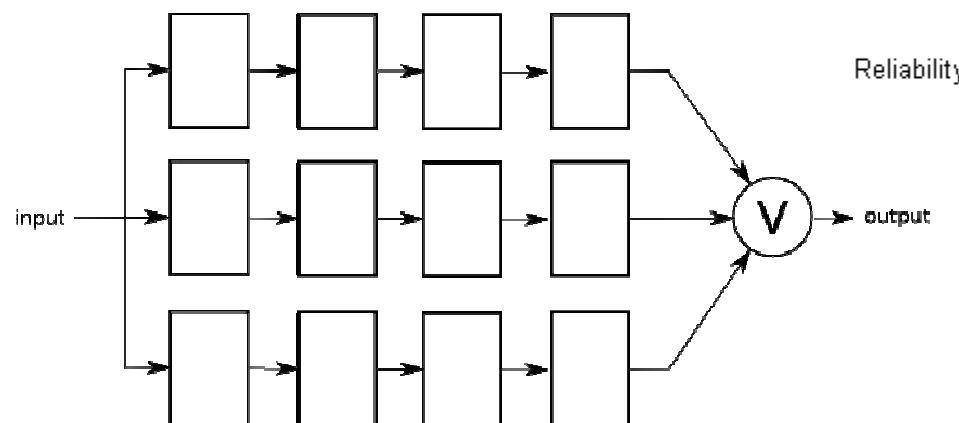
- Readback frame data
  - Compare frame to original
  - Correct erroneous bits in frame
  - Writeback frame to FPGA



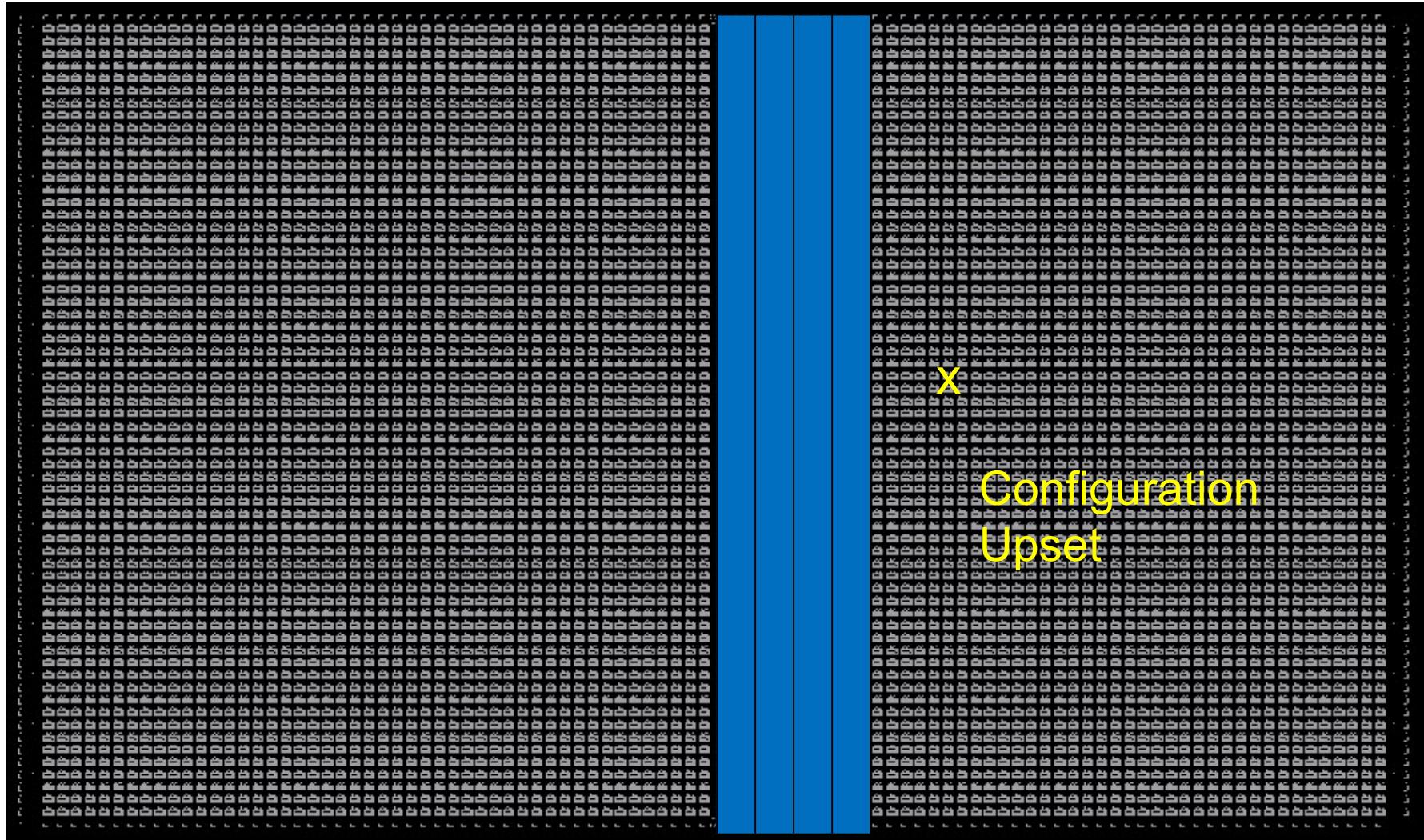
# TMR & Scrubbing Example



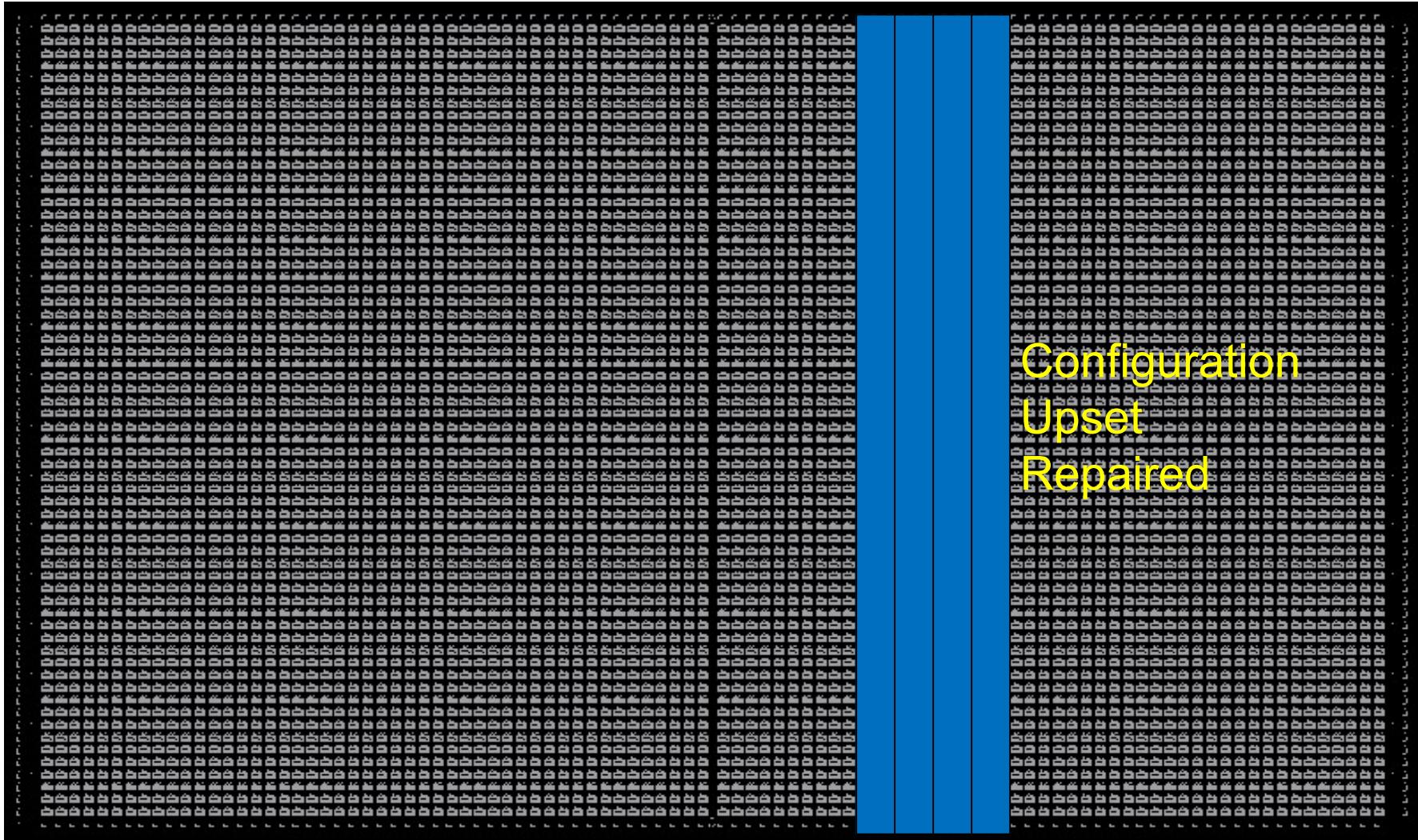
# TMR & Scrubbing Reliability



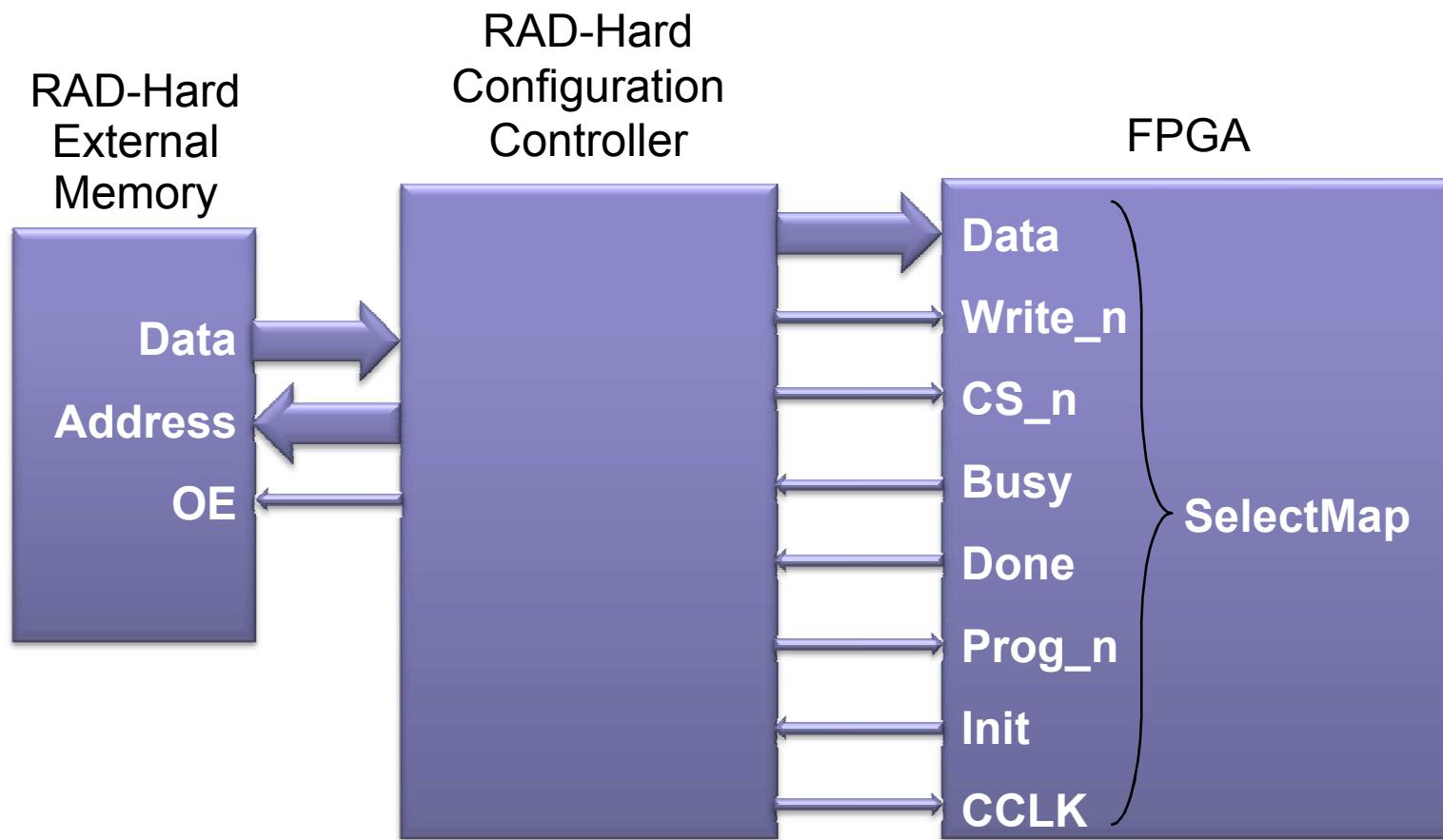
# Configuration Scrubbing Example



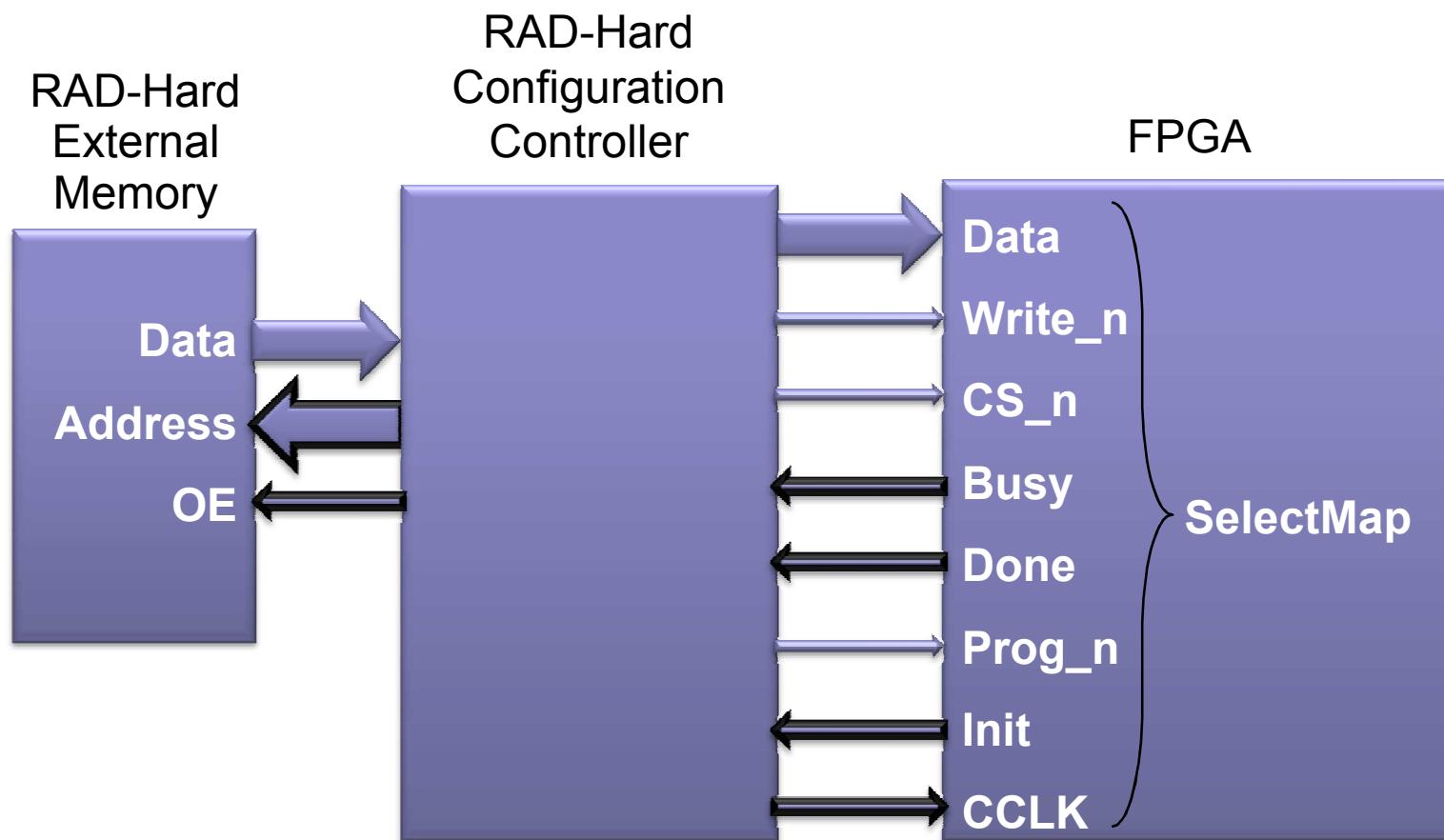
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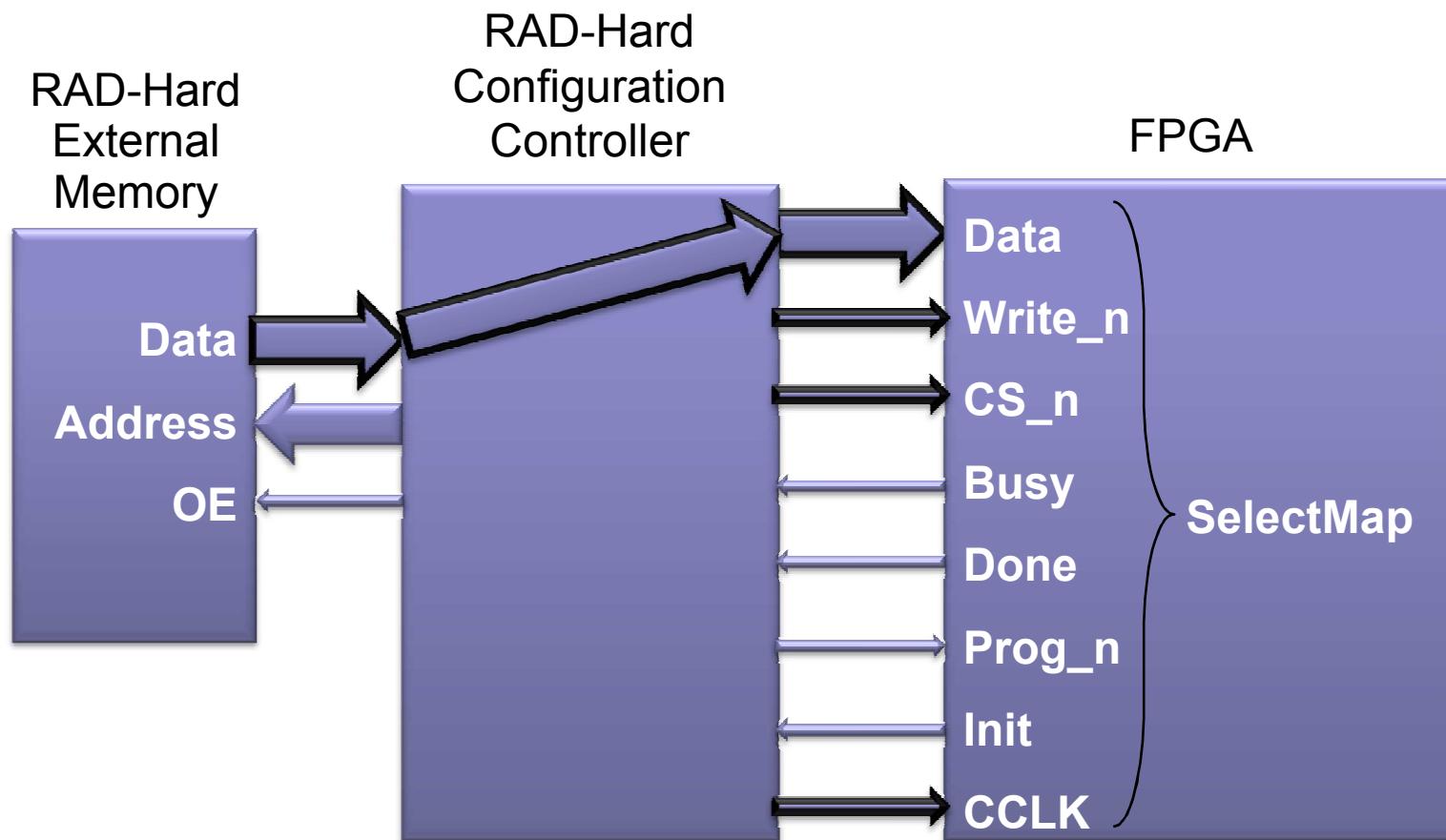
# Traditional Scrubbing Process



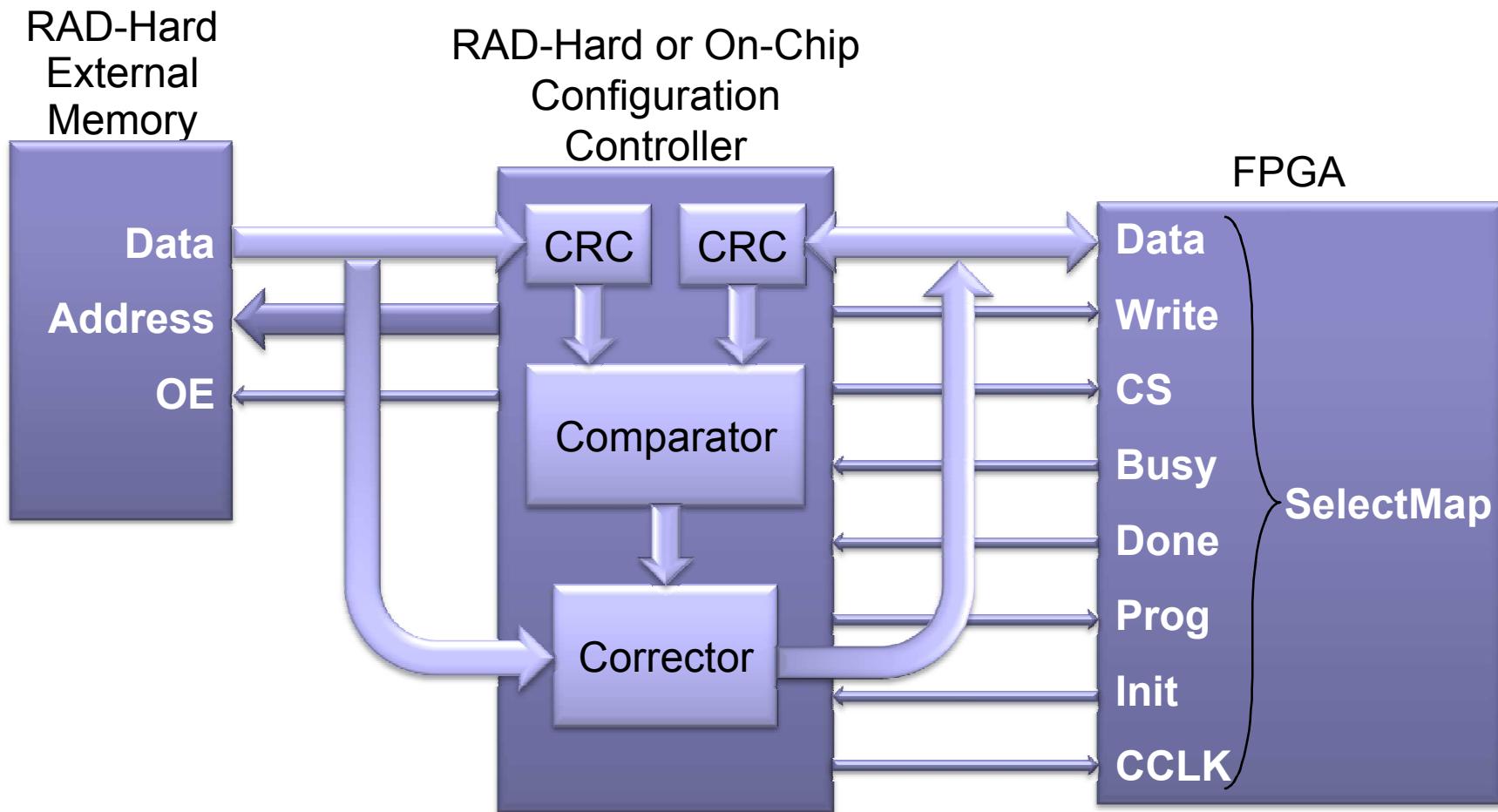
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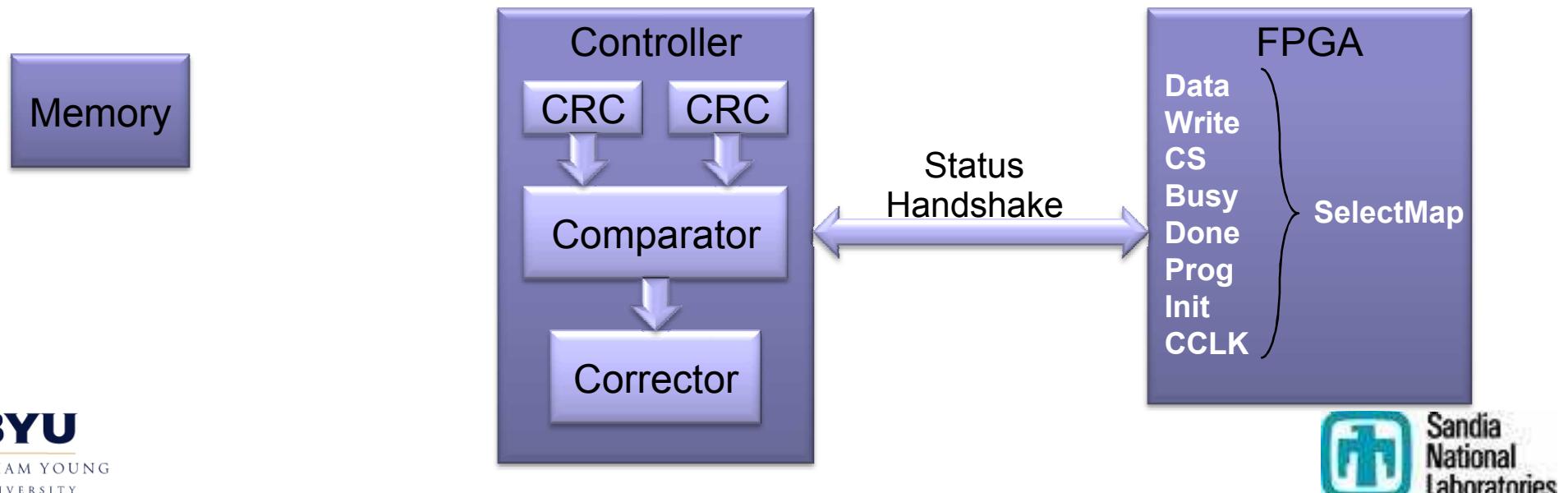


# Readback w/ Compare Architecture



# Readback w/ Compare

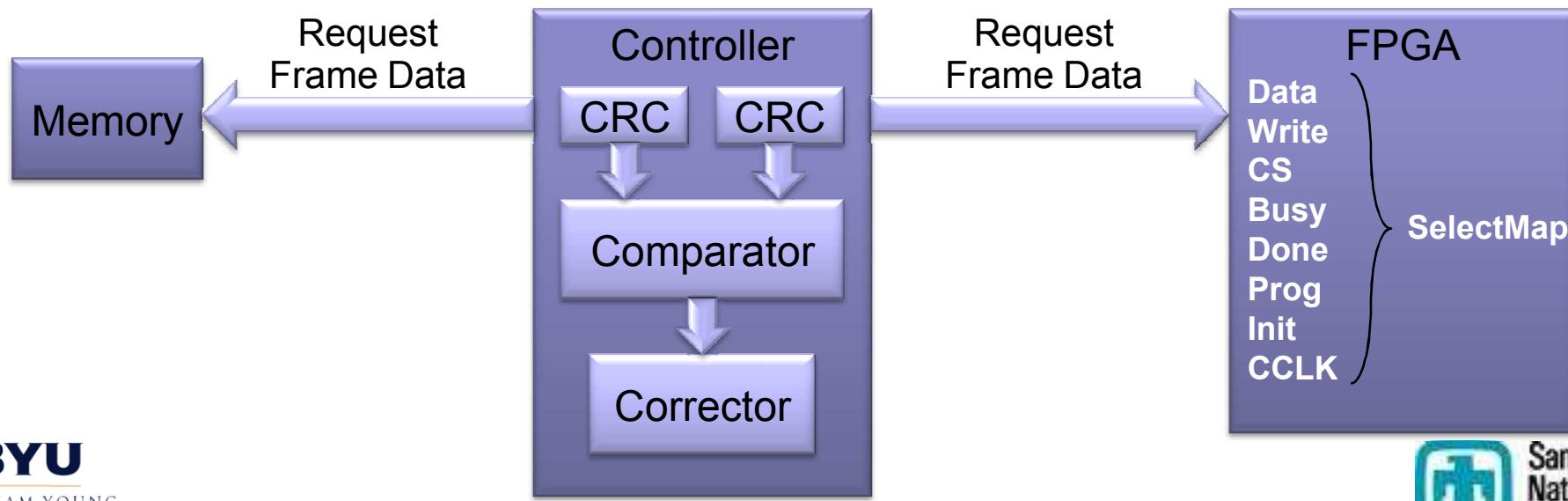
- Read-back Scrubbing Process
  - Check status of controller and SelectMap.



# Readback w/ Compare

## ■ Read-back Scrubbing Process

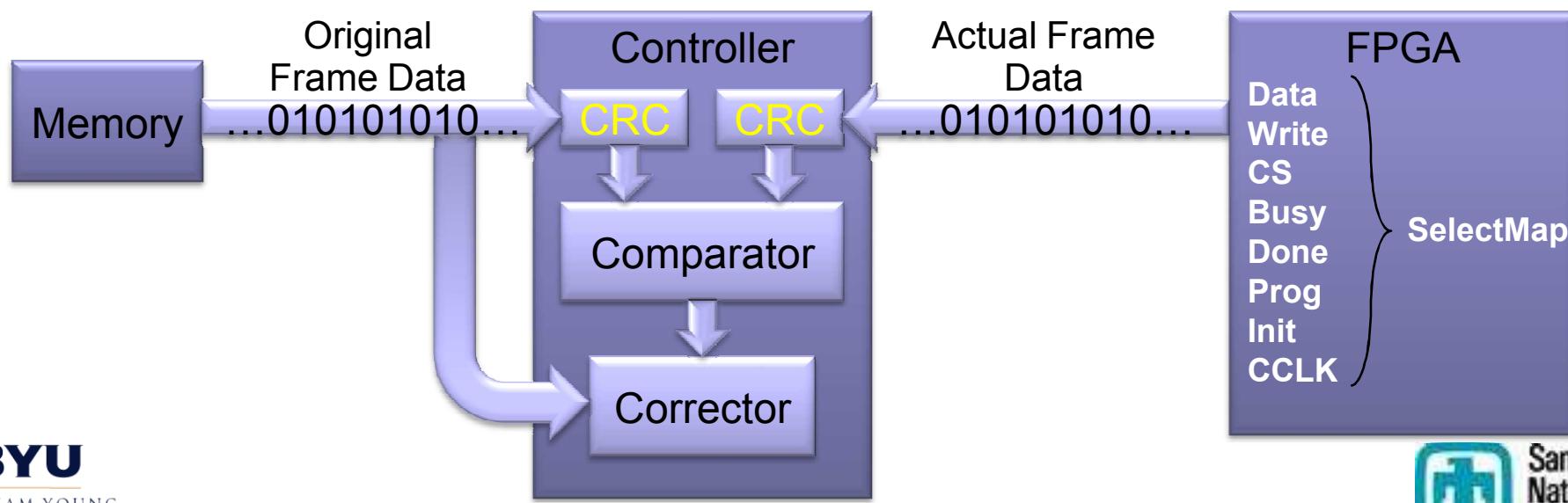
- Check status of controller and SelectMap.
- Read one frame from memory and FPGA.



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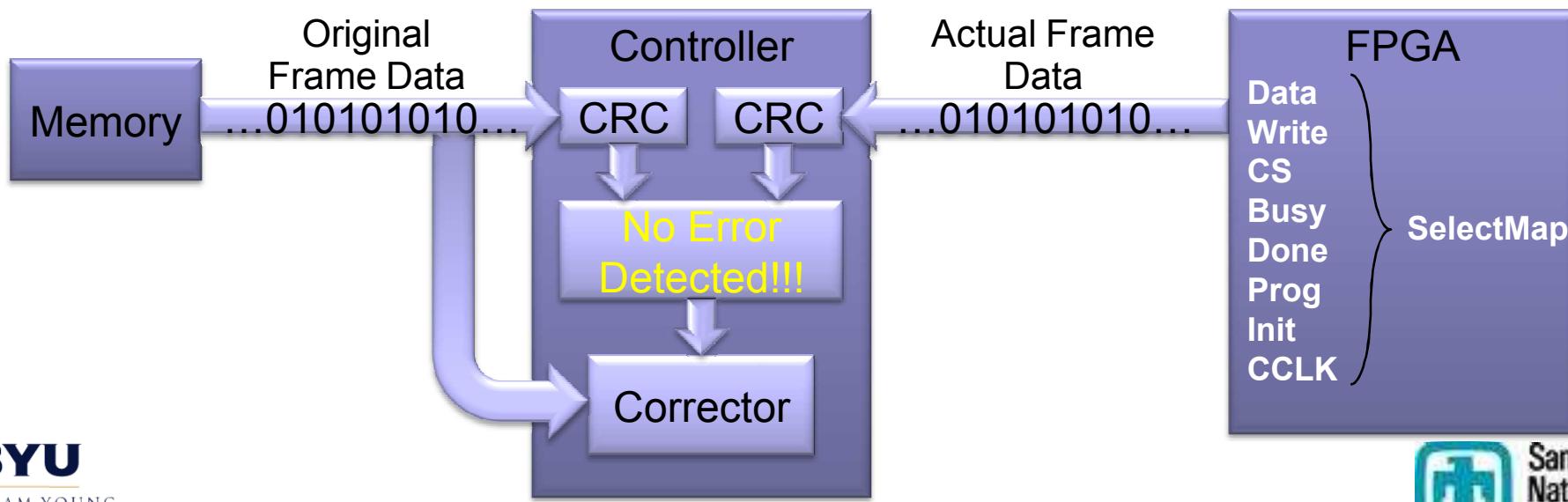
- Check status of controller and SelectMap.
- Read one frame from memory and FPGA.
- Compute CRC value on frames (optional).



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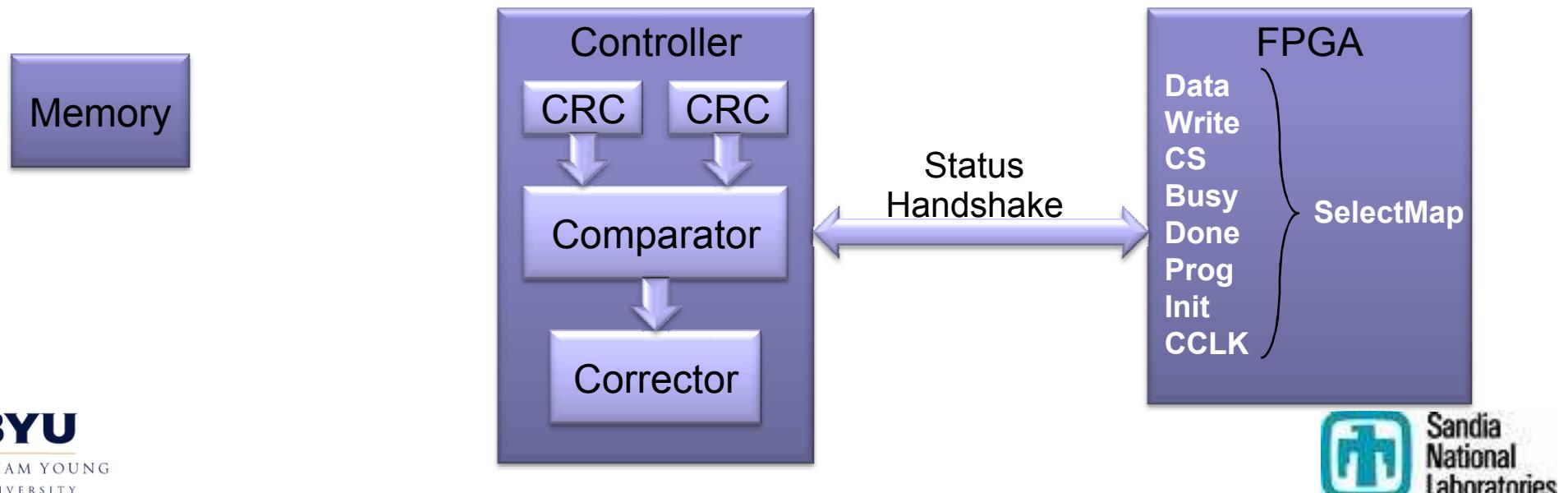
## ■ Read-back Scrubbing Process

- Check status of controller and SelectMap.
- Read one frame from memory and FPGA.
- Compute CRC value on frames (optional).
- Compare frames or CRC values to detect errors.



# Readback w/ Compare

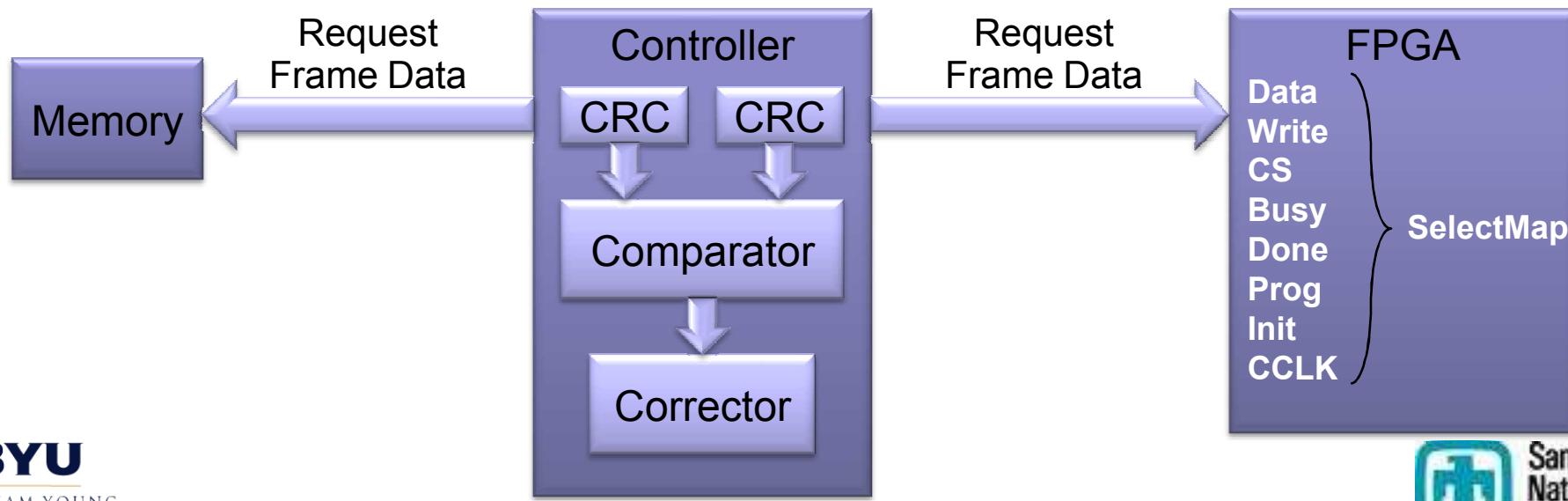
- Read-back Scrubbing Process
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# Readback w/ Compare

## ■ Read-back Scrubbing Process

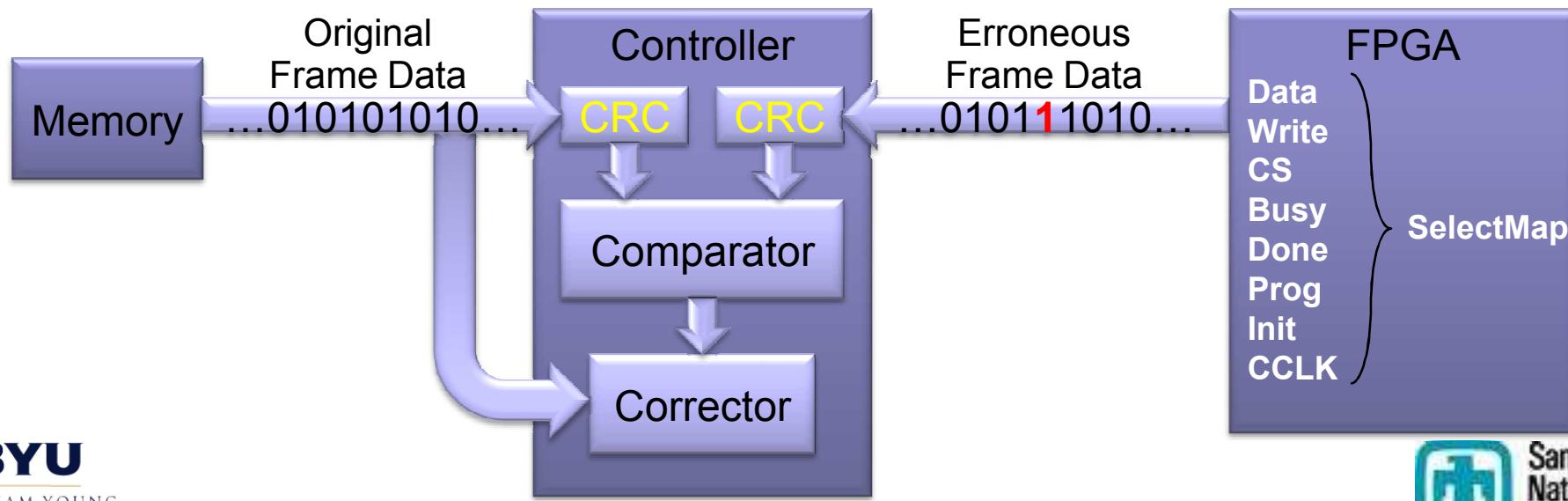
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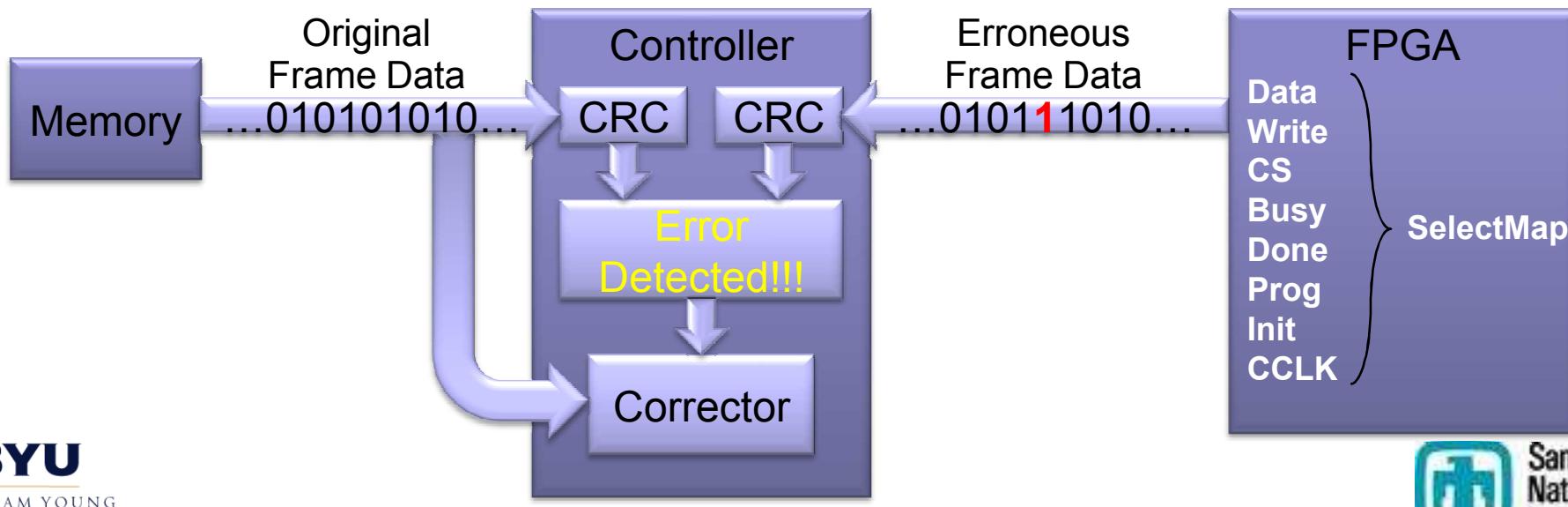
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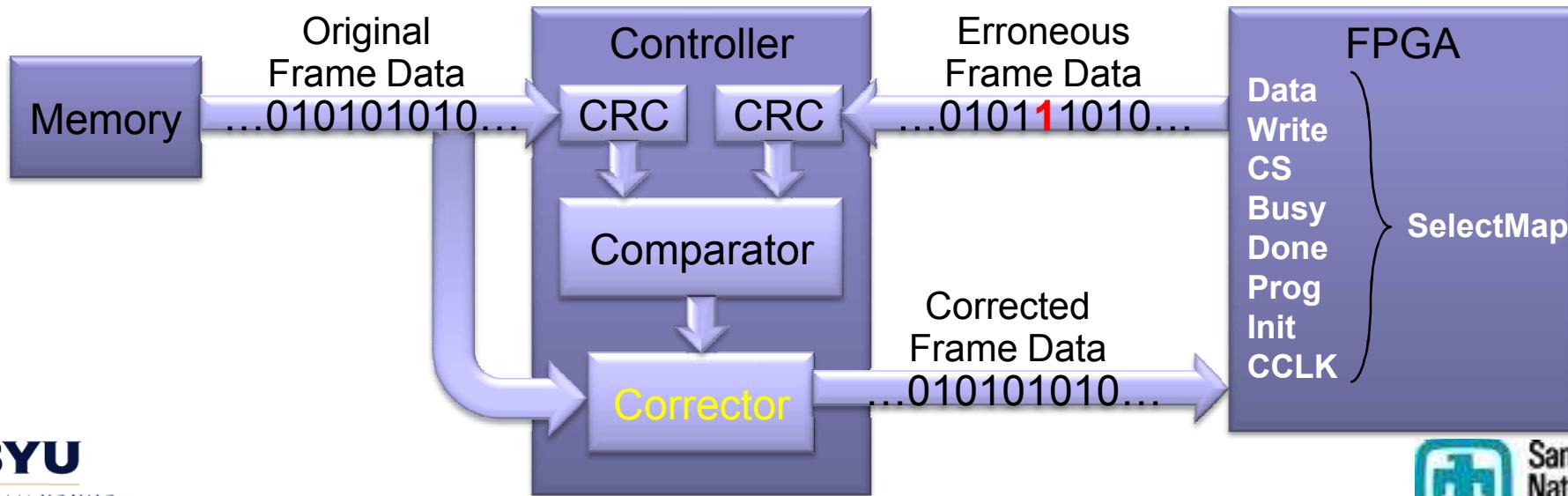
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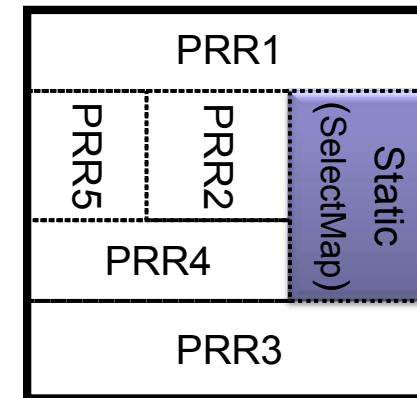
- Check status of controller and SelectMap.
- Read one frame from memory and FPGA.
- Compute CRC value on frames (optional).
- Compare frames or CRC values to detect errors.
- Correct error or write original frame to FPGA through SelectMap.



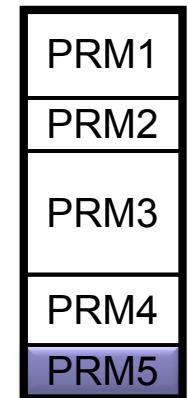
# Partial Reconfiguration (PR)

- Smaller initial footprint = faster boot-up
- Generic initial footprint = multiple device boot-ups
- “On-the-Fly” Reconfiguration
  - Design Updates
  - Component Swapping
  - Requires complete access to configuration memory.
- Divide Design
  - Static Region - All system critical components
  - Partial Regions - All non-critical components
- Partial Logic
  - Transmit via COM
  - Stored locally off-chip

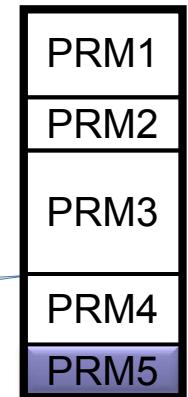
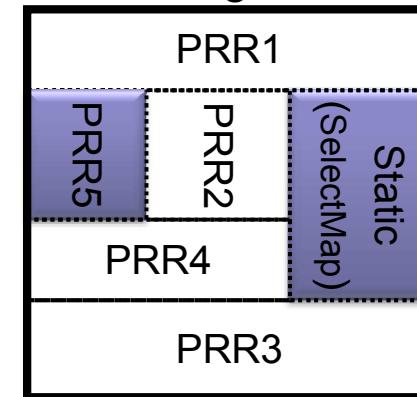
Initial FPGA w/  
PRR Holes



Host  
Computer

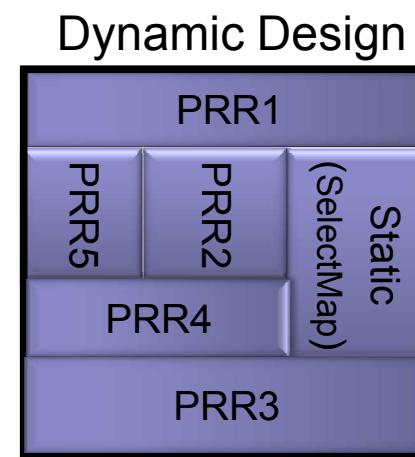
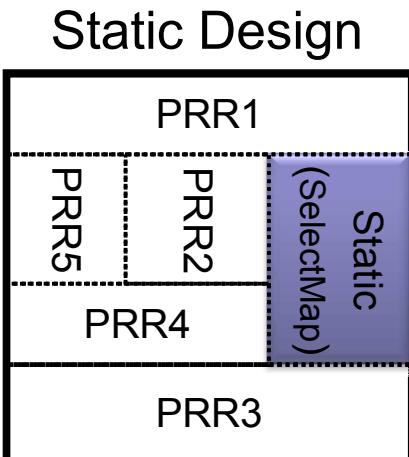


Transfer of PRM5 to PRR5 via  
Static Region

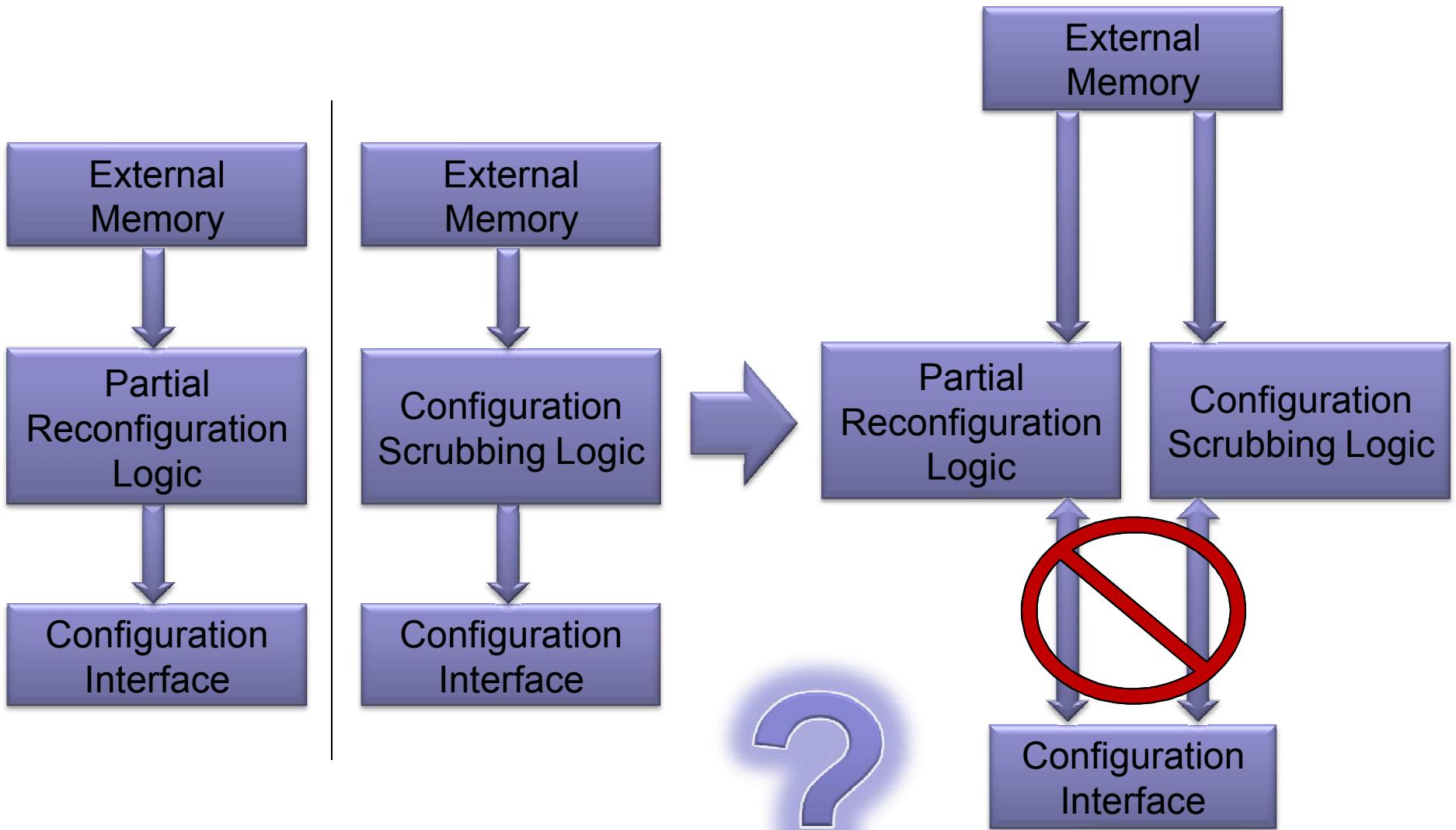


# Partial Reconfiguration (PR)

- Virtual Hardware
  - Emulate large hardware resource by 'paging' circuits
- Multiplex hardware at run-time
  - Change hardware based on run-time conditions
- Run-time customization
  - Modify design based on user specific constants
- This work: Incremental configuration
  - Stage 1: Static reconfiguration using rad-hard memory
  - Stage 2: Dynamic reconfiguration over a network



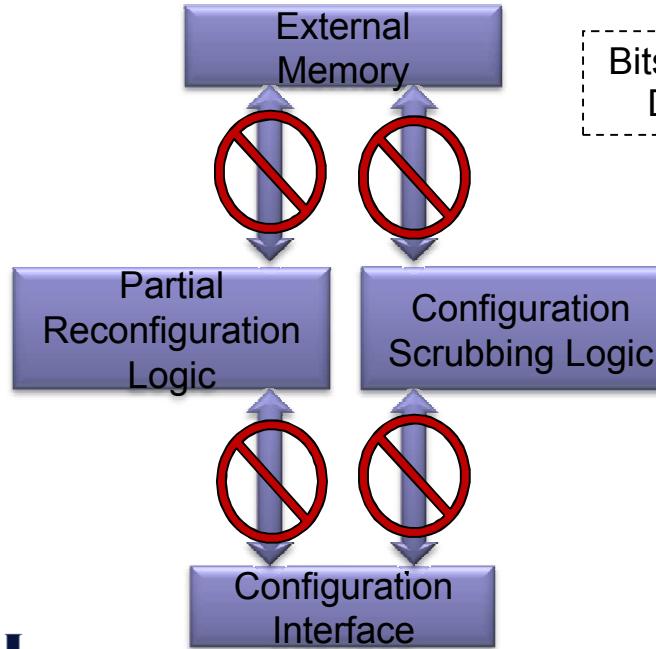
# PR vs. Configuration Scrubbing



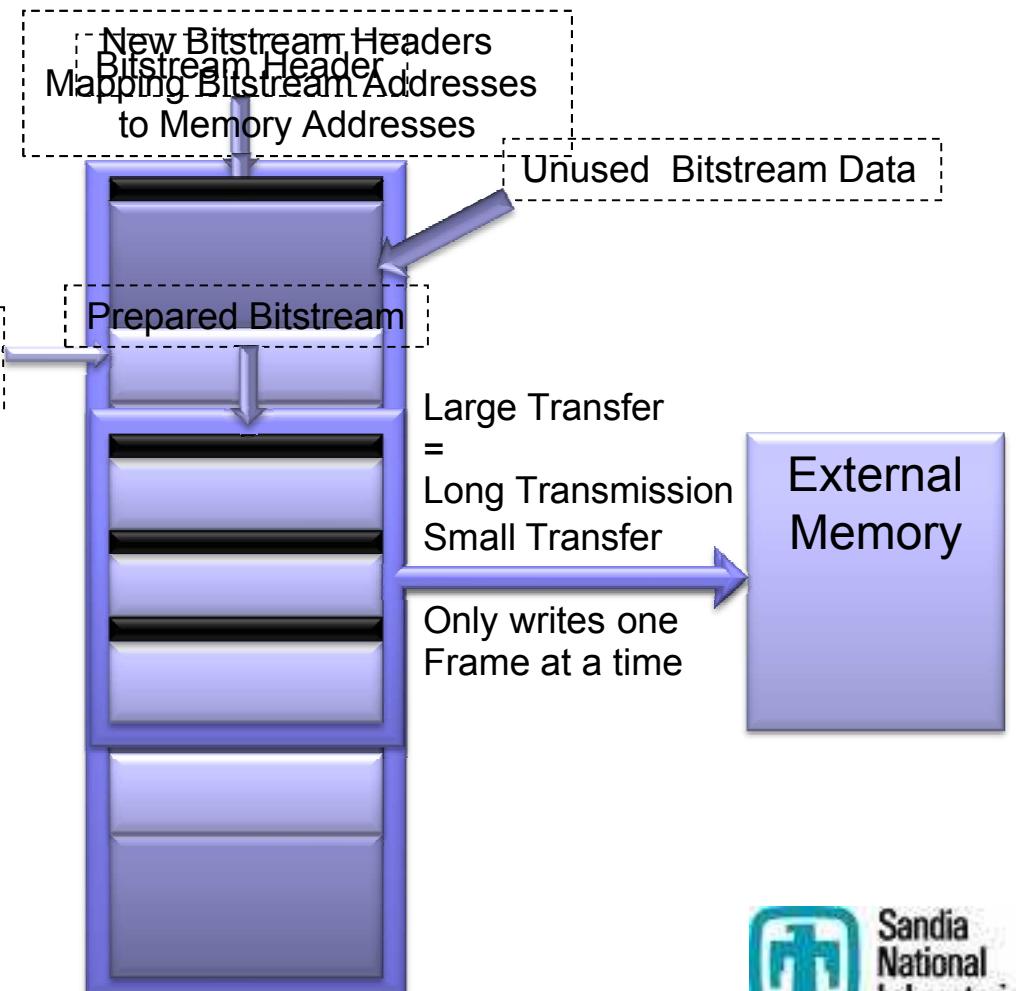
# PR & Configuration Scrubbing Challenges

## ■ Resource Scheduling

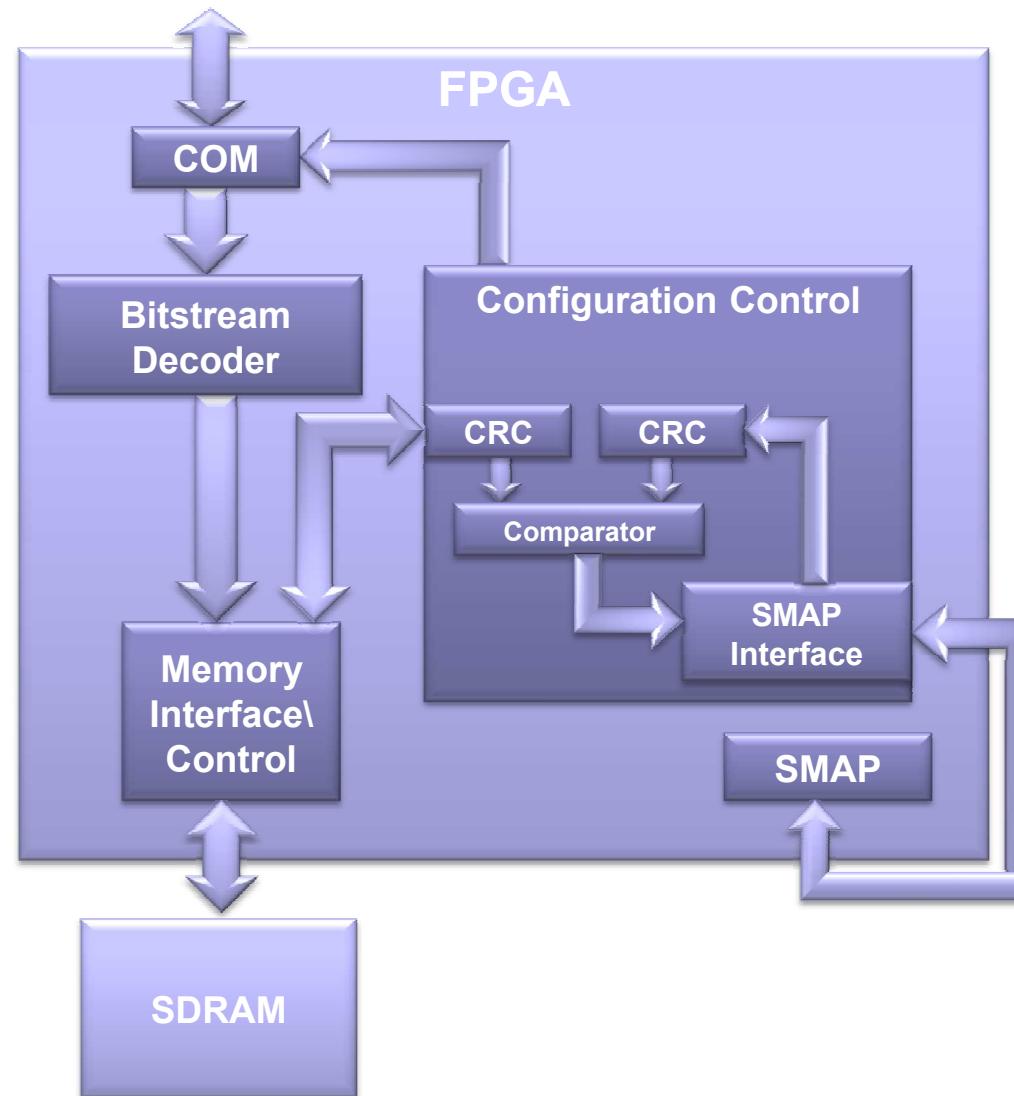
- A. Configuration Scheduling
- B. Memory Scheduling



## ■ Bitstream Preparation



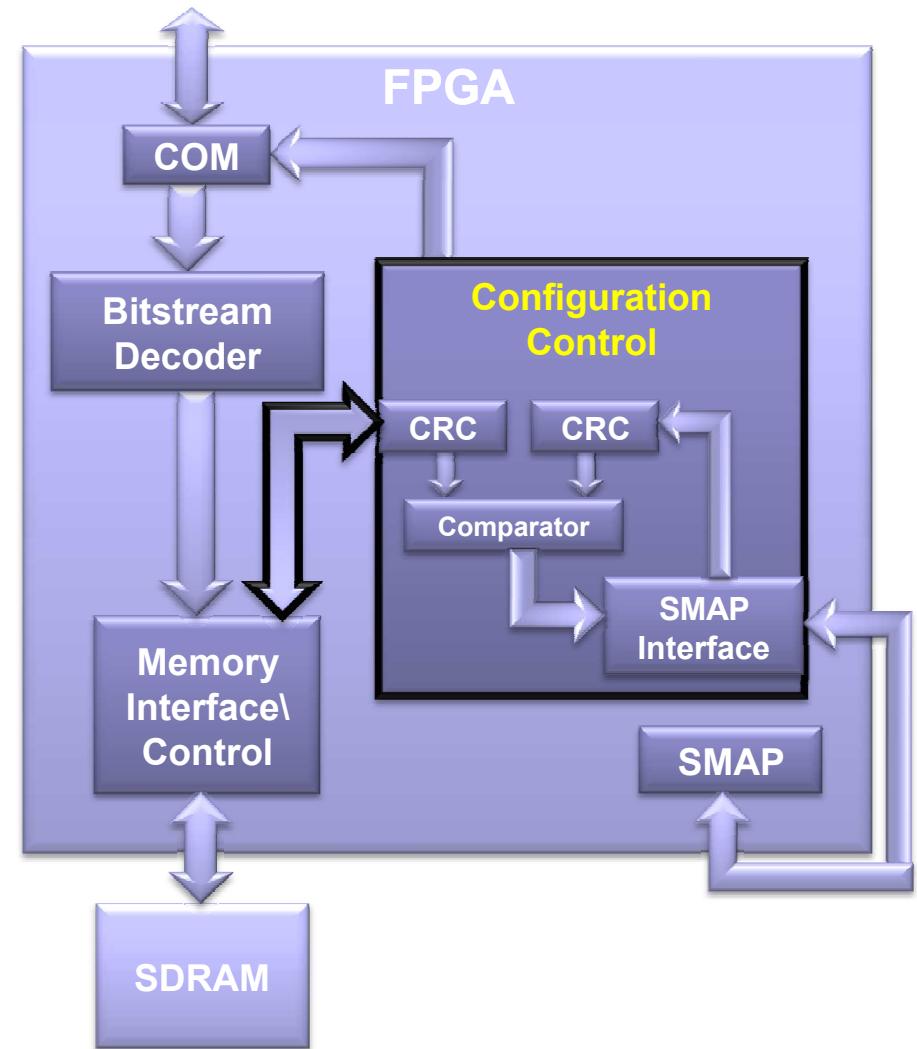
# PR via Configuration Scrubbing Architecture



# PR via Configuration Scrubbing Architecture

- Configuration Scrubbing

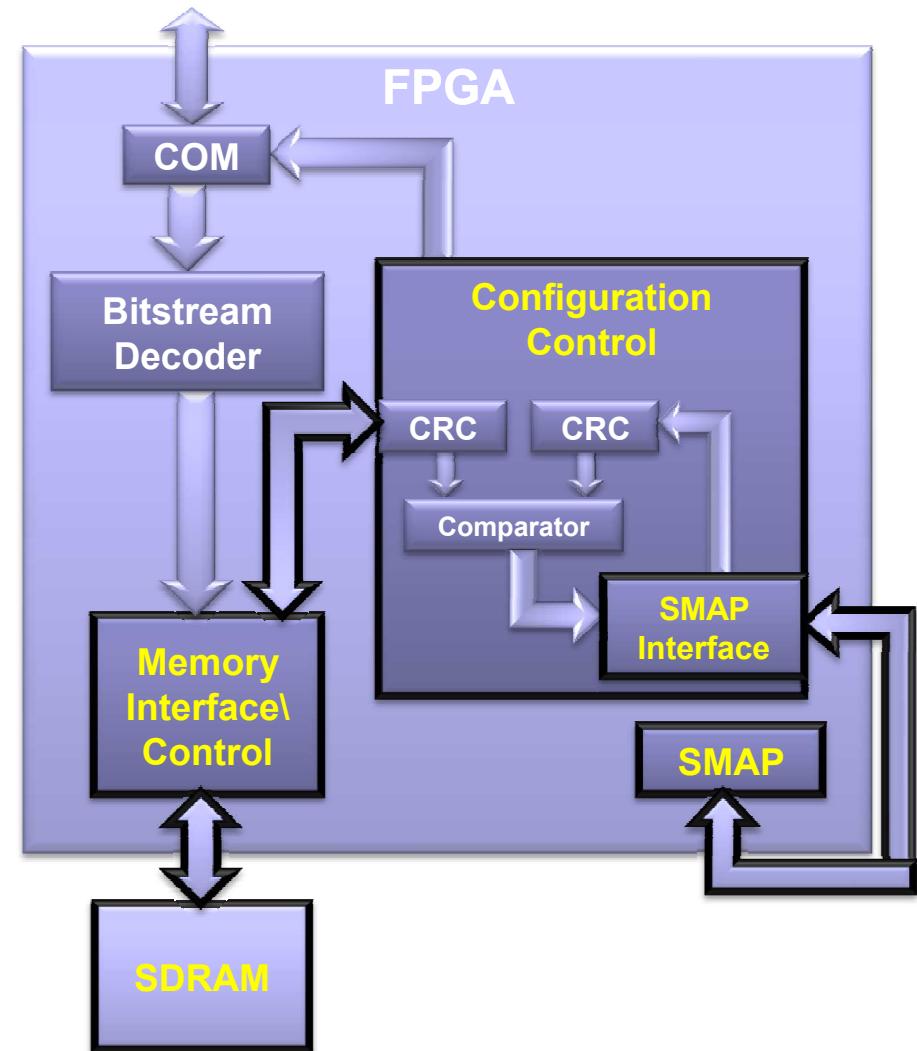
- Configuration Control requests access to memory arbiter.



# PR via Configuration Scrubbing Architecture

## ■ Configuration Scrubbing

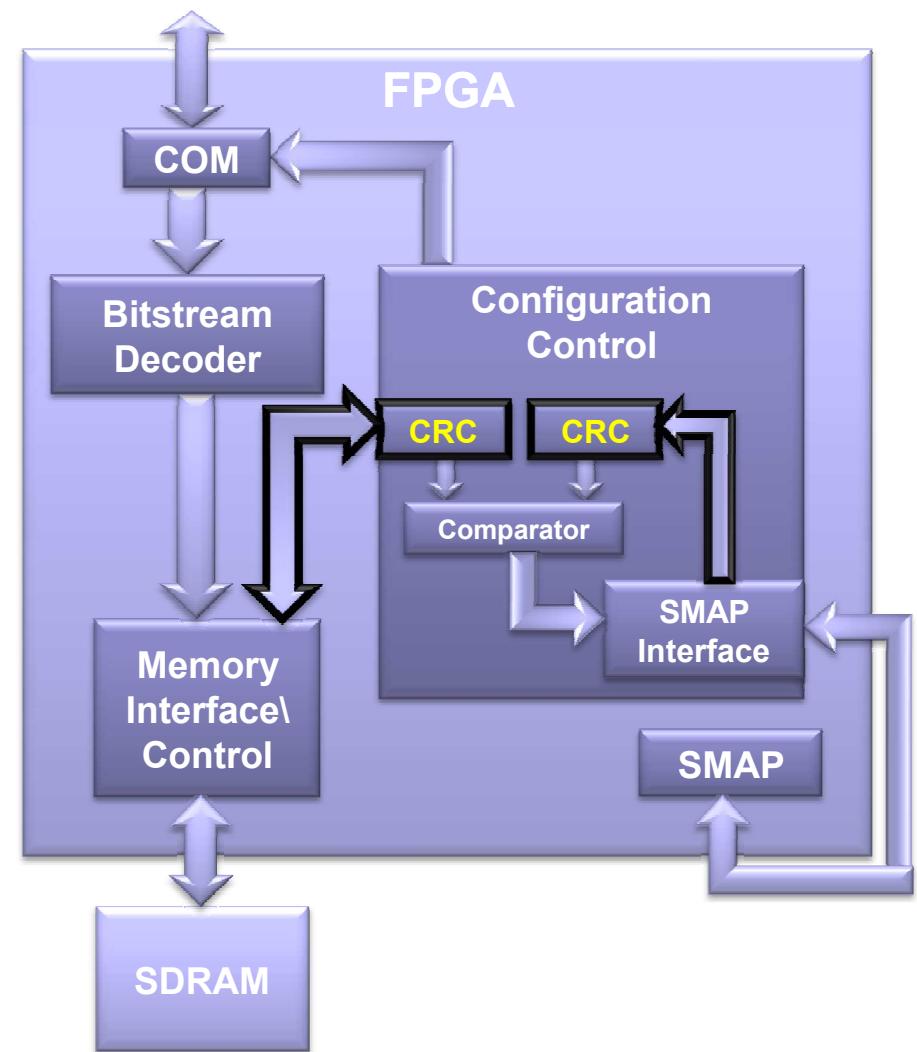
- Configuration Control requests access to memory arbiter.
- Configuration Control requests/reads a frame from both SMAP and SDRAM memory arbiter.



# PR via Configuration Scrubbing Architecture

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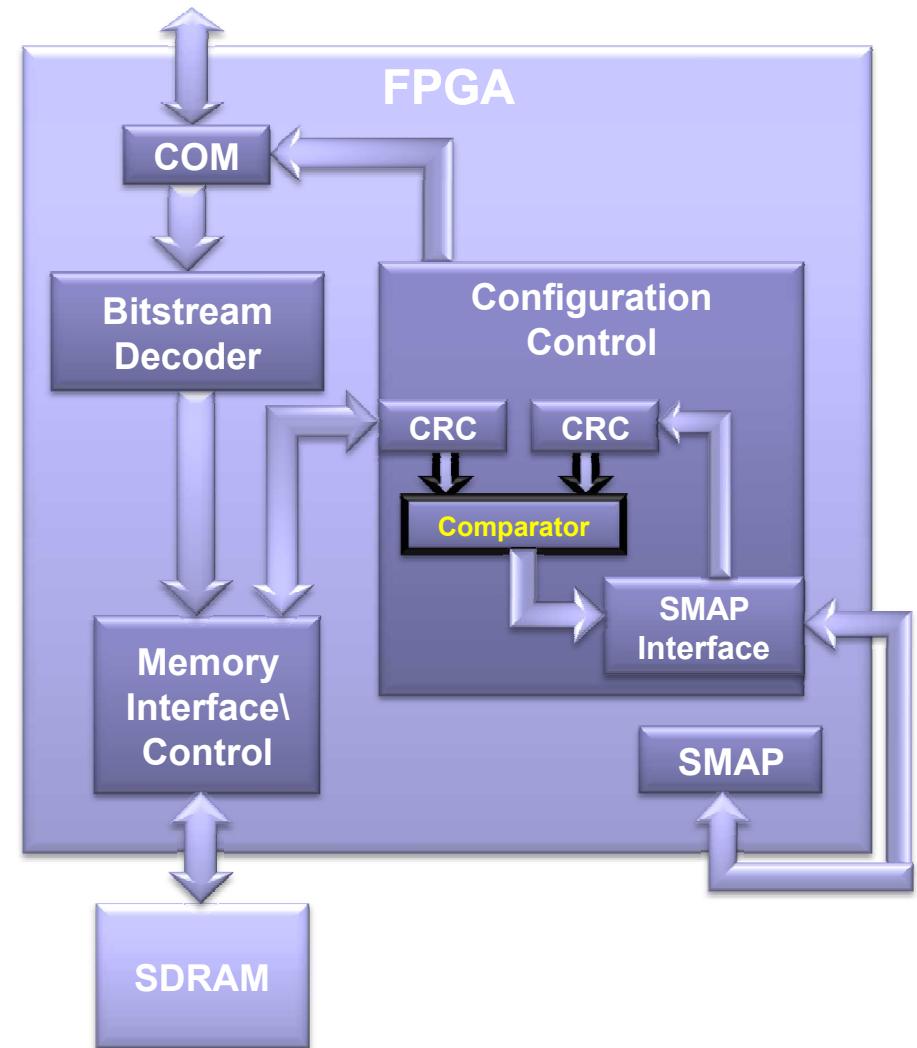
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- **CRC values are computed**



# PR via Configuration Scrubbing Architecture

## ■ Configuration Scrubbing

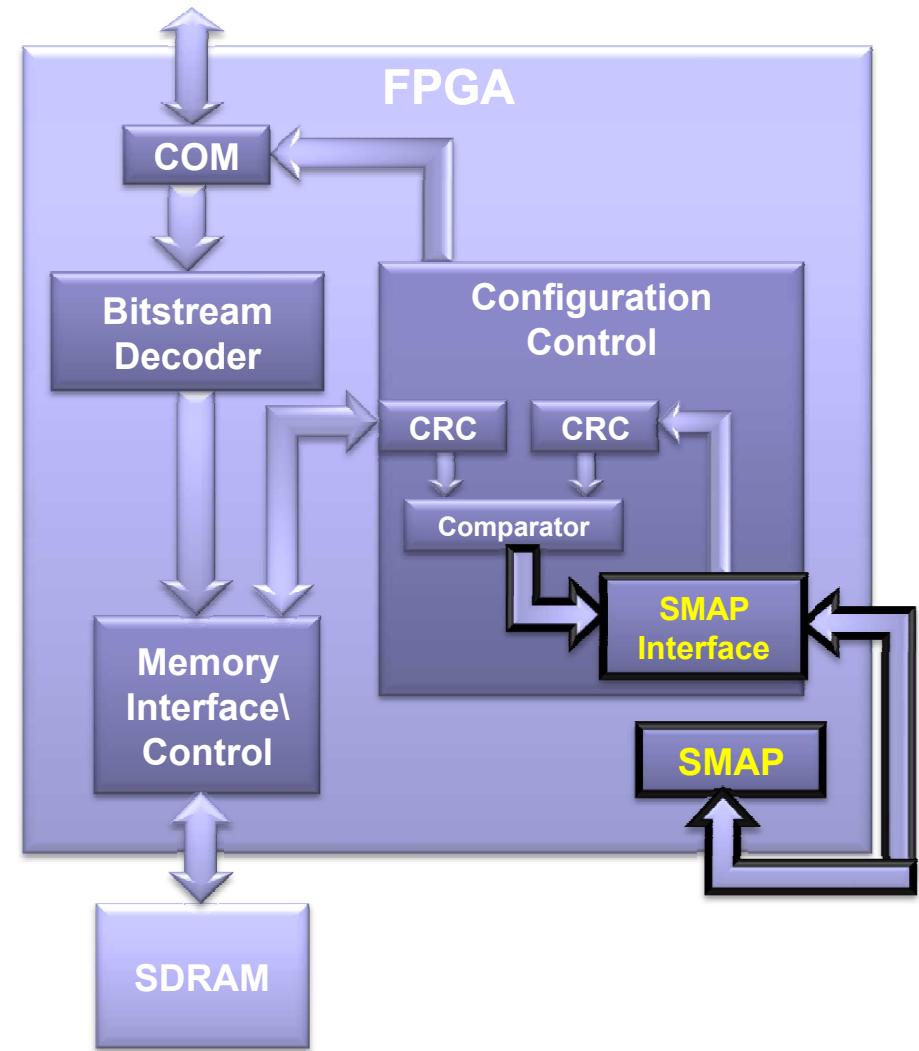
- Configuration Control requests access to memory arbiter.
- Configuration Control requests/reads a frame from both SMAP and SDRAM memory arbiter.
- CRC values are computed
- CRC values are compared to detect errors.



# PR via Configuration Scrubbing Architecture

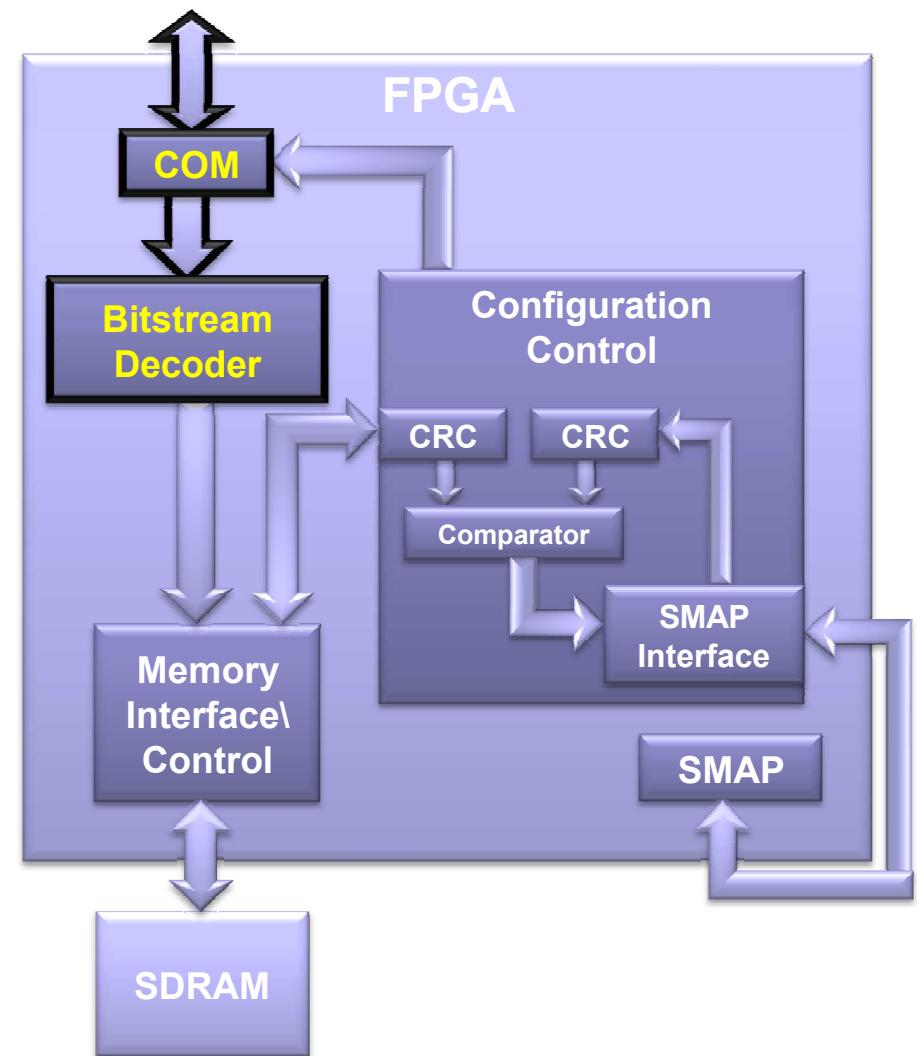
## ■ Configuration Scrubbing

- Configuration Control requests access to memory arbiter.
- Configuration Control requests/reads a frame from both SMAP and SDRAM memory arbiter.
- CRC values are computed
- CRC values are compared to detect errors.
- If error detected, SDRAM version of frame written to SMAP.



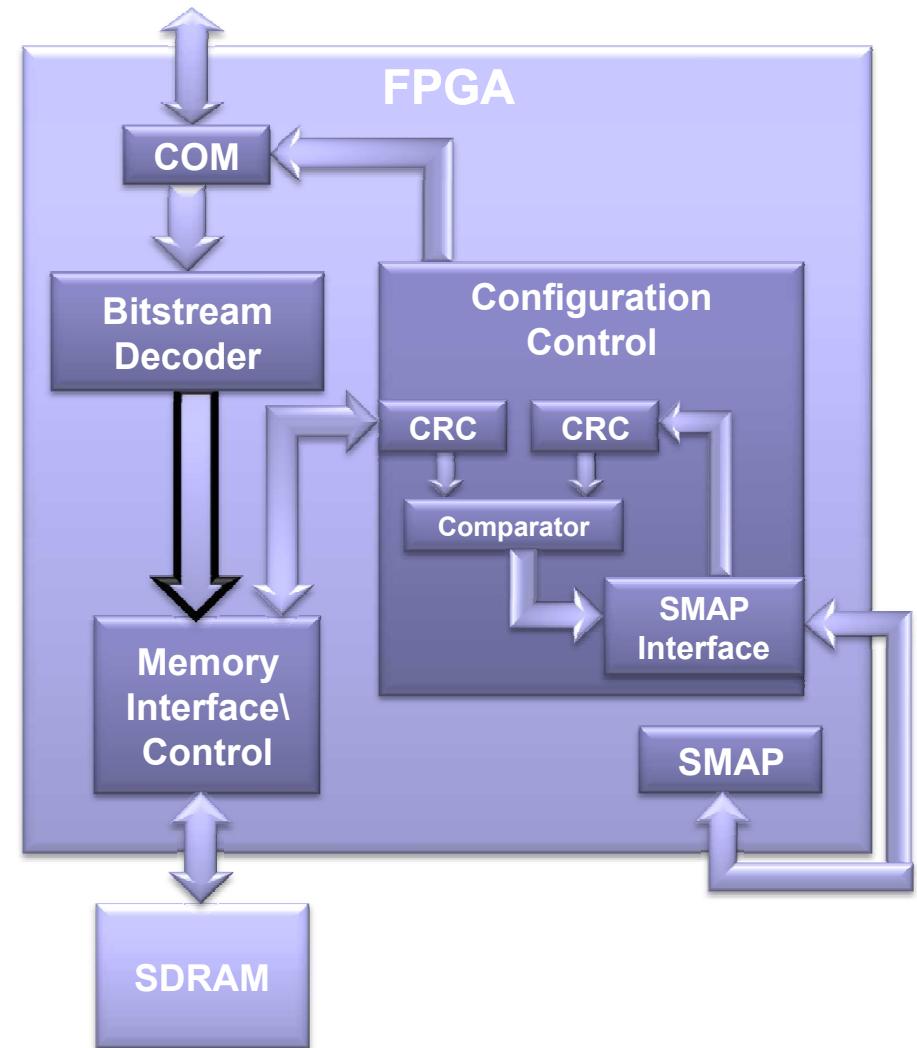
# PR via Configuration Scrubbing Architecture

- Partial Reconfiguration
  - COM receives encoded bitstream and decodes bitstream using decoder.



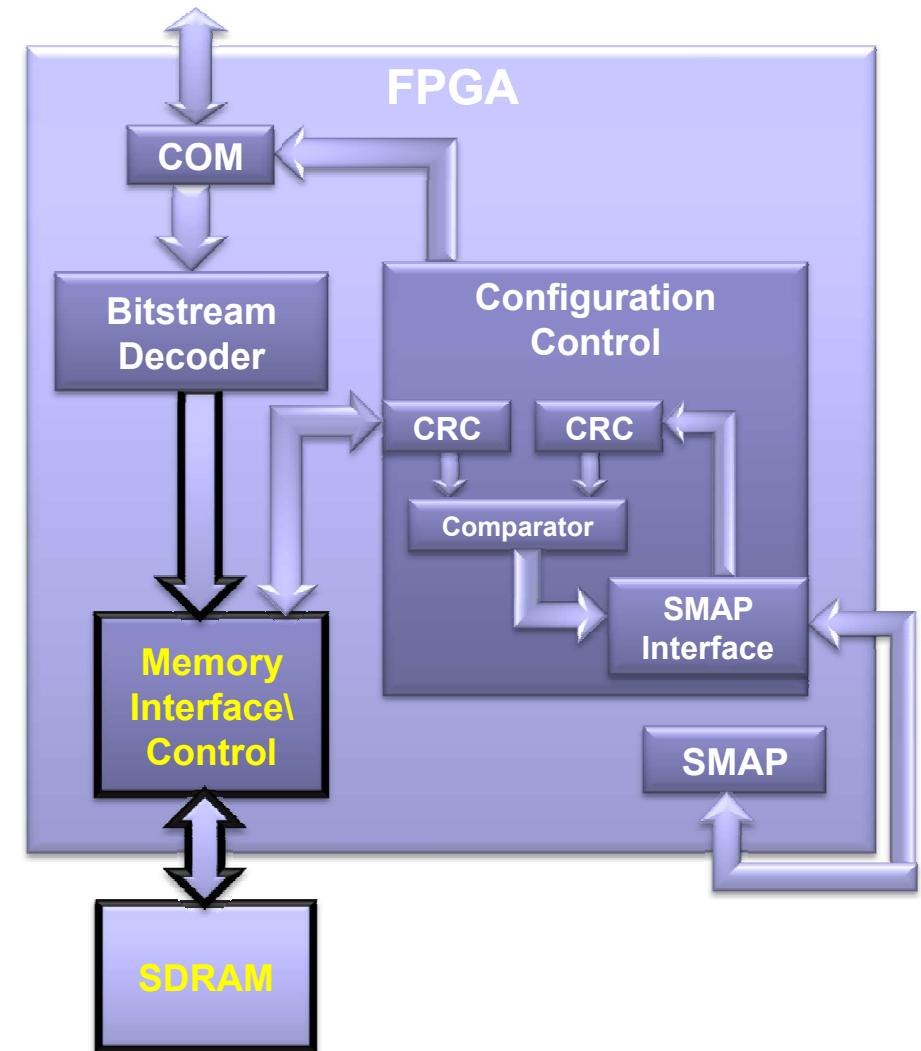
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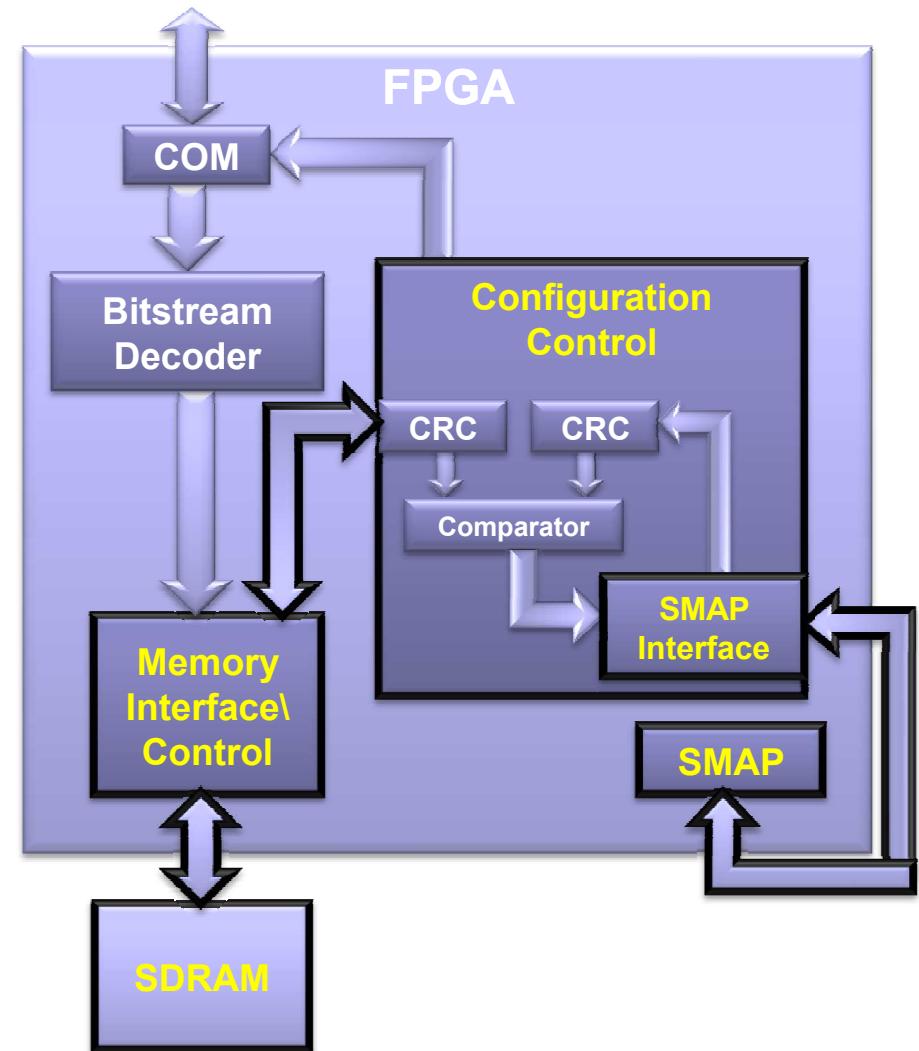
# PR via Configuration Scrubbing Architecture

- Partial Reconfiguration
  - COM receives encoded bitstream and decodes bitstream using decoder.
  - COM Control requests access to memory arbiter.
  - COM Control transfers bitstream to memory arbiter for storage into SDRAM one frame at a time.



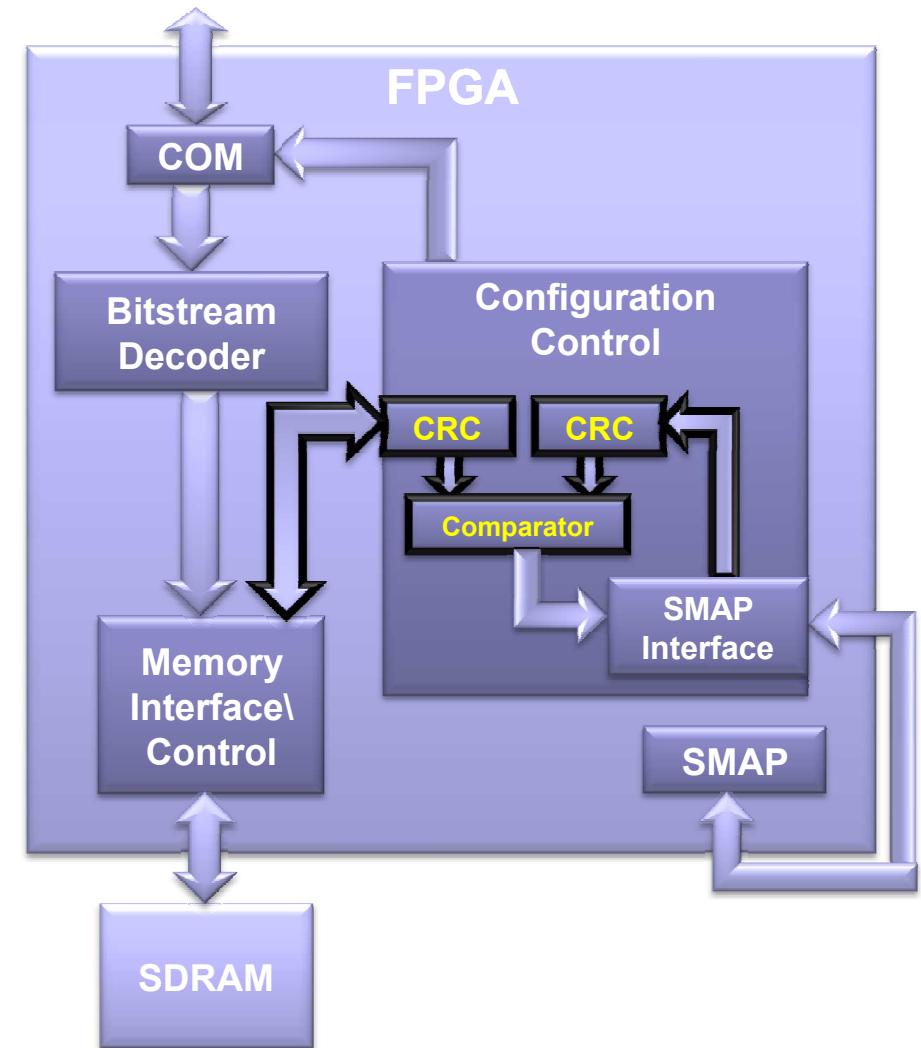
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  - Configuration Controller requests/reads a frame from both SMAP and SDRAM.



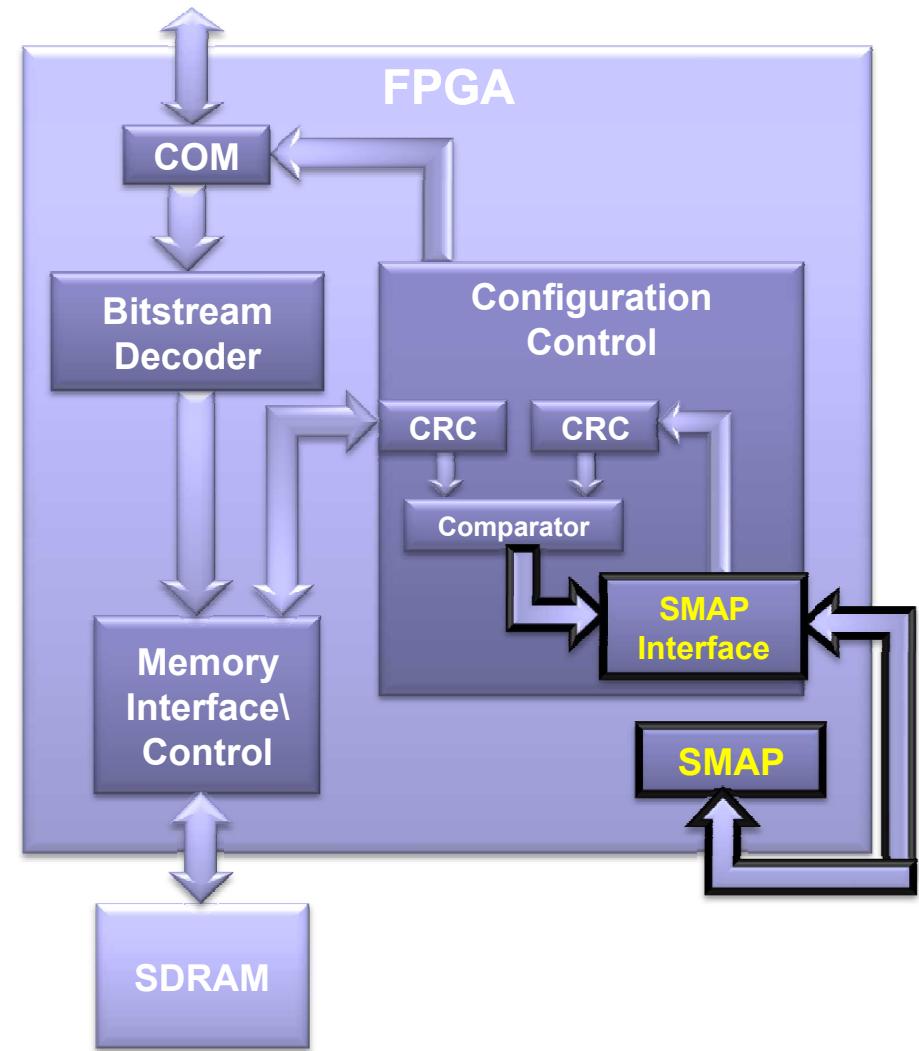
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  - Configuration Controller identifies difference between memory and SMAP.



# PR via Configuration Scrubbing Architecture

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  - COM receives encoded bitstream and decodes bitstream using decoder.
  - COM Control requests access to memory arbiter.
  - COM Control transfers bitstream to memory arbiter for storage into SDRAM one frame at a time.
  - Configuration Controller requests/reads a frame from both SMAP and SDRAM.
  - Configuration Controller identifies difference between memory and SMAP.
  - Configuration Controller writes new logic over old logic performing Partial Reconfiguration.



# Benefits and Limitations

## ■ Benefits

- Reconfigurable Space Applications
  - Upgradeable
  - Component Swapping
- Time
  - Reduced Boot-up
  - Reduced Upload
- Cost
  - Reduced RAD-HARD Cost

## ■ Basically all the benefits of PR and Configuration Scrubbing.

## ■ Limitations

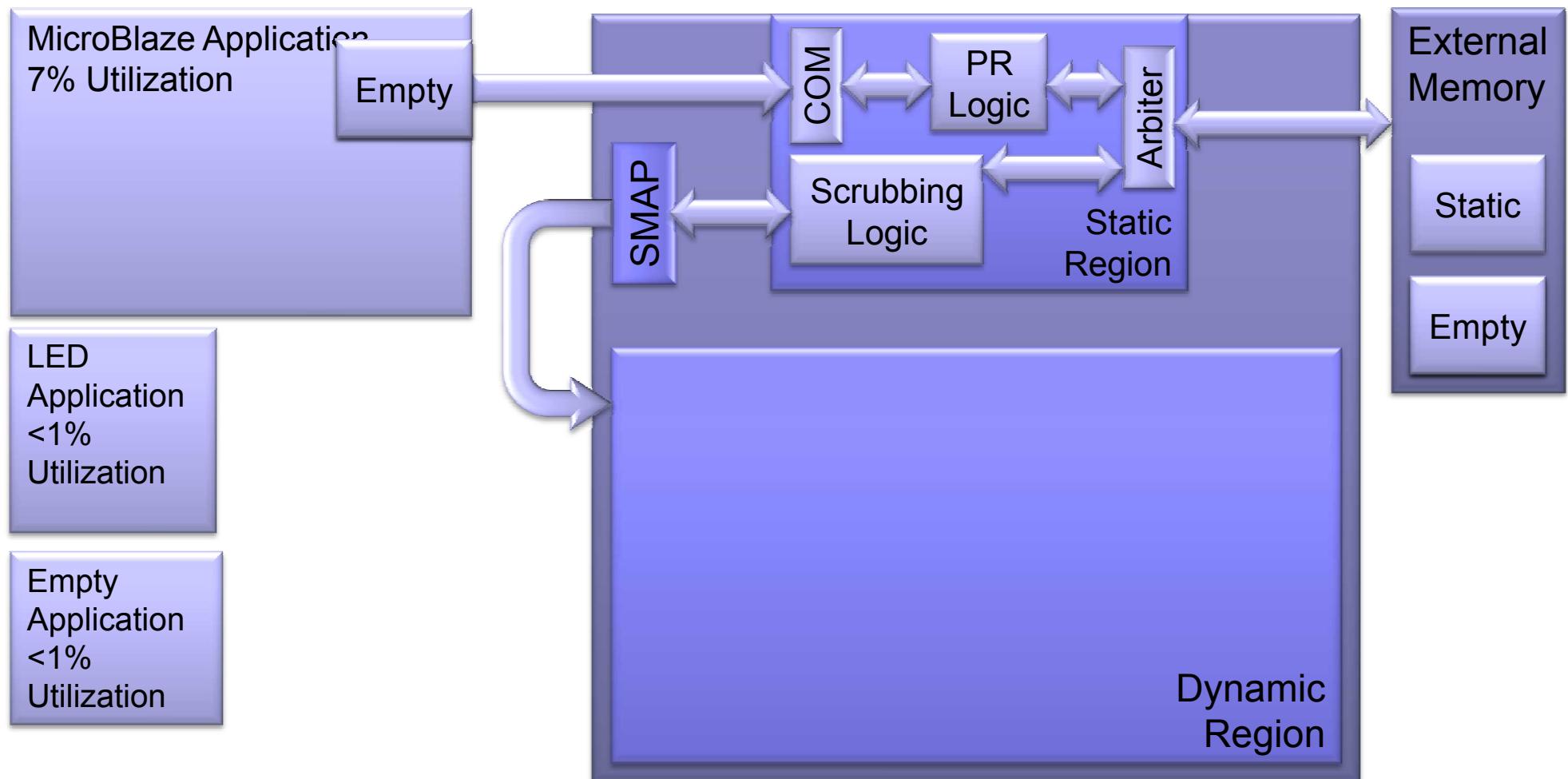
### □ Idea

- Reduced reliability by stopping scrubber.

### □ Implementation

- Single-port SDRAM
  - Needs dual-port
  - Preferably non-volatile
- UART
- Physical Wire Loop

# Experiment



# Test Designs

- Static
  - Provides COM, PR, and Configuration Scrubbing Capabilities
  - $\approx 20\%$
- Dynamic Partials
  - Empty
    - Turns lights on when reset button is pressed.
    - Small < 1% of FPGA
  - LED
    - Performs Binary Counter displayed on LEDs
    - Small < 1% of FPGA
  - MicroBlaze
    - Displays Screensaver to OLED
    - $\approx 7\%$  Logic and 44% BRAMs

# Results

FPGA	Total # of Frames	Frame Scrub Rate w/out Errors	Frame Scrub Rate w/Errors	Device Scrub Rate w/out Errors	Device Scrub Rate w/ Errors
Virtex-4 LX-25	4764	19.3 us	36.6 us	92 ms	174.6 ms

<2x Penalty with scrubbing

Design	Actual Reconfiguration Time(s)	Theoretical Reconfiguration Time (ms)	# of Frames
Full Bitstream	237 s	174.6 ms	4764
Empty	22 s	10.0 ms	272
LED	22 s	10.7 ms	292
MicroBlaze	57 s	42.3 ms	1155

Actual Reconfiguration Time is limited by BAUD Rate

# Summary

- Partial Reconfiguration via Configuration Scrubbing
  - Demonstrated effectiveness of technique.
  - Minimal degradation to scrubbing circuitry.
  - Allows for greater flexibility in space applications.
- Future
  - Comparisons to current scrubbing-only results.
  - BRAM one-time scrubbing
  - Selective scrubbing w/ partial reconfiguration and memory management.

# Questions?