

Materials Design for Tribology SAND2013-10518C

S. V. Prasad

Materials Science & Engineering Center
Sandia National Laboratories
Albuquerque, NM 87185-0889, USA

svprasa@sandia.gov

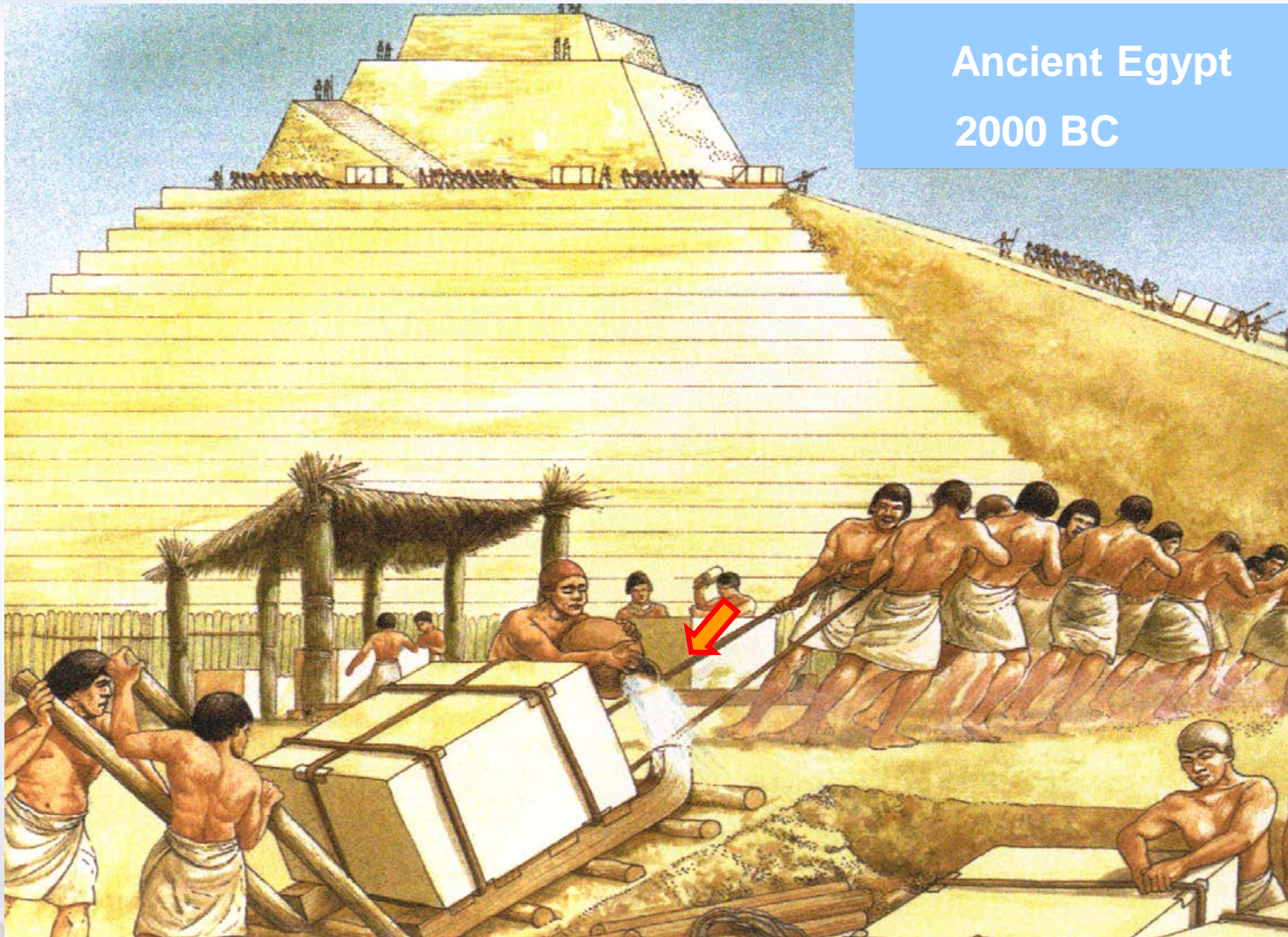
Indian Institute of Science Bangalore, India, Mechanical Engineering Department Seminar, January 3th 2014

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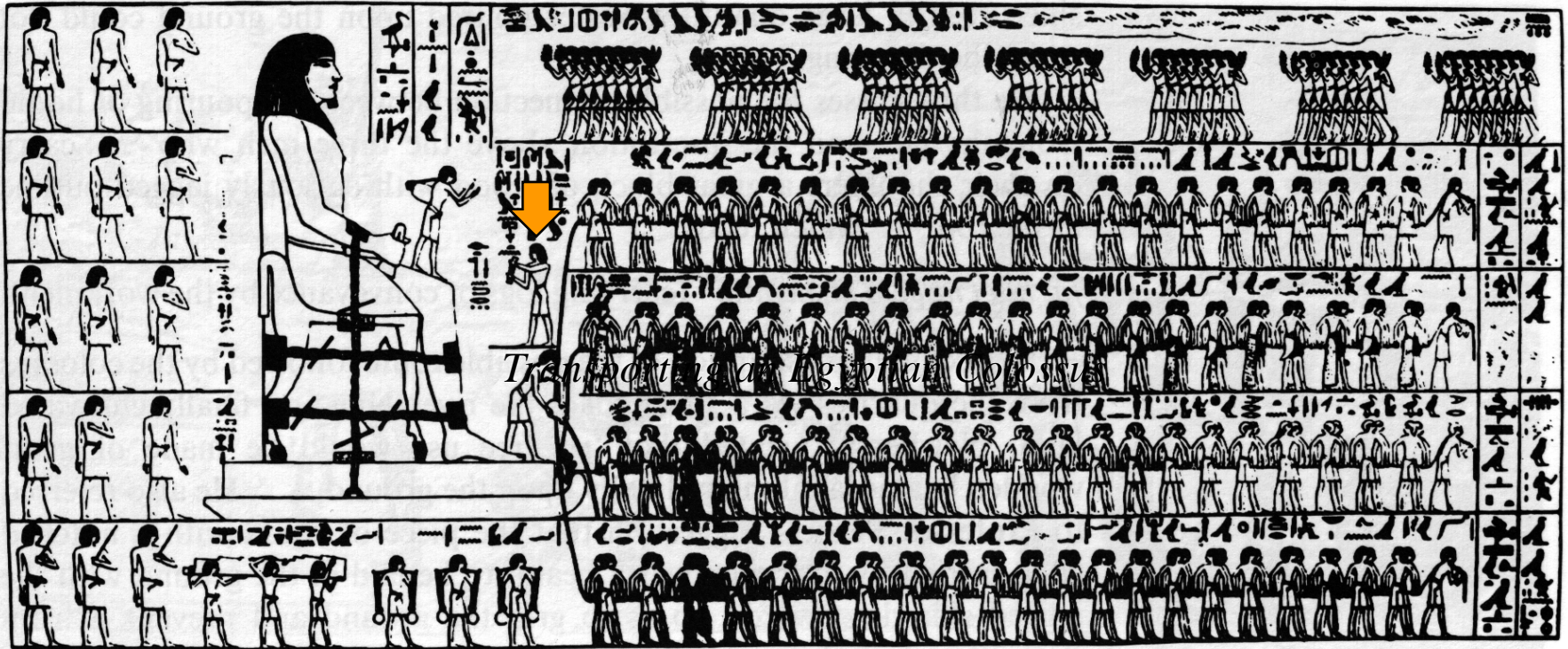


Egyptian Pyramids

Ancient Egypt
2000 BC



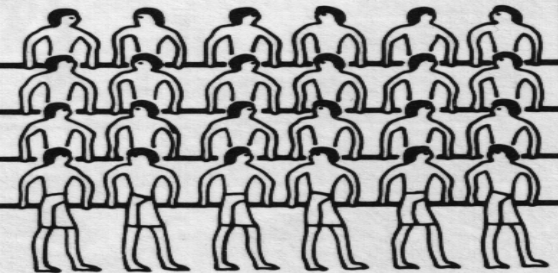
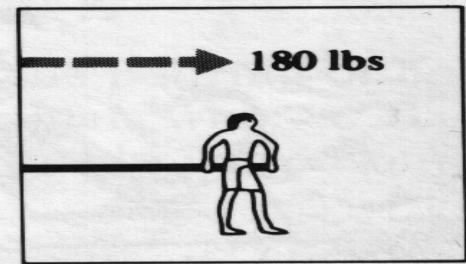
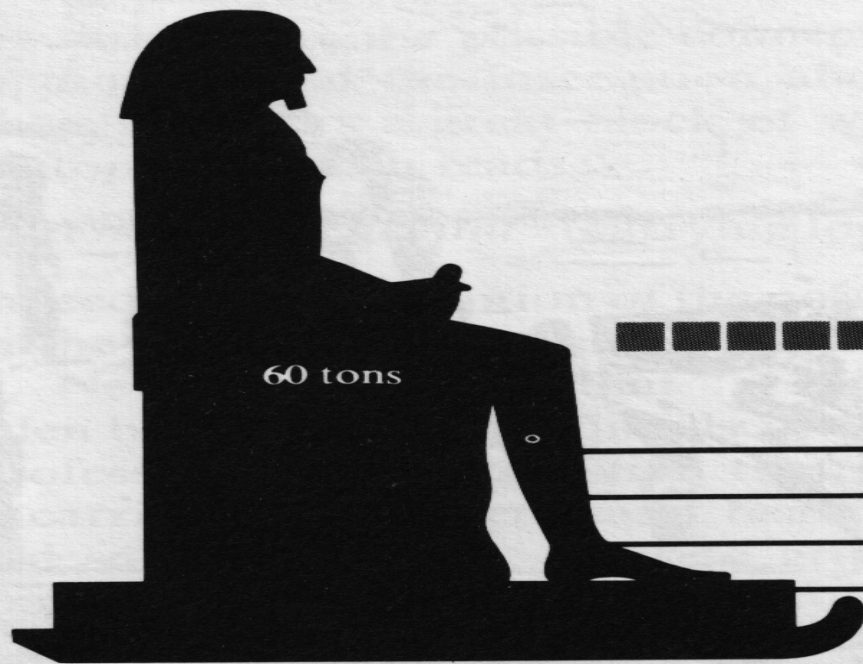
Transporting an Egyptian Colossus



Painting from a Grotto at El-Bersheh

Source: Duncan Dowson, History of Tribology, Elsevier, 1979





$$\mu = \frac{F}{W} = \frac{172 \times 180}{60 \times 2240} = 0.23$$

D. Dowson, "History of Tribology" Elsevier 1979

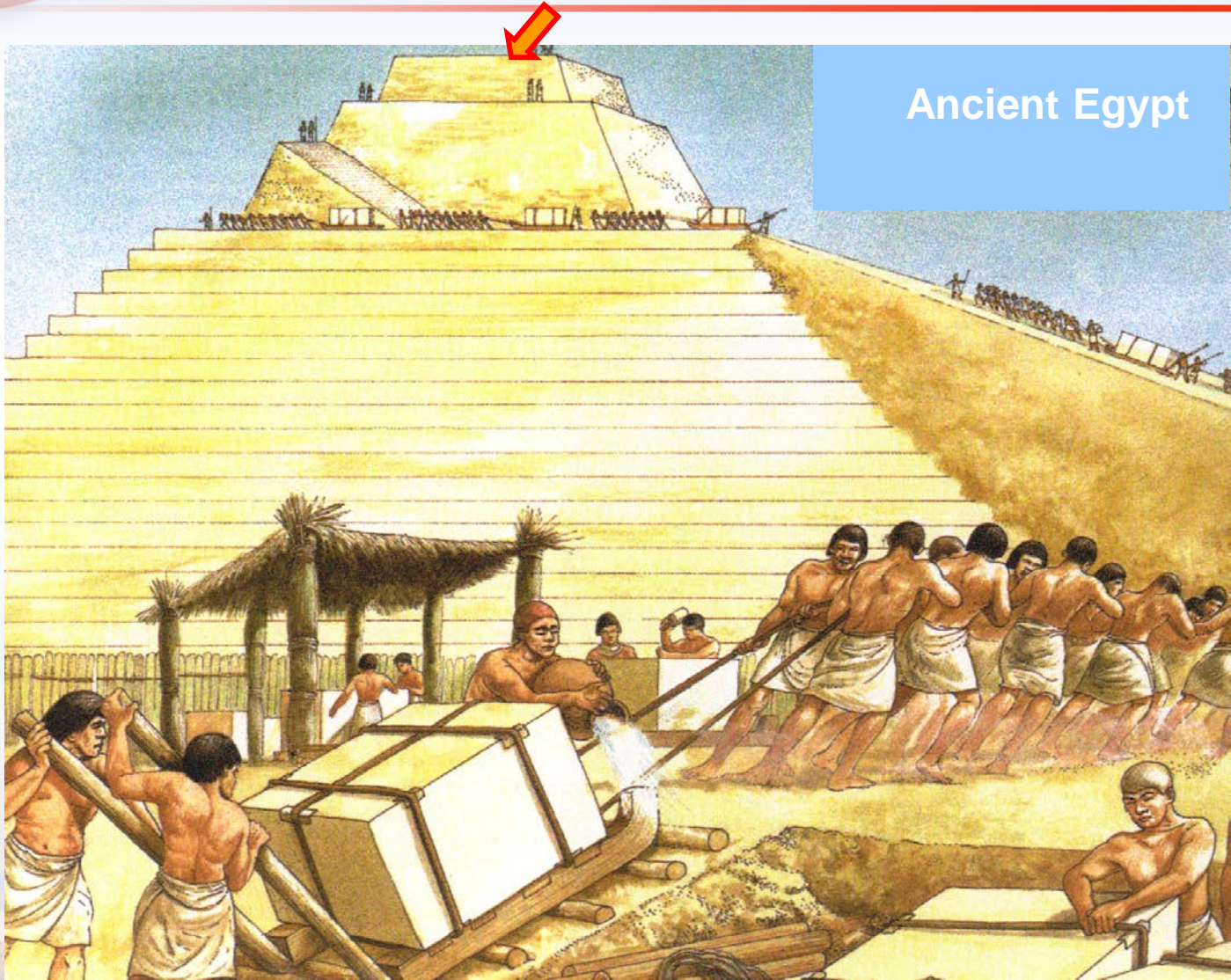
Bowden and Tabor, "Friction and Lubrication of Solids-Part I" Oxford 1950

- The coefficient of friction, μ , for hard wood sliding on wet/moist wood is 0.2
- The coefficient of friction of wood-on-wood in dry condition is 0.45-0.50

In ancient Egypt, about 100,000 men were employed each year to transport massive objects. Without a lubricant, 200,000 for a state in 2000 BC can be large expense even if the monarchs fed them only one meal and paid no wages!!!



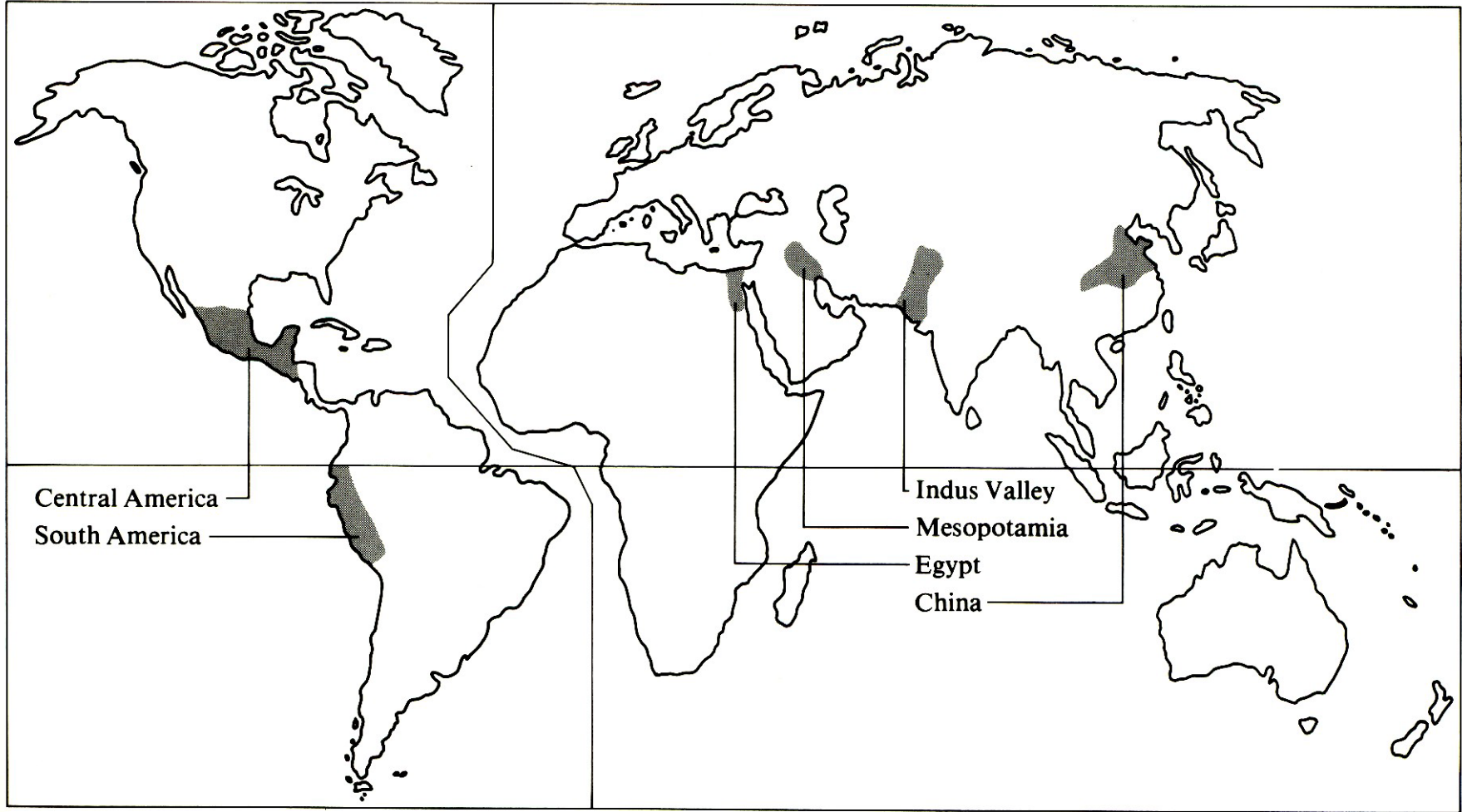
Limited space as the apex is reached



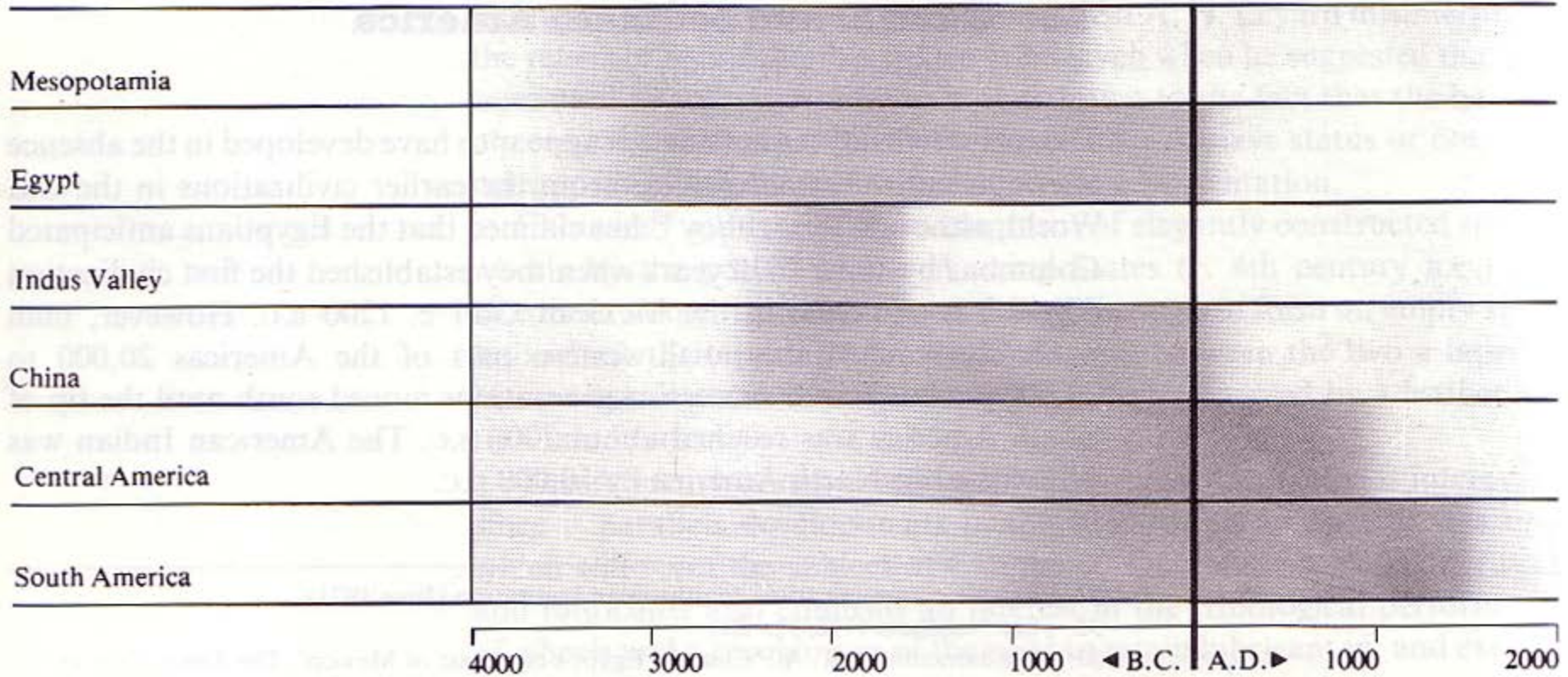
Ancient Egypt



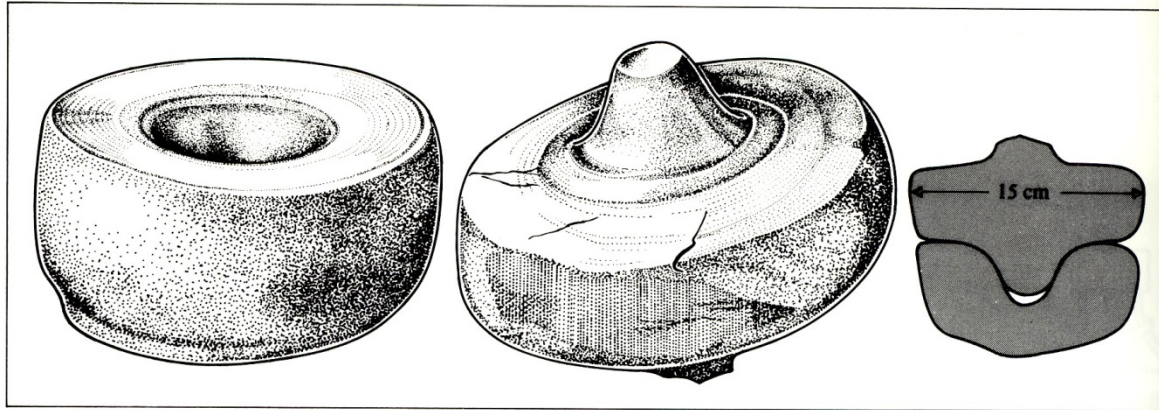
Early Civilizations Across the World



Approximate dates of the early civilizations

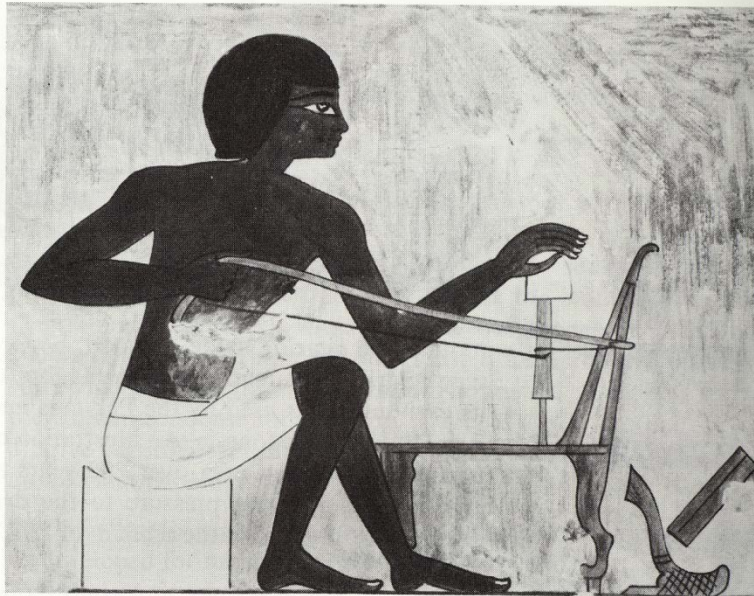


Tribological inferences from carvings



Potter's Wheel

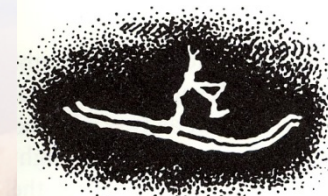
Sumer	3250 B.C.
Syria & Palestine	3000 B.C.
Egypt	2750
England	50 B.C.
Americas	1550 A.D.



Egyptians using a bow-drill



Sledge and wheeled vehicle (3000 B.C.)

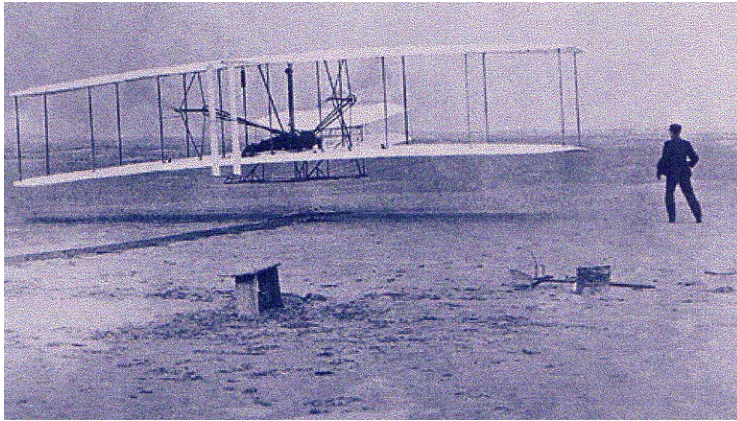


Man on skis: Stone painting from Northern Norway



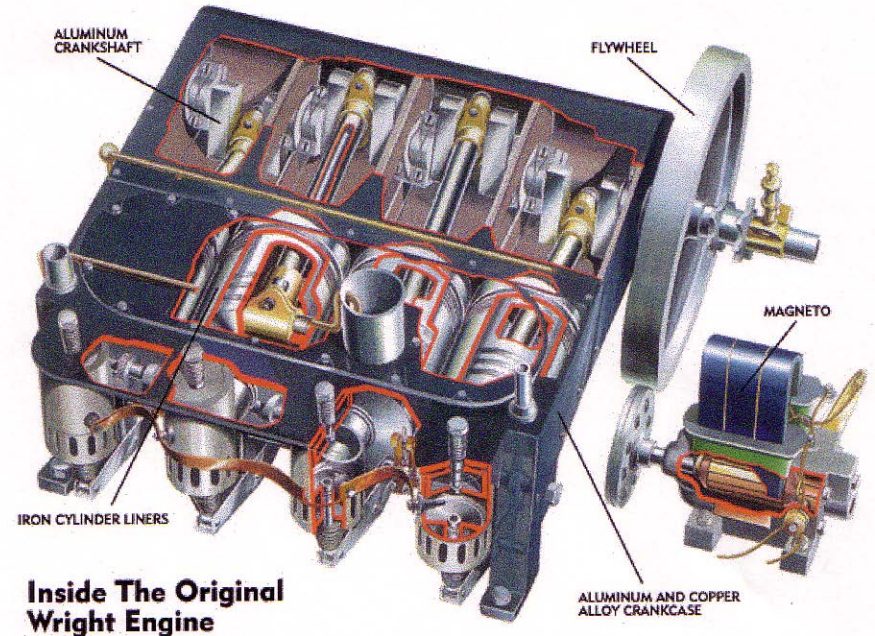
The Saga of Wright Brothers' Engine

1903



Mr. Charles Taylor (Mechanic)
Considered replacing CI with Al-Cu

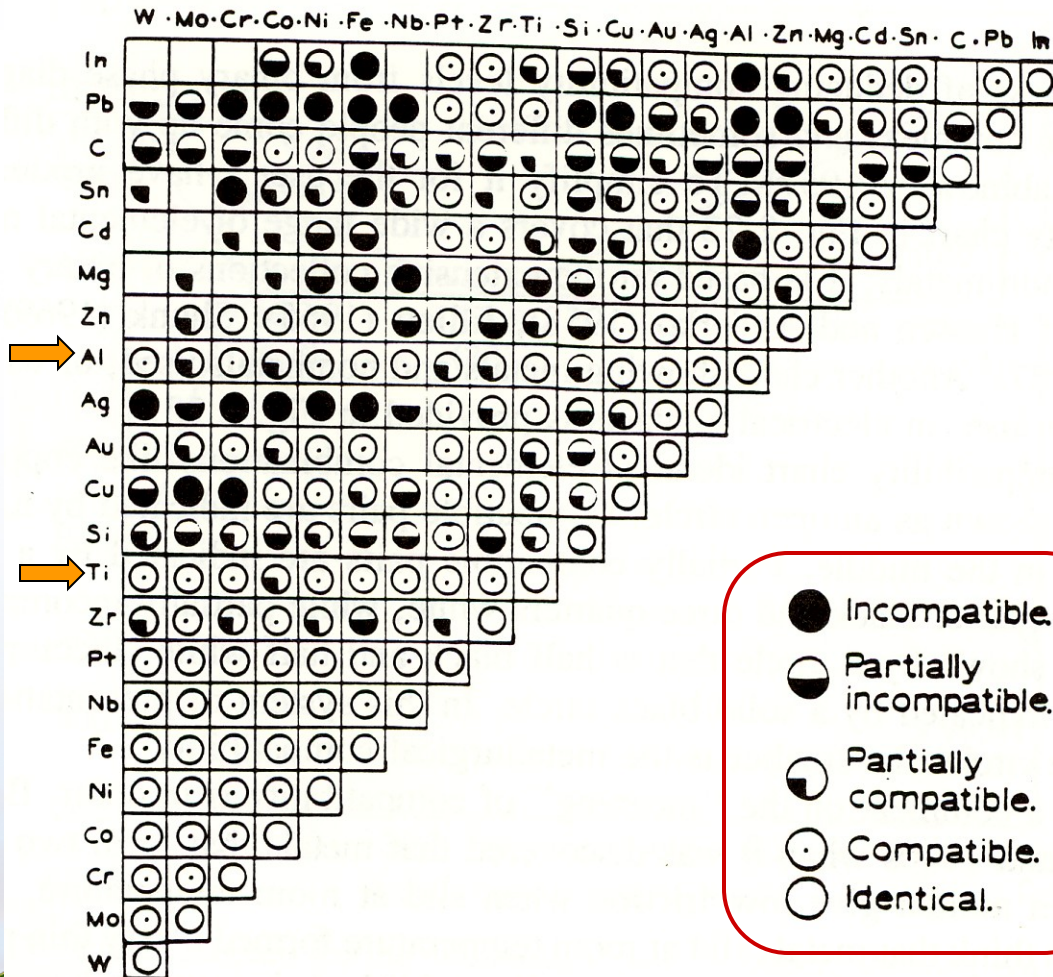
- The Brothers needed an Engine with 8 HP weighing <180 lbs



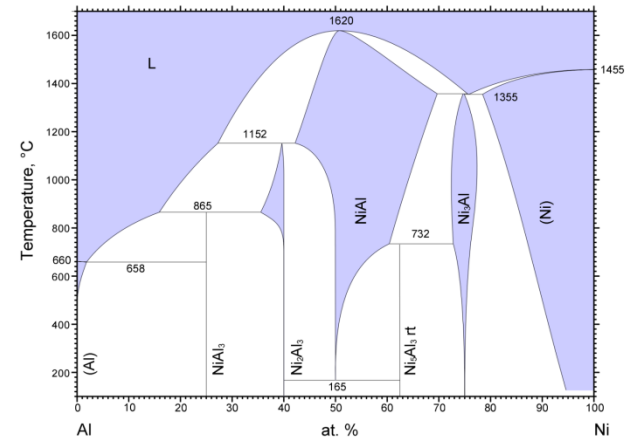
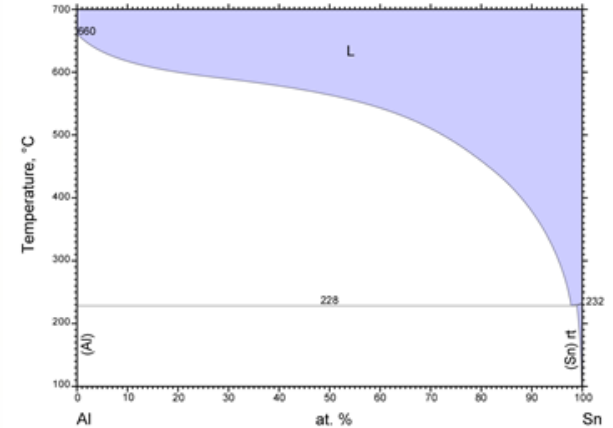
- 16 HP-12HP 178 lbs
- The Brothers used the extra weight allowance to strengthen the wings and frame
- But Al has a tendency for seizure and galling in the absence of complete fluid film lubrication



Avoid using similar metals in sliding contact (Rule of Thumb)



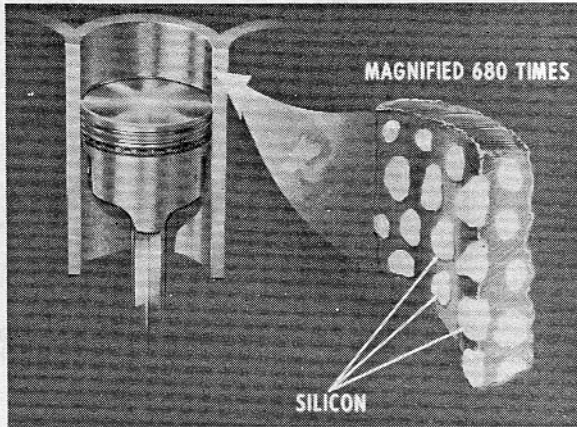
- Incompatible.
- ◐ Partially incompatible.
- ◑ Partially compatible.
- Compatible.
- Identical.



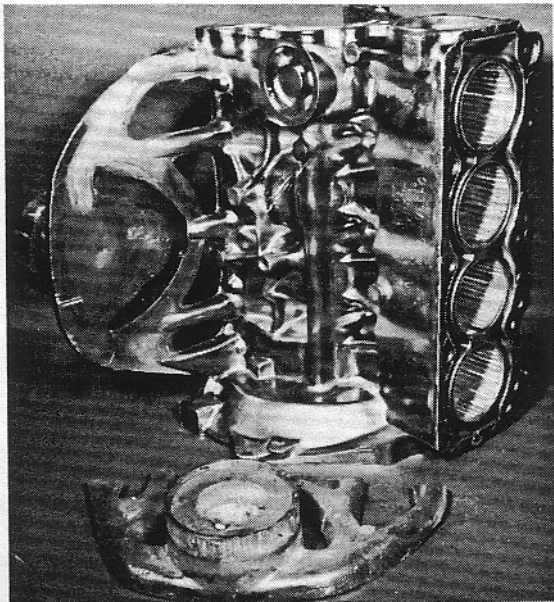
ASM Alloy Phase Diagrams Center, P. Villars, editor-in-chief; H. Okamoto and K. Cenzual, section editors;
<http://www.asminternational.org/AsmEnterprise/APD>; ASM International, 101032 Materials Park, OH, USA, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010



The (Short) Legacy of the Vega Engine



Silicon surface cylinder bores



Vega engine block as removed from die

BASIC SPECIFICATIONS VEGA 2300—140 cu in. Overhead Cam 4-cyl Engine

GENERAL

Type	In-Line OHC 4-cyl (L-4)
Gross horsepower	
Standard engine	90 at 4600-4800
Optional engine	110 at 4800
Gross torque	
Standard engine	136 at 2400
Optional engine	138 at 3200
Compression ratio	8.00:1
Bore and stroke	3.501 × 3.625
Firing order	1-3-4-2
Engine installation angle	3 deg 50 min
Fuel	Regular leaded and nonleaded 91 Octane
Carburetor	
Standard engine	One-barrel, Monojet
Optional engine	Two-barrel, downdraft

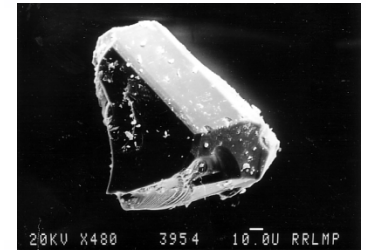
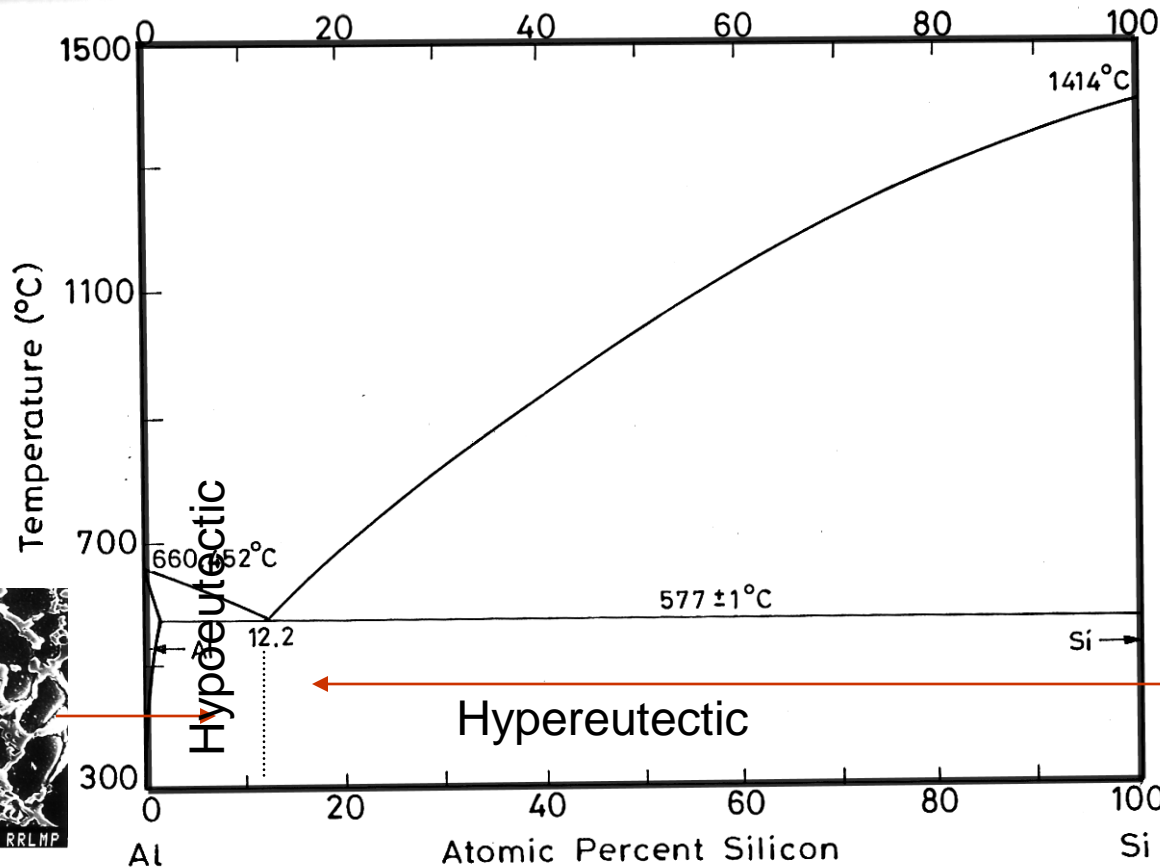
CYLINDER BLOCK

Material	Die-cast high-silicon aluminum alloy
Bore spacing (C/L to C/L)	4.00
Number of bulkheads	Five

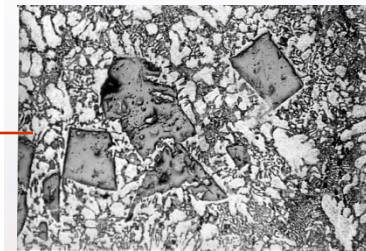
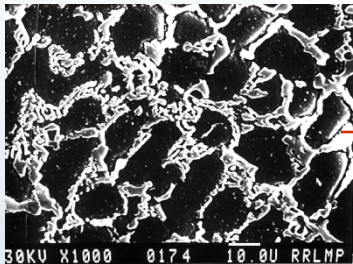
The Vega 2300 Engine, SAE 710147



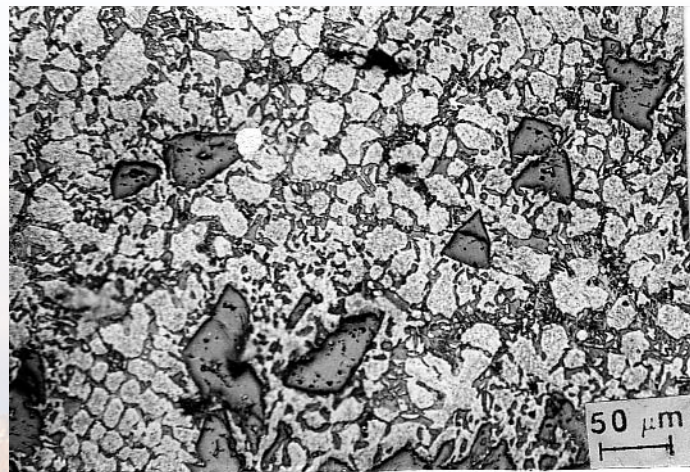
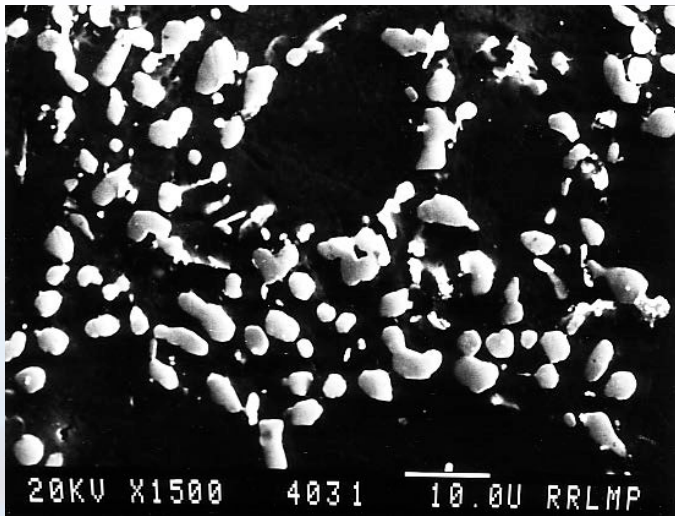
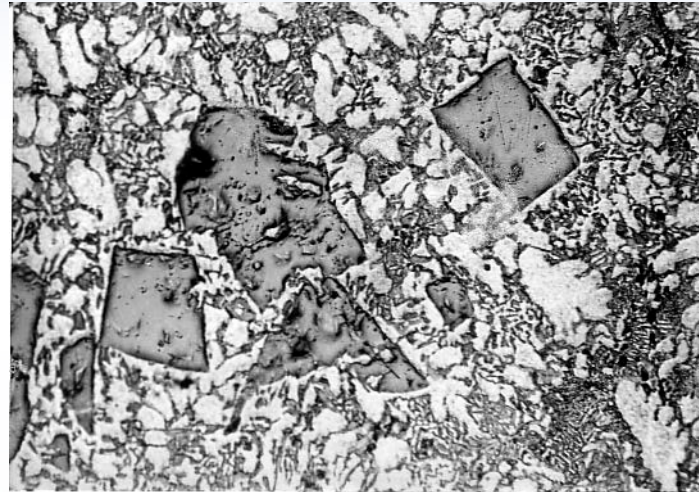
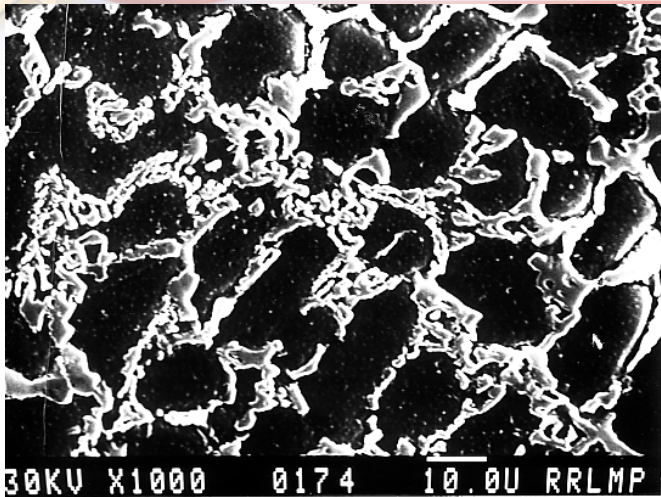
Both the eutectic and the primary Si have undesirable morphology



Silicon Debris From Wear Test



Microstructural Modification

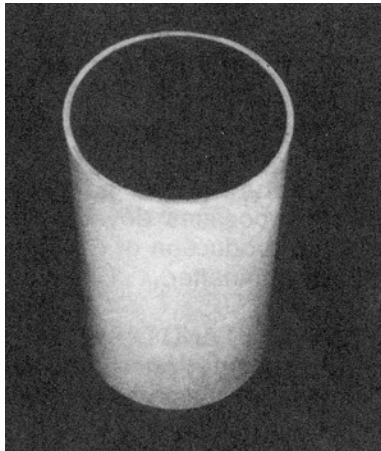


Thermal management (arising from poor thermal conductivity of Si) was an issue that wasn't factored during the initial engine development, which essentially killed the engine.



Sandia National Laboratories

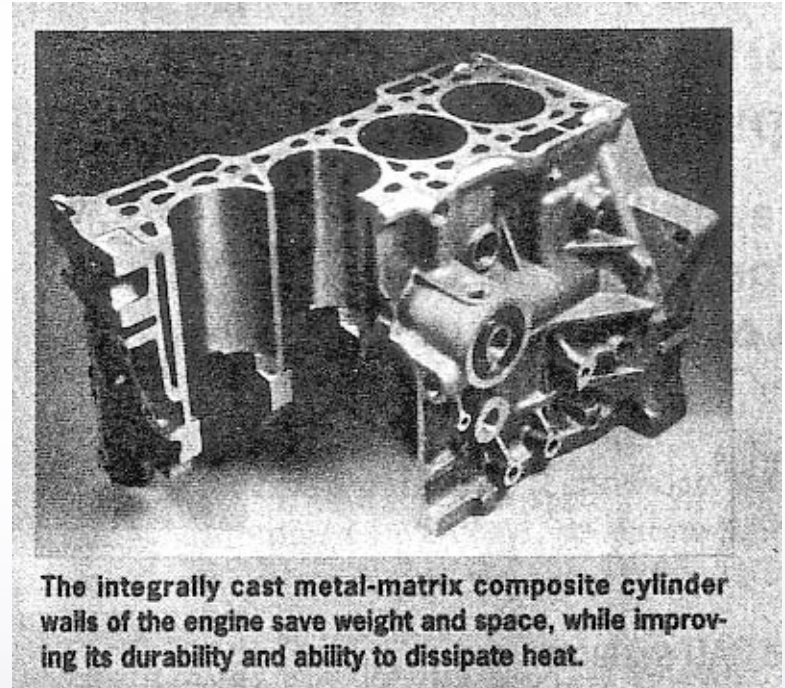
Integrally Cast MMC Cylinder: Honda Corporation



Preform

A porous hybrid material made out of
Short alumina and Carbon fibers

- Ceramic “preform” production
- Pressure casting process
- Honing

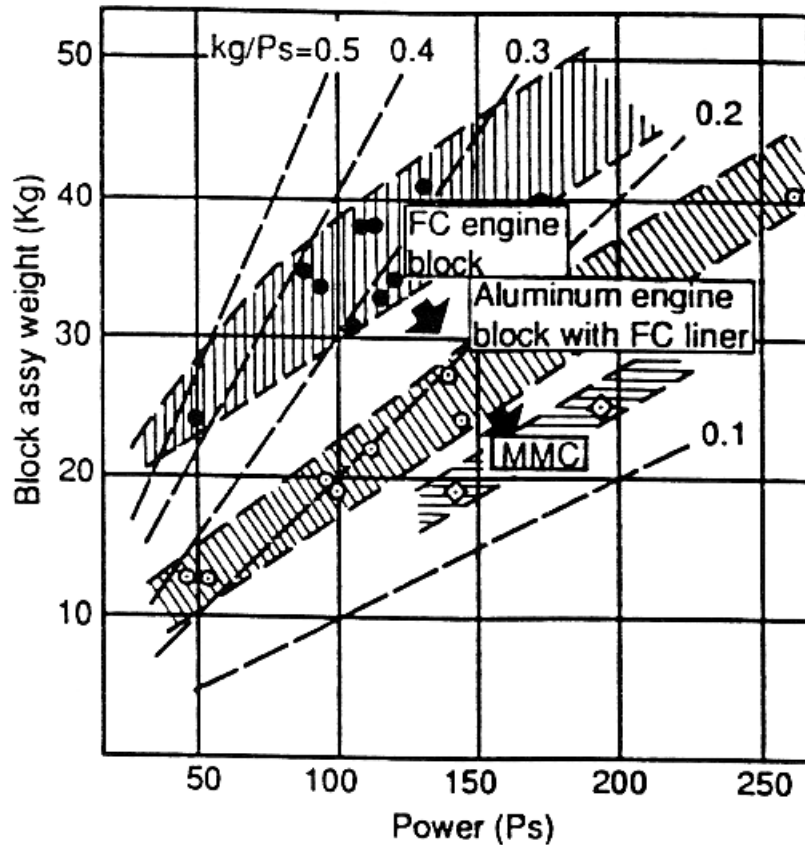


The integrally cast metal-matrix composite cylinder walls of the engine save weight and space, while improving its durability and ability to dissipate heat.

M. Ebisawa et. al, “The Production Process for MMC Engine Block”, SAE 910835



Relationship between Power and Engine Block Weight



The new engine block features higher performance, further compactness and weight reduction compared to cast-iron engine blocks and those made out of Al alloy with cast-iron liners

S. V. Prasad and R. Asthana, "Aluminum Metal-Matrix Composites for Automotive Applications: Tribological Considerations", *Tribology Letters*, 17 (2004) 445-453.

M. Ebisawa et. al, "The Production Process for MMC Engine Block", SAE 910835



Significant Milestones in Recorded History

Leonardo da Vinci (quotes from his note books)

The very rapid friction of two thick bodies produces fire
That thing which is entirely consumed by the long movement of its friction will have part of it consumed at the beginning of the movement
Friction is independent of contact area
Friction resistance of a body is about $\frac{1}{4}$ of its weight



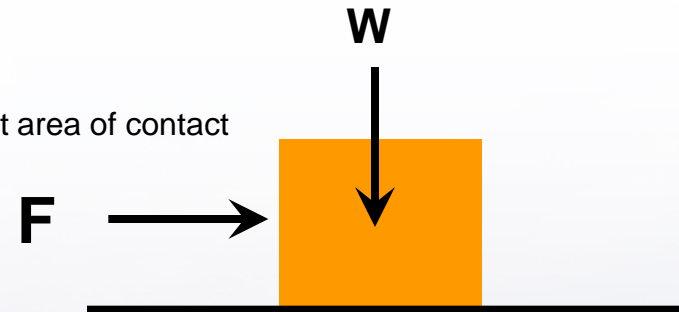
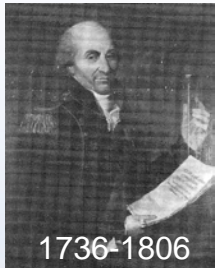
Guillaume Amontons (Unaware of da Vinci's recorded observations)

First published the two laws of friction:
Friction force is proportional to normal force
Magnitude of friction force does not depend on the apparent area of contact



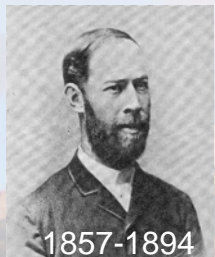
Charles Augustin Coulomb

Verified the two laws of friction, and added the third law.
Friction force is independent of velocity once motion starts



Heinrich Rudolph Hertz

His most famous work on **contact stresses and deformation** is the basis upon which so many tribological concepts rest



Birth of the Phrase “Tribology”



Sir Peter Jost, CBE

Methods by which financial savings could be made through improved tribological practice in UK industry. The percentages represent proportions of the total annual saving, which was estimated at £515 million (at 1965 prices) (from UK Department of Education and Science, Lubrication (Tribology): Education and Research, HMSO, 1966)

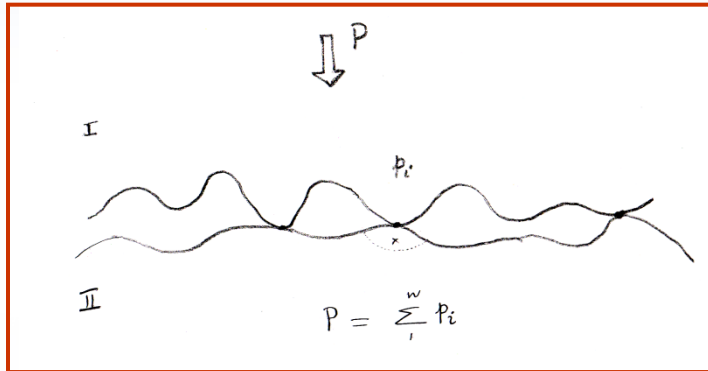
Reduction in energy consumption from lower friction	5%
Reduction in manpower	2%
Savings in lubricant costs	2%
Savings in maintenance and replacement costs	45%
Savings in losses resulting from breakdowns	22%
Savings in investment through greater availability and higher efficiency	4%
Savings in investment through increased life of plant	20%

British Government Report published on **9 March 1966**

After much consideration, the concept was defined as being “the science of interacting surfaces in relative motion and associated practices” (later amended to associated subjects and practices), and after consultation with the *Editor of the Oxford Dictionary*, given the name “Tribology”, based on the Greek “Tribos” (rubbing)

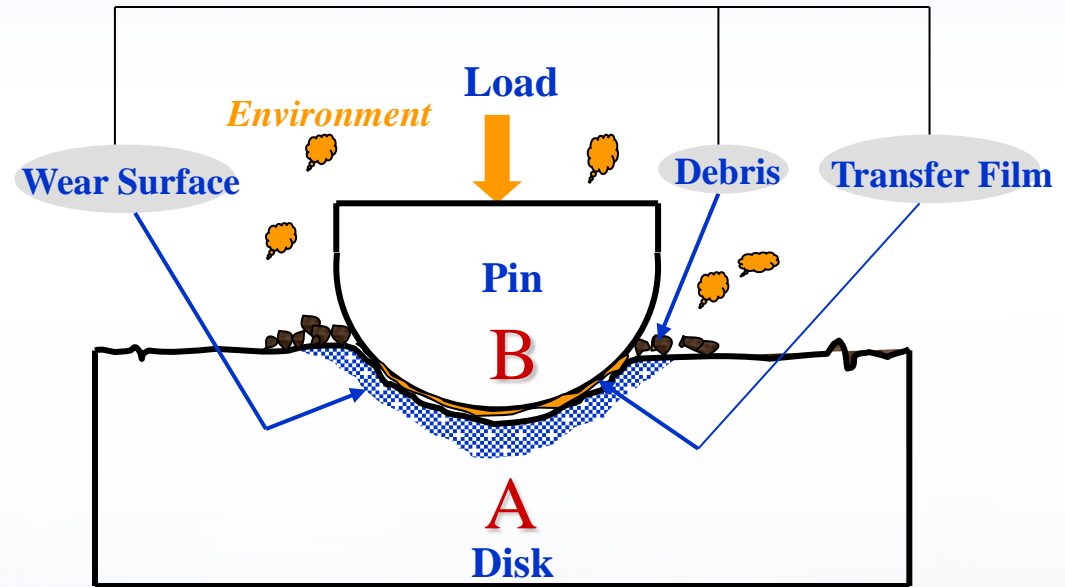


Tribology is a systems property

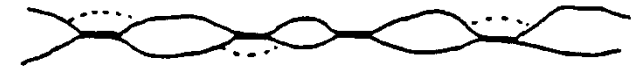


Recognize the limitations of the laws of friction

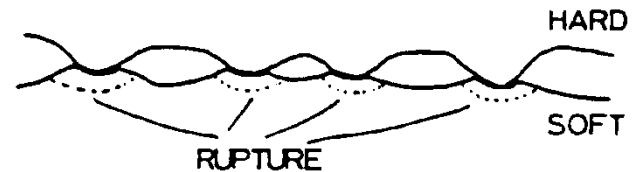
- Engineering surfaces are not atomically flat
- Friction influences the (Hertzian) contact
- Sliding contact results:
 - Plastic deformation
 - Diffusion
 - Tribochemistry and Environmental reactions



SIMILAR METALS



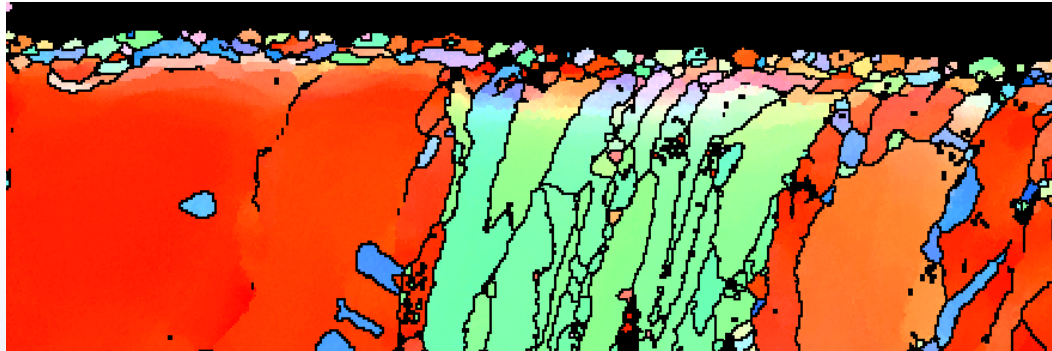
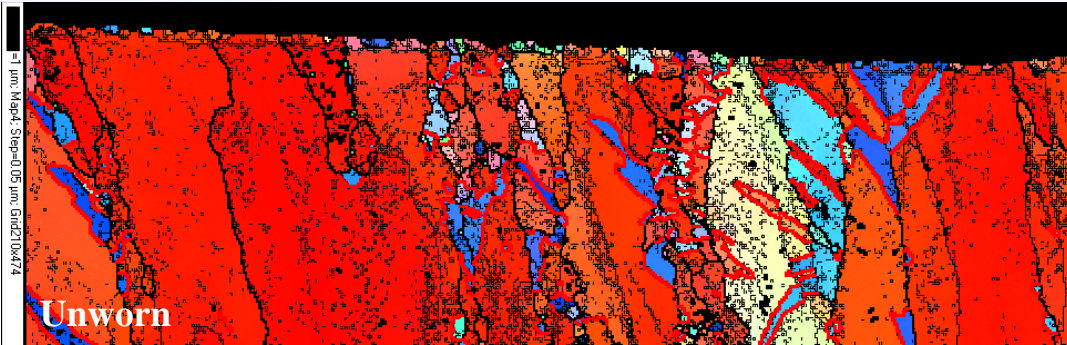
DISSIMILAR



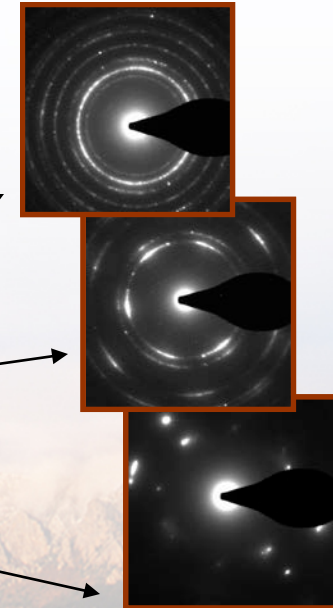
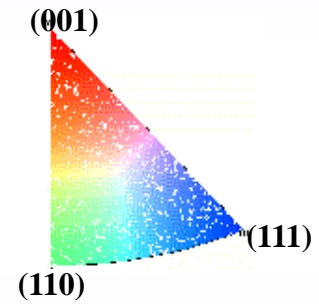
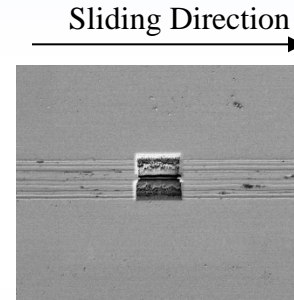
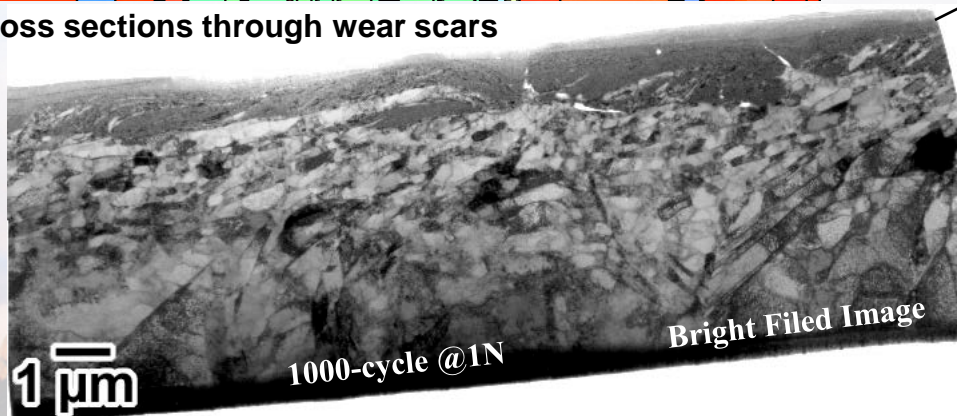
WEAK INTERFACIAL FILM



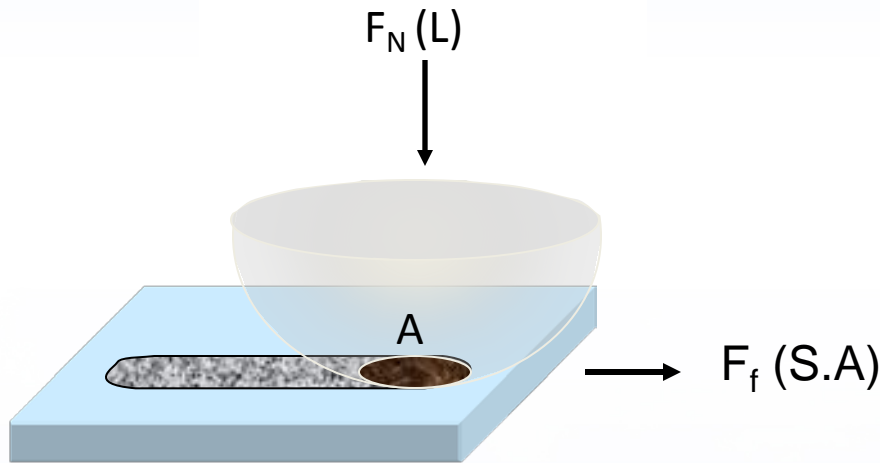
Visualization of subsurface deformation: FIB, EBSD TEM



Cross sections through wear scars



Is “Coefficient of Friction” independent of load?



$$P = F_N / A$$

$$F_f = S A$$

$$S = S_0 + \alpha P$$

Elastic Contact (Sphere-on-Flat)

$$\mu = S_0 \pi \left(\frac{3R}{4E} \right)^{2/3} L^{-1/3} + \alpha$$

S_0 is the interfacial shear strength (a ‘velocity accommodation parameter’), a property of the interface.

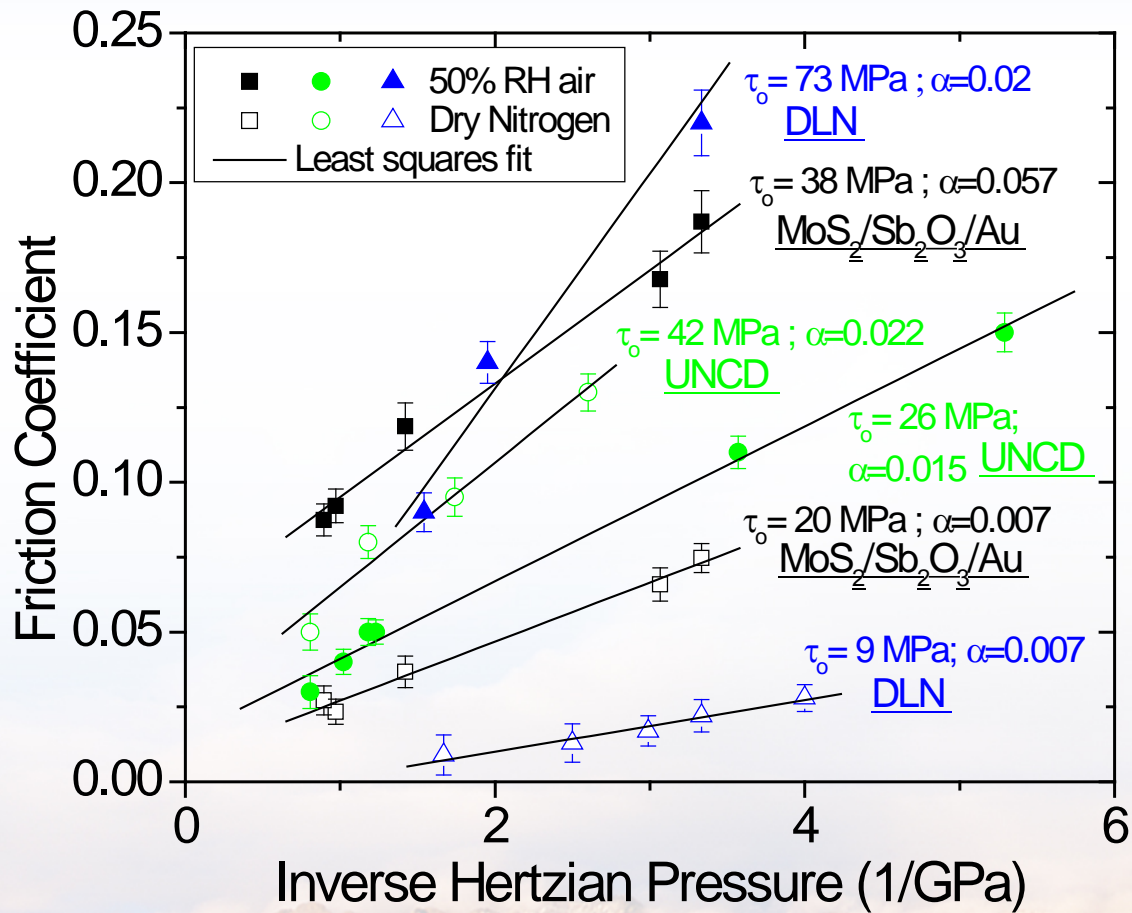
α is a fit constant (the pressure-dependence of ‘S’)

$$\mu = F_f / F_N = S.A / P.A$$

F. P. Bowden and D. Tabor, “The Friction and Lubrication of Solids”, Oxford Science Publications, 1986
I.L. Singer, et al. *Applied Physics Letters* 57, 995 (1990).
B.J. Briscoe and D.C.B. Evans, *Proc. R. Soc. Lond. A* 380, 398 (1982).



Inverse Hertzian Behavior of Most Solid Lubricants

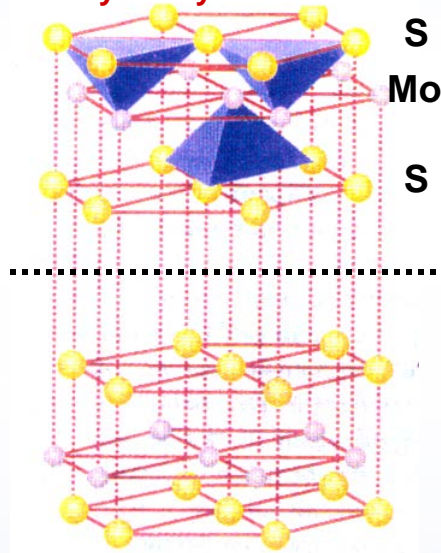


T. W. Scharf and S. V. Prasad, J Mater. Sci. 48 (2013) 511–531.



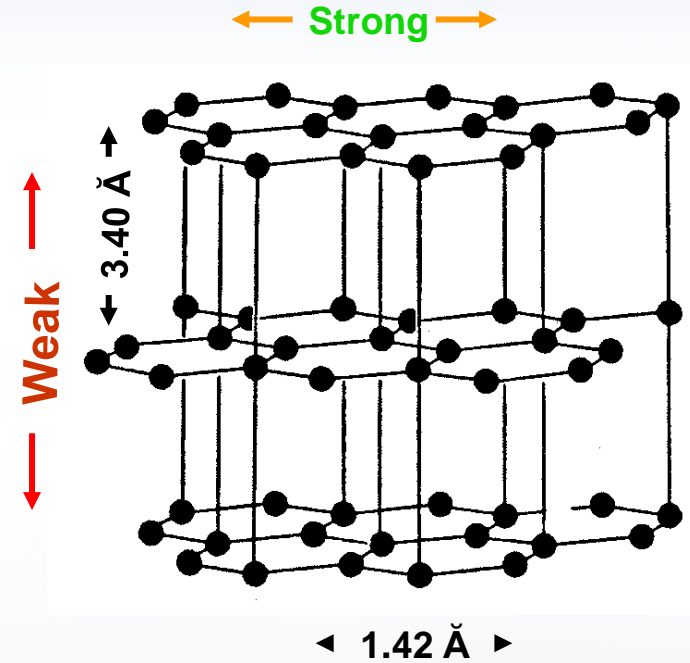
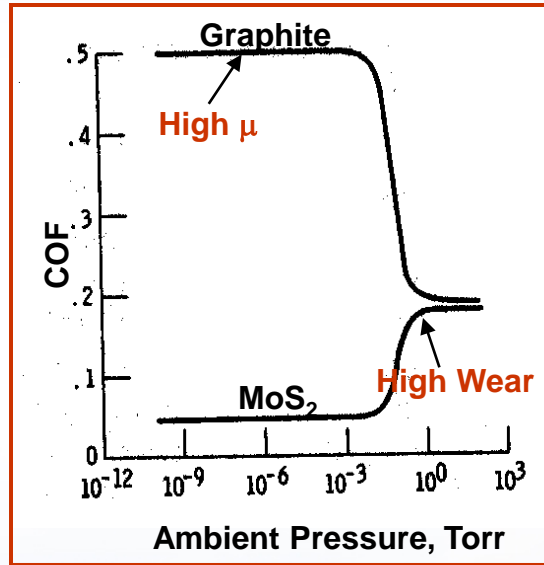
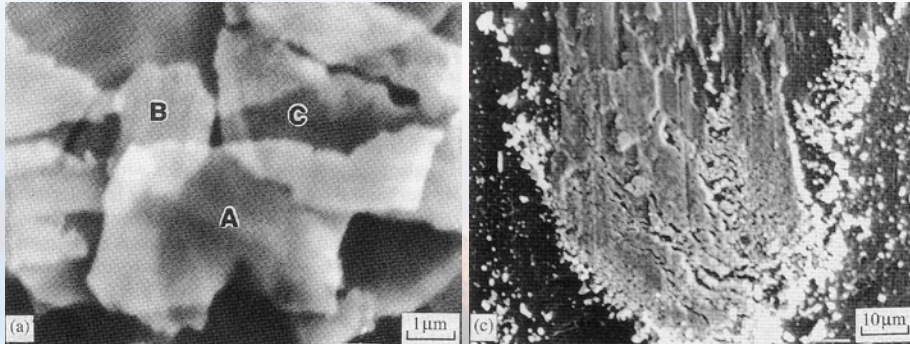
No material can act as a solid lubricant in all environments and under all operating conditions

MoS₂: Extremely low COF (0.01-0.05) and long wear life, **but only in dry environments.**



Mo/W Disulfide

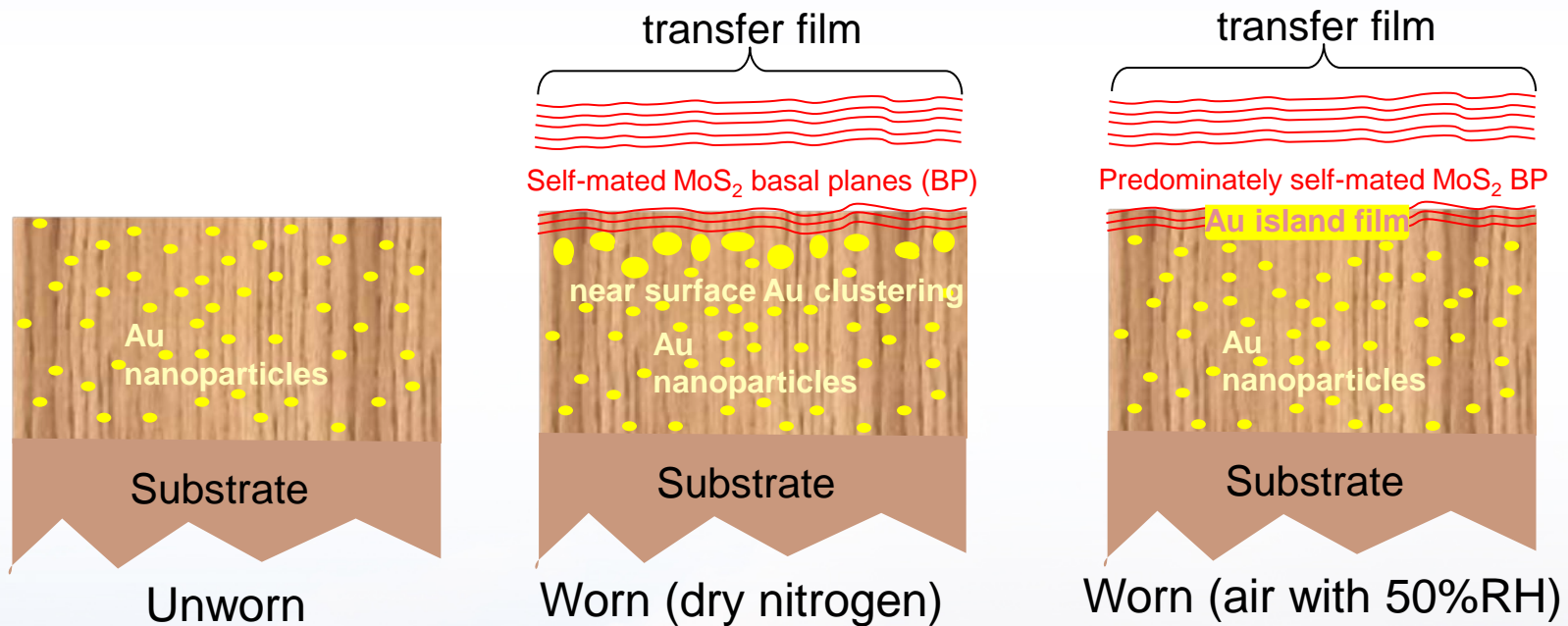
They form thin transfer films on the counterface



Graphite

- Graphite needs moisture or adsorbed gases in the environment (>100 ppm) (they either act as intercalants, or passivate the dangling covalent bonds) to lubricate.
- In vacuum, graphite exhibits high friction and wear—a phenomenon known as “dusting”, first observed in the late 1930’s on graphite brushes in aircrafts that exhibited accelerated wear at high altitudes.

Environmental Robustness through Microstructural Design



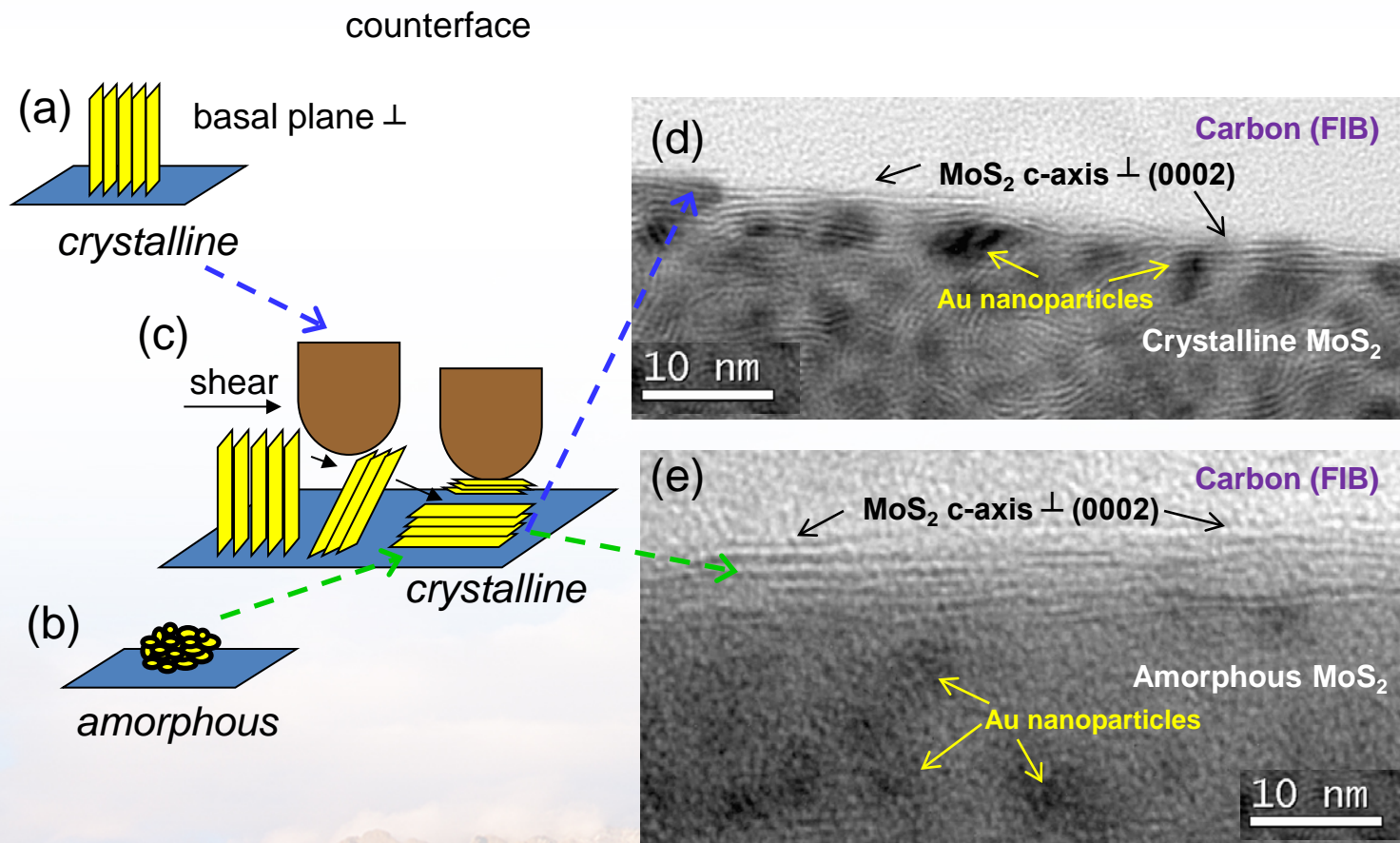
- Mechanical mixing and the development of vorticity; MD evidence [Rigney and co-workers]
- The role of 'Diffusion'
- Adsorption of oxygen and water vapor in humid air: Is there a relation to the observed Au patchy islands on wear surfaces?

COF in air is higher but the wear rate is almost identical, indicating the environmental robustness of the nanocomposite (MoS₂/Sb₂O₃/Au) coating



T. W. Scharf, P. G. Kotula and S. V. Prasad, Acta Materialia, 58 (2010) 4100-4109.

Friction-induced crystallization and reorientation of basal planes

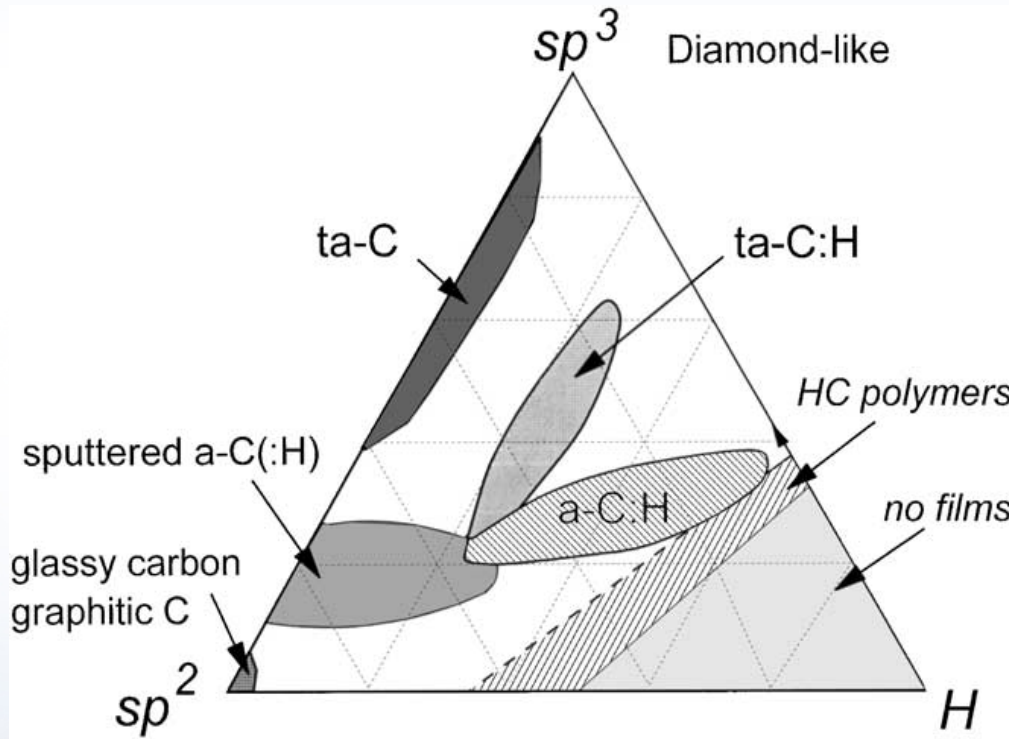


T. W. Scharf and S. V. Prasad, J Mater. Sci. 48 (2013) 511–531.

T. W. Scharf, P. G. Kotula and S. V. Prasad, Acta Materialia, 58 (2010) 4100-4109.



Ternary phase diagram of bonding in amorphous carbon-hydrogen materials



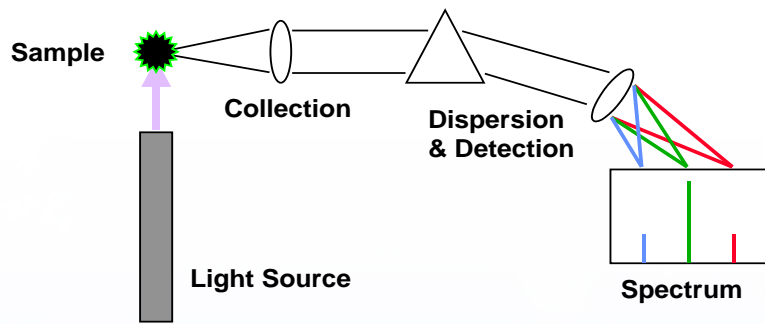
- Diamond-like Carbon (mixed sp^2/sp^3 bonding with majority being metastable sp^3 unless it is stabilized with C-H bonds).
- DLC is an amorphous (a-C) or hydrogenated amorphous carbon (a-C:H) coating (typically 10-50 atomic % H)..

The various types are typically classified according to their fraction of sp^2 , sp^3 bonding and hydrogen from a ternary phase diagram

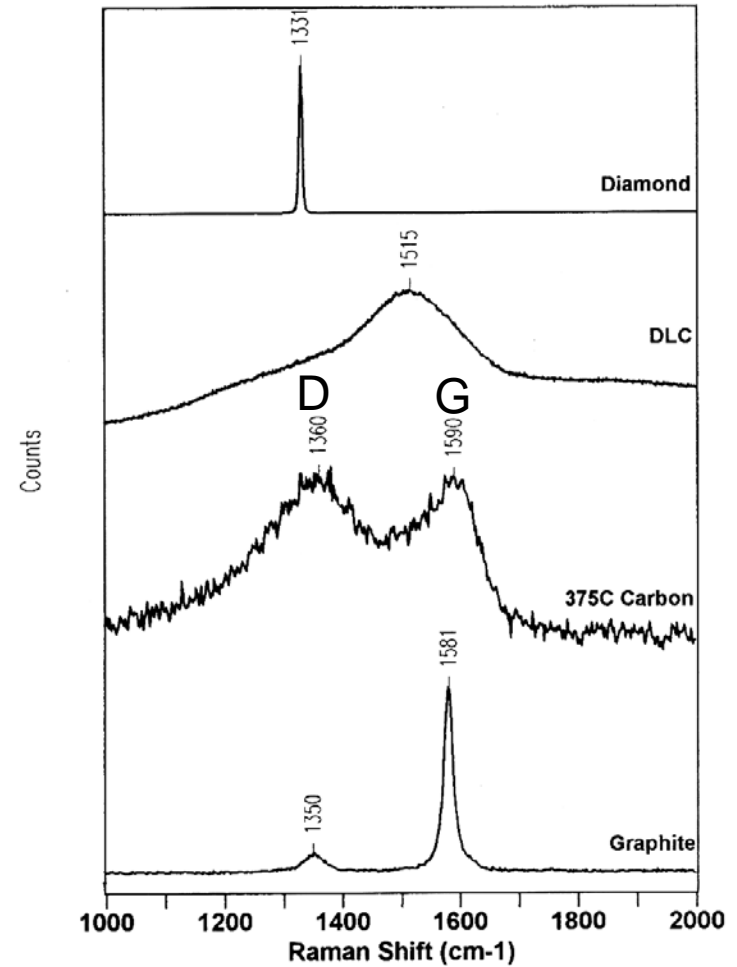
From J. Robertson (2002) *Mater Sci Eng R* 37: 129.



Micro-Raman is an unique tool for carbon coatings analysis



Argon laser: 458 nm wavelength
Spot size: 1 μm (Microscope Accessory)



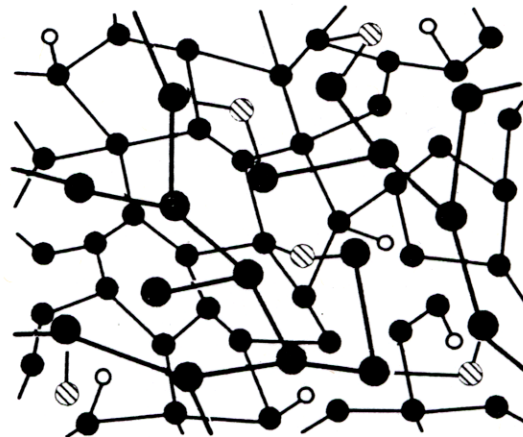
D. R. Tallant et. al, *Diamond and Related Materials* 4 (1995) 191-199

Diamond-Like Carbon

(Source: Bekart Advanced Coating Technologies)

Plasma Enhanced CVD

Polyphenylmethylsiloxane precursor



● Carbon
● Silicon
⊘ Oxygen
○ Hydrogen

a- (C:H 0.15)_{0.7} a- (Si:O 0.3)_{0.3}

Schematic of DLN atomic structure.

- Conformal coatings could provide coverage of sidewalls
- Substrate temperatures do not typically exceed 150 to 200 °C

Hardness: 9-17 GPa

Modulus: 90-140 GPa

V. F. Dorfman, *Thin Solid Films*, 212 (1992) 267-273

D. J. Kester, C. L. Brodbeck, I. L. Singer and A. Kyriakopoulos, *Surface and Coatings Tech.* 113 (1999) 268-273.

C. Venkatraman, C. Brodbeck and R. Lei, *Surface and Coatings Tech.* 115 (1999) 215-221.

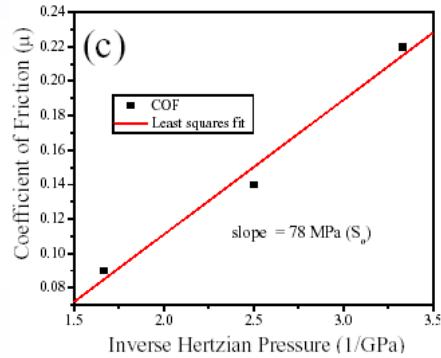
Interpenetrating random networks
DLC (a-C:H) and glass like a-Si:O



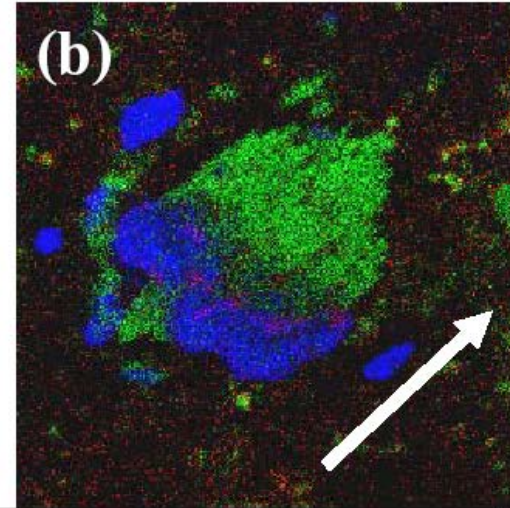
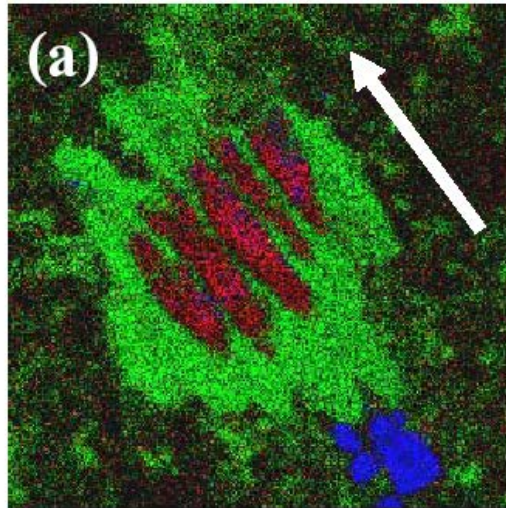
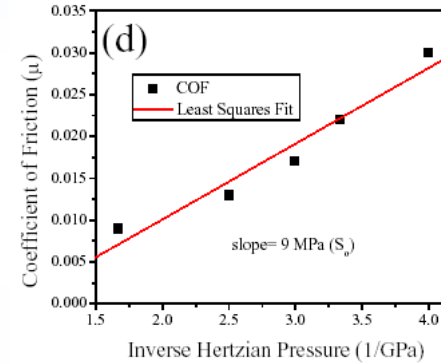
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ToF-SIMS illustrating the Chameleon Nature

Humid Air ($\mu \sim .2$)



Dry Nitrogen ($\mu \sim .02$)



Red: SiO_2 (O + Si + SiO_2 + SiO_3)

Green: Long Range Carbon (C_1 to C_4 fragments)

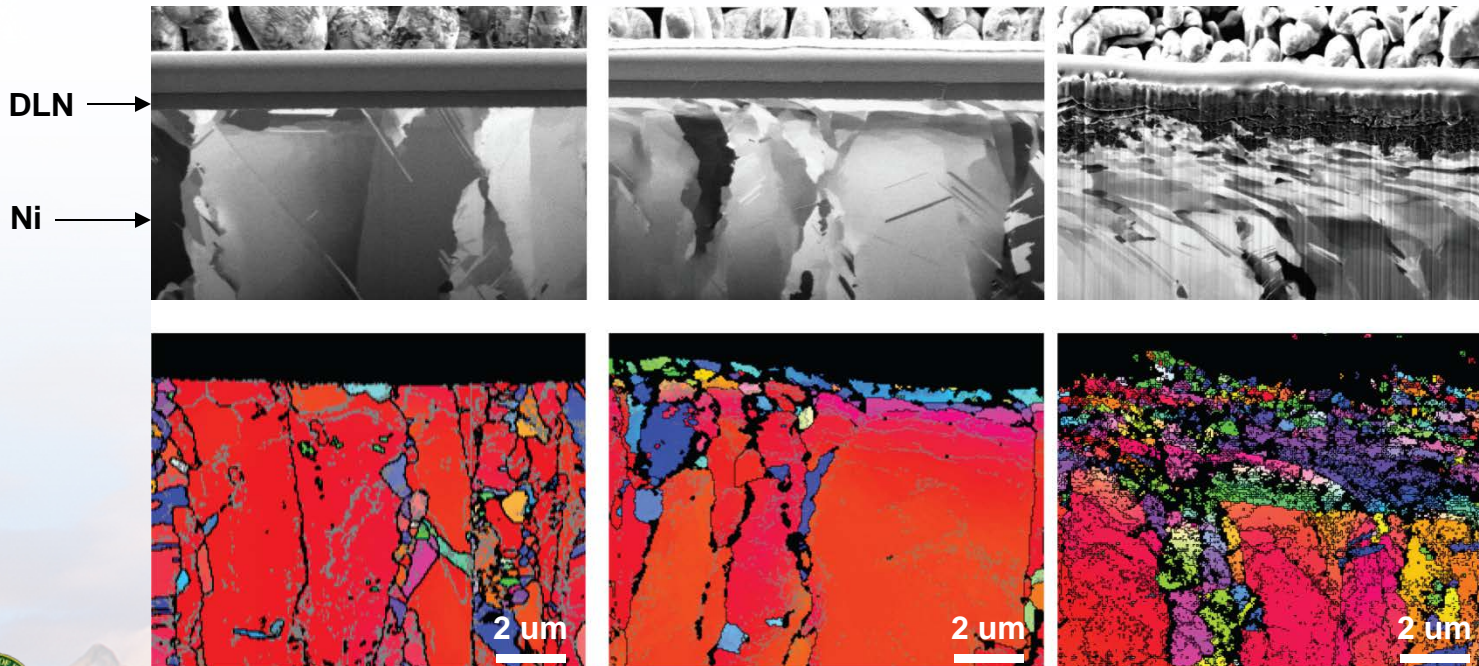
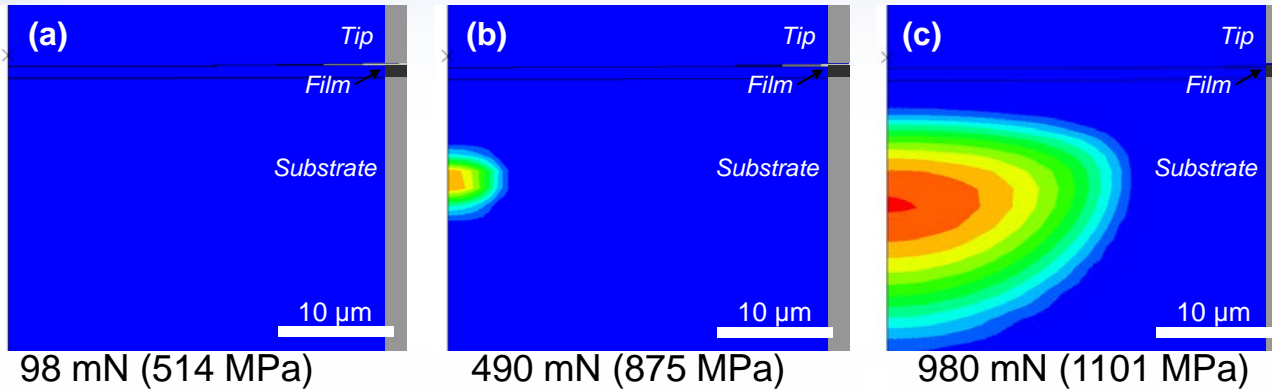
Blue: Hydrogenated Carbon (CH + CH_2 + C_2H)

ToF-SIMS

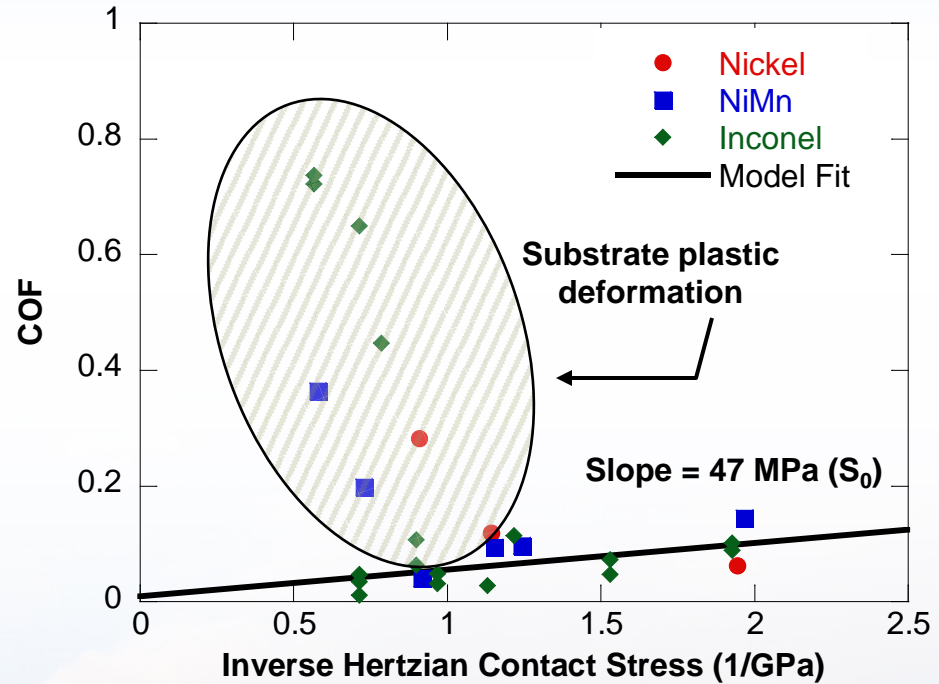
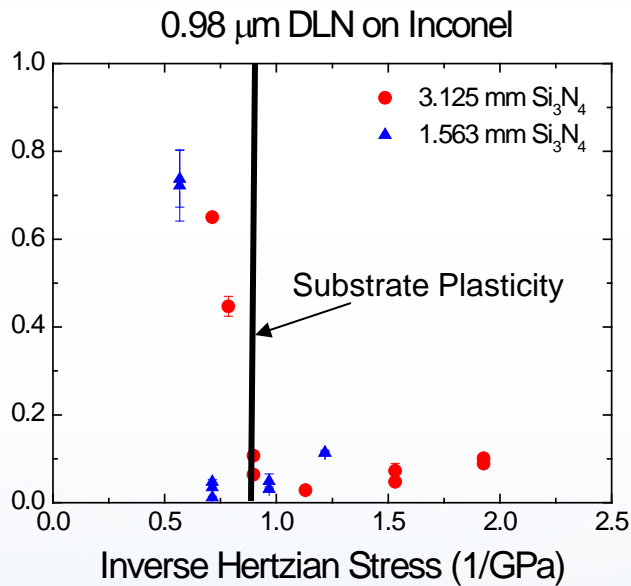


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Watch for plastic deformation in the substrate



Deviations from predicted behavior



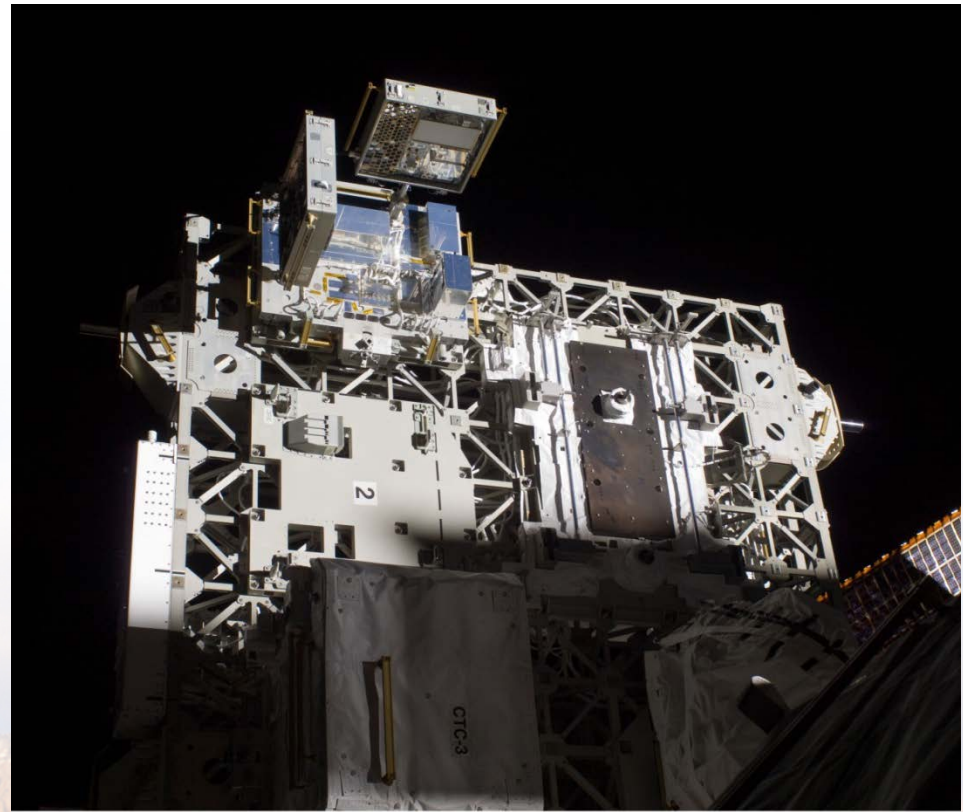
FEM predictions of substrate plastic deformation agree with observed deviations in Hertzian contact model



Testing and evaluation in space environments

MISSE-7

Materials on the International Space Station Experiment



31746



Conclusions

Challenges

- **Surface interactions dominate as machine scale is reduced**
 - Adhesion, Friction (Static & Dynamic), wear, Debris generation
- **Materials aging and dormancy further complicate things**
- **Complex interfaces and hidden contacts**

Opportunities

- **Novel small scale experimental techniques**
- **New surface treatments and coatings**
- **Modeling and simulation studies**
- **Systems approach**
 - Tribologists are an integral part of the design team

