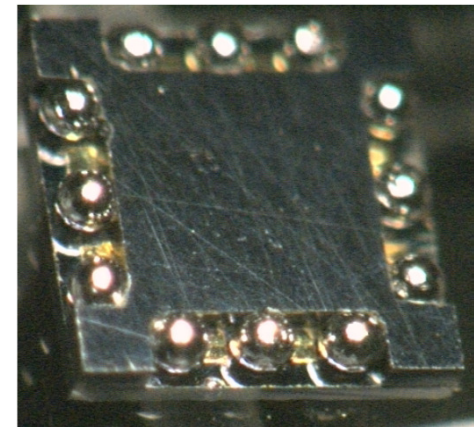
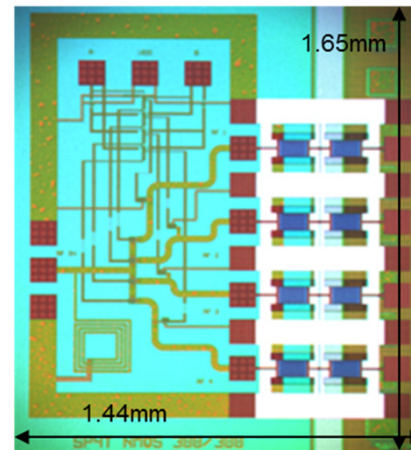
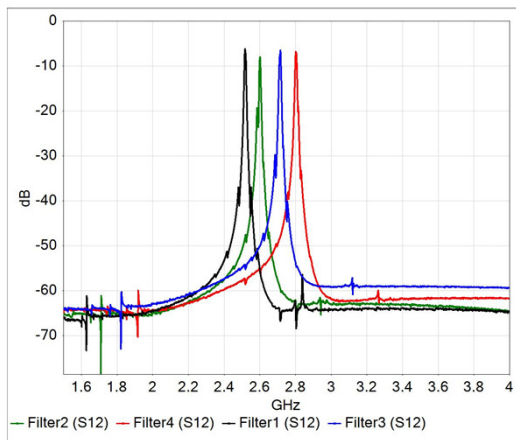


Exceptional service in the national interest



Piezoelectric Microresonators for Advanced RF Devices and Sensors

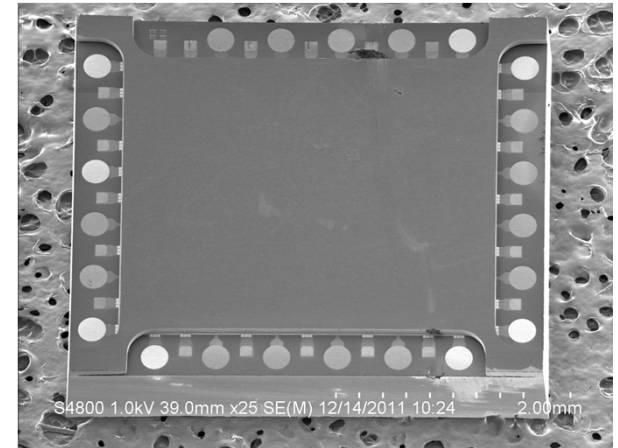
Roy H. Olsson III, Ken Wojciechowski, Chris Nordquist, Ben Griffin and David Henry

Outline

➤ *Microresonator Filters*

- Background and Motivation
- Device Fabrication
- Device Examples

IF Filter Die
Containing
4 Filters

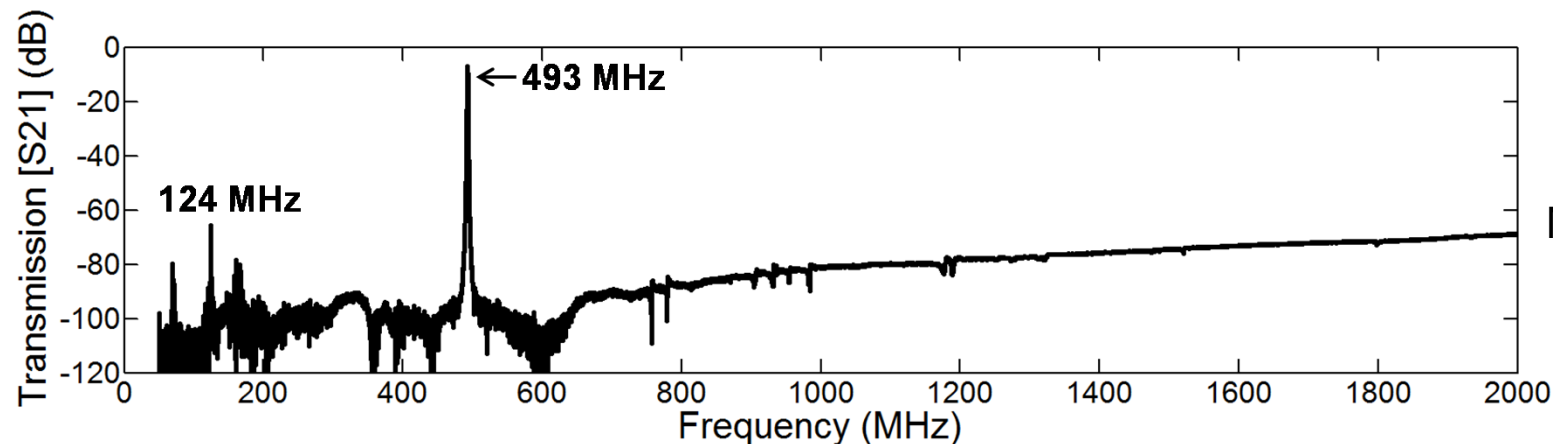


➤ *Microresonator Oscillators*

- Device Example

➤ *AlN Sensors*

- Device Example

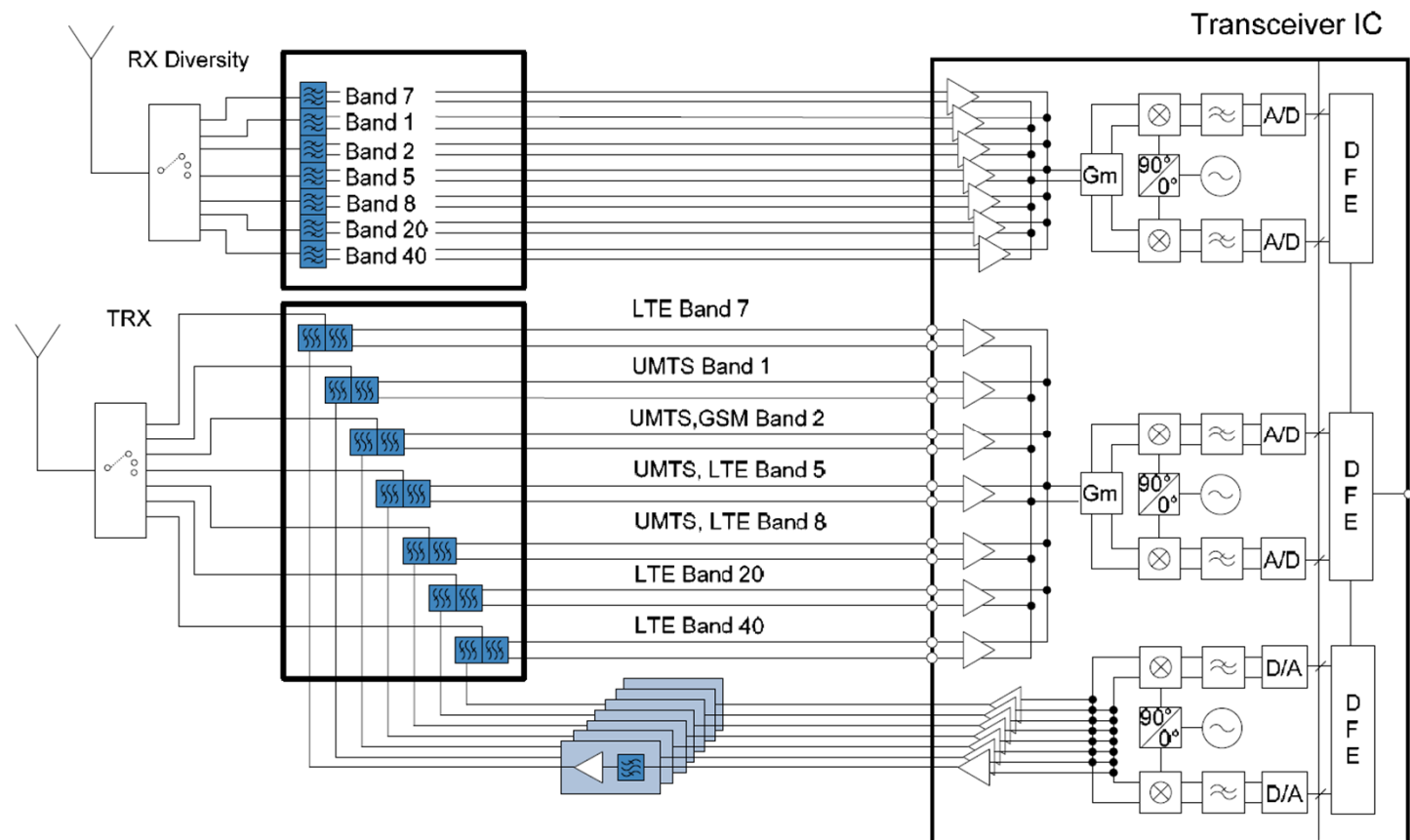


Measurement of
an AlN
Micromechanical
Filter

Filter Arrays for Handsets

- Diagram Contains 28 Filters Operating in ~ 7 Bands
- Microresonator Technology Can Potentially Address Many of These Filters on a Single Chip, Reducing Size and Assembly Costs

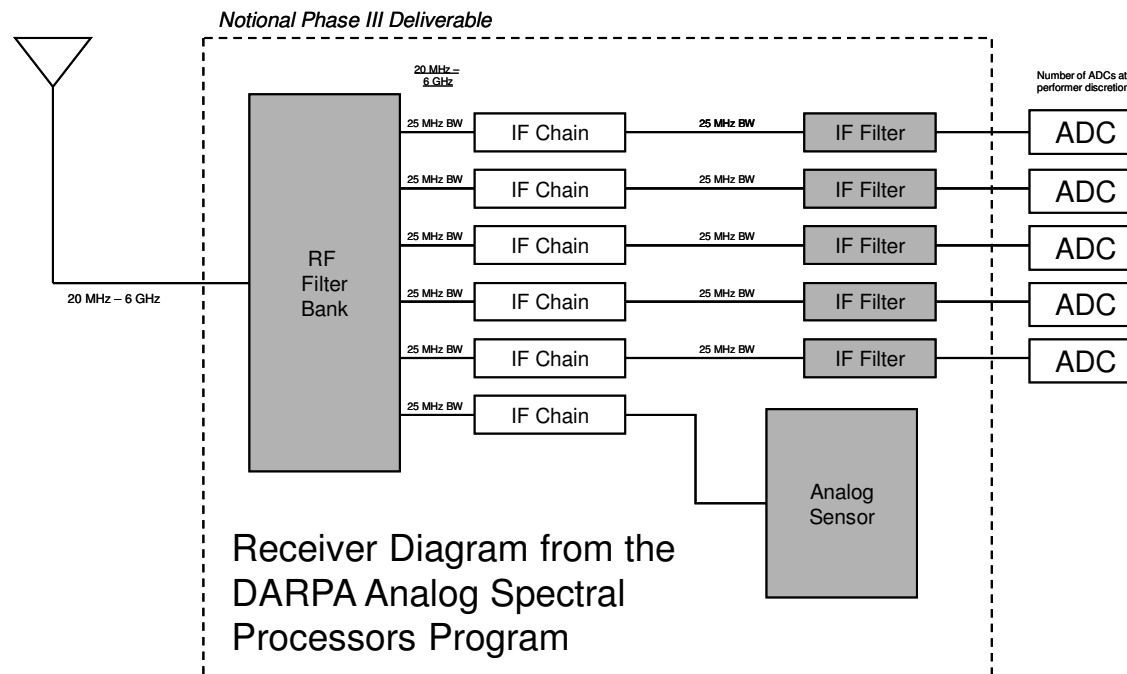
R. Vazny et al.
“Front-End
Implications to
Multi-Standard
Cellular Radios:
State-of-the-Art
and Future
Trends”, *Proc. Of
the 2010 IEEE
Ultrasonics
Symposium*, pp.
95 – 98, Oct.
2010



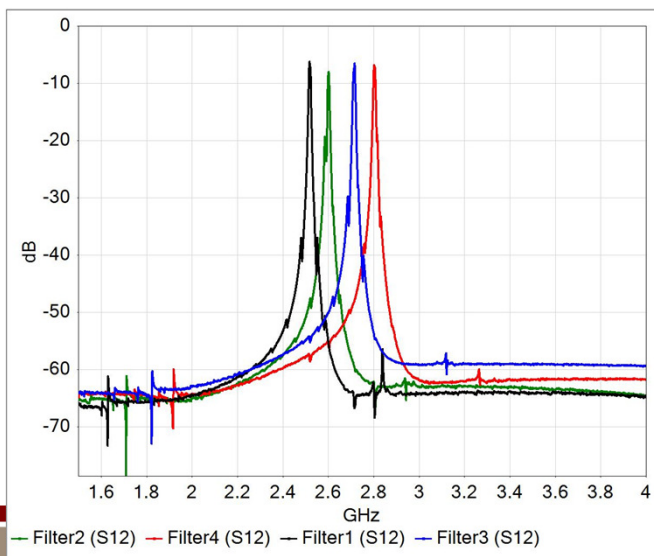
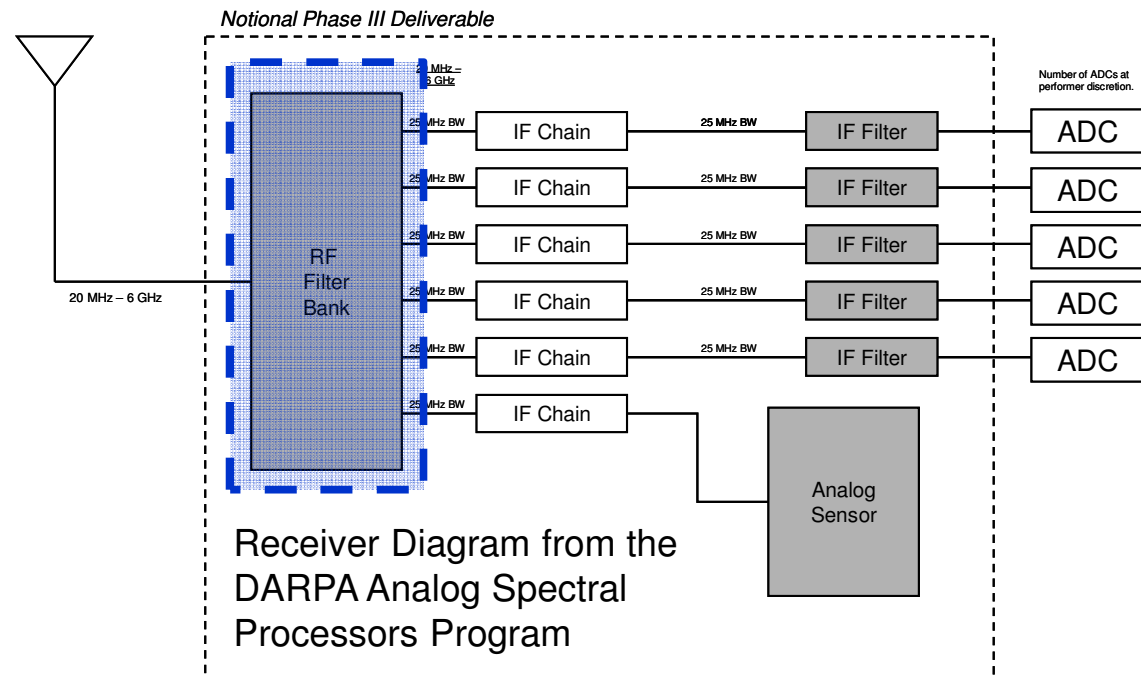
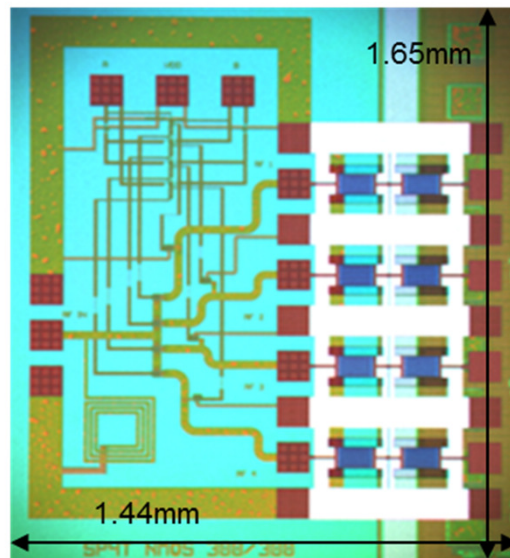
RF Front-End of a Modern Cellular Radio

Filters in Military Radios

- Current Military Radios Are Mandated to be Backwards Compatible
 - *Legacy and Updated Frequencies and Waveforms*
 - *Many RF Frequencies and Bandwidths Required*
- Future Military Radios Will Require Spectral Knowledge and Real Time Adaptability to Mitigate Both Co-Site and Adversary Jamming



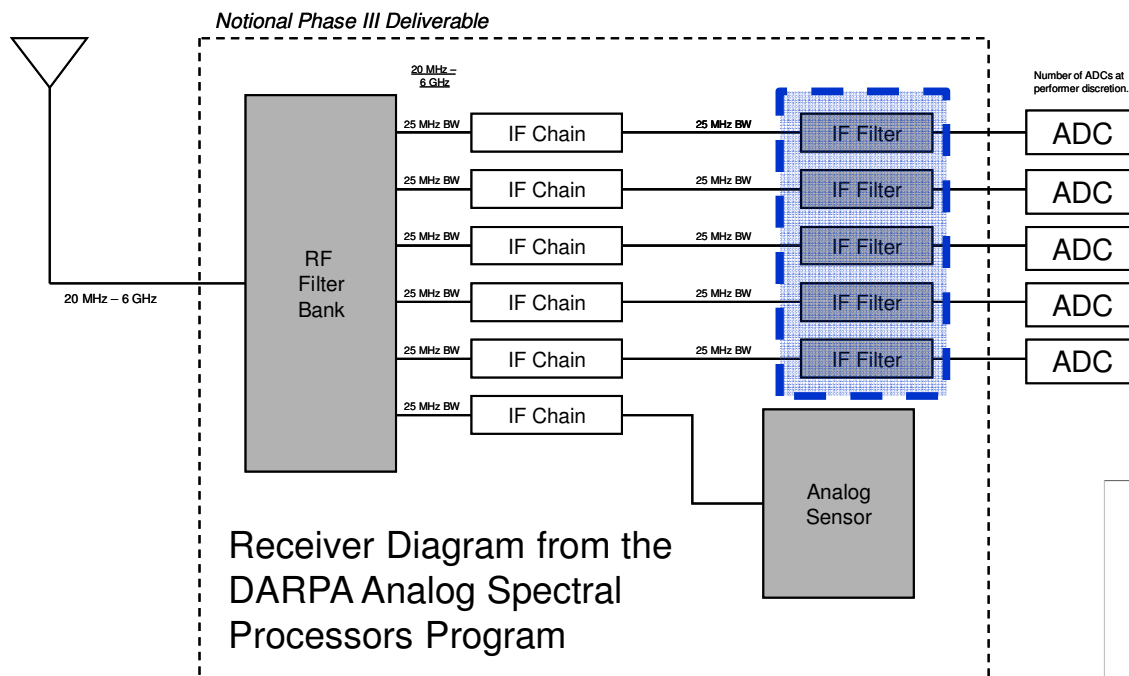
Frequency Adaptability on the RF Front-End



S-Band Switched Filter Array on CMOS for RF Center Frequency Adaptability

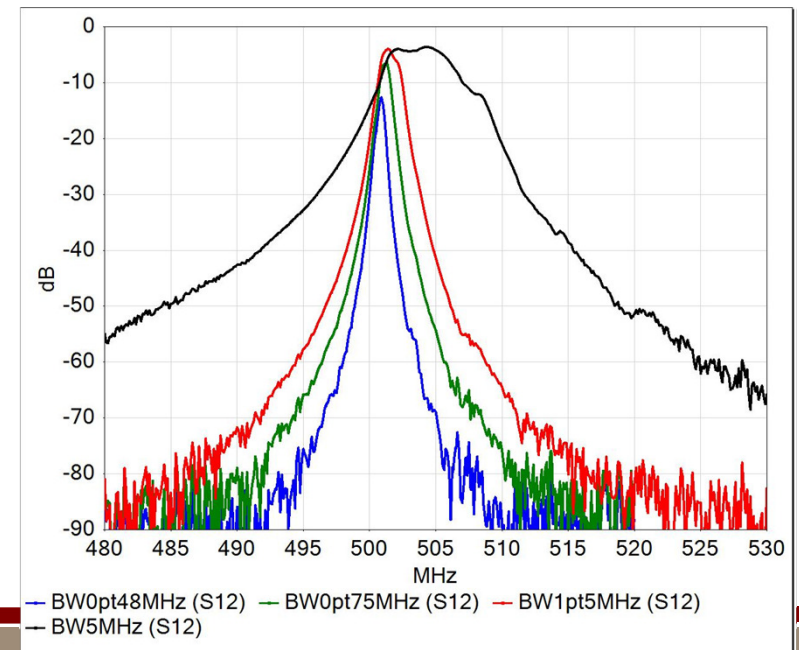
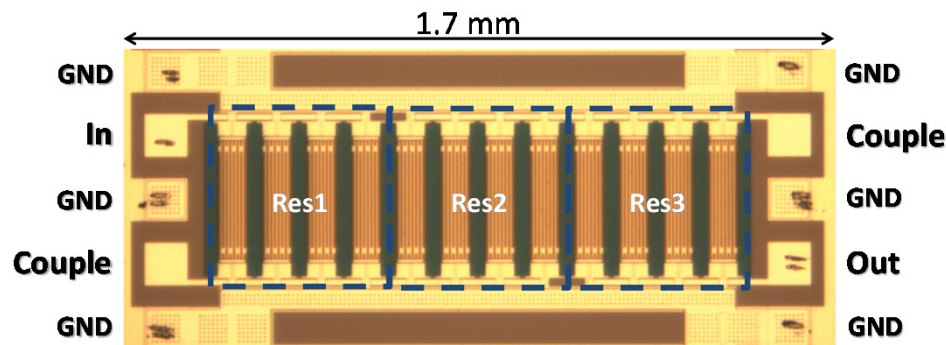
E. R. Crespin, R. H. Olsson III, K. E. Wojciechowski, D. W. Branch, P. Clews, R. Hurley and J. Gutierrez, "Fully Integrated Switchable Filter Banks," *IEEE International Microwave Symposium*, pp. 1-3, June 2012.

Waveform and Bandwidth Adaptability IF Filtering

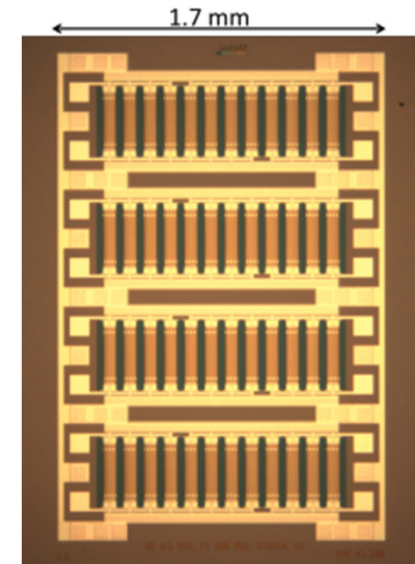
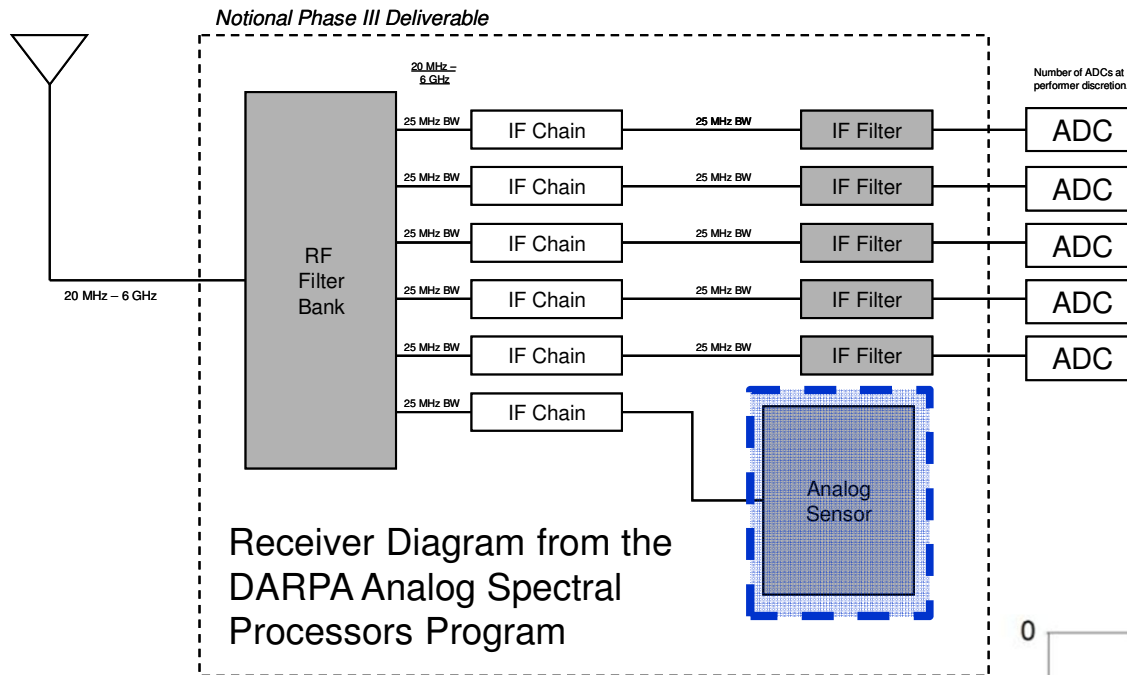


R. H. Olsson III, J. Nguyen and T. Pluym, "A Programmable Bandwidth Aluminum Nitride Microresonator Filter," *Govt. Microcircuit App. and Critical Tech. Conf.*, March 2013.

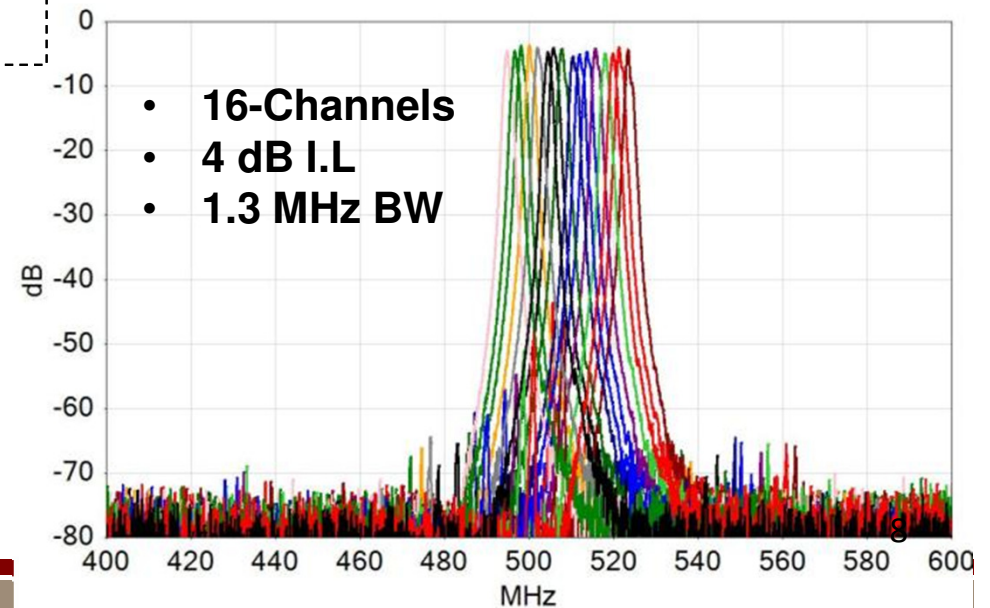
IF Filter with Programmable Bandwidth from 5.1 MHz to 0.48 MHz



RF Spectral Awareness



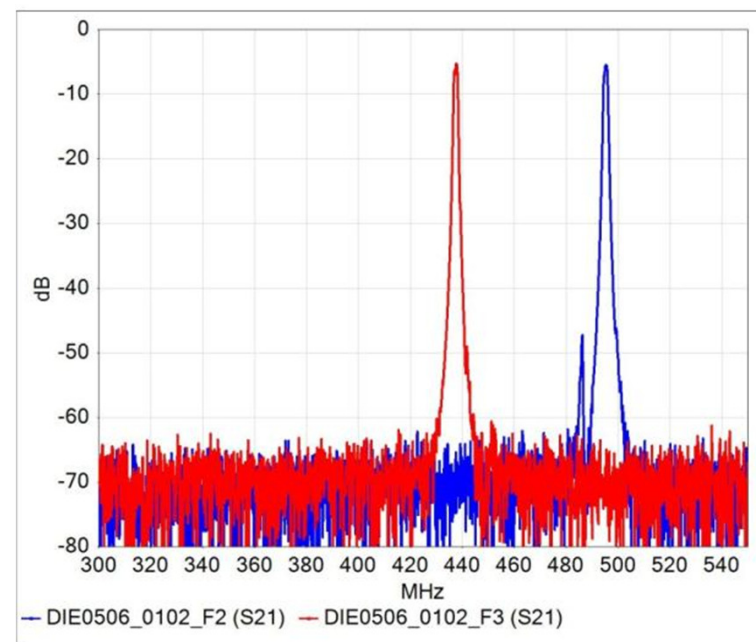
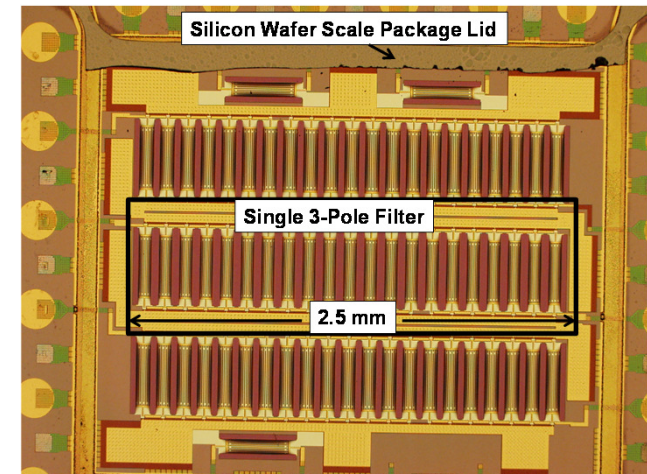
16-Channel Filter Array for RF Spectral
Sensing



Microresonator Technology

Microresonators are miniature, high quality factor acoustic resonators that:

- *Are mass produced using CMOS IC fabrication techniques*
- *Are lithographically defined, allowing any resonant frequency between 32 kHz and 14 GHz on a single chip*
- *Are an enabling filter technology for multi-band and cognitive radios*
- *Can be integrated with CMOS transistors for configurability and added signal processing*
- *Can be Engineered with High Thermal Isolation for Low Power Ovenization*

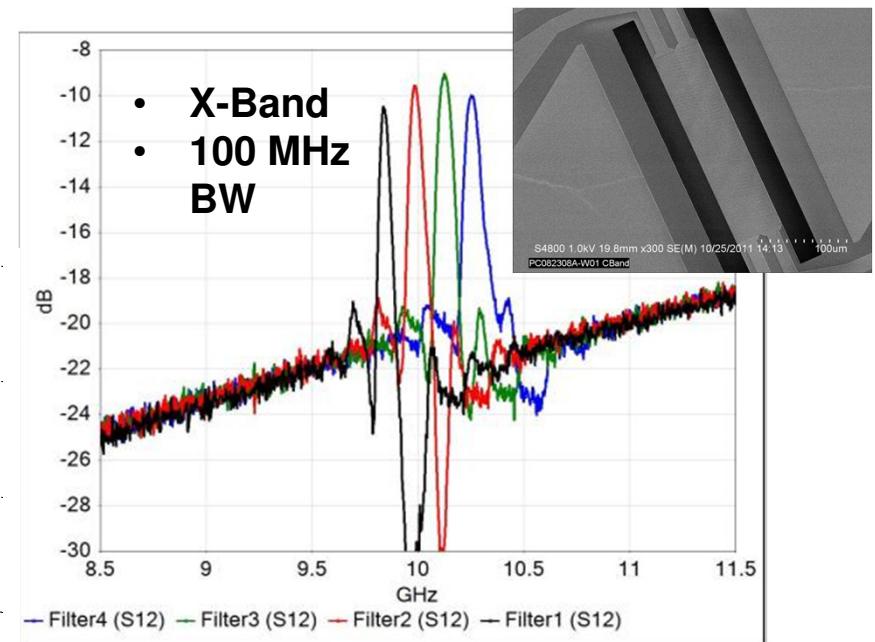
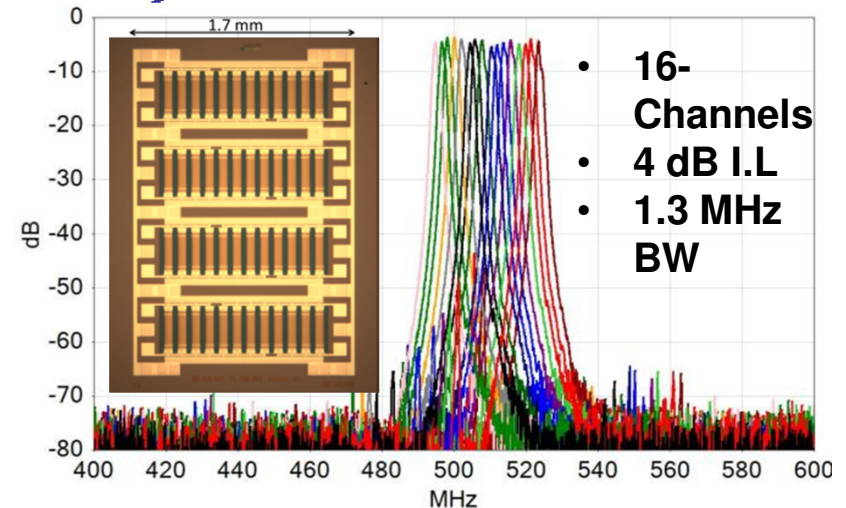
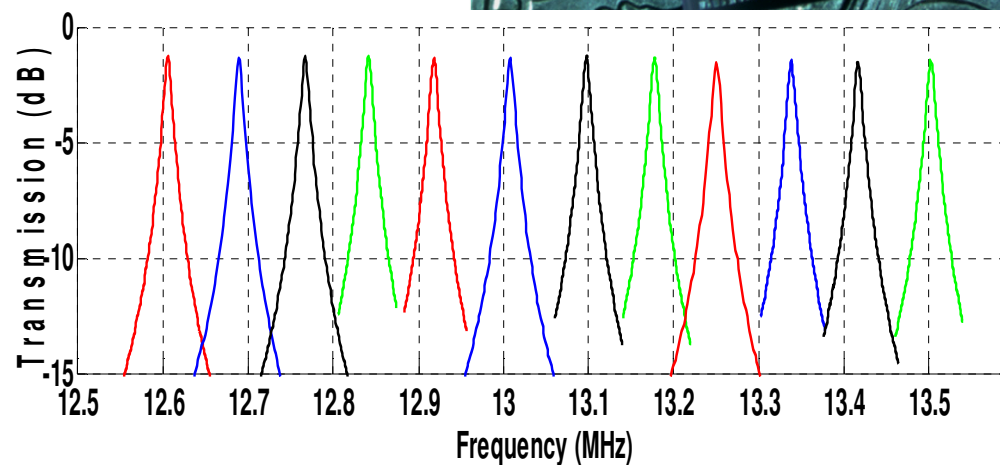
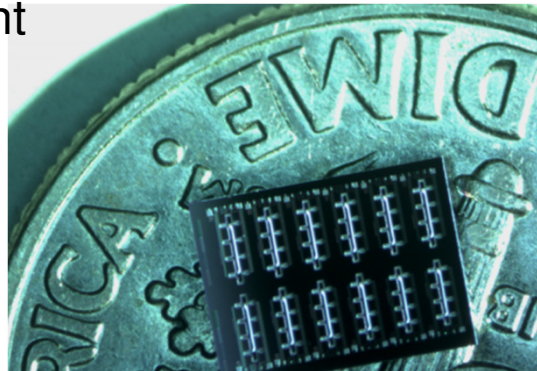


1.7 MHz
3 dB
Bandwidth
AlN Filters
in a Wafer
Level
Package

Microresonator Filter Arrays

- Filter Banks for Cognitive and Multi-Band Radios
- Anti-Jam and Secure Adaptive RF Front-Ends
- Filter Arrays for Fast Spectrum Analysis
- Ultra Small Footprint
- HF to X Band!

- **HF-Band**
- **25 kHz BW**
- **12-Channels**



Why Micromachining for Acoustic Resonators

- Acoustic isolation from the substrate via undercut and etched sidewalls

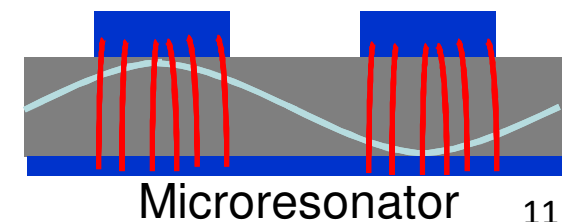
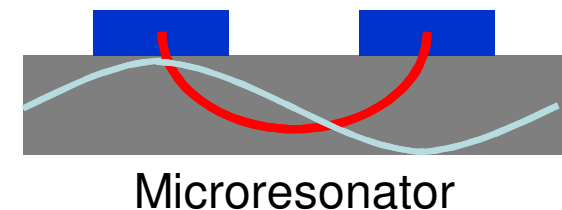
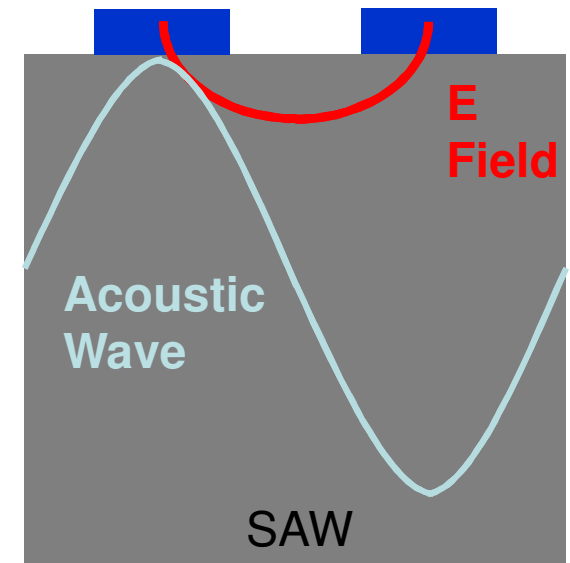
- ☐ *Many frequencies on a single chip*
- ☐ *Higher Q-factor*
- ☐ *Lower loss*
- ☐ *Vastly Smaller size*
- ☐ *Closely packed filters*
- ☐ *Thermal isolation for ovenization*

- Increased interaction of the acoustic wave and electric field

- ☐ *Higher coupling coefficient*
- ☐ *Lower loss*
- ☐ *Wider bandwidth*
- ☐ *Higher tuning range*

- Decouple acoustic wavelength and transduction gap

- ☐ *Vastly Smaller Size*
- ☐ *Increased Transduction*



Piezoelectric Resonator Transduction

➤ Filter Loss

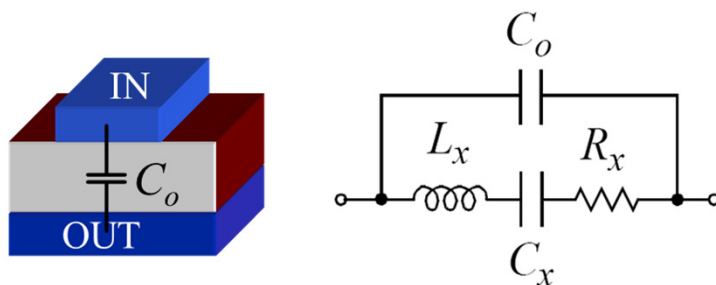
- Proportional to FOM

➤ Filter Bandwidth

- Minimum Practical Filter Bandwidth is Determined by Q
- Maximum Practical Filter Bandwidth is Determined by k_t^2

➤ Maximum Tuning Range $\sim k_t^2$

Top-Bottom Transduction

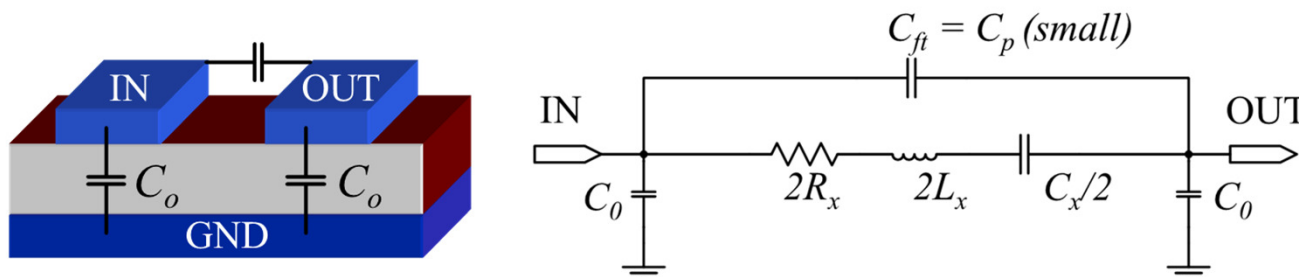


$$C_x = 0.8k_t^2 C_0$$

$$L_x = \frac{1}{0.8\omega^2 k_t^2 C_0}$$

$$R_x = \frac{1}{0.8\omega C_0 k_t^2 Q}$$

Top-Top Transduction



$$k_t^2 = \frac{d_{31}^2 E}{\epsilon}$$

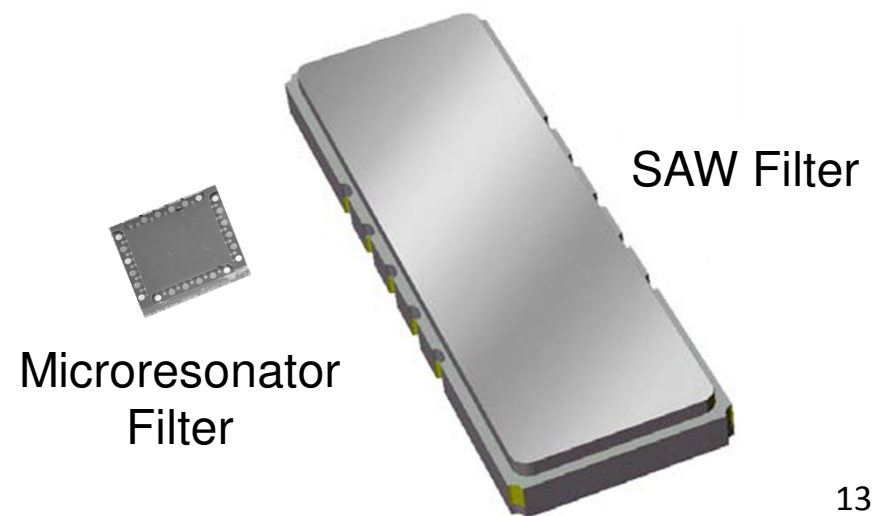
$$FOM = k_t^2 Q$$

 Top electrode
  Bottom electrode
  Piezoelectric Film (AlN)

Types of Acoustic Resonators (Thermally Stable For Narrow Band Filters)

Technology/ Metric	k_t^2 theory	k_t^2 experiment	Q @ ~ 1 GHz	~FOM Measured	Multiple Frequencies on a Substrate	TCF (ppm/ C)	CMOS Integr ation
Quartz SAW	0.16%	0.16%	10000	16	Yes	<0.1	No
Temperature Compensated AlN Microresonator	1.3%	1.3%	2000	26	Yes	<0.5	Yes

- *Aluminum Nitride Microresonator Has Higher Figure of Merit for Lower Loss*
- *Aluminum Nitride Microresonator Has Massively Reduced Size*
- *Aluminum Nitride Microresonator Can be Integrated With CMOS*



Types of Acoustic Resonators (Wideband and Low Loss RF Filters)

Technology/ Metric	k_t^2 theory	k_t^2 experiment	Q @ ~ 1 GHz	~FOM Measured	Multiple Frequencies on a Substrate	TCF (ppm/ C)	CMOS Integr ation
AlN BAW/FBAR	6.5%	7%	3000	200	High Cost	-30	Yes
Standard LiNbO ₃ SAW	6.5%	6.5%	1000	65	Yes	-70	No
AlN Microresonator	2%	2%	2000	40	Yes	-30	Yes

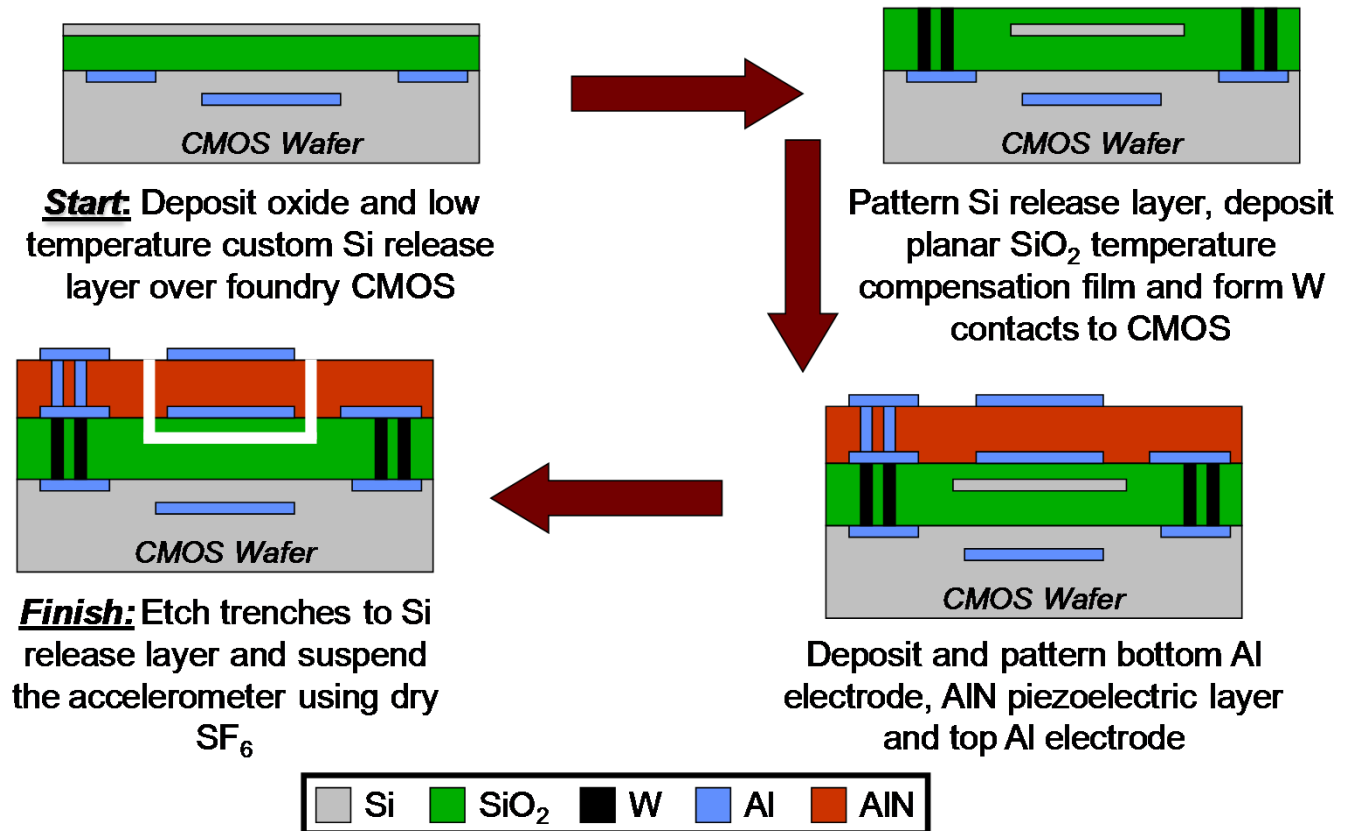
➤ *AlN Microresonator Has Higher Lower Figure of Merit Than SAW or BAW*

➤ *AlN Microresonator Only For Applications*

- **Arrays**
- **CMOS Integration**
- **Size**
- **Low Frequency**

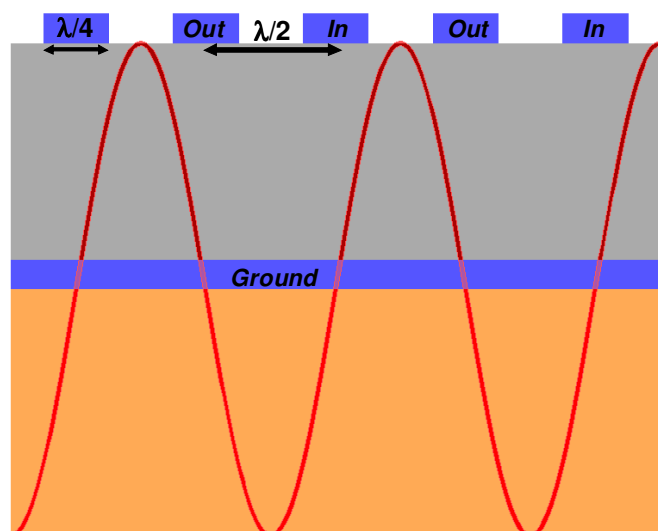
Post-CMOS AIN MEMS Fabrication

- 6-Masks
- Replace Poly Release Layer with 400C a-Si
- a-Si Thickness Limit is 600 nm
- CMOS Metals for RF Routing and Passives



K. E. Wojciechowski, R. H. Olsson, T. A. Hill, M. R. Tuck and E. Roherty-Osmun, "Single-Chip Precision Oscillators Based on Multi-Frequency, High-Q Aluminum Nitride MEMS Resonators," *IEEE International Solid-State Sensors, Actuators and Microsystems Conference*, pp. 2126-2130, June, 2009.

Temperature Compensation



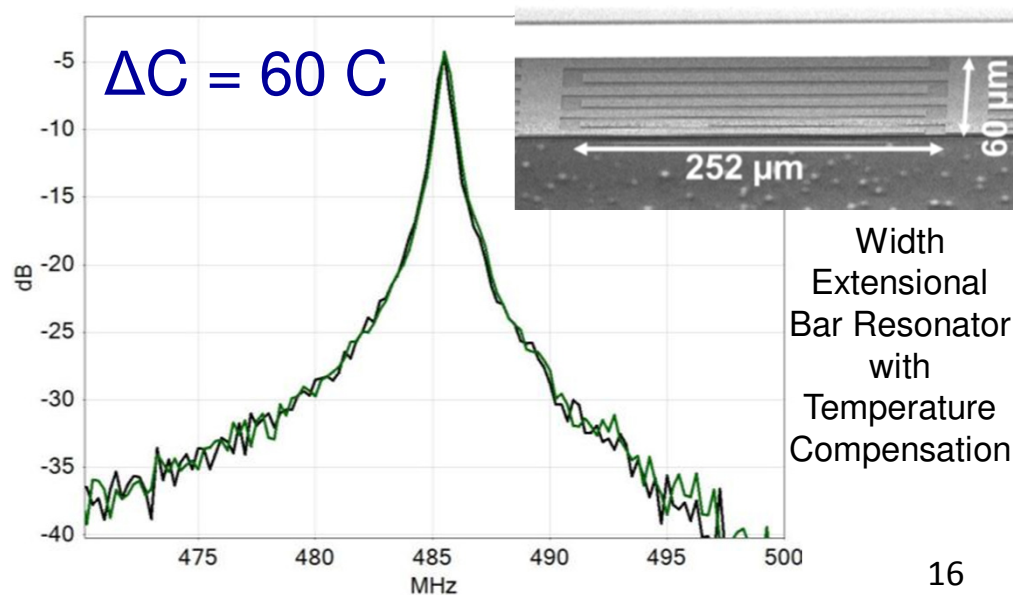
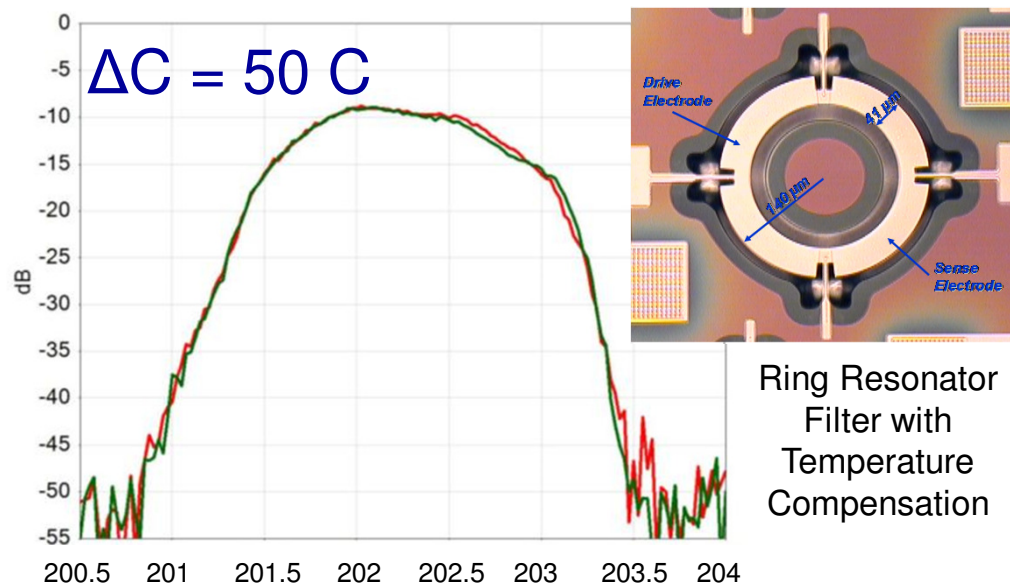
- Metal Electrodes
- Aluminum Nitride
- SiO₂ Temperature Compensation Layer
- Acoustic Wave Propagation

Resonator Cross-Section

$$TCF_{AIN} \approx -33 ppm/C$$

$$TCF_{oxide} \approx +93 ppm/C$$

R. H. Olsson III, C. M. Washburn, J. E. Stevens, M. R. Tuck and C. D. Nordquist, "VHF and UHF Mechanically Coupled Aluminum Nitride MEMS Filters," *IEEE Frequency Control Symposium*, pp. 634-639, June 2008.



Wafer Level Packaging

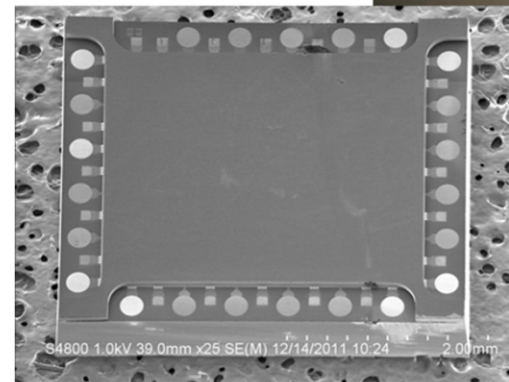
- *Maintains Small Footprint*
- *Surface Mount or Chip and Wire Assembly*
- *Enables Wafer Level Release*
- *Protects MEMS During Dicing*
- *Wafer Level Auto-Probe For Part Down Select*
- *Package Pressure = 10 Torr, Lower with Getters*



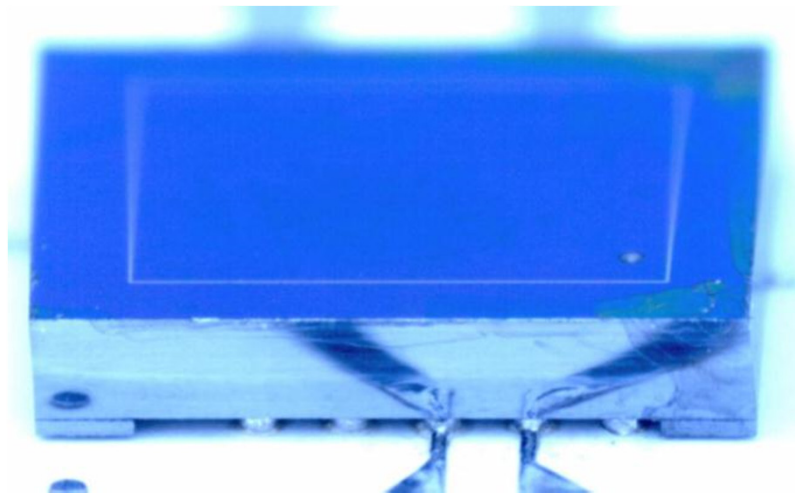
Wafer of
Packaged AlN
MEMS Devices



Packaged
Surface Mount
AlN Filter on a
PCB



Chip and Wire
AlN MEMS Die



M. D. Henry, K. D. Greth, J. Nguyen, C. D. Nordquist, R. Shul, M. Wiwi, T. A. Plut and R. H. Olsson III, "Hermetic Wafer-Level Packaging for RF MEMs: Effects on Resonator Performance," *IEEE Electronic Components and Technology Conf.*, pp. 362-369, May 2012.

WLP Integration

Die Wafer from CMOS foundry



Au pad / bond ring patterning



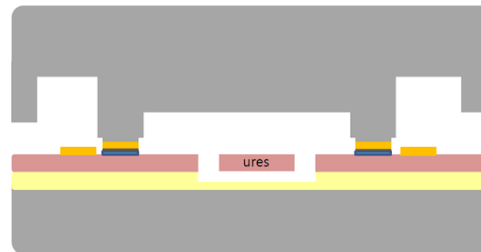
XeF2 release of suspended resonators



Lid Wafer from CMOS foundry



Au-aSi Eutectic Bond



Lid Back Etch

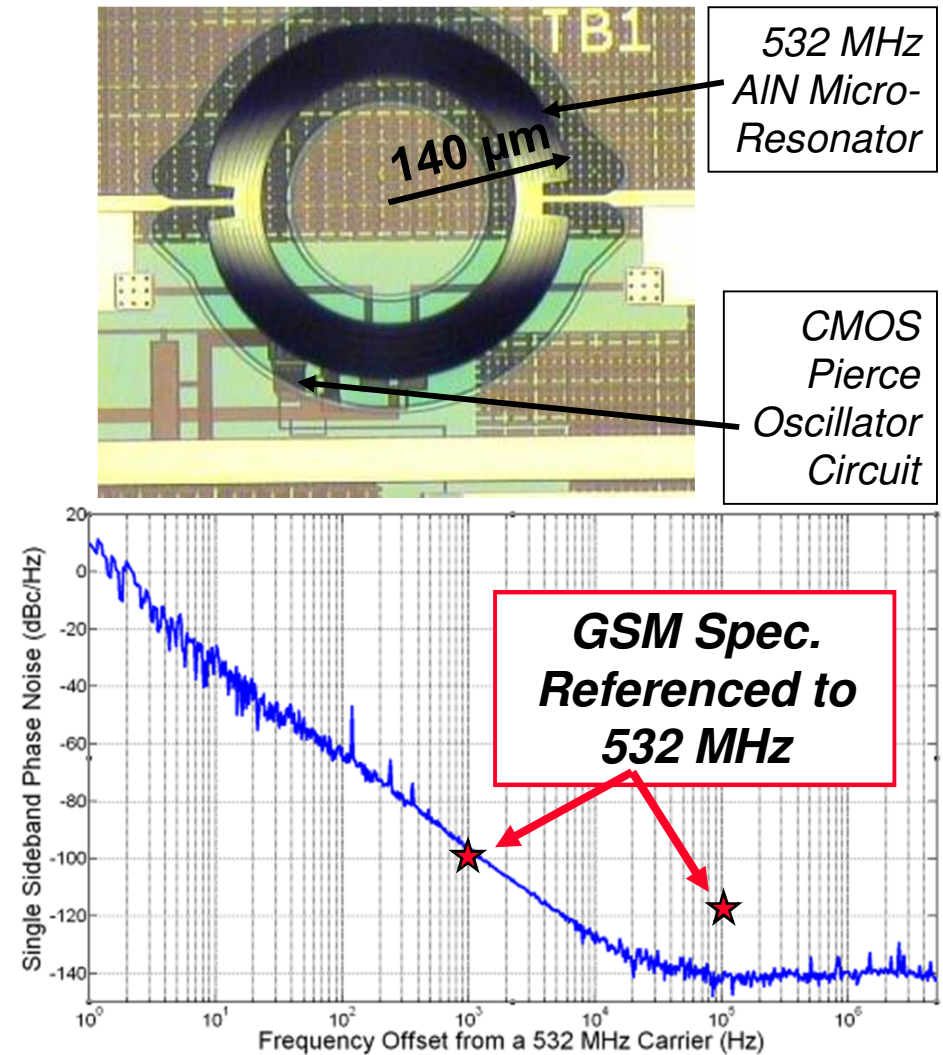
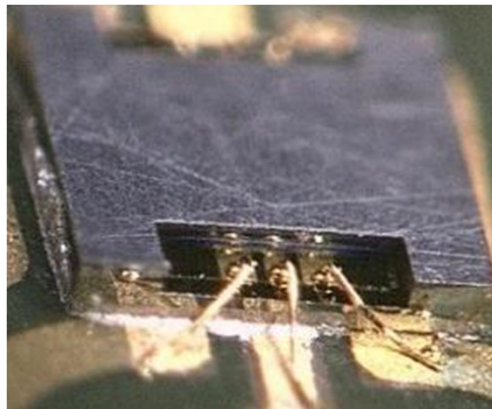


Microresonator Wafer-Level-Packaging Process Flow

AlN MEMS Oscillators

- Overcome Thickness Limitations of Quartz Crystals
- Oscillator Synthesis Directly at RF for Reduced Power (No PLL) and Size
- Communications Grade Phase Noise Performance
- Ovenization at Ultra Low Power Levels

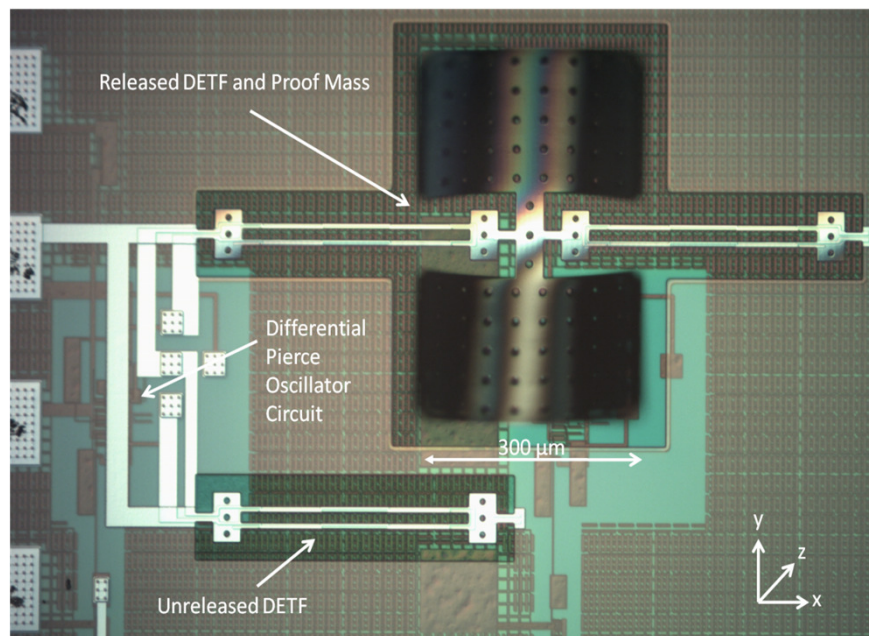
1.3 x 1.3 x 0.2 mm
Microresonator
Packaging



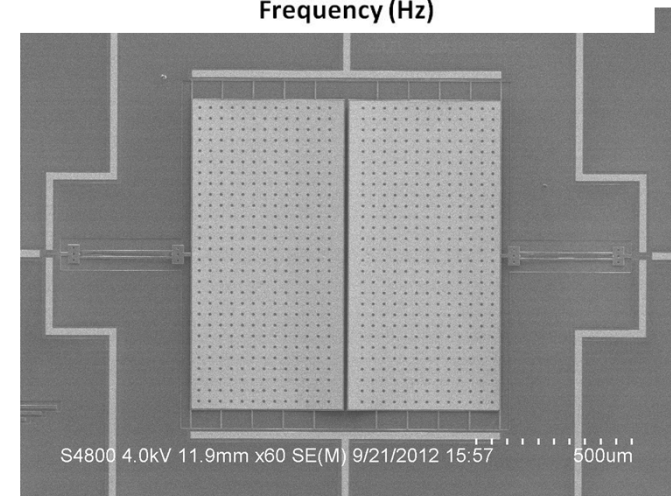
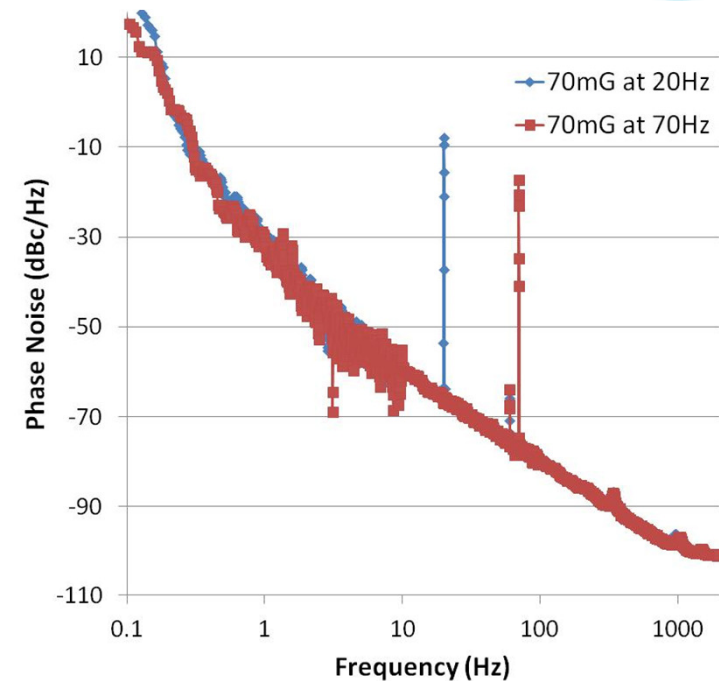
Picture and Phase Noise of a 532 MHz AlN
Oscillator Integrated Directly Over CMOS

AlN MEMS Accelerometers

- Resolution = $70 \mu\text{G}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
- Mobile Phone Level Performance
- Integration with CMOS
- Wafer Level and Thin Packaging



AlN Accelerometer on CMOS7 Photo



Inertial Sensor Die Photo and Measurement

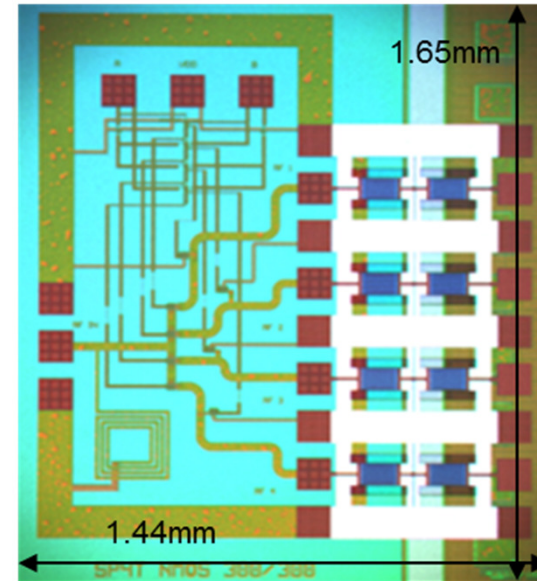
Conclusions

➤ *Aluminum Nitride MEMS Devices Offer Advantages Over Incumbent Technologies*

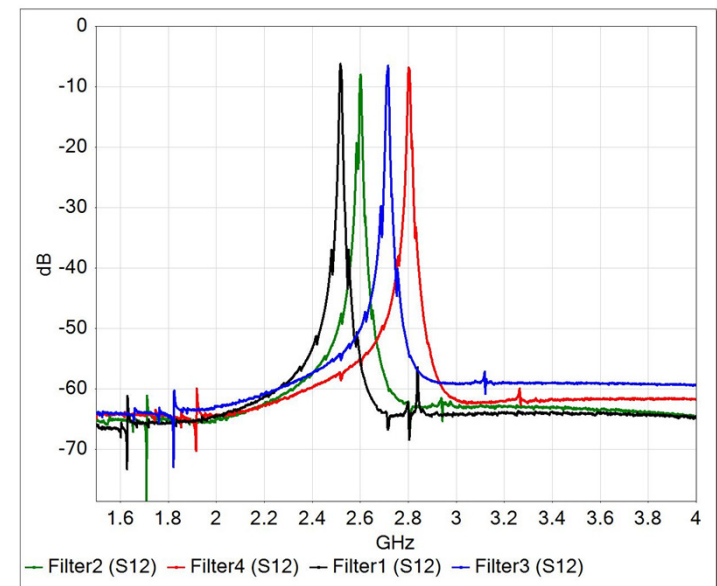
- Contour Mode AIN Filters
 - Frequency/Bandwidth Diversity, Size
- AIN MEMS Oscillators
 - Power, Thermal Stability, Thickness
- AIN Inertial Sensors
 - Power, Size, Resolution

➤ *In the Future*

- Reconfigurable and Tunable Filters
- Higher FOM Materials for Lower Loss, Wider Bandwidth and Tuning

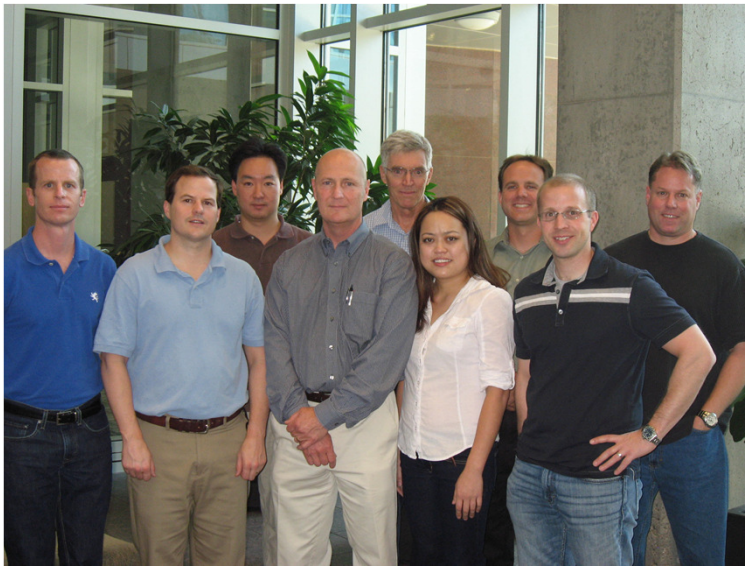


S-Band
Switched
Filter Array



Acknowledgments

Sandia wins R&D Magazine's 2011 R&D100 Award: "Microresonator Filters and Frequency References"



Funding Sources

Sandia National Laboratories LDRD Program, DARPA ASP, CSSA and RFFPGA Programs, Many Others

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Key Contributors

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