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Title: Update of Science, Technology and Engineering at Los Alamos

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July 12, 2011



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Update of Science, Technology and Engineering at Los Alamos

Terry C. Wallace and Janet A. Mercer-Smith

The Laboratory provides science solution to the mission areas of nuclear deterrence, global security, and energy security. The strength of LANL's science is at the core of the Laboratory. The Laboratory addresses important science questions for stockpile stewardship, global security, and energy security.

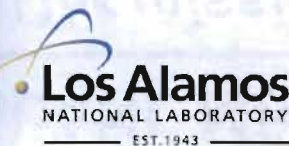
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Update of Science, Technology and Engineering at Los Alamos

Terry C. Wallace
Principal Associate Director for
Science, Technology and Engineering

July 12, 2011



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- Ensure the safety, security, and reliability of the U.S. nuclear deterrent
- Reduce global threats
- Solve Energy Security and other emerging national security challenges

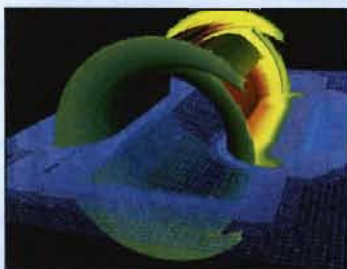
**Our vision is to be the premier
National Security Science
Laboratory.**



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LANL Mission: National Security Science

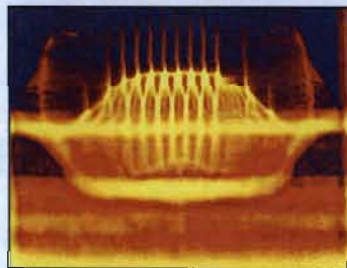
Stockpile Stewardship



Large-Scale Simulation
Stockpile Stewardship



B61-7/11 Strategic Bomb



Proton radiography



Pit Manufacturing



W76, W78, W88
for Trident &
Minuteman III

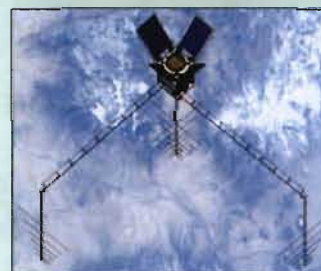
Global Security



Non Proliferation



Intelligence Analysis



Space Systems
Six other product lines

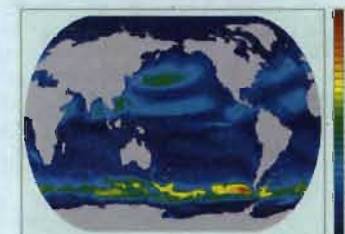
Energy Security



Materials and Concepts
for Clean Energy



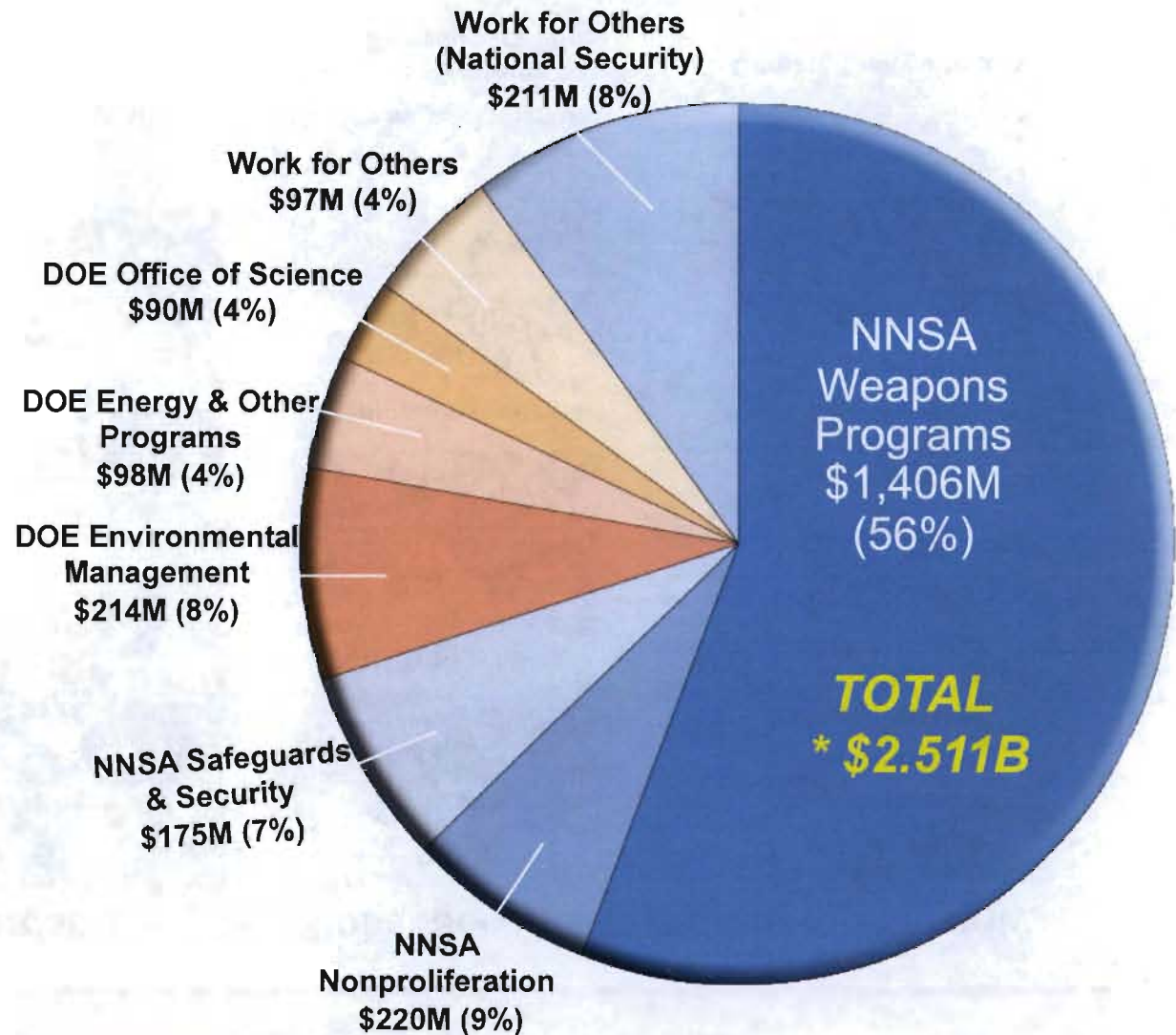
Nuclear Energy



Climate Energy Nexus

Lab Budget

*The Laboratory's FY11 annual budget is approximately \$2.5 billion.



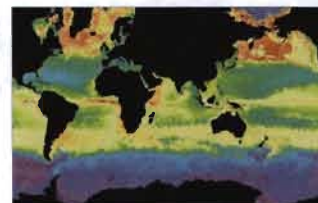
The capabilities of the Laboratory serve program.



Computational Physics & Applied Mathematics



Accelerators & Electrodynamics



Information & Knowledge Science



Nuclear Physics, Astrophysics & Cosmology



Weapons Science & Engineering



Computer & Computational Sciences



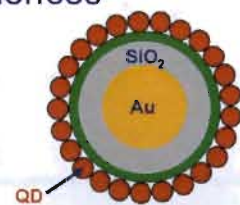
High-Energy Density Plasmas & Fluids



Sensors, Remote Sensing & Sensor Systems



Biosciences



Chemical Science



Materials

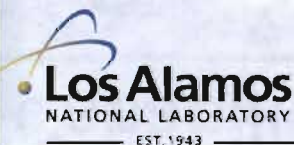
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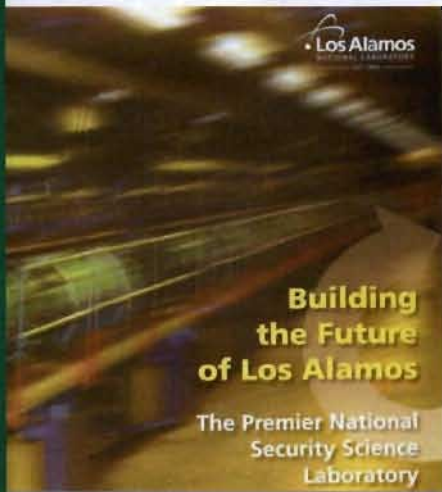
Nuclear Engineering and Technology



Earth & Space Sciences



Capability pillars define areas we must sustain.



- Experimental science focused on materials for the future
- Information science and technology enabling integrative and predictive science
- Science of Signatures for enduring national needs

Materials for the Future



Controlled Functionality
Los Alamos
 NATIONAL LABORATORY
 EST. 1943

Information Science and Technology for Integrative and Predictive Science



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Science of Signatures



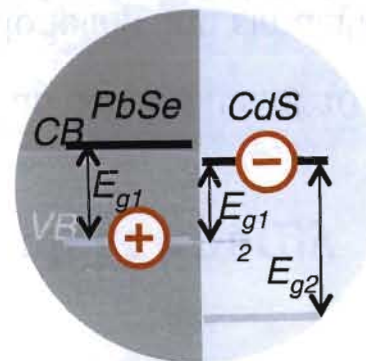


Center for Advanced Solar Photophysics

Novel Materials for Next-Generation Solar Cells

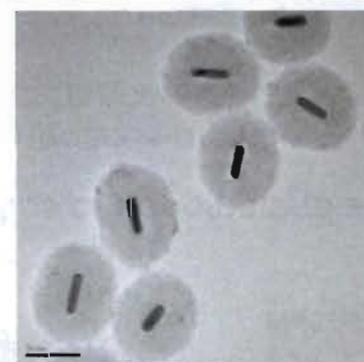
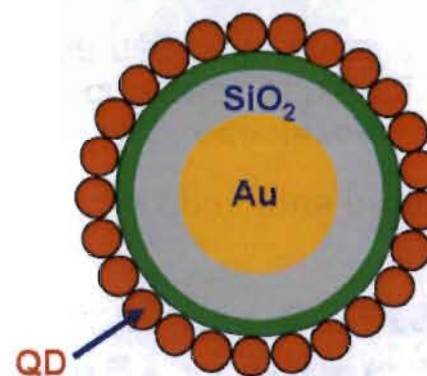
Nanoscale Heterojunctions

- Spatially indirect" gap (E_{g12}) tunable through infrared
- Pulls charges apart
- Increases time to extract and transport
- Potential use in photocatalysis and photovoltaics



Semiconductor-metal hybrids

- Increased sunlight absorption
- Enhanced non-linear processes, such as two-photon absorption and carrier multiplication
- Potential use in ultrathin solar cells



Los Alamos forms collaborations to address major energy security science issues.

Biofuels



- National Alliance for Advanced Biofuels and Bioproducts Consortium
- National Advanced Biofuels Consortium
- LANL leads algal strain development, harvesting, extraction, catalyst development, commercialization.

Green House Gas Information System



- Global climate models
- Monitoring and verification
- Infrastructure analysis



Energy Frontier Research Centers



- Focus on unique properties of nanomaterials
- CMIME: nanolayered composites provide increased strength and enhanced radiation damage tolerance.
- Center for Advanced Solar Photophysics: nanoscale structures boost solar-energy conversion efficiency.

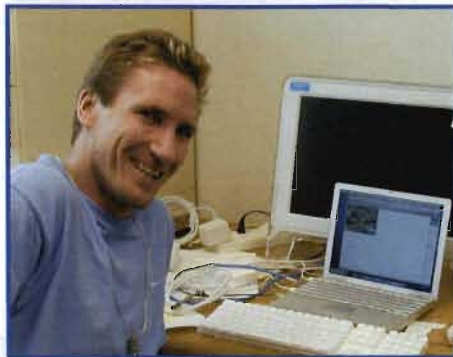
Nuclear Energy



- Hub consortium of 10 principal partners
- Modeling and simulation to improve performance of nuclear power plants
- LANL leads material science and models and numerical methods areas.

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External awards recognize LANL researchers.



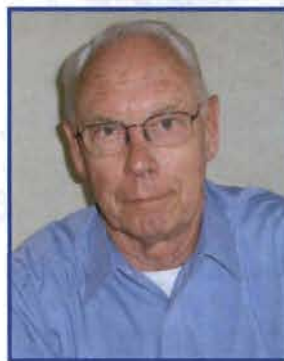
William Higdon
Fellow of the American
Statistical Association



Paul Johnson
Fellow of the American
Geophysical Union



Christine Anderson-Cook
Outstanding New Mexico
Woman
Governor's Award



James N. Johnson
George E. Duvall Shock
Compression Science Award
American Physical Society

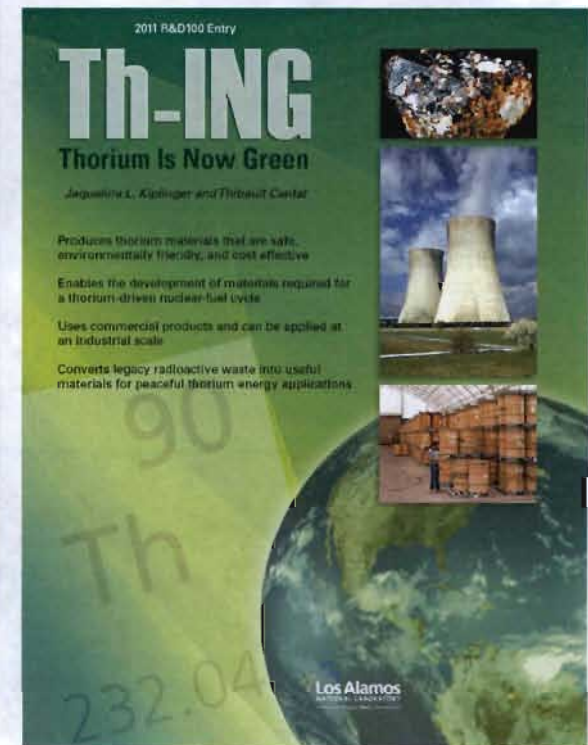
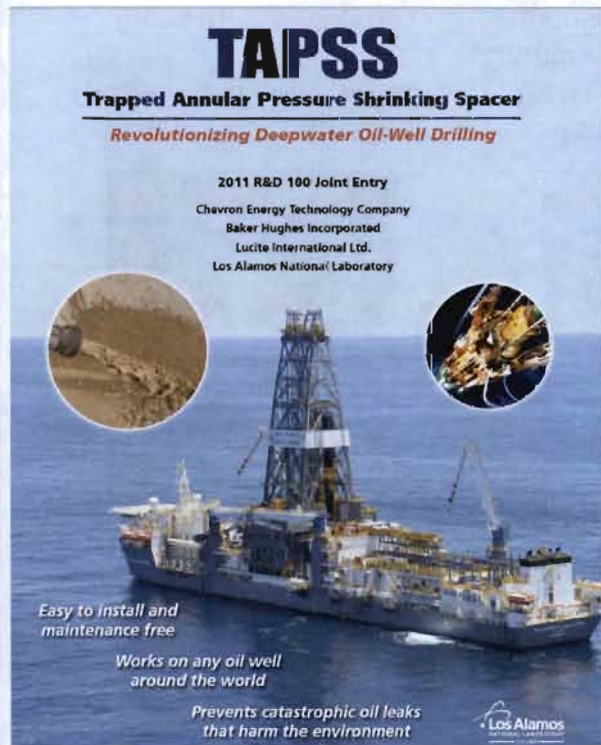


Bill Press
President
American Association for
the Advancement of Science



Joanne Wendelberger
Chapter Service
Recognition Award
American Statistical
Association

R&D100 Awards recognize innovation.



In response to DOE's guidance, we are developing a pre-conceptual design proposal for MaRIE.



Current activities with NNSA and NE are key steps down the path:

LANSCe → Linac Risk Mitigation → MTS → MaRIE

Introduction and Summary

- **DOE/NNSA has affirmed its commitment to LANSCE for the next decade.**
 - *Letter from 3 Under Secretaries recognized role of LANSCE at LANL.*
 - *Requested LANL to develop strategy for long term science facility development.*
- **LANL has identified a clear scientific need: prediction and control of materials in extreme environments.**
 - *The broader community has validated the science opportunity via workshops.*
 - *The workshop process identified needs and gaps relative to today's capabilities.*
- **A facility concept has been developed to meet this need: Matter-Radiation Interactions in Extremes (MaRIE).**
 - *The proposed set of capabilities is unique.*
 - *Ongoing investments at LANSCE are an important base for this strategy.*
- **The science case and facility concept for MaRIE are complete: next step is CD-0.**
 - *Mission need crosses DOE, including NNSA, SC (BES, FES), and Energy (NE).*
 - *Developing a plan and budget profile requires active engagement from these offices*

***We request your support to pursue a broad, DOE-wide
CD-0 under the leadership of S-4.***



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NNSA has launched a "New Facilities Committee" somewhat emulating the Orbach 2003 SC Facility Plan.

Dear Dr. Anastasio:

The Office of Defense Programs is developing a strategy for construction of new experimental science facilities. This strategy builds on the framework laid out in the Stockpile Stewardship and Management Plan and will be included in the next submission of this Plan to Congress. The goal of the strategy is to ensure that NNSA and its national laboratories will have the capabilities to address future national security needs and to provide premier scientific user facilities for recruiting and retention. The strategy will also guide budgetary planning.

To prioritize construction of new facilities, a formal call for proposals will be announced. Submitted proposals will be presented to a review panel in a meeting

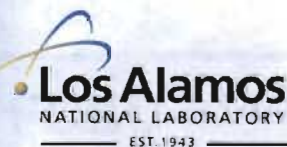
This process will focus on large facilities. Roughly, a large facility investment is taken to be one with costs exceeding \$100M. Smaller scale facilities that would be part of a technical roadmap for development of a large facility will also be considered.

send the name of the nominee to Dr. Christopher Deeney. As NNSA would like to send out the proposal call by mid-summer, the Committee's work should be completed within the next two months.

Sincerely,



DONALD L. COOK
Deputy Administrator



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New Facilities Committee

- Jason Pruet, NNSA
- Melissa Marggraff, LLNL
- Julia Phillips, SNL
- John Sarrao, LANL

Meetings

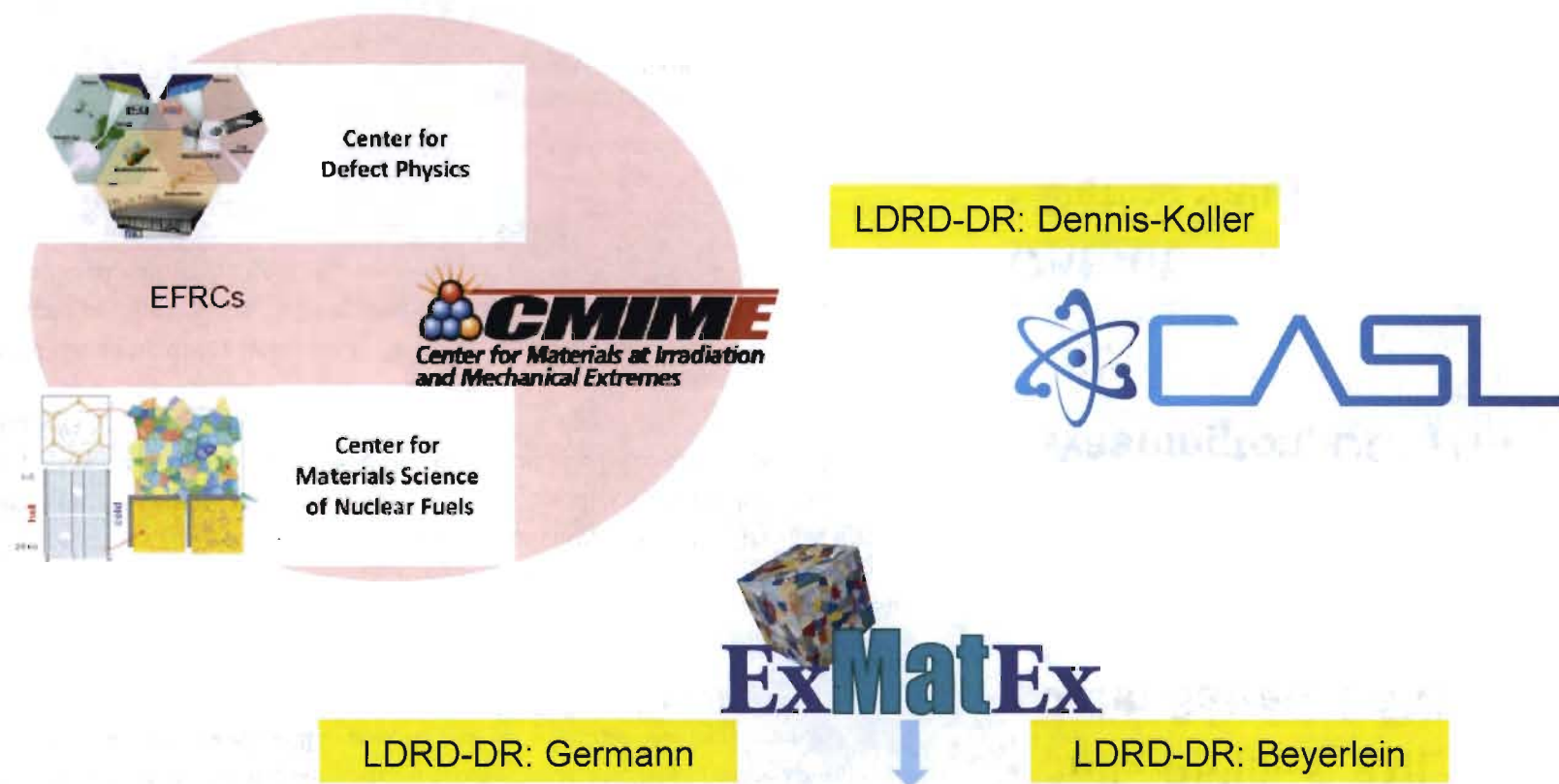
- LLNL, 6/28
- Washington, DC, 7/14

Output

- Define values, criteria, proposal content, review process.
- (NOT to perform actual review)



Recent efforts to integrate theory and experiment through co-design for materials in extremes are succeeding and build on LDRD investments.



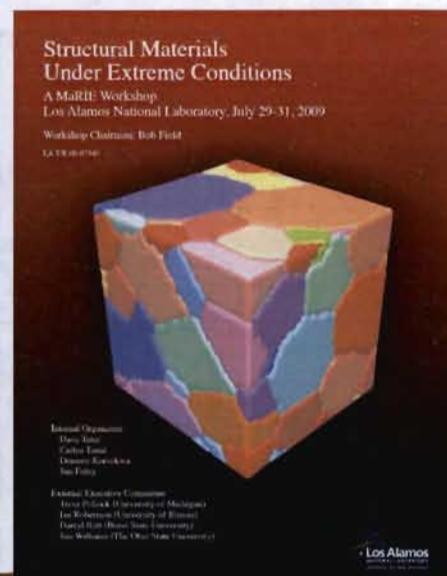
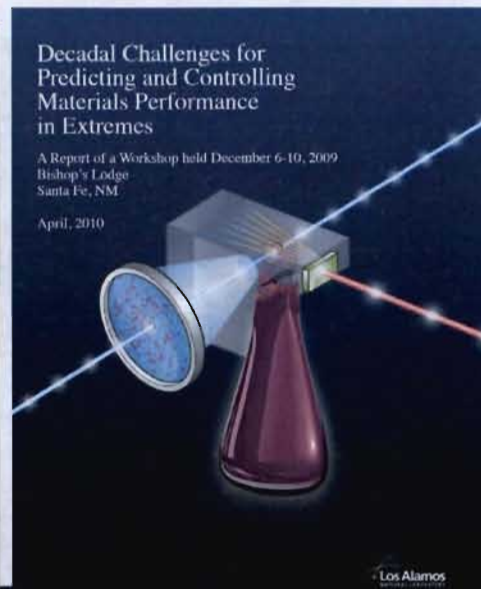
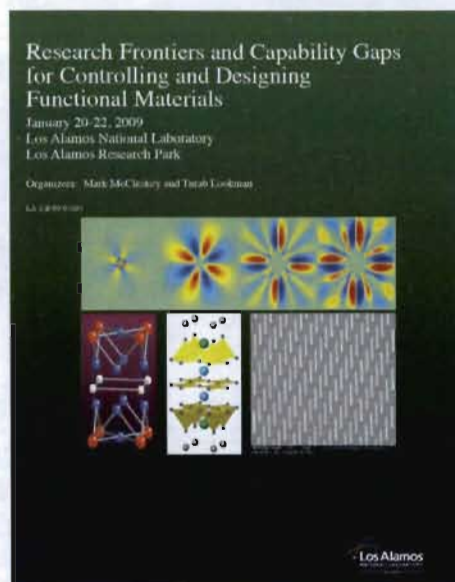
OSTP "Materials Genome Initiative"

Materials in Extremes/Irradiation Resistant Materials (BES/FES/ASCR)/NNSA/NE

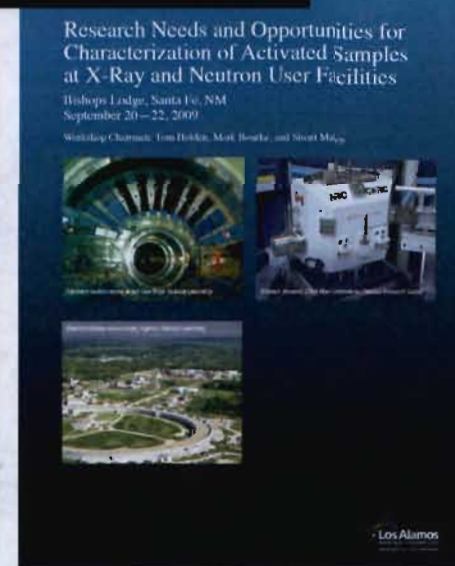
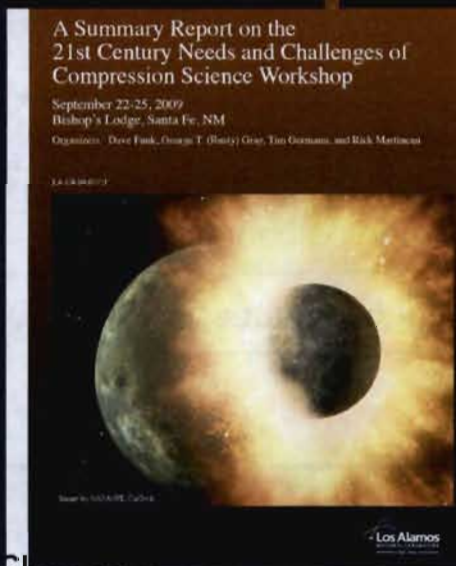
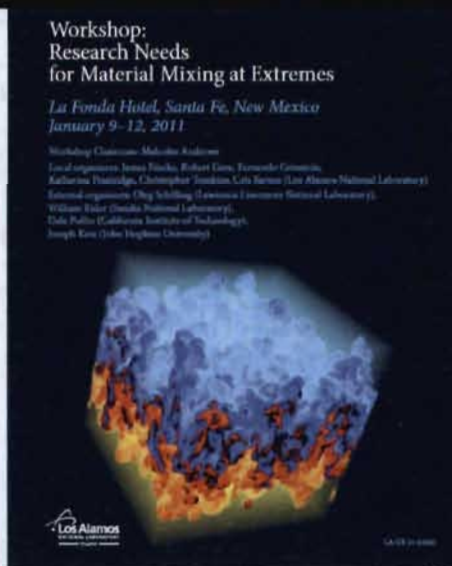
FY11 LDRD Reserve investments (~\$2.5M) targeted on materials in extremes accelerate science underlying MaRIE first experiments.

XFEL physics	Coherence Effects in X-ray Diffraction Imaging	Quinn Marksteiner John Barber
	Control of XFEL-Radiation Focusing through Electron-Beam Manipulation	Kip Bishofberger
APS expts	Synchrotron X-ray Laue Diffraction and Phase Contrast Imaging of Fe and Explosive Simulants under Shock Loading	Shengnian Luo
	In-Situ Probing Monitoring of Microstructure Evolution During Annealing of Radiation Damage with High Energy Synchrotron X-ray Diffraction	Donald Brown
	Three Dimensional Quantification of Metallic Microstructures in the Presence of Damage	Curt Bronkhorst
Advanced pRad	Achieving the Ultimate Spatial and Density Resolution of 800 MeV Proton Radiography	Alexander Saunders
Synthesis science	Developing and synthesizing epitaxial nanocomposites with controlled defect landscapes and desired functionalities	Quanxi Jia
	Fluid Flow Imaging of Alloy Melts and In-situ Fundamental Solidification Experiments at Temperature Extremes	Amy Clarke
	Microstructure Analysis for Extreme Events: A Stochastic Modeling Framework for Microstructure Datasets	John Bingert
Materials Certification	Accelerating Materials Certification	John Sarrao

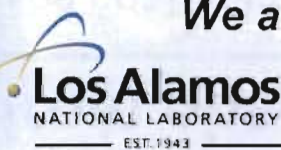
In 2009 we engaged more than 225 scientists from 80 institutions in 7 countries in a MaRIE-inspired dialogue (we continue to host workshops).



Thanks to our external colleagues who contributed to workshop leadership.



Marie

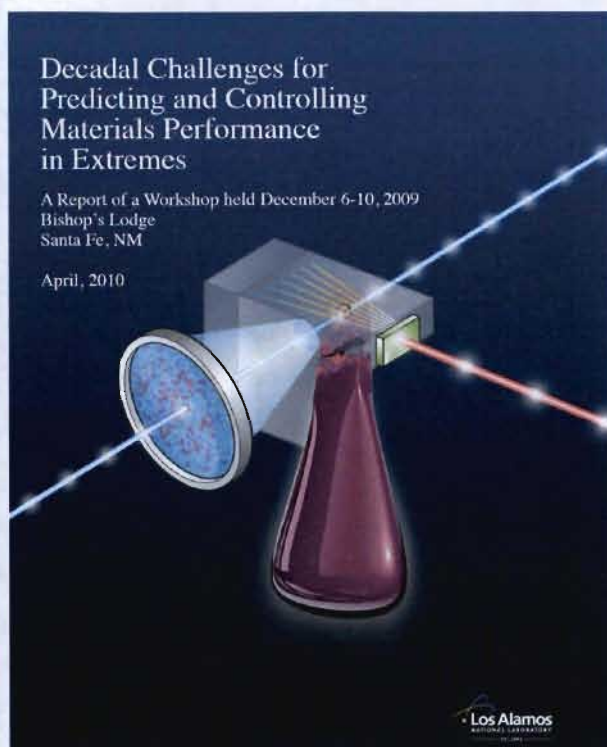


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Materials research is on the brink of a new era – moving from observation of performance to control of properties.

The confluence of improved experimental capabilities (e.g. 4th generation light sources, controlled synthesis and characterization, ...) and simulation advances are providing remarkable insights at length and time scales previously inaccessible.



New capabilities will be needed to realize this vision:

In situ, dynamic measurements

simultaneous scattering & imaging

of well-controlled and characterized materials

advanced synthesis and characterization

in extreme environments

dynamic loading, irradiation

coupled with predictive modeling and simulation

materials design & discovery

MaRIE builds on the LANSCE facility to provide unique experimental tools to meet this need.

First x-ray scattering capability at high energy and high repetition frequency with simultaneous charged particle dynamic imaging

(MPDH: Multi-Probe Diagnostic Hall)

Unique in-situ diagnostics and irradiation environments beyond best planned facilities

(F³: Fission and Fusion Materials Facility)

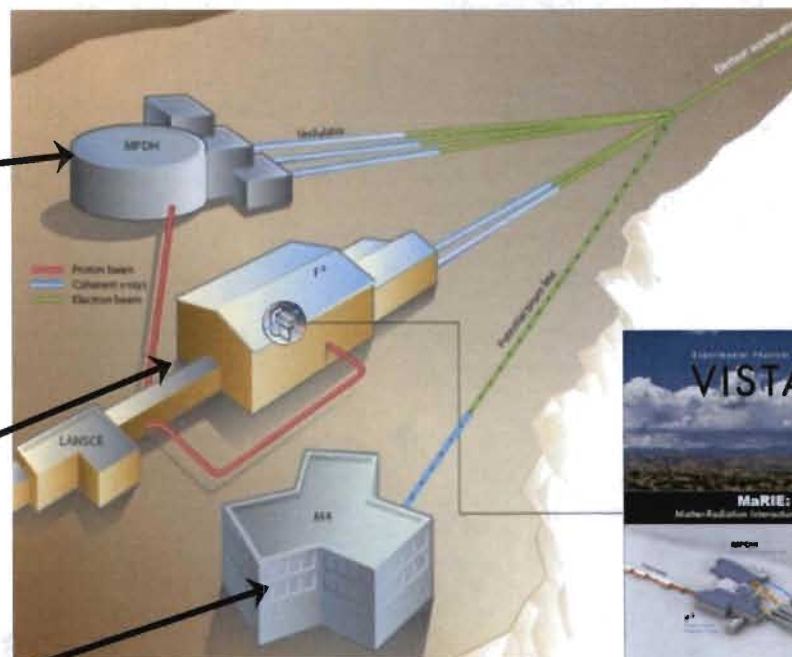
Comprehensive, integrated resource for materials synthesis and control, with national security infrastructure

(M4: Making, Measuring & Modeling Materials Facility)

MaRIE will provide unprecedented international user resources.



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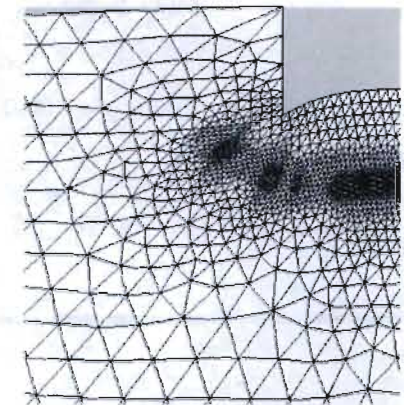
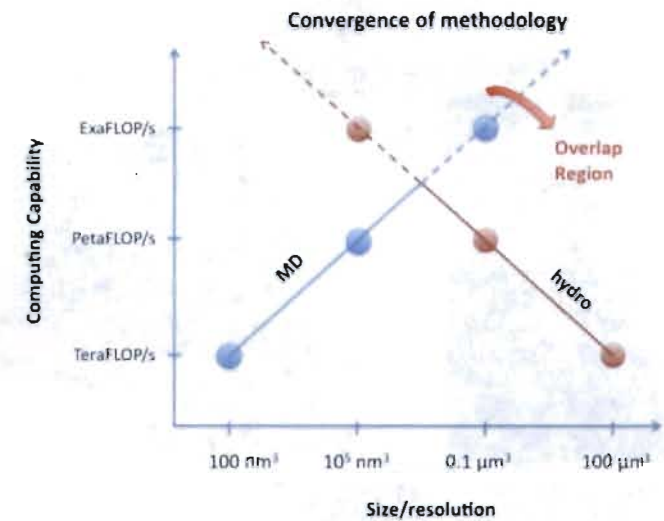


- Unique very hard x-ray XFEL
- Unique simultaneous photon-proton imaging measurements
- Unique spallation neutron-based irradiation capability
- Unique in-situ, transient radiation damage measurements
- Unique materials design and discovery capability

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Co-design objective of the ExMatEx Center

- We will develop a multiphysics exascale simulation framework for modeling materials subjected to extreme *mechanical* and *radiation* environments.
- Our strategy is a UQ-driven *adaptive physics refinement* in which coarse-scale simulations spawn sub-scale direct numerical simulations as needed.
- This *task-based* approach leverages the extensive concurrency and heterogeneity expected at exascale while enabling fault tolerance within applications.
- The programming models and approaches developed to achieve this will be broadly applicable to a variety of multiscale, multiphysics applications.



Co-design objective of the ExMatEx Center

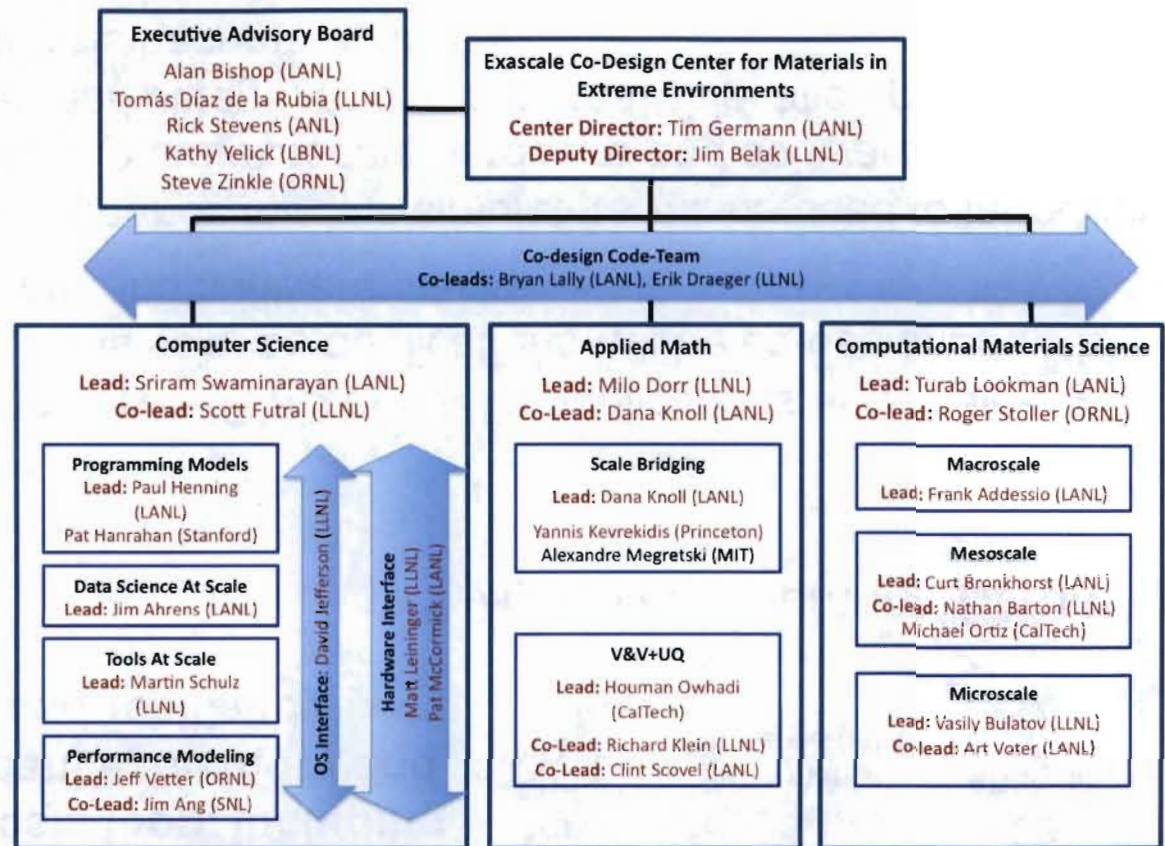
- We will establish and execute a continuous (i.e., throughout the project lifetime) algorithm/hardware modeling, evaluation, optimization, and synthesis loop, including optimization for performance, memory and data movement, power, and resiliency.



Agile Development "Scrum"

- Both single-physics (e.g. petascale QMD and MD) applications and scale-bridging multi-physics materials science applications will be co-designed with candidate exascale hardware and software stacks.
- Proxy applications and performance models/simulators will be used to introduce a realistic domain workload into the exascale hardware and software stack development process at an early stage, and enable real scientific applications ready when exascale platforms become available.

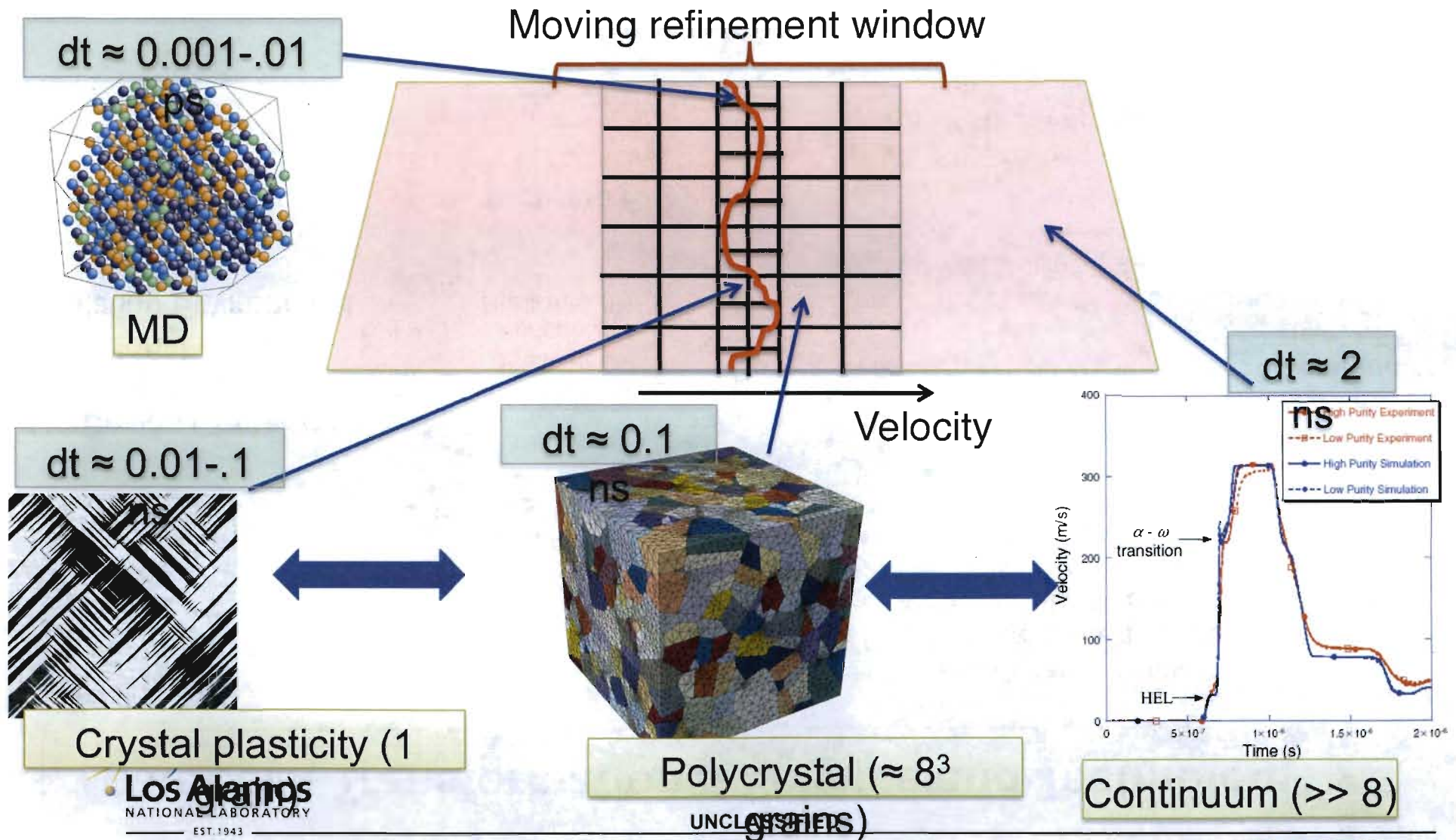
We are planning the Exascale Co-Design Center for Materials in Extreme Environments (“ExMatEx”)



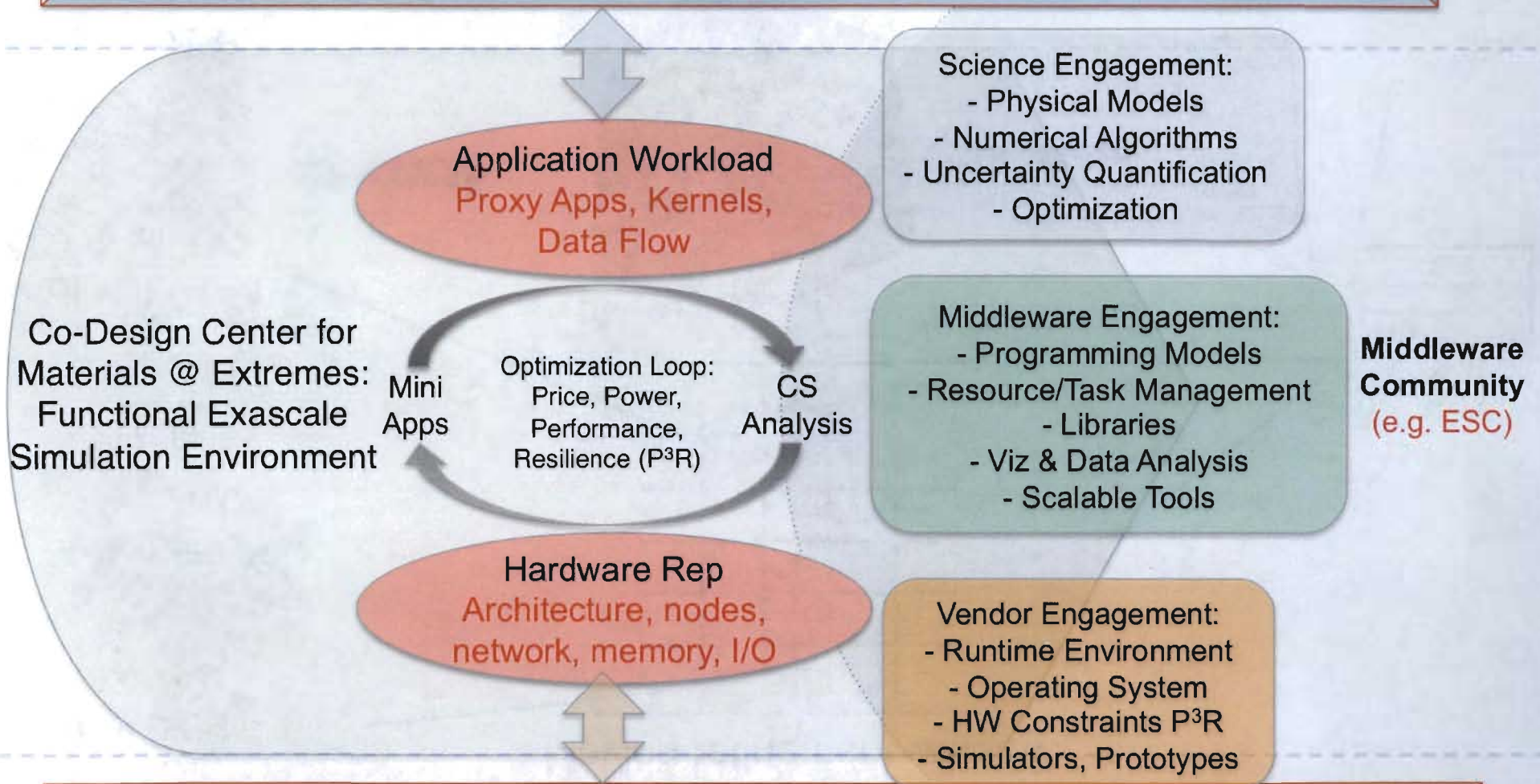
ASCR
ASC/PEM

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Adaptive Physics Refinement in the course of shock propagation

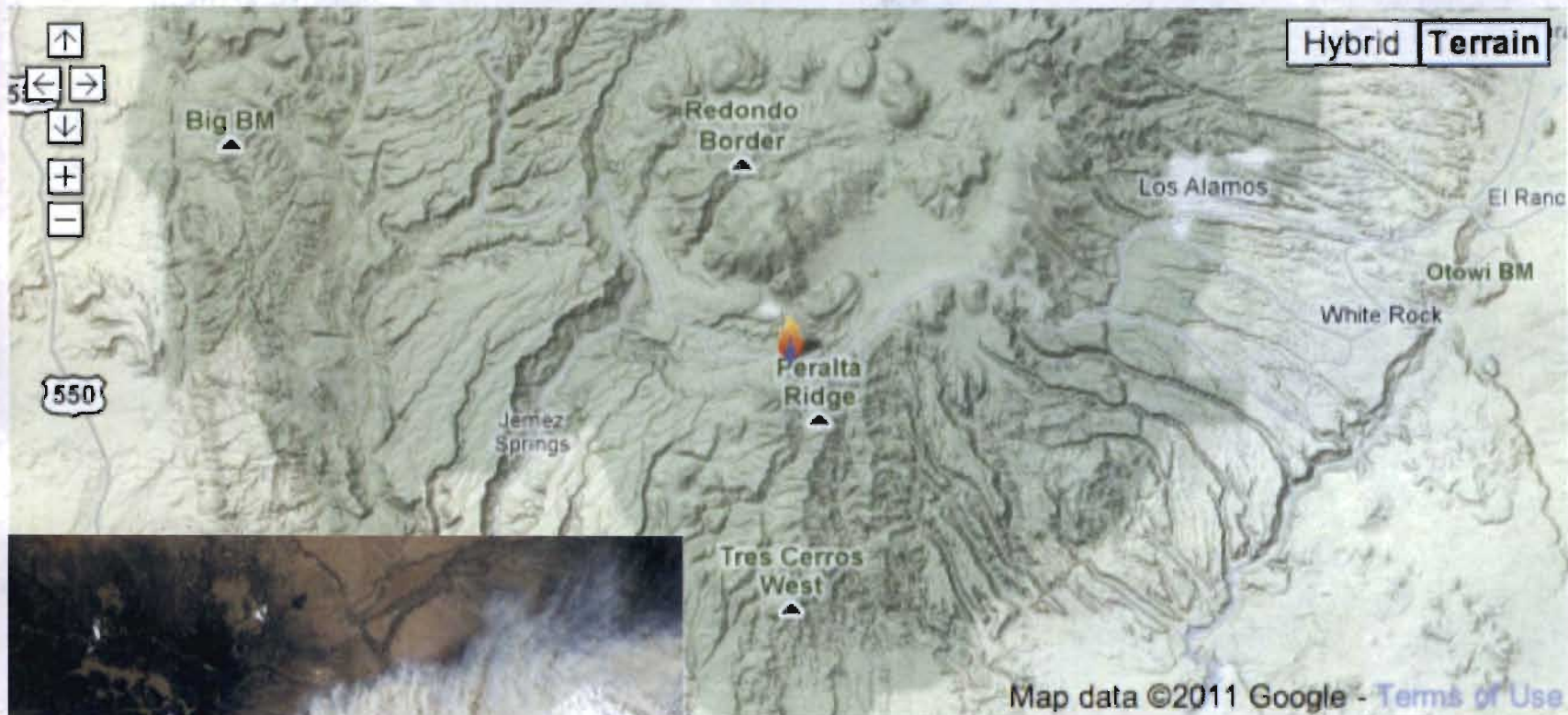


Materials: Transformational Science and Technology



Hardware: Innovative Technology Development
e.g. IBM, Cray, Intel, Nvidia

Early Stages of the Fire



Los Alamos
NATIONAL LABORATORY
EST. 1943

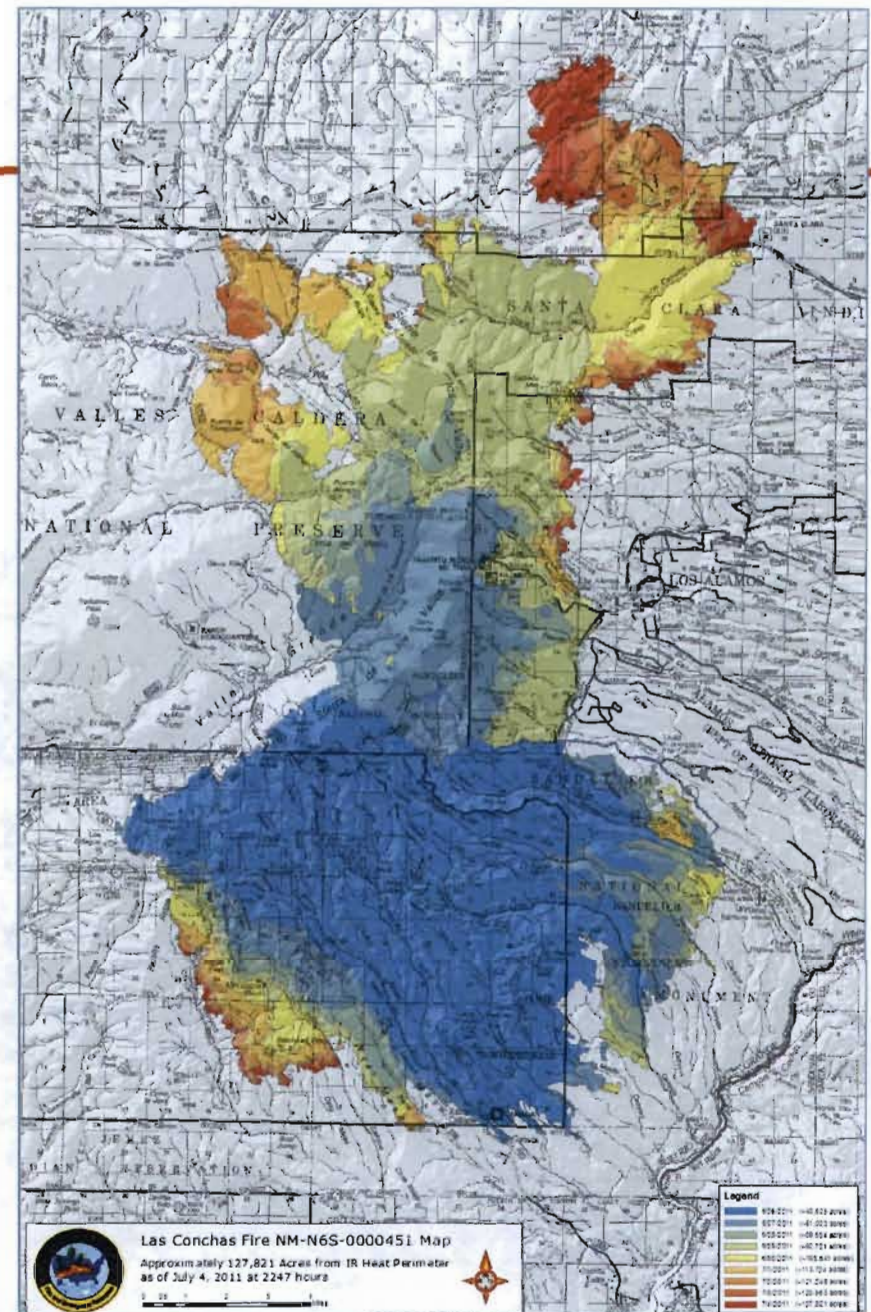
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Fire Statistics as of July 6

- Acres burned: 130,691
- Percent contained: 30%
- Total Personnel: 2,557 includes 63 crews
- Resources
 - Helicopters: 20
 - Engines: 91
 - Water Tenders: 35
 - Dozers: 14
- Residences
 - Threatened: 410
 - Destroyed: 62
- Commercial Property
 - Threatened: 45
 - Destroyed: 0
- Outbuildings
 - Threatened: 110
 - Destroyed: 32



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The fire formed an enormous smoke plume.



Aerial View of LANL, Los Alamos Townsite, and Fire Extent

