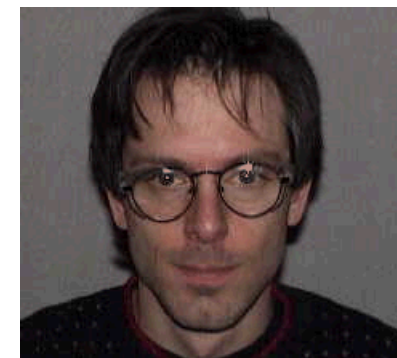
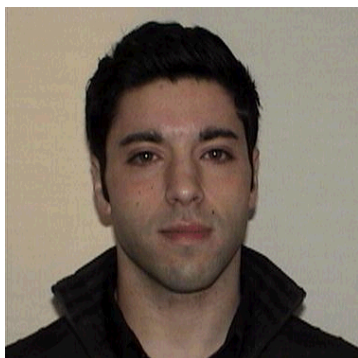




# Control of both particle and pore size in nanoporous Pd powders

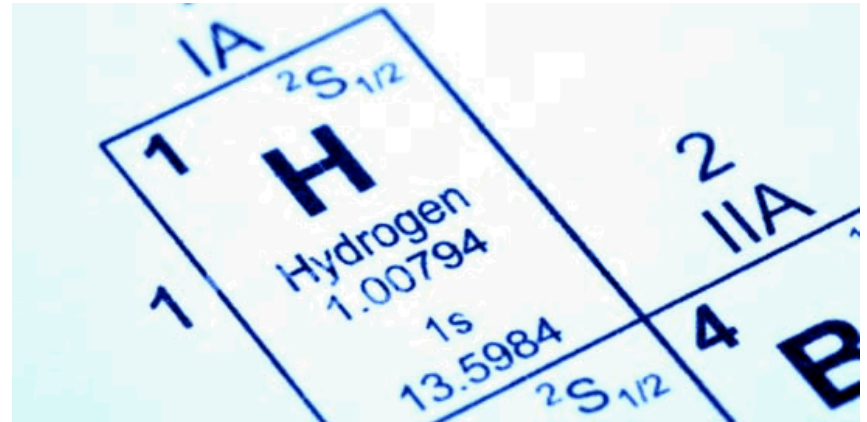
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Energy Nanomaterials Department (8651)  
Sandia National Laboratories, Livermore, CA  
April 2013



Sandia National Laboratories is a multi-program laboratory managed and operated by Sandia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Lockheed Martin Corporation, for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000.

- Purpose
- Why Palladium
- Controlling Porosity
- Controlling Particle Shape/Size



[www.askipedia.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/06/hydrogen](http://www.askipedia.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/06/hydrogen)

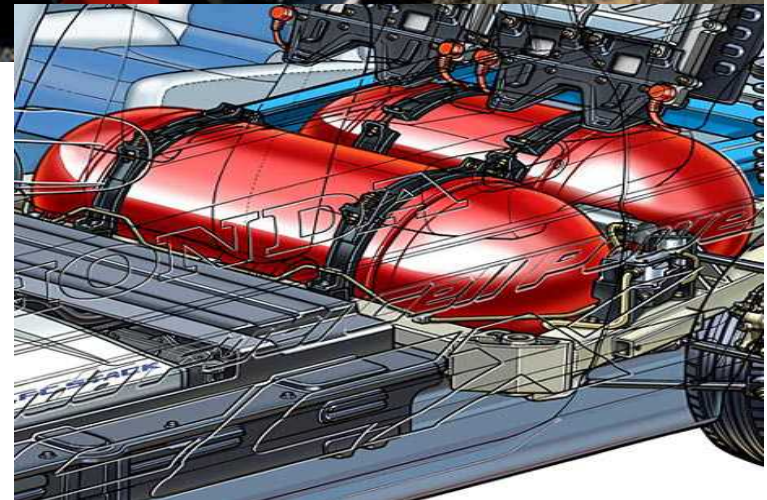


[www.sciencepicturecompany.com/images/4956/Palladium-Chemical-Element](http://www.sciencepicturecompany.com/images/4956/Palladium-Chemical-Element)

# Hydrogen Storage and Clean Energy

- Hydrogen is clean energy
- Current technology limits use
- Develop safer storage systems
- Improve reliability/efficiency

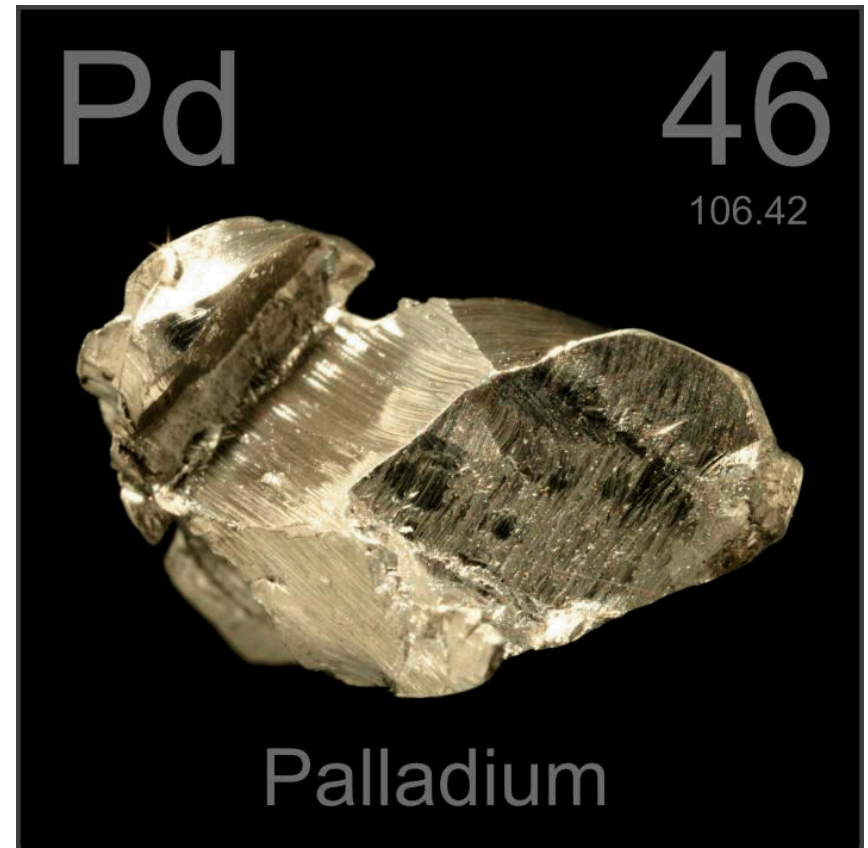
[www.sri.com](http://www.sri.com)



[www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/sciencenow](http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/sciencenow)

# Advantages of Palladium

- Similar to Platinum
- Can absorb 900x its volume in Hydrogen
- Absorption rate limited by surface area
- Larger Surface Area = Faster transport rates

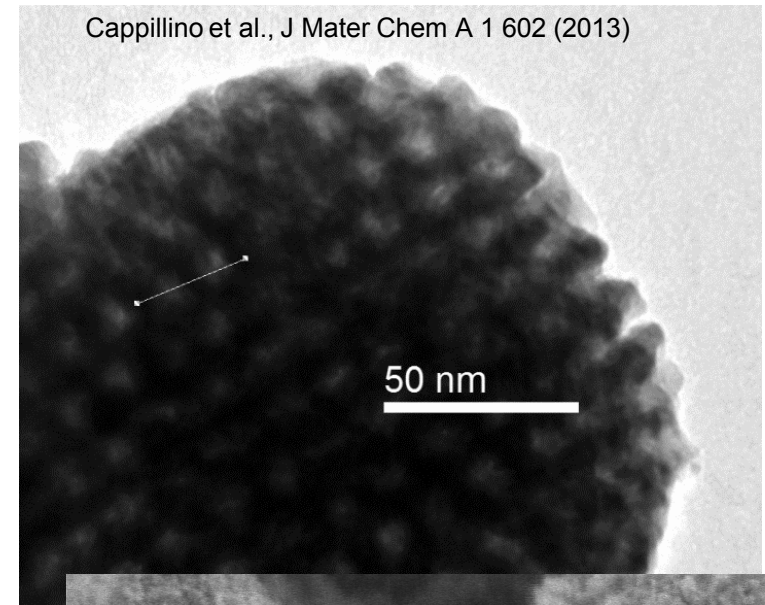


<http://periodictable.com/Items/046.10/index.html>



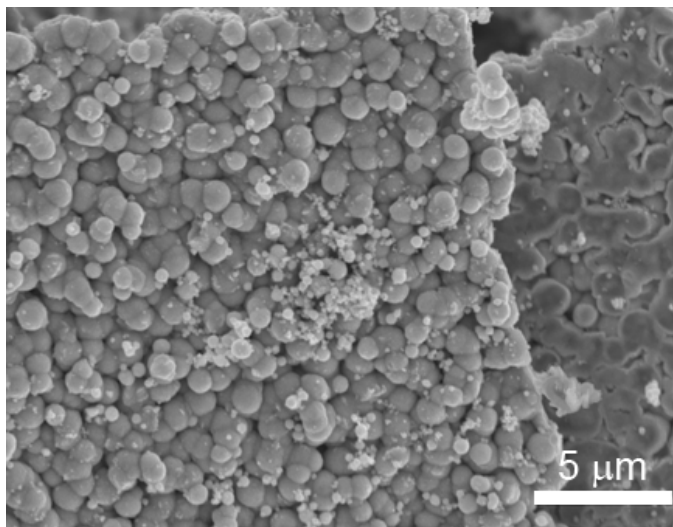
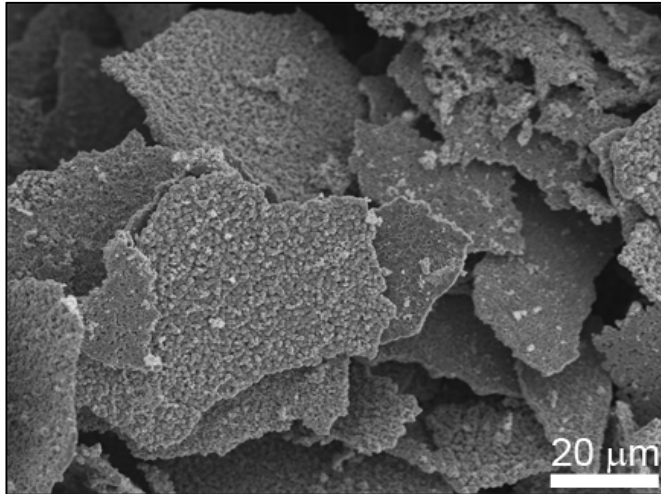
# Developing Nanoporous Palladium

- Pores maximize surface area
- Pores on nanoscale
- 10 – 20 nm diameter
- Pores = 100 atoms across
- Leads to faster kinetics

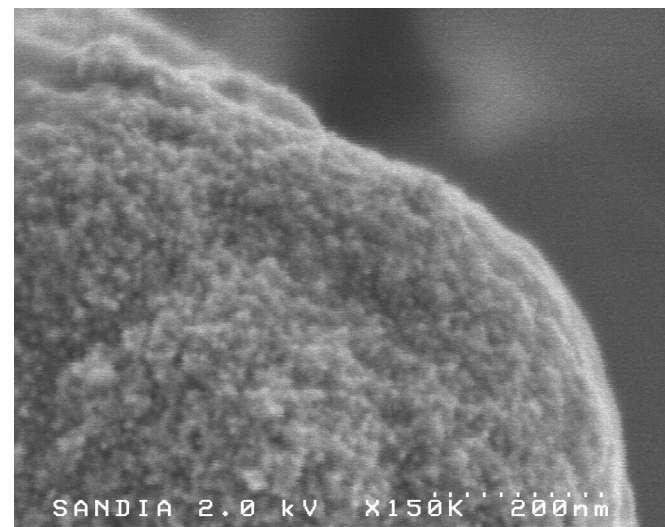
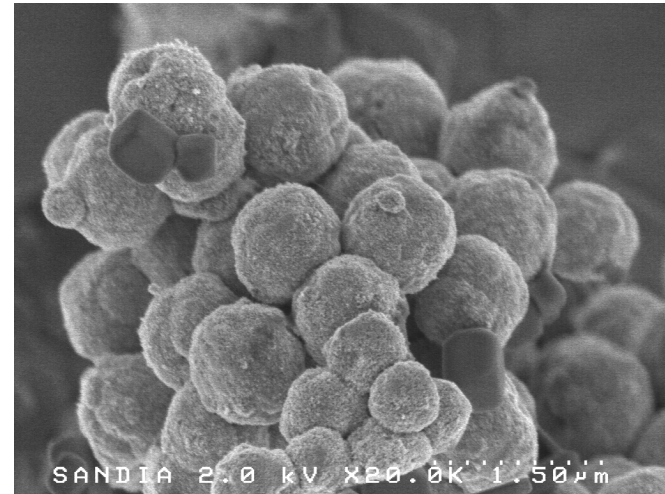


# Particle size/shape as important as pore size/shape

## Irregular Particle Size/Shape



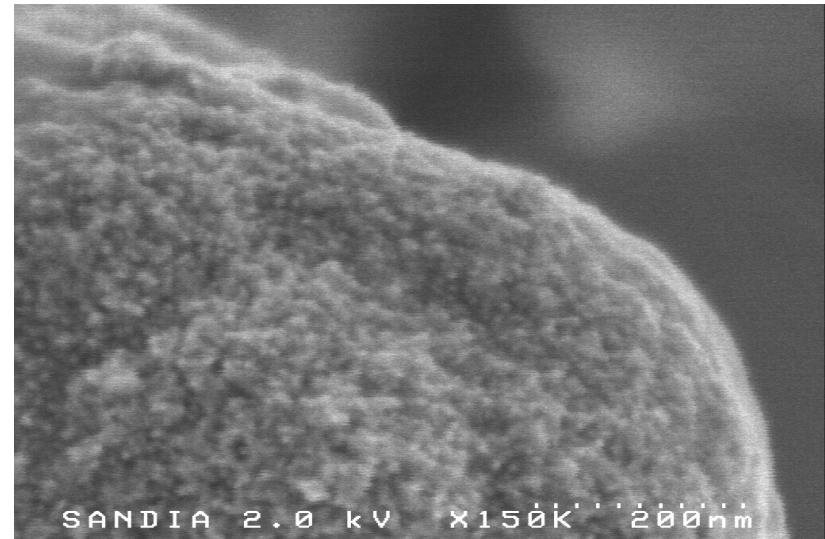
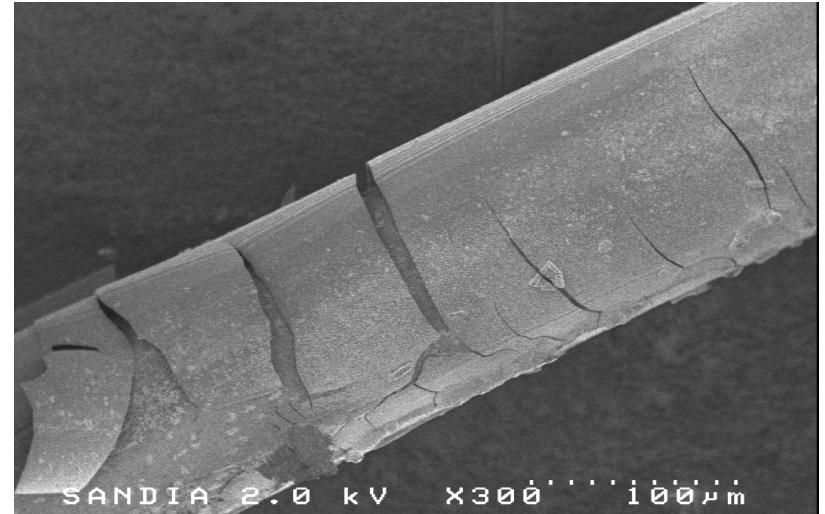
## Controlled Particle Size/Shape



Cappillino et al., J Mater Chem A 1 602 (2013)

# Chemical Reduction with Copper

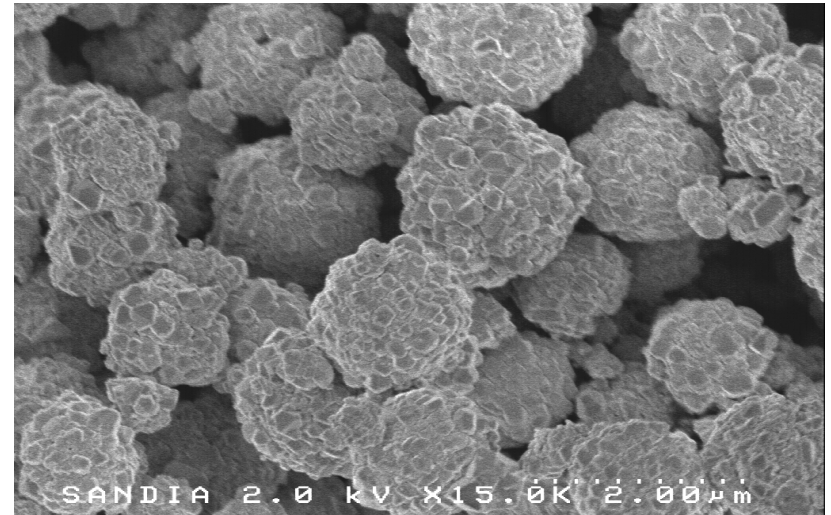
- $\text{Pd}^{2+} + \text{Cu}^0 \rightarrow \text{Pd}^0 + \text{Cu}^{2+}$
- Pd takes shape of copper
- Surfactant can be added to reaction solution
- Surfactant yields good pore size on surface





# Optimal conditions for Pd-Cu reduction

- 1:1 ratio Cu to Pd
- Cu dispersed in 1.0 wt% Pluronic F127 solution
- Pd salt dissolved in 2M NaCl solution
- Mixed at room temperature/3 - 4 days
- Reaction limited by amount of copper in one particle



Cu



Pd



# Summary

- Palladium used for hydrogen absorption
- Controlling pore size maximizes surface area
- Controlling shape improves surface area and packing density
- Possible for future large scale production

