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Title: Toward Joint Hypothesis-Tests Seismic Event Screening Analysis: Ms  
mb and Event Depth

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# Toward Joint Hypothesis-Tests Seismic Event Screening Analysis: Ms|mb and Event Depth

**39<sup>th</sup> Working Group B**

**Waveform Expert Group**

**Dale Anderson and Neil Selby<sup>1</sup>**

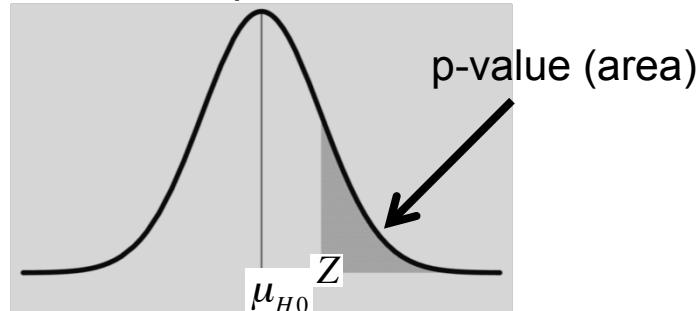
# Event Screening Framework for a Single Phenomenology

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- **H0: Single-point explosion characteristics**
  - Compute test statistic(s) assuming H0 is true
  - Compute p-value, a measure of evidence against H0
    - p-value near zero rejects H0
    - Otherwise, “fail to reject H0”
- **For Ms:mb event screening**
  - H0: Given mb, event has minimal surface wave energy
- **For depth event screening**
  - H0: Event depth  $Z \leq Z_0$

# Ms:mb Event Screening

- **H0: Given mb, event has minimal surface wave energy**
  - Single-station (i<sup>th</sup> station) model to build technical representation of H0
    - $Ms_i - \beta \times mb = \mu_{H0} + Model\ Error + Noise_i$ 
      - Left side corrects station Ms for event magnitude (Selby et al. prefer  $\beta = 1$ )
      - Right side is random effects model (Anderson et al. derive test statistic)
      - Model Error is common to all stations observing event ( $N(0, \tau^2)$ )  
(Model Error can include lack of depth correction on left side)
      - Noise is specific to a station ( $N(0, \sigma^2)$ )
    - Test statistic
      - Variance components in standard error computed from calibration data



$$Z = \frac{(\bar{Ms} - mb) - \mu_{H0}}{\sqrt{\tau^2 + \sigma^2 / n}}$$

# Ms:mb Event Screening: Data for Example Analysis

- **International Data Centre Data (Calendar Year 2008)**
  - 12120 events
    - Current IDC screening criteria applied to 1772 events
      - These events removed from data table when formulating Ms|mb hypothesis test
  - Calibrated Ms|mb test statistic applied to 2009 Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea (DPRK) announced nuclear weapon test
  - Under H0: Explosion Characteristics, the calibrated test statistic is

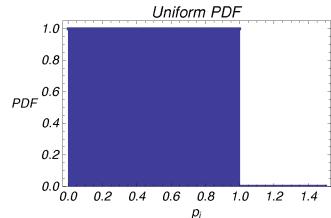
$$Z = \frac{(\bar{M}s - mb) - (-1.4)}{\sqrt{0.15 + 0.1/n}}$$

- **To illustrate joint hypothesis test, simulated (fabricated) depth hypothesis test was constructed that closely matches IDC depth screening criteria.**

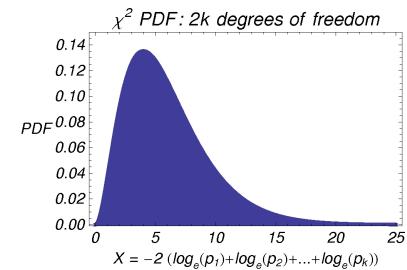
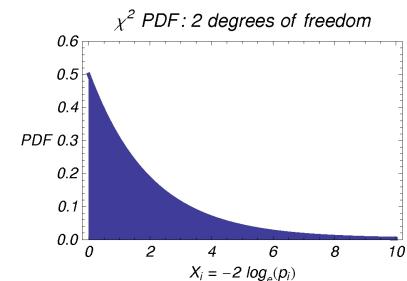
# Event Screening Framework with Multiple (orthogonal) Phenomenologies (Fisher)

## ■ Under H0

- Single phenomenology p-values ( $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_k$ ) have uniform probability distributions



- $X_i = -2 \log_e(p_i)$  is distributed  $\chi^2$  with 2 degrees of freedom
- $X = -2 (\log_e(p_1) + \log_e(p_2) + \dots + \log_e(p_k))$  is distributed  $\chi^2$  with  $2k$  degrees of freedom
- Compute p-value with  $X$ , a measure of evidence against H0
  - p-value near zero rejects H0
  - Otherwise, “fail to reject H0”



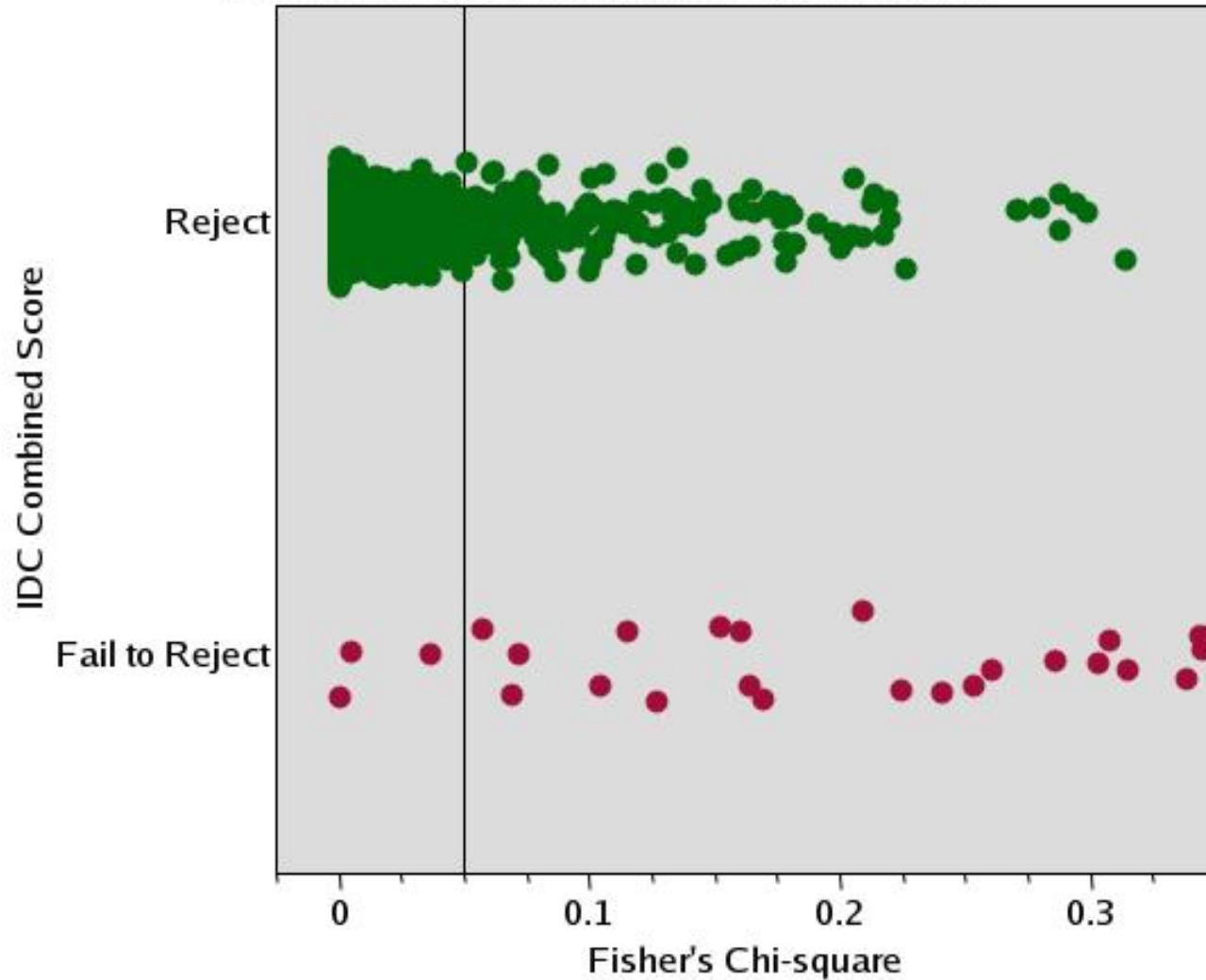
# Event Screening Framework with Multiple (orthogonal) Phenomenologies (Tippett)

- **Under H0**

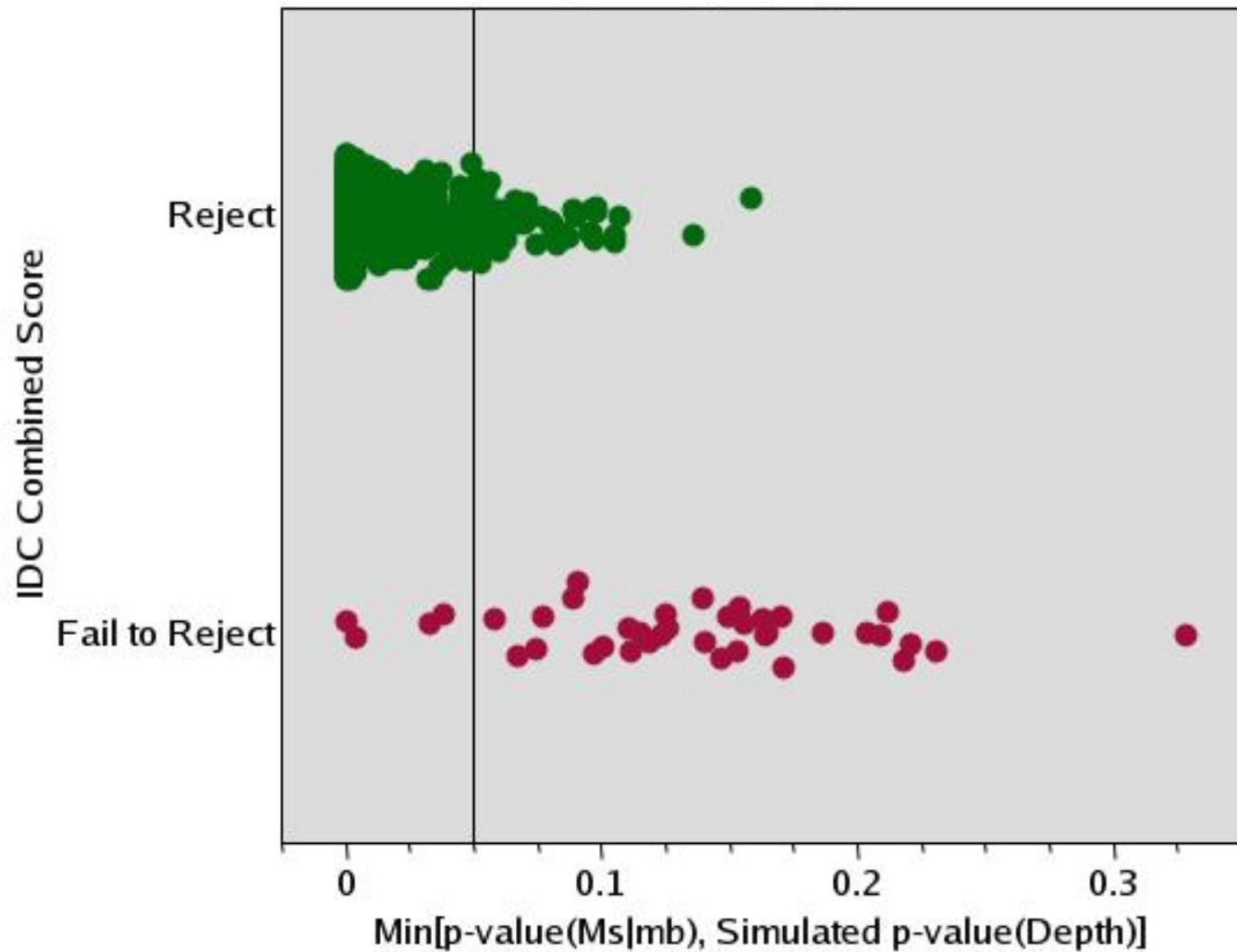
- Single phenomenology p-values measure support for explosion characteristic
- Screening criteria can be based on  $\text{Min}(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_k)$
- Requires multiple hypothesis test adjustment to significance level

$$1 - (1 - \alpha)^{1/k}$$

# Fisher's Joint Event Screening: Ms|mb and Simulated Depth Hypothesis Test



# Tippett's Joint Event Screening: Ms|mb and Simulated Depth Hypothesis Test



# Ms:mb Event Screening for 2009 Announced NWT

## ■ Contrast

- Commonly used standard error
  - p-value = 0
  - reject H0
- Improved standard error
  - p-value = 0.12
  - fail to reject H0

$$Z = \frac{(\{\bar{M}_s = 3.687\} - \{mb = 4.62\}) - (-1.4)}{\sqrt{0.15 + 0.1/27}}$$

# Summary

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- Well established theory can be used to combine single-phenomenology hypothesis tests into a multi-phenomenology event screening hypothesis test (Fisher's and Tippett's tests)
- Commonly used standard error in Ms:mb event screening hypothesis test is not fully consistent with physical basis
- Improved standard error
  - Better agreement with physical basis
  - Correctly partitions error to include Model Error as a component of variance
    - Correctly reduces station noise variance through network averaging
- For 2009 DPRK test
  - Commonly used standard error “rejects”  $H_0$  even with better scaling slope ( $\beta = 1$ , Selby et al.)
  - Improved standard error “fails to rejects”  $H_0$

# Next Steps

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- **Formulate Depth Hypothesis test**
- **Demonstrate Joint Ms|mb and Depth Hypothesis Test with IDC Operational Data**
  - Fisher
  - Tippett
- **Evaluate Relevance of Fisher's and Tipett's Methods to IDC Event Screening Charter**
- **Other Phenomenologies**

# References

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