

Energy Systems Environmental Restoration Program
ORNL Environmental Restoration Program

Groundwater Quality Sampling and Analysis Plan for Environmental
Monitoring in Waste Area Grouping 6 at Oak Ridge National
Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee

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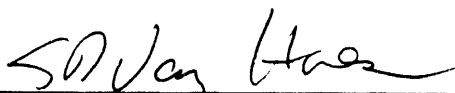
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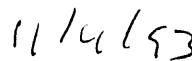
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Groundwater Quality Sampling and Analysis Plan for the
Environmental Monitoring Plan in Waste Area Grouping 6 at
Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee

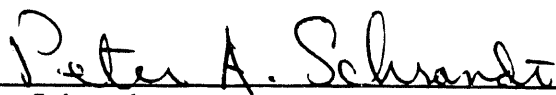
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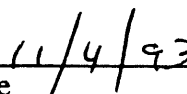
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ABBREVIATIONS

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ASME | American Society of Mechanical Engineers |
| CDM Federal | CDM Federal Programs Corporation |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations |
| CLP | Contract Laboratory Program |
| COC | chemical of concern |
| DCG | Derived Concentration Guide |
| DIC | dissolved inorganic carbon |
| DOC | dissolved organic carbon |
| DOE | Department of Energy |
| EMP | Environmental Monitoring Plan |
| Energy Systems | Martin Marietta Energy Systems, Inc. |
| EPA | U.S. Environmental Protection Agency |
| ESP | environmental surveillance procedure |
| FID | flame ionization detector |
| FOP | field operations procedure |
| FTM | Field Task Manager |
| GCO | Government Contracting Officer |
| GPM | gallons per minute |
| GWQ | Groundwater Quality |
| H&S | health and safety |
| HP | Health Physics Section |
| ID | identification |
| IH | Industrial Hygiene Section |
| LGWOD | Liquid and Gaseous Waste Operations Department |
| MS | matrix spike |
| MSD | matrix spike duplicate |
| ORNL | Oak Ridge National Laboratory |
| ORP | oxidation-reduction potential |
| OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration |
| PCB | polychlorinated biphenyl |
| PID | photoionization detector |
| PPE | personal protective equipment |
| QA | quality assurance |
| QC | quality control |
| RCRA | Resource Conservation and Recovery Act |
| RFI | RCRA Facility Investigation |
| SAP | sampling and analysis plan |
| SHSO | site health and safety officer |
| SLLW | solid low-level waste |
| STL | Sample Task Leader |
| SWSA | solid waste storage area |
| WAG | waste area grouping |
| WMO | Waste Management Operations |
| WMP | waste management plan |

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Sampling and Analysis Plan addresses groundwater quality sampling and analysis activities that will be conducted in support of the Environmental Monitoring Plan for Waste Area Grouping (WAG) 6. WAG 6 is a shallow-burial land disposal facility for low-level radioactive waste at the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, a research facility owned by the U.S. Department of Energy and managed by Martin Marietta Energy Systems, Inc. (Energy Systems). Groundwater sampling will be conducted by Energy Systems at 45 wells within WAG 6. The samples will be analyzed for various organic, inorganic, and radiological parameters. The information derived from the groundwater quality monitoring, sampling, and analysis will aid in evaluating relative risk associated with contaminants migrating off-WAG, and also will fulfill Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) interim permit monitoring requirements. The sampling steps described in this plan are consistent with the steps that have previously been followed by Energy Systems when conducting RCRA sampling.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

This document is the Groundwater Quality Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) for Waste Area Grouping (WAG) 6 at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL). The procedures described herein are part of the Environmental Monitoring Plan (EMP) for WAG 6, which also includes monitoring tasks for groundwater levels, surface water, seeps and springs, and meteorological parameters. Separate SAPs are being issued concurrently to describe each of these monitoring programs.

This SAP has been written for the use of the field personnel responsible for implementation of the EMP, with the intent that the field personnel will be able to take this document to the field and quickly find the appropriate steps required to complete a specific task. In many cases, Field Operations Procedures (FOPs) will define the steps required for an activity. The FOPs for the EMP are referenced and briefly described in the relevant sections of the SAPs, and are contained within the FOP Manual. Both these documents (the SAP and the FOP Manual) will be available to personnel in the field.

Information regarding the WAG 6 physical description, geology and hydrogeology, and waste disposal and regulatory history can be found in the *Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Facility Investigation Report for Waste Area Grouping 6 at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee* (Energy Systems 1991), and a description of the purpose and scope of the EMP can be found in the *Environmental Monitoring Plan for Waste Area Grouping at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee* (DOE 1993a).

1.2 GROUNDWATER QUALITY SAP OUTLINE AND OBJECTIVES

The purpose of the groundwater quality SAP is to provide the field workers with information on conducting activities that are unique and essential to accomplishing the task of groundwater quality sampling. Some information that is important to field workers is contained in other project-level documents. To avoid duplication of this information [such as project-level quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) and health and safety (H&S) protocols], other documents have been referenced as appropriate. Table 1.1 displays the organization of this SAP and the relevant reference documents. All documents will be made available to the field workers before the initiation of field activities. Once field activities have begun, the field workers will carry the SAP and the FOP Manual to the field. The other reference documents will be available at the field office. Copies of these reference documents will be available to the field workers to carry into the field for direct reference as the need arises.

The objectives of the Groundwater Quality Monitoring Program, as defined in the EMP, are

- to verify primary chemicals of concern (COCs) that contribute to risk;
- to refine risk estimates;

Table 1.1. WAG 6 Groundwater Quality SAP and project-level document cross-reference

| Groundwater Quality SAP section | Project-level reference document(s) |
|---|--|
| Section 1 - Introduction contains limited information on the EMP, summarizes project objectives, and summarizes the groundwater quality sampling activities to be conducted. | DOE <i>Environmental Monitoring Plan</i> |
| Section 2 - Task Instructions identifies the specific tasks to be conducted, contains activity-specific instructions on the work to be performed, and lists the procedures to be used at various stages of the work. | DOE <i>Environmental Monitoring Plan</i> WAG 6 <i>Field Operations Procedures Manual</i> |
| Section 3 - Quality Assurance/Quality Control Requirements contains information on the QA/QC requirements specific to groundwater quality monitoring. This section includes information on documentation; analytical requirements; and frequencies, numbers, and types of QC samples. | DOE <i>Quality Assurance Project Plan for the Environmental Monitoring Program in Waste Area Grouping 6 at Oak Ridge National Laboratory</i> |
| Section 4 - Health and Safety Considerations briefly describes the health and safety aspects of the activity. Activity-specific instruction sheets will be included in this section that will address specific health and safety issues that are not covered by the Site Health and Safety Plan. | Energy Systems <i>Site Health and Safety Plan for Waste Area Grouping 6 at Oak Ridge National Laboratory</i> |
| Section 5 - Waste Management briefly describes the waste management associated with the groundwater quality monitoring. The wastes associated with this activity will be restricted to personal protective equipment, very small quantities of decontamination fluids, and purge water. | Energy Systems <i>Waste Management Plan</i> |
| Section 6 - Data Management describes the data collection and management activities that will be conducted in the field, and the procedures for collecting these data to ensure that accurate data are transferred into the data base. | Energy Systems <i>Data Management Plan/Functional Systems Design</i> |

- to meet Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) reporting requirements;
- to track and evaluate concentrations of site-related radionuclides detected above Derived Concentration Guide (DCG) levels, in compliance with U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Orders 5400.5 and 5820.2A; and
- to identify major COC sources by tracking changes in groundwater beneath COC sources.

Field workers should keep these objectives in mind when conducting the activities described in this SAP. An understanding of, and a constant adherence to, the objectives of the EMP will ensure the collection of data in quantities and at the quality level necessary to meet the objectives.

The activities identified in Table 1.2 will be conducted to meet these groundwater quality objectives.

Table 1.2. Groundwater Quality SAP activities, purposes, and quality control levels

| Groundwater Quality SAP activity | Activity purpose and elements | EPA Quality Control Levels ^a |
|--|--|---|
| 1. H&S monitoring of site and uncapped well | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure worker health and safety | Level I |
| 2. Groundwater level measurements | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data for groundwater model | Level I |
| 3. Monitor well purging (indicator parameters) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purge well for sample collection | Level I |
| 4. Groundwater sample collection and analysis | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Risk calculations • Confirmation of chemicals of concern • Groundwater geochemistry characterization | Level III (90%) Level IV (10%) |
| 5. Equipment decontamination | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eliminate cross-contamination between wells | N/A ^b |
| 6. Waste management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Properly document and manage personal protective equipment and decontamination fluid | N/A |
| 7. Data collection and management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Properly record information in logbooks and field forms; properly download data from electronic field instruments | N/A |

^aQC Levels I-IV in the EMP correspond to QC Levels A-D in the Quality Assurance Project Plan for this project (DOE 1993b).

^bN/A = not applicable.

Groundwater samples will be collected by Energy Systems personnel as grab samples from selected monitoring wells. The samples will be obtained from the discharge of dedicated bladder pumps installed in each well. The discharge will be collected directly into the sample containers. Data from these activities will be collected by CDM Federal personnel on various forms (Appendix A) and in field logbooks. After the samples have been collected, CDM Federal personnel will package and ship the samples to a laboratory for analysis.

1.3 SAMPLING LOCATIONS, FREQUENCIES, AND ANALYTES

The EMP specifies that 45 groundwater monitoring wells will be sampled for various analytes and at various frequencies. The locations of all 45 wells are displayed in Fig. 1.1, together with other site features that are relevant to the specific activity of groundwater sampling.



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ORNL WAG 6

FIGURE No. 1.1

Table 1.3 displays the specific analyte list comprising the analytical suites. The frequency and analytical suite for each well are displayed in Table 1.4. Based upon the information contained in Tables 1.3 and 1.4, the sampling frequency and list of analytes for each well are displayed in Appendix B.

Table 1.3. Analytical suites and associated analytes for groundwater quality sampling

| Analyte | Analytical suite ^a | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------|------|----|----|
| | PRC | RFI COC | RCRA | GC | RS |
| Organics | | | | | |
| CLP volatiles | | X | | | |
| CLP semivolatiles | | | | | |
| CLP pesticides/PCBs | | | | | |
| Herbicides | | | | | |
| RCRA volatiles | | | X | | |
| Metals | | | | | |
| CLP metals | | X | | | |
| ICP metals | | | | X | |
| Radiological | | | | | |
| Gross alpha ^b | | X | X | | X |
| Gamma scan (Cs, Co, Eu) | | X | X | | X |
| Tritium | X | X | X | | |
| Strontium | X | X | X | | |
| Geochemical | | | | | |
| Anions | | | | X | |
| Dissolved organic and inorganic carbon | | | | X | |
| Alkalinity | | | | X | |

^a PRC = Site-related chemicals that contribute to the majority of risk.

RFI COC = Site-related chemicals determined to be COCs during the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Facility Investigation (RFI) sampling analysis.

RCRA = Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and radionuclides required for reporting under RCRA and DOE Orders.

GC = Geochemical parameters.

RS = Radiation scans.

^b If the gross alpha level exceeds 5 pCi/L, confirmation sampling will be required. If the confirmation also exceeds 5 pCi/L gross alpha, alpha spectroscopy will be conducted on an aliquot of the confirmation sample to determine the contributing radionuclide.

Table 1.4. Groundwater quality sampling locations, analytical suites, and frequencies^a

| Well Number | Well Grouping | | | |
|--|---|----------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| | First quarter, annual, semiannual | Second quarter | Third quarter, semiannual | Fourth quarter |
| Upgradient perimeter wells (includes RCRA compliance wells) | | | | |
| 745 831 832 | TAL/TCL ^b | RFI COC | RFI COC | RFI COC |
| 833 846 855 | GC | | RCRA | |
| 856 857 858 | PRC+RS | | | |
| 859 860 | RCRA | | | |
| Downgradient perimeter wells (includes RCRA compliance wells) | | | | |
| 835 836 837 | TAL/TCL | RFI COC | RFI COC | RFI COC |
| 838 839 840 | GC | | PRC+RS | |
| 841 842 843 | PRC+RS | | RCRA | |
| 844 847 1242 1243 | RCRA | | | |
| Downgradient perimeter wells (includes non-RCRA compliance wells) | | | | |
| NWQ-1 NWQ-2 | TAL/TCL | RFI COC | RFI COC | RFI COC |
| NWQ-3 NWQ-4 | GC | | | |
| NWQ-5 NWQ-6 | PRC+RS | | | |
| Interior wells | | | | |
| 648 845 848 | TAL/TCL | RFI COC | RFI COC | RFI COC |
| 849 850 851 | GC | | | |
| 852 854 1036 1039 1166 1225 1233 1237 1241 | PRC+RS | | | |

^a Analytical suites are defined in Table 1.3.

^b TAL/TCL = Target Analyte List (Metals)/Target Compound List: CLP Volatiles, CLP Semivolatiles, CLP Pesticides/PCBs.

2. TASK INSTRUCTIONS

This section identifies the specific groundwater quality sampling and analysis tasks to be performed to meet the objectives of the EMP. In all cases, fieldwork will be accomplished according to this SAP. Any deviations from this SAP will be documented on a WAG 6—Monitoring Variance Request Form (MV-01) and approved before implementation. If for any reason a task is not completed, the reason also will be documented on a WAG 6—Monitoring Variance Request Form (MV-01). Any problem or corrective action taken also will be documented in the field logbook.

Groundwater samples will be collected by Energy Systems personnel from the 45 selected groundwater monitoring wells at the frequencies and for the analytes specified in the tables in Appendix B. These tables are organized on a quarterly basis and specify the analytical parameters for each well. Note that some wells are not sampled during the second and fourth quarters. The schedule is based on the assumption that an average of one well per working day will be sampled. Beginning with the first quarter sampling round, the field crew should proceed from well to well, completing water level measurements, purging, and sampling for each well before moving to the next well. Once each quarterly round of sampling has been completed, the field crew will not initiate the next quarterly sampling round until the beginning of the next quarter (three calendar months from the beginning of the preceding quarter).

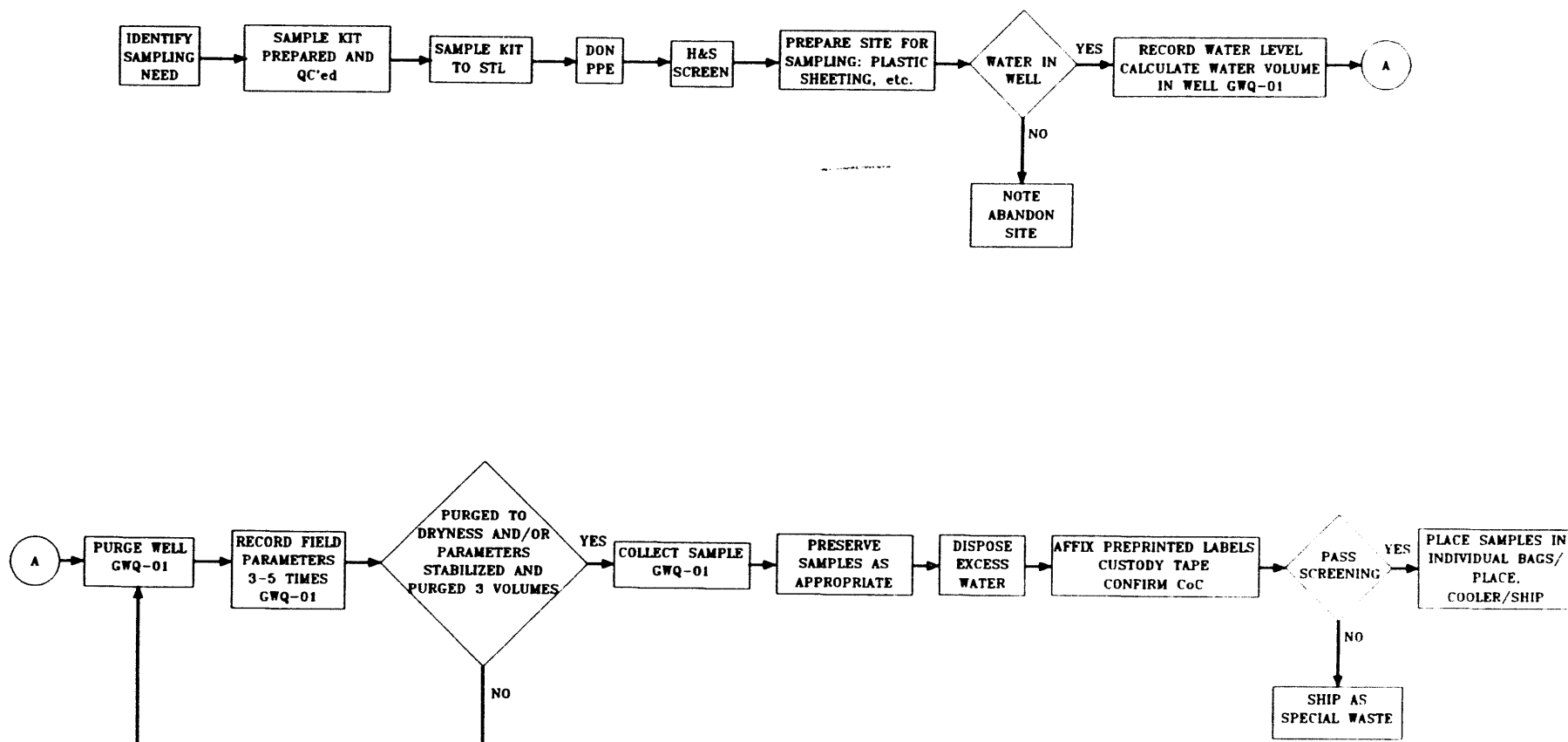
A flowchart of the tasks to be conducted as part of this activity is displayed in Fig. 2.1. This flowchart graphically depicts the sequence in which the tasks will be conducted, the decision points associated with conducting the tasks, and when information will be recorded on the forms for data collection and management.

2.1 GROUNDWATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS

Groundwater levels will be measured by Energy Systems personnel in each monitoring well before the well is purged. The objective for obtaining water level measurements is to determine the appropriate quantity of water to be purged from the well before sampling. To obtain groundwater level measurements, the following equipment is required:

- surgical gloves and other appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) as specified by the Site H&S Officer (SHSO) and/or Site Health Physicist (HP),
- photoionization detector (PID) or flame ionization detector (FID),
- water level indicator,
- field logbook, and
- WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01).

The water levels will be measured to the nearest 0.01 ft using a water level indicator according to Environmental Surveillance Procedure ESP-003-022. The following guidelines will be adhered to when obtaining water level measurements.



GROUNDWATER QUALITY SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS ACTIVITY TASK FLOWCHART



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FIGURE No. 2.1

- Don PPE as required.
- Remove the cap from the well and allow it to vent for 3 to 5 min.
- Check ambient air with a PID or FID; note reading.
- Check the atmosphere at the top of the well casing and the breathing zone with a PID or FID according to ESP-003-015.
- If contaminant levels in breathing zone atmosphere are not above ambient levels, lower the water level indicator probe into the well casing. If contaminant levels in breathing zone atmosphere are above ambient levels, the SHSO will contact Industrial Hygiene (IH) and work will stop at that location.
- When the alarm sounds and/or the indicator light on the side of the water level indicator reel illuminates, stop lowering the probe.
- Read the depth to water at the well casing survey mark and record it on the WAG 6— Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01) and in the field logbook.
- Remove the water level indicator from the well, wiping the tape clean as it is retrieved.

The water level indicator must be decontaminated at the site according to ESP-003-022 before subsequent use. The following guidelines shall be adhered to when decontaminating the water level indicator.

- Wipe the probe and the used portion of the water level indicator line with a paper towel that is moistened with distilled water and laboratory detergent.
- Rinse the probe and the washed portion of the line with distilled water.
- Allow the probe and line to air dry, or wipe dry with a paper towel.

2.2 MONITORING WELL PURGING

Groundwater monitoring wells will be purged and field parameters will be measured by Energy Systems personnel before obtaining samples. The objective for obtaining the field parameters and purging the monitoring wells is to ensure that fresh formation water is present in the wells during sampling.

Monitoring wells will be purged and measurements of the field parameters (pH, temperature, and conductivity) will be obtained in each well before sample collection according to ESP-003-012. To purge the wells and collect the field parameters, the following equipment is required:

- surgical gloves and other appropriate PPE,
- Geoguard™ or Well Wizard™ displacement bladder pump (already installed in well),
- 26-L carboy,
- 32-gal trash can,
- large plastic trash bag(s),

- 55-gal drum(s),
- HORIBA Water Quality Checker,
- field logbook, and
- WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01).

The total volume of water to be purged, which is dependent upon the total depth of the well and the water level, will be determined according to ESP-003-022. The following guidelines shall be adhered to when determining the total volume of water to be purged from the wells.

- Subtract the water level from the total depth of the well to obtain the height of the water column.
- Multiply the height of the water column by the appropriate gal/ft multiplier on the WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01) to obtain the volume (in gal) of water present in the well casing.
- Multiply the volume of water present in the well casing by three well volumes to obtain the total volume of water to be purged from the well.

Upon activation of the bladder pump, the pump purge flow rate will be determined to ensure that the appropriate volume of water is purged from the well. The purge flow rate will be determined by using the following equipment:

- 1-gal container or graduated bucket or beaker,
- watch or timer,
- field logbook, and
- WAG 6— Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01).

The purge flow rate will be determined by employing the following guidelines.

- Place a container in position beneath the pump discharge to collect the well purge water.
- Note the beginning time (in minutes) when the first stream of pump discharge water enters the container.
- Allow the container to fill for at least 30 to 60 seconds.
- Note the ending time (in minutes) when the last stream of pump discharge water enters the container. Determine the time (in minutes) of the discharge by subtracting the beginning time from the ending time.
- Determine the volume of water present in the container (in gallons).
- Use the following equation to determine the pump purge rate in gallons per minute (GPM):

$$GPM = \frac{\text{Volume of water collected (in gallons)}}{\text{Time (in minutes)}}$$

- Document the purge rate in the WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01) and field logbook. Note that the subsequent sampling flow rate will be moderated so that it does not exceed the calculated purge rate.

The wells will be purged by adhering to the following guidelines.

- Don PPE as required by the SHSO and/or Site Health Physicist before beginning work.
- Activate the displacement pump and begin purging the appropriate volume of water from the well into a 55-gal drum or a 26-L carboy placed in a plastic-lined 32-gal trash can.
- Purge a total of three casing volumes from the well, or purge the well to dryness.
- Record the total volume of water purged from the well and the field parameter data on the WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01) and in the field logbook.

Purge water contained in the 26-L carboy and any overflow contained in the 32-gal trash can is poured into a 55-gal drum. The well purge water will be stored in the 55-gal drum until laboratory results indicate the appropriate method of disposal, according to Sect. 5.

While purging the well, measurements of pH, temperature, and conductivity will be obtained according to ESP-003-012 with a HORIBA Water Quality Checker. The field parameter measurements will be obtained according to the following guidelines. Before obtaining the parameter measurements, the HORIBA Water Quality Checker will be calibrated according to ESP-003-01.

- Measure field parameters (pH, temperature, and conductivity) while the water is being purged from the well, and record after each purge volume.
- Immerse the appropriate parameter probe into a sample of the well purge water.
- Obtain the parameter value from the digital or analog readout of the field measurement instrument.
- Record the obtained parameter value on the WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01) and in the field logbook.

2.3 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

Groundwater samples will be collected as grab samples from each of the selected monitoring wells. While sampling the well, measurements of pH, temperature, and conductivity will be taken according to ESP-003-012 with a HORIBA Water Quality Checker. These parameters, plus turbidity and redox, will be measured again at the conclusion of sampling. Turbidity is measured with the HORIBA Water Quality Checker, using ESP-003-012; redox is measured with a Hach Oxidation-Reduction Potential (ORP) instrument, using ESP-003-023. To collect groundwater samples, the following equipment is required:

- surgical gloves and other appropriate PPE;
- plastic sheeting;

- sample containers, prewashed;
- sample labels;
- HORIBA Water Quality Checker;
- bar coding equipment;
- Hach ORP instrument;
- sample containment cooler;
- ice;
- WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01);
- sample preservatives;
- sample bags;
- field logbook;
- chain-of-custody form (see Appendix A);
- custody seals; and
- in-line 0.45- μ m filters.

Groundwater samples will be collected by Energy Systems personnel according to ESP-003-022. Before obtaining groundwater samples, the sampling flow rate will be determined and adjusted (if necessary) to ensure that the sampling rate is less than the purge rate. When sampling volatiles and semivolatiles, the sampling rate will not exceed 100 to 200 mL/min. The sampling rate will be determined by using the following equipment:

- graduated cylinder,
- watch or timer, and
- WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01) and field logbook.

The sampling flow rate will be determined by employing the following guidelines.

- Adjust the pump discharge rate downward (if necessary).
- Place the graduated cylinder in position beneath the pump discharge to collect the well purge water.
- Note the beginning time (in minutes) when the first stream of pump discharge water enters the cylinder.
- Note the ending time (in minutes) when the last stream of pump discharge water enters the cylinder. Determine the time (in minutes) of the discharge by subtracting the beginning time from the ending time.
- Use the following equation to determine the pump sampling flow rate in milliliters per minute (MPM):

$$MPM = \frac{\text{Volume of water collected (in milliliters)}}{\text{Time (in minutes)}}$$

- Determine whether the sampling flow rate is less than the purge rate. The sampling rate must not exceed the purge rate.

- If the sampling flow rate is equal to or greater than the purge rate, then adjust the pump discharge rate down accordingly, and repeat the previous procedure.
- When the sampling flow rate is appropriate for collection of samples (less than purge rate), document it in the WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01) and field logbook.

The following guidelines should be followed when collecting groundwater samples.

- Don PPE as required by the SHSO before beginning work.
- Activate the displacement pump and begin pumping water from the well. The pumped water should be directed into the carboy or drum when samples are not actively being collected.
- Collect groundwater samples in the sample container directly from the discharge of the bladder pumps.
- Measure field parameters (pH, temperature, and conductivity) periodically during sample collection.
- Complete the well purging and sampling summary form and sample labels in the field while working. Samples will be labeled in accordance with WAG 6—FOP 9.
- Measure field parameters (pH, temperature, conductivity, and turbidity) at completion of sample collection.
- Filter the samples to be analyzed for gross alpha, total radioactive strontium, gamma radiation, and tritium in the field if possible. If the samples are not filtered in the field, they will be filtered in the laboratory.
- Add the appropriate preservatives to the samples if the sample containers are not pre-preserved (Table 2.1).
- Place the samples in an insulated cooler containing ice, and transport them to the appropriate location for packaging and shipping.
- Complete chain-of-custody forms and submit the samples to the appropriate analytical chemistry laboratory for analysis.

In some cases, the volume of groundwater in a well may not be sufficient to obtain the desired number of samples. In these cases, sample collection priority will be in the following order.

1. Volatiles
2. Radionuclides, including tritium
3. Semivolatiles
4. Dissolved organic carbon

**Table 2.1. Sample containers, preservatives, and holding times for groundwater samples
from groundwater quality monitoring wells in WAG 6**

| Parameter ^a | Analytical method | Container type ^b | Container volume | Number of containers per site | Preservation | Maximum holding time |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| CLP volatiles | CLP | G-vial, T-lined | 40 mL | 2 | HCl pH < 2, 4°C | 14 d |
| CLP semivolatiles | CLP | Amber-G | 1 L | 1 | 4°C | 7 d |
| CLP Pesticides/PCBs | CLP | Amber-G | 1 L | 1 | 4°C | 7 d |
| Herbicides | CLP | Amber-G | 1 L | 1 | 4°C | 7 d |
| CLP metals | CLP | P | 500 mL | 1 | HNO ₃ pH < 2, 4°C | 180 d |
| Gross alpha | 900 | Q | 4 L | 1 | HNO ₃ pH < 2, 4°C | 180 d |
| Gamma scan | 901.1 | Q | 4 L | 1 | HNO ₃ pH < 2, 4°C | 180 d |
| Tritium | 906 | P | 250 mL | 1 | 4°C | 180 d |
| Strontium-90 | 905 | P | 1 L | 1 | HNO ₃ pH < 2, 4°C | 180 d |
| Anions | 300.0 | P | 250 mL | 1 | 4°C | 28 d |
| DOC/DIC | 415.1/9060 | P | 125 mL | 1 | H ₂ SO ₄ pH < 2, 4°C | 28 d |
| Alkalinity | 310.1 | P | 250 mL | 1 | 4°C | 14 d |

^aCLP - Contract Laboratory Program, PCB = polychlorinated biphenyl, DOC/DIC = dissolved organic carbon/dissolved inorganic carbon

^bG = Glass, T = Teflon, P = High density polyethylene, Q = Cubitainer

5. Dissolved inorganic carbon
6. Metals, inductively coupled plasma/mass spectrometry
7. Metals
8. Anions
9. Alkalinity

3. QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 OVERVIEW

This section identifies QA/QC aspects of the *Quality Assurance Plan for Characterization and Monitoring Activities at Waste Area Grouping 6, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee* (CDM Federal 1993) that are required to implement the EMP and this SAP. Subjects addressed in this section include, but are not limited to, monitoring program organization and personnel responsibilities, documentation procedures and protocols, sampling and monitoring QC requirements, decontamination procedures, and equipment calibration and maintenance. The QA/QC considerations presented in this section have been developed to ensure that the data generated during all phases of the EMP will be of known quality and legally defensible.

Work on this assignment will be performed in accordance with the following:

- *Environmental Restoration Quality Program Plan*, ES/ER/TM-4/R3 (Energy Systems 1993);
- *Interim Guidelines and Specifications for Preparing Quality Assurance Project Plans*, QAMS-005/80 (EPA 1983);
- *Quality Assurance Program Requirements for Nuclear Facilities*, ASME NQA-1 (ASME 1989);
- *Quality Assurance Project Plan for the Environmental Monitoring Program in Waste Area Grouping 6 at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee*, DOE/OR/01-1193&D1 (DOE 1993b); and
- *WAG 6 Field Operations Procedures Manual* (CDM Federal 1993)

This SAP has been reviewed for QA/QC requirements by the Contract QA Manager, who will maintain QA oversight for the duration of the project. In addition, all deliverables will be subject to technical review by CDM Federal Programs Corporation (CDM Federal) technical specialists. All deliverables presenting measurement data will be reviewed by the CDM Federal QA staff. A description of the project Data Quality Objectives can be found in the EMP.

3.2 MONITORING PROGRAM ORGANIZATION

The EMP personnel comprise a sub-task team of the Monitoring and Laboratory Analysis Group, identified in the WAG 6 EMP (DOE 1993a). The principal contractor personnel assigned to conduct the WAG 6 EMP field activities are:

- Charles Callis (Project Manager)
- David Johnson (QA Specialist)
- Donnie McCurry [Field Task Manager (FTM)]
- David Fugate [Groundwater Quality Sample Task Leader (STL)]
- Michael Charko (Field Technician)
- Richard Stout (Field QC Coordinator)

Figure 3.1 shows the project organization, reporting relationships, and lines of authority for this project. General responsibilities are discussed in the following subsections. Other personnel will be assigned as necessary. The responsibilities of key team members are described in Table 3.1.

3.3 FIELD DOCUMENTATION

Field documentation shall consist of:

- one master site logbook to be maintained at field headquarters,
- an equipment maintenance and calibration logbook,
- an activity-specific field logbook,
- a telephone logbook,
- project- and activity-specific field forms (Appendix A),
- chain-of-custody forms,
- sample labels, and
- bar code labels.

All documentation must be completed in waterproof black ink, and corrections must be marked through with a single line, dated, and initialed. Handwritten documents must be legible. Table 3.2 displays where, and what kind of, information must be recorded.

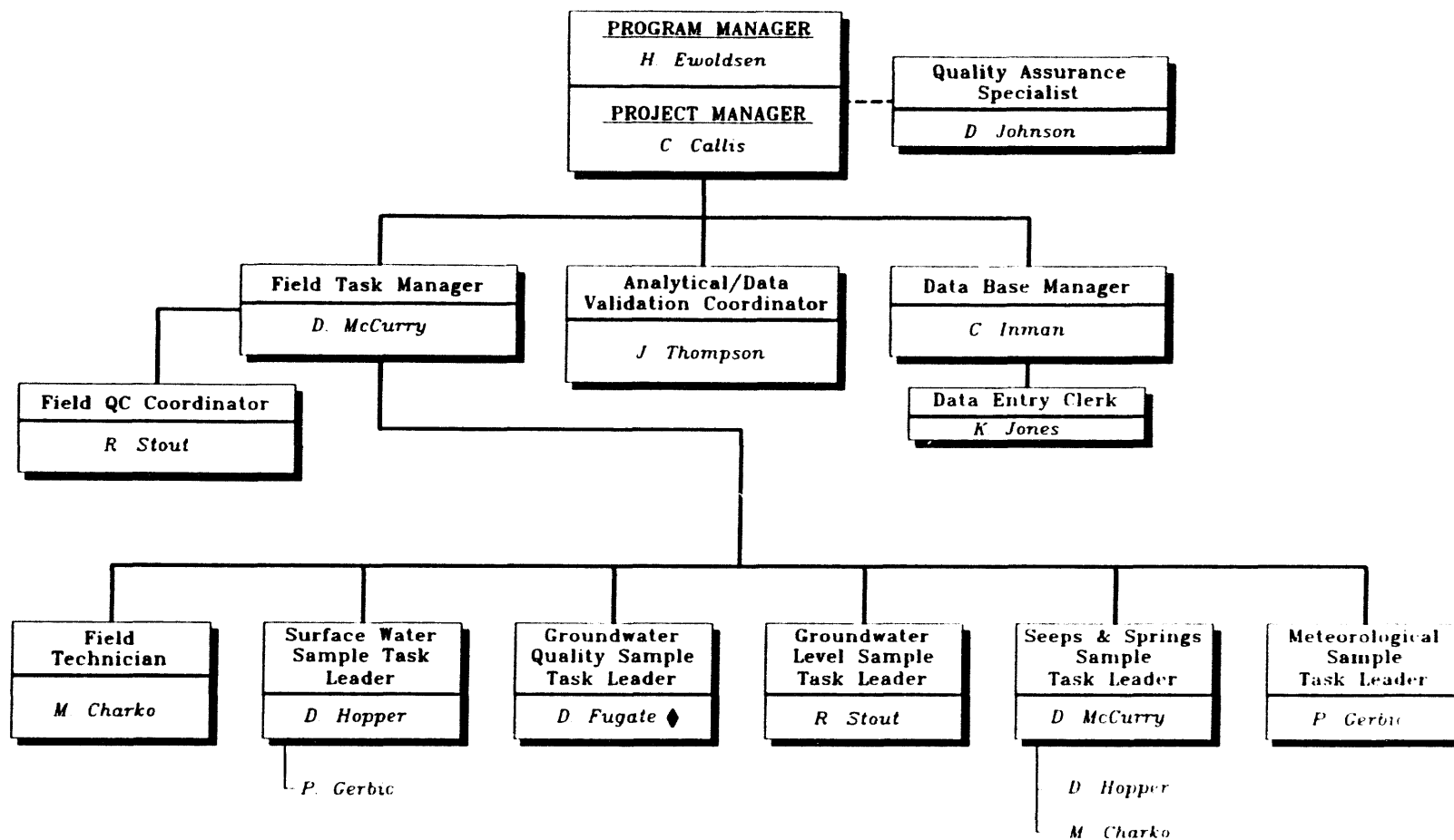
Field Documentation Forms

Field documentation forms will be the primary documentation of all EMP field activities. The following forms are to be used for the specific activities addressed in this SAP:

- WAG 6—Well Purging and Sampling Form (GWQ-01),
- WAG 6—Monitoring Variance Request Form (MV-01),
- WAG 6—Record of Repair Form (RF-01),
- WAG 6—Chain-of-Custody Form (COC-01),
- WAG 6—Weekly Activity Schedule (WAS-01),
- WAG 6—Field Collection Task Map (FCTM-01), and
- WAG 6—Field Activity Sheet (FAS-01).

These forms are located in Appendix A.

Any information pertinent to the current field activity or field condition that is not requested on the field documentation form should also be entered in the "Comments" section of the form and in the field logbook. The forms used at each site will be numbered sequentially, using bar codes. The form bar code label will be attached to the bottom right of the form, and also entered into the field logbook. In addition, any charts, oversize pages, and other printed material (e.g., runoff hydrographs, sample times) pertinent to current field activities will be securely attached to the corresponding field documentation form. The form number of the corresponding field documentation form must be written somewhere on the attached material and contained in the notebook. On a daily basis, completed forms will be forwarded to the FTM, who will review the forms and forward them to the DM for entry into the data base.



3-3

♦ Note that the sampling will be conducted by OECD ESP personnel and that D. Fugate will be responsible for documentation and sample management

CDM FEDERAL WAG 6 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PLAN IMPLEMENTATION ORGANIZATION CHART

CDM FEDERAL PROGRAMS CORPORATION
a subsidiary of Camp Dresser & McKee Inc

OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY
OAK RIDGE, TENNESSEE

FIGURE No. 3.1

A505/16DEC93/7913

Table 3.1. General responsibilities of WAG 6 EMP principal contractor personnel

| Position | Responsibilities |
|---------------------------|--|
| Project Manager | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verifying that all appropriate QA requirements, as specified in the WAG 6 QA Plan and in this document, are met in all field monitoring and laboratory activities; • consulting with the WAG 6 Program Manager and appropriate EMP QA authorities on all quality-related matters; • investigating field- and laboratory-related quality problems (e.g., out-of-control events), determining their root causes, proposing solutions, implementing corrective actions, and obtaining the concurrence of the WAG 6 Program Manager and QA authorities on the appropriateness of any corrective action; • submitting any proposed changes to the SAP, in the form of a WAG 6 - Monitoring Variance Request Form (MV-01), to the WAG 6 Program Manager for approval; • maintaining custody of all original and copied EMP monitoring documentation; • reviewing all field data and documentation and all laboratory data for completeness and adherence to QA protocols; • submitting all field data and documentation and all laboratory data to the WAG 6 Program Manager for review; and • developing, gaining approval for, and implementing any cost-effective quality improvements. |
| Field Task Manager | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementing relevant requirements contained in the governing documents and plans; • ensuring and documenting that all field and laboratory personnel are properly informed and trained as specified in this SAP; • ensuring that there are an adequate number of properly trained personnel for implementation of groundwater quality monitoring activities; • ensuring that all equipment (including backup equipment) necessary for groundwater quality monitoring is available for immediate use; • keeping well informed of scheduled interim remedial action and site upgrade construction activities, especially when such activities may hamper groundwater quality monitoring activities or affect data quality objectives and/or QA objectives; • initiating stop-work actions when the severity of conditions adverse to quality warrants immediate action; • managing or performing inspections and calibrations, and maintaining accurate documentation of all site equipment calibration and servicing activities; • managing or performing field monitoring activities, and ensuring that all such activities are performed and documented in accordance with QA protocols and approved procedures; • maintaining custody of all samples collected at the site until submitted to laboratory personnel; • submitting all field documentation and electronic site data to the Project Manager for review; and |

Table 3.1 (continued)

| Position | Responsibilities |
|----------------------|--|
| QA Specialist | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • keeping the Project Manager informed of all site activities and quality-related problems. • Advising the contract Project Manager and team members of QA matters; • identifying project QA requirements and preparing QA procedures as required; • reviewing and approving the SAP and all subsequent changes to the SAP; • conducting or arranging scheduled audits or surveillances of task activities; • evaluating quality performance data from quality investigations, audits, and reviews; • preparing monthly QA summary reports for corporate management; • conducting or arranging QA training; • tracking the implementation of QA requirements in this plan and consulting periodically with the Project Manager; • tracking reports on conditions adverse to quality, reviewing corrective action, and tracking completion; and • initiating, reviewing, and following up on corrective actions as necessary. |
| Field QC Coordinator | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation and documentation of training requirements, • QC review and verification of field forms and logbooks, • QC review of environmental and QC samples, and • verification of proper FOP usage. |
| Field Technician | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintenance and calibration of portable equipment, • inventory of supplies, • sampling kit preparation, • sample shipping, • waste management, and • proper documentation of all field activities. |
| Sample Task Leader | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Documentation of all field activities, • sample collection coordination with Energy Systems personnel, • monitoring and data acquisition activities, and • waste management. |

Table 3.2. Types of WAG 6 EMP field documentation and the information required for each

| Field documentation | Information |
|---|---|
| Site Logbook | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A list of all field logbooks; • daily temperature, weather conditions, and names and titles of personnel present; • name, title, organization, and purpose of site visitors; • outline of daily activities; • problems, their final resolution, and anticipated impact on the field investigation; • field changes or variances; • a record of samples collected and shipped; • a record of equipment decontamination. |
| Equipment Maintenance and Calibration Logbook | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equipment name, serial number, and identification (ID) number, • date of each calibration event, • identity of person performing calibration, and • calibration settings and values. |
| Field Logbooks | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Date and time task started; weather conditions; and names, titles, and organizations of personnel performing the task; • a description of site activities in specific detail; • a description, in detail, of any field test(s) (and results); • a description of environmental and QC samples collected; • a list of the time, equipment type and serial or ID number, and procedure followed for decontamination activities; • a list of equipment failures or breakdowns; and • a description of calibration activities in the field. |
| Telephone Logbook | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Date of call, • time of call, • whether incoming or outgoing, • participating parties, and • subject and pertinent information. |

3.4 SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION AND LABELING

Labeling of all samples shall be performed in accordance with WAG 6—FOP 9. The following information must be recorded on the sample label:

- site name,
- unique sample ID number,
- date and time of sample collection,
- matrix,
- name of sampler,
- sample preservation,
- type of analyses to be conducted, and
- cleaning lot number.

All labels must be waterproof and preprinted or completed in permanent ink. A bar code label will also be attached, then scanned for entry into the database. An example sample label is included in Appendix A. Preprinted sample labels will be provided to the Field Technician in advance of scheduled sampling.

3.5 CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Preprinted chain-of-custody forms will be provided after the scheduled sampling. Sample possession must be traceable and shall be maintained in accordance with ESP-500, "Manual Chain-of-Custody Procedures." To track sample possession, an official documented chain-of-custody form (see Appendix A) shall be maintained for each sample. A sample is in custody if one or more of the following criteria are met:

- it is in the possession of a sampling team member,
- it is in a sampling team member's view after being in possession, or
- it is in a designated secure area.

The following information will be recorded on the completed chain-of-custody form:

- project name,
- signature of sampler,
- sampling station,
- unique sample number,
- date and time of collection,
- grab or composite designation,
- matrix (i.e., groundwater),
- preservatives, and
- signatures of individual involved in sample transfer.

Chain-of-custody forms will be placed in a plastic cover and taped inside the shipping container used for sample transport from the field to the laboratory. When samples are relinquished to a shipping company for transport, the tracking number from the shipping bill/receipt will be recorded on the chain-of-custody form and in the field logbook. Individuals receiving samples will sign, date, and note the time of receipt on the chain-of-custody form.

3.6 ACTIVITY-SPECIFIC QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

See Table 3.3 for QC sample types, description, and generic frequencies. Refer to the tables in Appendix B for activity-specific QC samples and collection numbers. Note that no rinseate or field blank QC samples are being collected. Since all the sampling equipment is dedicated, no decontamination of the sampling equipment will be conducted; therefore, no QC samples associated with evaluating the decontamination process will be required. The order of QC sample collection is organized so that no QC samples will be obtained from a specific well more than once during a four-quarter monitoring cycle.

Table 3.3. Quality control sample types and frequencies for groundwater quality sampling and analysis

| QC sample types | Frequencies |
|--|---|
| Field Duplicates are collected sequentially with each sample into separate containers. Each sample is labeled according to the activity-specific labeling specifications, so that the identity of one of the samples as a duplicate is not obvious from the label. | 1 duplicate/10 wells |
| Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicates are samples (one sample and a duplicate) collected in the field, labeled as an MS and an MSD. | 1 MS/MSD/20 wells |
| Trip blanks consist of 40-mL vials filled with organic-free distilled/deionized water. Trip blanks are made up at the point of origin of the sampling team at the beginning of the day's sampling activities, and must be included in each cooler containing samples to be analyzed for volatile organic compounds. | 1/cooler containing samples to be analyzed for volatile organic compounds |

4. HEALTH AND SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

The provisions of the project H&S Plan are mandatory for all personnel assigned to the program. In no case may work be performed in a manner that is inconsistent with the intent and cautions expressed in the project H&S Plan. All field personnel will be properly trained in H&S regulations associated with handling hazardous materials and the safe operation of sampling equipment. As specified in 29 CFR 1910.120, all field personnel will have attended Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 40-h hazardous waste worker training.

In general, personnel will work in groups or pairs. However, personnel will perform some work activities independently of other members of the WAG 6 field team. At these times, personnel will abide by the "buddy system." Each member of the WAG 6 field team will be responsible for keeping track of personnel working independently. Before leaving a radioactive or muddy area, all personnel and conveyed equipment will be checked with a beta-gamma meter for evidence of radiological contamination. Personnel will take precautions to help prevent contact with hazards identified in the project H&S Plan.

The SHSO and Site Health Physicist shall specify the PPE required for site activities, tasks, and work zones. This specification shall be based on possible site contaminants, OSHA guidelines, and chemical and radiological hazards information. The SHSO and/or the Site Health Physicist shall train all site personnel in PPE donning and doffing procedures before beginning any site activities. The task instructions in Appendix C address activity- and location-specific H&S issues.

5. WASTE MANAGEMENT

The WAG 6 EMP Waste Management Plan (WMP) states that CDM Federal, as waste generator, will perform waste segregation, packaging, labeling, and transportation as required during the project. [Waste Management Operations (WMO) will transport liquid waste from the temporary waste storage area to the appropriate facility.] CDM Federal is not responsible for final disposition of waste.

Anticipated wastes from groundwater quality sampling activities include decontamination fluids, purge water, PPE, sampling residuals, and various other trash items such as plastic sheeting.

5.1 ORGANIZATIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES

The following personnel will be responsible for various aspects of WAG 6 waste management.

Laboratory Certification Official

The Laboratory Certification Official has the following responsibilities:

- implementing and managing the ORNL Solid Low-Level Waste (SLLW) Certification program,
- reviewing and approving project WMPs and WMP checklists, and
- providing direction if an unforeseen waste situation is encountered.

Generator Certification Official

The Generator Certification Official (GCO) has the following responsibilities:

- serving as interface between the project, the ORNL Laboratory Certification Official, and the ORNL WMO in addressing generator problems and waste certification requirements;
- initiating preparation of the Waste Pickup Request Form;
- certifying that the waste was packaged in accordance with the ORNL waste area criteria, the ORNL SLLW certification program, and SLLW QA Plan requirements;
- making arrangements with WMO for pickup and transfer of waste packages to the designated storage or treatment facility; and
- assuming other duties as specified in the WMP.

Field Task Manager

The Field Task Manager has the following responsibilities:

- ensuring that site personnel follow the WMP,

- coordinating with Health Physics (HP) and IH, and
- assuming responsibility for transportation of waste as required.

Sample Task Leader

As the generator, the Sample Task Leader has the following responsibilities:

- properly containerizing, packaging, and segregating all waste generated as part of the project;
- maintaining interface with the FTM to ensure that any issues pertaining to SLLW characterization are promptly brought to the attention of the responsible individuals and that any new certification requirements are promptly instituted;
- assisting the GCO with the preparation of the Waste Pickup Request Form and the Container Packing List; and
- assuming other duties as specified in the project WMP.

Health Physics and Industrial Hygiene Personnel

HP and IH personnel are responsible to conduct surveys as necessary to determine if waste contains RCRA-regulated or radiologically contaminated materials.

5.2 GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS

The following documents will provide guidance for waste management activities conducted during the implementation of the WAG 6 EMP.

- WAG 6 Project WMP,
- "Waste Management" (ESP-1000),
- *Waste Acceptance Criteria for Radiological Solid Waste Disposal* (WMRA-WMPC-203),
- *ORNL Liquid Waste Treatment Systems Waste Acceptance Criteria* (WM-WMCO-201),
- Waste Item Description (UCN-2109) Form User Instructions,
- Container Packing List (TX-5749) Form User Instructions, and
- *Management of Investigation-derived Waste During Site Investigations* (EPA 1991).

5.3 WASTE CHARACTERIZATION/SEGREGATION

When waste is first generated, it will be containerized. Table 5.1 shows the various categories into which waste will be segregated for this project, the criteria for segregation, and packaging requirements.

Table 5.1. WAG 6 waste management

| Type of waste | Category of waste ^a | Segregation requirements | Packaging requirements ^b | Accumulation/staging area | Final disposal ^c |
|--|--------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Purge water | 22 | One drum per well; segregation based on analytical results | 55-gal drums | At well; diked area available | Release at point of origin or on ground as investigation-derived waste |
| | 24 | One drum per well; segregation based on analytical results | 55-gal drums | At well | |
| | 25 | One drum per well; segregation based on analytical results | 55-gal drums | At well | |
| Returned sample water ^d | 22 | Sample analytical results | 55-gal drums/carboys | Diked area by entrance or GCO-designated area | Process waste treatment plant |
| | 24 | Sample analytical results | 55-gal drums/carboys | Diked area by entrance or GCO-designated area | Nonradiological process waste treatment plant |
| Used sample bottles ^e | - | - | - | - | Cleaned by laboratory and returned for reuse |
| Miscellaneous trash (personal protective equipment, plastics, paper) | 5 | No α or β/γ ; no volatiles | Plastic bags in garbage cans at site | Green dumpster adjacent to personnel trailers | Y-12 landfill |
| | 8 | Suspected α or β/γ but no volatiles | Package per Solid Waste Storage Area (SWSA) 6 Waste Area Criteria instructions (WMRA-WMPC-203) | GCO-designated area | Site designated by Waste Management Operations |
| | 14 | α or β/γ ; no volatiles | Package per SWSA 6 Waste Area Criteria instruction (WMRA-WMPC-203) | GCO-designated area | SWSA 5-box compactor |
| Decontamination water | 22 | Based on procedure: solvent, acid, etc; α or β/γ | Arrange with LGWOD | Carboy | Process waste treatment plant |
| | 24 | Based on procedure: solvent, acid, etc; no α or β/γ | Arrange with LGWOD | Carboy | Nonradiological waste treatment plant |
| | 25 | No hazardous substance used in decontamination; no α or β/γ | arrange with LGWOD | Carboy | Storm sewer system |

^a Categories of waste as delineated by the Project WMP.

^b According to Tables 3.2 and 3.3 in the Project WMP.

^c Although these areas called out in the Project WMP and will be generated, it is unlikely that they will be returned to the site

5.3.1 Solid Waste

As it is generated (when possible), or at the end of each day, HP personnel will use portable alpha and beta/gamma detectors to monitor the material generated in the controlled zone for the presence of radioactivity. They will designate waste as being "Clean," "Very Low Activity," or "Low Level" Waste. Solid waste generated from radioactive zones will be controlled in the radioactive zones.

HP personnel will be responsible for scanning all waste entering and leaving WAG 6. If the waste is within Energy Systems standards, the waste will be issued a "green tag," signifying that it is "clean" of radioactive contamination. An on-site dumpster adjacent to personnel trailers will be available for "clean" waste generated on-site, such as office papers.

5.3.2 Liquid Waste

Purge water will be considered investigation-derived waste according to Sect. 5.3 of the project WMP, and may be handled according to the guidelines in *Management of Investigation-derived Waste During Site Investigations* (EPA 1991). However, if the contamination levels indicated by sample results exceed defined limits, the purge water (and returned sample water, if any) will not be managed as investigation-derived waste.

Following early interim guidance from the Environmental Compliance Section of the OECD, results from radiological analyses are compared with values that are 25% of the DOE DCGs for radionuclides. Drinking water standards were judged to be overly restrictive for this application, since it is highly unlikely that anyone will use WAG 6 groundwater as drinking water. The full DOE DCG, associated with an annual effective dose equivalent of 100 mrem, was deemed too lenient. A compromise value of 25% of the DCG is used in ESP checks. The associated dose of 25 mrem is comparable with Nuclear Regulatory Commission land disposal performance criteria and with DOE Order 5820.2A. Radiological analytes commonly returned and their comparison values are

| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Gross alpha | 3 Bq/L |
| Gross beta | 9 Bq/L (assuming ^{90}Sr) |
| ^{60}Co | 46 Bq/L |
| ^{137}Cs | 28 Bq/L |
| Total radioactive strontium | 9 Bq/L |
| Tritium | 18,500 Bq/L |

If the analyzed water from a well meets the criteria described in the preceding paragraphs, and if the pH of the water in the drum at the well is between 2 and 12.5, then the drummed water is returned to the ground near the well. If any criterion is not met, the drummed water is transported to the appropriate facility for disposal by WMO.

According to historical data, the following wells have already been determined to exceed the comparison values:

- 843, and
- 1243.

Purge water from these wells will be managed as Category 22 or 24 according to analytical results.

5.4 WASTE PACKAGING

After waste has been characterized and segregated according to category, waste packets can be created. Waste is packaged by the STL according to guidance provided by the GCO. A Waste Item Description Form is filled out for each packet. One bar code label is placed on the waste packed, and the other is placed on the Waste Item Description Form associated with the specific packet. The bar code label number is then copied onto the Container Packing List. When the container is full, the GCO and the STL will complete a Waste Pickup Request Form to be submitted to WMO by the GCO. The Waste Management forms and their instructions for use, as well as the solid and liquid waste acceptance criteria, are included in the WAG 6 FOP Manual.

5.5 WASTE TRANSPORTATION

When waste drums become full of liquid, if there is not sufficient analytical data available to categorize the waste, the drums will be sampled. When the liquid waste can be categorized, the original drum site will be considered the temporary waste storage area and the drums will be transported by WMO. Energy Systems personnel will manage and conduct all transportation of waste to locations outside WAG 6 as well as all liquid waste transportation.

6. DATA MANAGEMENT

6.1 INTRODUCTION

The data management team will create "Blank Form Books" filled with previously bar coded forms to be used by the field teams. Each type of form will be stored in a separate book and will have the bar code preattached to the bottom right corner of the form. A copy of the appropriate form will be inserted on the outside cover of the "Blank Form Book," and the binder will signify the form number. The form bar code label will be scanned by the STL entering it into the bar code reader for uploading to the data base when using the form. If that form is not used after being taken to the field, the STL will return the blank form to the notebook for use on another day.

The form bar code numbers must be used in sequence for record keeping purposes. The form bar code numbers will serve as identifiers for location of the forms in the files. When the STL returns to the trailer at the end of the day, the forms will be forwarded to the FTM for review. The DM will receive all completed forms and the data diskettes downloaded from the bar code reader on a daily basis. The electronic-data-downloading diskettes will be downloaded from the monitoring equipment will be forwarded to the DM by the FTM on a daily basis.

6.2 DATA DOWNLOADING

Field data collected during the WAG 6 Groundwater Quality Monitoring Program will be obtained manually. Some of the manual data will be entered into the WAG 6 data base using bar code equipment. However, field documentation forms will also be completed and used by the sampling team as a quality check against the data base.

Manual data generated for groundwater quality monitoring will consist of water levels, manual sample collection information, and in situ parameter measurements. These forms will be compared with the data base at a later time to ensure that all the information entered into the bar code reader was correct.

6.3 PROCEDURES FOR COMPLETING GROUNDWATER QUALITY (GWQ) FORMS

The WAG 6 groundwater quality sampling team will be using a bar code reader in the field to record most of the information that will be tracked in the WAG 6 project data base.

GWQ-01: WAG 6—WELL PURGING AND SAMPLING FORM

Before leaving the trailer, the STL will pull one form GWQ-01 for each monitoring location to be visited that day. Upon arrival at the site, the STL will scan the monitoring location, the sample team's badges (by role), the field logbook number, the form bar code label, and the equipment bar code ID of the HORIBA installed at that location. The reader will then prompt the STL to enter the temperature, pH, conductivity, and dissolved oxygen field measurements. The STL will then manually enter the "Total depth of well" and "Depth to water from reference point." The reader will calculate the height of the water column. The reader will prompt the STL to enter the diameter of the well (i.e., 2 in., 4 in., or 6 in.). The reader will then display

the calculated fields citing "Height of water column," "Water column height," "total purge gal," and "casing volume." The STL will note all calculations displayed on the reader in the appropriate fields on the GWQ-01 form. The "Purge Sampling Method" will default to pump. The reader will prompt the STL to enter "Final Purge Volume." The STL will then scan the bar code sample ID and the sample type and analytes from a menu card. The "Comments" field is optional and will not be captured by the reader. If there is anything concerning the event that the STL wants tracked in the data base, the STL will note that information in the "Comments" field of the form. The DM will manually enter the information once the form has been submitted and the field data have been added to the data base.

6.4 PROCEDURES FOR COMPLETING SAMPLE COLLECTION FORMS

All sampling events will be scheduled by the FTM on a WAG 6—Weekly Activity Schedule (WAS-01). The FTM will provide the DM with a copy of Form WAS-01 in order to have the WAG 6—Field Collection Task Map (FCTM-01) printed. The Field Technician will use Form FCTM-01 to assemble the sample kits and record the sample numbers used.

Once the kits are assembled, the STL will initiate the sampling event by notifying the DM to print the WAG 6—Field Activity Sheet (FAS-01). Form FAS-01 will be used in the field by the sampling team to collect all samples. Any incorrect or additional information will be noted on the form by the STL and returned to the FTM, who will review the form and forward it to the DM for update of the data base.

When the samples are ready for shipment, the STL will note on the FAS which samples are to be shipped and a WAG 6—Chain-of-Custody Form (COC-01) will be printed by the DM and signed by the Field Technician. Form COC-01 will accompany the samples to the analytical laboratory. A copy of the form will be retained in the project files.

7. REFERENCES

- ASME (American Society of Mechanical Engineers) 1989. *Quality Assurance Program Requirements for Nuclear Facilities*, ASME NQA-1. New York.
- CDM Federal (CDM Federal Programs Corporation) 1993. *Quality Assurance Plan for Characterization and Monitoring Activities at Waste Area Grouping 6, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee*.
- DOE (U.S. Department of Energy) 1993a. *Environmental Monitoring Plan for Waste Area Grouping 6 at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee*, DOE/OR/01-1192&D1. Prepared by Science Applications International Corporation.
- DOE (U.S. Department of Energy) 1993b. *Quality Assurance Project Plan for the Environmental Monitoring Program in Waste Area Grouping 6 at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee*, DOE/OR/01-1193&D1. Prepared by Gilbert/Commonwealth, Inc., Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, September.
- Energy Systems (Martin Marietta Energy Systems, Inc.) 1991. *Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Facility Investigation Report for Waste Area Grouping 6 at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee*, ES/ER-22/V2&D1. Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.
- Energy Systems (Martin Marietta Energy Systems, Inc.) 1993. *Environmental Restoration Quality Program Plan*, ES/ER/TM-4/R3. Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency) 1983. *Interim Guidelines and Specifications for Preparing Quality Assurance Project Plans*, QAMS-005/80, EPA-600/4-83-004. Washington, D.C.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency) 1991. *Management of Investigation-derived Waste During Site Investigations*, EPA/540/G-91/009.

APPENDIX A
FIELD FORMS

WAG 6 - WELL PURGING AND SAMPLING FORM (GWQ-01)

Monitoring Location: _____ Field Logbook Number: _____

STL Badge No.: _____ Date: _____

Weather: _____

Comments: _____

Total depth of well _____

Depth to water from reference point _____

Height of water column _____

Water column height _____ (×) 2" - 0.16
 4" - 0.65 gal/ft (=) total purge gal
 6" - 1.47
 _____ gal/casing volume (×) 3 casing volumes (=) _____

Purge Method _____ Procedure: _____

Sampling Method _____ Procedure: _____

Purge water containerized? Y / N

PURGE RATE (During Well Purging) _____ gpm

| | Time | Temperature (°C) | pH (au) | Conductivity (mS/cm) | Turbidity (nTu) |
|----------|------|---------------------|------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Initial | | | | | |
| Volume 1 | | | | | |
| Volume 2 | | | | | |
| Volume 3 | | | | | |

Time Sampled _____ Purge Rate _____ (during sampling)

HORIBA (Serial No.): _____ Time of Calibration Check: _____ Recalibration: Yes/No

Temperature (°C): _____ pH: _____ Conductivity (mS/cm): _____ DO (mg/L): _____

Form Bar Code Label

Sample Task Leader Signature/Date: _____

Data Entry Signature/Date: _____

Data Verification Signature/Date: _____



WAG 6 - MONITORING VARIANCE REQUEST FORM (MV-01)

(Once completed, insert this form into site notebook. If more than one site is affected, insert a copy of this form into all appropriate notebooks.)

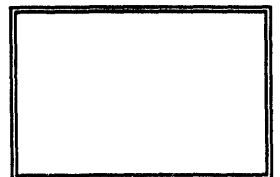
Matrix:

| |
|---|
| ID of affected site(s): |
| Name and title of person making request: |
| Date: |
| Document very specifically the variance being requested. Be sure to identify all pertinent Data Quality Objectives that are affected by this variance: |
| Document the reasons for requesting the variance: |
| Document the time scale of the variance. Include dates at which this variance will start and end (if applicable): |
| <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> Variance approval signature: <div style="margin-top: 5px;"> STL: FTM: WAG 6 Project Manager: </div> </div> <div> Date: Date: Date: </div> </div> |

Data entry signature/date: _____

Data verification signature/date: _____

Form Bar Code Label



WAG 6 - RECORD OF REPAIR FORM (RF-01)

DATE: _____ EMPLOYEE BADGE NO.: _____

EQUIPMENT BAR CODE NO.: _____

EQUIPMENT STATUS: IN-USE AVAILABLE TEMPORARILY RETIRED
(circle one) OUT-OF-SERVICE

Disposition of unit: _____

Comments: _____

Was damage discovered during routine site inspection? Yes _____ No _____

If yes, list inspection form number or logbook number. _____

Nature of damage if known: _____ Date found: _____

Was unit repairable in situ? Yes _____ No _____

If yes, list repairs made and person making them. _____

Did in situ repairs include replacing any parts/accessories? Yes _____ No _____

If yes, list and describe. _____

Was equipment sent to offsite vendor for repair? Yes _____ No _____

If yes, list:

Vendor: _____ Address: _____

Airbill No. (if shipped): _____

Work Order No: _____

Date Sent: _____ Initial: _____

Date returned: _____ Received by: _____

Type of repair: _____

Was unit returned in good working condition? Yes / No

If no, please describe: _____

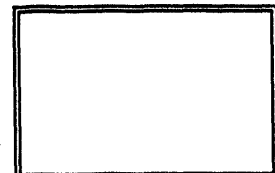
Returned Equipment Status: _____

Sample Task Leader Signature/Date: _____

Data Entry Signature/Date: _____

Data Verification Signature/Date: _____

Form Bar Code Label



WAG 6 - CHAIN OF CUSTODY (COC-01)

[illegible]

Form Bar Code Label

WAG 6 - WEEKLY ACTIVITY SCHEDULE (WAS-01)

FTM Badge No.: _____ Date (mm/dd/yy): ____/____/____

| Groundwater Quality | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------|------|--------|
| Activity Period: _____ | | | | |
| Site IDs | | Surplus Bottles | | |
| | | Quantity | Type | Volume |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Surface Water | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------|--------|
| Activity Period: _____ | | | | |
| Site IDs | Type of Sampling (Task) | Surplus Bottles | | |
| | | Quantity | Type | Volume |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Seeps and Springs | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------|------|--------|
| Activity Period: _____ | | | | |
| Site IDs | | Surplus Bottles | | |
| | | Quantity | Type | Volume |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

FTM Signature/Date: _____

Data Entry Signature/Date: _____

Data Verification Signature/Date: _____

WAG 6 - FIELD COLLECTION TASK MAP (FCTM-01)

Field Matrix: _____

Kit Identifier: _____

Task: _____

Kit Preparation Date: _____

Sampling Date: _____

Field Activity Sheet Number: _____

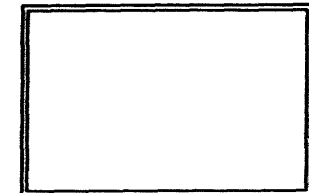
Field Logbook Number: _____

| Monitoring Location | Sample ID | Collection Device | Collection FOP | Sample Container | | | Process | Preservative | Analysis Group | Sample Type |
|---------------------|-----------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|------|-----------|---------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | | | Size | Type | Clean Lot | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | |

Completed By: _____

Date: _____

Form Bar Code Label



WAG 6 - FIELD ACTIVITY SHEET (FAS-01)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|--|--|-------------------|--|--|----|--|
| WAG 6 PROJECT | | SAMPLING DATE: | | | | | | PAGE | | | OF | |
| TASK: | | | | MATRIX: | | | | KIT CONTAINER ID: | | | | |
| TEAM LEADER | | | | SAMPLING TEAM: | | | | | | | | |

| SAMPLE ID | MONITORING LOCATION | SAMPLE TYPE | CONTAINER | | ANALYSIS GROUP | PRESERVATIVE | pH | SAMPLING DEVICE | COLLECTION FOP | REMARKS | SHIPPING CONTAINER NO/DATE |
|-----------|---------------------|-------------|-----------|--------|----------------|--------------|----|-----------------|----------------|---------|----------------------------|
| | | | TYPE | VOLUME | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
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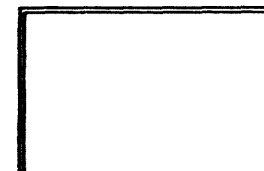
CONTAINER TYPES: P = High Density Polyethylene, G = Glass, T = Teflon


SAMPLE TYPES: RB = Rinse Blank, FB = Field Blank; TB = Trip Blank; FLD = Field Sample; MS/MSD

PRESERVATIVE: A = HCl to pH <2; B = HNO₃ to pH <2; C = H₂SO₄ to pH <2; D = NaOH to pH >12; E = Other (specify)

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-------|--|------------------|-------|-------|
| RELINQUISHED BY: | DATE: | TIME: | | RELINQUISHED BY: | DATE: | TIME: |
| | | | | | | |
| RECEIVED BY: | DATE: | TIME: | | RECEIVED BY: | DATE: | TIME: |
| | | | | | | |

Form Bar Code Label



| | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
|  | | CDM FEDERAL PROGRAMS CORPORATION a subsidiary of Camp Dresser & McKee Inc. | |
| Sample Bar Code ID: | | Project Number: | |
| Sample Date: | | Analysis: | |
| Sample Time: | | Collected By: | |
| Monitoring Location: | | | |
| Sample Type: | | <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Grab | | <input type="checkbox"/> Water | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Composite | | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ | | | |
| Preservative: | | <input type="checkbox"/> Ice | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> HCl | | <input type="checkbox"/> NaOH | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> HNO ₃ | | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> H ₂ SO ₄ | | | |
| Holding Time: _____ | | FAS #: _____ | |
| Cleaning Lot #: _____ | | COC #: _____ | |

Sample Label

APPENDIX B
SAMPLING SCHEDULES

Table B.1. List of analytes, by well, for first-quarter groundwater quality monitoring at WAG 6

| First Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------------|------------------|--------|---------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Well | CLP Vols ^a | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 648 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank ^b |
| 745 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 831 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 832 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 833 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 835 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 836 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 837 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 838 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 839 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank Duplicate ^c |
| 840 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 841 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 842 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 843 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 844 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 845 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 846 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 847 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |

Table B.1 (continued)

[illegible]

Table B.1 (continued)

| First Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|---|
| Well | CLP Vols^a | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³H | ⁹⁰Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 1237 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 1241 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 1242 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| 1243 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| NWQ-1 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank Spike(s) ^d Duplicate ^c |
| NWQ-2 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| NWQ-3 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| NWQ-4 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| NWQ-5 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank |
| NWQ-6 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Trip blank Duplicate ² |

^aCLP volatiles include RCRA volatiles.

^bFirst quarter trip blanks will be analyzed for Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) volatiles only.

^cDuplicate samples will be analyzed for the same constituents for which the original sample is analyzed.

^dSpike samples will be used by the laboratory as a duplicate/spike combination for inorganics and a spike/spike duplicate combination for organics.

Table B.2. List of analytes, by well, for second quarter groundwater quality monitoring at WAG 6

| Second Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| Well | CLP Volis ^a | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 648 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank ^b |
| 745 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 831 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 832 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 833 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 835 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 836 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 837 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 838 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 839 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 840 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 841 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 842 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 843 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 844 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 845 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Duplicate ^c |
| 846 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 847 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |

Table B.2 (continued)

| Second Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------|------------|---|
| Well | CLP Vols ^a | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 848 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 849 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 850 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 851 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 852 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 854 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 855 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 856 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 857 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 858 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 859 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 860 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1036 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1039 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1166 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1225 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1233 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Spike(s) ^d Duplicate ^c |
| 1237 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |

Table B.2 (continued)

| Second Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| Well | CLP Volat ^a | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 1241 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1242 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1243 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-1 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-2 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-3 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-4 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-5 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Duplicate ^c |
| NWQ-6 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |

^aCLP volatiles include RCRA volatiles.

^bSecond quarter trip blanks will be analyzed for CLP volatiles only.

^cDuplicate samples will be analyzed for the same constituents for which the original sample is analyzed.

^dSpike samples will be used by the laboratory as a duplicate/spike combination for inorganics and as a spike/spike duplicate combination for organics.

Table B.3. List of analytes, by well, for third-quarter groundwater quality monitoring at WAG 6

| Third Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| Well | CLP Vols | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 648 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank ^b |
| 745 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 831 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 832 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 833 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 835 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 836 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 837 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 838 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 839 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Duplicate ^c |
| 840 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 841 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Duplicate ^c |
| 842 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 843 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 844 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 845 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 846 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 847 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 848 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |

Table B.3 (continued)

| Third Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| Well | CLP Vols | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 849 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 850 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 851 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Duplicate ^c |
| 852 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 854 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 855 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 856 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 857 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 858 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 859 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 860 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1036 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1039 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Duplicate ^c |
| 1166 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1225 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1233 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1237 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1241 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |

Table B.3 (continued)

| Third Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------|------------|---|
| Well | CLP ^a Vols | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 1242 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1243 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-1 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-2 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-3 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Spike(s) ^d Duplicate ^c |
| NWQ-4 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-5 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-6 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Duplicate ² |

^aCLP volatiles include RCRA volatiles.

^bThird quarter trip blanks will be analyzed for CLP volatiles only.

^cDuplicate samples will be analyzed for the same constituents for which the original sample is analyzed.

^dSpike samples will be used by the laboratory as a duplicate/spike combination for inorganics and as a spike/spike duplicate combination for organics.

Table B.4. List of analytes, by well, for fourth-quarter groundwater quality monitoring at WAG 6

| Fourth Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Well | CLP Vols ^a | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 648 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank ^b |
| 745 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 831 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 832 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 833 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 835 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 836 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 837 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 838 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 839 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 840 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 841 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 842 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 843 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Duplicate ^c |
| 844 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 845 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 846 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 847 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |

Table B.4 (continued)

| Fourth Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------------|------------------|--------|---------|------------|---|
| Well | CLP Vols ⁴ | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 848 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 849 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 850 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 851 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 852 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 854 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 855 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 856 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 857 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 858 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 859 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 860 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1036 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Spike(s) ⁴ Duplicate ² |
| 1039 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1166 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1225 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1233 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1237 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |

Table B.4 (continued)

| Fourth Quarter List of Analytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| Well | CLP Vols ^a | CLP Svols | CLP Pest/PCBs | CLP Metals | Gross Alpha | Gamma Scan | ³ H | ⁹⁰ Sr | Anions | DOC DIC | Alkalinity | Field Quality Control Samples |
| 1241 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1242 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| 1243 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-1 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-2 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank Duplicate ^c |
| NWQ-3 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-4 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-5 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |
| NWQ-6 | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | Trip blank |

^aCLP volatiles include RCRA volatiles.

^bFourth quarter trip blanks will be analyzed for CLP volatiles only.

^cDuplicate samples will be analyzed for the same constituents for which the original sample is analyzed.

^dSpike samples will be used by the laboratory as a duplicate/spike combination for inorganics and as a spike/spike duplicate combination for organics.

APPENDIX C

SITE-SPECIFIC HAZARD EVALUATION ADDENDUM FOR WAG 6 GROUNDWATER QUALITY SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

**SITE-SPECIFIC HAZARD EVALUATION ADDENDUM FOR
WAG 6 GROUNDWATER QUALITY
SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN**

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SITE-SPECIFIC HAZARD EVALUATION ADDENDUM FOR WAG 6 GROUNDWATER QUALITY SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

This Site-Specific Hazard Evaluation Addendum is for the performance of the Waste Area Grouping (WAG) 6 groundwater quality sampling and analysis plan. The work will be conducted by CDM Federal Programs Corporation (CDM Federal) and associated Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) environmental, safety, and health support groups. This activity will fall under the scope of 29 CFR 1910.120, Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER). The purpose of this document is to establish site-specific health and safety guidelines to be followed by all personnel involved in conducting work for this project. Work will be conducted in accordance with requirements as stipulated in the ORNL HAZWOPER Program Manual, WAG 6 Site Health and Safety Plan (HASP), this addendum, and applicable ORNL, Martin Marietta Energy Systems, Inc. (Energy Systems), and U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) policies and procedures. The WAG 6 Site HASP and this addendum serve as an extension of the ORNL HAZWOPER Program Manual; combined, they fulfill the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.120.

The levels of protection and the procedures specified in this plan are based on the best information available from historical data and preliminary evaluations of the area. Therefore, these recommendations represent the minimum health and safety requirements to be observed by all personnel engaged in this project. Unforeseeable site conditions, changes in scope of work, or hazardous conditions not previously considered will warrant a reassessment of protection levels and controls stated. Minor changes, such as downgrade of personal protective equipment (PPE) or change in the model of a site instrument may be justified and documented in the site logbook by the Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO). Significant changes will require revision of the HASP or this addendum and must have approval by the appropriate ORNL Environmental Restoration (ER) Environmental Safety and Health (ESH) Manager and the HAZWOPER Program Coordinator (HPC) before restart of site operations.

1. PROJECT AND SITE DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The groundwater-quality-monitoring network is composed of 45 wells. The sampling team is composed of an Environmental Surveillance Division (ESD) sampling crew, a CDM Federal sample task leader (STL), and Industrial Hygiene-Health Physics (IHHP) personnel. Groundwater quality sampling requires the following steps: measuring the water level, purging the well, and obtaining the sample. Water level sampling guidelines, well sample locations, and data collection guidelines are discussed in Sect. 2 of the Groundwater Quality Sampling and Analysis Plan.

Water level measurements are obtained by removing the cap from the well, lowering the water level indicator probe into the well, and recording the reading. The well purging process is performed by removing from the well a volume of water equivalent to three well casings or by pumping the well to dryness. In completing the groundwater-quality-monitoring tasks, samples will be obtained after the well has been purged. Samples are collected directly from the bladder pumps; the samples are analyzed to determine levels of gross alpha activity, total radioactive strontium, gamma radiation, and tritium. Proper sample preservation techniques and overall groundwater sampling guidelines are located in Sect. 2 of the Groundwater Quality Sampling and Analysis Plan.

1.2 SITE DESCRIPTION

Information regarding the WAG 6 site description can be found in the *Draft RCRA Facility Investigation Report for Waste Area Grouping 6 at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee*, ES/ER-22/V2&D1 (Energy Systems 1991).

2. SITE ORGANIZATION AND COORDINATION

The work will be performed by an ESD sampling crew and a CDM Federal STL. ORNL Industrial Hygiene (IH), Industrial Safety (IS), and Radiation Protection (RP) will provide appropriate health and safety services, including monitoring and oversight.

The following section details the organizational structure for this project. Key personnel and their project responsibilities are listed. An approved representative of the Measurement Applications and Development (MAD) Group will serve as the Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO) and alternate SSHO.

In the event of a health and safety emergency, field personnel will contact the SSHO and/or the WAG 6 Project Engineer.

2.1 SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH OFFICER

The SSHO is the primary on-site contact for safety and health during field activities. The SSHO oversees the on-site execution of all field activities regarding safety and health procedures and has the authority to stop all work if conditions are judged to be hazardous to on-site personnel or to the public. The SSHO will remain at the project site at all times while workers are performing site activities. Other specific responsibilities are as follows.

1. Ensures that all on-site project personnel meet the required level of training, meet medical requirements including respirator fit test (as required), attend a pre-entry briefing on project and potential site hazards, and review the Work Plan and HASP. Maintains copies of this documentation at the project site and ensures that documentation is available for on-site review. Note: The ORNL Special Access Training Badge may be used as verification of training.
2. Requires personnel to obtain immediate medical attention in the case of a work-related injury or illness.
3. Denies access to all or any portion of the work area as warranted.
4. Orders work to cease, orders evacuation of the work area by all personnel, and reestablishes safe working conditions, as needed.
5. Controls access to the site by visitors and unauthorized personnel. Advises visitors and unauthorized personnel of their responsibilities, and ensures that they meet access requirements before their entry into the contamination reduction zone, exclusion zone, or controlled access areas is allowed.
6. Ensures the correct field execution of the Work Plan and HASP.
7. Ensures that this Work Plan and HASP are revised and approved if there are changes in site conditions or tasks.

8. Advises emergency response personnel in an emergency.
9. Coordinates with IH, IS, and RP to establish site work zones level of required personnel protection, monitoring, and other controls.
10. Coordinates and minimizes the number of personnel and amount of equipment in the work zones.
11. Coordinates accident prevention by oversight of field activities and by awareness of all site operations.
12. Ensures that needed work permits are obtained and made available on site.
13. Ensures that the ER Program ESH Manager, HPC, IH, IS, and RP are contacted before commencement of site work (1) to notify of intent to begin work, and (2) to schedule monitoring support, as needed.
14. Conducts daily inspection of the work site.
15. Provides the HPC and ER Program ESH Manager with a list of personnel participating in site activities to determine the need for inclusion in the hazardous-waste-worker medical surveillance program.
16. Ensures that appropriate fall protection measures are in place, as warranted.
17. Ensures that an approved hoisting and rigging plan is available, as warranted.
18. Ensures that appropriate measures have been taken to prevent spills.
19. Ensures that appropriate monitoring/sampling services are available.
20. Ensures that the appropriate chain of command is followed in reporting safety and health issues.
21. Maintains Site Safety Logbook.

2.2 FIELD PERSONNEL

Specific responsibilities are as follows.

1. Take all reasonable precautions to prevent injury to themselves and to their fellow employees; be alert to potentially harmful situations.
2. Perform only those tasks that they believe they can do safely and immediately reporting any accidents and/or unsafe conditions to the SSHO.
3. Notify the SSHO of any special medical conditions (e.g., allergies, diabetes).

4. Prevent spills to the extent possible. If a spill occurs, contain the spill, notify the SSHO, and clean up immediately using safe cleanup measures as directed by the SSHO. Note: Do not engage in spill containment or cleanup if conditions are not safe and if the cleanup cannot be accomplished with supplies available at the site. Evacuate the area. All spills must be reported to the ORNL Environmental Interface (574-8770).
5. Avoid splashing materials to the extent possible.
6. Practice good housekeeping by keeping the work area neat, clean, and orderly to the extent possible.
7. Report all injuries, no matter how minor.
8. Comply with the work plan and with the HASP and Addendum, as well as postings and rules at the project site.
9. Follow the appropriate chain of command for reporting and addressing health and safety issues.

2.3 RADIATION PROTECTION (Jim Ed Irwin)

ORNL Radiation Protection will be responsible for oversight and approval of personnel protection requirements related to radiation protection. A representative from the Office of Radiation Protection will review and approve the HASP before commencement of field activities. ORNL RP will be consulted before entry into any posted radiological area and will instruct field participants on requirements for that area, including the need for a Radiation Work Permit, appropriate monitoring, dosimetry, and PPE. The RP representative will maintain an instrument calibration log/file in association with the Instrumentation and Calibration Department. The RP representative will be contacted for radiological concerns at the site that cannot be addressed by the SSHO or HP.

2.4 INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE (Teresa Presley)

The ORNL Industrial Hygiene Section and the HPC will be responsible for the oversight and approval of personnel protection related to industrial hygiene and the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.120 (HAZWOPER). The IH Divisional Representative and the HPC will review and approve the Work Plan and HASP before commencement of field activities. The IH representative and the HPC will provide guidance regarding PPE, and industrial hygiene monitoring and sampling requirements. The IH Section will be contacted for IH and HAZWOPER concerns at the site that cannot be addressed by the SSHO or HP.

2.5 INDUSTRIAL SAFETY (Doug Miller)

The ORNL Industrial Safety Section will be responsible for oversight and approval of personnel protection related to safety. A representative from IS will review and approve the Work Plan and HASP before commencement of field activities. IS will provide guidance

regarding potential safety hazards, PPE, and safety requirements. The IS Section representative will be contacted for safety concerns at the site that cannot be addressed by the SSHO or HP.

A complete organizational structure and description of responsibilities may be found in Sect. 3 of the WAG 6 HASP.

2.6 ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROGRAM ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY AND HEALTH MANAGER (Charles Clark)

The ORNL ER Program ESH Manager is a designated Energy Systems employee who is responsible for the oversight of all ORNL ER Program activities. The responsibilities of the ORNL ER Program ESH Manager include, but are not limited to,

- reviewing and approving all site safety and health plans and all site safety and health evaluation addendums,
- reviewing all self-assessment and -surveillance reports,
- providing interface between ER projects and the HPC, and
- reviewing and approving the qualifications of the Site Safety and Health Managers and SSHOs.

The ER Program ESH Manager provides a direct interface between field personnel and the HPC for safety and health issues that cannot be resolved at the ER Program level or the SSHO level.

3. PROJECT HAZARD EVALUATION

Task: Groundwater quality sampling and analysis.

3.1 PHYSICAL HAZARDS

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Heat stress | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cold stress | <input type="checkbox"/> Noise |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Confined space | <input type="checkbox"/> Enclosed space | <input type="checkbox"/> Manual lifting |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tripping/falling | <input type="checkbox"/> Ergonomic | <input type="checkbox"/> High pressure |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oxygen deficient | <input type="checkbox"/> Explosives/flammables | <input type="checkbox"/> Vibration |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oxygen enriched | <input type="checkbox"/> Water | |

3.2 SAFETY/CONSTRUCTION HAZARDS

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Trenching | <input type="checkbox"/> Excavating | <input type="checkbox"/> Heavy equipment operation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Demolition | <input type="checkbox"/> Elevated work | <input type="checkbox"/> Welding/cutting |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hoisting/rigging | <input type="checkbox"/> Underground hazards | <input type="checkbox"/> Overhead hazards |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Personnel decon | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Equipment decon | <input type="checkbox"/> ISU |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drilling | <input type="checkbox"/> Drum handling | <input type="checkbox"/> Work in water/boat |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Environmental sampling | | |

3.3 CHEMICAL HAZARDS

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Volatile organics | <input type="checkbox"/> Inorganics | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carcinogens |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Corrosives | <input type="checkbox"/> Reproductive toxicants | <input type="checkbox"/> Metals |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mutagens | <input type="checkbox"/> Asbestos | <input type="checkbox"/> PCBs |
| <input type="checkbox"/> OSHA specific | <input type="checkbox"/> Flammables/explosives | |

3.4 IONIZING RADIOLOGICAL HAZARDS

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Internal exposure | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External exposure | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contamination |
|--|---|---|

3.5 NON-IONIZING RADIOLOGICAL HAZARDS

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> UV | <input type="checkbox"/> RF | <input type="checkbox"/> Microwave |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Laser | <input type="checkbox"/> High voltage | |

3.6 BIOLOGICAL/VECTOR HAZARDS

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Wildlife | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plants | <input type="checkbox"/> Medical waste |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bacteria | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Parasites | |

3.7 DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDS AND CONTROLS

3.7.1 Physical Hazards

Temperature Extremes

Task: Sampling on RCRA Caps.

Temperature extremes are of concern in two primary tasks that include heat stress while working in Tyvek PPE during the summer and early autumn months and include hypothermia while performing equipment decontamination during the winter.

Work load:

- (X) Light
() Moderate
() Heavy

Precautions (*specify*): Decrease work load during extremely hot or cold days, and take frequent breaks to warm up or cool down. Increase water intake on extremely hot or cold days, and make frequent trips to either vehicles or trailers during cold days. The SSHO will adhere to the guidelines for temperature extremes listed in the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists publication, *Threshold Level Values for Chemical Substances, Physical Agents, and Biological Exposure Indices*.

Cooling/heating equipment needed: No, vehicle is present at site.

Ergonomic Hazards

Task: Sampling on RCRA caps.

Heavy lifting () Yes (X) No

Vibrating equipment () Yes (X) No

Tripping/falling (X) Yes () No

Controls/protective equipment: The buddy system will be employed to monitor field personnel safety. Protective controls to assist in prevention of tripping and falling include shoe covers (black rubber boots). In addition, care will be taken while monitoring/sampling in areas where heavy dew or damp RCRA caps are possible.

3.7.2 Chemical Hazards

Substance: Hydrochloric acid (HCl)

Use (for materials brought on site): Sample preservative

Location (for substances identified at the site): NA

TLV: NA PEL: 5 ppm IDLH: 100 ppm STEL: NA

Route of exposure: Inhalation, ingestion, contact/absorption

Target organs: Respiratory system, eyes, skin
 LEL: NA UEL: NA FP: NA
 Signs and symptoms of exposure: Inflammation of nose and throat; coughing, burning sensation in eyes and on skin.
 Health effects: May cause damage to the respiratory system or mucous membrane; may cause epidermal burns.
 Additional comments and controls: None

Substance: Nitric acid (HNO₃)
 Use (for materials brought on site): Sample preservative
 Location (for substances identified at the site): NA
 TLV: 2 ppm PEL: 2 ppm IDLH: 100 ppm STEL: 10 mg/m³
 Route of exposure: Inhalation, ingestion, contact (absorption)
 Target organs: Eyes, skin, respiratory system, teeth
 LEL: NA UEL: NA FP: NA
 Signs and symptoms of exposure: Skin irritation or burning; irritation of eyes; irritated respiratory system (burning, coughing, choking)
 Health Effects: May cause epidermal burns or discoloration; may cause damage to the respiratory system or mucous membrane
 Additional comments and controls: None

Substance: Liquinox
 Use (for materials brought on site): Equipment decontamination
 Location (for substances identified at the site): NA
 TLV: NA PEL: NA IDLH: NA STEL: NA
 Route of exposure: Absorption, ingestion
 Target organs: Eyes, skin
 LEL: NA UEL: NA FP: NA
 Signs and symptoms of exposure: Redness or dryness of the skin; stomach discomfort or nausea if ingested.
 Health Effects: NA
 Additional comments and controls: None

Substance: Deionized water
 Use (for materials brought on site): Equipment decontamination
 Location (for substances identified at the site): NA
 TLV: NA PEL: NA IDLH: NA STEL: NA
 Route of exposure: Ingestion
 Target organs: NA
 LEL: NA UEL: NA FP: NA
 Signs and symptoms of exposure: NA
 Health Effects: NA
 Additional comments and controls: None

More information regarding specific chemicals of concern at the site is provided in the tables at the end of this section. See Sect. 5 for Industrial Hygiene monitoring/sampling requirements.

3.7.3 Ionizing Radiation

For ionizing radiological hazards identified in Sect. 3.4, the following information is provided. Available historical and site characterization data were used to complete this section. An Office of Radiation Protection representative was contacted to assist in completion of this section.

Additional information concerning ionizing radiation can be found in the tables at the end of this section.

Any known contamination present (from prior scanning or history)? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Primary contaminating isotope(s): See tables

Radiation type: Alpha/beta/gamma

Location on site: Well number(s) 1242, 1243, 843

Radiation work permit required? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Dose rate: (weekly) 100 mR

Worker dose limit: 20 mR/day

| | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|----------|
| Contamination level (removable): | Alpha | 20 dpm |
| | Beta/gamma | 200 dpm |
| (fixed): | Alpha | 200 dpm |
| | Beta/gamma | 1000 dpm |

Note: Dose rate, worker dose limit, and contamination levels are administrative guidelines.

Airborne contamination concentration: NA $\mu\text{Ci/mL}$

Water contamination potential? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Unrestricted airborne contamination release potential? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Health Physics coverage: Continuous/Intermittent/Conditional

High volume sampling to be conducted? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Low volume sampling to be conducted? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Personal monitoring/sampling? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Additional controls/requirements: None

Instruments to be used and monitoring requirements are identified in Sect. 5.

3.7.4 Sanitation

Task: Groundwater quality sampling and analysis

A clean zone located on WAG 6 provides workers with an area for eating and drinking, toilet facilities, washing facilities (hand wash and emergency eye wash only), and a changing room.

Potable water required? Not permitted on work site

Nonpotable water used? Yes, for decontamination.

Eating, drinking, chewing, use of tobacco permitted?

Location: As stated above.

Toilet facilities required?

Location and number: As stated above.

Washing facilities required?

Location: As stated above.

Change rooms required?

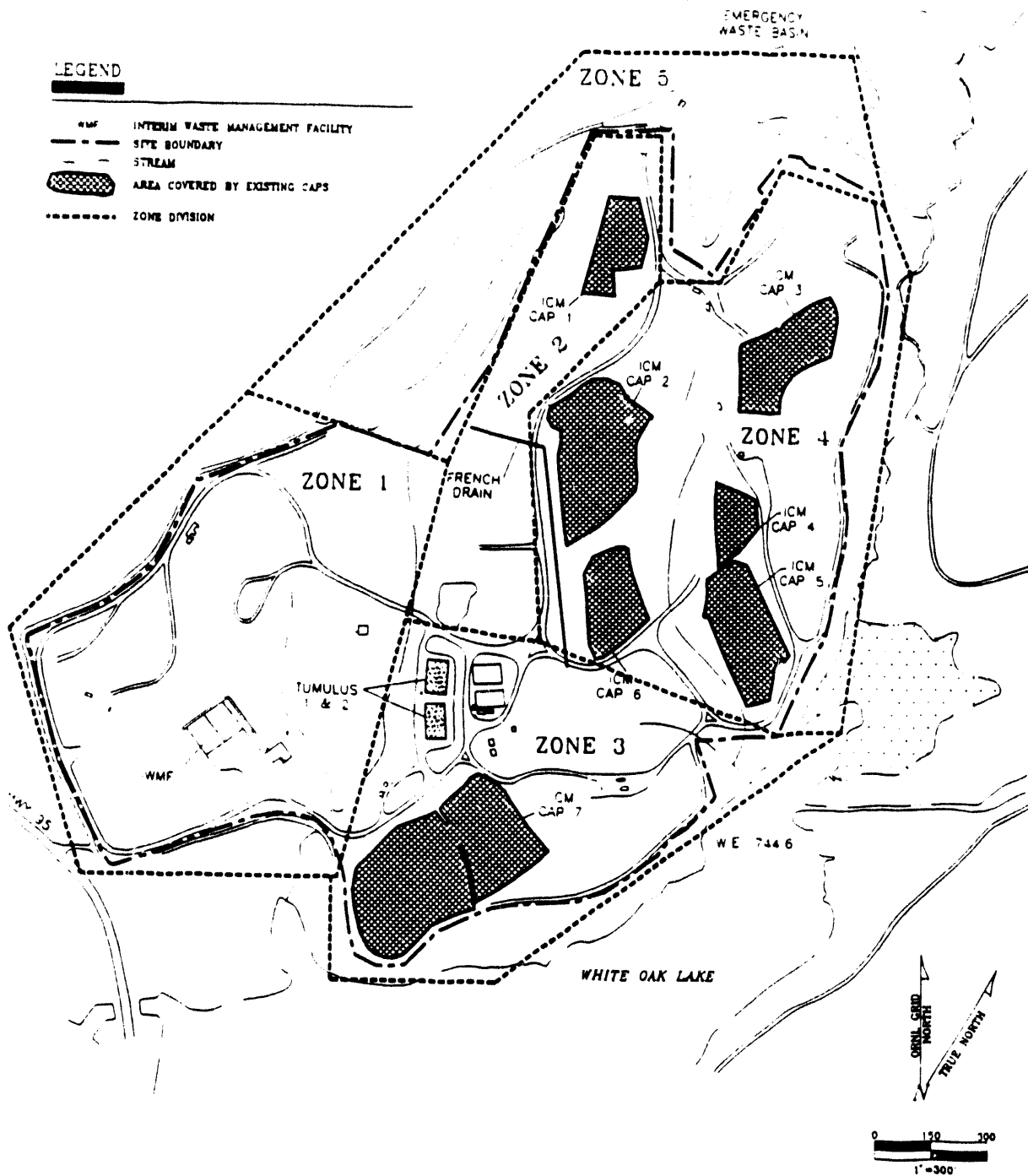
Specify: As stated above.

3.7.5 Illumination

Tasks: Groundwater quality sampling and analysis

Additional illumination needed? () Yes (X) No () NA

All groundwater quality sampling and analysis activities will be performed during daylight hours. No additional illumination will be required.



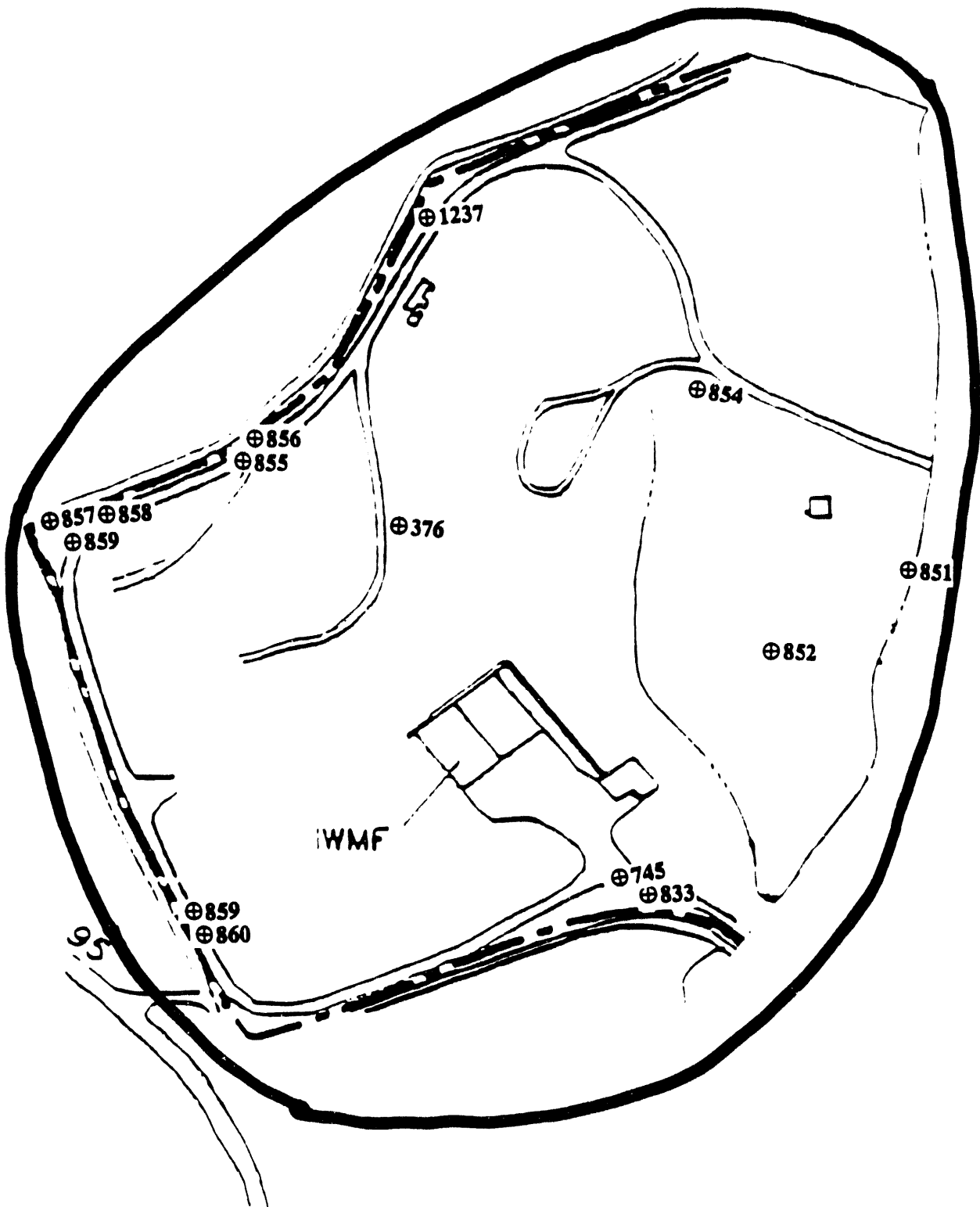
WAG 6 ZONE DIVISION

OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY
ORNL WAG 6

CDM FEDERAL PROGRAMS CORPORATION
a subsidiary of Camp Dresser & McKee Inc.

C-15

ZONE 1
Water Quality Wells



Oak Ridge National Laboratory
WAG - 6

Zone 1 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| 1,1-1 Trichloroethane Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input checked="" type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 350 ppm PEL: 350 ppm REL: NE DAC: | STEL: 450 ppm IDLH: 1000 ppm | CNS, CVS, eye, skin irritant, headaches, drowsiness, impaired judgement, can be absorbed through skin to heart | Liquid, mild chloroform like odor, Sol 0.4%, LEL: 7.5% |
| Acetone Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 750 ppm PEL: 750 ppm REL: 250 ppm DAC: | STEL: 1000 ppm IDLH: 20,000 ppm | Eyes, nose, throat, skin | Liquid with mint like odor, LEL: 2.5% |
| Americium-244 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: 8E-8 µCi/mL | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory, liver, skeleton | Variable |
| Cesium-137 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: 7E-8 µCi/mL | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | GI, Lower large intestine | |

| | | | |
|----------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Zone 1 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| Ethyl benzene Color: colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 100 ppm PEL: 100 ppm REL: 100 ppm DAC: | STEL: 125 ppm IDLH: 2000 ppm | Eyes, upper respiratory system, skin, CNS | Liquid with an aromatic odor, Sol 0.01%, LEL: 1.0% |
| Napthalene Color: Colorless to brown <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 10 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Eyes, kidney, liver blood, skin, RBC, CNS | Solid, odor of mothballs, VP: 0.08 mm, MFI 176 F; UEL: 5.9%, LEL: 0.9% |
| Strontium-90 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Skeletal system, respiratory system | Variable |
| Tetrachloroethylene Color: Colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm PEL: 25 ppm REL: DAC: | STEL: 200 ppm IDLH: 500 ppm | Liver, kidneys, eyes, upper respiratory system, CNS; irritant flush face, vertigo | Liquid with odor like ether or chloroform |

Legend:

C: ceiling

CNS: central nervous system

GI: gastrointestinal

IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health

MW: molecular weight

PEL: permissible exposure limit

REL: recommended exposure limit

SG: specific gravity

STEL: short-term exposure limit

TLV: threshold limit value

VP: vapor pressure

IP: ionization potential

NF: nonflammable

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Zone 1 Contaminant List

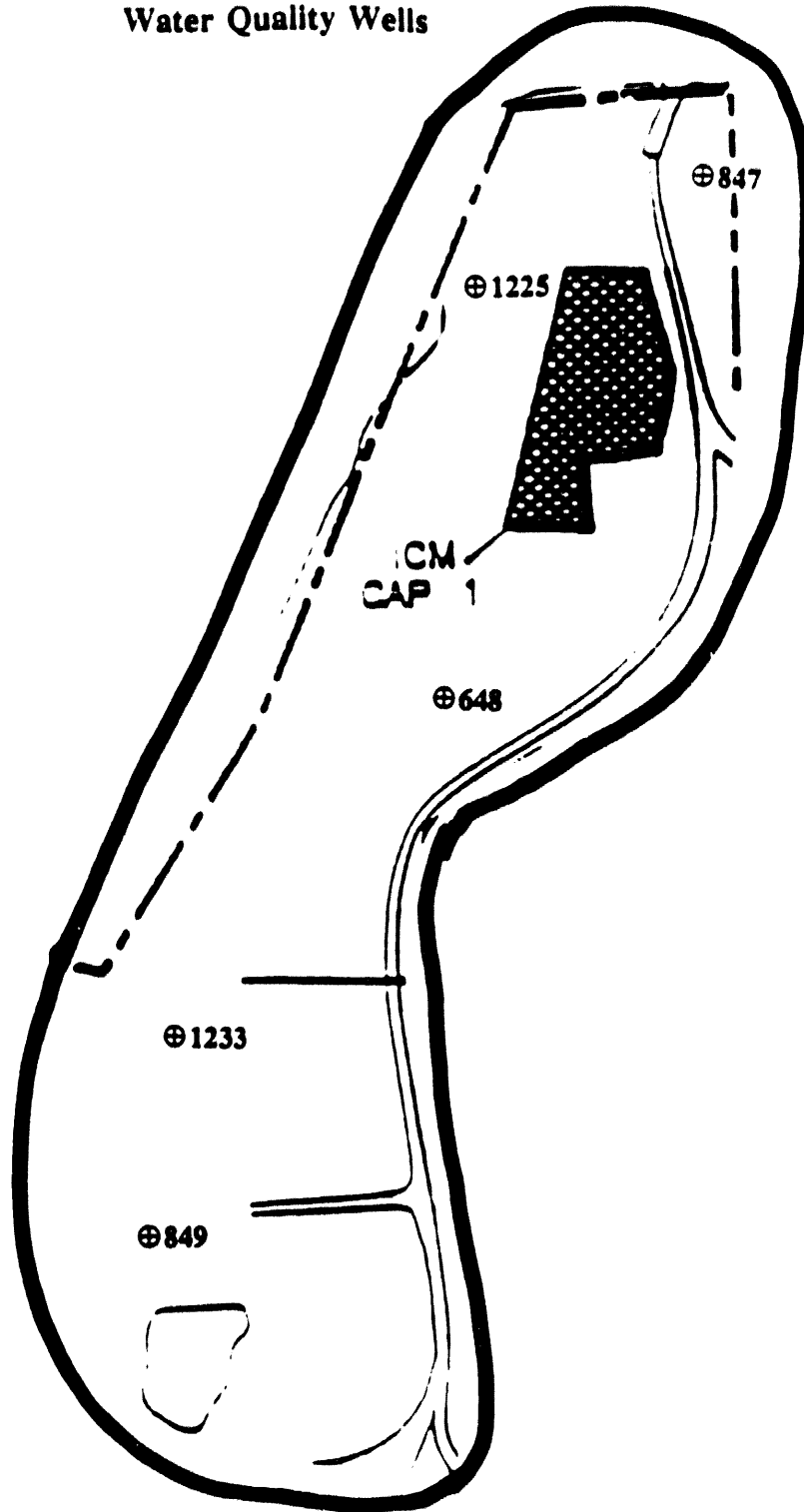
| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EI/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| Tetrachloroethylene Color: Colorless ● known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm | STEL: 200 ppm IDLH: 500 ppm | Liver, kidneys, eyes, upper respiratory system, CNS; irritant flush face, vertigo | Liquid with odor like ether or chloroform, IP 9.32; FP: 0, LFL: nonflammable, UFL: nonflammable |
| Toluene Color: Colorless ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 100 ppm PEL: 100 ppm REL: 100 ppm DAC: | STEL: 150 ppm IDLH: 2000 ppm | CNS, liver, kidneys, skin | Liquid with sweet, pungent benzene like odor, LEL: 1.2% |
| Trichloroethylene Color: Colorless ● known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: 1000 ppm | Respiratory, heart, skin; headaches, dermatitis, nausea, vomiting | Liquid with a chloroform odor |
| Xylene Color: Colorless ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 100 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: 1000 ppm | CNS, GI tract, liver, kidneys, skin; dizziness, staggering gait, nausea, stomach pain | Liquid with aromatic odor |

| | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

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**ZONE 2
Water Quality Wells**



Zone 2 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| 1,1-1 Trichloroethane Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input checked="" type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 350 ppm PEL: 350 ppm REL: NE DAC: | STEL: 450 ppm IDLH: 1000 ppm | CNS, CVS, eye, skin irritant, headaches, drowsiness, impaired judgement, can be absorbed through skin to heart | Liquid, mild chloroform like odor, Sol 0.4%, LEL:7.5% |
| 1,2 dichloroethane Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 1000 ppm | STEL: 4000 ppm IDLH: | CNS, skin, liver, kidneys | Liquid with a chloroform like odor |
| Acetone Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 750 ppm PEL: 750 ppm REL: 250 ppm DAC: | STEL: 1000 ppm IDLH: 20,000 ppm | Eyes, nose, throat, skin | Liquid with mint like odor, LEL: 2.5% |
| Americium-244 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: 8E-8 µCi/mL | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory, liver, skeleton | Variable |

| | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Zone 2 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate Color: <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 5 mg/m ³ PEL: 5 mg/m ³ REL: 5 mg/m ³ DAC: | STEL: 10 mg/m ³ IDLH: NE | Mild irritant to eyes and skin; affects GI tract | When heated emits acrid smoke,insoluble |
| Carbon disulfide Color: Colorless to faint yellow <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 10 ppm PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: IDLH: 500 ppm | CNS, CVS, eyes, skin, liver, kidneys/dizz.,h.a.,ftg, ocular changes | Liquid with strong sweetish odor |
| Cesium-137 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: 7E-8 µCi/mL | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | GI, Lower large intestine | |
| Strontium-90 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Skeletal system, respiratory system | Variable |

Legend:

C: ceiling

CNS: central nervous system

GI: gastrointestinal

IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health

MW: molecular weight

PEL: permissible exposure limit

REL: recommended exposure limit

SG: specific gravity

STEL: short-term exposure limit

TLV: threshold limit value

VP: vapor pressure

IP: ionization potential

NF: nonflammable

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Zone 2 Contaminant List

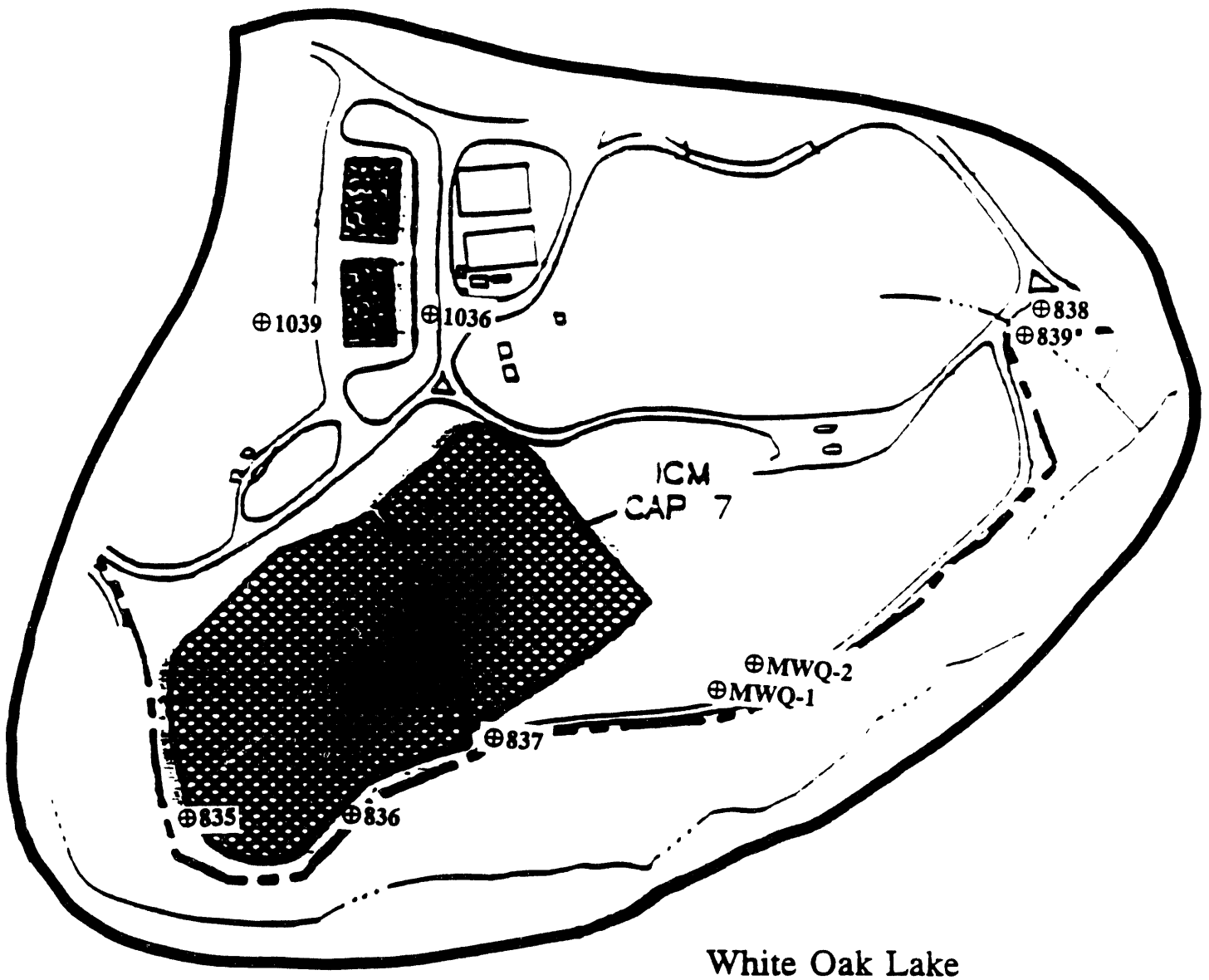
| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Tetrachloroethylene Color: Colorless ● known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm | STEL: 200 ppm IDLH: 500 ppm | Liver, kidneys, eyes, upper respiratory system, CNS; irritant flush face, vertigo | Liquid with odor like ether or chloroform, IP: 9.32; FP: 0; LFL: nonflammable; UFL: nonflammable |
| Toluene Color: Colorless ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 100 ppm PEL: 100 ppm REL: 100 ppm DAC: | STEL: 150 ppm IDLH: 2000 ppm | CNS, liver, kidneys, skin | Liquid with sweet, pungent benzene like odor; LEL: 1.2% |
| Trichloroethylene Color: Colorless ● known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: 1000 ppm | Respiratory, heart, skin; headaches, dermatitis, nausea, vomiting | Liquid with a chloroform odor |
| Xylene Color: Colorless ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 100 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: 1000 ppm | CNS, GI tract, liver, kidneys, skin; dizziness, staggering gait, nausea, stomach pain | Liquid with aromatic odor |

| | | | |
|----------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

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ZONE 3
Water Quality Wells



Oak Ridge National Laboratory
WAG - 6

Zone 3 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| Acetone Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 750 ppm PEL: 750 ppm REL: 250 ppm DAC: | STEL: 1000 ppm IDLH: 20,000 ppm | Eyes, nose, throat, skin | Liquid with mint like odor; LEL: 2.5% |
| Cesium-137 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: 7E-8 µCi/mL | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | GI, Lower large intestine | |
| Chloroform Color: colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 10 ppm PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: IDLH: | Liver, kidneys, heart, eyes, skin/ anesthesia, dizz, mental dullness, naus, h.a., fatigue, irr. | Liquid with pleasant sweet odor; sol: 0.8%, not combustible |
| Isopropyl Alcohol Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 400 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Eyes, skin, respiratory | Liquid, odor of rubbing alcohol, BP: 181F; Sol: miscible; FLP: 53 F; VP: 33 mm; FRP PT: -127 F; UEL: 12.7%, LEL: 2.0% |

| | | | |
|----------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

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Zone 3 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Mercury Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 0.01 mg/m3 REL: 0.01 mg/m3 REL: 0.01 mg/m3 DAC: | STEL: 0.03 mg/m3 IDLH: 10 mg/m3 | CNS, kidney, skin, eyes, respiratory system, liver; tremors, cough, pneumonitis, headache, fatigue, emotional instability | Variable depending on alkyl compound |
| Strontium-90 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: REL: REL: DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Skeletal system, respiratory system | Variable |
| Thorium Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: REL: REL: DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory system | Variable |
| Trichloroethene Color: Colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm REL: 50 ppm REL: 25 ppm DAC: | STEL: 200 ppm IDLH: 1000 ppm | Respiratory system, heart, liver, kidneys, CNS, skin | Liquid with chloroform like odor; Sol 0.1 at 77 F; FL.P: 90 F; LEL 8% at 77 F |

| | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | REL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

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Zone 3 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EI/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|-------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
| Uranium 235 Color: <div> <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen </div> | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory system, kidneys, GI; irritant | Variable |

| | | | |
|----------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

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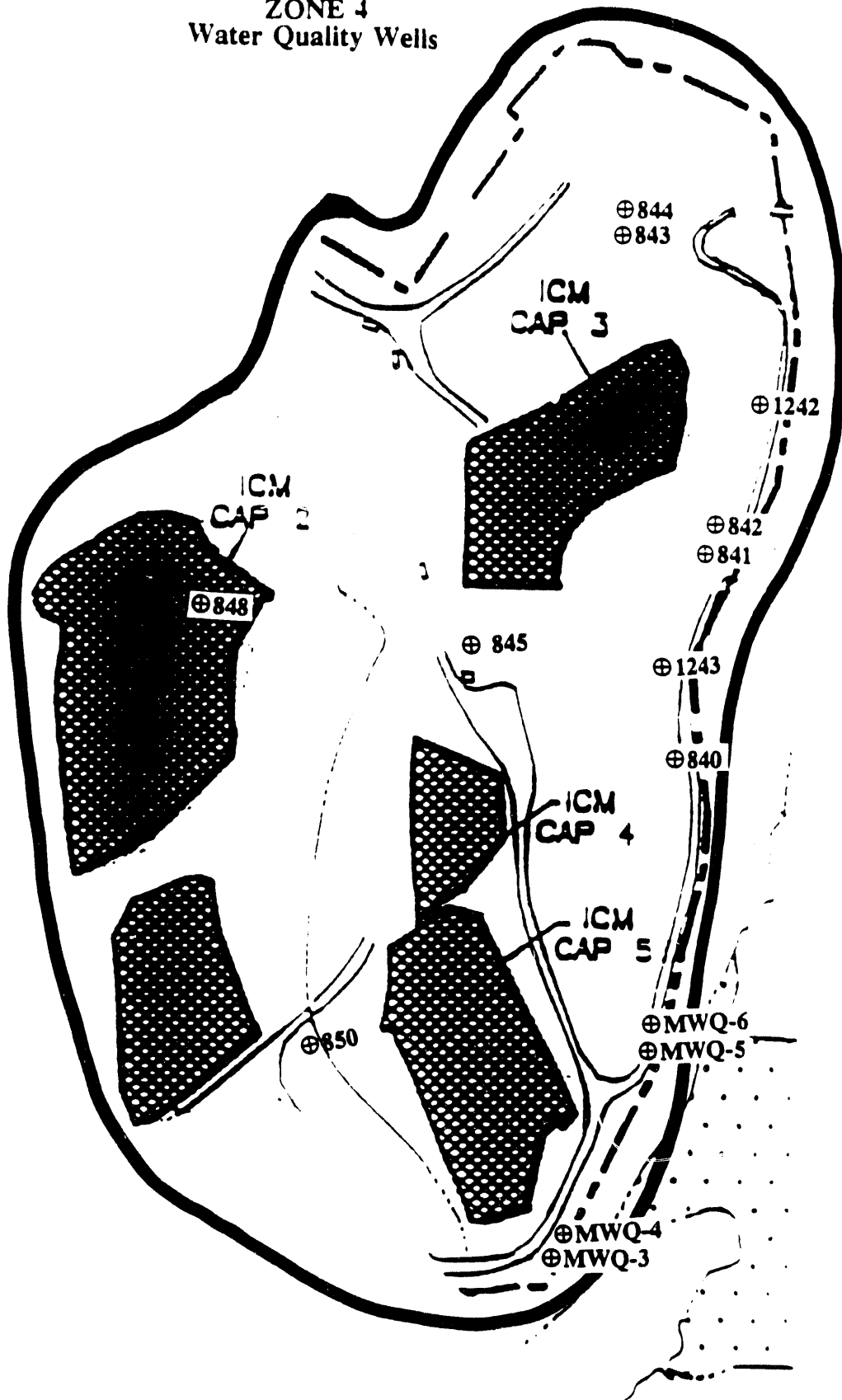
Zone 4 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EI/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate Color: <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 5 mg/m3 PEL: 5 mg/m3 REL: 5 mg/m3 DAC: | STEL: 10 mg/m3 IDLH: NE | Mild irritant to eyes and skin; affects GI tract | When heated emits acrid smoke; insoluble |
| Methylene chloride Color: Colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm PEL: 500 ppm REL: NE DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: 3000 ppm | Eyes, skin, liver, CVS, CNS irritant, numbness, tingling, vertigo, angina | Liquid with chloroform like odor; LEL:12%; Sol:2% |
| Strontium-90 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Skeletal system, respiratory system | Variable |
| 1,1-1 Trichloroethane Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input checked="" type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 350 ppm PEL: 350 ppm REL: NE DAC: | STEL: 450 ppm IDLH: 1000 ppm | CNS, CVS, eye, skin irritant, headaches, drowsiness, impaired judgement, can be absorbed through skin to heart | Liquid, mild chloroform like odor, Sol 0.4%, LEL:7.5% |

| | | | |
|----------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

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ZONE 4
Water Quality Wells



Oak Ridge National Laboratory
WAG - 6

Zone 4 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Acetone Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 750 ppm PEL: 750 ppm REL: 250 ppm DAC: | STEL: 1000 ppm IDLH: 20,000 ppm | Eyes, nose, throat, skin | Liquid with mint like odor;LEL:2.5% |
| Tetrachloroethylene Color: Colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm PEL: 25 ppm REL: DAC: | STEL: 200 ppm IDLH: 500 ppm | Liver, kidneys, eyes, upper respiratory system, CNS; irritant flush face, vertigo | Liquid with odor like ether or chloroform |
| Toluene Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 100 ppm PEL: 100 ppm REL: 100 ppm DAC: | STEL: 150 ppm IDLH: 2000 ppm | CNS, liver, kidneys, skin | Liquid with sweet, pungent benzene like odor, LEL:1.2% |
| Carbon disulfide Color: Colorless to faint yellow <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 10 ppm PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: IDLH: 500 ppm | CNS, CVS, eyes, skin, liver, kidneys/dizz.,h.a.,ftg, ocular changes | Liquid with strong sweetish odor |

Legend:

C: ceiling

CNS: central nervous system

GI: gastrointestinal

IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health

MW: molecular weight

PEL: permissible exposure limit

REL: recommended exposure limit

SG: specific gravity

STEL: short-term exposure limit

TLV: threshold limit value

VP: vapor pressure

IP: ionization potential

NF: nonflammable

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Zone 4 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| Chloroform Color: colorless ● known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 10 ppm PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: IDLH: | Liver, kidneys, heart, eyes, skin/ anesthesia, dizz, mental dullness, naus, h.a., fatigue, irr | Liquid with pleasant sweet odor; sol 0.8%, not combustible |
| Americium 244 Color: ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: 8E-8 µCi/mL | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory, liver, skeleton | Variable |
| Cobalt 60 Color: NA ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | DAC: 6e-8 µCi/mL | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory, liver, skeletal | Variable |
| 1,2-dichloroethane Color: Colorless ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 1000 ppm | STEL: IDLH: 4000 ppm | CNS, skin, liver, kidneys | Liquid with a chloroform like odor |

| | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

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Zone 4 Contaminant List

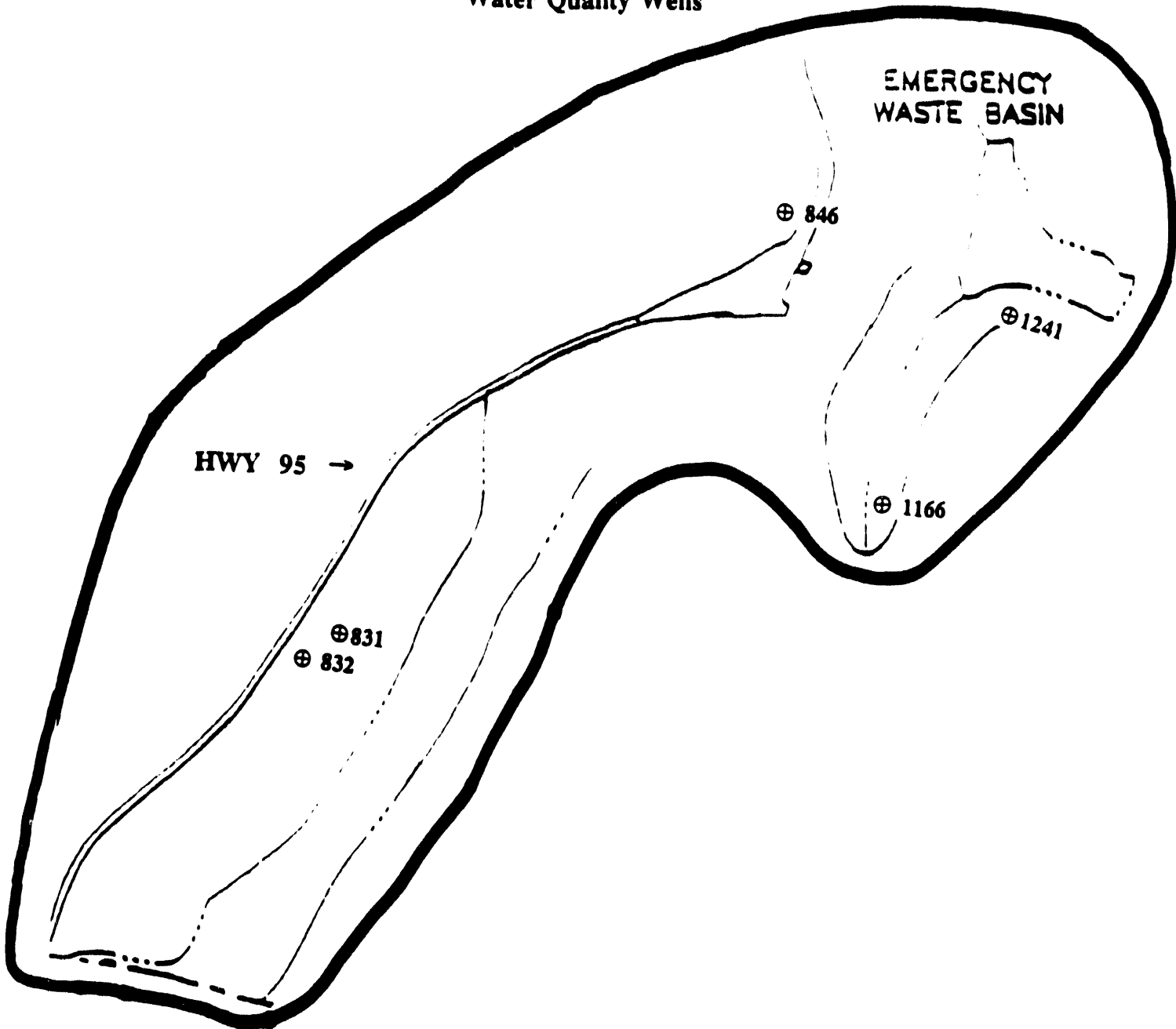
| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Tetrachloroethylene Color: Colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm | STEL: 200 ppm IDLH: 500 ppm | Liver, kidneys, eyes, upper respiratory system, CNS; irritant flush face, vertigo | Liquid with odor like ether or chloroform, BP 9.32; FP: 0; LFL: nonflammable; UFL: nonflammable |
| Trichloroethylene Color: Colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: 1000 ppm | Respiratory, heart, skin; headaches, dermatitis, nausea, vomiting | Liquid with a chloroform odor |
| Xylene Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 100 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: 1000 ppm | CNS, GI tract, liver, kidneys, skin; dizziness, staggering gait, nausea, stomach pain | Liquid with aromatic odor |

| | | | |
|----------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling CNS: central nervous system GI: gastrointestinal IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health MW: molecular weight PEL: permissible exposure limit | REL: recommended exposure limit SG: specific gravity STEL: short-term exposure limit TLV: threshold limit value VP: vapor pressure IP: ionization potential | NF: nonflammable |
|----------------|--|--|-------------------------|

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

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**ZONE 5
Water Quality Wells**



**Oak Ridge National Laboratory
WAG - 6**

Zone 5 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| 1,1-1 Trichloroethane Color: Colorless ○ known carcinogen ● suspect carcinogen | TLV: 350 ppm PEL: 350 ppm REL: NE DAC: | STEL: 450 ppm IDLH: 1000 ppm | CNS, CVS, eye, skin irritant, headaches, drowsiness, impaired judgement, can be absorbed through skin to heart | Liquid, mild chloroform like odor, Sol 0.4%, LEL: 7.5% |
| Acetone Color: Colorless ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 750 ppm PEL: 750 ppm REL: 250 ppm DAC: | STEL: 1000 ppm IDLH: 20,000 ppm | Eyes, nose, throat, skin | Liquid with mint like odor, LEL: 2.5% |
| Americium 244 Color: ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: 8E-8 µCi/mL | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory, liver, skeleton | Variable |
| Benzene Color: Colorless ○ known carcinogen ● suspect carcinogen | TLV: 10 ppm PEL: 1.0 ppm REL: 0.1 ppm DAC: | STEL: 5.0/1 ppm IDLH: 3000 ppm | Blood, CNS, skin, respiratory system, bone marrow, and eyes | Aromatic liquid, Sol 0.07%, LEL: 1.3% |

| | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Zone 5 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------|---|----------|---|---|
| Benzyl Alcohol Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: | NE | STEL: | NE | Skin, CNS, eyes, respiratory, kidneys, cardiovascular | Liquid, faint aromatic odor, BP: 204.7 C, MP: -15.19 C, FLP: 90 C |
| | | | IDLH: | NE | | |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate Color: <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: | 5 mg/m3 | STEL: | 10 mg/m3 | Mild irritant to eyes and skin, affects GI tract | When heated emits acid smoke, insoluble |
| | PEL: | 5 mg/m3 | IDLH: | NE | | |
| | REL: | 5 mg/m3 | | | | |
| | DAC: | | | | | |
| Carbon disulfide Color: Colorless to faint yellow <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: | 10 ppm | STEL: | | CNS, CVS, eyes, skin, liver, kidneys/dizziness, fatigue, ocular changes | Liquid with strong sweetish odor |
| | PEL: | | IDLH: | 500 ppm | | |
| | REL: | | | | | |
| | DAC: | | | | | |
| Cesium-137 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: | | STEL: | NE | GI, Lower large intestine | |
| | PEL: | | IDLH: | NE | | |
| | REL: | | | | | |
| | DAC: | 7E-8 µCi/mL | | | | |

| | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Zone 5 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Chloroform Color: colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 10 ppm PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: IDLH: | Liver, kidneys, heart, eyes, skin/ anesthesia, dizz, mental dullness, naus, h a., fatigue, irr. | Liquid with pleasant sweet odor, sol 0.8%, not combustible |
| Cobalt-60 Color: NA <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | DAC: 6e-8 µCi/mL | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory, liver, skeletal | Variable |
| Isopropyl Alcohol Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 400 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Eyes, skin, respiratory | Liquid, odor of rubbing alcohol, BP: 181F, Sol: miscible; FLP: 53 F; VP: 33 mm; FRP PT: -127 F; UEL: 12.7%; LEL: 2.0% |
| Methylene chloride Color: Colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm PEL: 500 ppm REL: NE DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: 3000 ppm | Eyes, skin, liver, CVS, CNS irritant, numbness, tingling, vertigo, angina | Liquid with choloform like odor; LEL:12%;Sol:2% |

| | | | |
|----------------|--|--|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling CNS: central nervous system GI: gastrointestinal IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health MW: molecular weight PEL: permissible exposure limit | REL: recommended exposure limit SG: specific gravity STEL: short-term exposure limit TLV: threshold limit value VP: vapor pressure IP: ionization potential | NF: nonflammable |
|----------------|--|--|------------------|

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Zone 5 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EI/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Phenol Color: Colorless to pink ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 5 ppm PEL: 5 ppm REL: 5 ppm DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: 250 ppm | Liver, kidneys, skin | Crystalline solid, sweet acid odor, Sol: 9%; LEL: 1.8% |
| Strontium-90 Color: ○ known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Skeletal system, respiratory system | Variable |
| Tetrachloroethylene Color: Colorless ● known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm PEL: 25 ppm REL: DAC: | STEL: 200 ppm IDLH: 500 ppm | Liver, kidneys, eyes, upper respiratory system, CNS; irritant flush face, vertigo | Liquid with odor like ether or chloroform |
| Tetrachloroethylene Color: Colorless ● known carcinogen ○ suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm | STEL: 200 ppm IDLH: 500 ppm | Liver, kidneys, eyes, upper respiratory system, CNS; irritant flush face, vertigo | Liquid with odor like ether or chloroform; IP: 9.32; FP: 0; LFL: nonflammable; UFL: nonflammable |

| | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Zone 5 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| Thorium Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory system | Variable |
| Toluene Color: Colorless <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 100 ppm PEL: 100 ppm REL: 100 ppm DAC: | STEL: 150 ppm IDLH: 2000 ppm | CNS, liver, kidneys, skin | Liquid with sweet, pungent benzene like odor; LEL: 1.2% |
| Trichloroethylene Color: Colorless <input checked="" type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: 50 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: 1000 ppm | Respiratory, heart, skin; headaches, dermatitis, nausea, vomiting | Liquid with a chloroform odor |
| Uranium-235 Color: <input type="radio"/> known carcinogen <input type="radio"/> suspect carcinogen | TLV: PEL: REL: DAC: | STEL: NE IDLH: NE | Respiratory system, kidneys, GI; irritant | Variable |

| | | | |
|----------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Zone 5 Contaminant List

| Contaminant | TLV-TWA/PEL-TWA or REL-TWA | TLV-STEL/PEL-ST EL/ TLV-C or IDLH | Health effects/target organs | Chemical/physical properties |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|
| Xylene Color: Colorless | TLV: 100 ppm | STEL: NE IDLH: 1000 ppm | CNS, GI tract, liver, kidneys, skin; dizziness, staggering gait, nausea, stomach pain | Liquid with aromatic odor |

- ☐ known carcinogen
- ☐ suspect carcinogen

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| | | | |
|----------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Legend: | C: ceiling | REL: recommended exposure limit | NF: nonflammable |
| | CNS: central nervous system | SG: specific gravity | |
| | GI: gastrointestinal | STEL: short-term exposure limit | |
| | IDLH: immediately dangerous to life and health | TLV: threshold limit value | |
| | MW: molecular weight | VP: vapor pressure | |
| | PEL: permissible exposure limit | IP: ionization potential | |

* These Chemicals are not expected to present a health and safety hazard on the site because either (1) their toxicity in nature depends on the elements with which they are bonded or (2) the published exposure limits are based on occupational exposures to the chemicals that will not take place in the environment.

Administrative Controls (required permits, training, etc.): Administrative controls for training requirements can be found in the WAG 6 Training Program (X-OE-703, Rev. 0) and the WAG 6 HASP.

Level of Protection: ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☒ D ☒ Modified

Respirator: ☐ SCBA ☐ Full-face ☐ Half-face respirator
 ☐ PAPR ☐ Other
Cartridge:

Protective Clothing:

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| () Encapsulating suit | (X) Tyvek (if upgraded by the SSOH; see action levels in Sect. 5) |
| () Saranex | |
| () C-zone | () Splash suit |
| () Other | (X) Company clothing (khakis) |

Head/eye/ear: ☐ Hard hat ☒ Safety glasses ☐ Goggles
 ☒ Splash shield ☐ Ear plugs ☐ Ear muffs
 ☐ Other

Gloves: ☐ Nitrile ☐ Neoprene ☐ PVC
☒ Latex ☐ Vinyl ☐ Leather
☐ Other

Footwear: (X) Steel-toed leather () Chemical overboots
() Steel-toed rubber () Other

Note: Company-issued shoes/boots are required for PPE dress-out if potential radiological contamination exists.

Describe the donning/doffing steps: Donning and doffing steps for PPE are provided here
and in the WAG 6 HASP.

DONNING LEVEL D (Modified)

1. Don inner plastic boots.
2. Don cotton liners.
3. Don rubber gloves.
4. Don outer rubber boots.
5. Tape over outside pants cuffs.

DOFFING LEVEL D (Modified)

1. Remove outer tape.
2. Remove outer rubber boots (upon exiting the controlled access zone).
3. Remove rubber gloves.
4. Remove plastic boots (upon exiting the controlled access zone).
5. Remove cotton liners.
6. Perform whole-body frisk.

DONNING LEVEL C

1. Tear and tab tape (5 pieces for wrists, ankles, and front seam of Tyvek).
2. Don Energy Systems- or contractor-furnished clothing and Tyvek; button to the neck.
3. Check for proper badging and dosimetry.
4. Tape front seam; place tab at the top for each access.
5. Check shoe covers (black rubber boots) for holes and tears.
6. Don shoe covers.
7. Tuck contractor-furnished clothing or Tyvek into shoe covers (black rubber boots) and tape seams.
8. Don coveralls and tape front seams (if applicable).
9. Tape coveralls to the outside (over) shoe covers (black rubber boots).
10. Don cotton glove liners and tuck under sleeves.
11. Check rubber outer gloves (magenta/red) for leaks.
12. Don rubber gloves and tape seams over Tyvek sleeves.

DOFFING LEVEL C

1. Remove exposed tape
 - a. from rubber gloves,
 - b. from front seam of coveralls,
 - c. from shoe covers (black rubber boots).
2. Remove rubber gloves (pull inside out).
3. Remove Tyvek, inside outward, touching inside only.
4. Remove tape from shoe covers (black rubber boots) and contractor-furnished clothing.
5. Remove shoe cover (black rubber boot) and place each foot across the step-off pad one at a time.
6. Perform personnel frisking before exiting the controlled access zone.

Modifications allowed: All upgrades of PPE must be approved by the SSHO and by the appropriate safety and health representative. Downgrades in PPE will be justified and documented in the site logbook by the SSHO.

Additional PPE information may be found in Sect. 5 of the WAG 6 HASP.

5. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

A baseline exposure rate for the work site will be measured by Site HP before commencement of work activities. Site exposure rates will be updated on a 6-month cycle.

5.1 DIRECT READING INSTRUMENTS

| | <u>Task(s)</u> | <u>Monitoring Frequency</u> | <u>Action Levels</u> | <u>Action Guidelines</u> |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| LEL meter | NA | | 10%LEL | |
| O ₂ meter | NA | | >22% O ₂ | |
| Colorimetric indicator tubes | NA | | 1/2 PEL | |
| Photoionization detector (PID) | IH | Initial well cap removal | 5 ppm* | Halt work; contact IH |
| Flame ionization detector (FID) | NA | | 5 ppm* | |
| Alpha meter | HP | Before exiting | See HASP Table 3 | Contact HP |
| Beta/gamma meter | HP/worker | Upon exiting | See HASP Table 3 | Contact HP |
| Area radiation monitors | NA | | | |
| Noise meter | NA | | 85 dBA | |
| Other (Specify) | NA | | | |

*Action levels are ppm above background per 5 min. All personnel are to frisk themselves and sampling equipment before exiting each sampling area.

5.2 PERSONAL MONITORING

| | <u>Task(s)</u> | <u>Monitoring Frequency</u> | <u>Action Guidelines</u> |
|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Whole-body dosimetry | GWQ | Continuous | Contact HP |
| Extremity dosimetry | NA | | |
| Whole-body count | GWQ | Yearly | Contact HP |
| Urinalysis/bioassay | GWQ | 6 months | Contact HP |
| Chemical air sampling | NA | | |
| Radiation air sampling | NA | | |
| Personal sampling pumps | NA | | |

In addition to standard site monitoring procedures, Energy Systems employees will be monitored by ORNL IH representatives. Instruments used by IH representative will be calibrated and maintained in accordance with IH Standard Operating Procedures. Instruments used by the Office of Radiation Protection are calibrated and source-checked in accordance with established Health Physics procedures. Instruments used by MAD representatives will be calibrated and maintained in accordance with MAD procedures.

Site monitoring requirements may change based on site conditions. All changes must be documented in the site logbook.






6. SITE CONTROL

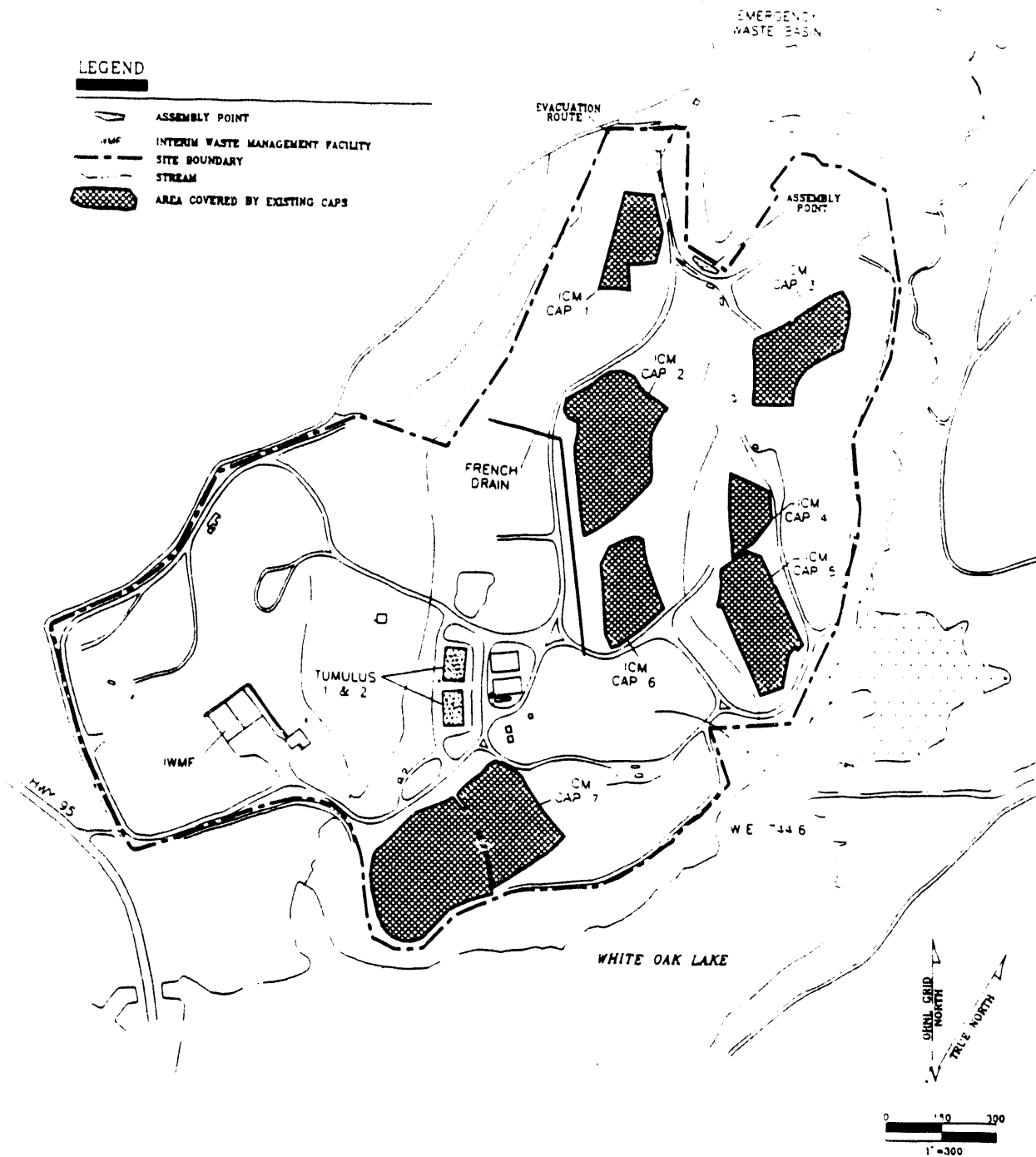
Site work zones are required to reduce the accidental spread of hazardous substances from contaminated areas to clean areas. Therefore, a controlled access zone will be established at the site. The identification of the zone will provide for control of operations and flow of personnel. The HPC will provide signs to be posted at the site for HAZWOPER requirements. The HP will determine radiological postings. Should additional barriers (e.g., rope, tape) or signs be required, HP, IH, and IS will be consulted. The HPC may modify the zones for short-term, transient-type projects. The modification would include use of the HAZWOPER barrier tape or A-frame sign, if material is in stock. Additional information regarding site control may be found in Sect. 7 of the ORNL HAZWOPER Program Manual.

Personnel accessing the zone must meet access requirements as stated in the WAG 6 HASP and this plan, and at the entrance of the zone. Entrance and exit points for the zone will be clearly marked. Perimeter monitoring of the zone will be conducted periodically to ensure correct placement of the zone. The SSJO is responsible for ensuring that all workers and visitors meet site access requirements. Section 9 is a record of site access requirements and personnel qualifications.

A site map is provided at the end of this section that includes the location of the emergency assembly area and the emergency evacuation routes.

LEGEND

-  ASSEMBLY POINT
-  INTERIM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY
-  SITE BOUNDARY
-  STREAM
-  AREA COVERED BY EXISTING CAPS



EMERGENCY ASSEMBLY POINT AND EVACUATION ROUTE

OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY
ORNL WAC 6

CDM FEDERAL PROGRAMS CORPORATION
a subsidiary of Camp Dresser & McKee Inc.

7. DECONTAMINATION

The purpose of decontamination is to prevent contaminants that may be present on protective clothing and equipment from coming into contact with personnel as they doff PPE. Also, decontamination protects workers from hazardous substances that may contaminate and eventually permeate the PPE used on site; it protects personnel by minimizing the transfer of harmful materials into clean areas. Combining decontamination with the correct sequential method of removing PPE will prevent exposure to personnel leaving the work areas as well as offsite migration of contaminants. Generally, decontamination is accomplished by starting with the most heavily contaminated item and progressing to the least contaminated item.

Personnel will remove any disposable PPE and dispose of it in provided containers before leaving the controlled access zone. The steps for doffing and disposal of PPE can be found in Sect. 5 of the WAG 6 HASP.

Materials needed for decontamination for this project include (1) an industrial sprayer and (2) deionized water.

Equipment decontamination procedures can be found in Sect. 2 of the Groundwater Quality Sampling and Analysis Plan.

8. EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

The responsibility for day-to-day implementation of this information lies primarily with the SSHO. During an actual emergency response situation, the SSHO will serve as the Emergency Coordinator until the Laboratory Shift Superintendent (LSS) or emergency response team arrives.

Medical assistance will be provided by the Health Division, which is located at Building 4500N. In the event of an emergency, dial 911 to reach ORNL Emergency Response. The LSS will provide emergency response personnel and will coordinate emergency assistance. The radio number for the LSS is Station 295. The telephone number for the LSS is 574-6606. The nearest telephone and fire alarm box is located at the tumulus site. In the event that the LSS is not available, emergency services may be reached at the telephone numbers shown below.

The SSHO will perform the following pre-emergency tasks before starting field activities and will coordinate emergency response with the LSS.

1. Locate nearest telephone and alarm station.
2. Confirm and post emergency telephone numbers.
3. Post site map of work areas marked with evacuation routes.
4. Inventory and check out on-site emergency equipment and supplies, as warranted.

In the event of an emergency, a fire extinguisher, medical kit, and emergency eye wash kit are located in the CDM Federal vehicles and in the clean zone. In addition, spill control kits may be found in the permanent decontamination area located outside the clean zone.

In the event of an emergency that requires evacuation of the site, verbal instruction will be given by the SSHO to evacuate the area. Personnel will exit to a predesignated support area. At this point, the SSHO will account for all personnel, ascertain information about the emergency, and give further instructions to the on-site personnel. In all situations that require evacuation, personnel shall not reenter the work area until the conditions causing the emergency have been corrected; the hazard reassessed; the Work Plan and HASP revised, approved, and reviewed with on-site personnel; and instructions given for reentry.

| <u>Emergency Personnel</u> | <u>Phone</u> | <u>Radio #</u> |
|---|--------------|----------------|
| ORNL Emergency Response | 911 | |
| Laboratory Shift Superintendent | 574-6606 | 295 |
| Fire Department | 574-5678 | |
| Medical Center | 574-7431 | |
| Security | 574-7199 | |
| Industrial Hygiene | 576-5064 | |
| Industrial Safety | 574-6679 | |
| Radiation Protection | 599-1338 | |
| Environmental Compliance | 574-7294 | |
| Emergency Communication Center | 574-6646 | 295 |
| Facility Manager (K. Wilson) | 576-5290 | |
| Project Manager (D. McCurry) | 421-4724 | |
| ORNL ER and Environmental Health and Safety Manager (C. Clark) | 574-8268 | |
| Project Engineer (R. Williams) | 241-4722 | |

The SSHO will brief workers on emergency response procedures and the evacuation route in the pre-entry briefing.

9. TRAINING/MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

List applicable training/medical requirements for this project. All site personnel and visitors requiring access to the work zones (contamination reduction zone and exclusion zone) will be required to meet these access requirements.

9.1 PROJECT TRAINING/MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

Training

- ☒ General Employee Training
- ☐ 24/40-h HAZWOPER (SARA/OSHA) training
- ☒ 40-h HAZWOPER (SARA/OSHA) training
- ☒ Current HAZWOPER 8-h Annual Refresher (as applicable)
- ☒ 8-h HAZWOPER Supervisor Training
- ☒ Radiation Worker Training/Radiation Worker Training II
- ☒ Respirator fit test/training
- ☐ Confined space entrant
- ☐ Confined space attendant
- ☐ Other (list)

Twenty-four-hour HAZWOPER training is applicable for individuals not requiring the use of respiratory training.

Medical Surveillance

The ORNL Hazardous Waste Worker Medical Surveillance Program is applicable for individuals meeting criteria as specified in Sect. 9 of the ORNL HAZWOPER Program Manual. Subcontracted personnel are enrolled in a medical surveillance program comparable with the ORNL Medical Surveillance Program.

Note: If site conditions change, or if other hazards are detected, the training and access requirements will be revised accordingly.

9.2 SITE PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS

1. Name: J. B. Watson Badge number: 9971
Assigned tasks: Obtaining groundwater samples

| | <u>YES</u> | <u>NO</u> | <u>DATE</u> |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| General Employee Training: | (X) | () | <u>9/93</u> |
| 24-h training: | (X) | () | <u>7/93</u> |
| 40-h training: | (X) | () | <u>7/93</u> |
| Annual Refresher Training: | (X) | () | <u>7/93</u> |
| Supervisor Training: | () | () | <u>NA</u> |
| Radiation Worker Training: | (X) | () | <u>3/92</u> |

| | <u>YES</u> | <u>NO</u> | <u>DATE</u> |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| Radiation Worker Training II: | () | () | NA |
| Respirator fit tested/trained: | (X) | () | 8/93 |
| Confined Space Entry Training: | () | () | NA |
| Medical Surveillance Program: | (X) | () | 9/93 |
| Whole Body Count (in vitro): | (X) | () | 2/94 |
| Bioassay (in vitro): | (X) | () | 2/94 |
| Specialized Equipment Training: | () | () | NA |
| First Aid/CPR: | () | () | NA |
| Other training: | _____ | | |

2. Name: B. T. Hendrix Badge number: 9959
Assigned tasks: Obtaining groundwater samples

| | <u>YES</u> | <u>NO</u> | <u>DATE</u> |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| General Employee Training: | (X) | () | 10/93 |
| 24-h training: | (X) | () | 7/93 |
| 40-h training: | (X) | () | 7/93 |
| Annual Refresher Training: | (X) | () | 7/93 |
| Supervisor Training: | () | () | NA |
| Radiation Worker Training: | (X) | () | 3/92 |
| Radiation Worker Training II: | () | () | NA |
| Respirator fit tested/trained: | (X) | () | 8/93 |
| Confined Space Entry Training: | () | () | NA |
| Medical Surveillance Program: | (X) | () | 9/93 |
| Whole Body Count (in vitro): | (X) | () | 2/94 |
| Bioassay (in vitro): | (X) | () | 2/94 |
| Specialized Equipment Training: | () | () | NA |
| First Aid/CPR: | () | () | NA |
| Other training: | _____ | | |

3. Name: David Fugate Badge number: 620594
Assigned tasks: Groundwater quality sample task leader

| | <u>YES</u> | <u>NO</u> | <u>DATE</u> |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| General Employee Training: | (X) | () | 10/93 |
| 24-h training: | () | () | NA |
| 40-h training: | (X) | () | 8/93 |
| Annual Refresher Training: | () | () | NA |
| Supervisor Training: | (X) | () | 10/93 |
| Radiation Worker Training: | () | () | NA |
| Radiation Worker Training II: | (X) | () | 9/93 |
| Respirator fit tested/trained: | (X) | () | 8/93 |
| Confined Space Entry Training: | () | () | NA |
| Medical Surveillance Program: | (X) | () | 8/93 |
| Whole Body Count (in vitro): | () | () | |
| Bioassay (in vitro): | () | () | |
| Specialized Equipment Training: | () | () | |

| | <u>YES</u> | <u>NO</u> | <u>DATE</u> |
|-----------------|---|-----------|--------------|
| First Aid/CPR: | (X) | () | <u>10/93</u> |
| Other training: | <u>Waste Generator Training for 90-Day Accumulation, Hazardous Waste Characterization, RCRA Cap Access Training, Satellite Waste Accumulation Training, Low-level Waste Training.</u> | | |

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