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# Occurrence Reporting and Processing System (ORPS) Lessons Learned: Tools to Improve Workplace Performance

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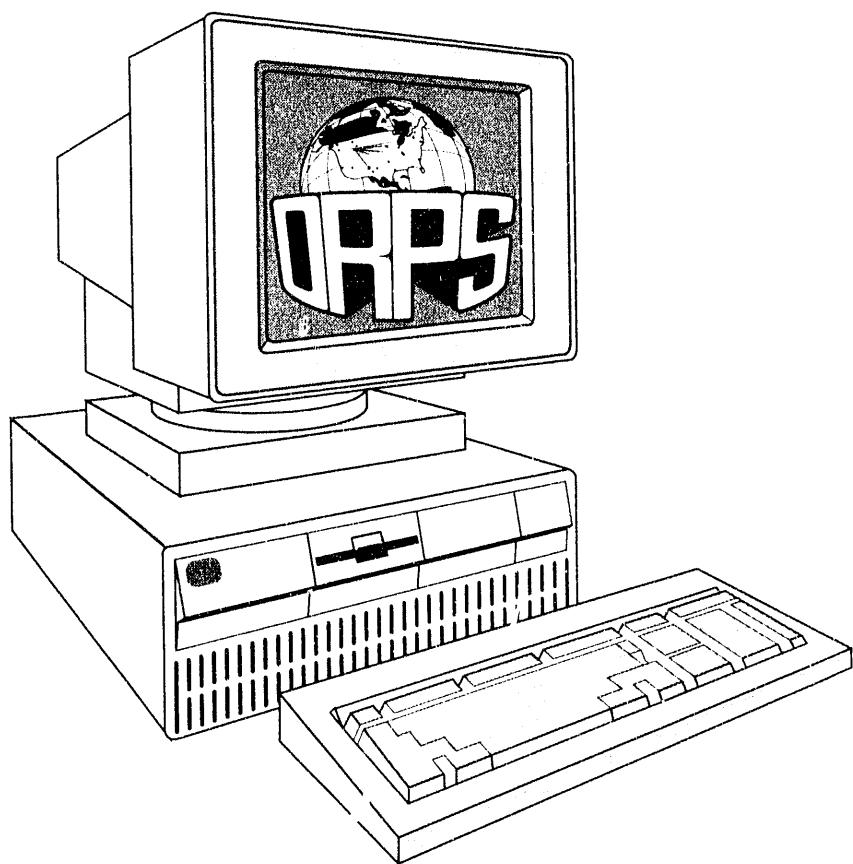
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# Occurrence Reporting and Processing System (ORPS) Lessons Learned:

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## Tools to Improve Workplace Performance



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## **Occurrence Reporting and Processing System (ORPS) Lessons Learned: Tools to Improve Workplace Performance**

Various Department of Energy (DOE) orders require DOE and DOE contractor personnel to review abnormal events to gain lessons learned information. The term "event" is used to mean a real-time occurrence (e.g., pipe break, valve failure, loss of power, environmental spill). When reviewing events data, it must be possible to determine what happened and why (including root causes), the impacts, the appropriate corrective actions, and any lessons learned that might be applicable to activities of other operations or contractors. Merely obtaining the information will not prevent occurrence of a similar event; contributing conditions must be corrected.

It is important for managers, trainers, and others to learn from the events of others so that they may apply these experiences to their own activities. Reports of events must be analyzed to determine possible applicability to other facilities and/or job functions. Relevant information can then be used to correct defects and improve facilities and operations, thus making them more efficient and safer for all employees. Lessons learned information is particularly helpful in planning employee training and in developing training curriculum and programs.

Lessons learned information can be obtained from many sources. It can be found in the Safety Performance Measurement System's Computerized Accident/Incident Reporting System (CAIRS) module, the S&H Publications module, the Unusual Occurrence Reports module, and the Office of Nuclear Safety "Operating Experience Weekly Summary." One important source of lessons learned information is the Occurrence Reporting and Processing System (ORPS) database, which contains event data from September 1, 1990, to the present.

### **Background**

On April 1, 1991, the ORPS database became operational in support of DOE Order 5000.3A, "Occurrence Reporting and Processing of Operations Information." The purpose of the order was "to establish a system for reporting of events related to DOE-owned or operated facilities and processing of that information to provide for appropriate corrective action. . . ."

ORPS is a computerized way to submit, collect, update, and sign occurrence reports required by the DOE Order. ORPS provides the DOE community with a readily accessible database that contains information about occurrences at DOE facilities, causes of those occurrences, and corrective actions. This information can, therefore, be used to identify and analyze trends in occurrences.

The ORPS database resides on a host computer located at the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory (INEL) in Idaho Falls, Idaho. The database can be accessed from any DOE site via computer terminals or personal computers that are set up to access ORPS. Access to ORPS is available to the staff of all DOE organizations and

contractors. There is no charge (except for telephone charges) to these users for registration or use of the system.

One of the stated policies in the DOE Order is to share events throughout the DOE community. The dissemination and review of event information provides operations personnel and trainers with tools to improve facility conditions and provide an operating envelope that is safe for the worker, the public, and the environment.

## Obtaining Lessons Learned Data

No two government-owned, contractor-operated (GOCO) facilities are the same. Differences are probably greater than similarities. Thus, an event reported from one facility may be unique in terms of equipment, personnel, function, etc. Nevertheless, root causes and lessons learned may be applicable to another very dissimilar activity. For example, violation of lockout/tagout programs are applicable throughout the DOE community. Lockout/tagout violations were chosen as the subject of events to obtain lessons learned data from ORPS. The data used in this demonstration were extracted from the ORPS database on October 5, 1992. Because the ORPS database is constantly updated, the results from the same search today would be different.

The ORPS Search and Reports menu displays the search options that are available. This option allows authorized ORPS users to perform a variety of searches of occurrence reports residing on the ORPS database.

<pre>***** *          O R P S      Search and Reports      * *****</pre>	
<pre>*** S E A R C H      M E N U *** Total number of occurrences in the database is: 13583 Current number of occurrences selected is: 13583</pre>	
<pre>1. Create Search Profile      13. Report Date 2. Execute Search Profile    14. Report Year of OR Number 3. DOE Program Office       15. Root Cause 4. Field Office              16. Direct Cause 5. Area Office               17. Contributing Cause 6. Contractor                18. Activity Category 7. Facility                  19. Nature of Occurrence 8. Facility Function Involved 20. Narrative Search 9. Occurrence Report Number   21. Perform a New Search 10. Category Type            22. Print/View Reports 11. Report Type              23. Quit Search and Reports 12. Discovery Date</pre>	
<pre>Type "HELP" for general info. or "HELP" and an item #, ie. "HELP 3". Choose number 23 to end selection or pick a number</pre>	

After selecting Option 20, Narrative Search, I searched the ORPS database for all occurrence reports that contain forms of the words "lockout" or "tagout" as part of the descriptive information.

Now enter your Narrative Search  
For help on this field, type "HELP"  
Press 'RETURN' only for previous prompt  
LOCKOU@+TAGO@+LOCK-OU@+TAG-0@+LOCK/0@+TAG/LO@+LOCKED-0@

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You have already used Narrative Search  
Using this field a second time may cause retrieval of zero  
records. Do you wish to continue using this field (Y/N) [N] y

Now enter your Narrative Search  
Press 'RETURN' only for previous prompt  
+LOCKED/0@+TAGGED-OUT+TAGGED/LO@+TAGGED0@

There are 381 reports residing in the ORPS database that meet the search criteria.

\*\*\* S E A R C H   M E N U \*\*\*  
Total number of occurrences in the database is: 13583  
Current number of occurrences selected is: 381

1. Create Search Profile	13. Report Date
2. Execute Search Profile	14. Report Year of OR Number
3. DOE Program Office	15. Root Cause
4. Field Office	16. Direct Cause
5. Area Office	17. Contributing Cause
6. Contractor	18. Activity Category
7. Facility	19. Nature of Occurrence
8. Facility Function Involved	20. Narrative Search
9. Occurrence Report Number	21. Perform a New Search
10. Category Type	22. Print/View Reports
11. Report Type	23. Quit Search and Reports
12. Discovery Date	

Type "HELP" for general info. or "HELP" and an item #, ie. "HELP 3".  
Choose number 23 to end selection or pick a number

Next, I selected Option 11, Report Type, to search for all final reports. I entered an "F" for final. There are 190 reports residing in the database that meet the search criteria.

```
*** S E A R C H   M E N U ***
Total number of occurrences in the database is: 13583
Current number of occurrences selected is: 190

1. Create Search Profile          13. Report Date
2. Execute Search Profile        14. Report Year of OR Number
3. DOE Program Office           15. Root Cause
4. Field Office                 16. Direct Cause
5. Area Office                  17. Contributing Cause
6. Contractor                   18. Activity Category
7. Facility                     19. Nature of Occurrence
8. Facility Function Involved  20. Narrative Search
9. Occurrence Report Number    21. Perform a New Search
10. Category Type                22. Print/View Reports
11. Report Type                  23. Quit Search and Reports

Type "HELP" for general info. or "HELP" and an item #, ie. "HELP 3".
Choose number 23 to end selection or pick a number
```

To obtain current year lockout/tagout violations, I selected Option 14, Report Year of OR Number, and entered the year "1992." There are 42 reports that meet the search criteria. To view this information, I selected Option 22, Print/View Reports.

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*** S E A R C H   M E N U ***
Total number of occurrences in the database is: 13583
Current number of occurrences selected is: 42

1. Create Search Profile          13. Report Date
2. Execute Search Profile        14. Report Year of OR Number
3. DOE Program Office           15. Root Cause
4. Field Office                 16. Direct Cause
5. Area Office                  17. Contributing Cause
6. Contractor                   18. Activity Category
7. Facility                     19. Nature of Occurrence
8. Facility Function Involved  20. Narrative Search
9. Occurrence Report Number    21. Perform a New Search
10. Category Type                22. Print/View Reports
11. Report Type                  23. Quit Search and Reports

Type "HELP" for general info. or "HELP" and an item #, ie. "HELP 3".
Choose number 23 to end selection or pick a number
```

From the Reports Options menu, I selected Option 5, OR Subject Report.

\*\*\* R E P O R T   O P T I O N S \*\*\*

1. Lag Report (Notification)	7. Distribution Reports
2. Lag Report (10 Day)	8. Download
3. Lag Report (Final)	9. Corrective Action Status Report
4. OR Summary Report	10. Occurrence Status Report
5. OR Subject Report	11. Return to Search Menu
6. Occurrence Report(s)	12. Quit Search and Reports

For general help, type "HELP"

For help on any field, type "HELP", followed by  
a number between 1 and 12

Enter 12 to end selection criteria or

Enter Report field choice number

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This report provides the report number, occurrence category, report type, discovery date, report date, facility name, and occurrence report title.

09/28/92	Occurrence Title/Subject Report Sorted by Occurrence Report Number	PAGE 1
		=====
Occurrence Report Number/ Facility Name	Occurrence Report Category      Type	Discovery Report Date      Date
ALO-DA-EGGM-EGGMAT04-1992-0003 All Other Facilities	Off-Normal      Final	01/29/92      05/01/92
	TITLE: Energized unconnected electrical cable in COS Tape Facility	
ALO-KC-AS-KCP-1992-0009 Kansas City Plant	Off-Normal      Final	04/14/92      07/30/92
	TITLE: Misuse of LOTO equipment	
ALO-KO-SNL-TA1ALBQ-1992-0025 Tech. Area I, Balance	Off-Normal      Final	07/21/92      09/28/92
	TITLE: Unplanned Electrical Power Outage	
ALO-KO-SNL-TA3COYOTE-1992-0002 Tech. Area III & Coyote Canyon	Off-Normal      Final	03/20/92      07/31/92
	TITLE: Spill of Jet Engine Fuel	

From the titles of the occurrence reports, I selected five reports that refer to lockout/tagout violations. The following examples of events are taken from these five occurrence reports:

Description of events:

- A maintenance craftsman performed work identified on an approved work order, after the power had been isolated but before the lockout and tagout procedure had been completed.
- A contractor removed a section of pipe containing a red tagged valve prior to having the tags removed in accordance with established lockout/tagout procedures. The section of pipe had been a supply line to a site propane distribution service which was previously taken out of service by being disconnected, purged and capped.
- A lock, seal, and "Hold Danger" sticker were found to have been removed from an electrical circuit by a person other than the one authorized to do so.
- Wires with exposed conductors were observed hanging from the ceiling, further indicating that required procedures were not followed.
- While locking out, tags on two of the breakers were inadvertently switched. The specialist hanging the tags did not verify that the correct tags were hung on the proper breakers.

Root causes:

- Personnel Error—inattention to detail.
- Personnel Error—violation of requirement or procedures.
- Training Deficiency—inadequate content.
- Management Problem—other management problem.
- Personnel Error—inattention to detail.

Lessons Learned:

- Personnel working on machinery must read and be aware of all the requirements listed on work orders and hazardous work permits and follow them to the letter. If it is impossible to follow or understand, work should stop until all requirements are fulfilled or redefined.

- It is important that employees fully understand the purpose of the lockout/tagout program, in order that they do not violate same. During training for the lockout/tagout program it is stressed that no one is authorized to remove tags under any circumstances except as outlined in the procedure. We should also make sure employees understand that they are not to evaluate the reason for the tag.
- Subcontractor personnel had not been adequately trained in lockout/tagout procedures and requirements to supervise their vendors in lockout/tagout situations.
- This incident need not have occurred, had established standards been followed by staff members. An important lesson to be learned from this experience is to know who is working in your area. Staff members must be knowledgeable of/or trained in the accepted procedures for working with electrical power supplies.
- Attention to detail is essential when performing all aspects of the lock, try, and tag procedures. Although no safety issues were involved with this event, inattention to detail when hanging lockouts has serious potential for safety of personnel and equipment.

What do the lessons learned tell us? Do existing training programs address these problems? Training was found to be the root cause in one of the five selected occurrence reports. Is additional training the answer?

Distribution reports are another tool to help us in the decision process. The distribution reports provide a fast and accurate way to view trends in the data. To view some of the trends in this data, I selected Option 7, Distribution Reports.

\*\*\* R E P O R T   O P T I O N S \*\*\*

1. Lag Report (Notification)	7. Distribution Reports
2. Lag Report (10 Day)	8. Download
3. Lag Report (Final)	9. Corrective Action Status Report
4. OR Summary Report	10. Occurrence Status Report
5. CR Subject Report	11. Return to Search Menu
6. Occurrence Report(s)	12. Quit Search and Reports

For general help, type "HELP"

For help on any field, type "HELP", followed by a number between 1 and 12

Enter 12 to end selection criteria or

Enter Report field choice number

From the ORPS Distribution Reports menu, I selected Option 3, Root Cause.

\*\*\* ORPS DISTRIBUTION REPORTS \*\*\*

1. Direct Cause	8. Field Office
2. Contributing Cause	9. Contractor Organization
3. Root Cause	10. Occurrence Category
4. Facility Function	11. Activity Category
5. Facility	12. Nature of Occurrence
6. Year/Quarter	13. Report Type (Status)
7. DOE Program Office	14. Return to Report Menu

For general help, type "HELP"

For help on any field, type "HELP", followed by  
a number between 1 and 12

Enter 12 to end selection criteria or  
Enter Report field choice number

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OR Distribution by Root Cause  
Sorted by Root Cause Code

PAGE 1

Code Description	Count Total
1. EQUIPMENT/MATERIAL PROBLEM	
1A. Defective or Failed Part	1
TOTAL .....	1
2. PROCEDURE PROBLEM	
2A. Defective or Inadequate Procedure	7
2B. Lack of Procedure	1
TOTAL .....	8
3. PERSONNEL ERROR	
3B. Inattention to Detail	4
3C. Violation of Requirement or Procedure	8
3D. Verbal Communication Problem	2
3E. Other Human Error	2

Press <ENTER> to continue; <CTRL-Y> to exit report.

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OR Distribution by Root Cause (Continued)  
Sorted by Root Cause Code

PAGE 2

Code Description	Count Total
TOTAL .....	16
<b>4. DESIGN PROBLEM</b>	
4B. Inadequate or Defective Design	1
4D. Drawing, Specification, or Data Errors	1
TOTAL .....	2
<b>5. TRAINING DEFICIENCY</b>	
5A. No Training Provided	1
5C. Inadequate Content	1
5D. Insufficient Refresher Training	2
TOTAL .....	4

Press <ENTER> to continue; <CTRL-Y> to exit report.

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OR Distribution by Root Cause (Continued)  
Sorted by Root Cause Code

PAGE 3

Code Description	Count Total
<b>6. MANAGEMENT PROBLEM</b>	
6A. Inadequate Administrative Control	3
6B. Work Organization/Planning Deficiency	4
6E. Policy Not Adequately Defined, Disseminated, or Enforced	3
6F. Other Management Problem	1
TOTAL .....	11
GRAND TOTAL .....	42

What does the Distribution by Root Cause Report tell us?

- "Personnel Error" was the highest, with 16 reports claiming it as the root cause. "Violation of Requirements or Procedures" is the major cause of personnel error, followed by "Inattention to Detail."

- "Management Problem" was the root cause for 11 of the occurrence reports. The category of "Policy Not Adequately Defined, Disseminated, or Enforced" could mean that training was not supported by management. "Inadequate Administrative Control" and "Work Organization/Planning Deficiency" could be indications that we need to evaluate the effectiveness of current programs.
- Eight of the 42 reports cited "Procedure Problem" as the root cause. Seven of the eight indicated the procedures were defective or inadequate.
- "Training" cannot be overlooked. There were four reports indicating training as the root cause, of which two indicated "Insufficient Refresher Training."

Another way to look at this information is by selecting Option 12, Nature of Occurrence, on the Distribution Reports menu. Nature of Occurrence is the reporting requirements defined in Attachment 1 of DOE Order 5000.3A.

10/01/92 OR Distribution by Nature of Occurrence Sorted by Nature of Occurrence Code		PAGE 1
Code	Description	Count Total
1. Facility Condition		
1C. Safety Status Degradation		2
1D. Loss of Control of Radioactive Material		2
1E. Vital System/Component Degradation		6
1F. Violation/Inadequate Procedures		17
1I. Operational Occurrence		2
TOTAL .....		29
2. Environmental		
2A. Radionuclide Release		1
2B. Hazardous Substances/Regulated Pollutants/Oil Releases		1
TOTAL .....		2

Press <ENTER> to continue; <CTRL-Y> to exit report.

10/01/92      OR Distribution by Nature of Occurrence (Cont.)      PAGE 2  
                  Sorted by Nature of Occurrence Code

Code	Description	Count
Total		
3.	Personnel Safety	
3A.	Occupational Illness/Injury	1
3B.	Vehicular/Transportation Accident	1
3C.	Miscellaneous	3
	TOTAL .....	5
6.	Transportation	
6.	Transportation	1
	TOTAL .....	1
9.	Cross-Category Items	
9B.	Near Miss Occurrences	2
9C.	Potential Concerns/Issues	4
	TOTAL .....	6

Press <ENTER> to continue; <CTRL-Y> to exit report.

10/01/92      OR Distribution by Nature of Occurrence (Cont.)      PAGE 3  
                  Sorted by Nature of Occurrence Code

Code	Description	Count
Total		
	GRAND TOTAL .....	43

End of Report.   Press [ENTER] or [RETURN] to continue.

"Facility Condition" is very high with 29 of 43 citing this as the nature of the occurrence. Again, "Violation/Inadequate Procedures" stands out with a count of 17. This is another indication that we need to evaluate the current programs. Are these procedure concerns or are they training concerns? Perhaps, they are both.

A third way to view this information is by the Activity Category, Option 10, from the Distribution Report menu.

09/28/92	OR Distribution by Activity Category Sorted by Activity Category Code	PAGE 1
Code Description	Count	Total
01 Construction	5	
02 Maintenance	9	
03 Normal Operations	16	
04 Startup	1	
05 Shutdown		
06 Facility/System/Equipment Testing	1	
08 Transportation	1	
10 Inspection/Monitoring	1	
11 Facility Decontamination/Decommissioning	1	
GRAND TOTAL .....		42

We need to consider that these problems are throughout the DOE community, not just one facility. Questions we need to contemplate include:

- How can these problems be corrected?
- What can we learn from this data?
- How can this information be used in our training programs?

DOE Order 5480.19 "Conduct of Operations Requirements for DOE Facilities," states "if there is potential for equipment damage or injury during equipment operation, servicing, maintenance, or modification activities due to inadvertent activation of equipment, a facility Lockout/Tagout program should be established and used." The DOE Order also states, "It is important that the lessons learned from an event investigation be shared with all appropriate personnel who could benefit from the lessons learned."

## **Conclusion**

Improving the quality and quantity of information available to prevent events within DOE depends upon finding solutions and communicating those solutions to all who will benefit from the information. One of the best ways to disseminate event information is through ORPS. ORPS makes data available to all authorized users so that all facilities within DOE can benefit from the lessons learned and use this information as a tool to improve workplace performance.

## **End Notes**

1. DOE Order 5000.3A, "Occurrence Reporting and Processing of Operations Information."
2. DOE Order 5480.19, "Conduct of Operations Requirements for DOE Facilities."
3. National Safety Council, *Accident Prevention Manual for Industrial Operations*, 9th ed., Chicago: National Safety Council, 1988.

END

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