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# Plasma-Catalysis During Temperature Transient Testing

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2001 DOE Diesel Engine Emission Reduction Workshop

August, 2001



**Research**

*Ford Motor Company*

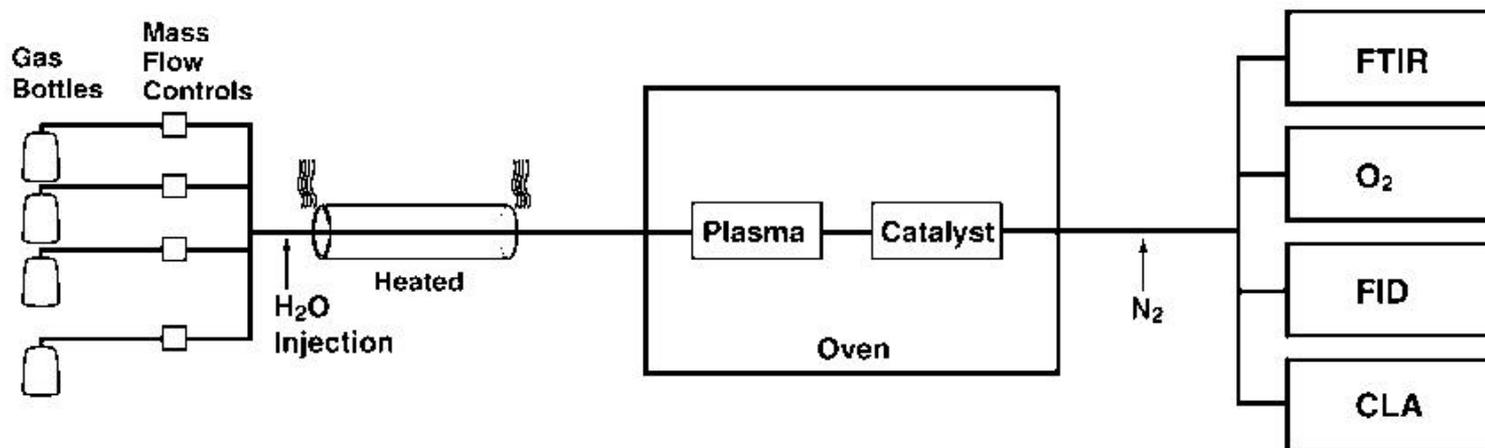
# Background

- Plasma-catalysis
  - Various zeolite and alumina catalysts
  - Most have significant NO<sub>x</sub> storage
  - Previously reported results are steady state
- Temperature transients
  - In real vehicles, temperature varies
  - What happens to stored NO<sub>x</sub>?
  - Tested with temperature ramps

# Test Description

- Plasma followed by Catalyst combination
  - BaY
  - Alumina
  - Pt
- Tested with catalyst temperature ramps
  - 100-420°C
  - 10°/min
  - Plasma held at 180°C
- What happens during temperature transients?

# Test Schematic



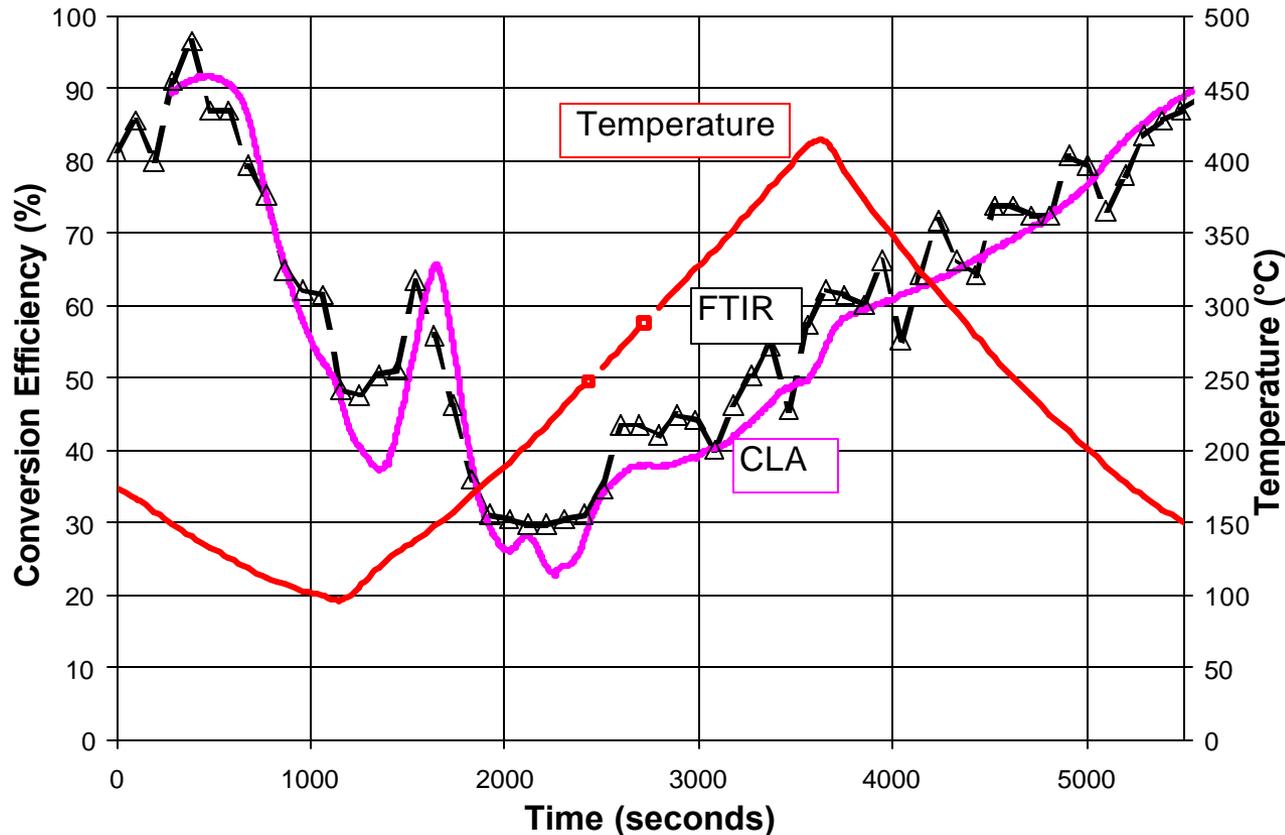
# Simulated Exhaust Gas

<i><b>GAS</b></i>	<i><b>Units</b></i>	<i><b>Concentration</b></i>
NO	ppm	74
NO <sub>2</sub>	ppm	2
C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	ppmC <sub>1</sub>	1951
HC <sub>1</sub> :NO <sub>x</sub>	ratio	26
H <sub>2</sub> O	%	3
O <sub>2</sub>	%	7
N <sub>2</sub>		Balance
Plasma Energy	J/L	15

# Catalysts

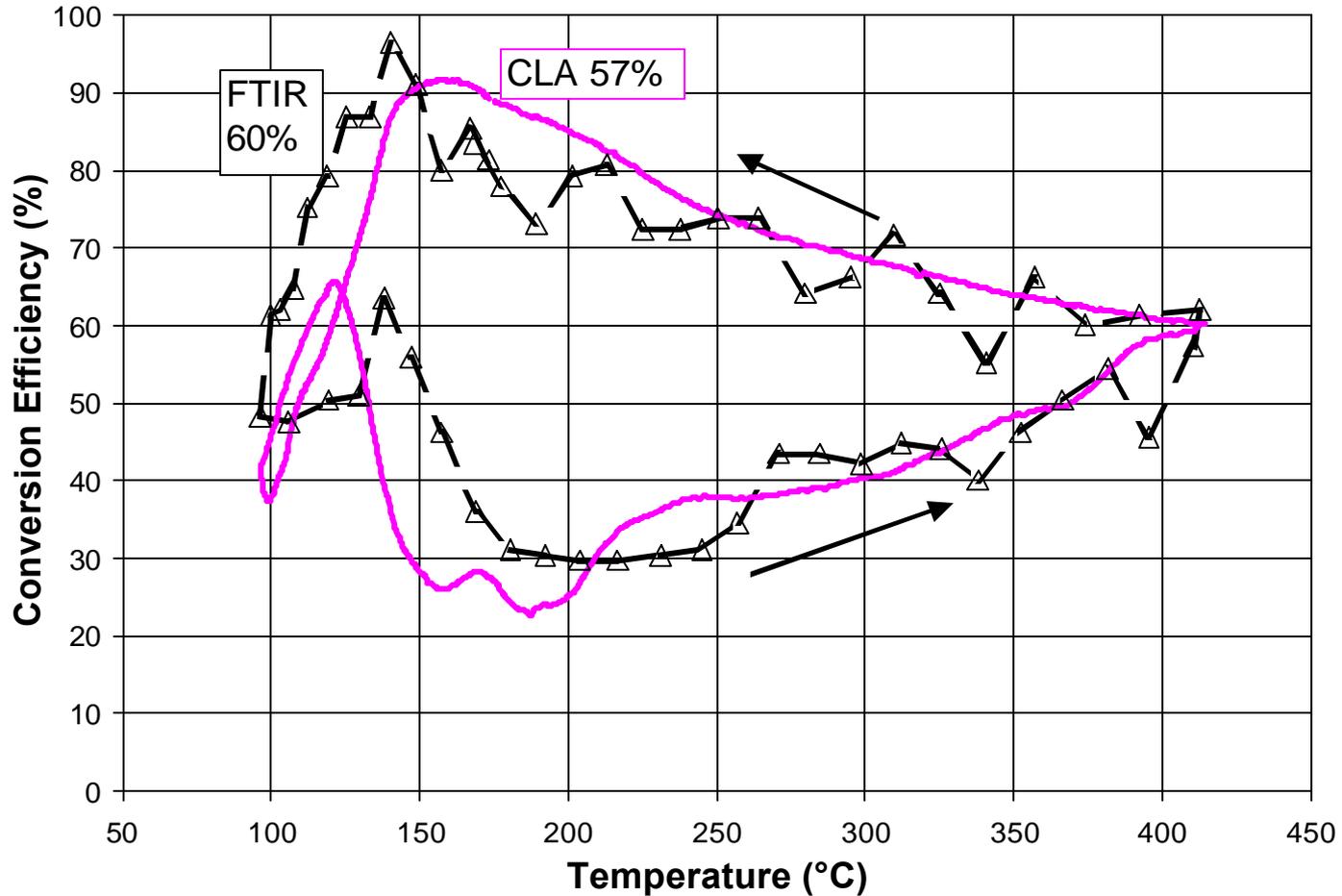
- BaY
  - Barium zeolite-Y provided by PNNL
  - Monolith 600 cpsi, 39 wt% loading
  - Space velocity 16,300 hr<sup>-1</sup>
- Alumina
  - CondeaVista CATALOX Sba-200
  - Powder pressed into pellets
  - Space Velocity 19,960 hr<sup>-1</sup>
- Pt
  - Johnson Matthey CRT catalyst
  - Monolith
  - Space Velocity 18,860 hr<sup>-1</sup>
- Total SV 7,200 hr<sup>-1</sup>

# NOx Conversion Versus Time

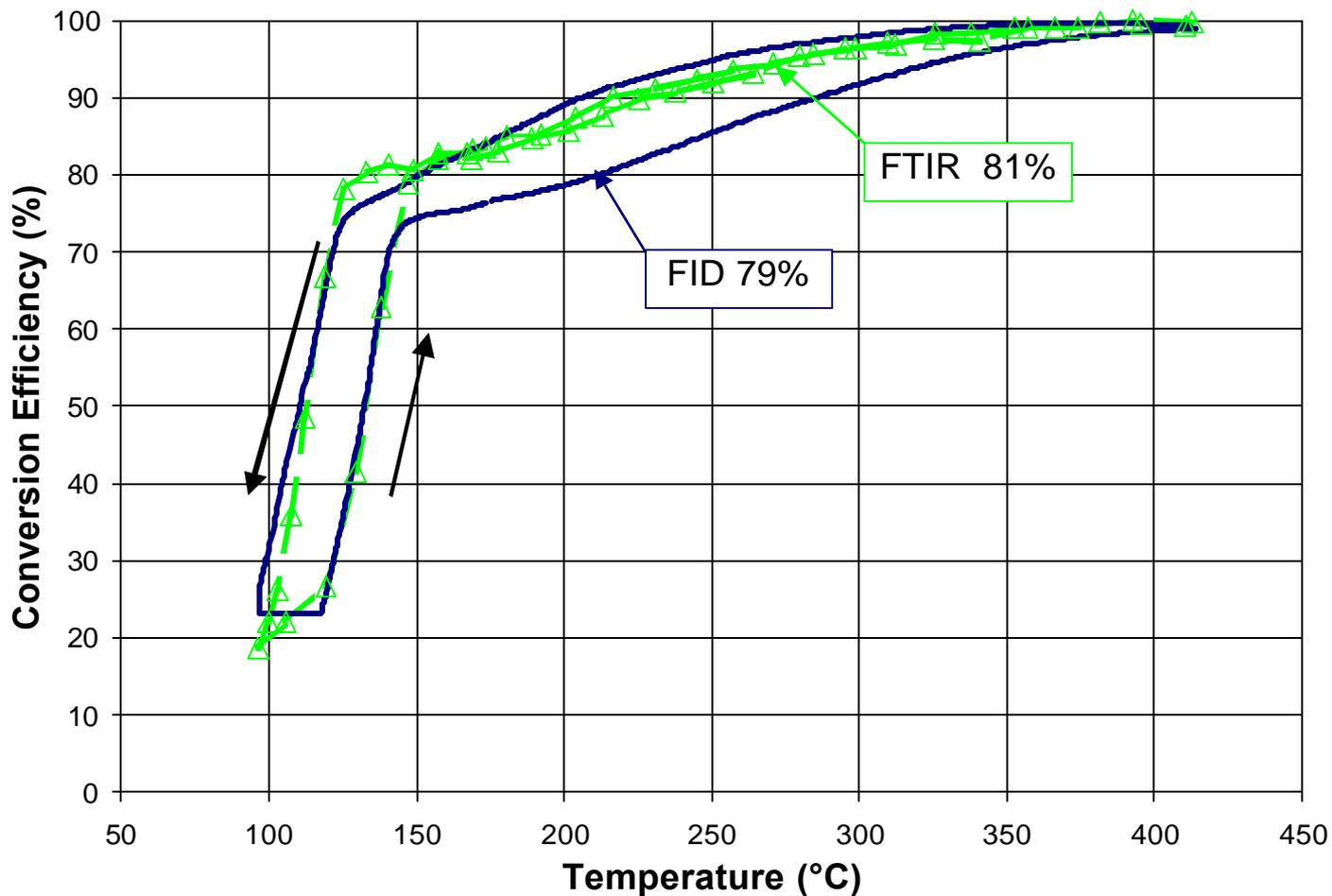


Data shown is last of four temperature cycles  
 First cycle not repeatable due to history effects  
 $FTIR\ NO_x = NO + NO_2 + HONO + HNO_3 + CH_3ONO_2$

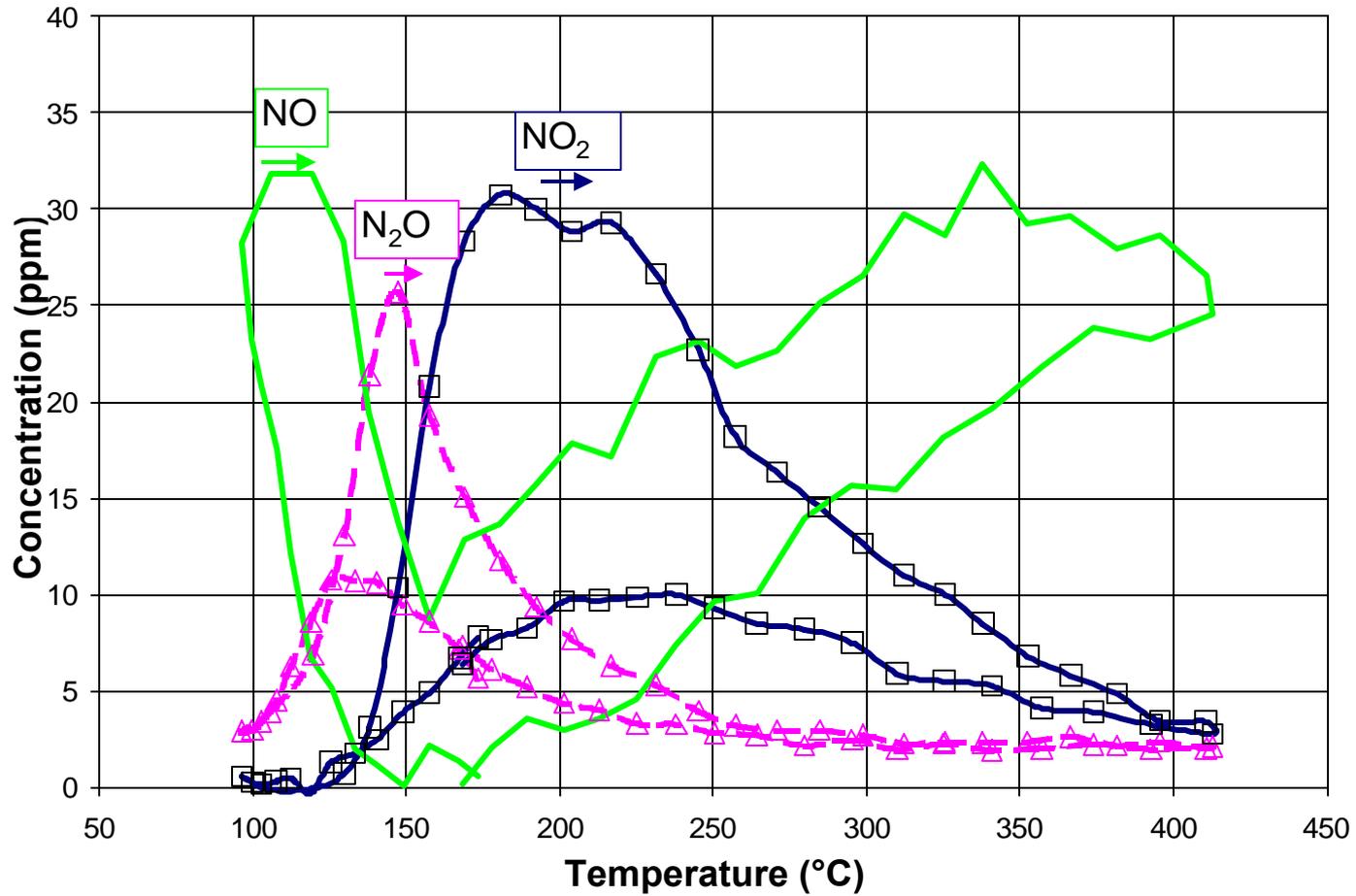
# NO<sub>x</sub> Conversion Vs. Temperature



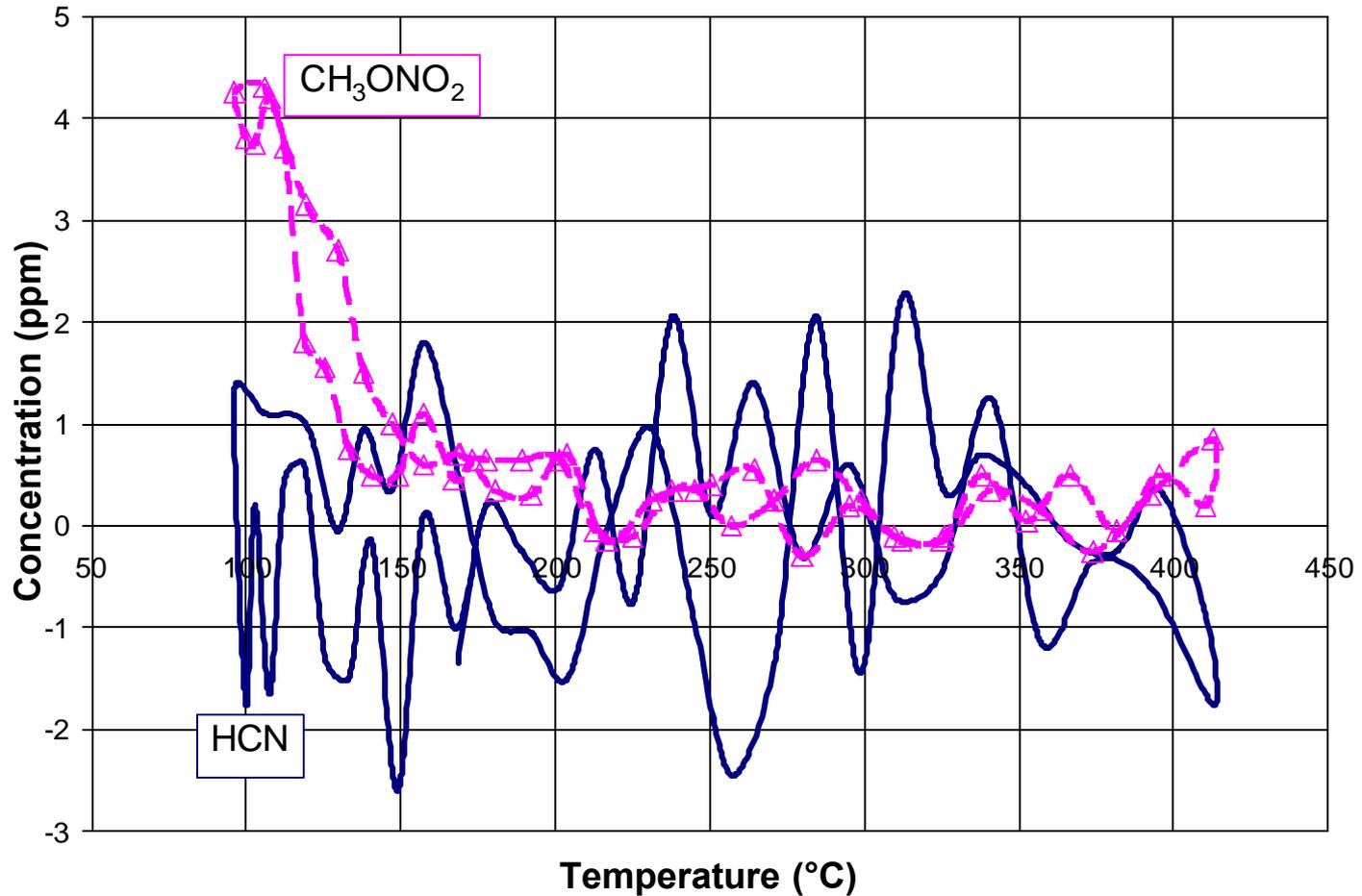
# HC Conversion



# NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O

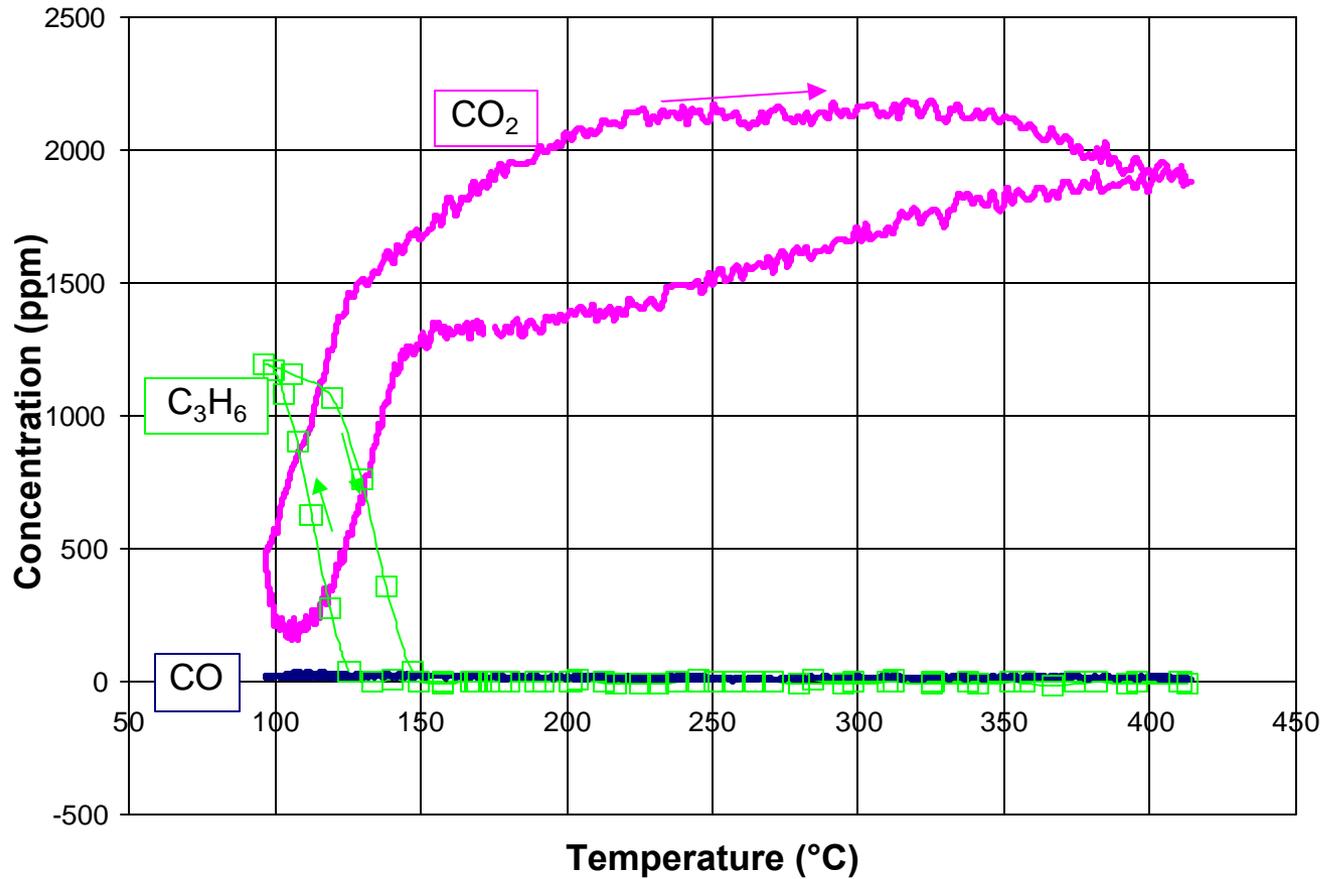


# CH<sub>3</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub> & HCN



HCN and methyl nitrate are removed before the tailpipe

# CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, Propene



# Conclusions

- Temperature history is important!
- Average NO<sub>x</sub> conversion 100-400°C is 57-60%
- Average HC conversion is 79-81%
- Significant HC and NO<sub>x</sub> adsorption
  - Large hysteresis loops
- Remaining NO<sub>x</sub> is NO, NO<sub>2</sub> or N<sub>2</sub>O
  - Depends on temperature
- The Pt catalyst removes HCN and organics above 125°C

# Acknowledgements

- This work was performed as part of a CRADA with DOE and PNNL.
- The work was performed at the Ford Research Laboratory

