



**JDS Uniphase**

# Thin Film Products Group Capabilities Overview

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Science & Technology Division  
JDS Uniphase Thin Film Products Group  
Santa Rosa, California

2004 DOE/EPRI High Efficiency Thermoelectrics Workshop

17 – 20 February, 2004



## JDS Uniphase is a worldwide leader in optical technology.

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We design and manufacture products for fiberoptic communications, as well as for markets where our core optics technologies provide innovative solutions for industrial, commercial and consumer applications.



# JDS Uniphase at a glance

FY2003 Sales	\$676 million
Employees	5,200
Headquarters	San Jose, California
Locations	16 mfg sites worldwide
Nasdaq	JDSU
Website	<a href="http://www.jdsu.com">www.jdsu.com</a>

# Worldwide locations\*

- 16 manufacturing sites
- 5 countries
- ISO 9001 certified

 San Jose, CA

 Corporate Headquarters  
\* Not including sales offices

# Company strategy

- Maintaining close customer relationships
- Maintaining technology leadership
- Increasing the level of integration and functionality in our communications products
- Strengthening and developing opportunities for our optical technology businesses
- Focusing on continuous quality improvement
- Structuring our manufacturing capabilities for maximum efficiency and quality
- Pursuing complementary mergers and acquisitions
- Developing our people

# Organization



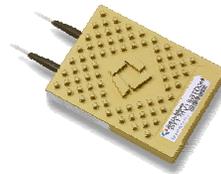
# A world leader in fiberoptic communications

## Subsystem Products



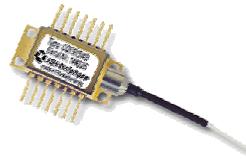
Instrumentation, Network Ready Products, amplifiers, card-level products

## Transmission Products



Telecom and datacom modules, CATV & specialty products

## Component Products



High power lasers, waveguides, transmission components, passive components

# A world leader in optical technology

## Commercial Lasers



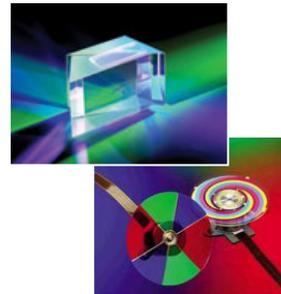
Solid-state, gas, fiber and diode lasers used in biotechnology, biohazard detection, graphics and imaging, semiconductor, and materials processing

## Flex Products



Light interference pigments for color shifting characteristics used in security products & decorative surface treatments

## OCLI Products



Optical components and front surface mirrors for displays

Optical filters for medical instruments

Infrared filters, beam splitters and optical sensors for aerospace

# TFPG Markets & Products



Commercial Lasers



OCLI Products



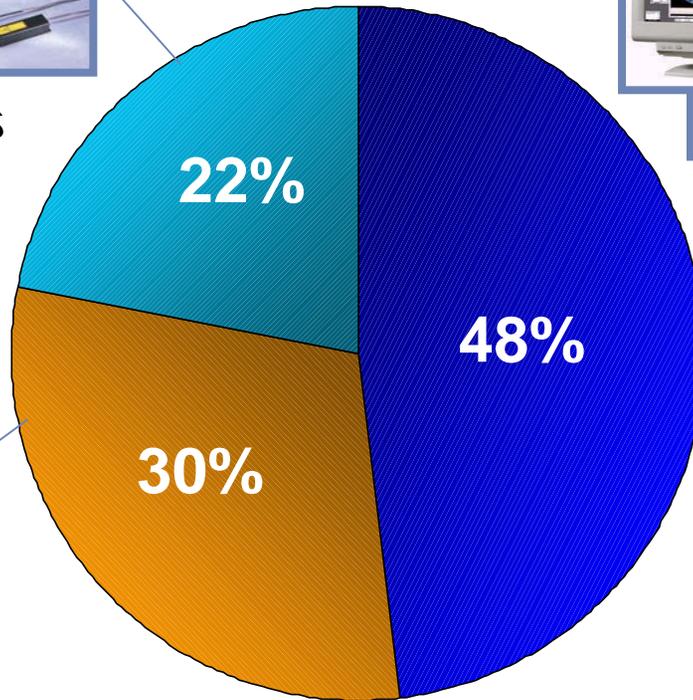
A JDS Uniphase Company



Flex Products



A JDS Uniphase Company



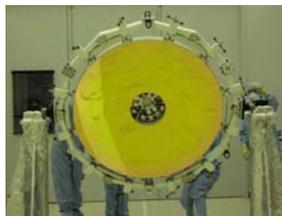
# OCLI Products Division (OPD)

## POLYMER OPTICS



Transceiver optics  
Micro-optic Assys.

## MILITARY/AEROSPACE

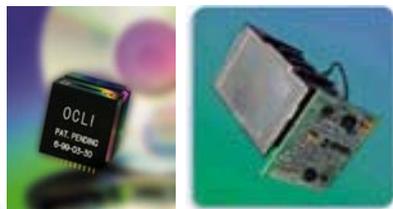


## DWDM FILTERS



DWDM Filters

## INSTRUMENTATION



Industrial and Medical

## DIRECT DISPLAY

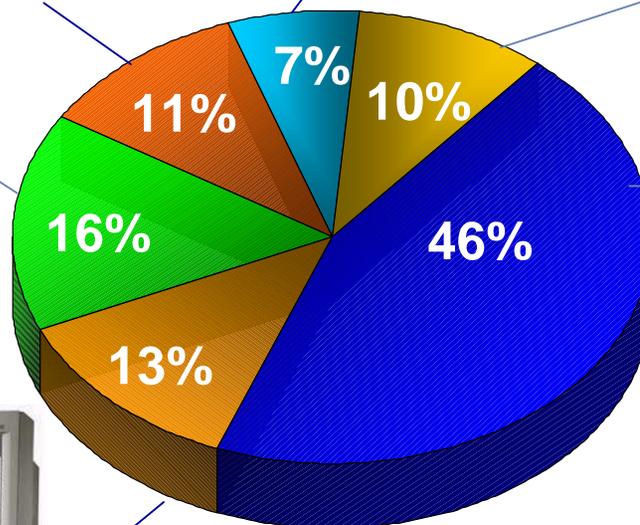


Plasma  
AR on Glass  
AR on LP & OLEDs

## PROJECTION DISPLAY

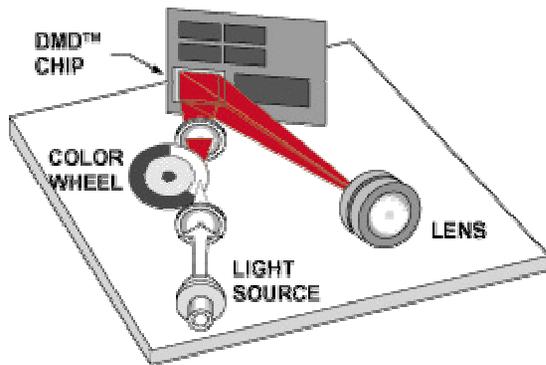


Top Hat  
Color Wheel  
Dichroics  
Front Surface Mirror  
Prisms

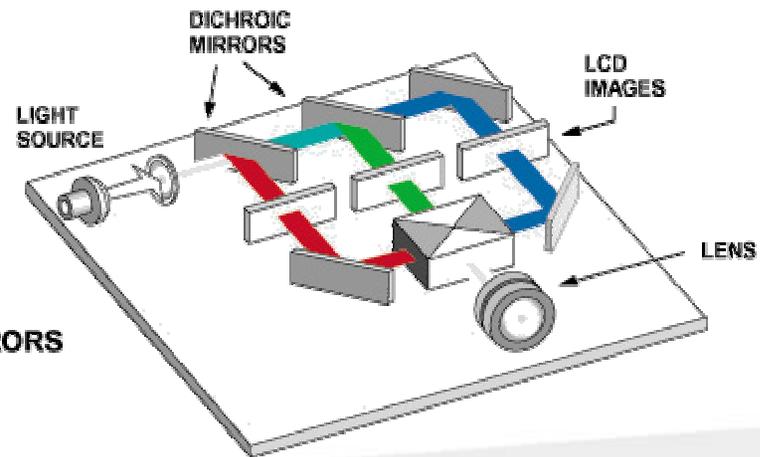
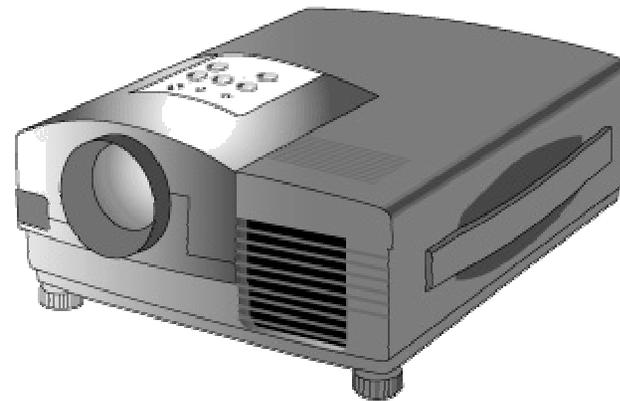


# OPD Projection Display Products

## FRONT PROJECTION DISPLAY



**DIGITAL MICROMIRROR DEVICE WITH COLOR WHEEL**



**LCD IMAGERS WITH DICHOIC MIRRORS**



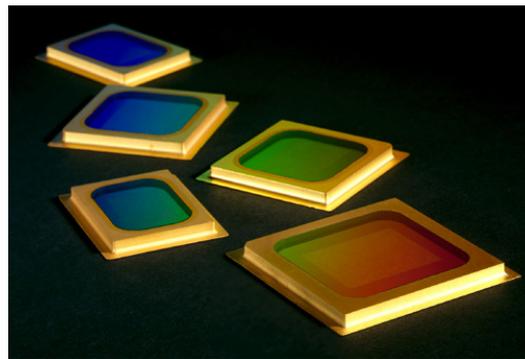
# OPD Display Components for Light Engines



Color wheels



Low defect windows



Polarization and wavelength control



# OPD Custom Display Products

- Custom display cover panels
  - Contrast enhancement, ruggedization, EMI shielding, LCD heaters
  - Government, military and instrumentation markets



- Business strategy includes:
  - Competitive high-conductivity coatings ( $< 2 \Omega/\text{sq}$ )
  - Comprehensive offering of custom configurations
  - Glass types, coatings, laminates, bus bars
  - Short-cycle batch processing for rapid delivery



# OPD Strategic Products

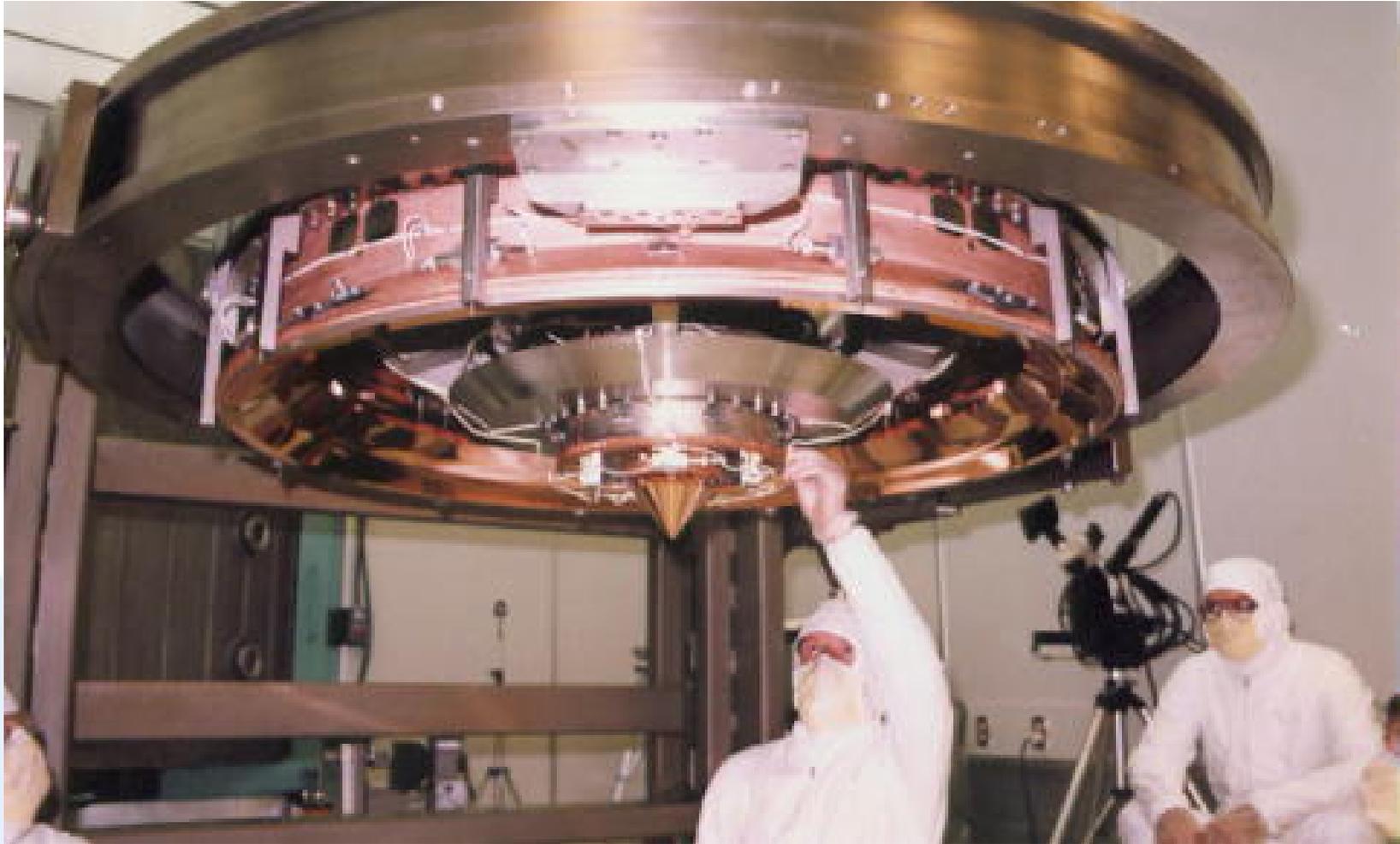
- Custom high-technology coated optics
  - Large optics (up to 100” diameter)
  - Space-based x-ray, microwave and laser mirrors
  - Specialty configurations (tubes, novel shapes)
- Defense and aerospace markets
- Business strategy includes:
  - Sustaining technology leadership
  - Management of complex multi-year programs



# Nova Laser Fusion Optic



# ALPHA Laser Beam Compactor



# AXAF/Chandra P6 Mirror on Lift Truck



19 Feb 2004

DOE/EPRI High Efficiency Thermoelectrics Workshop

17

 **JDS Uniphase**

# 120 inch Double-Door Coating Machine



Other door opens into class 100 clean room

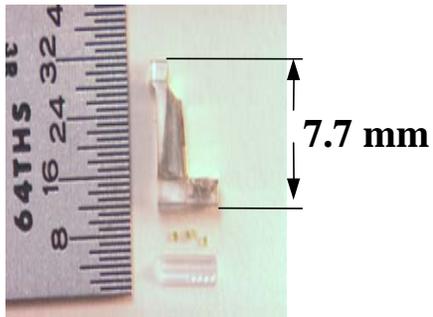
# OPD Inline coating equipment



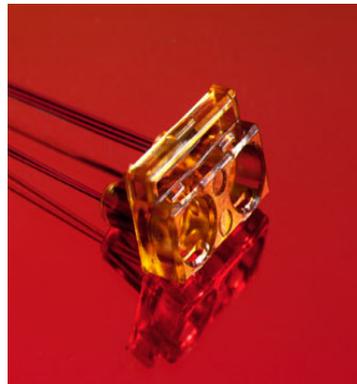
- OCLI developed “MAC” in 1970.
- Inline EB evaporator
- AR and FSM
- 32” by 50” substrate

- C-9 inline sputter coating machine
- Put in service 1995
- First-Surface Mirror
- 74” by 130” substrate

# OPD Polymer Optic Capabilities



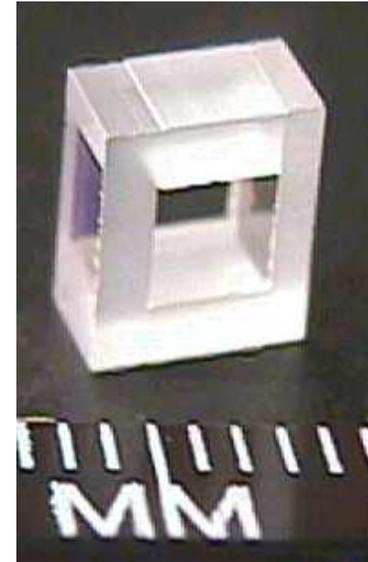
4 channel demux in polycarbonate



Complexity and  
quality at the  
costs of plastic



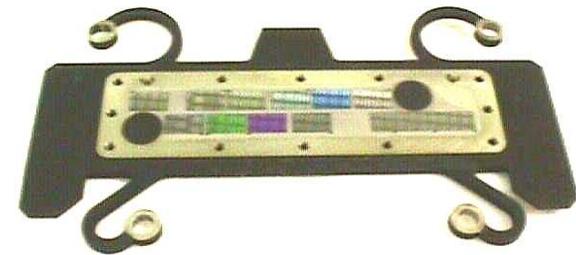
# OPD Telecom Products



**Thin-film filters and micro-optic assemblies for DWDM  
Targeting long-haul and metro fiber-optic markets**

# Coating performance

Wavelengths from 0.2 to 40  $\mu\text{m}$   
Part size from mm to meters



# Flex Products Division



- Wholly-owned subsidiary of JDSU
- HQ in Santa Rosa, CA
- Facility in Beijing, China
- >260 people
- Key Capabilities
  - Platform for expansion of TFPG thin film science to other markets
  - High-rate roll coating
  - Multi-layer coatings
  - High Volume Quality Manufacturing
  - Particle Coating
  - Sol-Gel Processing

# Flex Product Lines

## Optically Variable Pigment (OVI®)



ChromaFlair®  
**ColorShift**  
Effects Leader



# Commercial Lasers

## Technologies

HeNe Lasers

Argon Lasers

DPSS

Fiber Lasers

### 1979-HeNe Lasers



### 1994-Micro Lasers



### 1984-Argon Lasers



### 1999-Nano Lasers



# Science & Technology Division

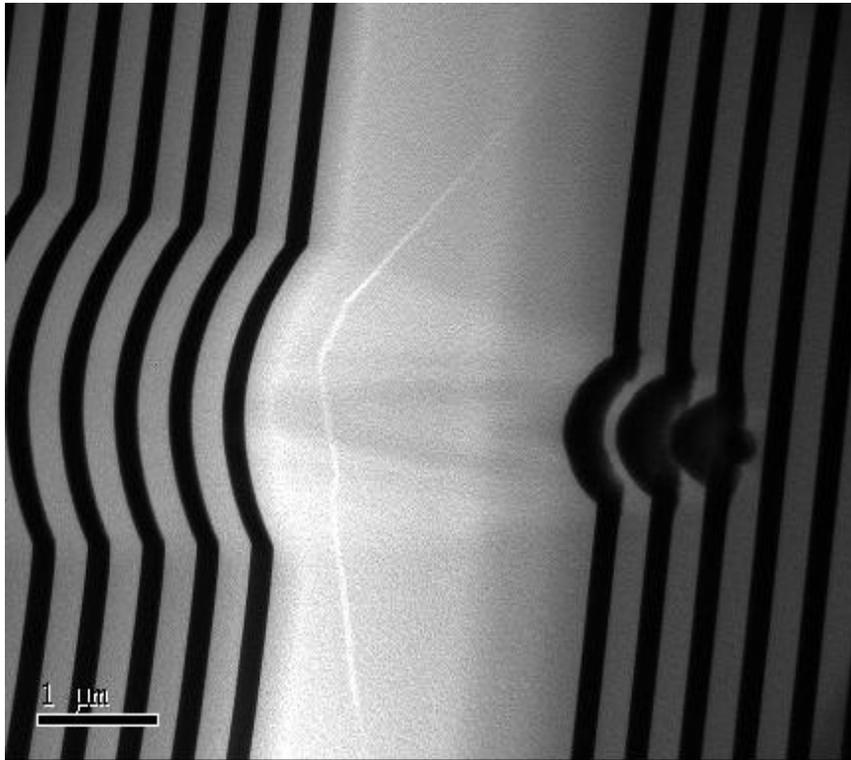
- Coating process development
- Chemistry and materials development
- Lasers and Optics
- Equipment design and construction
- Surface analysis and materials characterization
- Optical and color metrology

# S&T Materials Characterization

- Optical Microscopy
- Micro-Analysis (EDX, SIMS)
- Electron Spectroscopy (XPS)
- Surface Metrology (AFM)
- Optical Properties (VASE)
- Other Capabilities
  - Product Reliability Center

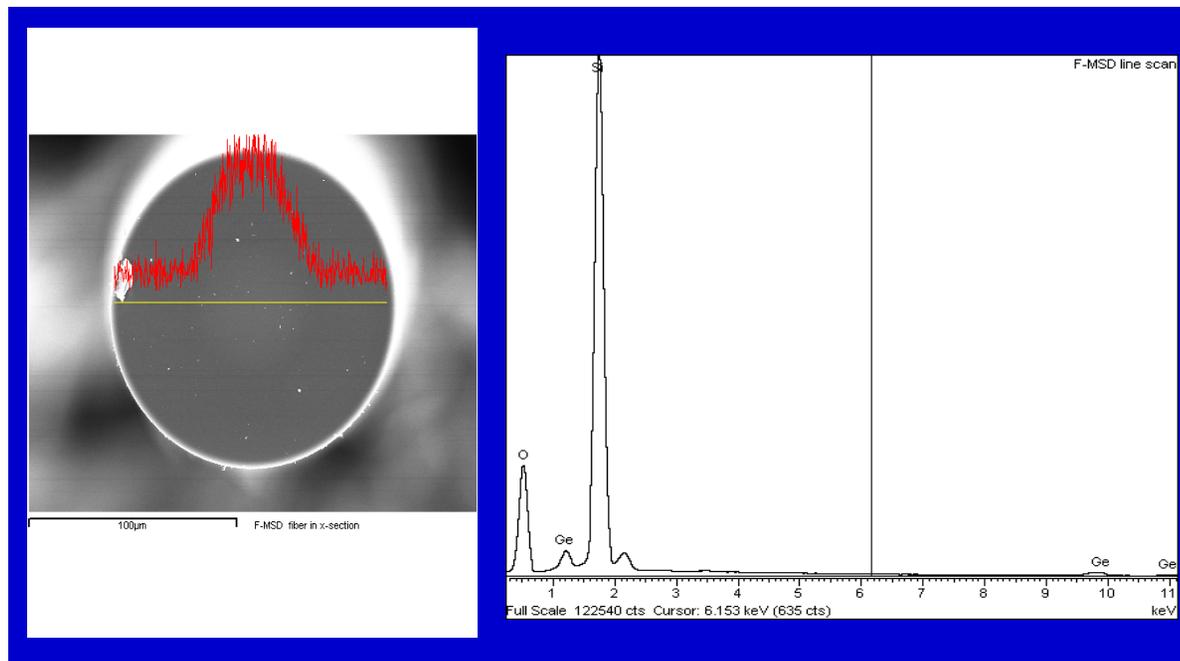


# S&T Electron Microscopy



TEM x-sect micrograph of nodular defect growth

# S&T Micro-Analysis (Line Profile)



## Elemental Analysis and Ge Line Profile in a Fiber Using EDS

# S&T Surface Analysis

## Surface Stats:

Ra: 0.31 nm

Rq: 0.39 nm

Rt: 3.20 nm

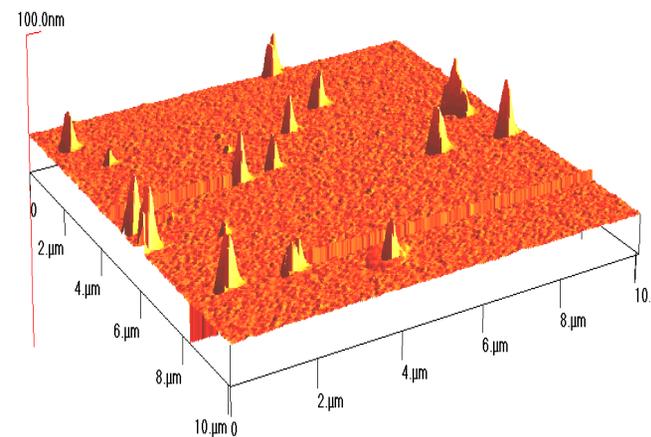
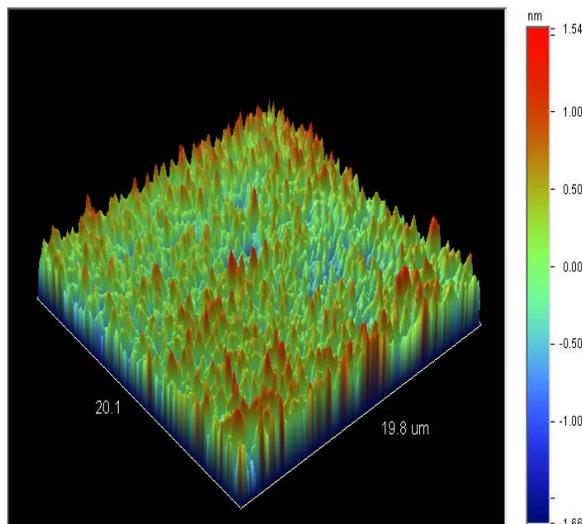
## Measurement Info:

Magnification: 106.27

Measurement Mode: PSI

Sampling: 79.04 nm

Array Size: 251 X 218

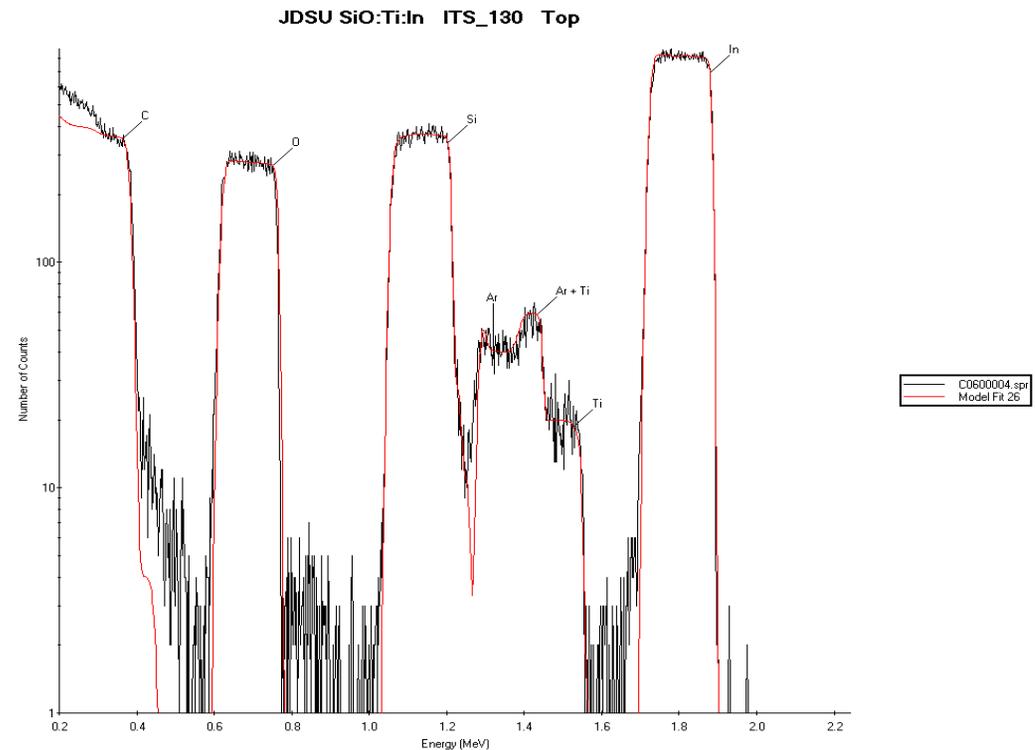


Surface Roughness Using WYKO

Surface Roughness using AFM

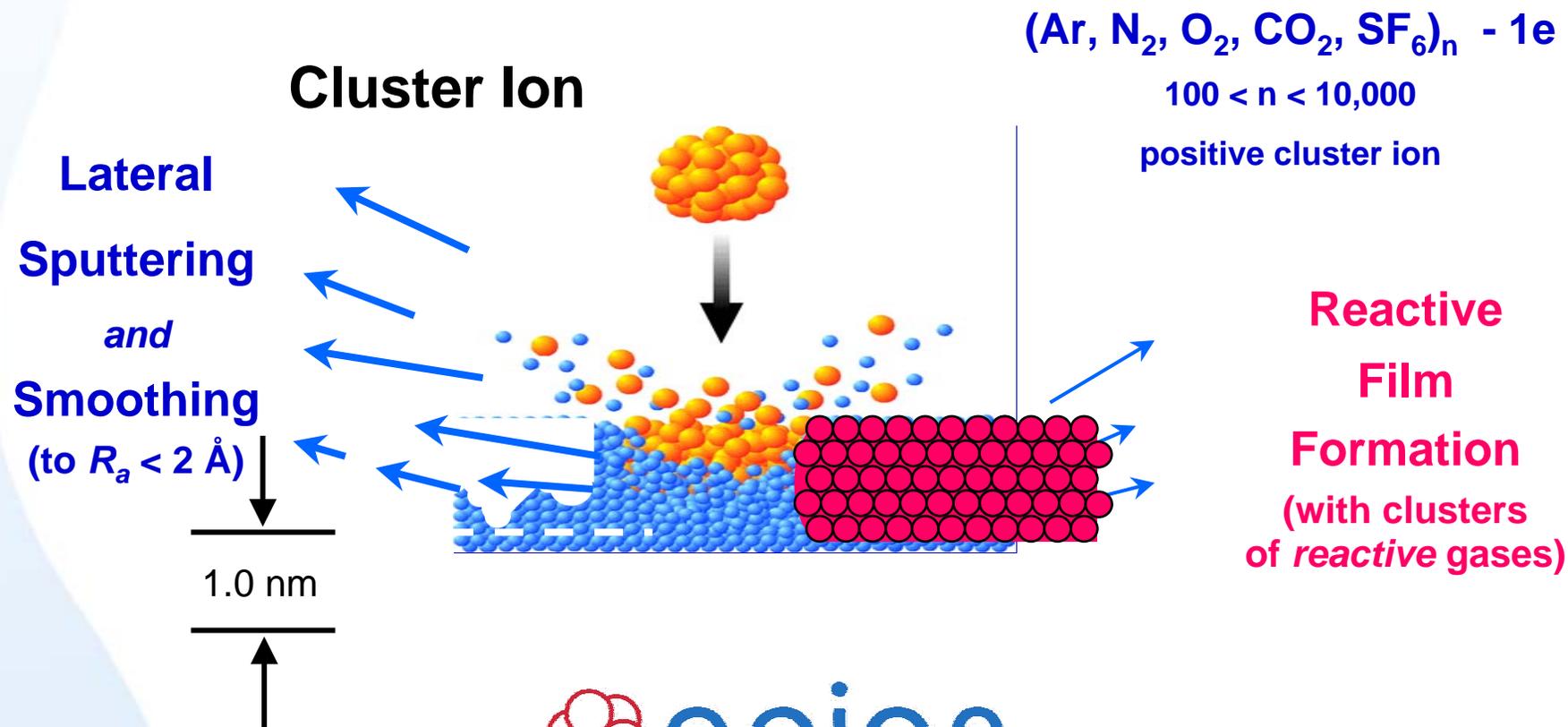
# Rutherford Backscatter (RBS)

		Si	O	Ti	In	Ar	(atoms/cm <sup>2</sup> )
ITS_130	Top	27.4	65.1	0.6	5.1	1.8	2.12E+18



Layer Thickness and Layer Composition of Doped SiO<sub>2</sub> Layer using RBS

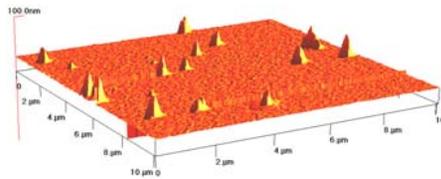
# Nano-Scale Processing of Surfaces (GCIB)



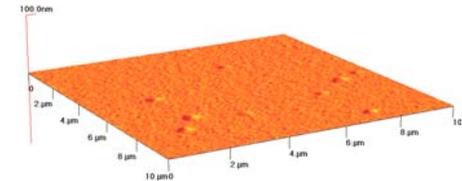
<http://www.epion.com>

# Glass Substrate (Ar-Cluster Process)

100 nm

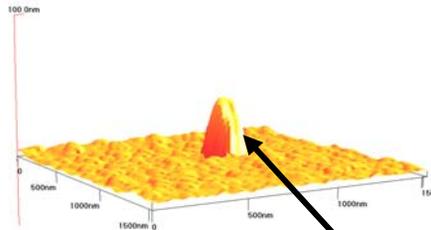


**Low**  
Resolution  
10 mm squares



100 nm

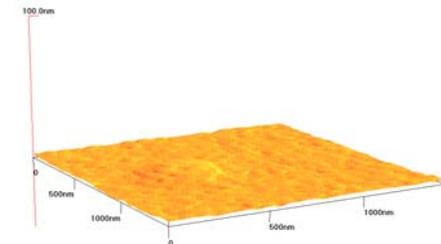
**Before**



Asperity 450 Å high  
Plateau with  $R_a \sim 18 \text{ \AA}$



**High**  
Resolution  
1.5 mm squares



Plateau with  $R_a \sim 7 \text{ \AA}$

Note: Power Spectral Density (PSD) improved 100X (over spatial range  $\sim 0.1$  to  $>50 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ ).



# Fabrication

- Global Facility Coverage: Asia  
North America
- From Very Small to Very Large

**High Volume, Large  
Component  
Fabrication**



**Precision Substrate Sawing**

**FOCUS AND DIRECTION:**

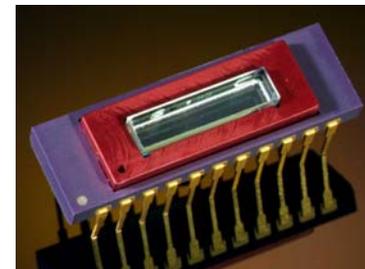
**High volume, precision  
optical fabrication**



**Computer  
Controlled  
Shape Cutter**

# Optical Assembly Capabilities

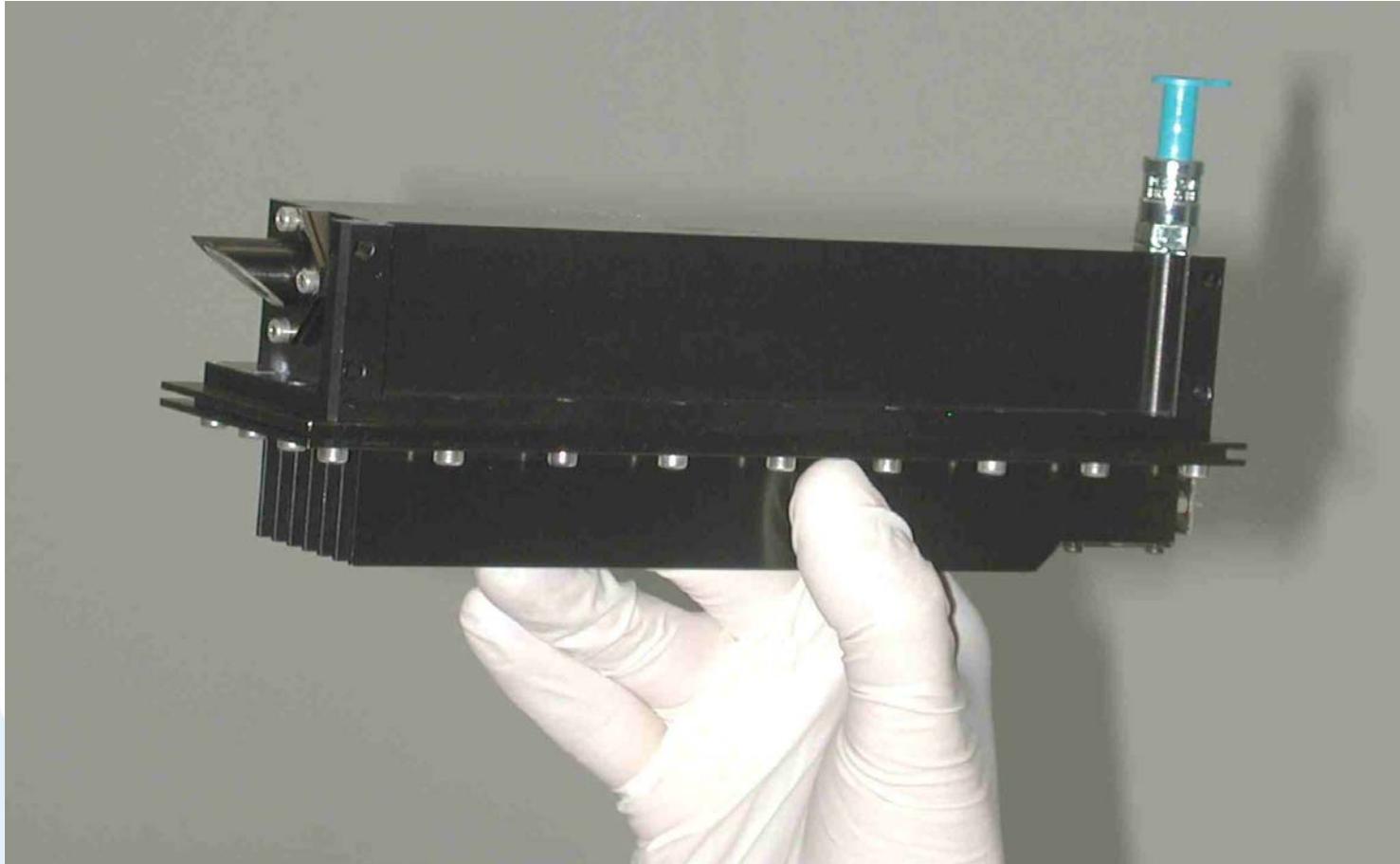
- Precision optical assemblies
  - Color wheels
  - Spectral sensor
  - Filter-detector pairs
  - Polarizing components
- Micro-assembly
  - CWDM demux



# Program Examples

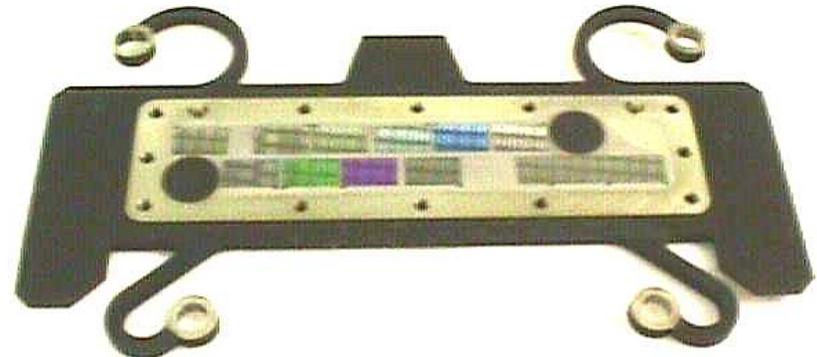
- Biological Aerosol Warning System (BAWS)  
266 nm solid state laser
- Infrared Filters
- Large Optics Coating & Metrology
- Laser Rejection Filters
- Process Development and Scaling
  - CIGS SPM
  - Solid state electrochromics
  - DWDM multilayer filters

# BAWS Prototype Laser



# Atmospheric Infrared Sounder (AIRS)

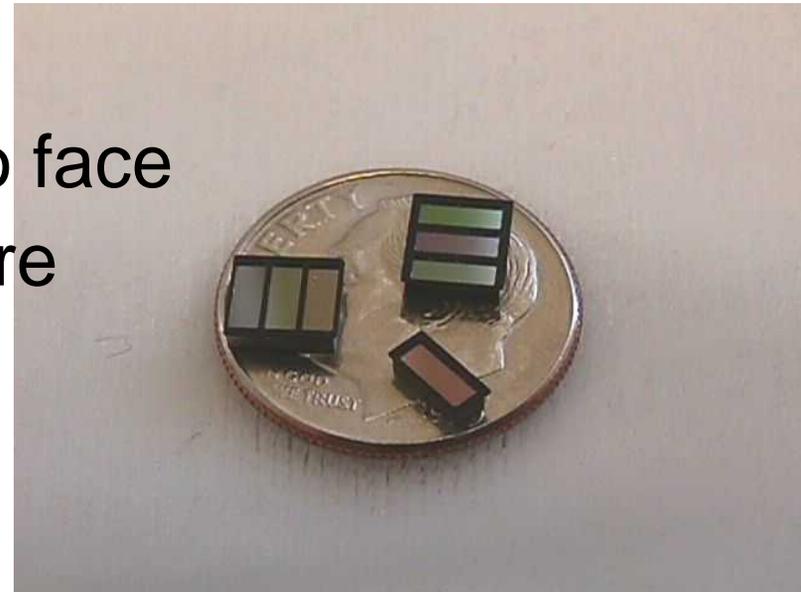
- 18 bandpass filters on Ge substrate
- 3.4mm to 15.4mm wavelength region
- sized after coating



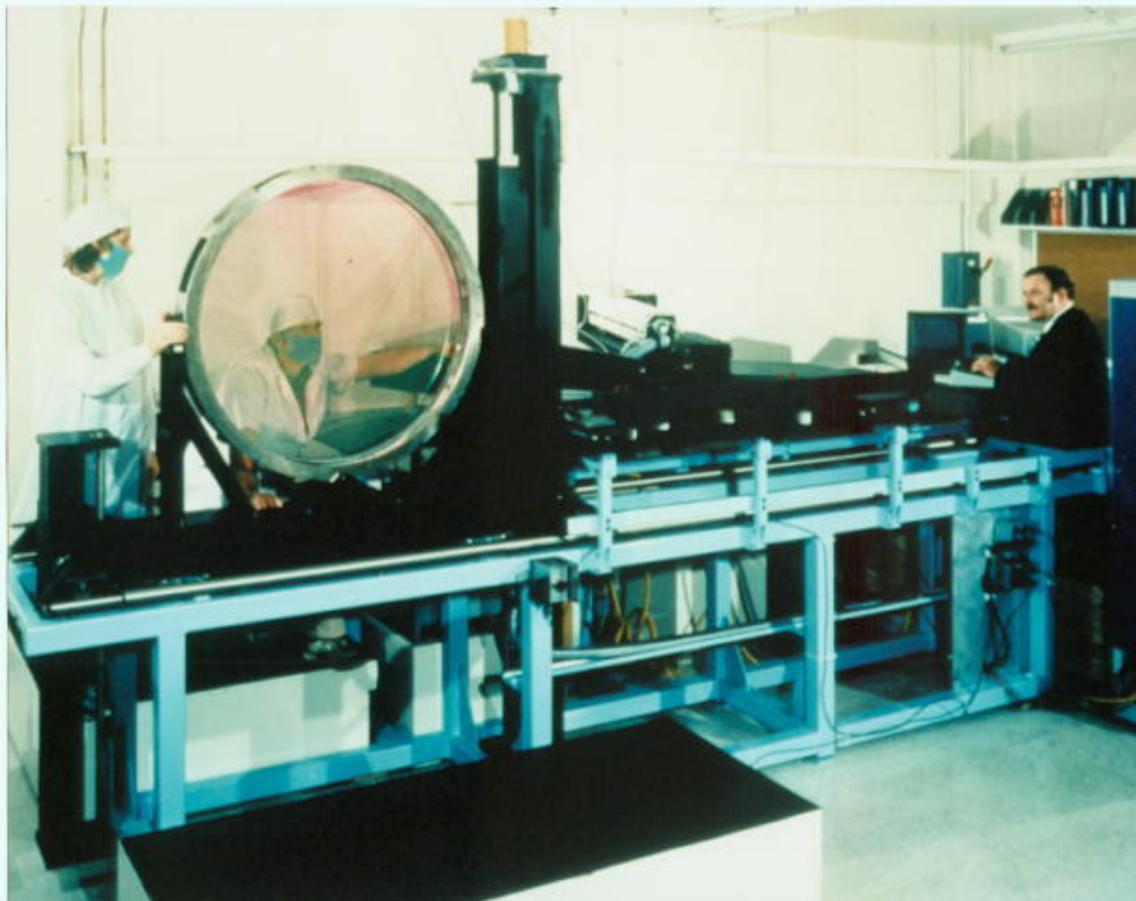
- mounted into molybdenum frame
  - coated with an ultra-broadband dark mirror
- 0.001% absolute out-of-band blocking
- 60K operating temperature

# Advanced Earth Observing Satellite – Global Imager

- 7 narrow bandpass filters on sapphire and Ge
- 3.7 to 12.1 $\mu\text{m}$  wavelength region
- coated filter thickness tolerance  $\pm 0.013\text{mm}$
- sized after coating to 5mm x 2mm
- bonded into 1- and 3-band assemblies
- edge painted
- opaque mask mounted to face
- 80K operating temperature



# Nova Laser Photometer



- R & T at multiple laser wavelengths
- Rasters optic in laser beam
- Area up to 1 m<sup>2</sup>
- Developed at OCLI

# Visual Blocking Filters – Products

- Laser Protection  
– “ANVIS”



- Avionic Night Vision  
– “Leaky Green”

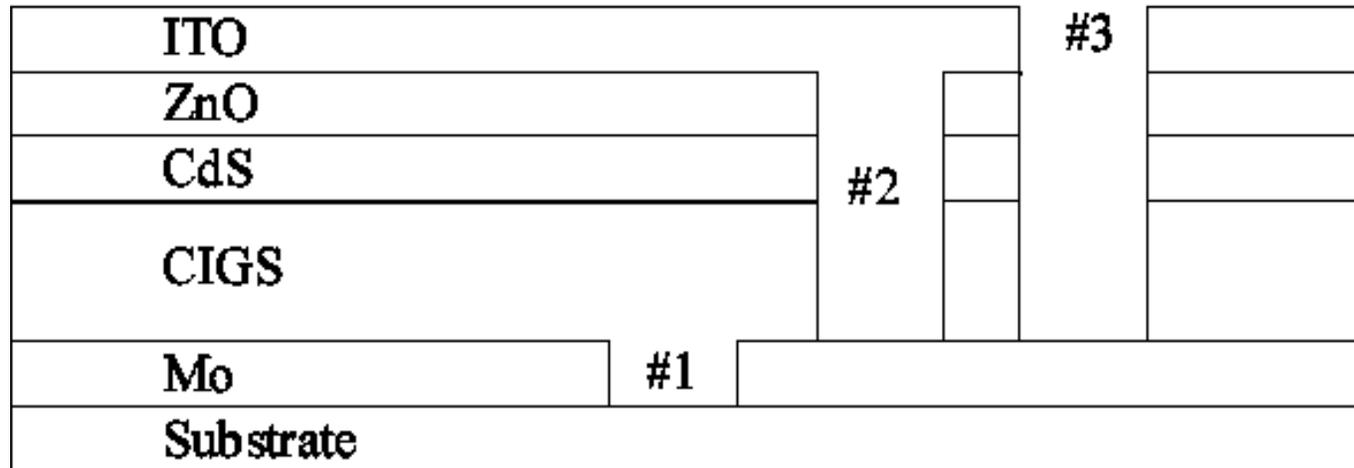
# Process Development and Scaling

- **Process Selection**
  - Inline: better suited for low layer count
    - High coating rates, large area
  - Batch: better for high layer count
    - Ability to mix deposition processes
    - Minimize non coating (pump and vent) time
  - Deposition method
    - Dependent upon materials and desired properties
- **Three Examples**
  - CIGS Solar Power Modules
  - Solid State Electrochromic Devices
  - DWDM Filters for Telecom

# Example 1: Solar Power Module

- Multi-layer p-n thin film photovoltaic
  - $\text{CuInGaSe}_2$
  - Scaled from NREL lab process
  - Deposition at 600C
  - Mixed low pressure sputtering and thermal evaporation processes
  - 72" diameter batch coater
  - Deposited films had short range crystal structure
  - Prototype modules of 12"x12" demonstrated

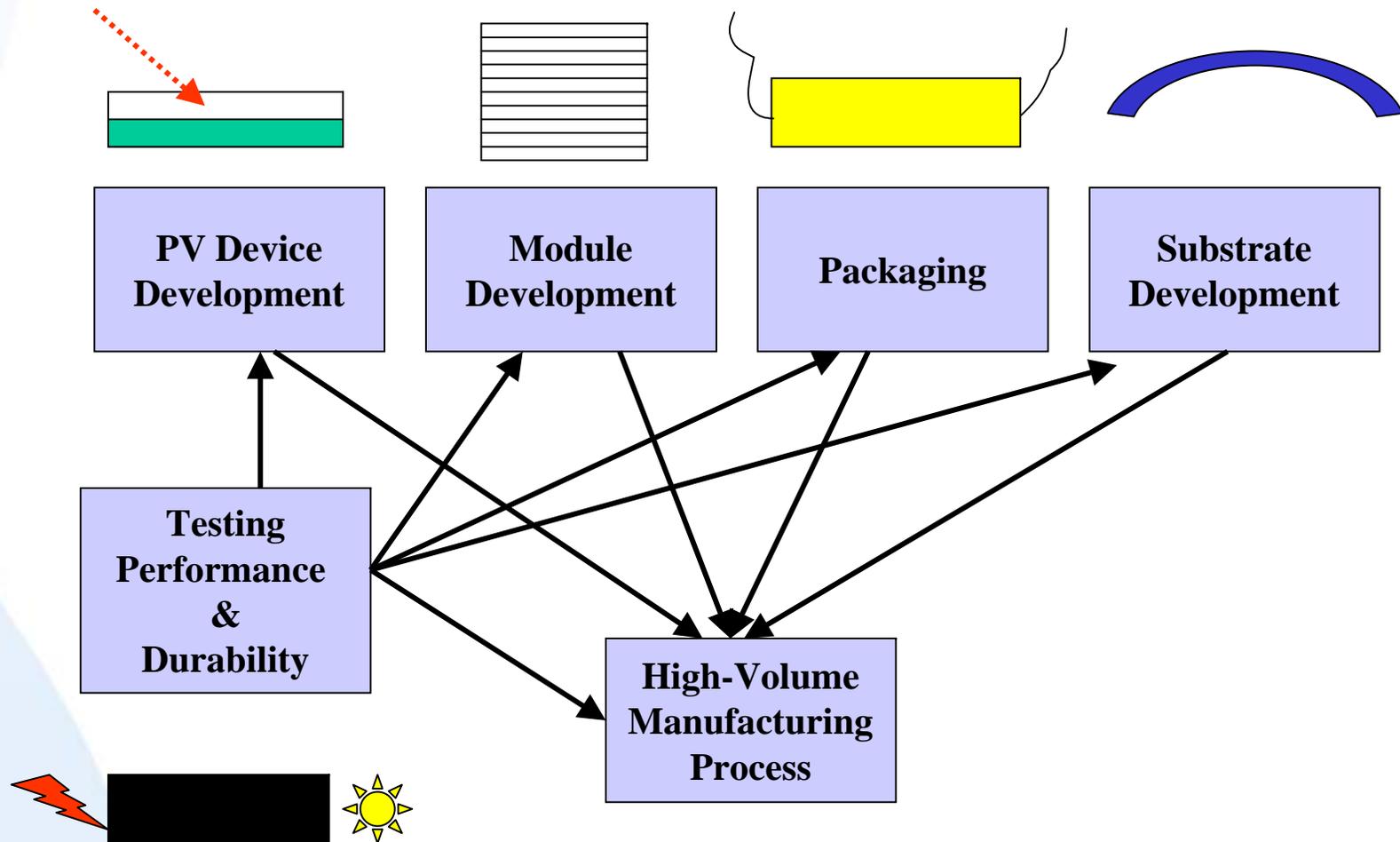
# SPM Patterning Cross-Section



## Three scribes

- #1 & #3 provide electrical isolation between adjacent cells
- #2 allows connection of ITO and Mo from adjacent cells to connect cells in series

# CIGS SPM Development Process



# SPM Development

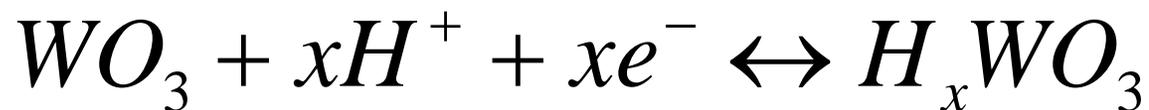
Milestones	Time
Completion of conversion of batch Machine for CIGS	Day 0
9% cell (AM1.5) OCLI Mo & CIGS, NREL CdS, ZnO, & Al:ZnO	Day 19
All-OCLI CIGS 2 in.x2 in. module (all layers + scribing demonstrated)	Day 46
Established rotary process for uniform coating process (12"x12")	Day 60
7.96% all OCLI module (AM1.5) 2.42 in. <sup>2</sup> , 8 cells	Day 81
10.7% cell (AM1.5) on Na-free thin film glass	Day 85
Uniform CIGS on full size thin substrate (12"x10.5") (<+/-4%)	Day 92
14.7% cell, FF=0.74 (AM1.5) demonstrated	Day 124
8.3% module, FF= 0.59 (AM1.5) 2.75in <sup>2</sup> demonstrated	Day 124

# SPM Scaling to Volume

- Plan for inline production machine planned
  - at this point a full cost study was performed
    - Process flow - from substrate receiving, substrate preparation, coating, post coating treatments, packaging to pack-out and shipping
    - Throughput and yield estimates
    - Factory layout - floor plan, capital and facility costs
    - Resource loading
  - Required for favorable cost/unit area

## Example 2: Solid State Electrochromic

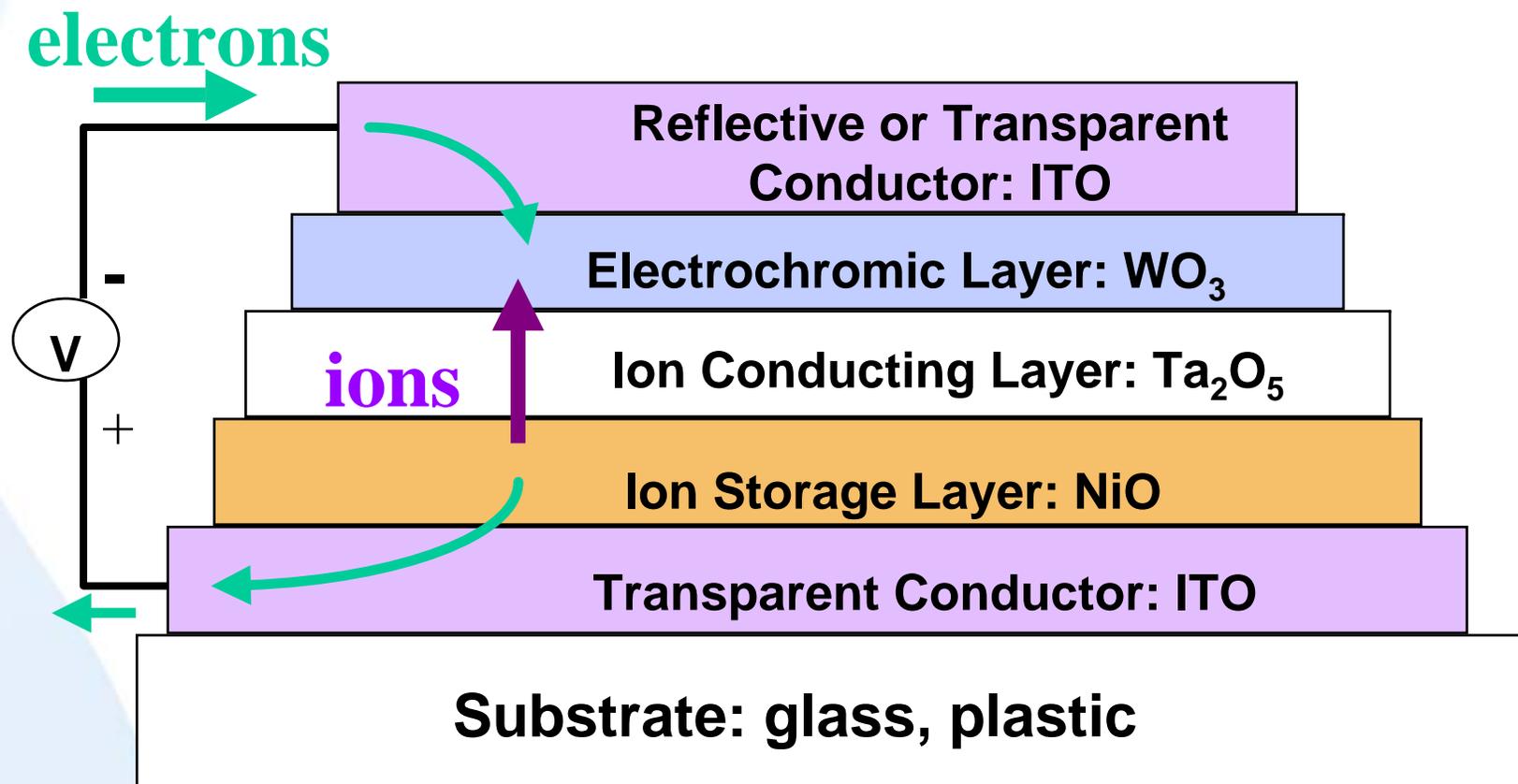
- Electrically induced change in a film's optical properties (n and/or k) by insertion of metal ions ( $H^+$ ,  $Li^+$ ,  $Na^+$ ,  $K^+$ ) and electrons ( $e^-$ )
  - e.g., Tungsten Trioxide ( $WO_3$ ) reversibly changes from clear to blue with the insertion of protons ( $H^+$ ) and an equal number of electrons to form tungsten bronze ( $H_xWO_3$ ).



clear

blue

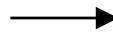
# Monolithic solid-state EC device



# EC Process : Goals

- EC technology conversion from laboratory curiosity to a stable manufacturing process:

» Photopic Transmittance  
» Color  
» Transition Time



» Process Yield  
» Throughput  
» Process capability

# EC Deposition Process Development

- **Critical Parameters**
  - Stoichiometry
  - Density
  - Morphology
    - Grain Size
    - Surface Roughness
- **Critical Process Control**
  - Residual Gas Pressure and Composition
  - Deposition Rate
  - Substrate Temperature
  - Substrate Preparation
  - Uniformity (thickness and homogeneity)
- EB evap.:  $\text{WO}_3$ ,  $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_5$ ,  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$ , NiO, ITO, Al
- Thermal evap.:  $\text{WO}_3$ ,  $\text{LiNbO}_3$ ,  $\text{K}_x\text{WO}_3$
- Sputter:  $\text{WO}_3$ ,  $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_5$ ,  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$ , NiO, ITO, Al

# Analytical Techniques for EC

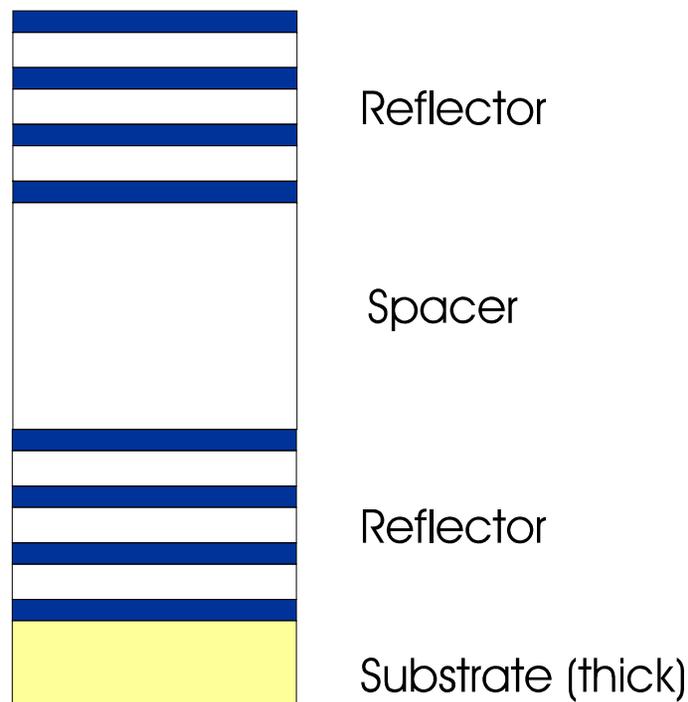
- Physical properties
  - Rutherford Backscattering Spectroscopy (RBS)
    - Density, Stoichiometry
  - Scanning Probe Microscope (SPM)
    - Morphology
- Optical Properties
  - Spectrophotometry: %T, %R, chromaticity
  - VASE: n,k,thickness
  - FTIR

# WO<sub>3</sub> process effect on EC performance

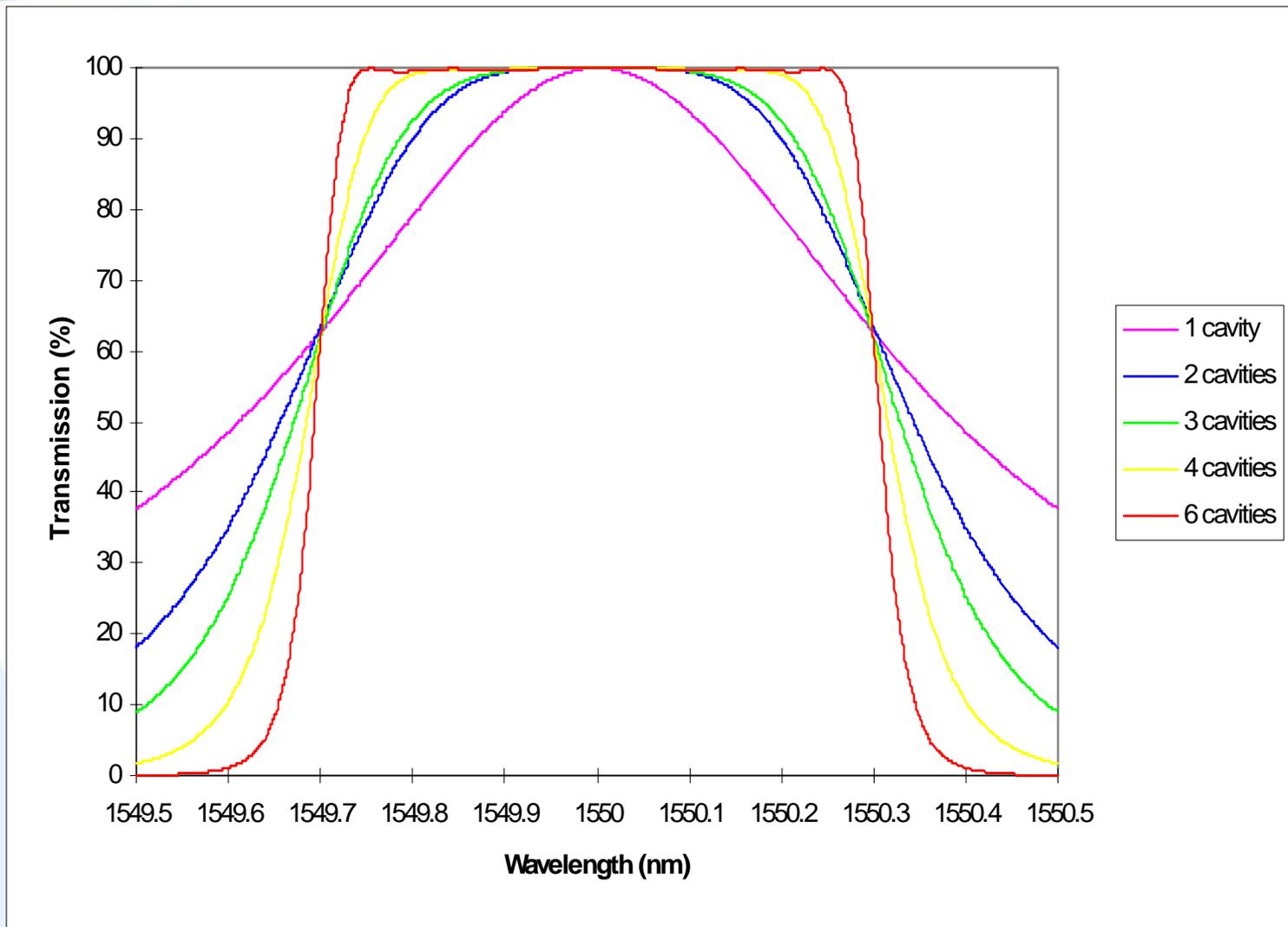
Process	Dep Rate Å/sec	% Bulk Density	Coloring Range %T, (633nm)	Coloring time (sec)
Thermal	20	94	85 - 8	3
Thermal	10	89	88 - 10	5
e-beam	0.5- 1.0	71	78 - 10	5.4
MetaMode® Hi P	90	80	82 - 5	5
MetaMode® Lo P	135	89	87-10	12

## Example 3: Multilayer DWDMs

- DWDMs use high layer count filters
- Fabry-Perot etalons constructed from thin film dielectric materials:  $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_5$ ,  $\text{SiO}_2$



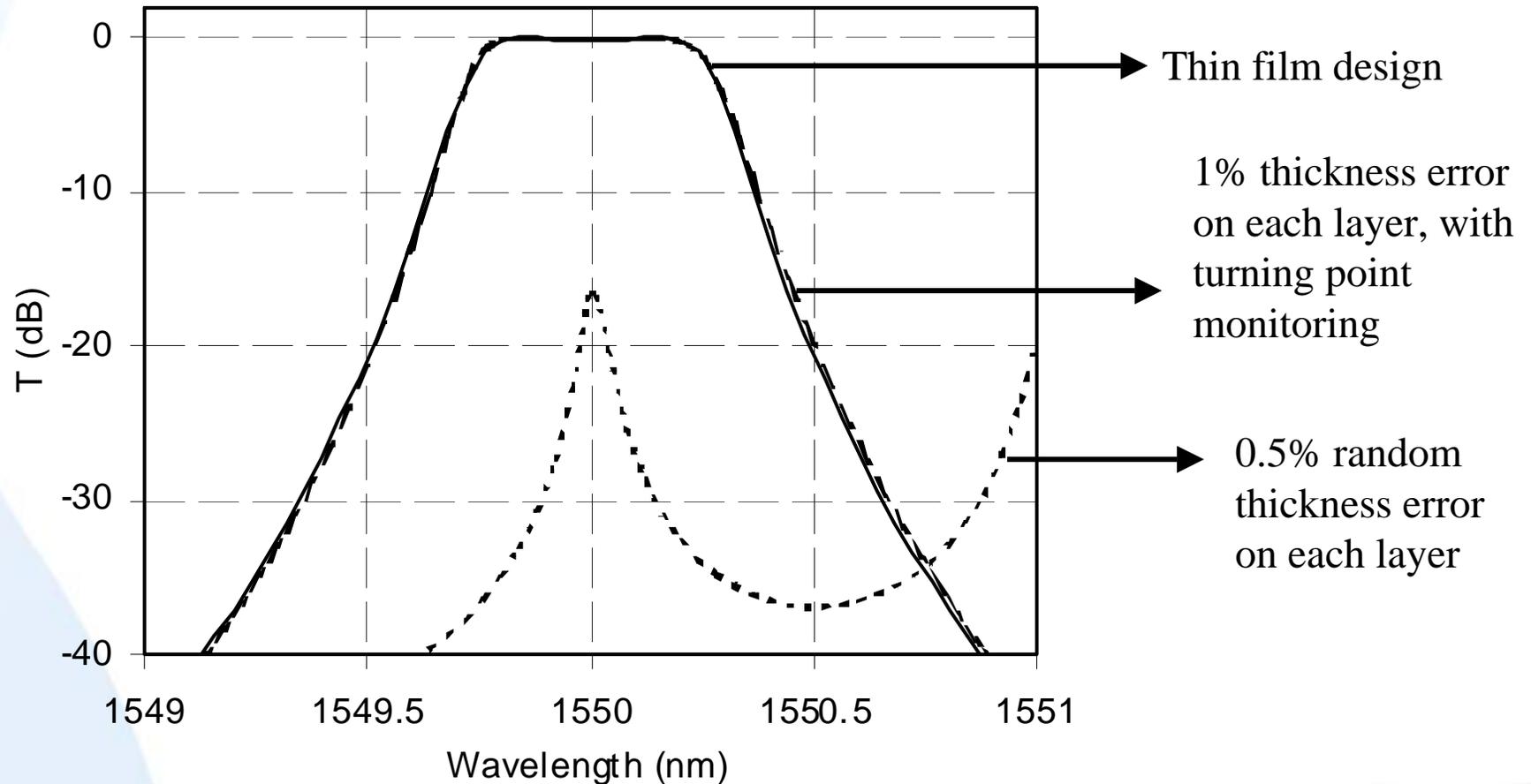
# Multiple cavities needed for performance



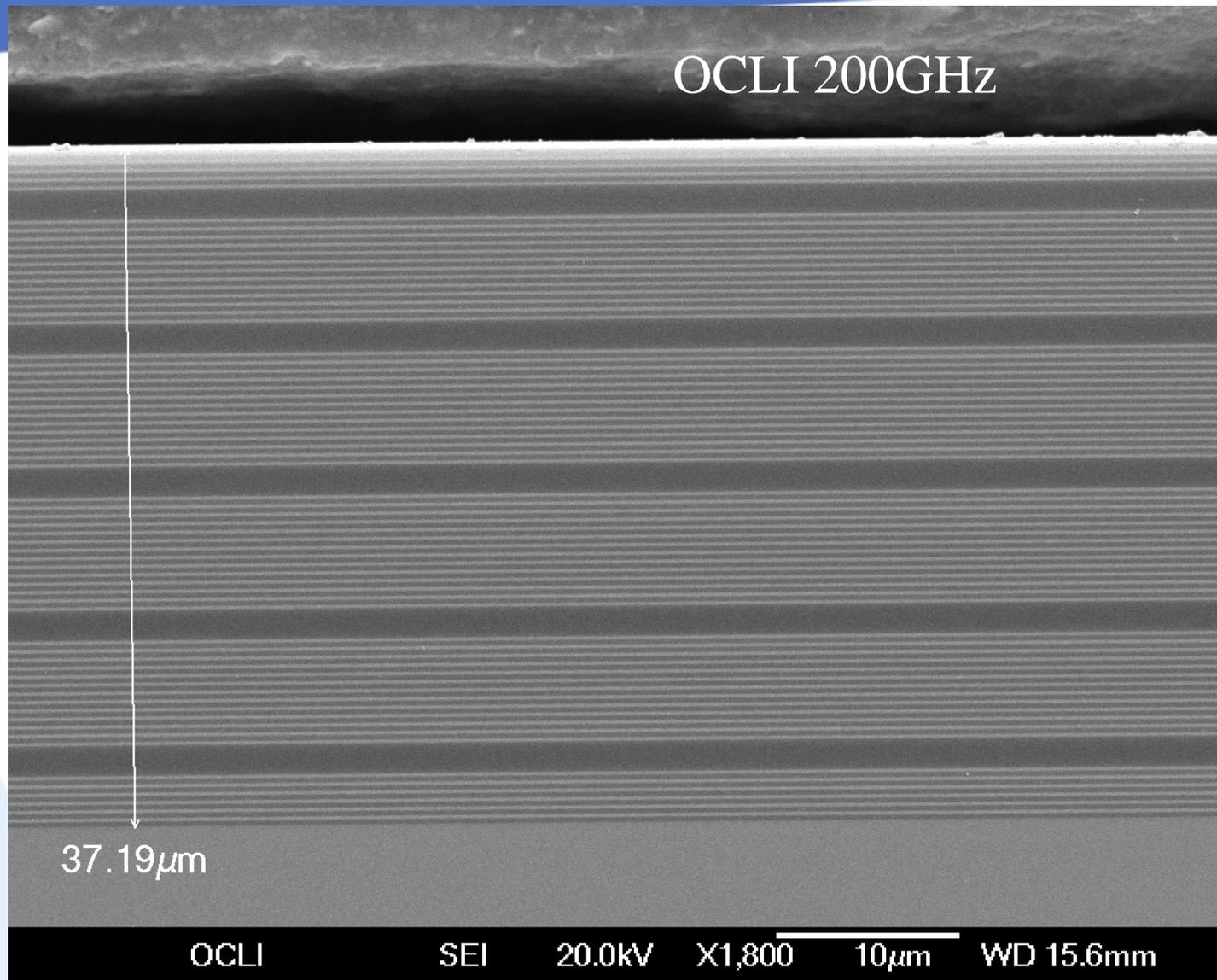
# Film Properties for DWDM

- **Environmental Durability**
  - 20 years of field service is required
  - Accelerated aging test: Telcordia Generic Reliability 1221
  - 2000 hrs at 85°C/85% relative humidity
  - dense bulk-like films are needed
- **Low loss**
  - low scatter
  - low defect level from coating and substrate
  - amorphous microstructure
  - low absorption:  $k < 10^{-6}$  @ 1550nm

# Composite Turning Point Monitoring



# DWDM film structure



# Conclusions

- JDSU TFPG has experience developing a wide variety of thin film processes and devices.
  - Meeting several types of film requirements (optical, electronic, environmental, etc.)
  - Integrating many processes other than just deposition
- JDSU TFPG has experience developing and operating processes over a broad range of economic conditions.
  - Ranging from speculative development to mass production
  - And we can take processes and products continuously through this cycle
- OCLI has access through JDSU to many more technologies than previously.
  - Gas and solid state lasers
  - Active telecommunications devices