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A Materials Database for Li(Si)/FeS₂ Thermal Batteries

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Abstract

The establishment of a database for the materials that are used in production Li(Si)/FeS₂ thermal batteries designed at Sandia National Laboratories is described. The database is a Hewlett-Packard (HP) network type (IMAGE) designed to run on an HP3000 computer. Heavy emphasis is placed on the use of screen forms for entry, editing, and retrieval of data. Custom screen forms were used for the various materials in the battery. For the purposes of the materials database, each battery is composed of four mixes: cathode, separator, anode, and heat (pyrotechnic) powders. A consistent lot-numbering system was adopted for both the mixes and the discrete components that make up the mixes. Each serial number of a particular battery is linked to the lot numbers of the four mixes used in the battery. Each mix, in turn, is linked to the lot numbers of the discrete components that are contained within the mix. This allows traceability of each of the components used in any given serial number of a particular battery. The materials database provides the necessary traceability, as required by the Department of Energy, for the lifetime of the program associated with the battery.

MASTER

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Acronyms

ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
DF	data form
DOE	Department of Energy
EB	electrolyte binder
EPI	Eagle-Picher Industries
GENDD	General Electric, Neutron Devices Department
HP	Hewlett-Packard
MC	major component
MLN	Materials Lot Number
SN	serial number
SNL	Sandia National Laboratories
SS	specification sheets

Software Associated with Database

IMAGE	Network-type database designed to run on HP3000 computer.
VIEW/3000 (V/3000)	Software used for screen forms with IMAGE database. VIEW/3000 consists of two software packages: FORMSPEC and ENTRY.
FORMSPEC	Software for the design of screen forms to interact with IMAGE database.
ENTRY	Program for entry of data into screen forms for IMAGE database.
MIRACLE	Program for data entry and retrieval for database that runs on a VAX computer.
TRANSACTION	HP's programming language used with IMAGE database for entering, editing, and retrieval of data through the use of screen forms generated via FORMSPEC.

A Materials Database for Li(Si)/FeS₂ Thermal Batteries

Introduction

Lithium-silicon/iron disulfide (Li(Si)/FeS₂) thermally activated batteries (commonly referred to as thermal batteries) employ four mixtures of powdered materials:

- an Li(Si) alloy anode (typically 44 wt.% Li)
- a separator or electrolyte-binder (EB) mixture composed of magnesium oxide (MgO) and electrolyte [typically lithium chloride-potassium chloride (LiCl-KCl) eutectic]
- a catholyte composed of FeS₂ (iron pyrite) and EB
- a pyrotechnic or heat powder [typically an iron-potassium perchlorate (Fe-KClO₄) mixture] to heat the battery to its operating temperature. In the case of the lithiated catholytes, lithium oxide (Li₂O) will also be present.

Thermal batteries for the Department of Energy (DOE) are designed and developed at Sandia National Laboratories (SNL). Each battery is manufactured to SNL specifications at either General Electric Neutron Devices Dept. (GENDD), St. Petersburg, FL, or Eagle-Picher Industries (EPI), Joplin, MO. The materials that are more commonly used in the batteries are produced at each facility. For certain applications, however, GENDD will provide select materials for batteries constructed at EPI.

The purified FeS₂ and mixes of electrolyte, EB, or catholyte are normally used by blending small batches of material (typically, 0.5 to 1.0 kg for the mixes) into master lots. A given master lot might be used for more than one major-component (MC) battery. Occasionally, an individual serial number (SN) of a particular MC battery can fail a qualification test during production. What is more important, however, is a failure of, or an anomaly in, a unit returned from the field. If the problems are related to the active materials used in the construction of the battery, troubleshooting would be greatly facilitated if characterization data for these materials could be readily retrieved for evaluation purposes. It would be desirable to flag all SNs of a given MC battery that were built with the

suspect material(s). Furthermore, it would be additionally desirable to flag any SNs of any other MC batteries that used these materials. To meet these goals requires a comprehensive database containing key characterization data for the various materials used in Li(Si)/FeS₂ thermal batteries.

Evaluation of the materials database that was in place at SNL on a VAX computer at the time of this study showed it to be inadequate. Materials property data were not available for all of the mixes used in the battery (e.g., the separator mix). Or, in the case of FeS₂, multiple lot numbers were being used for essentially the same material; each time the material was processed in a series of sequential purification operations, it was given a new lot number that made the traceability task unnecessarily cumbersome. Examination of data that had been entered for heat powder showed inconsistencies in the lot numbering that made the real identities of several lots uncertain. This made traceability extremely difficult and raised serious questions as to the validity or usefulness of the data. In addition, each of the manufacturing facilities (EPI and GENDD) had its own lot-numbering system which made relative comparison of data difficult without some means of cross-referencing. In some instances, data for certain lots of material were incomplete.

Data were being entered into the VAX system by keypunching information from data forms (DFs) for the various materials. These forms were generally lacking in specific instructions as to the manner in which data were to be entered. Because of the potential for confusion, some of the data may have been compromised.

The traceability of materials data for specific SNs was being accomplished through use of the Materials Lot Number (MLN) DF shown in Figure 1. (This traceability must be maintained for the life of the weapons program associated with the battery, which can be in excess of 25 yr.) This DF contains lot-number data for specific components and for some of the mixes used in a particular SN of an MC battery. Fields are provided for only some of the components used in the mixes. In addition, more lot numbers are

used for the processed FeS_2 , than are really necessary. In short, the form is incomplete and inefficient.

A comprehensive evaluation of the MLN DF suggested that a new approach was needed if the entry and retrieval of materials property data were to be facilitated and if increased reliability of the materials traceability were to be realized. Consequently, a multistage effort was undertaken to identify inadequacies in the current materials database and to develop satisfactory alternatives.

The objectives of the study were to

- Improve the reliability of the traceability of materials used in SNL-designed MC thermal batteries.
- Simplify the current data entry/retrieval system and eliminate unnecessary paperwork.
- Reduce confusion by developing a systematic lot-numbering system that could be used by both production facilities.
- Overhaul the specification sheets (SSs) and DFs associated with materials and processes related to the production of $\text{Li}(\text{Si})/\text{FeS}_2$ thermal batteries.

The new approach involved revision of the current DFs and, when necessary, development of new ones. Each of the DFs is associated with a materials specification document, called an SS drawing. Because of this, it was also necessary to modify these documents and, in some instances, to generate new ones. The final archiving of the materials property data is to be with the VAX computer in Dept. 2820 or possibly at GENDD. The use of Dept. 2520's HP3000 computer was elected for temporary interim storage. Computer screen forms were developed for use with this computer to facilitate data entry and review for materials used in DOE $\text{Li}(\text{Si})/\text{FeS}_2$ thermal batteries. This report documents the results of that work.

Results and Discussion

IMAGE Database

Before getting into a detailed discussion of the materials database, it is helpful to understand how the IMAGE database functions. IMAGE is defined as a 2-level network structure, as opposed to a hierarchical or relational type. This is shown schematically in Figure 2.

The two types of data sets in IMAGE are (1) *master* data sets (e.g., Mstr. 1 in Figure 2) and (2) *detail* data sets. The bulk of the information is contained in the detail data sets, which contain data

items fully describing the materials of interest. The data *items* are the smallest accessible data element and are represented by values that can be alphanumeric, integer, or real numbers. (An example of a data item for the materials database would be the lot number.)

The master data sets contain key-item values that serve as indices for fast access to specific information in one or more detail sets. Each master entry contains information about related detail chains, including the beginning and end, and the number of entries in the chain. A chain is simply a series of pointers which link together all detail-data-set entries having the same value for a particular key item (e.g., catholyte type). The first entry in a chain is the *chain head*. IMAGE automatically keeps track of the pointers necessary to link together the entries in a chain.

Each detail data set has one or more key items by which a data entry is identified or retrieved. Key items also tie together related data entries which have the same value for the key item. Key items act as links for information in *different* data sets. This is illustrated in Figure 2 by arrows from Mstr. 2 to Detail Set 1 and Detail Set 2. Mstr. 1, in comparison, is only linked to the entries of Detail Set 1.

A schematic diagram of the database structure is illustrated in Appendix A for materials based upon the LiCl-KCl eutectic. The structure would be expanded for other electrolytes (e.g., the LiCl-LiBr-LiF eutectic) as they are added. Only the EB and catholyte portions of the materials database would be affected as new electrolytes are added.

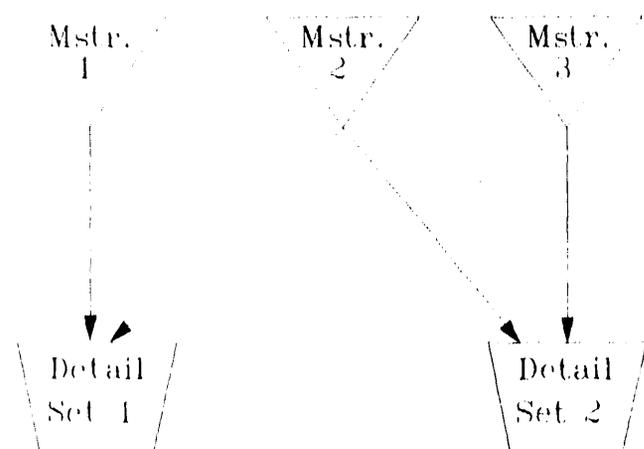


Figure 2. Example of IMAGE Network Structure

Lot Number Designation

A consistent lot-numbering system was adopted after considering a wide variety of options. Incoming material (i.e., chemicals that are used as received or as ingredients in the various mixes) and mixes are to use a 5-digit code with the format YYXXX. The first two characters of the code (YY) represent the last two digits of the calendar year and the last three digits (XXX) represent the sequential lot number of the material ordered in that calendar year. This system provides up to a maximum of 999 lots in a calendar year. When individual batches of material are combined into a master lot, an M suffix is added to the 5-digit code (i.e., YYXXXM).

Examples of incoming materials include: Li(Si) alloy (used in the anode), FeS_2 (used in the cathode), MgO (used in the EB mix), and heat powder. The mixes include: catholytes, EBs, and electrolytes.

To further identify the facility at which a mix was prepared or where material was processed, a range of lot numbers was exclusively assigned to each facility. GENDD, for example, was assigned lot numbers 001 to 499 and EP1 was assigned 500 to 999. Thus, a catholyte lot number of 88010M signifies the tenth master lot of mix prepared at GENDD in 1988. (Such allocations of lot numbers have the effect of halving the maximum number of lots of material that can be prepared or processed per year by each facility. This still provides an adequate margin for anticipated needs, however.) This nomenclature eliminates much of the confusion or uncertainty associated with the previous lot-numbering systems, because it is consistent at both facilities.

Materials Lot Number DF

The first order of business was to replace the current MLN DF with a simpler version. As shown in Figure 3, the approach that was taken was to provide lot-data information for each of the four mixes used in an Li(Si)/ FeS_2 thermal battery, rather than for a combination of components and mixes (see Figure 1). The revised format provides the absolute minimum number of entries necessary to describe the materials that are used in a particular SN of an MC battery.

The next order of business was to develop the necessary hierarchy to obtain information on the components that made up each of the four mixes. This is illustrated schematically in Figure 4. The heat powder, for example, is composed of Fe and KClO_4 . If information is desired regarding the Fe that was used

in a lot of heat powder, one refers to the DF for the lot of Fe used in that lot of heat powder.

Similarly, the catholyte—lithiated in this case—contains FeS_2 , EB, and Li_2O . The characterization data for the lot numbers of these components are obtained from their respective DFs. The EB, in turn, is made up of MgO and electrolyte, each of which has its own DF. Finally, the electrolyte is composed of individual halides. These materials do not require a DF *per se*, as they are purchased to SS drawings which specify only purity. They are simply vacuum dried before use. In effect, there is an implicit dependence upon the vendor for the quality of these materials.

Thus, starting with the lot numbers for the four mixes used in a battery, one is able to trace the individual components that went into any of the mixes by linking through the material DFs. Most of the necessary DFs were already in place at the time of the study and only needed revision. In the case of the EB and electrolyte materials, however, it was necessary to create new DFs. The proposed database scheme provides the maximum traceability of materials used in a particular SN battery. In addition, by using MIRACLE on the VAX, it is possible to identify other SNs of a given MC battery—and other MC batteries, as well—that were built with particular lots of materials (i.e., mixes as well as discrete components).

Data Entry

Two basic modes enter information into the materials database. The first method involves filling out paper DFs. This information is then keypunched onto cards for processing by the VAX computer. The second method involves the use of screen or CRT forms, which are used with a terminal or computer linked directly with the HP3000.

The first method, currently in use, is time-consuming and inefficient and presents a risk of error in the transcribing of data during keypunching. It has the additional disadvantage that review of the data requires assistance by someone who is qualified to access the VAX materials database.

The second method is much simpler and faster, and is preferred, as it allows real-time, interactive access to the HP3000 for data entry. Read access to any of the materials data is readily available to anyone authorized to use the HP3000. However, DOE regulations prevent long-term (i.e., over a year) storage of such data on the HP3000.

Dwg. Classification Level U N C L A S S I F I E D											
Item			Form Completion Date				Source Code		Dwg. System		Type
H, IDb M C			TDb	-	DAY	-	YR	DSb S		TIE/SC/GE	B
Part Number			Suff		Mfr. Code						
PNb			-	MPb							
Test Code											
Material Lot Numbers for Li(Si)/FeS ₂ Batt. TCb M L											

Item			Mfr. Lot No.			
T, IDb M C			LNb	-		
Serial Number			SNb			
Date Code			DMb			

Description	I	D							
Incoming Lot Number of Li-Si Alloy	L	S	b	b	b	b			
Lot Number of Electrolyte Binder Mix	E	B	b	b	b	b			
Lot Number of Catholyte Mix	C	M	b	b	b	b			
Lot Number of Heat Powder	H	P	b	b	b	b			

Notes:

1. Repeat non-standard identifiers including serial number and date code as needed.
2. Lot numbers reported on this data form shall be consistent with lot numbers reported on related material certification data forms. Specifically, EPI shall use GEND lot numbers when material was provided by GEND and vice versa.
3. Data shall be transmitted in accordance with the formatting requirements of SC-M-72 0742A (GEISHA manual). For clarification, an entry in the suffix position of the Mfr. Lot No. field (LNb) above is not required; if no suffix applies, the standard entry terminator (,) immediately follows the lot number in the transmission, e.g. LNb00001, (For all identifiers above, b = blank space)

Distribution Instructions:

1. Electronically transmit to SNLA, Data Operations Division, within ten working days of lot acceptance and a copy retained by the manufacturer.
2. One copy to GEND Buyer.

Release Identification			Engr.	Org.	Date	Authorized Signature						
			ORB	2426	2/82							
Cont.	Suff.	Issue	A	B	C	D	E	F	Dwg. Classification Level	Size	Code Id	Dwg. Number
001									U N C L A S S I F I E D	A	14213	DF347720 Sheet 1 of 1

Figure 3. Revised Materials Lot Number Data Form (DF347720)

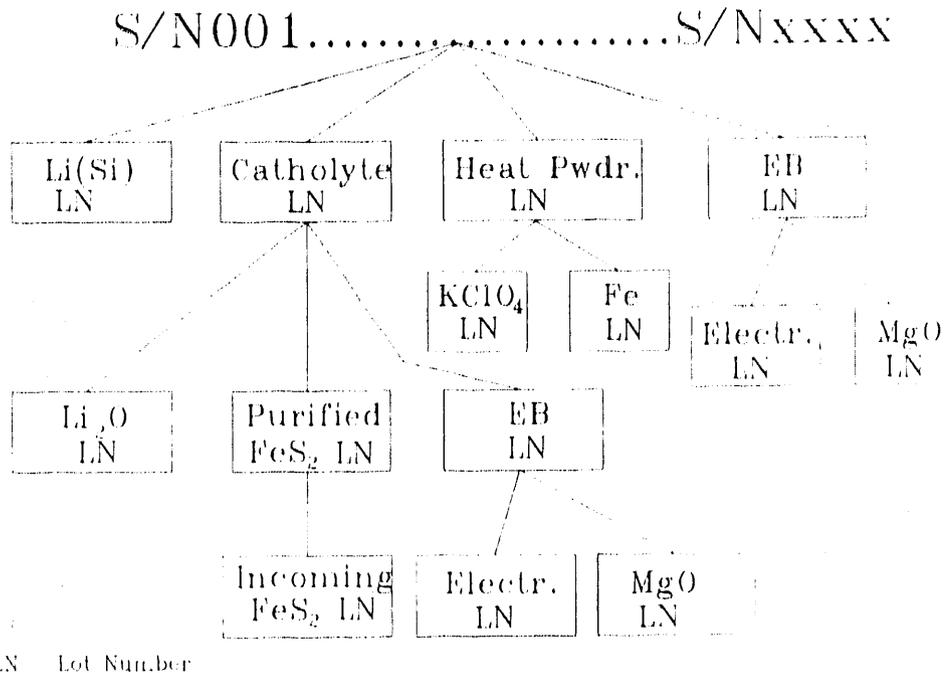


Figure 4. Schematic Diagram Showing Linking of Materials Lot Data Through Data Forms

The screen forms used for data entry into the HP3000 can be custom tailored for a given material. The entry fields are highlighted when a screen form is invoked. The type of entry for each field can be specified to be alphanumeric (ASCII) or numeric, with a designated decimal format. The field can be required, optional, or for display (information) purposes only. If data entry into the the computer is attempted when required fields remain empty, an error message is displayed on the screen and the empty required fields are highlighted.

The screen forms also allow screening of entries to be made for the various fields. If an improper entry is attempted, the field is highlighted and a custom error message is displayed to tell the operator the choices that are permitted for that field. An improper decimal format for a numeric field is similarly trapped. The error-trapping capabilities of the screen forms (via HP's V/3000 software) increase the integrity of the materials database by avoiding the problem of incomplete or erroneous entry.

In the case of electrolyte, EB, and catholyte mixes, individual lots (batches) of material are commonly combined into a larger batch called a master lot. The use of screen forms facilitates the entry of data for master lots, by allowing two options for obtaining the chemical analysis of the master lot.

The first choice involves combining of individual lots for which data exist in the database. The user simply specifies the lot numbers of the individual batches and the relative amounts of each that make up the master lot. The master lot screen form is shown in Figure 5. (This general form is used for any mix that is blended into a master lot.) The composition of the master lot is then calculated programmatically and the results are placed into the appropriate chemistry fields of the screen master DF for that particular mix (see, for example, Figure 13b, in the next section).

(The bracketed fields become highlighted when the screen form is activated. The names shown within the brackets are those of the entry fields. V/3000 requires a unique field name for each field.)

The alternate choice is to combine individual lots of material that have not been previously analyzed. The resulting master lot of material is then analyzed as required by the particular DF and the results are entered in the master DF. This approach, while simpler, presents the possibility of compromising a large quantity of material if an individual lot is sufficiently out of specification to cause the master lot to be rejected.

*****DATA FORM FOR MASTER LOTS OF MATERIAL*****

```

DF Number:  DF[DFNUM ]      Master Lot Number: [MASTLN]

Lot No.      Amt., kg      Lot No.      Amt., kg      Lot No.      Amt., kg
[LN1 ]      [AMT1 ]      [LN14 ]     [AMT14 ]     [LN27 ]     [AMT27 ]
[LN2 ]      [AMT2 ]      [LN15 ]     [AMT15 ]     [LN28 ]     [AMT28 ]
[LN3 ]      [AMT3 ]      [LN16 ]     [AMT16 ]     [LN29 ]     [AMT29 ]
[LN4 ]      [AMT4 ]      [LN17 ]     [AMT17 ]     [LN30 ]     [AMT30 ]
[LN5 ]      [AMT5 ]      [LN18 ]     [AMT18 ]     [LN31 ]     [AMT31 ]
[LN6 ]      [AMT6 ]      [LN19 ]     [AMT19 ]     [LN32 ]     [AMT32 ]
[LN7 ]      [AMT7 ]      [LN20 ]     [AMT20 ]     [LN33 ]     [AMT33 ]
[LN8 ]      [AMT8 ]      [LN21 ]     [AMT21 ]     [LN34 ]     [AMT34 ]
[LN9 ]      [AMT9 ]      [LN22 ]     [AMT22 ]     [LN35 ]     [AMT35 ]
[LN10 ]     [AMT10 ]     [LN23 ]     [AMT23 ]     [LN36 ]     [AMT36 ]
[LN11 ]     [AMT11 ]     [LN24 ]     [AMT24 ]     [LN37 ]     [AMT37 ]
[LN12 ]     [AMT12 ]     [LN25 ]     [AMT25 ]     [LN38 ]     [AMT38 ]
[LN13 ]     [AMT13 ]     [LN26 ]     [AMT26 ]     [LN39 ]     [AMT39 ]

```

(NOTE: Use xx.xx format for Amt fields.)

Press ENTER when form is completed.

Figure 5. Screen Data Form Used for Master Lots of Materials

If the same component lots are used for each of the lots that make up the master lot—e.g., the same FeS₂ and EB lots for a catholyte—it is not necessary to fill out a DF for each catholyte lot. In essence, the master lot is treated as a large single batch. If different lots of components are used for the various individual lots making up a master lot, a DF must then be filled out for each lot. Only the lot number fields, however, need to be filled out in this case; the chemistry fields are left blank, since the chemistry of the master lot will be determined directly.

Main Menu—The main menu that appears when the materials database is accessed is shown in Figure 6. Selecting f1 allows the user to access information regarding the materials that are used in a particular MC number thermal battery; selecting f2 to f5 allows access to information regarding the various mixes; and selecting f6 allows access to information regarding the various discrete components.

```

*****MAIN MENU*****

Select desired option and press Function Key.

f1 = MATERIAL LOTS
f2 = CATHODE MIX
f3 = EB MIX
f4 = ELECTROLYTE MIX
f5 = HEAT POWDER
f6 = DISCRETE COMPONENTS
f8 = EXIT PROGRAM

```

Figure 6. Main Menu for Accessing Materials Database

Battery Menu—When f1 is selected from the main menu, the battery menu shown in Figure 7 appears. At this point, the user has a choice of entering data (f5) or reviewing data (f6) for a particular S/N of a certain MC battery. Or, he can list all of the S/Ns in the database for a particular MC battery (f7). For data entry, a screen version of the form in Figure 3 appears.

Cathode Menu—The main cathode menu is shown in Figure 8. The various options are displayed, along with the SNL names and SS numbers of the catholyte mixes for which information can be accessed via the materials database. Since catholyte mixes are generally prepared in master lots, provisions are provided for entering data for a master lot (f2).

EB-Mix Menu—The main EB menu is shown in Figure 9. It is very similar in format to the main

cathode menu. Currently, mixes based on the LiCl-KCl, the all-Li (LiCl-LiBr-LiF eutectic) electrolyte, and the low-melting (LiBr-KBr-LiF eutectic) electrolyte are represented in the EB portion of the materials database.

Electrolyte Menu—The main menu for the electrolytes is shown in Figure 10. This menu is similar to that of the main EB menu.

Heat Powder Menu—The main heat powder menu is shown in Figure 11.

Discrete-Component Menu—The main menu for discrete components is shown in Figure 12. Here, data can be accessed for the components that make up the various mixes.

The individual data forms for the various mixes and components used in Li(Si)/FeS₂ thermal batteries are described in the following section.

*****BATTERY MENU*****

Select desired option and press Function Key.

- f5 = ENTER material lot numbers for a particular battery S/N.
- f6 = REVIEW material lot numbers for a particular battery S/N.
- f7 = LIST S/Ns for a particular MCxxxx battery.

```

*****
*
* DF344720 *
*
*****

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Figure 7. Main Battery Menu for Accessing Materials Data for a Particular Serial Number of an MC Battery

*****Cathode Mixes*****

Select desired option and press Function Key.

- f1 = Enter materials data for an individual lot (DFxxxxxx).
- f2 = Enter materials data for a master lot (DFxxxxxM).
- f3 = Review materials data for an individual or master lot (DFxxxxxx).
- f4 = List lot numbers for individual or master lots (DFxxxxxxx).

Mix Description	DF #	SNLA #
Unfused lithiated catholyte	382943	LC176D
Fused lithiated catholyte	379481	LC176B
Primary catholyte (SiO2 EB)	379480	CT162
All-Li catholyte #1	388204	XCT187B
Low-Melting, F-based catholyte	389644	XCT190

Figure 8. Main Menu for Accessing Catholyte Data

*****EB Mixes*****

Select desired option and press Function Key.

- f1 = Enter materials data for an individual lot (DFxxxxxx).
- f2 = Enter materials data for a master lot (DFxxxxxM).
- f3 = Review materials data for an individual or master lot (DFxxxxxx).
- f4 = List lot numbers for individual or master lots (DFxxxxxxx).

Mix Description	DF #	SNLA #
MgO-based EB, 35% MgO, -60, LiCl-KCl eut.	343183	EB119B
MgO-based EB, 40% MgO, -60, LiCl-KCl eut.	370633	EB172
SiO2-based EB, 12% SiO2, -60, LiCl-KCl eut.	344843	EB118A
MgO-based EB, 35% MgO, -100, LiCl-LiBr-LiF	388203	EB128C
Low-Melting, F-based EB	389646	XEB211

Figure 9. Main Menu for Accessing EB Data

*****Electrolyte Mixes*****

Select desired option and press Function Key.

- f1 = Enter materials data for an individual lot (DFxxxxxx).
- f2 = Enter materials data for a master lot (DFxxxxxM).
- f3 = Review materials data for an individual or master lot (DFxxxxxx).
- f4 = List lot numbers for individual or master lots (DFxxxxxxx).

Mix Description	DF #	SNLA #
-----	-----	-----
LiCl-KCl eutectic (45%/55%)	343184	E1C
LiCl-LiBr-LiF eutectic (22%/68.4%/9.6%)	388205	XE33
LiBr-KPF ₆ -LiF eutectic (57.33%/42%/0.67%)	343366	XE80

Figure 10. Main Menu for Accessing Electrolyte Data

*****Heat Powder*****

Select desired option and press Function Key.

- f1 = Enter materials data for an individual lot (DFxxxxxx).
- f2 = Review materials data for an individual lot (DFxxxxxx).
- f3 = List lot numbers of individual lots (DFxxxxxxx).

Description	DF #
-----	-----
Heat Powder	285835

Figure 11. Main Menu for Accessing Heat-Powder Data

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*****Discrete Components*****
f1 = Enter materials data for an individual lot (DFxxxxxx).
f2 = Enter materials data for a master lot (DFxxxxxM).
f3 = Review materials data for an individual or master lot (DFxxxxxx).
f4 = List lot numbers for individual or master lot (DFxxxxxx).

Mix Description                                     DF #
Purified FeS2, -325+425 mesh                       370698
Purified FeS2, -325 mesh                           383017
Incoming FeS2                                       344952
LiSi Standard Anode (44%/56%) -40+230 mesh        344953
LiSi Thin Cell Anode (44%/56%) -100+325 mesh      370711
Li2O -100 mesh                                     344940
MgO                                                 344954
Fe                                                  344796
KClO4                                              388378

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Figure 12. Main Menu for Accessing Data for Discrete Components

Data Forms for Mixes

All of the DFs have a number of fields in common. These include the manufacturer's code, the form completion date, the material name, the SS drawing number and drawing issue for the material, the lot size, the lot disposition, and comments.

The issue of a drawing can be quite important if the drawing has undergone any major changes. The manufacturer's code indicates the facility at which the material was processed (e.g., GBV for GENDI and EAY for EPI for catholytes). The form completion date is filled in automatically with the current date. The material name refers to the SNL name of the material. For production purposes, however, the SS number is necessary for proper identification of a mix or component. The lot disposition indicates whether the material meets all of the drawing requirements (A=Accept; R=Reject). A comment field is provided to make important notes regarding the material.

Catholyte DF—A typical form for a single batch of catholyte is shown in Figure 13a for the fused, lithiated version of the standard catholyte. The form provides fields for the catholyte lot number and the lot numbers of the FeS₂, EB, and Li₂O used in the catholyte.

The parameters used for characterization of the lot are described on the form under CHEMISTRY.

These are the minimum analyses deemed necessary for proper qualification of the material. The chemistry required for a catholyte depends on whether it is lithiated and whether it has been fused. During fusion of the catholyte under argon (at 400°C for 16 h for the standard LiCl-KCl-based mix), chemical reactions occur between the FeS₂ and Li₂O to generate Li₃Fe₂S₄, Li₂SO₄, and LiFe₅O₈.¹

Analysis of water-soluble sulfate gives a measure of the Li₂SO₄ that formed. Analysis of acid-soluble Fe provides a measure of the extent of lithiation, since the Li₃Fe₂S₄ and LiFe₅O₈ that form are soluble in hydrochloric acid (HCl), while FeS₂ is not. The Mg analysis is used to check for the proper content of MgO-based EB. The total S and total Fe analyses are used to verify the FeS₂ content is correct.

The suffix field after the Part No. (i.e., SS379481) provides information as to the FeS₂ used in the catholyte. In the example shown, a -200 suffix indicates a -325+425 mesh FeS₂ material, while a --201 suffix indicates a -325 mesh material.

The screen DF for the master lot of fused, lithiated catholyte is shown in Figure 13b. A field is provided to indicate whether the chemistry information was obtained by direct chemical analysis of the master lot or by programmatic calculation from the chemistries and amounts of the component lots.

*****DATA FORM FOR FUSED, LITHIATED CATHOLYTE (73.5/25/1.5) (DF379481)*****

#####SINGLE LOT#####

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS379481-[SUFF]-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: LC Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME] Lot Disposition (A/R): [D]
SS number of Material: [SS_NUM]
Catholyte Lot Number: [FSLIC]
Std. EB Lot No.: [STDEB]
Li2O Lot No.: [LI2OLN]
FeS2 Lot No.: [FES2_1]
Catholyte Lot Size, in kg : [SIZE]
CHEMISTRY
Total Iron, %: [TOTF]
Total Sulfur, %: [TOTS]
Acid-Sol. Iron, %: [HSOF]
Water-Sol. Sulfate %: [HSO4]
Magnesium, %: [MG]

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

a. Single Lot

MASTER DATA FORM FOR FUSED, LITHIATED CATHOLYTE (73.5/25/1.5) (DF379481)

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Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS379481-[SUFF]-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: LC Source Code: S

Master Catholyte Lot Number: [MCALN] Master Lot Size, kg: [MLSIZ]

CHEMISTRY
Total Iron, %: [TOFE]
Total Sulfur, %: [TOTS]
Acid-Sol. Iron, %: [HSOF]
Water-Sol. Sulfate, %: [HSO4]
Magnesium, %: [MG]

Chemistry calculated or analyzed? (C/A): [C]

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

b. Master Lot

Figure 13. Screen Data Form for Standard, Fused, Lithiated Catholyte Mix (DF379481)

The corresponding paper DFs for the fused, lithiated, standard catholyte mix are shown in Appendices B-1 and B-2. Note that the names of the various fields are fairly self-descriptive (e.g., TOTS for Total Sulfur). This makes it much easier when searching the database on the VAX. The currently used field descriptors such as AA, AB, AC, etc. (which are also used on the computer printouts) do not alone adequately describe the data. A copy of the DF must be on hand to translate these 2-character codes into meaningful information.

All the revised DFs for materials now contain the necessary instructions and required information (in the form of notes) for filling out the DFs. This avoids having to refer to the respective SS drawings for such instructions. These instructions and information were lacking in the past and led to confusion, at times, as to which information was to be entered into the various fields.

EB DF—The screen DFs for a single lot and master lot of standard EB are shown in Figures 14a and 14b, respectively; the corresponding paper DFs are shown in Appendices B-3 and B-4. Fields are provided for EB lot number and lot size and the lot numbers of the MgO and electrolyte that are used in the mix.

The two entry fields for the MgO are (1) the lot number of the incoming (raw) material and (2) the subplot number, which indicates which bag and can were used. (Each 50 lb bag of MgO is divided and stored in five 10-lb cans.) The subplot number is a 3-character field where the first two digits indicate the bag number; the third character is a letter from A to E which designates the can.

The only analysis required for the EB mixes is the percentage of MgO. This is used to verify that the binder (MgO) content is within specification. The drawing associated with the DFs of Figure 7a and 7b specifies an MgO level of 35% with LiCl-KCl eutectic. Other EB compositions with this electrolyte are handled by separate drawings. Similarly, the use of other electrolytes requires the generation of new drawings.

Electrolyte DF—The screen DFs for a single lot and master lot of electrolyte are shown in Figures 15a and 15b, respectively, for the LiCl-KCl eutectic electrolyte; the corresponding paper DFs are shown in Appendices B-5 and B-6. In addition to the electrolyte lot number, fields are provided for the vendor lot

numbers of the halide components (LiCl and KCl, in this case). Since the drawings for the halide salts permit a number of sources, a suffix field is provided on the DF to allow traceability to the vendor. For example, a suffix of -200 in the LiCl suffix field indicates that the material was manufactured by J. T. Baker Chemical Co.; a suffix of -201 indicates that Fisher Scientific was the vendor.

The required chemistry fields will vary for each electrolyte, depending on the composition. The DF for the LiCl-KCl eutectic electrolyte, for example, only requires LiCl analysis, since KCl can be obtained by difference. In comparison, the DF for the LiCl-LiBr-LiF eutectic (all-Li) electrolyte requires analysis for % Cl, % Br, and % F. Similarly, the DF for the LiBr-KBr-LiF eutectic (low-melting) electrolyte requires analysis for % K, % Br, and % F. The analyses that are specified are the minimum required to qualify the material.

Heat Powder DF—The screen DFs proposed for heat powders are shown in Figures 16a and 16b. (These forms are only tentative and subject to change, depending on the outcome of heat-pellet ignition studies currently underway.) The first part of the form (Figure 16a) contains fields for tester information. A suffix field is provided to indicate the heat powder composition. Fields are provided for the lot number and vendor number of the heat powder, as well as the lot numbers of the Fe and KClO₄ used in the heat powder.

Fields are provided for the mean and standard deviation of the required physical properties of standard pellets made from the heat powder, along with the associated disposition fields. This differs radically from the format used in the original multipage forms, where the masses and physical dimensions of each individual test pellet were recorded.

The second part of the DF (Figure 16b) involves the ignition properties of the heat pellets (i.e., the ignition sensitivity and burn rate.) The final statistical method that is to be used for this form is uncertain at this time, but will most likely involve a standard probit² or Bruceton³, or possibly a modified Bruceton. Fields are provided for recording the burn rate when a successful ignition is achieved, and the overall average burn rate. Fields are provided for the 50% and 90% fire levels, which are required by the heat-powder drawing.

*****DATA FORM FOR STANDARD EB (65% E/35% MgO) (DF343183)*****

#####SINGLE LOT#####

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS343183-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: EB Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME]
SS Number of Material: [SS_NUM]
EB Lot Number: [SEBLN] Lot Disposition (A/R): [D]
Std.-Electrolyte Lot No.: [STELLN]
MgO Incoming Lot No.: [MGOI]
MgO Sublot Number: [SUB] CHEMISTRY
EB Lot Size, in kg: [SIZE] MgO, %: [MGO]

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

a. Single Lot

*****MASTER DATA FORM FOR STANDARD EB (65% E/35% MgO) (DF343183)*****

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Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS343183-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: EB Source Code: S

Master EB Lot Number: [MEBLN] Master Lot Size, kg: [MLSIZE]

CHEMISTRY
MgO, %: [MGO]

Chemistry calculated or analyzed? (C/A): [C]

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

b. Master Lot

Figure 14. Screen Data Form for Standard Electrolyte-Binder Mix (DF343183)

*****DATA FORM FOR LiCl-KCl EUTECTIC (45%/55%) (DF343184)*****

#####SINGLE LOT#####

Part No./Issue/Suffix: SS343184-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: EU Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME] Lot Disposition (A/R): [D]
SS Number of Material: [SS_NUM]
Electrolyte Lot Number: [STELL]
LiCl Vendor Lot Number: [LICLLN]-[SU1]
KCl Vendor Lot Number: [KCLLN]-[SU2] CHEMISTRY
Electrolyte Lot Size, kg: [SIZE] LiCl, %: [LICL]

Comments: [COMMENTS]]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

a. Single Lot

*****MASTER DATA FORM FOR LiCl-KCl EUTECTIC (45%/55%) (DF343184)*****

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Part No./Issue/Suffix: SS343184-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: EU Source Code: S

Master Electrolyte Lot Number: [MELLN] Master Lot Size, kg: [SIZE]

CHEMISTRY
LiCl, %: [LICL]

Chemistry calculated or analyzed? (C/A): [C]

Comments: [COMMENTS]]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

b. Master Lot

Figure 15. Screen Data Form for Standard LiCl-KCl Electrolyte (DF343184)

Data Forms for Discrete Components

Purified FeS₂ DF—Over the years, the particle-size range of FeS₂ used in SNL catholytes has varied considerably. Today, all of the FeS₂ used in our catholytes is purified to remove SiO₂ and oxidized-iron impurities. In the past, unpurified FeS₂ was also used. Because of the wide range in properties, it was necessary to develop a drawing for each of the FeS₂ materials used. Currently, we are using purified FeS₂ with two different particle sizes: -325+425 mesh and -325 mesh.

The screen DFs for the -325 mesh purified FeS₂ are shown in Figures 17a and 17b; the corresponding paper DFs are shown in Appendices B-7 and B-8. Fields are provided for the lot number of the purified FeS₂ and the lot number of the incoming (unpurified) FeS₂ used as the starting material. Since the purification may be carried out at elevated temperatures, a field is provided for the leach temperature used.

Four fields are provided for the chemistry of the purified FeS₂. The sum of total Fe and total S defines the pyrite content. The acid-insoluble residue is a measure of any acid-insoluble impurities, such as silica. And the acid-soluble Fe is a measure of any oxidized iron compounds that may be present.

The suffix field after the part number is used to indicate which purification process is employed and the size of the FeS₂ feed material. A suffix of -200 is used for coarse (e.g., -50 mesh) FeS₂ that is subjected to hydrogen fluoride (HF) leaching for silica removal. A suffix of -201 is used for the same material purified by flotation, which involves physical removal of the silica. In both cases, the coarse material must first be ground to -325 mesh before purification. A suffix of -202 is used for fine (-325 mesh) FeS₂ that is HF leached, while -203 is the flotation-treated counterpart. In all cases, the FeS₂ is also treated with HCl for removal of oxidized-iron impurities.

Incoming FeS₂ DF—The screen DF for the incoming (unpurified) FeS₂ is shown in Figure 18; the corresponding paper DF is shown in Appendix B-9. Fields are provided for the incoming lot number and the vendor's lot number. The chemistry requirements are somewhat similar to those for the purified FeS₂, in that both DFs require total Fe, total S, and acid-

insoluble residue. The total Fe + total S (FeS₂ purity) must be at least 85% for the FeS₂ to be acceptable.

Additional fields are provided for the total metallic impurities and the percentage of particles greater than the coarse limit established by the SS drawing. The limit is different for the two different sizes of materials permitted by the drawing.

A suffix field is used to distinguish between the two sizes for the incoming FeS₂. A -200 suffix is used for coarse material that may be used from three different sources: -50 mesh (source 1), -60 mesh (source 2), and -60+200 mesh (source 3). A -201 suffix is used for fine (-325 mesh) material that has only a single source.

MgO DF—The screen form for incoming MgO is shown in Figure 19; the corresponding paper DF is shown in Appendix B-10. Fields are provided for the incoming lot number, subplot number, and vendor's lot number. The incoming lot number refers to a single lot of material that will contain multiple 50-lb bags. Once opened, a bag is divided and stored in five 10-lb cans. A bag (or, more appropriately, a can) is considered a subplot and is given a 3-character code: the first two characters correspond to the bag number and the third character is a letter from A through E which designates the can; a representative subplot number could be 40A. The size specified in this form is for the subplot.

The chemistry fields of the form refer to the MgO after it has been baked at 600°C for 4 h, and include: % total metallic impurities, % water, % CO₂, loss on ignition, and BET surface area. The loss on ignition is especially useful as a parameter for the amount of hydroxide and carbonate that were present in the sample.

Li₂O DF—The screen DF for Li₂O is shown in Figure 20; the corresponding paper DF is shown in Appendix B-11. Fields are provided for the lot number and vendor's lot number. Since the vendor's lot number can be quite long, in some cases, a note was added to the form to use the comment field, if necessary, for this information.

The chemistry of the Li₂O is defined by the % Li₂O, % total metallic impurities, and whether the x-ray diffraction pattern matches that of the standard.

*****DATA FORM FOR PURIFIED FeS2 (-325 Mesh) (DF383017)*****

#####SINGLE LOT#####

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS383017-[SUFF]-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]D
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: IP Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME] Leach Temp., deg. C: [LT]
SS Number of Material: [SS_NUM]
Purified FeS2 Lot Number: [FES2P]
Incoming FeS2 Lot Number: [FES2I] Lot Disposition (A/R): [DI]
FeS2 Lot Size, in kg: [SIZE]

CHEMISTRY

Total Iron, %: [TOTF]
Total Sulfur, %: [TOTS]
Acid-Insoluble Residue, %: [HISR]
Acid-Soluble Fe, %: [HSOF]

Comments: [COMMENTS]]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

a Single Lot

*****MASTER DATA FORM FOR PURIFIED FeS2 (-325 Mesh) (DF383017)*****

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Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS383017-[SUFF]-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]D
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: IP Source Code: S

Master FeS2 Lot Number: [MLOT] Master Lot Size, kg: [MSIZE]

CHEMISTRY

Total Fe, %: [TOTF]
Total S, %: [TOTS]
Acid-Insol. Residue, %: [HISR]
Acid-Soluble Fe, %: [HSOF]

Chemistry calculated or analyzed? (C/A): [C]

Comments: [COMMENTS]]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

b. Master Lot

Figure 17. Screen Data Form for Purified -325 Mesh FeS₂ (DF383017)

*****DATA FORM FOR INCOMING (UNSIZED, UNPURIFIED) FeS₂ (DF344952)*****

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS344952-[SUFF]-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: ID Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME]
SS Number for Material: [SS_NUM]
Incoming Lot Number: [INLN] Lot Disposition (A/R): [DI]
Vendor's Lot Number: [VENDLN]
Lot Size, kg: [SIZE]

CHEMISTRY

Total Iron, %: [TOTF] Total Iron + Total S, %: [PUR]
Total Sulfur, %: [TOTS] (NOTE: This is calculated.)
Acid-Insoluble Residue, %: [HIRE] Amt. Greater Than Coarse Limit
Total Metallic Impurities, %: [TMIM] on Particle Size, %: [PSLM]

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

Figure 18. Screen Data Form for Incoming (Unpurified) FeS₂ (DF344952)

*****DATA FORM FOR MgO (DF344954)*****

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS344954-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: MO Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME]
SS Number for Material: [SS_NUM]
Incoming Lot Number: [MGOI] Lot Disposition (A/R): [DI]
Sublot (Bag) Number: [SUB]
Vendor Lot Number: [VENDLN]
Sublot Size, kg: [SIZE]

CHEMISTRY

Total Metallic Impurities, %: [TMIM]
Water, %: [H2O]
Carbon Dioxide, %: [CO2]
Loss On Ignition, %: [LOI]
BET Surface Area, sq m/g: [BET]

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

Figure 19. Screen Data Form for Incoming (Unbaked) MgO (DF344954)

*****DATA FORM FOR Li₂O (DF344940)*****

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS344940-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCOB]
 Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: LO Source Code: S

		CHEMISTRY
Material Name:	[MNAME]	Li ₂ O, %: [LI2O]
SS Number of Material:	[SS_NUM]	Total Metallic Impurities, %: [TMIM]
Li ₂ O Lot Number:	[LI2OL]	Does X-ray Diffraction Pattern Match
Size, kg:	[SIZE]	JCPDS 12-254? (A/R): [XR]
Vendor's Lot Number:	[VENDORLN]*	

Lot Disposition (A/R): [DI]

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

* Use COMMENT field for Vendor's Lot Number, if necessary.

Figure 20. Screen Data Form for Li₂O (DF344940)

Anode DFs—Screen DFs for the two type of Li(Si) anode material used in SNL thermal batteries are shown in Figures 21a and 21b; the corresponding paper DFs are shown in Appendices B-12 and B-13. The first screen form (Figure 14a) describes the coarse (-40+230 mesh) Li(Si) used in our power batteries. Fields are provided for the lot number and the vendor's lot number.

The chemistry of the Li(Si) is defined by the % Li, % Si, % O, and % total metallic impurities. The amount of material that is -230 mesh after sieving must also be specified.

The screen form for the finer (-100+325 mesh) Li(Si) that is used in thin-cell batteries (Figure 14b) is much like that for the coarse material (Figure 14a), except that the amount of -325 mesh material after sieving must be noted.

Fe Powder DF—The screen DF for the Fe powder used in heat powders is shown in Figure 22; the corresponding paper DF is shown in Appendix B-15. Fields are provided for the lot number and vendor's lot number.

The data for the Physical Properties and Chemistry sections are normally provided by the manufacturer, as is the Fisher Sub-Sieve Size datum. This latter physical property is determined by measuring the pressure across a packed bed of powder, and

makes a number of assumptions as to the particle shape and packing. This information is of only limited value. Because of this, three fields are provided under the Particle-Size Analysis section to define the relative distribution of the powder as measured by a standard sedimentation technique (e.g., Sedigraph). The particle sizes at 25%, 50%, and 75% cumulative mass percentages can be used to generate a nominal profile of the relative distribution of the Fe powder. This can be quite useful when trying to track down causes for differences in burn rates among different lots of heat powder.

KClO₄ DF—The screen DF for the KClO₄ used in heat powders is shown in Figure 23; the corresponding paper DF is shown in Appendix B-16. Fields are provided for the lot number and vendor's lot number. The data for the chemistry of the KClO₄ are normally provided by the manufacturer. The current DF for the heat powder contains a field for the particle size of the KClO₄. This is determined by a modified turbimetric technique. The new screen form also contains fields for particle-size analysis by the sedimentation technique, as is specified in the screen form for the Fe powder (Figure 15). It is planned to record both types of information until correlations can be made between them for heat-powder characterization purposes.

DATA FORM FOR STANDARD ANODE (-40+230 Mesh, 44% Li/56% Si) (DF344953)

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS344953-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCOB]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: LS Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME]
SS Number for Material: [SS_NUM]
Anode Lot Number: [ANLN]
Vendor Lot Number: [VENDLN] Lot Disposition (A/R): [DI]
Anode Lot Size, in kg: [SIZE]

PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS CHEMISTRY
Rel. Amt. of -230 Mesh After Sieving, %: [M230] Lithium, %: [LI]
Silicon, %: [SI]
Oxygen, %: [O2]
Total Metallic Impurities, %: [TMIM]

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

a. -40+230 Mesh Material (DF344953)

DATA FORM FOR THIN-CELL ANODE (-100+325 Mesh, 44% Li/56% Si) (DF370711)

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS370711-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCOB]
Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: LS Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME]
SS Number for Material: [SS_NUM]
Anode Lot Number: [ANLN]
Vendor Lot Number: [VENDLN] Lot Disposition (A/R): [DI]
Anode Lot Size, in kg: [SIZE]

PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS CHEMISTRY
Rel. Amt. of -325 Mesh After Sieving, %: [M325] Lithium, %: [LI]
Silicon, %: [SI]
Oxygen, %: [O2]
Total Metallic Impurities, %: [TMIM]

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

b. -100+325 Mesh Material (DF370711)

Figure 21. Screen Data Forms for Li(Si) (44% Li) Anode Materials

*****DATA FORM FOR Fe POWDER (DF344796)*****

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS344796-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO]
 Form Completion Date (MMDDYY): [FDATE] TC: FE Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME] Lot Size, kg: [SIZE]
 SS Number for Material: [SS_NUM]
 Incoming Lot Number: [INLN] Lot Disposition (A/R): [DI]
 Vendor's Lot Number: [VENLNO]

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES		CHEMISTRY	
Green Strength, psi: [GRST]		Total Iron, %: [TOTF]	
% -325 Mesh: [P325]		Metallic Iron, %: [MEFE]	
% +100 Mesh: [P100]		Wt. Loss on H2 Redn., %: [WTLS]	
Appar. Density, g/cc: [ADEN]			

PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS BY SEDIMENTATION		FISHER SUB-SIEVE SIZE	
Particle Dia. @ 25 Cum. Mass %, microns: [DI25]		Avg. Dia. from Fisher	
Particle Dia. @ 50 Cum. Mass %, microns: [DI50]		Sub-sieve Sizer,	
Particle Dia. @ 75 Cum. Mass %, microns: [DI75]		microns: [FSZ]	

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Press ENTER when form is completed.

Figure 22. Screen Data Form for Fe Powder (DF344796)

*****DATA FORM FOR KClO4 POWDER (DF388378)*****

Part No./Suffix/Issue: SS388378-200-[IS] Manufacturer's Code: [MCO4]
 Form Completion Date (MMYYDD): [FDATE] TC: XX Source Code: S

Material Name: [MNAME] Lot Size, kg: [SIZE]
 SS Number of Material: [SS_NUM]
 Incoming Lot No.: [INLN] Lot Disposition (A/R): [DI]
 Vendor's Lot No.: [VENLNO]

CHEMISTRY			
Moisture, %: [H2O]		Sodium, as % NaClO4: [NA]	
Chlorides, as % KCl: [KCL]		Ca and Mg Salts, as % Oxides: [CAMG]	
Chlorates, as % KClO3: [KCLO]		Water Insoluble Material, %: [WINS]	
Hypochlorites, %: [CLO]		pH of Water Solution: [PH]	
Bromates, as % KBrO3: [KBRO]		KClO4 Assay, %: [ASSY]	

PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS BY SEDIMENTATION		TURBIMETER PART. SIZE	
Particle Dia. @ 25 Cum. Mass %, microns: [DI25]		Avg. Dia. from Modified	
Particle Dia. @ 50 Cum. Mass %, microns: [DI50]		Turbimetric Measurement,	
Particle Dia. @ 75 Cum. Mass %, microns: [DI75]		microns: [FSZ]	

Comments: [COMMENTS]

Figure 23. Screen Data Form for KClO₄ Powder (DF388378)

Data Qualification

Once the data have been entered into the materials database, they will be certified by the Quality Control (QC) representative from GENDD before they are archived. This was not done in the past and contributed to the current problems encountered with the database. The QC representative will "lock" or secure the database and examine the data for any inconsistencies (e.g., numbers out of range). Once the integrity of the data has been assured, the QC representative will then notify the HP3000 database manager that the data can be electronically transmitted for archiving. [Initially, the data were to be formatted in a special manner (i.e., GEISHA-coded). The final data format for archival purposes has not been decided at this time.] A special field on each of the screen DFs indicates whether the data for that material have been transmitted for archives.

Data Retrieval

Materials data can be stored on the HP3000 for up to a year. Anyone wanting materials data for mixes or batteries can readily access the information through the HP3000. However, accessing data that are older than this will require assistance from the database manager at the archives location (most probably GENDD). Accessing the materials database on the HP3000 involves the same screen forms that are used for entering data (i.e., Figures 6-23).

Data Editing

Editing of any of the data in the materials database is performed while in the data-retrieval mode, as described above. Only those persons that have "write" capability can edit the data. The database manager controls the capabilities of all the persons that have access to the materials database. Most users will have "read only" access.

Modification of the Database—The existing screen forms and associated fields are easily modified by running HP's FORMSPEC and then recompiling the database. However, for the modified screen forms to interact properly with the database will require appropriate changes to the TRANSACT code that does the actual data entry and retrieval from the materials database. New screen forms can be added to the materials database, as needed, by similar procedures. The corresponding paper DFs must also be appropriately modified, to maintain overall consistency for the database.

Implementation

The materials database has been successfully implemented at EPI and now contains materials data for two MC production Li(Si)/FeS₂ thermal batteries. No serious problems in implementation were encountered after the operators were properly trained in the use of the database.

Conclusions

A network-type database (based on HP's IMAGE) was developed for storing the physical- and chemical-characterization data for the materials used in the construction of production Li(Si)/FeS₂ thermal batteries designed at SNL, with the goal of ensuring materials traceability over the lifetime of the weapons programs associated with the batteries. This period can exceed 25 yr.

The existing materials database was deficient, incomplete, paper intensive, and contained inconsistencies in the manner in which materials were assigned lot numbers. Portions of the archived data were compromised as a result of the lack of any quality assurance associated with the database after data entry. It was generally not possible to trace materials used in the MC batteries without consulting with a number of people at the various production agencies and sorting through large amounts of data stored on paper.

The new database was designed to use screen (CRT) data forms in conjunction with an HP3000 computer (in lieu of paper data forms) for the entry, retrieval, and editing of data. The data are to reside on the HP3000 for up to a year before they are archived on a VAX at SNL or the production agency. Before electronic transfer and archiving, the data will be checked for integrity by a quality assurance representative from GENDD.

Custom screen forms were designed for each of the mixes (e.g., a catholyte) used in the battery, and the discrete components (e.g., FeS₂) that make up the mixes. The screen forms have built into them the capability of trapping errors, which further enhances the integrity of the data. The use of menu-driven screen forms greatly facilitates the use of the materials database.

A key aspect of the materials database was the adoption of a uniform lot-numbering system for all the various materials. This consists of a 5-character code (YYXXX), where the first two digits (YY) represent the last two digits of the current year and the last three digits (XXX) represent the sequential lot number of the material ordered in that calendar

year. An M-suffix is added to the 5-character code in the case of a master lot (e.g., YYXXM).

The materials database ties the serial number of a particular MC battery to the lot numbers of the four mixes that are used in that battery: cathode, separator, anode, and heat powders. Each of these, in turn, is tied to the lot numbers of the discrete components that make up the respective mixes. This allows traceability of all of the materials used in a battery.

The materials database was successfully implemented at EPI with little or no difficulties, after proper training of the users.

References

¹R. A. Guidotti and F. W. Reinhardt, "Screening Study of Lithiated Catholyte Mixes for a Long-Life Li(Si)/FeS₂ Thermal Battery," SAND85-1737 (Albuquerque, NM: Sandia National Laboratories, December 1988).

²D. J. Finney, *Probit Analysis*, 2nd ed., Cambridge University Press, London, 1962.

³W. J. Dixon and A. M. Mood, "A Method of Obtaining and Analyzing Sensitivity Data," *J. Amer. Stat. Soc.*, 43:102 (1948).

APPENDIX A

**Schematic Diagram of the IMAGE
Materials Database Structure**

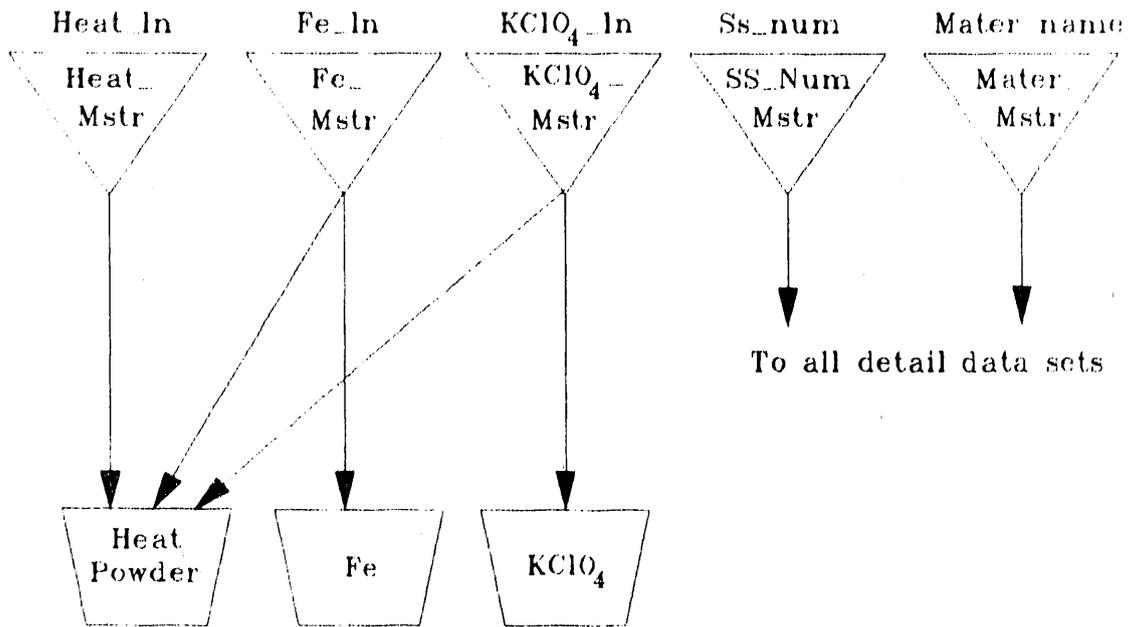


Figure A1. Heat-Powder Portion of Database Structure

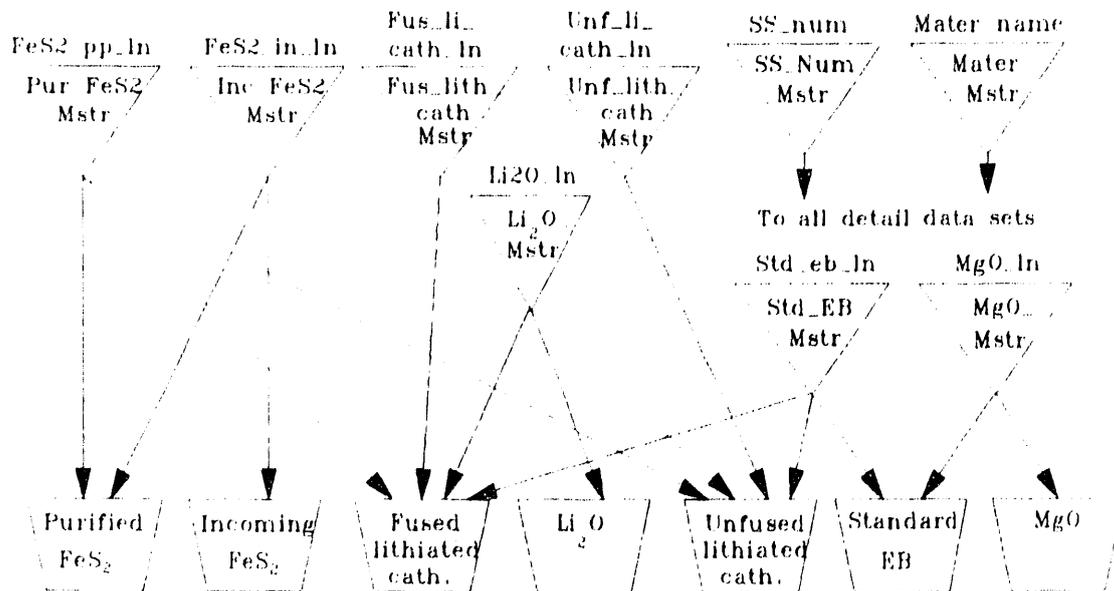


Figure A2. Catholyte Portion of Database Structure

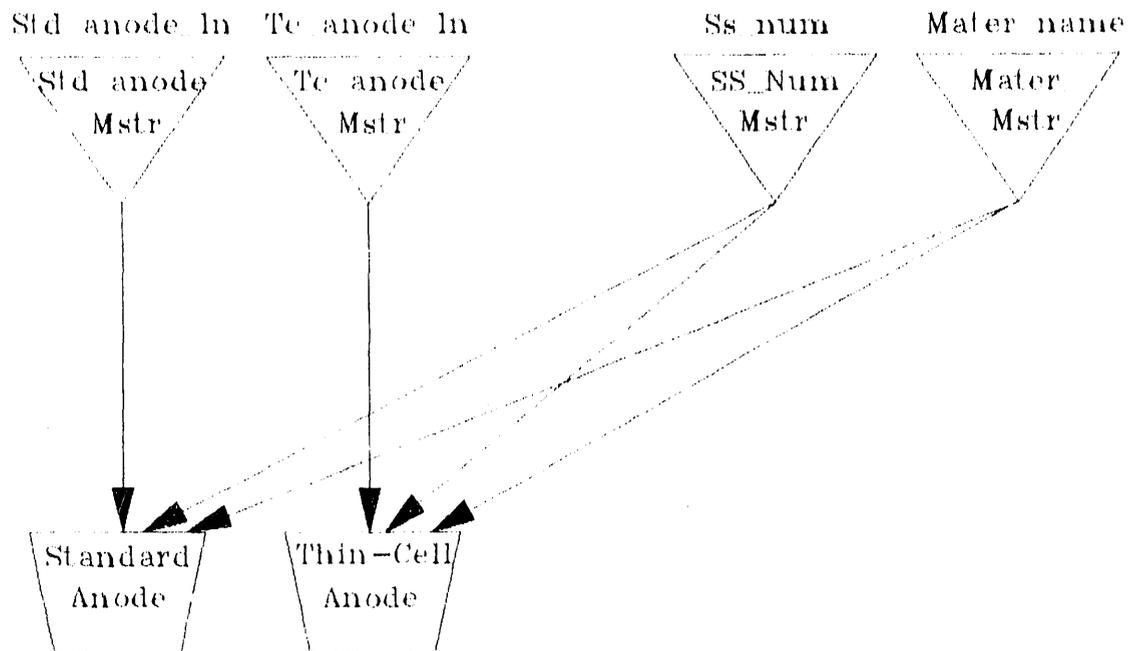


Figure A3. Anode Portion of Database Structure

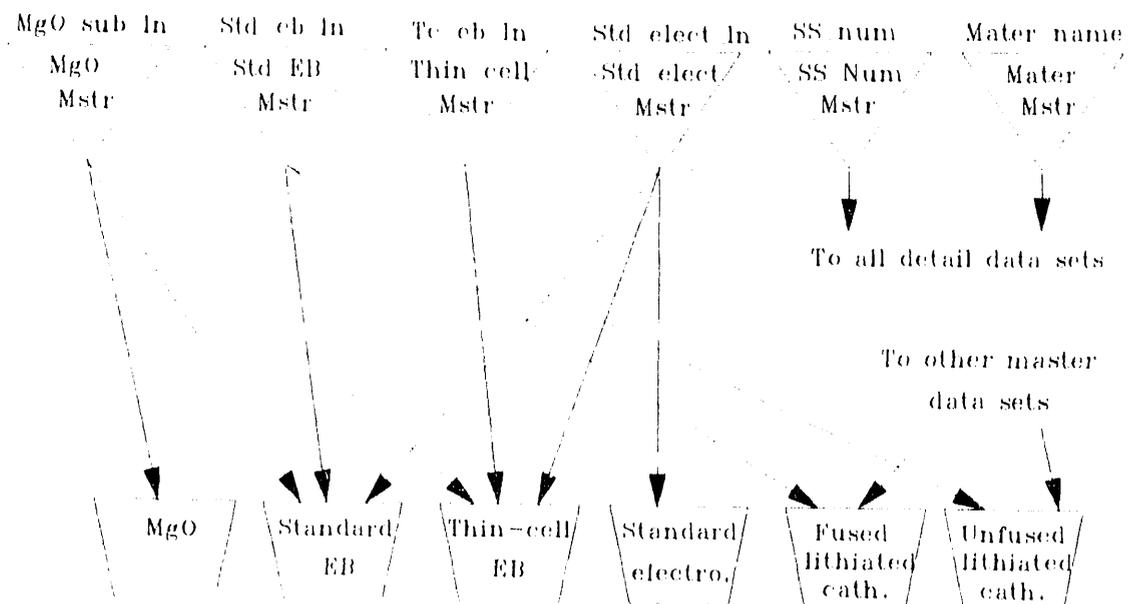


Figure A4. EB Portion of Database Structure

APPENDIX B

Paper Data Forms for Materials Used in Li(Si)/FeS₂ Thermal Batteries

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
	MO DAY YR			
H, IDbSS379481	TDb - -	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf. Issue	Mfr. Code		
PNbSS379481	-	MFb		
Test Code				
Lithiated Catholyte Mix (Fused) (73.5/25/1.5): Batch Data TCb L C				
Item	Batch No., Cath.			
T, IDbSS379481	LNb	SNb 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		

Batch Size, Cath.	Units	I D	Value
	KG	S I Z E b b	
Batch Disposition (A or R)		D I S P b b	
Process lot number for Iron Disulfide, Sized and Purified (from DF383017 or DF370698)		P P b b b b	
Lot Number of Electrolyte-Binder Mix (65/35) (from DF343183)		E B b b b b	
Lot Number of Lithium Oxide (from DF344940)		L O b b b b	

NOTES:

1. Batches shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
Example: YYXXX

 YY = last two digits of calendar year
 XXX = sequential batch number manufactured within a calendar year (see note 2 below).
2. Batch numbers from 001 thru 499 are assigned for exclusive use by GEND and from 500 thru 999 are assigned for exclusive use by Eagle-Picher Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo. Entries in the manufacturer's code field (MFb) shall be GBV for GEND or EAY for Eagle-Picher, Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo.
3. Master lot numbers (see pg. 2) shall use the same numbering convention as for batch mixes except an "M" suffix shall be used.
Example: YYXXXM
4. Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP3000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)
5. In part number field suffix use a -200 suffix if the iron disulfide in this batch was processed using SS383017 and -201 if SS370698 was used.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
	LH	2825	3/87		
Cont. Suf.	Issue	A B	Dwg. Classification Level	Size	Code Id Dwg. Number
000	D		U N C L A S S I F I E D	A	14213 DF379481
					Sheet 1 of 2

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form	Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
H, IDbSS379481	TDb	MO DAY YR	DSbS	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code		
PNbSS379481-			MFb		

Test Code

Lithiated Catholyte Mix (Fused) (73.5/25/1.5):

Master Lot Data

TCb|L|C|

Item	Master Lot No.	SNb	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
T, IDbSS379481	LNb	M								

Chemistry % by Weight	Units	I	D	Value
Total Iron	%	P	C	T F E b
Total Sulfur	%	P	C	T S b b
Acid Soluble Iron	%	P	C	T A S I
Water Soluble Sulfate	%	P	C	T W S S
Magnesium	%	P	C	T M G b

Calculated from Sublot Qualification Data or Analyzed (C or A) P|C|T|W|T|b

Master Lot Size	Units	I	D	Value
	KG	S	I	Z E b b

Master Lot Disposition (A or R) D|I|S|P|b|b

Catholyte batch numbers contained in the master lot shown above shall be entered sequentially in the following fields starting with N01bbb (Use one batch number per field).

ID	ID	ID
N01bbb	N15bbb	N28bbb
N02bbb	N16bbb	N29bbb
N03bbb	N17bbb	N30bbb
N04bbb	N18bbb	N31bbb
N05bbb	N19bbb	N32bbb
N06bbb	N20bbb	N33bbb
N07bbb	N21bbb	N34bbb
N08bbb	N22bbb	N35bbb
N09bbb	N23bbb	N36bbb
N10bbb	N24bbb	N37bbb
N11bbb	N25bbb	N38bbb
N12bbb	N26bbb	N39bbb
N13bbb	N27bbb	N40bbb
N14bbb		

Distribution Instructions:

1. Original to SNLA, Product Support Division, within 10 working days of batch or master lot acceptance and a copy retained by the manufacturer.
2. One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522.
3. One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
	LH	2825	3/87		
Cont. Suf.	Issue	Dwg. Classification Level		Size	Code Id
000	D	U N C L A S S I F I E D		A	14213
					Dwg. Number DF379481
					Sheet 2 of 2

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date			Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
H, IDbSS343183	MC	DAY	YR	DBb[S]	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code			
PNbSS343183	2 0 0		MPb			
Test Code	Separator Mixture (66/36): Batch Data			TCb	E B	

Item	Batch No.			SNb								
T, IDbSS343183	LNb				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lot Size	Units	ID	Value									
	KG	S I Z E b b										
Batch Disposition (A or R)	D I S P b b											
Master Lot Number of Electrolyte Mix (45/55 Eutectic) (from DF343184)	E L b b b b											
Magnesium Oxide (from DF344954): Incoming Lot Number	M G O I L N											
Sublot Number	M S b b b b											

NOTES:

- Batches shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
 Example: YYXXX
 YY = last two digits of calendar year
 XXX = sequential batch number manufactured within a calendar year (see note 2 below).
- Batch numbers from 001 thru 499 are assigned for exclusive use by GEND and from 500 thru 999 are assigned for exclusive use by Eagle-Picher Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo. Entries in the manufacturer's code field (Mfb) shall be GBV for GEND or EAY for Eagle-Picher, Ind., Joplin, Mo.
- Master lot numbers (see pg. 2) shall use the same numbering convention as for batch mixes except an "M" suffix shall be used.
 Example: YYXXM
- Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP3000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
CER/DTER 872075SC	<i>JT</i>	2825	12/5/88		
Cont. Suf.	Issue	A	Dwg. Classification Level	Size	Code Id
000			U N C L A S S I F I E D	A	14213
					DF343183
					Sheet 1 of 2

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
	MD DAY YR			
H, IDbSS343183	TDb - -	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf. Issue	Mfr. Code		
PNbSS343183	2 0 0 -	MFb		
Test Code	Separator Mixture (85/35): Master Lot Data			TCb E B

Item	Master Lot No.	
T, IDbSS343183	LNb M	SNb 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Chemistry % by Weight	Units	I D	Value
Magnesium Oxide	%	P C T M G O	.
Calculated from Sublot Qualification Data or Analyzed (C or A)		P C T W T b	
Master Lot Size	Units	I D	Value
	KG	S I Z E b b	.
Master Lot Disposition (A or R)		D I S P b b	

EB mix batch numbers contained in the master lot shown above shall be entered sequentially in the following fields starting with N01bbb (Use one batch number per field):

ID	ID	ID
N01bbb	N15bbb	N28bbb
N02bbb	N16bbb	N29bbb
N03bbb	N17bbb	N30bbb
N04bbb	N18bbb	N31bbb
N05bbb	N19bbb	N32bbb
N06bbb	N20bbb	N33bbb
N07bbb	N21bbb	N34bbb
N08bbb	N22bbb	N35bbb
N09bbb	N23bbb	N36bbb
N10bbb	N24bbb	N37bbb
N11bbb	N25bbb	N38bbb
N12bbb	N26bbb	N39bbb
N13bbb	N27bbb	N40bbb
N14bbb		

Distribution Instructions:

1. Original to SNLA, Product Support Division, within 10 working days of lot acceptance and a copy retained by the manufacturer.
2. One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522.
3. One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
CER/DTER 872075SC			2825 12/5/88		<i>[Signature]</i>
Cont. Suf.	Issue	A	Dwg. Classification Level	Size	Code Id
000			U N C L A S S I F I E D	A	14213
					Dwg. Number
					DF343183
					Sheet 2 of 2

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
IDbSS343184	MO DAY YR	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code	
NbSS343184-2 0 0			MFb	
Test Code				
Electrolyte Mix (45/55 Eutectic); Batch Data			TCb E U	

Item	"E" Batch No.	SNb
IDbSS343184	LNb	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Lot Size	Units	I D	Value
	KG	S I Z E b b	
"E" Sublot Disposition (A or R)		D I S P b b	
LiCl Vendor Lot Number		L I C L b b	
LiCl Vendor Lot Number Suffix		L I C L S U	
KCl Vendor Lot Number		K C L b b b	
KCl Vendor Lot Number Suffix		K C L S U F	

NOTES:

1. Sublots shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
Example: YYXXX

 YY = last two digits of calendar year
 XXX = sequential sublot number manufactured within a calendar year (see note 2 below).
2. Sublot numbers from 001 thru 499 are assigned for exclusive use by GEND and from 500 thru 999 are assigned for exclusive use by Eagle-Picher Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo. Entries in the manufacturer's code field (MFb) shall be GBV for GEND and EAY for Eagle-Picher Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo.
3. Master lot numbers (see pg. 2) shall use the same numbering convention as for sublots except an "M" suffix shall be used. Example: YYXXXM
4. Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP3000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)
5. Instructions for entering data in vendor lot no. suffix fields above are contained in SS dwg.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
CER/DTER 872075SC	<i>[Signature]</i>		2825 12/5/88		
Cont. Suf.	Issue	A	Dwg. Classification Level	Size	Code Id Dwg. Number
000			U N C L A S S I F I E D	A	14213 DF343184
					Sheet 1 of 2

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
IDbSS383017	MO DAY YR	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code	
PNbSS383017-			MFb	
Test Code				
Iron Disulfide, Sized and Purified; Process Lot Data				
			TCb I P	

Item	Process Lot No., Sized & Purified			
IDbSS383017	LNb			SNb 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Lot Size	Units	ID	Value	
	KG	S I Z E b b		
Leach Temperature	deg. C	L E T E M P	////	
Process Lot Disposition (A or R)		D I S P b b	////	
Incoming Lot No. (from DF344952)		D I b b b b		

NOTES:

- Process lots shall be numbered per SS383017. Ex.: YYXXX.
 YY = last two digits of calendar year
 XXX = sequential process lot number manufactured within a calendar year (see note 2 below).
- Batch numbers from 001 thru 499 are assigned for exclusive use by GEND and from 500 thru 999 are assigned for exclusive use by Eagle-Picher, Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo. Entries in the manufacturer's code field (MFb) shall be GBV for GEND or EAY for Eagle-Picher, Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo.
- Master lot numbers (see pg. 2) shall use the same numbering convention as for process lots except an "M" suffix shall be used on this data form. Example: YYXXXM
- Enter applicable part number suffix per SS drawing.
- Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP8000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)

Distribution Instructions:

- Original to SNLA, Product Support Division, within 10 working days of batch or master lot acceptance and a copy retained by the manufacturer.
- One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522.
- One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
CER/DTER 872075C	<i>JB</i>	2825	12/5/88		
Cont. Suf.	Issue	A	Dwg. Classification Level	Size	Code Id
			U N C L A S S I F I E D	A	14213
					Dwg. Number
					DF383017
					Sheet 1 of 2

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
H, IDbSS383017	MO DAY YR	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code	
PNbSS383017-			MFb	
Test Code				
Iron Disulfide, Sized and Purified: Master Lot Data TCb I P				

Item	Master Lot No.	SNb
T, IDbSS383017	LNb M	0000000000

Chemistry % by Weight	Units	I D	Value
Total Iron	%	P C T F E b	
Total Sulfur	%	P C T S b b	
Acid Insoluble Residue	%	P C T A I R	
Acid Soluble Iron	%	P C T A S I	

Chemistry % by Weight Calculated from Sublot Qualification Data or Analyzed (C or A) P C T W T b

Master Lot Size	Units	I D	Value
	KG	S I Z E b b	

Master Lot Disposition (A or R) D I S P b b ////////////////

Process lots of iron disulfide, sized and purified, blended to form the master lot shown above shall be entered sequentially in the following fields starting with N01bbb (Use one process lot number per field):

ID	ID	ID	ID
N01bbb	N15bbb		N28bbb
N02bbb	N16bbb		N29bbb
N03bbb	N17bbb		N30bbb
N04bbb	N18bbb		N31bbb
N05bbb	N19bbb		N32bbb
N06bbb	N20bbb		N33bbb
N07bbb	N21bbb		N34bbb
N08bbb	N22bbb		N35bbb
N09bbb	N23bbb		N36bbb
N10bbb	N24bbb		N37bbb
N11bbb	N25bbb		N38bbb
N12bbb	N26bbb		N39bbb
N13bbb	N27bbb		N40bbb
N14bbb			

Release Identification Engr. Org. Date Test Agency Authorized Signature

CER/DTER 872075SC

MS 2825 12/5/88

Cont. Suf. Issue A Dwg. Classification Level Size Code Id Dwg. Number

-000

U N C L A S S I F I E D

A

14213

DF883017

Sheet 2 of 2

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
	MO DAY YR			
ID:SS344952, TDb	- - -	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code	
SS344952			MFb	
Test Code				
Iron Disulfide			TCb I D	
Item	Incoming Lot No.			
ID:SS344952	LNb			SNb 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Chemistry % by Weight	Units	I D	Value
Total Iron	%	P C T F E b	
Total Sulfur	%	P C T S b b	
Acid Insoluble Residue	%	P C T A I R	
Total Metallic Impurities	%	P C T T M I	
Total Iron and Sulfur	%	P U R I T Y	
Amount Greater than Coarse Limit on Particle Size	%	P C T 5 0 b	
Lot Size	Units	I D	Value
	KG	S I Z E b b	
Lot Disposition (A or R)		D I S P b b	//////////
Vendor's Lot Number		M A N F b b	

- NOTES:
- Incoming lots shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
Example: YYYY
 YY = last two digits of calendar year
 XX = sequential number (see note 2 below)
 - Incoming lot numbers from 01 thru 49 are assigned for exclusive use by GEND and from 50 thru 99 are assigned for exclusive use by Eagle-Picher Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo. Entries in the manufacturer's code field (MFb) shall be AVH for MC/B Manufacturing Chemists, BJO for American Minerals, Camden, NJ., or BED for Climax Molybdenum Co., Golden, Co.
 - Enter applicable part number suffix per SS drawing.
 - Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP3000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)

- Distribution Instructions:
- Original to SNLA, Product Support Division, within 10 working days of lot acceptance and a copy retained by the manufacturer
 - One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522
 - One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification Engr Org Date Test Agency Authorized Signature

CRB 2426 10 81

Cont	Suf	Issue	A B	Dwg. Classification Level	Size Code	Id	Dwg. Number
				UNCLAS S I F I E D	A		DF344952
000						14213	Sheet 1 of 1

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
	MO DAY YR			
H, IDbSS344954	TDb	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code	
PNbSS344954	2 0 0		MFb A V D	
Test Code				
Magnesium Oxide		TCb M O		
Item	Incoming Lot No.	Sublot No.		
T, IDbSS344954	LNb	SNb		

Impurities by Weight	Units	I	D	Value
Total Metallic Impurities	%	P	C T T M I	
Water	%	P	C T H 2 0	
Carbon Dioxide	%	P	C T C 0 2	
Loss on Ignition	%	P	C T L 0 I	
BET Surface Area in Units of				
Sq. Meters per Gram		B	E T S A b	
Sublot Size	Units	I	D	Value
	KG	S	I Z E b b	
Lot Disposition (A or R)		D	I S P b b	////////////////////
Vendor's Lot Number		M	A N F b b	

NOTES:

1. Incoming lots shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
Example: YYYY

YY = last two digits of calendar year
XX = sequential lot number (see note 2 below).

2. Sequential incoming lot numbers from 01 thru 49 are assigned for exclusive use by GEND and from 50 thru 99 are assigned for exclusive use by Eagle-Picher Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo.

3. Sublots (or bags) shall be numbered consecutively within an incoming lot. A can identification letter is required only if the analysis results are being reported for a can sample. Example: BBC

BB = bag number C = can identification letter (A thru E)

4. Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP3000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)

Distribution Instructions:

1. Original to SNLA, Product Support Division, within 10 working days of lot acceptance and a copy retained by the manufacturer.
2. One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522.
3. One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification Engr. Org. Date Test Agency Authorized Signature

CRB 2426 10/81

Cont. Suf. Issue A|B Dwg. Classification Level Size Code Id Dwg. Number
000 C UNCLAS S I F I E D A 14213 DF344954
Sheet 1 of 1

Dwg. Classification Level

UNCLASSIFIED

Item	Form Completion Date			Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
IDbSS344940	MO	DAY	YR	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code			
SS344940-2000			MFb			
Part Code	Lithium Oxide					TCb L O

Item	Incoming Lot No.			Sublot No.		
IDbSS344940	LNb			SNb	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Chemistry % by Weight		Units	I D	Value		
Li ₂ O (by titration)		%	P C T L I O			
Total Metallic Impurities		%	P C T M I			
Does material match JCPDS 12-254 (A or R)			X R A Y b b			
Lot Size		Units	I D	Value		
		KG	S I Z E b b			
Lot Disposition (A or R)			D I S P b b			//////
Vendor's Lot Number			M A N F b b			

NOTES:

- Incoming lots shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
Example: YYYY
YY = last two digits of calendar year
XX = sequential lot number (see note 2 below).
- Incoming lot numbers from 01 thru 49 are assigned for exclusive use by GEND and from 50 thru 99 are assigned for exclusive use by Eagle-Picher Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo. Entries in the manufacturer's code field (MFb) shall be AVG for Cerac, Inc. or BJN for ALFA Products.
- Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP3000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)

Distribution Instructions:

- Original to SNLA, Product Support Division, within 10 working days of lot acceptance and a copy retained by the manufacturer.
- One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522.
- One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature	
	CRB	2426	10/81			
Cont. Suf.	Issue	A B	Dwg. Classification Level	Size	Code Id	Dwg. Number
000	C		UNCLASSIFIED	A	14213	DF344940 Sheet 1 of 1

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
	MO DAY YR			
4, IDbSS344953,	TDb - -	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf. Issue	Mfr. Code		
PNbSS344953-	2 0 0 -	MFb		
Test Code				
Lithium Silicon Alloy Powder (-40 +230 mesh), Li(Si) TCb L S				
Item	Incoming Lot No.	Sublot No.		
T, IDbSS344953,	LNb	SNb 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		

Chemistry % by Weight	Units	I D	Value
Lithium	%	P C T L I b	
Silicon	%	P C T S I b	
Oxygen	%	P C T O X Y	
Total Metallic Impurities	%	P C T T M I	
Particle Size Data	Units	I D	Value
Rel. Amt. -230 mesh after sieving	%	P C T 2 3 0	
Lot Size	Units	I D	Value
	KG	S I Z E b b	
Lot Disposition (A or R)		D I S P b b	
Vendor's Lot Number		M A N F b b	

NOTES:

1. Incoming lots shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
Example: YYXX

YY = last two digits of calendar year
XX = sequential lot number (see note 2 below).

2. Incoming lot numbers from 01 thru 49 are assigned for exclusive use by GEND and from 50 thru 99 are assigned for exclusive use by Eagle-Picher Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo. Entries in the manufacturer's code (MFb) field shall be AVE for Foote Mineral Co., AVF for Lithium Corporation of America, or BJR for Eagle-Picher Research Laboratory, Specialty Materials Division, 209 Ninth Ave. NE, Miami, OK

3. Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP8000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)

Distribution Instructions:

1. Original to SNLA, Product Support Division, within 10 working days of lot acceptance and a copy retained by the manufacturer.
2. One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522.
3. One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
	CRB	2426	10/81		
Cont. Suf.	Issue	A B	Dwg. Classification Level	Size	Code Id
000	0 D		U N C L A S S I F I E D	A	14213
					Dwg. Number
					DF344953
					Sheet 1 of 1

Dwg. Classification Level
UNCLASSIFIED

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
IDbSS370711	MO DAY YR	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code	
000	2 0 0		MFb	
Test Code	Lithium Silicon Alloy Powder (-100 +325 mesh), Li(Si)			TCb L S
Item	Incoming Lot No.	Sublot No.		
IDbSS370711	LNb	SNb 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		

Chemistry % by Weight	Units	I D	Value
Lithium	%	P C T L I b	
Silicon	%	P C T S I b	
Oxygen	%	P C T O X Y	
Total Metallic Impurities	%	P C T T M I	
Particle Size Data	Units	I D	Value
Rel. Amt. -325 mesh after sieving	%	P C T 3 2 5	
Lot Size	Units	I D	Value
	KG	S I Z E b b	
Lot Disposition (A or R)		D I S P b b	//////
Vendor's Lot Number		M A N F b b	

NOTES:

1. Incoming lots shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
Example: YYXX

YY = last two digits of calendar year
XX = sequential lot number (see note 2 below).

2. Incoming lot numbers from 001 thru 499 are assigned for exclusive use by GEND and from 500 thru 999 are assigned for exclusive use by Eagle-Picher Ind., Inc., Joplin, Mo. Entries in the manufacturer's code field (MFb) shall be AVE for Foote Mineral Co., AVF for Lithium Corporation of America, or BJR for Eagle-Picher Research Laboratory, Specialty Materials Division, 209 Ninth Ave. NE, Miami OK

3. Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP3000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)

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2. One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522.
3. One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
	JDS	960	2/84		
Part. Suf.	Issue	Dwg. Classification Level		Size	Code Id
000	C	UNCLASSIFIED		A	14213
					Dwg. Number
					DF370711
					Sheet 1 of 1

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
H, IDbSS344796, TDb	MO DAY YR	DSb S	TIE/SC/GE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code	
PNbSS344796-	2 0 0	-	MFb	
Test Code				
Iron Powder Data				
TCb F E				

Item	Incoming Lot No.	SNb 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
T, IDbSS344796, LNb		

Chemistry % by Weight	Units	I D	Value
Total Iron	%	P C T F E b	
Metallic Iron	%	P C M E F E	
Wt. Loss on H ₂ Reduction	%	P C W T L S	

Physical Properties	Units	I D	Value
Green Strength	PSI	G R S T b b	
Apparent Density	G/CC	A P D E N b	
Fe Powder less than 325 Mesh	%	P S 3 2 5 b	
Fe Powder greater than 100 Mesh	%	P S 1 0 0 b	

Particle Size Analysis			
Cumulative Mass %	Units	I D	Value
25.0	Microns	P S 2 5 b b	
50.0	Microns	P S 5 0 b b	
75.0	Microns	P S 7 5 b b	
Average Particle Size (Fischer)	Microns	A V G P S b	

Lot Size	Units	I D	Value
	KG	S I Z E b b	
Lot Disposition (A or R)		D I S P b b	//////////
Vendor's Lot No.		M A N F b b	

NOTES:

1. Incoming lots shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
Ex.: YYXXX.

YY = last two digits of calendar year
XXX = consecutive number (001 thru 999).
2. Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP3000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)

Distribution Instructions:

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2. One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522.
3. One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
CER/DTER 890695SC		2825	4/3/89		
Cont. Suff.	Issue	A		Dwg. Classification Level	Size Code Id
-000				U N C L A S S I F I E D	A 14213
					Dwg. Number DF344796 Sheet 1 of 1

Dwg. Classification Level
U N C L A S S I F I E D

Item	Form Completion Date	Source Code	Dwg. System	Type
H, IDbSS388378	MO DAY YR	DSb S	TIE/SC/QE	A
Part Number	Suf.	Issue	Mfr. Code	Test Code Potassium
PNbSS388378-	2 0 0	-	MFb	Perchlorate Data TOb K P
Item	Incoming Lot No.			SNb 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
T, IDbSS388378,	LNb			

Chemistry % by Weight	Units	I D	Value
Moisture	%	P C T H 2 0	. . .
Chlorides, as % KCl	%	P C T K C L	. . .
Chlorates, as % KClO ₃	%	P C K C L O	. . .
Hypochlorites	%	P C H C L O	. . .
Bromates, as % KBrO ₃	%	P C K B R O	. . .
Sodium, as % NaClO ₄	%	P C T N A b	. . .
Ca and Mg Salts, as % Oxides	%	P C C A M G	. . .
Water Insoluble Material	%	P C T W I N	. . .
KClO ₄ Assay	%	P C T K P 4	. . .
pH of Water Solution	%	P H b b b b	. . .

Particle Size Analysis

Cumulative Mass %	Units	I D	Value
25.0	Microns	P S 2 5 b b	. . .
50.0	Microns	P S 5 0 b b	. . .
75.0	Microns	P S 7 5 b b	. . .
Average Particle Size (Turbimetry)	Microns	A V G P S b	. . .

Lot Size	Units	I D	Value
	KG	S I Z E b b	. . .
Lot Disposition (A or R)		D I S P b b	//////
Vendor's Lot No.		M A N F b b	. . .

NOTES:

1. Incoming lots shall be numbered consecutively within a calendar year.
Ex.: YYXXX.

 YY = last two digits of calendar year
 XXX = consecutive number (001 thru 999).
2. Comment information that is entered into the SNLA, Dep. 2520 HP3000 system shall be transferred to the SNLA PTD system in GEISHA format using non-standard ID's starting with COM1bb, COM2bb, COM3bb, etc., upto COM8bb. The contents of each ID shall be 8 characters maximum. The requirements of SC-M-72 0742A are applicable. (b = blank space)

Distribution Instructions:

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2. One copy to SNLA, Org. 2522.
3. One copy to GEND Quality Control.

Release Identification	Engr.	Org.	Date	Test Agency	Authorized Signature
GER/DTER 89089550		2825	4/3/89		
Cont. Suf.	Issue	A	Dwg. Classification Level		Size Code Id
000			U N C L A S S I F I E D		A 14213
					Dwg. Number DF888378 Sheet 1 of 1

END

DATE FILMED

12 / 05 / 90

